Finals

A Bill to Provide Free School Lunch and Breakfast to All Students

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The Federal Government of the United States shall provide reimbursement
2		to all schools for breakfast and lunch that is provided to all Pre-k to 12th
3		grade students attending public or private schools. The reimbursement
4		amount shall not exceed \$15 per day per student.
5		
6	SECTION 2.	No definitions needed.
7		
8	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Agriculture will oversee the
9		implementation and execution seeing that the resources will be allocated
10		correctly and efficiently. This will be funded through normal means
11		
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2022. All laws in conflict with this
13		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by _____.

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2022 South Dakota Legislature

Senate Bill 186

Introduced by: Senator Steinhauer

- 1 An Act to expand Medicaid eligibility by the Legislature.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
 - Section 1. That chapter 28-6 be amended with a NEW SECTION:

Beginning July 1, 2023, the state shall provide medicaid benefits to any person over age eighteen and under age sixty-five whose income is at or below one hundred thirty-three percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for the applicable family size, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 1396a as of March 11, 2021. Such person shall receive coverage that meets or exceeds the benchmark or benchmark-equivalent coverage requirements, as described in 42 U.S.C. § 1396a as of March 11, 2021, and that is the same as provided to persons who currently qualify for Medicaid in this state.

No later than March 1, 2023, the Department of Social Services shall submit all state plan amendments necessary to implement this section to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

The state shall take all actions necessary to maximize the federal financial medical assistance percentage in funding medical assistance pursuant to this section.

Section 2. That chapter 28-6 be amended with a NEW SECTION:

If the federal medical assistance percentage for individuals covered under the expanded income group in section 1 of this Act is less than the ninety percent commitment in 42 U.S.C. § 1396d(y), as of September 30, 2021, the state shall cease to provide the benefits and coverage in section 1 of this Act, and sections 1 and 2 of this Act will expire.





A Resolution to Abolish the Electoral College for more Fair Elections.

WHEREAS, In a winner-takes-all system not all voices are heard; and

WHEREAS, The number of Electoral votes that states get are not fairly proportional

to population; and

WHEREAS, The electoral college has overrode the popular vote; and

WHEREAS, The Electoral College was established as a way to override the voice of

the people; and

WHEREAS, Faithless electors are allowed in the Constitution; and

WHEREAS, There have been 157 faithless electors; and

WHEREAS, In a fair Democracy the President should be decided by the people; and

WHEREAS, The Electoral College sometimes goes against that ideal; now, therefore,

be it enacted

RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the Electoral College should be

abolished.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Brookings High School



A Bill to Make Voting Easier in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Voting day will be made a mandated national holiday.

absentee ballots will be allowed for any reason a voter wishes to vote by absentee ballot. Absentee ballots must be requested by the voter.

Absentee ballots may be mailed in or placed in approved drop boxes.

Ballot drop boxes must be placed in all voting precincts for absentee ballot submission.

SECTION 3. Same day voter registration will be offered in all states. Same day registrants must provide whatever proof of residency required by their state.

SECTION 4. Online registration will be offered in all states. Online registrants must provide whatever proof of residency required by their state.

SECTION 5. This bill shall become law immediately upon passage.

SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for debate by Huron High School

A Resolution for beauty pageants to stop objectifying women

WHEREAS, Beauty pageants encourage outdated gender roles as they encourage the idea that women are to be judged by their looks; and

WHEREAS, Pageants encourage unhealthy habits and extreme changes to people's lives; and

WHEREAS, The focus on looks produces a variety of mental health issues and eating disorders; and

WHEREAS, The negative aspects of the culture far outweigh the good that was intended; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled ban sexist practices in the pageant industry, such as, swimwear sections; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, that pageants turn their focus to intelligence and talent portions.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lennox High School.

A Bill Requiring All Establishments Open to the Public Have at Least Family (Unisex) Restroom

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Many public entities do not allow members of the LGBTQ			
2	community to	use restroom facilities in which they are comfortable.			
3	SECTION 2.	In addition many are not comfortable with an LGBTQ			
4	community m	ember using 'their' restroom.			
5	SECTION 3.	This legislation will require all businesses to have a restroom			
6	labeled as Uni	sex or Family. This may include adapting a current restroom			
7	facility to com	ply with this law.			
8	SECTION 4.	The restroom will be of the same quality and ease of use as			
9	other restroor	ns in said business.			
10	SECTION 5.	The restroom will be installed/built/renamed by January 1,			
11	2023.				
12	SECTION 6.	Compliance with this law will be under the purview of local			
13	zoning boards	/building inspection boards or other local enforcement			
14	agencies whic	h inspect buildings to ensure code compliance.			
15	SECTION 7.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2022. All laws in			
16	conflict with t	his legislation are hereby declared null and void.			
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21	Milbank				
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by					

A Bill to Permit Second Parent Adoptions in All U.S. States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** All U.S. states will be required to permit second-parent adoption for unmarried and/or domestic partners.
- **SECTION 2.** Currently, 8 US states do not permit this, [Second Parent Adoption for unmarried and/or domestic partners], states including Alabama, Kansas, Kentucky, Nebraska, North Carolina, Ohio, Utah, and Wisconsin do not allow for second parent adoptions.
- **SECTION 3.** The Administration for Children and Families will oversee this.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect in the next fiscal year.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

mitchell

A Bill to Eliminate Sales tax on Food items

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1.	SECTION 1.	The South Dakota state government will progressively eliminate the sales
2.		tax on food items sold at retail in the State of South Dakota by the
3.		following;
4.	A.	Beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, the sales tax on food
5.		items will be three and a half percent (3.5%.)
6.	B.	Beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2024, the sales tax on food
7.		items will be two percent (2%.)
8.	C.	Beginning July 1, 2024, and ending June 30, 2025, the sales tax on food
9.		items will be one percent (1%.)
10.	D.	Beginning July 1, 2025, the sales tax on food items will be zero percent.
11.	SECTION 2.	Definitions;
12.	A.	"Candy," any preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural artificial
13.		sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts, or other
14.		ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars drops, or pieces. The term,
15.		"candy," does not include any preparation containing flour and does not
16.		require refrigeration.
17.	B.	"Food" and "food ingredient," any substance, whether liquid,
18.		concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that is sold for
19.		ingestion or chewing by humans and is consumed for its taste or
20.		nutritional value. The term, "food," does not include alcoholic beverages,
21.		tobacco, candy, soft drinks, or prepared food;
22.	B.	"Prepared food" any food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
23.		two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller, including
24.	_	plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws;
25.	C.	"Soft drinks," any nonalcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial
26.		sweeteners. The term, "soft drinks," does not include any beverage that
27.		contains milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or
28.		greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice by volume;
29.	SECTION 3.	The South Dakota Treasury Department will oversee implementation of
30.	OFOTION 1	this legislation.
31.	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect July 1st, 2022.
32.	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
33.		void.

Introduction for Congressional Debate by Watertown High School



2022 South Dakota Legislature

House Bill 1150

Introduced by: Representative Bordeaux

- 1 An Act to prohibit the use of cyanide for the purpose of mining for gold and silver.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. That chapter 45-6B be amended with a NEW SECTION:
- The use of a cyanide leaching or other chemical or biological leaching process in
- 5 gold or silver mining operations is prohibited.

No school