Prelim

A Bill to Control Asian Carp

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Asian Carp shall be controlled by the private individuals. This will be done by exchanging currency for pounds of carp. The currency exchange rate will be 75 cents per pound.

SECTION 2. Asian Carp includes grass, black, silver and bighead carp.

SECTION 3. The U.S Fish and Wildlife Service will oversee implementation of this bill.

- A. The currency exchange will happen at any U.S Fish and Wildlife Headquarters.
- B. The U.S Fish and Wildlife will dispose of the carp as they see fit. This may include donation to charities or disposal.
- C. Fishing must be done by bow and arrow, and/or pole/line and/or spear.

SECTION 4. This bill shall take effect on July 1 of 2022.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for debate by Northern South Dakota District Introduced for Congressional Debate by $\frac{r}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

A Bill to Make it Lawful to Barter and Sell Game and Game Fish

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1.	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government will make it lawful to buy, sell,
2.		or barter the meat or flesh of game and game fish
3.	SECTION 2.	Definitions;
4.	A.	"Barter" is defined as exchange for other goods or services
5.		without using money.
6.	В.	"Game" is defined as all wild mammals or birds
7.	C.	"Game Fish" is defined all species belonging to the
8.		paddlefish, sturgeon, salmon (trout), pike, catfish (including
9.		bullheads), sunfish (including black bass and crappies),
10.		perch (including walleyes and sauger), and bass families.
11.	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Interior will oversee
12.		implementation of this legislation to every state's Game, Fish, and
13.		Parks divisions to ensure the proper enforcement of this law.
14.	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect June 1st, 2022.
15.	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
16.		void.

Introduction for Congressional Debate by Watertown High School

A Bill to Allow Legal Immigrants to Vote in Federal Election

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Every immigrant entering the United States legally who is of	
2	legal voting age and has a legal address shall be allowed to register to vote		
3	SECTION 2.	State election officials will oversee the voter registration	
4	process as the	ey do now for United States residents.	
5	SECTION 3.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2022. All laws in	
6	conflict with t	his legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by _Milbank High School.

A Resolution to abolish the LGBTQ+ panic defense

WHEREAS, The LGBTQ+ "panic" defense strategy is a legal strategy that asks a jury to find that a victim's sexual orientation or gender identity/expression is to blame for a defendant's violent reaction, including murder. and

WHEREAS, The best way to avoid or get rid of this problem is to specify in the Legislation that discovering a person's gender identity and non-violent sexual advances can be used as an excuse for murdering another human.

and

WHEREAS, so far over one hundred cases have used the gay or trans panic defense.
WHEREAS, action must be taken immediately before even more people die for the only reason that they are part of the LGBTQ+ community therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled take immediate action and specify the Legislatures that the discovery of a person's gender, sexuality and non-violent sexual advances can be used as an adequate provocation for murder.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lennox High School.



A Resolution to Reform the US Criminal Justice System

- WHEREAS, The current money bail system makes it possible for the rich to get out before trial while the poor must wait in jail or turn to expensive bail bondsman; and
- WHEREAS, The money bail system opens the door to an aggressive and largely unregulated bounty hunter system in the US; and
- WHEREAS, Such pretrial detention harms a defendant's ability to aid in their defense and increases the chance of their conviction; and
- WHEREAS, Plea bargaining is overused in a majority of cases in the US; and
- WHEREAS, Plea bargaining increases pressure to plead guilty, even when a defendant is not guilty, just to avoid the chance at a greater sentence; and
- WHEREAS, Plea bargaining and money bail distort commonly held principles of justice, such as 'innocent until proven guilty' and 'never punishing the innocent'; now, therefore, be it
- **RESOLVED,** By the Congress here assembled that: The judicial concepts of money bail and plea bargaining be banned from use in the US Justice System.

Introduced by Huron High School

A Bill to require all South Dakota Regental System Schools to Install Electric Vehicle Chargers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

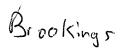
1	SECTION 1.	All public universities and vocational schools oversaw by the South Dakota		
2		Board of Regents shall install Level 2 electric vehicle charger stations with		
3		at least 2 stations per 1,000 parking permits sold. On campus housing will		
4		provide outdoor charging ports for electric vehicle Level 1 chargers to		
5		connect to.		
6	SECTION 2.	Level 1 charger- 1.4kW		
7		Level 2 charger delivers 6.2 to 7.6 kW and operates on 240kW		
8	SECTION 3.	The South Dakota Board of Regents are tasked with ensuring the stations		
9		are installed and easily accessible for students, staff, and the general publi		
10		to use.		
11		A. All charging will be free of charge.		
12		B. Maximum 12 hour parking limit for Level 2 chargers		
13		C. The South Dakota Board of Regents is not responsible for the loss or		
14		theft of Level 1 chargers.		
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1 2021 All laws in conflict with this		
16		legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Abercleon

A Bill to Boost Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Treatment Development

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA-NIH) and the		
2	Substance Ab	use and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)		
3	shall each rec	eive an additional \$500 million annually for 5 years to fund		
4	research into	innovative substance use disorder (SUD) treatment programs		
5	medication-a	ssisted treatment, and to provide grants for new rural and		
6	underdevelop	oed community-based care facilities.		
7	SECTION 2.	Substance use disorders (SUDs) occur when the recurrent		
8	use of alcoho	l and/or drugs causes clinically significant impairment,		
9	including hea	lth problems, disability, and failure to meet major		
10	responsibiliti	es at work, school, or home.		
11	A. Medicatio	on-assisted treatment, substance use disorder, and		
12	communi	ty-based care facilities shall be defined by the Substance		
13	Abuse an	d Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) guidelines		
14	SECTION 3.	The National Institutes of Health (NIH) shall be responsible		
15	for enforcing	for enforcing the guidelines established for use of the funding. \$500 million		
16	shall go directly to the NIDA and SAMHSA for use in treatment research			
17	and development.			
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on October 1st, 2022.		
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared		
20	null and void			



A Bill to Increase Teacher Pay in South Dakota

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** South Dakota will instate a new salary for current and incoming teachers by increasing annual salaries from \$48,984 a year to \$68,021 a year.
- **SECTION 2.** Current South Dakotan teachers are ranked 47th out of the nation for teacher pay rates.
 - A. Many South Dakotan teachers finically struggle with the salary they are given, no matter how low the cost of living is.
- **SECTION 3.** The South Dakota Department of Labor and Regulation along with the South Dakota Department of Education will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect on August 1st, 2023.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Mitchell



2022 South Dakota Legislature

Senate Bill 178

Introduced by: Senator Heinert

- 1 An Act to replace the name of Custer State Park.
- 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:
- 3 Section 1. That chapter 1-19C be amended with a NEW SECTION:
- The South Dakota Board on Geographic Names shall recommend a replacement for
- 5 <u>the name of Custer State Park and provide that recommendation to the Legislature by</u>
- July 1, 2023, with full implementation of the name change by July 1, 2027.

No School