2021
NCFL Grand National Tournament

Congress Legislation Packet

#NCFL2021
Session 1
A Resolution to Save the Planet

Whereas: Brazil’s Amazon region has seen mass deforestation, contributing heavily to climate change; and

Whereas: the governors of the Amazon region of Brazil have requested COVID-19 vaccine relief; and

Whereas: Brazil has been hit hard by the pandemic and continues to experience daily record high cases; and

Whereas: Brazil has had a high rate of misinformation spread about the pandemic and the vaccine; and

Whereas: the United States, as a global leader with the means to do so, has the responsibility to support its allies.

Therefore, be it resolved by this NCFL Student Congress here assembled that: the United States give vaccine and other COVID-19 relief aid directly to Brazilian governors with the intention of diplomatic cooperation to slow down the deforestation of the Amazon rainforest. And, be it

Further Resolved, that: if Brazil does not take steps towards preventing deforestation upon delivery of this relief, that the United States consider cutting infrastructure aid to the country.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Worcester
A Bill Transfer Renewable Energy Subsidies to Clean Coal
Subsidies to Advance the Clean Energy Industry

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. $4 billion shall be taken annually from the Department of Energy’s renewable energy subsidies budge and reallocated to subsidize clean coal technologies.

SECTION 2. A. “Subsidies” shall be defined as federal financial aid through grants, tax credits, exemptions, loans etc. aimed at promoting economic or social policies.
B. “Clean coal technologies” shall be defined as any process used to reduce and/or contain the emission of coal in order to reduce their harmful environmental effects.
C. “Renewable energy” shall be defined as energy from sources that are not depleted when used (e.g. solar, wind, hydroelectric, geothermal, biomass, etc.)

SECTION 3. The Department of Energy will oversee the implementation of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the fiscal year 2022. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Diocese of Allentown
A Bill to Establish an Online Voting System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. A. $1 Billion will be allocated to research and development of an online balloting system for federal elections over the course of four years.

B. This online voting system will be projected to pilot for absentee balloting across all 50 states during the 2024 federal election.

SECTION 2. A. “Research” will include but not be limited to blockchain technology-based systems, digital IDs, and multi-factor voter ID systems.

B. “Development” will include exploration and creation of an online voting option deemed best suited for usage such as secure website portals or mobile applications.

SECTION 3. The Federal Elections Commission and the Department of Homeland Security shall be tasked with implementation of this legislation.

A. If the FEC determines that the system is not secure and viable for usage six months before the 2024 federal election, the pilot program will not be instituted.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Stuyvesant High School.
A BILL TO END SINGLE-FAMILY ZONING

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The United States will hereby incentivize states to adhere to ending single-family zoning.

Article II: Single-family zones are defined as zoning that prevents communities from building any type of housing besides a detached single-family home in a given area.

Article III: The US Department of Housing & Urban Development will be in charge of enforcing this bill.

A. States who do not comply with this bill will not receive $1 million in Community Development Block Grants.

B. 10% of new housing units per state must be set aside for moderate-income households.

Article IV: This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2022 upon passage.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Raleigh/Durham
Session 2
A Resolution to Invest in Nuclear Fusion

WHEREAS, fusion power has the potential to create an inexpensive, clean, and abundant energy source in the United States; and

WHEREAS, recent scientific breakthroughs have made fusion power more attainable as a reliable energy source; and

WHEREAS, investment in and encouragement of nuclear fusion research and development may be extremely beneficial to solving the current energy crisis; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, that the United States government hereby invest in and encourage research and development of nuclear fusion.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Pamnani of Syosset High School
A BILL TO INCREASE MILITARY PRESENCE IN THE SOUTH CHINA SEA

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. Article I: The United States shall create a military base in Taiwan to curb Chinese military aggression.

2. Article II: A budget of $500 million dollars shall be allocated. A military base shall be defined as a facility directly owned and operated by the military, in order to store equipment, troops, and facilitate training exercises.

3. Article III: This bill shall be implemented in FY 2022

4. Article IV: The US Department of Defense shall oversee the enforcement of this bill.

5. Article V: All other laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

)Diocese of Palm Beach
A BILL TO ABOLISH THE USE OF SOLITARY CONFINEMENT IN PRISONS TO ENCOURAGE THE REHABILITATION OF PRISONERS
BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** This Bill proposes the complete abolition of

2. Solitary Confinement in all public and private prisons in the United States.

3. **SECTION 2.** Solitary Confinement is a form of imprisonment distinguished by living in single cell with little or no meaningful contact with other inmates, strict measures to control contraband,

4. and the use of extra security measures and equipment.

5. **SECTION 3.** This will be overseen by the United States Federal Bureau of Prisons on a national scale. The United States Department of Justice will oversee this on a state level. Any funds needed for the reconstruction of prisons or movement of prisoners caused by this legislation will be distributed via the House and Senate Budget Committees once the budget is decided for the Fiscal Year of 2022.

6. **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect January 2026.

7. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

*Rep. Diego Mahoney*
*Timber Creek High School*
A Resolution to Adopt Project Drawdown to Reverse the Effects of Climate Change

Whereas: The effects of climate change, and carbon emissions are still increasing exponentially; and

Whereas: The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) predicts that climate change will continue to increase, and that “published evidence indicates that the net damage costs of climate change are likely to be significant and to increase over time;” and

Whereas: Climate change effects involve temperature rises, changes in precipitation patterns, more droughts and heat waves, worsened hurricanes, a sea level rise, and melting ice caps in the Arctic; and

Whereas: The effects of climate change need to be addressed quickly to prevent future harm, and absorbing dangerous greenhouse gases from our atmosphere is key to reversing climate change.

Therefore, be it resolved by this NCFL Student Congress assembled adopt the ideals of Project Drawdown and propose future legislation that will follow plans proposed by Project Drawdown, with incentive for citizens to follow these ideals.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Wichita
Session 3
BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Monetary lobbying, in the form of any payments to any of a politician’s interests, will be banned on the federal level. Congresspeople will also receive a salary increase of $6000 per annum.

SECTION 2. Monetary lobbying includes any lobbyists who would be required to register under the current Lobbying Disclosure Act.

Payments are the transfer of money or goods and services in exchange for a product or service.

Any of a politician’s interests include election or reelection campaigns, projects the politician has special attachments to, or other areas historically funded by lobbyist money to the benefit of a member of Congress.

Banned is to legally prohibit.

Congresspeople refers to both voting and nonvoting members of Congress in both the Senate and House of Representatives.

Salary increase is the amount that will be added to the current salary of members of Congress.

Per annum is annually.

SECTION 3. The Government Accountability Office, in conjunction with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate, will oversee the implementation of this bill.

A. 3.21 million dollars will be allocated annually from the Department of Defense to fund this bill.

B. Any lobbyist found in noncompliance with this bill will be fined twice the amount of their monetary donation. Any member of Congress found in noncompliance will be removed from their post with the presumed 2/3 approval of their House of Congress.

SECTION 4. This bill shall go into effect at the beginning of fiscal year 2024.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Hagerty High School
A Resolution to Eliminate Qualified Immunity for Police Officers

1. WHEREAS, Police Officers are not being held accountable for their actions
due to them having Qualified Immunity; and
3. WHEREAS, Police Officers involved with wrongful shootings must be held
accountable for their actions, by being treated in the court of law as any normal
citizen would in the situation; and
6. WHEREAS, Qualified immunity is allowing Police Officers to get away with
assault above and beyond what is required for self defense or the defense of
others; now, therefore, be it
9. THEREFORE, Be it resolved by this NCFL Congress here assembled eliminate
10. qualified immunity for police officers; and, be it
11. FURTHER RESOLVED, That Police officers be held accountable for their wrong
12. and harmful actions.

Respectfully submitted,

Ryan Beasley, Mead High School
A Resolution to Remove the Sanction on the Nord Stream 2 Pipeline Implemented by the Trump Administration

Be It Resolved

1. THAT WHEREAS Russia has a strong dependence on third world countries such as Belarus and Ukraine;
2. WHEREAS The removal of these sanctions would allow for optimal routes for gas supply;
3. WHEREAS The removal of these sanctions will help heal the frail relational ties between the United States and Germany;
4. WHEREAS The demand for natural gas is increasing throughout Europe but their supply is decreasing;
5. WHEREAS The key pipelines in Ukraine are at the end of their life of service and thus show it is time for new pipelines to come into play;
6. THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED That United States of America will remove all sanctions put in place by the Trump Administration in the Nord Stream 2 Pipeline.

Respectfully submitted by:
Jefferson Forest High School
ARTICLE I: Individual pharmaceutical companies that produce medication for the general public shall be prevented from making patents that aim to register biosimilar drugs and prevented from creating patent thickets in order to reduce their monopolized power on the market.

ARTICLE II: A. A patent is defined as a license conferring a right or title for a set period, especially the sole right to exclude others from making, using, or selling an invention.

B. Biosimilar drugs are defined as a biological product that is highly similar to and has no clinically meaningful differences from an FDA-approved reference biological product.

C. It is a common practice in which pharmaceutical companies patent a new drug with only a slightly varied chemical composition from their existing, already-patented drug when the drug patent approaches expiration.

D. Patent thickets refer to an intentional cushion of invalid, unenforceable patent rights that deters other companies from challenging these rights and registering their own patents on competing drugs.

ARTICLE III: The United States Food and Drug Administration and the United States Patent and Trademark Office shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

ARTICLE IV: Pharmaceutical companies that innovate a new drug that proves to have substantial medical advancements will have the option to fill out an exception form for a new patent.

ARTICLE V: This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passage.

ARTICLE VI: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,
Washington Archdiocese
Quarters
A Bill to Require Classrooms to Be More Supportive of Neurodiversity #10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All classrooms grade K-12 will be required to have accommodations to better suit their neurodivergent students.

SECTION 2. Neurodiversity shall be defined as differing in mental or neurological function from what is considered typical.

A. This includes but is not limited to conditions like Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, Autism, Dyslexia, Tourette’s Syndrome, Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder, and Dissociative Identity Disorder.

B. Accommodations may include but are not limited to: access to STIM devices, access to nonverbal communication, accessibility to a quiet environment, and accessibility to text alternatives.

SECTION 3. The implementation of this bill will be overseen by the Department of Education

A. $50,000 will be allocated to each K-12 public school in the US, amounting to approximately $5 billion.

B. This money will be taken from the current budget of the Department of Education.

SECTION 4. This will go into effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by The Diocese of Pittsburgh
A Resolution to Amend Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to Include Living Status as a Protected Class

WHEREAS, Economic inequality within the United States has been steadily increasing; and

WHEREAS, Many peoples living below the poverty line are unable to afford housing, with estimates of people without housing in the United States ranging from fewer than 600,000 to more than 1.5 million people; and

WHEREAS, Job applicants without a home address confront discrimination when they apply for jobs; and

WHEREAS, Discrimination against people without housing results in a perpetual cycle of keeping those without housing below the poverty line; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 shall include the phrase “Living Status” as a protected class.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Jackson Diocese
A BILL TO STOP US ARM SALES TO STATES SUPPORTING THE YEMENI CABINET

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The United States shall cease all ongoing or planned arms sales to all as possible.

states actively partaking in the Saudi-led intervention (hereafter referred to as the “Intervention”) on behalf of the Yemeni Cabinet within the Yemeni Civil War, including but not limited to Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, Bahrain, Egypt, and Jordan.

a. Should any nation(s) at time of passage not actively partaking in the Intervention begin to do so, all ongoing or planned sales to that nation shall cease.

b. Should any nation(s) stop their active participation in the Intervention, sales to that country may resume after 3 months of their cessation of active participation in the Intervention.

Article II: “Arms sale” shall be defined as the sale of defense articles, defense information, and defense services, as described under the Code of Federal Regulations Title 9 Chapter 32 Subchapter 3 Part 3 Section 2403.

“Actively partaking” shall be defined as the participation of military forces from the state in question in official combat operations.

Article III: This legislation shall go into effect six months from time of passage.

Article IV: The Department of Defense shall oversee the implementation of this specific enforcement mechanism.

Article V: All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Archdiocese of Boston
A BILL TO INCREASE THE FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE TO BENEFIT AMERICAN WORKERS

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The federal minimum wage will steadily increase to $15 per hour for covered nonexempt employees working in the United States of America. The minimum wage will henceforth be indexed to inflation using the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Article II: Steadily increase shall be defined as an increase of $0.75 in the first year, with an increase of $1 for every year, until the federal minimum wage reaches $15. After the minimum wage is $15, it shall be readjusted annually for inflation using the Consumer Price Index.

Article III: This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2022.

Article IV: The United States Department of Labor shall be responsible for the implementation of this legislation.

A. The United States Bureau of Labor Statistics shall be responsible for determining the Consumer Price Index annually.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Arlington
Semis
A BILL TO LIMIT “SECTION 230 IMMUNITY” TO NONCOMMERCIAL SPEECH

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The immunity granted to online platforms by Section 230 of the Telecommunications Act shall not be construed to extend to commercial advertising or paid placement.

Article II: A. As used herein, “commercial advertising” shall refer to the creation or publication of any content proposing a commercial transaction.

B. As used herein, “paid placement” shall refer to the publication of any content for which the online platform received remuneration from the creator.

Article III: The provisions of this bill shall take effect on January 1, 2022.

Article IV: A. The Department of Justice, the Federal Trade Commission, and the Federal Communications Commission shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions of this bill.

B. The federal courts shall have jurisdiction over all cases and controversies arising under the provisions of this bill.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of St. Petersburg-Tampa
A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Promote Voter Representation

WHEREAS, The Electoral College allows a president to be elected without a majority of voters; and

WHEREAS, The Electoral College allows electors to disregard the will of the people; and

WHEREAS, Democratic ideals continue to erode through every voter who feels unrepresented;

now, therefore

BE IT RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE -- SECTION 1: The Electoral College is hereby abolished and Congress shall declare a federal holiday in which voters will vote using ranked-choice ballots. The Department of Justice will establish voter eligibility and enforce voting procedures.

SECTION 2: Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Diocese of Brooklyn-Queens.
A Bill to allow individuals who qualify for SNAP and EBT to use their benefits to purchase menstrual hygiene products

Be it enacted by the Student Congress here assembled that:

Article I: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (Hereafter referred to as SNAP) eligible individuals will be allowed to purchase menstrual hygiene products with their SNAP benefits.

Article II: A. SNAP is a federally funded entitlement program that provides nutrition assistance benefits to supplement the food budget of needy individuals. 
B. SNAP eligible individuals are individuals, who meet the income and asset qualifications set out by the USDA and state governments.
C. Menstrual hygiene products are defined as products used during menstruation such as sanitary napkins, tampons, pantyliners, menstrual cups, period panties, and sanitary napkins.

Article III: The above provisions will take effect with the beginning of the 2022 fiscal year.

Article IV: The United States Department of Agriculture will oversee implementation of this legislation.

Article V: All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Brianna Sherman-Blanding

Diocese of Wilmington
A Bill to Ensure Genetic Privacy

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Any organization (governmental or otherwise) must have specific consent (renewed at the most every fifteen years) from the relevant living citizen for such organization to hold any more than sixty percent of that individual’s consecutive genetic code for longer than sixty days.

SECTION 2. Genetic code will be defined as “the human genome, one that is specific to one individual, living, human person.” Organization will be defined as “any group or individual capable of procuring or storing genetic information, including but not limited to government groups, corporate groups, healthcare professionals, or citizens.”

SECTION 3. The nonprofit legal group lawseq will compile and locate violations, using $18 million in grants from the US Department of Health and Human Services via the National Institute of Health. Then, based on the severity and repetition of violations, punishments shall be determined by the Department of Health and Human service’s ethics council. These punishments may include:

A. If the violating organization is a healthcare professional or group thereof, revocation of federal medical licensure and/or a fine of up to $10,000 per offense.

B. If the violating organization is a government group, loss of HHS or NIH funding as well as an encouraged penalty via the state department of the relevant state.

C. If the violating organization is a corporate group, revocation of business licensure and/or a fine of up to $12,000 per offense but will never result in jail time.

SECTION 4. This legislation will be effective two years after its passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Biloxi Diocese.
A Bill to Defund the W.H.O. to Increase Efficacy in Health Policy

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The funding provided by the United States to the World Health Organization (W.H.O.) will be shifted to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (C.D.C.) for global health initiatives.

Article II: The following definitions will apply:

A. The funding referenced is the $893 million over the current two-year budget period for the W.H.O.

B. Global health initiatives shall be defined as humanitarian efforts that raise and disburse additional funds for infectious diseases, immunization, and health systems around the world.

Article III: This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2022.

Article IV: The Department of State and the Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

Article V: All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Charlotte
Finals
A Bill to Increase Organ Donation to Alleviate Organ Shortages by Adopting a System of Presumed Consent

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Citizens of the United States will be automatically opted into organ donation by adopting a system of presumed consent.

SECTION 2. Presumed consent shall be defined as an “opt out” system where unless the deceased had expressed a wish to not be an organ donor in life, consent will be assumed from birth.

SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services along with The Division of Transplantation will oversee implementation and enforcement of this bill.

   A. All inquiries to opt out of being an organ donor shall go through the National Organ Donor Registry.

   B. Those who elect to opt out can do so upon registering a live birth.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2021. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by West Kansas NSDA.
A Bill to Lift Sanctions on Cuba

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** The United States remove all sanctions and embargoes currently placed on the Republic of Cuba.

2. **SECTION 2.** Sanctions and embargoes will include any special restrictions on travel or trade between the United States and Cuba.

3. **SECTION 3.** The Department of State, Department of Commerce, and the Department of the Treasury shall be tasked with the implementation of this legislation.

4. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passage.

5. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bridgewater-Raritan*
A Bill to End the Federal Death Penalty in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** The Federal death penalty should no longer be carried out in the
   United States.

2. **SECTION 2.** This bill will be enacted no later than one year after legislation.

3. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall implement this bill.

4. **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
   and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Archdiocese of Milwaukee.*
BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The United States federal government will abolish tuition fees to students of public colleges and universities, trade schools, and community colleges and increase grant funding from the Department of Education to state governments for the purpose of providing additional necessary funding to public colleges and universities, trade schools, and community colleges.

Article II: The budget of the Department of Education shall be increased at the start of fiscal year 2022 so as to provide aforementioned grants to state governments.

   A. To fund this increase, the Internal Revenue Service shall impose an excise tax of 0.1% on the sale of all stocks, bonds, and derivatives.

   B. This increase in budget shall also be funded in part by the annual reallocation of $7 billion from the Department of Defense.

   C. Any leftover funding in a given year shall be granted to aid infrastructure in American public colleges and universities, trade schools, and community colleges at the discretion of the Department of Education.

Article III: This legislation shall be implemented at the start of the 2022 fiscal year.

Article IV: The Department of Education and the Department of the Treasury will oversee the enforcement of this bill.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Erie
A Bill to Protect the Right to Vote by Revoking Federal Funds

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. Article I: All citizens over the age of 18 and resident in the United States shall
   a. have the right to vote unimpeded in any election, and no state or local governments in
   b. violation of this act shall receive any federal funds.

2. Article II: A violation shall be defined as any law, regulation, or practice that
   a. has as a negative impact on the ability of voters to cast a ballot, especially
   b. one affecting minority groups, or dilutes the power of their vote, does not
   c. reasonably increase the security of an election; and does not assist in
   d. implementing a compelling government interest. Any law or constitutional
   e. provision that removes or restricts the right to vote for felons or disabled
   f. persons shall also count as a violation.

3. Article III: This bill will take effect on January 1, 2022.

4. Article IV: This act will be enforced by the Attorney General through the
   a. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division through revocation of all
   b. federal funds and suit in a federal district court
      A. Voters or groups of voters may also sue for injunctive relief against any
      B. violations in federal district court.

5. Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Diocese of Louisville