

CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

FEBRUARY 2021 LEGISLATION DOCKET



February 2021 Legislation

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A Bill to Enhance GMO Labels

A Bill to Enhance GMO Labels

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. This bill eliminates loopholes in the 2016 GMO Labeling Bill. Specifically:
- A. Labels must clearly display that the product contains GMOs. The use of a QR

 Code to direct consumers to a website for additional information is not permitted.
 - B. All labeling exemptions by food type, including meat, eggs, and vegetable-based oils, are eliminated.
 - C. All restaurants, food trucks, delis, and airline-food providers must declare the contents of GMOs in their foods.
- 9 **SECTION 2**. A Genetically Modified Organism (GMO) is any plant, animal, or microorganism
- whose genetic make-up has been modified in a laboratory using genetic engineering.
- 11 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Drug Administration will oversee the enforcement of this
- 12 legislation.

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- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect Jan. 1, 2022.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

The Native American Infrastructure Bill

The Native American Infrastructure Bill

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Native American tribal communities will be provided with resources to develop
- 3 infrastructure for both investment in education and healthcare services.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. The following definitions will apply:
- A. Healthcare services will be defined as both internal medical technology for existing hospitals or other healthcare infrastructure and the development of emergency equipment, such as medical transportation.
 - B. Native American tribe is defined in Section 4 of the Indian Self Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C § 5304)
- SECTION 3. The Bureau of Indian Affairs will work in conjunction with individual Native

 American tribes, the Department of Education, and the Department of Health and Human
- Services to implement this legislation.

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- A. The Department of Health and Human Services and respective Native American tribes will be allocated \$2.75 billion for the development of healthcare infrastructure and emergency service technology.
 - B. The Department of Education will work collaboratively with the Bureau of Indian

 Affairs and allocate \$750 million toward investment in educational infrastructure and resources.
- 19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect January 1, 2022.
- 20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Amend Section 230

A Bill to Amend Section 230

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Section 230 of the 1996 Communications Decency Act will be amended as
- 3 follows:

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- A. Liability protections will be eliminated for interactive computer services with over 1 million active monthly users or with annual revenues exceeding \$25 million.
 - B. Interactive computer services must take down illegal content immediately upon notification by court order.
 - C. Interactive computer services must provide consumers with clearly labeled and accessible complaint communication channels, such as phone and email, staffed 24 hours per day to be responsive to illegal content.
 - D. Interactive computer services must submit a quarterly transparency report regarding their content moderation policies and procedures.
- 13 **SECTION 2**. Interactive computer services are any information services, systems, or access
- software that provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server,
- including specifically services or systems that access the Internet.
- 16 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Trade Commission will oversee enforcement of the legislation and
- 17 receive quarterly transparency reports.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect Jan. 1, 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution on Advertisements of Prescription Drugs

A Resolution on Advertisements of Prescription Drugs

- 1 **WHEREAS**, The advertisement of prescription drugs directly to consumers misinforms
- 2 patients by overemphasizing the benefits of prescription medicine and broadcasts purported
- benefits to large audiences before long-term safety of the drug has been fully determined, often
- 4 leading to harmful over-medication; and
- 5 **WHEREAS**, Over 70% of surveyed physicians believe that prescription drug advertisements
- 6 have exaggerated the benefits of a drug, and 68% of surveyed physicians contend that
- 7 prescription drugs are advertised before the manufacturer can guarantee long-term safety; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The United States is one of only two countries where the advertisement of
- 9 prescription drugs is currently legal, leading to physicians prescribing drugs such as ADHD
- medication an estimated 25 times more frequently than in the United Kingdom, where the
- advertisement of prescription drugs is illegal; and
- 12 **WHEREAS**, The continued misinformation facilitated by prescription drug advertising is
- endangering the safety of American patients, in addition to causing patients to second guess
- their physicians' recommendations, causing harmful divides within medical communities; now,
- therefore, be it
- 16 **RESOLVED**, That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation that
- medical associations and drug companies regulate advertisements of prescription drugs.

The Executive Transparency Act of 2021

The Executive Transparency Act of 2021

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The following reforms shall be made to increase financial transparency within the
- 3 Executive Branch:

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- 4 A. Both the President and Vice President must publicly disclose all tax returns.
- B. The President and Vice President will place specific financial holdings which may serve as direct conflicts of interest to the Executive Branch in a trust.
- 7 **SECTION 2**. A tax return will be defined as any annual statements revealing sources of
- 8 income, financial holdings, and interests, in particular foreign investments.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service will oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
- A. Disputes about whether a financial holding is a conflict of interest, as stated in Section 1b, will be resolved by an independent panel formed by the IRS.
 - B. Failure to provide full documentation of tax returns by the Executive Branch at the time of taking office may be considered grounds for impeachment by Congress.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect January 20, 2025.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Establish Full Parental Paid Leave

A Resolution to Establish Full Parental Paid Leave

- WHEREAS, In the United States, there are not currently national paid-leave policies that
- enable all parents, in particular male parents, to take time off work directly following the birth or
- adoption of a child, putting pressure on the female parent to assume the majority of the stay-at-
- 4 home tasks involved with raising a young child; and
- 5 **WHEREAS**, More than three quarters of American fathers return to work within one week of
- the adoption or birth of their child, fearing they may lose their jobs if they do not; and
- 7 **WHEREAS**, The expected difference in leave from work leads to discrimination against
- women in hiring processes, enabling corporations to avoid spending money on paid leave; and
- 9 **WHEREAS**, In countries, such as Sweden, where there is an established paternal leave,
- women earn up to 7% more than they do in countries without paternal leave, and fathers have
- the opportunity to cultivate a better relationship with their child; now, therefore, be it
- 12 **RESOLVED**, That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation to all
- states and territories to establish gender parity with universal parental paid leave laws.

A Bill to Promote Open Elections

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A Bill to Promote Open Elections

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The United States will grant Less Economically Developed Countries (LEDCs),
- who agree to utilize blockchain technology to increase the security of their elections, a
- 4 maximum of \$50 million per year in foreign aid.
- 5 **SECTION 2**. The following definitions will apply:
- A. A Less Economically Developed Country will be defined as a country where average incomes are below \$15,000 Purchasing Power Parity (PPP).
 - B. Blockchain technology will be defined as a cryptographic ledger which records inputs and transactions and displays them publicly, often used in cryptocurrency transactions.
- **SECTION 3.** The Department of State will oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
- A. The Department of State will evaluate the quantity of aid to be allocated to each country, not to exceed the maximum limit, in compliance with Section 1.
 - B. The Department of State will ensure blockchain technology has been in effect for more than 2 years and utilized in at least one election before aid will be allocated.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Deploy Nuclear Weapons to American Allies in South East Asia

A Resolution to Deploy Nuclear Weapons to American Allies in South East Asia

- 1 **WHEREAS**, North Korea has amassed a large and dangerous quantity of nuclear weapons,
- 2 including intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs), that have a minimum range of
- approximately 3,400 miles; and
- 4 WHEREAS, North Korea currently has between 30 and 40 nuclear weapons and have tested
- 5 their nuclear weapons multiple times since 2006; and
- 6 **WHEREAS**, Nuclear tests and the threat of future experimentation or attack puts the
- 5 sovereignty of surrounding nations at risk, as well as threatening global security and increasing
- the likelihood of nuclear war by facilitating the escalation of tensions by ignoring international
- 9 law; and
- 10 **WHEREAS**, Kim Jong-un announced in January of 2021 that the North Korean government
- would advance North Korean nuclear capabilities through the declaration of a plan to construct
- submarine-launchable intercontinental ballistic missiles; now, therefore, be it
- 13 **RESOLVED**, That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation to the
- 14 Commander-in-Chief to deploy ultimate range ballistic missiles (URBMs) to American allies in
- Asia, including, but not limited to, South Korea and Japan.

A Resolution to Incorporate Computer Science into Core Curricula

A Resolution to Incorporate Computer Science into Core Curricula

- 1 **WHEREAS**, Computer science courses such as coding and web development result in the
- 2 creation of many valuable technical skills with tremendous employment opportunities; and
- 3 **WHEREAS**, Fully-online and free course materials make such content accessible to students
- 4 all across the United States; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Many additional skills such as critical thinking and problem solving are enhanced
- 6 by computer science study; and
- 7 **WHEREAS**, Education standards are best left to individual states to consider and deploy;
- 8 therefore be it
- 9 **RESOLVED**, That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation to the
- individual states and territories to adopt computer science courses as a facet of their core
- 11 curricula.

A Bill to Limit Travel to Curb the Spread of COVID-19 Variants

A Bill to Limit Travel to Curb the Spread of COVID-19 Variants

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. All nonessential travel will hereby be banned from countries determined to be
- high-risk for spreading COVID-19 and its fast-spreading variants. These countries may include
- 4 the United Kingdom, South Africa, and Denmark depending upon the progression and spread of
- 5 the variants and upon passage of this legislation.
- 6 **SECTION 2**. The COVID-19 variants will be defined as those that are found by scientists to be
- more rapidly transmissible, such as the variant initially discovered in South England, that
- 8 transmits at a faster rate than the original strain of COVID-19 and has reproduction numbers
- 9 over 50% higher than current rates of infection.
- SECTION 3. The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) will be advised by the Center for
- Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to enforce this legislation.
- A. The CDC will monitor global COVID-19 cases and the spread of the COVID-19
- variants to determine which countries should be included in the ban of nonessential
- travel in Section 1 or when said countries shall have the ban removed.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.