

A Bill to Protect Asylum Seekers Rights

BE IT ENACTED BY CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All asylum seekers will be considered for review upon taking asylum regardless of how they reached the United States to apply, and those who have legitimate claims may reside in the United States until their case is resolved. The numbers of asylum seekers admitted will be limited to 50,000, the cap from 2017. Any prejudice against these asylum seekers will be strictly prohibited.

SECTION 2. Asylum seekers are defined as a person, or group of people, who have left their home country as a political refugee and are seeking asylum in another country. Legitimate claims will be defined as applications being put up for legal review. Prejudice will be defined as unjustified discrimination for or against a certain group (i.e, race, country of origin, gender, etc.)

SECTION 3: The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of this bill and the review & admittance of asylum application processes. Any law enforcement or government personnel who fails to recognize the asylum seeker's right to apply for asylum will be subject to reprimand or termination.

SECTION 4: This bill shall be effective immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



A Bill to Decriminalize Prostitution

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Prostitution shall be decriminalized and treated as victims of crime. Pimps and customers will be sentenced to no less than 15 years in prison. Pimps and customers of child prostitutes will be a capital offense.

SECTION 2. Definitions

- **A.** Prostitution involves engaging, agreeing, or offering to engage in sexual conduct with another person in return for a fee. (Cornell University)
- B. Victim of Crime is an identifiable person who has been harmed directly by the perpetrator.
- C. Pimp is a person who procures a prostitute for customers or vice versa, usually sharing the profits of the prostitute's activities. A pimp commits the crime of pandering. (Cornell University)
- **D.** Customer is a person or business that purchases a commodity or service.
- E. Capital Offense is an offense that is punishable by the death penalty. It is not necessary that the punishment imposed was the death penalty, but if the permissible punishment prescribed by the legislature for the offense is the death penalty, then the offense is considered a capital offense. (Cornell University)
- The Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect the fiscal year of 2021.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sierra S. of Lava Heights Academy.



| 1 | BE IT ENACT | ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: | | |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | The Department of the Treasury shall issue a recurring \$2,000.00 checks to all | | |
| 3 | | person(s) making less than \$100,000.00 for a term of six-months. Finally, after | | |
| 4 | | six-months Congress in conjunction with the President, Departments' of | | |
| 5 | | Treasury, Federal Reserve, and IRS; will make a recommendation to Congress if | | |
| 6 | | it's in the best interest of Americans to continue with the \$2,000.00 checks. | | |
| 7 | SUBSECTION | N (A) | | |
| 8 | | The tax rate for person(s) making above \$10,000,000.00 or more shall thus-forth | | |
| 9 | | set at 55%. Further, thus-forth the Capital Gains Tax Rate shall be adjusted from | | |
| 0 | | 23.8% to 28%. Finally, the inheritance tax on assets as it relates to estate would | | |
| 1 | | require the individual(s) receiving said inheritance to pay the entire appreciation | | |
| 2 | | of the asset when it's sold or transferred. | | |
| 13 | SECTION 2. | "Persons" shall be defined as: Persons who live and work in the United States on | | |
| 14 | | a permanent basis. "IRS" shall be defined as: The Internal Revenue Service. | | |
| 15 | SECTION 3. | The Internal Revenue Service, in conjunction with the Department of the | | |
| 16 | | Treasury will oversee the implementation of this bill, violations of this bill as it | | |
| 17 | | relates to taxation will be in-tandem with current penalties codified within IRS | | |
| 18 | | Code, and applicable Federal Law. | | |
| 19 | SECTION 4. | This legislation will take effect on the first Monday immediately after passage. | | |
| 20 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. | | |
| | Introduced for Congressional Debate by V. Sue Cleveland High School | | | |



A Bill To Define Cultural Expression Displays on a Person as Part of the Title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1984

Section 1: Personal expression, whether representing cultures or gender preferences is a right and covered by the right to autonomy. Henceforth, banning any ethnicity or culturally related hairstyles or bodily displays will be considered a violation of the Title IV of the Civil rights Act of 1984. Safety concerns will be considered if applicable. This includes, but is not limited to educational agencies.

Section 2: Bodily displays include but are not limited to ethnic hairstyles as defined by cultural guidelines, genetic connections including gender preferences such as the wearing of nail polish, facial hair, etc.

Section 3: Legislation will be enforced by the Office of Civil rights and Department of Education will enforce in schools. Any organization maintaining unreasonably rules will be subject to discrimination action.

Section 4: Legislation will be enacted Jan 2022 or earlier if possible.

Section 5: All laws in conflict will be considered null and void.

Legislation submitted by Oñate High School



| 1 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: | | |
|----|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2 | SECTION 1. | The Department of Justice shall create the Federal Public Defenders Office for | |
| 3 | | Immigration, "FPDOI", and hire highly competitive and competent staff of: | |
| 4 | | Immigration Attorneys that carry 4 year+ of experience in Immigration law, and | |
| 5 | | other clerical support staff; the "FPDOI" shall receive proportional staff and funding | |
| 6 | | as the United States Attorney's Office. The Department of Justice shall hire an | |
| 7 | | appropriate amount of Immigration Judges that carry a 5+ years of experienced in | |
| 8 | | Immigration law, and in good standing in their respective jurisdictions' bar to combat | |
| 9 | | backlog. Defendants in Immigration courts shall be entitled to free legal | |
| 10 | | representation from the "FPDOI" or a court appointed counsel. The Department of | |
| 11 | | Justice shall hire court Interpreters on a one-to-one ratio of Judge-to-Interpreter. | |
| 12 | | They shall carry a bachelor's degree in Spanish, or any other language that is in-need | |
| 13 | | at the time; all Interpreters shall work fulltime and must be physically present at the | |
| 14 | | court. Finally, Defendants and Asylum-Seekers shall remain in the U.S. until they | |
| 15 | | have a ruling rendered on their case. All person(s) that serve in the U.S. Armed | |
| 16 | | Forces shall receive Citizenship after the end of their contract(s) or are honorably | |
| 17 | | discharged for any reason. | |
| 18 | SUBSECTION 1(A) | | |
| 19 | | This shall be funded by appropriate funding(s) from the general taxation fund(s) from | |
| 20 | | the Treasury Department. | |
| 21 | SECTION 2. | "Contracts" shall be defined as: An agreement between a service member/individual | |
| 22 | | and the United States Department of Defense. | |
| 23 | SECTION 3. | The Department of Justice in conjunction with the Department of the Treasury, and | |
| 24 | | the Department of Homeland Security will oversee the implementation of this bill. | |
| 25 | SECTION 4. | This legislation will take effect six-months after passage. | |
| 26 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. | |
| | Introduced for | Congressional Debate by V. Sue Cleveland High School | |



A Bill to Extend Consent Age for Heath Services

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Starting at age fifteen, adolescents will be authorized to give consent or deny medical services for themselves.

SECTION 2. Definitions

- **A.** Authorized is defined as to give official permission for something to happen or to give someone official permission to do something.
- **B.** Consent is defined as permission for something to happen or agreement to do something.
- C. Medical services are defined as including mental health services as well as physical health services.
- The US Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect the fiscal year of 2021.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sam H.R. of Lava Heights Academy.



A Bill to Train Police in Addressing Mental Health Situations

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

The United States shall train sheriffs and officers how to effectively respond to mental health calls.

SECTION 2. Definitions

- **A.** Train: teach a particular skill or type of behavior through practice and instruction over a period of time.
- **B.** Effectively Respond: successful in producing a desired or intended result of deescalating the potentially dangerous situation to maximize safety for every individual on the scene.
- C. Mental health calls: When police are called to respond to a mental health crisis situation in which a person's behavior puts them at risk of hurting themselves or others.

SECTION 3. Implementation

- **A.** The Department of Homeland Security shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- B. Training will be funded by revenue saved from extraneous law suits and medical expenses. Effective handling of calls will decrease injury of suspects, victims, officers, and property.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect the fiscal year of 2021.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bella C. of Lava Heights Academy.

A Resolution to Increase Production and Use of Nuclear Energy

WHEREAS, Nuclear energy is a high-potential, environmentally friendly energy source; and

WHEREAS, The world is in both a climate crisis and an energy crisis; and

WHEREAS, The United States includes 4.25% of the global population yet produces

14% of the global carbon dioxide emissions, largely for power generation
purposes; and

WHEREAS, Nuclear energy is a low-carbon, high-efficiency means of energy production; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled supports increased construction and use of nuclear power plants in the United States.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Arrowhead Park Early College High School.



A Bill to Establish 4-C Teams

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

All cities in the United States of America shall establish 4-C teams to respond to mental health calls.

SECTION 2. Definitions

- **A.** Establish is defined as to Set up an organization, system, or set of rules on a firm or permanent basis.
- B. 4-C Team is defined as a Clinical Cop Crisis Co-op consisting of at least one law enforcement officer and one clinical therapist to respond as a team to a mental health call made by an individual.
- C. Mental health calls are defined as Calls made to police to safely respond to mental health crises involving a person whose behavior puts them at risk of hurting themselves or others.

SECTION 3. Implementation

- **A.** The Department of Homeland Security shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- **B.** 4-C Teams will be funded by revenue saved from extraneous law suits and medical expenses. Effective handling of calls will decrease injury of suspects, victims, officers, and property.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect the fiscal year of 2021.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bella C. of Lava Heights Academy.



A bill to implement fair repair laws for electrical appliances BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE TODAY

| 1 | Section 1. | Under the passage of this legislation, it will be lederally required that |
|----|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | | all electronics manufacturers provide the information to repair, |
| 3 | | diagnose, service, and maintain their electrical appliances. |
| 4 | | It will be federally required that electronics manufacturers provide |
| 5 | | the tools to repair, diagnose, service, and maintain their electrical |
| 6 | | appliances by means of lease or sale and the information to produce |
| 7 | | the same tools that are provided to authorized dealers and service providers |
| 8 | Section 2. | An electrical appliance is defined as a device that utilizes technology to |
| 9 | | complete an everyday task. |
| 10 | Section 3. | Enforcement of this bill will be overseen by the Federal Trade Commission |
| 11 | | The FTC will be given funding from an increase to their budget coming |
| 12 | | from 0.1% increase to income taxes |
| 13 | | A. The FTC will be primarily tasked with setting up a service bulletin |
| 14 | | on federal website to make all incoming information available |
| 15 | | B. No company shall disclose any method or process that is entitled |
| 16 | | to protection as a trade secret. However no information may be protected |
| 17 | | as a trade secret if it is given directly or indirectly to authorized dealers |
| 18 | | by manufacturers. |
| 19 | Section 4. | This legislation is to be enacted August 1, 2021. Any laws in conflict with |
| 20 | | this legislation are considered null and void |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | | |



A Bill Establishing an Agency Protecting the USA from Cyber Security Attacks

Section 1: According to Purplesec, Cybercrime is up 600% Due To COVID-19 Pandemic

Due to the COVID-19 outbreak an uptick in sophisticated phishing email schemes by cybercriminals has emerged. Malicious actors are posing as the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) or World Health Organization (WHO) representatives.

- **Section 2:** A new cybersecurity agency will be established by the DOD to protect against technological attacks on governmental agencies.
 - A. Necessary personnel will be vetted and hired
 - B. The agency will monitor and identify threats to national security
 - C. IT professionals with provided updates to current and future systems.
- **Section 3:** This will be an official federal agency funded by federal funding.
- **Section 4:** Legislation will be enacted by the DOD
- **Section 5:** The bill will take effect in FY2022 if not sooner if possible as this threat is inherent.
- **Section 6:** All laws in conflict will be considered null and void.

Legislation submitted by Oñate High School

PM-6

A Bill to Fund Rural Healthcare using Federal Taxes on Film Production

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. To increase health care funding for rural communities by using money from the Section 181 Film Tax Deduction.

SECTION 2. The funding includes funding towards new clinics, healthcare professionals, better resources and equipment, and expanding high speed internet to rural communities. The Section 181 Film Tax Deduction means that for every \$1.00 a high net worth investor invests in a film or television series, the investor can write off 37 cents from the investors tax returns. A rural community is a community with a very low population density.

SECTION 3. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) would collect the money and the department of Health and Human Services (HHS) would oversee the distribution of the money .

- A. This bill would reduce the maximum tax deduction by 10% under the Section 181 Film

 Tax Deduction and use the money that would have gone to that tax deduction to fund rural healthcare.
- B. The Department of Health and Human Services would prepare criteria to determine eligibility for the funds. Rural communities would apply for the funds and the DHHS would distribute funds based on eligibility.

SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect on July 1, 2021.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by Santa Fe High School



A Bill to Rehabilitate Convicts

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

The United States will mandate clinical therapy for one year for all convicts when they are released from prison.

SECTION 2. Definitions

- a. Clinical therapy is defined as meeting with a clinical therapist twice per week in an individual or group setting as the therapist deems needed.
- b. Clinical therapist is defined as a licensed therapist who works with patients to help identify, examine, and treat mental health and emotional issues or disorders.
- c. Convict is defined as a person found guilty of a criminal offense and serving a sentence of imprisonment.
- The Federal Bureau of Prisons shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect the fiscal year of 2021.
- All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sam H.R. of Lava Heights Academy.