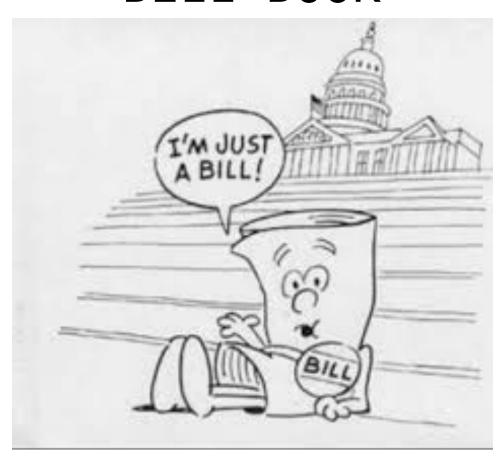
2020 - 2021 MHSAA DEBATE SEASON BILL BOOK



TO BE USED AT THE FOLLOWING TOURNAMENTS:
Pascagoula, Oak Grove, Madison Central, St.
Andrew's, Mississippi State Univ., Hattiesburg,
Ole Miss

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LEGISLATION A THE INTERNATIONAL G.A.M.E. PLAN

1	WHEREAS,	Earthly resources are only increasing in scarcity; and
2	WHEREAS,	NASA estimates that the mineral wealth found in the asteroid
3		belt is worth \$100 billion per current living person; and
4	WHEREAS,	Estimates suggest that asteroid mining will become a
5		necessity by the 22 nd century; now, therefore be it
6	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States
7		introduces to the international community a Galactic
8		Acquisition of Materials and Effects plan with the intent to
9		begin asteroid mining.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oak Grove HS

LEGISLATION В

THIS IS S.P.A.R.T.A. ACT

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Government will develop and enact a nationwide
3		assessment system in order to appropriate the societal value of an
4		individual and appropriately place them into their optimal occupation
5		with adjusted wage.
6	SECTION 2.	"The Assessment" shall be defined as the test administered to children
7		at the age of 25 that will take into account personal job preference and
8		aptitude in those areas to determine occupation.
9	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Defense (DoD) will be tasked with
10		overseeing the enforcement of this bill.
11		A. All funds necessary to the implementation of this bill will be

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- Α. All funds necessary to the implementation of this bill will be
- Assessment will be administered at the age of twenty-five. В.
- С. Children will be contained, monitored, and trained from birth in order to give all students equal opportunity and preparation for assessment.

allocated to the DoD to be distributed as the DoD see fit.

- D. Assessment scores shall be used to determine job placement and level of pay.
- Ε. An AI system will be created to oversee training, create The Assessment though a multi-faceted analysis system, and administer that assessment.
- F. Appropriate accommodations will be made for the mentally and physically impaired.
- G. The Assessment shall replace the naturalization process.
- The Assessment shall not interfere with democratic electoral Н. processes but will indicate payroll in elected positions.
- I. The Assessment will be reevaluated in a condensed form each year to facilitate job mobility and pay raises.
- Preparation will begin immediately upon passage with those born after SECTION 4. 2070 being subject to The Assessment process and gradually being phased into the society.
- 31 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby null and void. SECTION 5.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oak Grove HS

LEGISLATION C

A RESOLUTION TO ABOLISH PRISON LABOR FROM THE 13TH AMENDMENT

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the
3	following article proposed as an amendment to the
4	Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to
5	all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
6	ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the severa
7	states within seven years from the date of its submission by
8	the Congress:
	AMENDMENT 13
9	SECTION 1.Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude shall exist within
10	the United States of America, or any place subject to their
11	jurisdiction.
12	SECTION 2.Congress shall have power to enforce this article by
13	appropriate legislation.
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oak Grove HS

LEGISLATION D

A BILL TO ENSURE GENETIC PRIVACY

1	BE IT ENACT	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	Any organization (government or otherwise) must have specific consen	t
3		(renewed at the most every fifteen years) from the relevant living	
4		citizen for such organization to hold any more than sixty percent of	
5		that individual's consecutive genetic code for longer than sixty days	s.
6	SECTION 2.	Genetic code will be defined as "the human genome, one that is speci-	fic
7		to one individual, living, human person." Organization will be defi	nec
8		as "any group or individual capable of procuring or storing genetic	
9		information, including but not limited to government groups, corpora-	te
10		groups, healthcare professionals, or citizens."	
11	SECTION 3.	The nonprofit legal group LawSeq will compile and locate violations	
12		using \$18 million in grants from the US Department of Health and Humo	an
13		Services via the National Institute of Health. Then, based on the	
14		severity and repetition of violations, punishments shall be determine	ed
15		by the Department of Health and Human Services Ethics Council. These	e
16		punishments may include:	
17		A. If the violating organization is a healthcare professional or	
18		group thereof, revocation of federal medical licensure and/or	а
19		fine of up to \$10,000 per offense.	
20		B. If the violating organization is a government group, loss of H	НS
21		or NIH funding will be implemented as well as an encouraged	
22		penalty via the State Department of the relevant state.	
23		C. If the violating organization is a corporate group, revocation	of
24		business licensure and/or a fine of up to \$12,000 per offense b	out
25		will never result in jail time.	

SECTION 4. This legislation will be effective two years after its passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict are hereby declared null and void.

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LEGISLATION E

A BILL TO STREAMLINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF CAR TAGS AND LICENSES

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY	THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The D	Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) is hereby moved, and the
3		Feder	ral Licensing Administration (FLA) is hereby created.
4		Α.	All DMV's are hereby under the jurisdiction of the United
5			States Department of Transportation (USDOT).
6		В.	The FLA will oversee testing and distribution of all
7			drivers' licenses and collection and distribution of all
8			vehicular plates.
9	SECTION 2.	Α.	Motor vehicles are defined as any street-legal craft
10			powered by an engine and designed for traveling on a
11			public road.
12		В.	Vehicular plates are defined as a government-issued metal
13			or plastic sheet attached to a motor vehicle or trailer for
14			identification purposes.
15		С.	Drivers' licenses are defined as licenses obtained for the
16			purpose of legally driving a motor vehicle on a public road.
17	SECTION 3.	USD0T	will be responsible for overseeing the implementation of
18		this	bill.
19		Α.	The USDOT will include an appropriate budget to support the
20			DMV and the FLA.
21		В.	The FLA will work to assume the responsibility of
22			streamlining the distribution of licenses and vehicular
23			plates.
24	SECTION 4.	This	bill will go into effect on October 1st of 2023.
25	SECTION 5.	All l	aws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northwest Rankin HS

null and void.

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LEGISLATION F

A RESOLUTION TO ACKNOWLEDGE AND CONDEMN UNJUST ACTIONS OF US HISTORICAL FIGURES DISPLAYED IN PUBLIC ART

1	WHEREAS,	Many esteemed historical figures in the United States
2		engaged in actions that were considered acceptable within
3		the cultural mores of their era but that are no longer found
4		morally equitable; and
5	WHEREAS,	Certain artworks depicting these individuals are on public
6		display around the country; and
7	WHEREAS,	The majority of citizens in the United States no longer
8		condone public approval of individuals who engage in
9		intolerable actions (such as rape, murder, and slavery); and
10	WHEREAS,	Recent displays and demonstrations focused on social justice
11		have prompted us to further acknowledge injustices enacted
12		by the subjects of these public displays; now, therefore be
13		it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that we formally acknowledge
15		and condemn the unjust actions of all former historical
16		figures depicted in publicly displayed art.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northwest Rankin HS

LEGISLATION G

A BILL TO MANDATE A NATIONAL RIGHT TO REPAIR POLICY

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.A national electronic Right to Repair is hereby created to
3	standardize and permit the purchase of hardware for and the
4	tools required to modify consumer electronic devices.
5	SECTION 2.Right to Repair is a category of legislative policies that
6	allow consumers the legal ability to repair and/or modify
7	their own consumer electronic devices are those that enable
8	access to or use of an electronic communication service,
9	remote computing service, or location information service.
10	SECTION 3. The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) will oversee the
11	implementation of this bill.
12	A. The FTC will write the Right to Repair policy document
13	outline rational terms and conditions, and oversee the
14	document's execution.
15	B. The FTC will publicize information targeted at
16	consumers establishing best practices to safely repair
17	consumer electronics.
18	SECTION 4. This bill should be fully implemented by January 1st, 2022,
19	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
20	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northwest Rankin HS

LEGISLATION H

A BILL TO SUPPORT ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.Economically disadvantaged students in US public schools
3	shall receive direct financial support to offset the costs
4	of school necessities such as laptops, class fees, supplies
5	etc. each year. The precise amount of annual support will
6	depend on the number of eligible students and the Department
7	of Education (DoED) budget.
8	SECTION 2.Students will be defined as any individual attending a K-12
9	public school in the United States. Economically
10	disadvantaged students shall be defined as any students
11	living in a household with an annual income of \$20,000
12	dollars or less.
13	SECTION 3.DoED will oversee the implementation diverted from this bil
14	A. Two billion dollars will be immediately diverted from
15	the Department of Defense (DoD) budget and allotted to
16	the DoED.
17	B. Congress will ensure that future budgets continue to
18	divert DoD funds to DoED to ensure the program's
19	long-term viability.
20	SECTION 4. This legislation shall go into effect January 1, 2022.
21	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
22	doclared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northwest Rankin HS

LEGISLATION I

A BILL TO BAN STOCK BUYBACKS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The United States Government will ban all buybacks of stock
3	SECTION 2.Stock Buybacks will be defined as when a company buys back
4	its shares from the marketplace with its accumulated cash.
5	SECTION 3. The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) will oversee
6	the enforcement of this bill.
7	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect 30 days following the passage
8	of this bill.
9	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this bill shall be declared null
10	and void.

LEGISLATION J

A BILL TO IMPLEMENT THE BUFFETT RULE

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The United States Government will, at the passage of this
3	bill, implement the Buffett Rule into the national tax
4	policy.
5	SECTION 2. The Buffett Rule will be defined as the tax policy proposed
6	by Warren Buffett and Barack Obama in 2011 that levies a
7	minimum tax of 30% against anyone making more than one
8	million dollars a year.
9	SECTION 3. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee the
10	enforcement of this bill.
11	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect directly following the
12	conclusion of the 2021 tax season.
13	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this bill be declared null and
14	void.

LEGISLATION K

A BILL TO BAN TRADE OF U.S. SECURITIES BY CHINESE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.The United States Government will ban the trade of U.S.
3	securities by any Chinese Government organization or
4	political entity will all current standing assets either
5	being sold back or frozen.
6	SECTION 2.Chinese Government Organization will be defined as any
7	organization or subsidized business that is inextricably
8	tied to or is funded by the Chinese Government. Chinese
9	Political Entity will be defined by any political office
10	holder or any card holding CCP member. Securities will be
11	defined as a tradable financial asset.
12	SECTION 3. The Securities and Exchange Commission will oversee the
13	enforcement of this bill.
14	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect directly after passing.
15	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this bill will be declared null
16	and void.

LEGISLATION L

A BILL TO IMPLEMENT A BIMETALLIST CURRENCY STANDARD

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.The United States Government will implement a currency
3	standard of bimetallism backing all U.S. currency.
4	SECTION 2.Bimetallism will be defined as a monetary system that is
5	based on the value of two metals, usually gold and silver
6	SECTION 3. The United States Federal Reserve will oversee the
7	enforcement of this bill.
8	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect six months after passage of
9	this bill.
10	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this bill will be declared null
11	and void.

LEGISLATION M

A RESOLUTION TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION TO REMOVE THE PARDON POWER FROM THE EXECUTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled that the
3	following article is proposed as an amendment to the
4	Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to
5	all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
6	ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the
7	several states within seven years from the date of its
8	submission by the Congress:
	ARTICLE I
9	SECTION 1. The President of the United States shall no longer have the
10	power to grant Reprieves or Pardons for Offenses against the
11	United States.
12	SECTION 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by
13	appropriate legislation.

LEGISLATION N

A BILL TO IMPLEMENT INCLUSIVE SEX EDUCATION

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall be implement a new
3		standard for sex education in public middle schools and high
4		schools in all 50 states. The new standard shall be LGBTQ+
5		inclusive and include consent education and require information
6		on contraceptives. Abstinence-only education will be
7		discontinued in all 50 states.
8	SECTION 2.	A. "LGBTQ+ education" shall be defined as social education
9		related to Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, and any
10		Queer identity.
11		B. "Consent education" shall be defined as the teaching of
12		consent, a mutual agreement to participate in sexual
13		activity.
14		C. "Contraceptives" shall be defined as any form of birth
15		control, including but not limited to condoms and birth
16		control pills.
17		D. "Abstinence-only education" shall be defined as teaching
18		abstinence as the only form of sec education with no
19		inclusion of contraceptives or safe sex.
20	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of
21		this legislation. Each public school in the United States shall
22		receive 5,000 dollars to fund the implementation of this
23		legislation. Schools that comply with this legislation before
24		the bill's official passage date shall receive an additional
25		5,000 dollars.
26	SECTION 4.	This bill shall be implemented at the start of the 2022-2023
27		school year.
28	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are null and void.
	Intro	oduced for Congressional Debate by Madison Central HS

LEGISLATION 0

A BILL TO REFORM POLICE EDUCATION

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.Police recruits will be required to undergo two years of
3	community-based training and education before joining a
4	police force (city or county), including training in
5	de-escalation techniques and in reducing implicit bias by
6	receiving instruction from a combination of police officers
7	and civilians with expertise in their community as well as
8	performing additional community-based services.
9	SECTION 2. "Community-based training" shall be defined as 960 hours of
10	paid community service, including but not limited to serving
11	at local charities, cleaning and maintaining public
12	facilities, and assisting elderly citizens.
13	SECTION 3. The Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation
14	of this legislation in correlation with local
15	municipalities. Precincts that fail to cooperate with this
16	legislation within the timeframe of implementation shall not
17	receive federal funding.
18	SECTION 4. This bill shall be implemented six months after passing.
19	SECTION 5.All laws conflicting with this legislation are hereby
20	declared null and void.

LEGISLATION P

A BILL TO PAY PRISON LABOR WORKERS MINIMUM WAGE

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY	THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The L	United States Federal Government shall provide pay that meets
3		the c	current minimum wage standards within each state for all
4		incar	cerated persons who participate in penal labor. Wages shall
5		prior	ritize payment of all commissary needs. Any remaining funds
6		will	be stored in a state-monitored bank account and distributed
7		month	aly after the release of the incarcerated person(s).
8	SECTION 2.	Α.	"Minimum wage" shall be defined as the lowest wage permitted
9			by each state's law.
10		В.	"Incarcerated persons" shall be defined as anyone confined
11			in a jail or prison.
12		С.	"Penal labor" shall be defined as a form of unfree labor
13			that mandates incarcerated persons' participation.
14	SECTION 3.	Α.	The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall oversee the payment
15			and distribution of said payment to each incarcerated
16			person's bank account.
17		В.	The Department of Corrections within each state shall
18			enforce respective minimum wage rates and their state's
19			commissary costs for goods and necessities.
20		С.	The Department of Justice's Special Litigation Section
21			shall oversee the implementation of this bill.
22	SECTION 4.	This	bill will be implemented for the fiscal year 2022.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Madison Central HS

null and void.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared

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LEGISLATION Q

A BILL TO MANDATE INTERNET SAFETY EDUCATION FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.All public schools in America will be mandated to expose
3	their students to some form of internet safety education
4	before they graduate from high school.
5	SECTION 2.Internet safety is defined as the knowledge of maximizing
6	the user's personal safety and security risks to private
7	information and property associated with the internet to
8	protect oneself from cybercrime. Public schools are defined
9	as a school supported by public funds.
10	SECTION 3. The Department of Education will oversee regulation of this
11	bill.
12	A. 10% of the amount of tax revenue generated for K-12
13	schooling will be allocated towards funding the
14	necessary materials needed for online safety education
15	SECTION 4. This bill will take effect in the next academic school year
16	following its passage.
17	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
18	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by The Mississippi School

For Mathematics and Science

LEGISLATION R

A BILL TO PROTECT THE NWS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The NWS shall be given full authority to provide weather
3	information, products, and prediction freely and directly to
4	the general public, and shall not be barred by any means
5	from doing so.
6	SECTION 2.Weather information and products refer to weather data and
7	observations, as well as the organization of such data and
8	observations. Weather predictions refer to weather
9	forecasts and warnings. The NWS (National Weather Service)
10	is an agency under the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
11	Administration (NOAA) branch of the Department of Commerce
12	that provides weather forecasts, warning of hazardous
13	weather, and other weather-related products to organizations
14	and the public.
15	SECTION 3. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
16	within the Department of Commerce will oversee the
17	enforcement of this bill.
18	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage.
19	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
20	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by The Mississippi School for Mathematics and Science

LEGISLATION S

A BILL TO MAKE BANNING NO KNOCK WARRANTS UNIVERSAL

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The United States Federal Government shall prohibit the
3	issuance of No Knock Warrants. Upon passing this
4	legislation, all search warrants will be required to follow
5	the knock-and-announce rule.
6	SECTION 2.No Knock Warrants are defined as a type of search warrant
7	issued by a judge to allow a law enforcement officer to
8	enter a suspected individual's property without having to
9	announce their presence or purpose. The knock-and-announce
10	rule is defined as a common law requiring law enforcement
11	officers to identify themselves, their purpose, and their
12	estimated time period for entry.
13	SECTION 3. The United States Department of Justice shall oversee the
14	implementation of this legislation.
15	SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
16	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
17	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by The Mississippi School for Mathematics and Science

LEGISLATION T

A BILL TO PLACE RESTRICTIONS ON COVID-19 RELIEF PACKAGES

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The United States Federal government will hereby only be
3	permitted to pass one COVID-19 relief package per fiscal
4	year, with each package containing no more than \$2.5
5	trillion worth of aid in order to avoid expanding the United
6	States budget deficit.
7	SECTION 2.COVID-19 relief packages are defined as any form of monetary
8	aid provided by the United Stated Federal Government to
9	American residents or business to reduce the impact of the
10	current COVID-19/SARS-CoV-2 pandemic.
11	SECTION 3. The implementation of this bill will be overseen by both the
12	US Department of Health & Human Services and the US
13	Department of Commerce.
14	A. The Department of Health and Human Services will decide
15	which parts of the COVID-19 pandemic require the most
16	spending.
17	B. The US Department of Commerce will calculate the exact
18	amount of spending that will go into that year's
19	relief package.
20	SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect at the beginning of the
21	2021 fiscal year.
22	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
23	declared null and void
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Mississippi School for

Mathematics and Science

LEGISLATION U

A RESOLUTION CONDEMNING WITHDRAWAL FROM THE WHO

L	WHEREAS,	The United States contributes more money to the World Health
2		Organization (WHO) than any other nation; and
3	WHEREAS,	The President of the United States has declared his
1		intention to withdraw the nation from membership in the WHO,
5		thereby ending this funding; and
5	WHEREAS,	Ending the funding would greatly impede the WHO in its fight
7		against diseases such as COVID-19, malaria, tuberculosis,
3		HIV/AIDS, and malnutrition, putting lives at risk worldwide;
9		now, therefore, be it
LØ	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States ought
l1		to remain a member of the World Health Organization.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Presbyterian Christian School

LEGISLATION V

A BILL TO ABOLISH THE DRAFT

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1. The Military Selective Service Act is hereby repealed.
3	SECTION 2. The Military Selective Service Act is officially defined as
4	50 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.
5	SECTION 3. The Selective Service System will oversee the enforcement
6	of this bill by ceasing to exist upon implementation.
7	SECTION 4. This bill will take effect two years after passage.
8	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby

declared null and void.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Presbyterian Christian School

LEGISLATION W

A RESOLUTION TO ALLOCATE PROPER RESOURCES TO PREVENT THE FURTHER SPREAD OF THE AMAZON WILDFIRES

1	WHEREAS,	The Amazon Rainforest caught fire during January of 2019 and
2		it has yet to stop burning; and
3	WHEREAS,	A total of 4.6 million acres have already burned; and
4	WHEREAS,	The Amazon Rainforest produces six percent of the world's
5		oxygen, which if destroyed, would also release a very large
6		amount of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere; and
7	WHEREAS,	Over 30 million people will be without homes if the fires
8		are not extinguished; and
9	WHEREAS,	The United States has the resources to prevent further
10		destruction, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States
12		allocates the proper resources such as manpower, medical
13		supplies, and other necessary supplies needed to halt the
14		spread of the Amazon Rainforest wildfires.

LEGISLATION X

A BILL TO LEGALIZE PSILOCYBIN AS A RECREATIONAL SUBSTANCE

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Psilocybin will be legal for personal consumption to all adults
3		of 21 years or older. Individuals will have to show proof of age
4		before purchasing psilocybin. Psilocybin sold by regulated
5		businesses will be labeled and subject to additional state and
6		local regulations to ensure that consumers are informed and
7		protected. Cultivation of psilocybin is universally legal for
8		persons over the age of 21 as long as all other aforementioned
9		stipulations are followed.
10	SECTION 2.	Additional regulations can include those imposed by state laws,
11		FDA regulations, and federal consumer protection laws.
12	SECTION 3.	The Drug Enforcement Administration will oversee the distribution
13		of commercial psilocybin licenses. The Food and Drug
14		Administration will oversee the distribution and regulations of
15		psilocybin sales.
16	SECTION 4.	The Drug Enforcement Agency will open the application process for
17		psilocybin commercial licenses starting on January 1, 2021.
18		Distribution and sale of psilocybin will begin at the start of
19		the 2021 fiscal year (September 30, 2021),
20	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
21		null and void.

LEGISLATION Y

A RESOLUTION TO DENOUNCE PUTIN AND HIS CONSOLIDATION OF POWER

1	WHEREAS,	Vladimir Putin, president of Russia, has begun a campaign to
2		consolidate power for himself and eliminate opposition to his
3		regime; and
4	WHEREAS,	the Kremlin, under his leadership, altered the constitution to
5		allow him to break through term limits and stay in office until
6		2036; and
7	WHEREAS,	Putin has ended elections for regional governors in favor of the
8		Kremlin appointing them; and
9	WHEREAS,	Putin has the full support of the Russian courts with almost no
10		opposition to his power; and
11	WHEREAS,	it can be assumed that Vladimir Putin is attempting to
12		consolidate power for himself and intends to become a dictator-
13		like leader of Russia for life; and
14	WHEREAS,	his regime makes a mockery of democracy and misuses the
15		institutions and systems in place that are supposed to give power
16		to the people; and
17	WHEREAS,	Putin's drive for absolute power provides a precedent that is a
18		threat to democracy and what it stands for; and
19	WHEREAS,	the United States must condemn acts that threaten democracy; now,
20		therefore, be it
21	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States denounce
22		Vladimir Putin's authority in Russia and condemn his attempts to
23		consolidate power and undermine the power of the people.

LEGISLATION Z

A RESOLUTION TO PROVIDE RELIEF TO EAST AFRICA

L	WHEREAS,	East Africa suffered a devastating locust outbreak; and
2	WHEREAS,	According to research conducted by Harvard University, it is
3		the worst outbreak in 70 years in Kenya and 25 years in
1		Somalia, Ethiopia, and India; and
5	WHEREAS,	the 2019-2020 outbreak threatens food supply across regions
5		in East Africa, the Arabian Peninsula, and the Indian
7		Subcontinent; and
3	WHEREAS,	East Africa received impactful and extensive damage and, as
9		a result, more than 13 million people across the area are
LØ		experiencing severe acute food insecurity; and
11	WHEREAS,	The East African governments do not have the resources to
12		properly recuperate and provide for their citizens; and
13	WHEREAS,	Countries who have the ability to provide resources and aid
L 4		should do so, now, therefore, be it
15	WHEREAS,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States send
16		relief to East African countries that have been affected by
17		the locust pest outbreaking the form of food supplies,
18		agricultural support, extermination tools, and other
19		resources.

LEGISLATION AA

A RESOLUTION TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION TO GUARANTEE CONFIRMATION HEARINGS FOR JUDICIAL NOMINEES

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following
3		article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the
4		United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes
5		as part of the Constitution when ratified by the leaislatures of

three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the

date of its submission by the Congress:

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ARTICLE -

- **SECTION 1.** The Senate shall be required to perform its advise and consent role for all presidential appointments to the federal judiciary 10 through provision of a floor vote. From the date of nomination, such a vote shall take place within 90 days for an appointment 11 12 to the United States District Court or a specialized tribunal, 13 within 120 days for an appointment to the United States Court of Appeals, and within 180 days for an appointment to the United 14 15 States Supreme Court.
 - SECTION 2. The failure of the Senate to provide a floor vote on a federal judicial nominee within the time frame defined in Section 1 shall be considered a de facto confirmation of the nominee.
 - **SECTION 3.** This Amendment shall be considered effective immediately upon ratification but will not apply to nominations made prior to ratification.

Introduction for Congressional Debate by St. Andrew's Episcopal School

LEGISLATION BB

A RESOLUTION TO AMEND THE CONSITUTION TO REQUIRE STATES TO PROVIDE IDENTIFICATION

L	RE II ENAC	IED BY THE CONCRESS HEKE ASSEMBLED THAT:			
2	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following			
3		article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the			
1		United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes			
5		as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures o			
5		three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the			
7		date of its submission by the Congress:			
		ARTICLE -			
3	SECTION 1.	Any state that chooses to require its citizens to provide			
9		identification in order to vote shall be required to provide			
LØ		valid voter identification to all voting age citizens with the			
L1		costs for production and distribution of such identification to			
L2		be borne by the state.			
L3	SECTION 2.	This amendment will be considered operational one year after			
L4		ratification.			
L5	SECTION 3.	The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by			
L6		appropriate legislation, including the reduction of			
L7		apportionment for a state determined to be in substantial			
L8		non-compliance with the amendment.			

Introduced for Congressional Debate by St. Andrew's Episcopal School

LEGISLATION CC

A BILL TO TAX FOODS HIGH IN FAT TO COMBAT OBESITY RATES IN LOW INCOME HOUSEHOLDS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.Due to the disproportionality of obesity among lower income
3	citizens, there should be a 15% tax for restaurants in which
4	over 50% of food sold is coming from high in fat food items.
5	The tax goes down to 10% when 33.33% of food sold is coming
6	from high in fat food items, down to 7% when no more than
7	15% of food sold is coming from high in fat food items, and
8	down to 0.5% when no more than 5% of food sold is coming
9	from high in fat food items.
10	SECTION 2."A high in fat food item" is defined by at least 7% of the
11	calories coming from said item is coming from saturated
12	fats. This tax is on all food and drink revenue from a
13	restaurant.
14	SECTION 3. The United States Internal Revenue in conjunction with The
15	United States Food and Drug Administration, and The United
16	States Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee
17	enacting and enforcing this legislation.
18	SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect exactly 18 months after it is
19	passed.
20	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
21	declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oxford HS

LEGISLATION DD

A BILL TO BAN FIREWORKS IN WILDFIRE RISK AREAS

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.All fireworks or similar pyrotechnic devices are hereby
3	banned from use in areas that are located in a Wildfire Ris
4	area unless the user has a valid federal explosives license
5	Anyone caught using a pyrotechnic device in a banned area
6	will have their pyrotechnic devices confiscated and fined
7	for \$1000.
8	SECTION 2.A Firework is defined as a device containing gunpowder
9	and/or other combustible chemicals that produces audible,
10	visual, mechanical, or thermal pyrotechnic effects for
11	entertainment by the combustion of explosives or flammable
12	components. This includes smoke bombs, roman candles
13	(anything that discharges fire into the air), fountains,
14	skyrockets (anything that shoots into the air and explodes)
15	firecrackers including torpedoes (any firework that explode
16	on impact), and sparklers longer than 10 inches. A wildfire
17	risk area is defined as any area within a state that has a
18	wildfire likelihood of 70% or higher according to the
19	Wildfire Risk to Communities website owned by the United
20	States Forest Service.
21	SECTION 3. This law will be enforced by the United States Forest
22	Service.
23	SECTION 4. This bill shall be implemented one year after passage of
24	this legislation.
25	SECTION 5.All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
26	declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oxford HS

LEGISLATION EE

A BILL TO SUPPORT NEEDLE EXCHANGE PROGRAMS TO DECREASE THE SPREAD OF HIV

1	BE IT ENAC	TED BY	THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Any b	ousiness or nonprofit in the United States may host a Needle
3		Excha	inge Program. The program will give people clean and steril
4		needl	es to use without restrictions for use.
5	SECTION 2.	Needl	e Exchange Program is defined as a program that dispenses
6		needl	es and syringes.
7	SECTION 3.	Cente	ers for Disease Control will oversee the implementation and
8		enfor	cement of this bill.
9		Α.	If the location has the policy but the employee or voluntee
10			denies any person the exchange of needles or syringes or
11			reports the party to the authorities, the employee or
12			volunteer will be fined \$25,000.
13		В.	Any party that uses this program cannot be criminally
14			investigated on the basis that the party used this program.
15		С.	Any Business or Nonprofit can implement this program.
16		D.	All Business or Nonprofits who implement the program will
17			receive a \$50,000 tax credit per location up to five
18			locations.
19	SECTION 4.	This	bill will go into effect on July 1, 2021.
20	SECTION 5.	All l	aws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
21		กมไไ	and void

ASSIGNED LEGISLATION BY TOURNAMENT

PASCAGOULA TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: A G M S U X BB EE

Finals Docket: C K O R Z

OAK GROVE TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: E I N T V Y AA CC

Finals Docket: H L P W DD

MADISON CENTRAL TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: B F J Q U Z DD EE

Finals Docket: D E L X BB

ST. ANDREW'S TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: A G K O R V W CC

MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIV. TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: B H L P S U X AA

HATTIESBURG TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: C F M Q V Y BB DD

Finals Docket: A E I N CC

OLE MISS TOURNAMENT

Preliminary Docket: D J N R W AA CC EE

Finals Docket: B F I P Q