The 2020 Glenbrooks Congressional Debate Final Session Legislation





A Bill to Grant Public Safety Workers the Right to Collective Bargaining

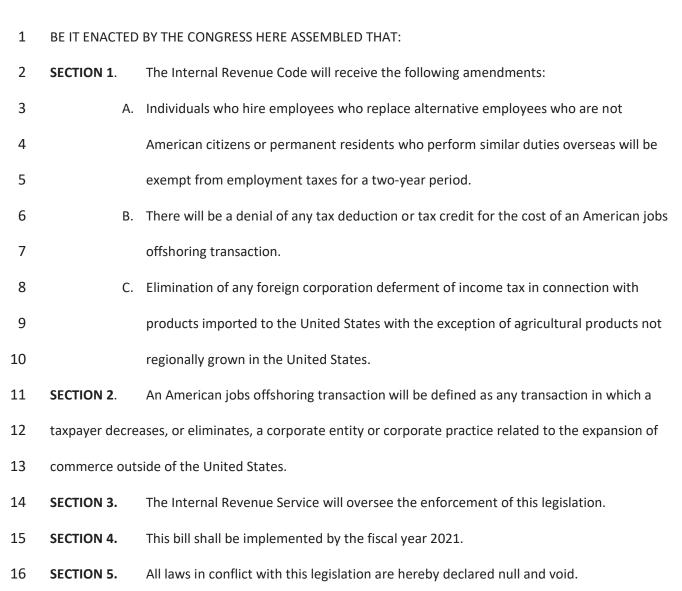
A Bill to Grant Public Safety Workers the Right to Collective Bargaining

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 2 **SECTION 1**. Any individual who is currently employed in the public safety sector will have increased 3 access to collective bargaining. This will include the following policies: A. The ability to both create and join labor unions. 4 5 B. The ability to use such unions to bargain over terms of employment, wages, and hours. 6 C. Assurance that public safety employers will recognize the labor unions and will bargain 7 with the organization, resulting in a written contract. 8 D. Should there be a dispute between the labor unions and the public safety employer, a 9 method of dispute resolution, either through arbitration or mediation, will be assigned 10 to the case. 11 SECTION 2. A public safety employee will be defined as any law enforcement officer, member of 12 emergency medical personnel, or firefighter. 13 SECTION 3. The Federal Labor Relations Authority will oversee the enforcement of this legislation. A. The Federal Labor Relations Authority will determine adequate labor representation 14 15 when supervising elections. 16 B. The Authority will conduct hearings and resolve complaints of unfair labor tactics, as 17 reported by the labor unions. 18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage. 19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the National Speech and Debate Association

A Bill to Create Domestic Jobs While Ending Offshoring Expenditures

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Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement Act

Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement Act

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	Not later than 180 days after passage of this Act, the Attorney General shall finalize
3		rulemaking under 21 U.S.C. 812 §201(a)(2) removing marihuana and
4		tetrahydrocannabinols from schedules of controlled substance, so that manufacturing,
5		distribution, or possession of such substances no longer warrants criminal penalties. Such
6		rulemaking shall apply to purposes of any offense committed, case pending, or conviction
7		entered before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.
8	SECTION 2.	All statutory references of "marijuana" and "marihuana" shall be replaced with
9		"cannabis."
10	SECTION 3.	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 USC), §5701, is amended to establish a 5% tax to be
11		collected on cannabis products in the same manner as certain tobacco products, and
12		deposited in a trust fund, the Opportunity Trust Fund, herewith established to support
13		programs and services for individuals and business in communities impacted by the war
14		on drugs.
15	SECTION 4.	The Small Business Administration shall establish loans and services for entities that are
16		cannabis-related legitimate businesses or service providers.
17	SECTION 5.	Federal public benefits, as well as persecutions under immigration laws, shall be
18		prohibited on the basis of cannabis-related conduct or conviction.
19	SECTION 6.	A process shall be established to expunge convictions and conduct sentencing review
20		hearings related to federal cannabis offenses.
21	SECTION 7.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the National Speech and Debate Association, inspired by H.R.3884 - Marijuana Opportunity Reinvestment and Expungement Act of 2019, 116th Congress.