



A Resolution to Recognize the Legitimate Supreme Tribunal of Justice of Venezuela

- WHEREAS, The Supreme Tribunal of Justice of Venezuela (Legitimate TSJ) has been operating in exile since 2017; and
- WHEREAS, The situation on the ground in Venezuela is rapidly changing; and
- WHEREAS, Recognition of the Legitimate TSJ would contribute to long-term stability by legitimizing Venezuela's Judicial Branch; and
- WHEREAS, the Justices of the Legitimate TSJ have been appointed by the National Assembly; and
- WHEREAS, 12 Justices of the Bolivarian Supreme Tribunal of Justice were appointed during a lame duck session; and
- WHEREAS, a Judicial branch free from interference is an essential component of any Democracy; and
- WHEREAS, direct military intervention in Venezuela is not a tenable option; and
- WHEREAS, recognizing the Legitimate TSJ would bring greater legal recognition to Venezuela's Interim President, who the U.S. has already recognized; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the United States of America recognize the Legitimate TSJ as Venezuela's Supreme Tribunal of Justice.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ashland High School



A Resolution to Encourage the Establishment of the North East Asian Treaty Organization

- WHEREAS, The North Atlantic Treaty Organization, NATO, has been around since 1948; and
- WHEREAS, NATO has had great success in expanding alliances and keeping peace between member countries; and
- WHEREAS, East Asia has had an increase of tensions in recent years; and
- WHEREAS, The United States was a founding member of NATO and has experience in multinational organizations; and
- WHEREAS, The United States can use this experience to help out in the formation of this new organization; and
- WHEREAS, A large multinational organization will help bring peace and security to the region; now, therefore be it,
- RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the US will encourage and help the formation of the North East Asian Treaty Organization.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ashland High School



A Bill to Decrease Public Transportation's Greenhouse Gas Emissions

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1: CONGRESS WILL ALLOCATE \$250 MILLION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S FISCAL YEAR 2021 FUNDING TOWARDS DECREASING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION.

SECTION 2: THE FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION WILL IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE THIS BILL.

SECTION 3: THIS BILL WILL TAKE EFFECT ON OCTOBER 1, 2020.

SECTION 4: ALL LAWS IN CONFLICT WITH THIS POLICY SHALL HEREBY BE DECLARED NULL AND VOID.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Oak Hill School



A Bill to Ensure Data Protection

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Every website shall hereby be prohibited from selling and distributing an individual's personal data to companies and corporations.

A. Individuals shall receive the right to access their personal data, whether

SECTION 2. "Companies and corporations" shall be defined as, "legal entities formed by a group of individuals to engage in and operate business—commercial or industrial enterprises." "Personal data" shall be defined as, "any information relating to a person."

SECTION 3. The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall be implemented immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Marshfield High School



A Bill to End Prison Labor in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All prisoners within the United States being used for inmate labor are required to be paid the federal minimum wage for their work.

Prisons can no longer punish prisoners for refusal to work and all prisoners serving punishments for refusing to work or protesting previous working conditions are to have those punishments lifted effective immediately.

SECTION 2. Inmate labor shall be defined as any work performed by an incarcerated person whether it is paid, unpaid, voluntary, or mandatory.

SECTION 3. The Department of Labor and The Federal Bureau of Prisons will oversee the implementation of this bill.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall go into effect October 1st 2020.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Marshfield High School



A Bill to Implement Supervised Consumption Services

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall implement at least one Supervised Consumption site for cities with a population of 600,000 or more.

SECTION 2. Supervised Consumption Services will be defined as a medically supervised facility designed to provide a hygienic and stress-free environment in which individuals are able to consume illicit recreational drugs intravenously and reduce nuisance from public drug use.

SECTION 3. The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee implication.

A. Required funding for implementation will be derived from the National Defence Budget.

SECTION 4. Implication date January 1st, 2024.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,
South Albany High School



A Bill to Abolish All Collective Punishments in the Education System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. All Collective punishments performed in the school system shall here by be banned

Section 2. Collective Punishment is defined as Penalty imposed on every member of a group without regard to his or her involvement in the group's actions and conduct.

Section 3. Teachers or staff members who continue to enact Collective punishments will be disciplined by the school district in which they are employed

A. The teacher or staff member who enacted and or enforced the punishment will be removed from his or her position at the school

Section 4. This legislation will be put into effect on September 1st of 2020

Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by North Valley High School



A Bill to Limit Antibiotic Use in Livestock

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1: The U.S. will enact stricter regulation on the use of antibiotics in livestock.

SECTION 2: "Stricter regulation" is defined as a veterinarian-issued prescription for antibiotic use in animals raised for human consumption.

SECTION 3: This legislation will be enforced by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

SECTION 4: This law will take effect January 1, 2021.

SECTION 5: All laws that are in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Summit High School



A Bill to Legalize, Tax, and Regulate all Drugs

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. This bill will allow all drugs to be bought and sold freely by all people in the United States over 18 years of age
- SECTION 2. Drugs are defined as substances made illegal in the 1971 Controlled Substances Act as well as legal drugs such as alcohol and tobacco.
- SECTION 3. This bill creates an additional agency within the Food and Drug Administration to create regulations for safety of aforementioned newly legalized substances defined in section two.
- A. This bill will end the Drug Enforcement Agency.
- B. This bill will release all prison inmates incarcerated for drug offenses.
- SECTION 4. This bill will become effective January first 2021.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Summit High School.

The Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2020

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. America's infrastructure has become a safety risk to the constituents of this nation and it has become dire that it be repaired and improved upon.

SECTION 2. For the purpose of this legislation, Infrastructure will be defined as the basic physical and organizational structures and facilities needed for the operation of a society or enterprise. (e.g. buildings, roads, and power supplies)

SECTION 3. The Department of Transportation will oversee the implementation of this legislation.

A. A tax of 1% will be levied against any business with an annual income greater 22 million dollars to fund this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2021.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Crater High School

A Bill to Reclassify Marijuana as a Schedule Three Drug

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. Due to the new medical treatments concerning the use of medical marijuana, marijuana should now be classified as a schedule three drug instead of the schedule one that it currently is.
- SECTION 2. Marijuana will be defined as a psychoactive dried resinous flower buds and leaves of the female hemp or cannabis plant that contain high levels of THC and are smoked, vaped, or ingested especially for their intoxicating effects.
- SECTION 3. The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) will be responsible for enforcing the rescheduling of marijuana.
- SECTION 4. This bill will be effective by January 1st, 2022.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Crater High School



A Bill to Protect Sexual Assault Victims from Criminal Charges

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All sexual assault and rape victims can never receive criminal charges for physical retaliation against said attacker.

- A. All prior charges against sexual assault victims before the implementation date under the legislations jurisdiction will hereby be acquitted.
- B. There is no statute of limitations for this legislation or the criminal trials preceding it.

SECTION 2. *Attacker* shall be defined as an individual proven to have committed rape or sexual assault in the court of law. *Sexual Assault* shall be defined as unwanted sexual behaviors that are performed against a person's will or when a person is unable to give consent. *Rape* shall be defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person without consent of the victim.

SECTION 3. The U.S Department of Justice of will oversee this legislation.

SECTION 4. Implication as soon as passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,
South Albany High School



A Bill to Establishing Nation Wide Animal Abuse/Neglect Registry

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- Section 1: Be it enacted by this Student Congress that, upon passing, there will be a National Registry of those who commit felony animal abuse and/or neglect
- Section 2. The DMV of each State will be the agency that coordinates this process and organizations that employ workers who care, sale, groom, and/or train animals will be required to verify in a National Registry.
- A. Large animals who are sold at auction and/or private party will be required to verify that the person(s) making the purchase are not on this registry.
 - B. People who already be working in the care of animals will not lose their current employment, however, any further employment will be excluded as a result of not receiving grandparenting status. Furthermore, anyone who commits a felony crime of neglect and/or abuse of an animal will be subject to immediately losing license, position, and not granted the benefits of grandparenting.
- Section 3: Any organization/person that employs, sales, or approves an animal to a person(s) on this Registry will be fined \$1,000 per incident and be required to donate another \$1,000 worth of supplies to a licensed animal shelter and/or rehab program.
- Section 4. This law will go into effect January 2021
- Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Illinois Valley High School