A Resolution to Remove Turkey from NATO

1	WHEREAS,	Turkey has not been contributing to NATO and its reputation in a healthy
2		way; and
3	WHEREAS,	Turkey has been committing mass human rights abuses; and
4	WHEREAS,	This hurts the reputation of NATO, all the countries within NATO and lays
5		out a poor precedent for other countries in the future; and
6	WHEREAS,	Turkey's continued membership in NATO makes all countries within
7		NATO complicit with their actions; now, therefore, be it
8	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation
9		to begin the process of removing Turkey from NATO.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Walker Evans of Trinity High School

A Bill to Federally Fund College Tuition

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1.	The United States will pay for the cost of all tuitions of public
	universities.
SECTION 2.	A public university shall be defined as a university that is
	primarily funded by public means
SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Education and the Internal
	Revenue Agency will oversee implementation of this bill.
	A. The 75 billion dollars required to fund this project will first be
	taken from now obsolete student financial aid programs, and
	then from the Department of Defense budget.
	B. Money will be allocated to public universities based on
	existing tuition rates, with the federal government covering
	the advertised tuition cost as of FY2019. The IRS will audit
	colleges every five years to adjust the tuition costs.
SECTION 4.	This bill will be implemented at the beginning of fiscal year
	2021.
SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
	SECTION 2. SECTION 3.

and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Christian Butterfield

A Bill to Incorporate a Tiered Corporate Tax System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	A tiered system based on employee size will be put in place to determine
2		the corporate tax rate.
3	SECTION 2.	A small business has less than 50 employees. A medium sized business has
4		between 50 and 249 employees. A large sized business has greater than or
5		equal to 250 employees. A multinational corporation or worldwide
6		enterprise is a corporate organization that owns or controls production of
7		goods or services in at least one country other than its home country.
8	SECTION 3.	I The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee the enforcement of the
9		bill and allocate the revenue from the tax to the US Department of
10		Treasury.
11		A. Small businesses will be taxed at a rate of 15%.
12		B. Medium businesses will be taxed at a rate of 21%.
13		C. Large businesses will be taking d at a rate of 28%.
14		D. Multinational corporations will be taxed at a rate of 36%.
15	SECTION 4.	This will go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2019.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Ronit Patel

A Resolution to Amend The Constitution To Ensure Equal Rights For LGBTQ+ Individuals

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

Article XVIII

- **SECTION 1.** Equality of rights under the law for citizens, lawful residents, and individuals on U.S soil, military bases, embassies, and other land subject to U.S extraterritoriality,
 - shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on the basis of
 - sexual or romantic orientation or gender identity, including on the basis of heterosexuality, heteroromanticism, or of being cisgender, or steretypes based on gender, sexual or romantic orientation.
- **SECTION 2.** No government contractor or institution receiving federal, state, or municipal funding, including housing projects, elementary, secondary, or higher education institutions, shall discriminate on the bases established in Section 1.
- **SECTION 3.** No business, non-profit organization, non-governmental organization, or legal person, including corporate persons operating, registered for tax purposes, or domiciled in the U.S shall discriminate on the bases established in Section 1.
- **SECTION 4.** This article shall apply notwithstanding the First Amendment to this Constitution.
- **SECTION 5.** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

A Bill to Implement a Mandatory 24 Hour Waiting Period on the Purchase of Firearms

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1:** All public arms sellers in the United States will be required to withhold the delivery of all firearms for 24 hours after the completion of a transaction and background check. States may opt to increase the waiting period beyond 24 hours but not less than.
- **SECTION 2:** Firearm shall be defined as any weapon which will or is designed to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.
- **SECTION 3:** The ATF division of the Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation of this bill.
- **SECTION 4:** This bill will take effect immediately upon passage.
- **SECTION 5:** All other laws in conflict with this legislation shall be hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Henry Clay High School

A Bill to Invest in American Infrastructure

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1**. 5% of the United State's GDP will go towards infrastructure and federal gas taxes will be raised by 50%
- SECTION 2. Federal Gas Tax: A tax collected by the United States government on every gallon of gasoline sold
 Infrastructure: All projects dedicated towards building and maintaining roads, bridges, dams, and water distribution systems.
- **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of the Treasury will oversee the enforcement of this bill
 - A. The United States dedicates an average of 2.4 percent of its annual GDP to infrastructure. This bill will have the United States dedicate 5 percent of its GDP to infrastructure projects.
 - B. The United States federal gas tax will be raised by 50 percent.
- **SECTION 4.** If passed, this bill will be enacted by January 1st, 2020
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Stuart Biek.

A Bill to Implement a Federal Law to Provide Paid Parental Leave

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All states in the U.S. are required to provide paid parental leave for at
2		least 12 weeks to employees in need of it.
3	SECTION 2.	Parental Leave: temporary time off work that parents are granted to care
4		for their newborn child or children.
5	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Treasury will be responsible for the enforcement
6		of this legislation.
7		A. The employees on parental leave will be paid their normal income as if
8		they were at work.
9		B. Any business owner who refuses to give their employees paid parental
10		leave will face a fine of at least \$1,000.
11	SECTION 4.	If passed, this legislation will be enacted by January 1st, 2020.
12	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kayden Mulrooney.

A Bill to Cut All Aid to Israel

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All forms of military aid currently being provided to the State of Israel,
2		including but not limited to the sale of arms, loan guarantees and military
3		grants.
4	SECTION 2.	Military Aid: aid which is used to assist a country or its people in its defense
5		efforts, or to assist a lowly-developed country in maintaining control over
6		its own territory.
7	SECTION 3.	The department of state and the United States Agency for International
8		Development will oversee the passage of this legislation.
9		A. All current arms deals and development grants will be declared null
10		and void in the passing of this legislation.
11		B. All current military grants will be declared null and void in the passing
12		of this legislation.
13		C. Any and all forms of aid not previously mentioned are to be declared
14		null and void in the passing of this legislation.
15	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect by January 1st, 2020
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
17		
18		
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introduced for Congressional Debate by Anees Mitri.