North Little Rock Wildcat Classic



Junior High Congressional Debate Docket

Docket Order:

Session 1:

- Epi-Pens (Cabot Junior High North)
- Sex Education (Cabot Junior High South)
- TFA 24
- TFA 27

Session 2:

- Immigration (Cabot Junior High South)
- Life Skills (Cabot Junior High North)
- TFA 10
- TFA 12

A Bill To Allow Public Schools Nurses To Carry Stock EpiPens

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- All Public Schools in the United States should allow certified nurses to be able to carry stock EpiPens for the usage in medical emergencies.
- **SECTION 2.** Epi Pens will be available in the nurse's office for all students to use in an emergency not just giving them the right for school nurse to check in EpiPen through the nurse.
- SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services would enforce this law by providing funding throughout the schools based on are taxes.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented on January 3rd, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bradley House at Cabot Junior High North

A Bill to Teach Sex Education in Public Schools Other Than Abstinence

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. A Bill to Teach Sex Education in Public Schools Other Than

 Abstinence and educate students on how to protect themseles

 from STI's and Teen Pregnacy.
- **SECTION 2.** Abstinence- the fact or practice of restraining oneself from indulging in something.

Sex Education- Sex education helps people gain the information, skills and motivation to make healthy decisions about sex and sexuality.

- **SECTION 3.** The bill will be enforced by the United States Department of Education
- **SECTION 4.** The bill will be implemented on January 1st, 2022
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rachel Tindall

A Resolution to Lower the Cost of Immigration

- WHEREAS, There is an average cost of 1,700 dollars to get a green card, which a lot of potential immigrants can't afford; and
- WHEREAS, Those who can't get into the country use back doors and try to get in different ways; and
- WHEREAS, Increased costs discourages people from coming here which subjects them to be victimized in their own countries; and
- WHEREAS, By decreasing the cost of immigration, it will encourage them to go through legally; and
- WHEREAS, Going through illegally may cause potential immigrants to be caged, separated from their family, or be hunted down by ICE; and
- WHEREAS, The amount of U.S. unauthorized immigrants from Mexico have declined, but continues to rise from other nations; and
- WHEREAS, By reducing the cost of immigration, families afraid of being separated and being treated badly but can't afford immigration will be able to pay to go through legally and unharmed by the government; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the United States Should lower the cost of immmigration to help the immigrants and the United States itself.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ebony Jade R. Robertson, Cabot Junior High South

A Resolution to Assist Young Adults in Skills to Help With Life Outside of School

- WHEREAS, Students are not learning essential life skill classes needed for life after school; and
- WHEREAS, Students who like what school lessons, and would like to make a career out of that subject have to take more classes; and
- WHEREAS, Afterschool some young adults can feel added stress when asking how to do a life skill that is regular to adults; and
- WHEREAS, The Congress would need to change the rules to change every high school in the

 United States, and to fix the problem of having short days in school, congress can
 shorten the classes; and
- WHEREAS, The shorter class period lets students finish more homework, the more time, from the shorter courses, the more time for a life skill class; and
- WHEREAS, This legislation will teach present and new generations about essential lessons of life, such as, teach them about driving with a driver's license, and educate them in taxes; and now, therefore, be it
- **RESOLVED**, By the Congress here assembled that public schools in the United States should make life skill classes mandatory to aid graduating students.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Isabella Parker, Cabot Junior High North



TFA Fall 2019 Legislative Docket

- 1. A Resolution to Extend Asylum to Syrian Refugees Hebron High School
- 2. A Resolution to Fund Mexico's Immigration System Plano West High School
- 3. A Resolution to Improve Safety of Medical Devices Tascosa High School
- 4. The Asylum Reform Act of 2019 Dripping Springs High School
- 5. A Resolution to Prohibit Wildlife Killing Contests Byron Nelson High School
- 6. A Bill to Establish Uniform Federal Standards on Fracking to Address Environmental and Safety Hazards Clark High School
- 7. A Bill to Legalize Prostitution to Decrease Human Trafficking Lake Travis High School
- 8. A Resolution to Replace Existing Street Lighting with LED Adaptive Lighting Systems Buffalo High School
- 9. A Resolution to Pflugerville High School
- 10. A Resolution to Ratify UNCLOS Clements High School
- 11. A Bill to Prohibit Discriminatory Data Practices to Protect Americans Lamar High School
- 12. A Resolution to Close Guantanamo Bay Klein Oak High School
- 13. A Bill to Reaffirm our Commitment to International Fusion Power Research A&M Consolidated High School
- 14. A Bill to Limit Vaccine Exemptions to Reinforce Herd Immunity San Angelo Central High School
- 15. A Resolution to Relieve Steel and Aluminum Tariffs to Promote U.S. Involvement in TTIP Shepton High School
- 16. A Bill to Make Voting in Federal Elections Compulsory to Strengthen Democratic Institutions in the US McNeil High School
- 17. A Resolution to Further Assist Albania With Its Human Trafficking Issue Leander High School
- 18. A Resolution to Allow American Samoans to Attain Citizenship Coram Deo Academy
- 19. The GAN Regulation Act of 2019 Clements High School
- 20. A Bill to Create a Temporary National Sales Tax to Increase Infrastructure Investment Cypress Creek High School
- 21. A Resolution to Restore Aid to Honduras James E. Taylor High School
- 22. A Bill to Subsidize Cell-Based Meat to Help Climate Change *Grapevine High School*
- 23. A Resolution to Assist LGBT Elders Buffalo High School
- 24. A Resolution to Protect Digital Privacy Tascosa High School
- 25. A Bill to Fund Infrastructure to Conserve Natural Gases San Angelo Central High School
- 26. A Resolution to Finance/Legalize Gene Editing in Embryos Hallsville High School
- 27. A Bill to Ban Solitary Confinement Sandra Day O'Connor High School
- 28. A Bill to Allocate Adequate Funding to Modernize Federal Computer Systems Clark High School
- 29. The Student and Education Loan Forgiveness (SELF) Act Plano West Senior High School
- 30. A Bill to Mandate the Immunizations of School Children to Reduce Disease Outbreaks Farwell High School



Fall 2019 Item 1: A Resolution to Extend Asylum to Syrian Refugees

1	WHEREAS,	Since March of 2019 roughly 5.7 million Syrians have fled the country and
2		6.1 million have been displaced internally; and
3	WHEREAS,	Countries like Turkey, Lebanon, and Jordan extended asylum to the most
4		refugees in the fiscal year 2018; and
5	WHEREAS,	Refugees that are currently being displaced have been denied asylum trapped
6		into a cycle of poverty; and
7	WHEREAS,	The United States is a highly developed country with an abundance of
8		resources; and
9	WHEREAS,	The United States' influential role on the global stage will promote other
10		countries passing similar policies; and
11	WHEREAS,	The United States only permitted 22,491 refugees into the U.S in 2018; and
12	WHEREAS,	The current administration is slowly closing our doors to asylum seekers; now,
13		therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States Shall extend asylum to
15		refugees at a higher rate.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hebron High School



Fall 2019 Item 2: A Resolution to Fund Mexico's Immigration System

1	WHEREAS,	Illegal immigration has caused an abundant amount of conflict, violence, and instability
2		in the Central American sphere through a lack of clear enforcement and funding; and
3	WHEREAS,	Central American countries continue to produce asylum seekers by the thousands due
4		to their internal conflicts; and
5	WHEREAS,	Mexico has been tasked to limit the flow of Central American immigrants entering the
6		United States by apprehending suspects at the southern Mexican border, but has failed
7		due to a lack of resources in their immigration departments; and
8	WHEREAS,	The unchecked flow of immigrants from Central America directly to the US (through
9		Mexico) has created problems of crime and violence; now, therefore, be it
10	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the US provide funding to the Mexican
11		government for use within their own immigration system, using the funding to properly
12		apprehend undocumented immigrants near the border; and, be it
13	FURTHER RESO	LVED, If the Mexican government and local enforcement agencies fail to use this funding
14		for ethical means to decrease rates of undocumented immigration and all implications
15		associated with it, the US government shall retract this funding.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



Fall 2019 Item 3: A Resolution to Improve Safety of Medical Devices

1	WHEREAS,	The Food and Drug Administration has approved over 4,600 medical devices for export-
2		only; and
3	WHEREAS,	The lax regulatory procedures in place for approval or export-only medical devices has
4		led to equipment that malfunctions, causes infection, and other serious issues; and
5	WHEREAS,	Due to complications that arise from export-only devices occurring outside the United
6		States, companies often fail to report serious complications arising from the use of
7		these devices to the Food and Drug Administration; and
8	WHEREAS,	A lack of international standards for identifying devices means it is difficult to know how
9		many other troubled devices exist; and
10	WHEREAS,	Devices that cannot be deemed suitable by the Food and Drug Administration for use by
11		individuals in the U.S. should not be deemed suitable for use by individuals outside of
12		the U.S.; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the Food and Drug Administration
14		no longer be able to certify medical devices for export that are not
15		approved for use in the United States.
16	Introduced fo	r Congressional Debate by Tascosa High School



Fall 2019 Item 4: The Asylum Reform Act of 2019

1	BE IT ENIACTED BY THE	CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
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2	SECTION 1.	US Code Title 8, Chapter 12, Subchapter II, Part 1 will be amended to include the
3		following:
4		A fourth clause in Section (a)(2) will state: Particular social groups include, but
5		will not be limited to, victims of domestic violence, victims of gang violence,
6		which includes human trafficking and drug trafficking, victims of terrorism,
7		victims of cultural or social genocide, and those affected by humanitarian crises.
8	SECTION 2.	Gang violence will be defined as any violence perpetrated by a member of a
9		gang. Human trafficking will include both sex trafficking and labor trafficking.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of the bill.
11		A. They will create the criterion for the new standard of asylum.
12		B. They will also ensure that immigrants receive court dates to determine their
13		status.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be implemented by July 1 st , 2020.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Dripping Springs High School



Fall 2019 Item 5: A Resolution to Prohibit Wildlife Killing Contests

1	WHEREAS,	The killing of various species of animals for bounties and prizes is growing
2		in popularity; and
3	WHEREAS,	The definition of various animals considered "pests," or "varmints" is
4		lacking scientific evidence to warrant such a designation; and
5	WHEREAS,	The continued hunting of these creatures for sport often only results in a
6		resurgent increase in those targeted populations; and
7	WHEREAS,	The controlled killing of animal populations is no longer justified as a
8		scientifically reasonable means of wildlife management; and
9	WHEREAS,	Continuation of these contests will lead to an imbalance in the naturally
10		occurring biodiversity resulting in further ecological damage; and
11	WHEREAS,	The promise of financial reward per kill leads to a stark decrease in
12		proper hunting safety; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the use of wildlife bounties and
14		wildlife killing contests be prohibited.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Byron Nelson High School



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Fall 2019 Item 6: A Bill to Establish Uniform Federal Standards on Fracking to Address Environmental and Safety Hazards

1	RE IT ENACTED	RY THE	CONGRESS HERE	ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	Federal government regulation and minimum government standards
3		will be placed on fracking on public lands.

- 4 **SECTION 2**. Hydraulic fracturing or fracking is a process to extract resources from a geologic formation by injecting water and chemical additives into a well under enough pressure to fracture the formation.
- SECTION 3. The Department of the Interior will enforce federal government
 standards on hydraulic fracturing.
 - A. Fracking wells must recover at least 93% of the surfaced oil and gas during the fracturing process.
 - B. Fracking wells must not exceed a 1.3% rate of methane leakage.
- 12 C. Individual states' Department of Natural Resources and Department
 13 of Environmental Quality will further facilitate this regulation, but must
 14 adhere to the federal standards.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This shall be implemented FY 2020.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clark High School



Fall 2019 Item 7: A Bill to Legalize Prostitution to Decrease Human Trafficking

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Federal Government will implement the following reforms to reduce human
3		trafficking.
4	SECTION 2.	Prostitute will be defined as anyone who sells sex in exchange for money and is over 18.
5		Human Trafficker will be defined per the guidelines in SESTA and FOSTA Sexually
6		Transmitted Disease Prevention will be defined as testing a nd treatment for sexually
7		transmitted illnesses
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice and Department of Health and Human Services will work
9		together on the implementation this bill
10		A. All states are required to legalize prostitution
11		B. Federal Clinics across the United States will increase access to STD prevention,
12		contraception, and resources for sex workers
13		C. The federal government will legalize the act of soliciting a prostitute
14		D. The Department of Health and Human Services will be allocated \$500 million to
15		implement this program
16	SECTION 4.	This legalization will be implemented by January of 2021
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lake Travis High School



Fall 2019 Item 8: A Resolution to Replace Existing Street Lighting with LED Adaptive Lighting Systems

1	WHEREAS,	the United States contains an estimated 26 million streetlights that
2		consume as much electricity annually as 1.9 million households and
3		generate greenhouse gas emissions equivalent to 2.6 million cars; and
4	WHEREAS,	adaptive lighting systems effectively reduce the cost and extent of the
5		undesirable effects of current roadway lighting while maintaining safety
6		and usability; and
7	WHEREAS,	LED adaptive street light provides falling prices, increased efficiency,
8		better light quality, reduced trespass and improved controllability; and
9	WHEREAS,	in areas that have utilized LED lighting fixtures to replace traditional
10		lighting both energy costs and maintenance costs have been lowered;
11		now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that all existing traditional roadway
13		lighting on federally-maintained roadways be replaced with LED adaptive
14		street lighting.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Buffalo High School



Name English and Spanish as the Official Languages of the United States

1	WHEREAS,	The United States is one of few nations without an official language; and
2	WHEREAS,	Most nations in the world have one or more official languages to create a
3		more efficient government. Having an official language will make
4		information easily accessible to all people; and
5	WHEREAS,	In the past, the United States has viewed itself as, "too diverse", for an
6		Official Language to be possible; and
7	WHEREAS,	This idea has forced us to center around one language, English, and
8		ignore the languages spoken by the rest of our constituency; and
9	WHEREAS,	One in ten Americans are native Spanish speakers, while no government
10		agency is required to make documents available in any language other
11		than English; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled, that English and Spanish be named the
13		official languages of the United States; and, be it
14	FURTHER RES	SOLVED, that all government documents that are made available to the
15		public, shall be available in both English and Spanish.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pflugerville High School



Fall 2019 Item 10: A Resolution to Ratify UNCLOS

1	WHEREAS,	169 parties have adopted the United Nations Convention on the Law of
2		the Sea (UNCLOS), including 164 United Nations member states and the
3		European Union; and
4	WHEREAS,	The United States has yet to ratify the treaty due to Republican
5		opposition in the Senate; and
6	WHEREAS,	The U.S. already abides by the international rules set by UNCLOS despite
7		not being a member; and
8	WHEREAS,	Failure to ratify the treaty has cost the U.S. a seat on the International
9		Seabed Authority; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has already unanimously
11		recommended that the U.S. ratify UNCLOS; and
12	WHEREAS,	Joining the treaty now would give the U.S. greater legitimacy in settling
13		South China Sea territorial disputes and greater access to deep seabed
14		mining; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States ratify and fully
16		accede to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clements High School



Fall 2019 Item 11: A Bill to Prohibit Discriminatory Data Practices to Protect Americans

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The Unites States government shall prohibit platforms, including but not limited to Facebook and
3		Google, from serving targeted ads that discriminate against groups by race, gender, and/or
4		income.
5	SECTION 2.	Discrimination shall be defined as the prejudicial treatment of different categories of people.
6		Platforms shall be defined as web-based technology that enables the development, deployment
7		and management of services including social media solutions.
8	SECTION 3.	The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall implement regulations prohibiting
9		platforms from discriminating against consumers and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall levy
10		a tax on companies that do not follow regulations.
11		A. The FTC will ensure that platforms comply with regulations by requiring
12		platforms to disclose their data-sharing practices to the FTC for evaluation.
13		B. The FTC shall work with the IRS to report platforms that continue to engage
14		In discrimination. A tax of 13% shall be levied on companies that fail to comply with FTC
15		regulations.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill will be implemented by January 1, 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Houston Lamar High School.



Fall 2019 Item 12: A Resolution to Close Guantanamo Bay

1	WHEREAS,	spending on Guantanamo Bay has reached over 6 billion dollars since its
2		opening, each inmate kept there costing the US 10 million dollars a year;
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	Guantanamo Bay has long been considered an "island outside of the law"
5		where torture runs rampant without restraint indefinitely; and
6	WHEREAS,	the vast majority of detainees have never been formally charged,
7		including half of the 41 detainees currently still there; and
8	WHEREAS,	the prison has become a recruiting tool for many terrorist groups to
9		promote anti-American sentiment; and
10	WHEREAS,	several international actors have condemned Guantanamo Bay, and
11		refuse to extradite terrorist suspects and share intelligence which
12		threatens US national security; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that Guantanamo Bay cease operations
14		and be closed.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Klein Oak High School



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Fall 2019 Item 13: A Bill to Reaffirm our Commitment to International Fusion Power Research

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States should increase investment in the ITER project to \$2
3		billion annually.
4	SECTION 2.	ITER shall be defined as the 35-country collaboration building a
5		commercially feasible experimental fusion reactor in southern France.
6		Fusion power shall be defined as producing electricity through the fusing
7		of atoms.
8	SECTION 3.	The amount of funding appropriated for ITER shall be increased from
9		\$115 million annually to \$2 billion a year, and an additional \$5 million
10		shall be appropriated as needed for logistics and oversight. If the Office
11		of the Inspector General of the Department of Energy finds that the
12		entire project is no longer on a serious path to completion, the funding
13		will be pulled after holding a Congressional hearing.
14	SECTION 4.	The bill will go into effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year after
15		passage.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 $Introduced\ for\ Congressional\ Debate\ by\ A\&M\ Consolidated\ High\ School.$



Fall 2019 Item 14: A Bill to Limit Vaccine Exemptions to Reinforce Herd Immunity

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The USFG shall hereby require that for a child to be exempt from the CDC vaccination
3		schedule, the child's parents must provide written authorization from a doctor, based
4		on health risks posed to the child.
5	SECTION 2.	The mandated vaccines are HepB, DTaP, HiB, PCV, IPV, MMR, Varicella, and Hep A.
6		Parents failing to have their child vaccinated for any reason other than medical
7		exemption, will not be allowed to attend public school at any level. Herd immunity is
8		defined as a communal resistance to the spread of a contagious disease within a
9		population that results from 90% to 95% of individuals being vaccinated.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health & Human Services and the Department of Education will
11		work in conjunction to prevent unvaccinated children from attending school.
12		A. The Department of Education will share all vaccine information with the
13		Department of Health & Human Services.
14		B. Schools failing to meet the previously mentioned criteria, will be denied federal
15		education funding.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect by 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by San Angelo Central High School.



Fall 2019 Item 15: A Resolution to Relieve Steel and Aluminum Tariffs to Promote U.S. Involvement in TTIP

1	WHEREAS,	The Trump administration has prioritized efforts to pursue its "America First"
2		doctrine, investing in short-term American jobs while shunning viable long-term
3		jobs stemming from investment in foreign industries; and
4	WHEREAS,	Tariffs have been imposed on Europe, impacting Germany's prominent
5		automobile industry, creating economic tensions, while halting the Transatlantic
6		Trade and Investment Partnership; and
7	WHEREAS,	The U.S. currently trades an estimated \$1 trillion with E.U., its largest trading
8		partner; and
9	WHEREAS,	Economic growth in China has continued to boom, predicted to surpass that of
10		the U.S.; and
11	WHEREAS,	U.S. relief of steel and aluminum tariffs on the E.U. may spur joint involvement
12		in the TTIP so as to relieve major industries, promote economic relations,
13		potentially surpass Chinese economic growth, and make the TTIP the world's
14		largest trade agreement; now, therefore be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States should cease all
16		tariffs on steel and aluminum against the E.U.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Shepton HS.



Fall 2019 Item 16: A Bill to Make Voting in Federal Elections Compulsory to Strengthen Democratic Institutions in the US

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Federal Election Commission will enforce compulsory voting in
3		federal elections for all eligible voters.
4	SECTION 2.	Compulsory voting will be defined as a legal obligation to fill out an
5		election ballot. Donkey voting and informal voting will be permitted as
6		long as the voter fills out a ballot.
7	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission will be tasked with enforcing
8		compulsory voting.
9		A. Federal election days will become federal holidays. Transportation
10		will be provided for those who are unable to reach voting facilities or
11		those within 50 miles or more of the nearest voting facility.
12		B. Failure to vote in federal elections will result in a \$50 fine, plus \$50
13		for each additional offense.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect in the 2020 Presidential election.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by McNeil High School



Fall 2019 Item 17: A Resolution to Further Assist Albania With Its Human Trafficking Issue

1	WHEREAS,	Albania is plagued by a human and sex trafficking crisis; and
2	WHEREAS,	according to the US Department of State in 2018, there were 105 identified
3		potential human trafficking victims, over half of which were children; and
4	WHEREAS,	These conditions have been perpetuated by a currently unmanageable
5		organized crime ring; and
6	WHEREAS,	The Albanian government has made significant strides toward eradicating
7		human trafficking but, lacks the adequate resources and guidance; and
8	WHEREAS,	Victims of human trafficking are being prosecuted for crimes forced on them by
9		their captors; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Albanian court system has undergone difficulties prosecuting human
11		traffickers due to an enigmatic justice system and lack of general understanding;
12		and
13	WHEREAS,	Human trafficking shelters still have a high rate of re-trafficking and lack support
14		for reintegration; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States increase foreign aid and
16		law assistance to Albania specifically for the use of combatting human
17		trafficking.



Fall 2019 Item 18: A Resolution to Allow American Samoans to Attain Citizenship

1	WHEREAS, 55,600 American Samoans do not possess the right to attain citizenship
2	unless one of their parents is a citizen; and
3	WHEREAS, citizens of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana
4	Islands hold the right to attain such citizenship; and
5	WHEREAS, many American Samoans have neither the funds nor the means to make a
6	citizenship appeal in court; and
7	WHEREAS, the American Samoa military recruiting base is nationally and globally
8	ranked; and
9	WHEREAS, American Samoans relocate to the mainland like their Puerto Rican
10	counterparts to attain citizenship; and
11	WHEREAS, the American Samoans do not retain the right to vote in the upcoming 2020
12	Presidential election; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that American Samoans be granted
14	citizenship equal to their territorial counterparts.
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Coram Deo Academy



Fall 2019 Item 19: The GAN Regulation Act of 2019

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States will require for any individual, group, or organization wishing to use
3		GAN (Generative Adversarial Network) technology in the United States to first obtain a
4		permit from the federal government.
5	SECTION 2.	A. "Generative Adversarial Network" shall be defined as any machine learning system
6		that involves two competing algorithms that are capable of generating and refining
7		data. B. Applicants for the permit must state the
8		purpose of their GAN technology use. If the stated purpose is deemed to violate U.S.
9		law, then a permit will not be issued.
10	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Commerce will screen permit applicants, issue permits, and
11		conduct regular inspections of GAN use.
12		A. A permit will be valid for 6 years after it is issued, at which time a GAN technology
13		user must either cease GAN use within a 30-day period or renew their permit.
14		B. An inspection will be conducted once every 2 years to ensure that the utilization of
15		GAN technology matches the purpose stated. Those not adhering to the stated
16		purpose will have their GAN permit revoked immediately and will be unable to re-
17		apply for 15 years.
18	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect on January 1 st , 2020.
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



Fall 2019 Item 20: A Bill to Create a Temporary National Sales Tax to Increase Infrastructure Investment

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2 3 4 5 6	SECTION 1.	The United States must increase the amount of funding put forward towards national infrastructure investment. This funding would be allocated directly from a temporary national sales tax that would last no longer than a year. The national sales tax would be 1% of consumer goods purchased. The sales tax will only apply to items subject to state sales taxes.
7 8	SECTION 2.	A. Consumer goods are defined by the Census Bureau under the Department of Commerce.
9 10		B. "Sales Tax" is a tax placed on a good sold that adds a percentage increase in cost to the product based in the primary price of the good.
11 12 13		C. Infrastructure is defined as the basic physical and organizational structures and facilities such as, but not limited to, buildings, roads, and power supplies needed for th operation of a society.
14 15 16 17	SECTION 3.	Congress shall work with the Department of Transportation (DOT), the Department of Interior (DOI), the Department of Commerce (DOC), the Department of Agriculture (USDA), the Army Core of Engineers and any other entity needed to ensure that funds are properly distributed.
18 19 20 21 22 23		 A. The allocations of funds shall be determined by a special nonpartisan house committee design to oversee the initiative. B. The tax will be collected for no longer than 1 year beginning in 2020 and disbursement of funds will continue until 2024. C. Any leftover funds at the end of 2024 will be evenly dispersed among the DOT, DOC, and DOI.
24	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect by the fiscal year of 2020.
25	SECTION 5	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and yold



Fall 2019 Item 21: A Resolution to Restore Aid to Honduras

1	WHEREAS,	Poverty, gang violence, government corruption and instability have driven
2		increasing numbers of Honduran nationals to seek refuge in the United States;
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	Large migrant caravans, comprised primarily of women, children, and families,
5		have strained US border resources and shifted agency focus and resources away
6		from counterterrorism, human trafficking, and drug interdiction; and
7	WHEREAS,	US policy has played a substantial role in the current Honduran crisis; and
8	WHEREAS,	The United States continues to have substantial economic and political interests
9		in Honduras; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Trump Administration's decision to suspend aid to Honduras will only
11		exacerbate human suffering in the region and further entrench narcotics
12		syndicates and government corruption; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States should increase its
14		foreign assistance to Honduras through a combination of economic aid, trade,
15		and security assistance, and be it
16	FURTHER RESO	DLVED, That the United States should reinstate its aerial drug interdiction and
17		counternarcotic operations in coordination with Honduras and other Northern
18		Triangle countries.



Fall 2019 Item 22: A Bill to Subsidize Cell-Based Meat to Help Climate Change

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall hereby subsidize the research,
3		development, and production of cell-based meat, and will hereby cut any US agricultural
4		subsidies going to the slaughter of animals, including the crops produced to feed them,
5		by 5% the first year the cell-based meat is on the market, and 10% every year following
6		that.
7	SECTION 2.	"Cell-based meat" shall be defined as 'clean meat' grown in a lab from the stem cells of
8		animals.
9	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Agriculture shall oversee implementation and enforcement of
10		this of this legislation by annually subsidizing researchers and manufacturers in the
11		amount of at least \$1.5 billion US dollars.
12		A. Subsidies will be given to researchers based on how much measurable progress is
13		made each year.
14		B. The manufacturers will not begin to receive subsidies until sufficient research has
15		been made for the cell-based meat to be ready to manufacture for market.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill will go in to effect in the fiscal year 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Grapevine High School



Fall 2019 Item 23: A Resolution to Assist LGBT Elders

1	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults face barriers to receiving formal health care and social
2		support that heterosexual, cisgender adults do not; and
3	WHEREAS,	Compared to heterosexual cisgender adults, LGBT older adults have fewer
4		options for informal care. LGBT older adults are more likely to be single or living
5		alone and less likely to have children to care for them than non-LGBT elders;
6		and
7	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults have experienced and continue to experience discrimination
8		due to their sexual orientation and gender identity; and
9	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults have worse mental and physical health compared to
10		heterosexual and cisgender older adults; and
11	WHEREAS,	Among LGBT older adults, HIV-positive LGBT elders have worse overall mental
12		and physical health, disability, and poorer health outcomes, and a higher
13		likelihood of experiencing stressors as well as barriers to care, than HIV-negative
14		LGBT elders;
15	WHEREAS,	A "greatest social need" designation opens up important funding avenues
16		to prioritize services for this group; now, therefore, be it
17	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that LGBT older adults be recognized by the
18		Older Americans Act (OAA) as a "greatest social need" group.



Fall 2019 Item 24: A Resolution to Protect Digital Privacy

1	WHEREAS,	Digital privacy plays and increasingly important role as the world embraces
2		digital technology; and
3	WHEREAS,	Digital privacy is under assault by companies and by governments, including the
4		government of the United States; and
5	WHEREAS,	The embrace of the third-party doctrine in the wake of Katz v. United States has
6		expanded the use of warrantless searches to a disturbing degree; and
7	WHEREAS,	The exception to the third-party doctrine carved out by the Supreme Court in
8		Carpenter v. United States was narrowly tailored, and did not go far enough in
9		expanding digital privacy rights; and
10	WHEREAS,	Third-party collection of data by companies threatens personal privacy; now,
11		therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that Congress reject the third-party doctrine,
13		and extend that Fourth Amendment protections from unreasonable search and
14		seizure to digital information; and, be it
15	FURTHER RESO	OLVED, That Congress craft legislation modeled on the European Union General
16		Data Protection Regulation to limit corporate collection of individuals' digital
17		information.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Tascosa High School



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Fall 2019 Item 25: A Bill to Fund Infrastructure to Conserve Natural Gases

2	SECTION 1.	The United States Fracking industry wastes \$1 billion a year in gas flaring, equivalent to
3		1.028 trillion BTU. These natural gases are important for the United States economy as

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

5	SECTION 2.	Fracking shall be defined as the process of injecting liquid at high pressure into
6		subterranean rocks, boreholes, etc. to force open existing fissures and extract oil or gas.
7		Infrastructure shall be defined as pipe, roads and wells used by the oil industry to
8		conserve natural resources. Gas Flaring shall be defined as the practice of burning
9		natural gases.

an alternative fuel, and the conservation of natural resources.

10	SECTION 3.	The United States government shall allocate \$750 million to the oil and gas industry, to
11		better assist the conservation of finite resources.

- 12 **SECTION 4.** The Bureau of Land Management will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- 13 A. Corporations that do not comply with these demands shall be fined \$75,000 per
 14 month until they comply.
- 15 **SECTION 5.** This piece of legislation shall take place as of the fiscal year 2021.
- 16 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by San Angelo Central High School.



Fall 2019 Item 26: A Resolution to Finance/Legalize Gene Editing in Embryos

1	WHEREAS,	7.9 million children, 6% of worldwide births, are born each year with a
2		serious birth defect; and
3	WHEREAS,	Malformations and genetic disorders are the leading cause of infant
4		mortality in the US; and
5	WHEREAS,	20-30% of all infant deaths are due to genetic disorders and 30-50% of
6		post-neonatal deaths are due to congenital malformations, and
7	WHEREAS,	Out of 523 cases; 180 (34.4%) deaths were due to malformations and
8		genetic disorders; and
9	WHEREAS,	If we could safely and easily correct these errors at the embryonic stage it
10		would be possible to eradicate genetic diseases and malformations; and
11	WHEREAS,	We could eradicate diseases such as cystic fibrosis, sickle cell anemia,
12		Tay-Sachs disease, phenylketonuria, color-blindness and down syndrome;
13		now, therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that we finance and/or legalize gene
15		editing in human embryos.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hallsville High school



Fall 2019 Item 27: A Bill to Ban Solitary Confinement

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 2 **SECTION 1**. Solitary confinement shall be prohibited at all Federal Prisons across the
- 3 United Sates.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Solitary confinement is defined as a prisoner who is kept away from other
- 5 prisoners as a form of punishment.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) shall oversee the enforcement of
- 7 this bill.
- A. The Federal Bureau of Prisons shall receive \$1 billion to overhaul the
- 9 system.
- B. Yearly audits shall be mandated across all businesses to ensure this
- bill is being implemented properly.
- 12 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be enacted immediately upon passage.
- 13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sandra Day O'Connor High School



Fall 2019 Item 28: A Bill to Allocate Adequate Funding to Modernize Federal Computer Systems

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	3 billion additional dollars will be budgeted annually to provide the
3		installation and upkeep of new computer systems to replace outdated
4		technology within the Federal Government.
5	SECTION 2.	New computer systems will be defined as software and hardware that is
6		less than 8 years old and has the necessary capabilities to perform its
7		responsibilities.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security will ensure the implementation of
9		this legislation and determine proper standards for the new systems.
10		A. The Department of Homeland Security will see that cyber security
11		measures are up to date on all computers that are added or updated.
12		B. The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the preparation of
13		computers removed for redeployment to other operations.
14	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage, with all computers
15		in compliance by the fiscal year of 2022.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



Fall 2019 Item 29: The Student and Education Loan Forgiveness (SELF) Act

1	BE IT ENACTED BY T	HE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government shall hereby collect taxes from wealthy families to relieve of up to
3		\$50,000 in student loan debt for Americans.
4	SECTION 2.	"Wealthy families" shall be defined as families with at least \$50 million in wealth.
5	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education and the Department of the Treasury shall oversee the implementation of this
6		legislation.
7		A. The Internal Revenue Service will be responsible for collecting a 2% annual tax on families with \$50
8		million or more in wealth.
9		B. \$50,000 in student loan debt for every person with household income under \$100,000 will be cancelled.
10		C. Substantial debt cancellation will be provided for families with wealth worth between \$100,000 and
11		\$250,000.
12		a. The \$50,000 cancellation amount phases out by \$1 for every \$3 in income above \$100,000.
13		D. No debt cancellation will be provided to people with household incomes above \$250,000.
14		E. Cancellation will take place automatically using data already available to the federal government about
15		income and outstanding student loan debt.
16		F. Private student loan debt is also eligible for cancellation, and the federal government will work with
17		borrowers and the holders of this debt to provide relief.
18		G. Cancelled debt will not be taxed as income.
19	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect in fiscal year 2021.
20	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School



Fall 2019 Item 30: A Bill to Mandate the Immunizations of School Children to Reduce Disease Outbreaks

1	BE IT ENACTED	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	States must hereby develop regulations requiring that following the birth of a
3		child doctors must provide the parent with the information approved by the
4		Centers for Disease Control of the immunizations the child is required by this
5		Act to have before enrolling in a school that receives federal funding.
6	SECTION 2.	A child entering a school that receives federal funding must be immunized
7		against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio,
8		rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough.
9		A. Any child failing to receive these immunizations may not be allowed to
10		enroll in a school subject to Section 1 of this Act until they have received
11		their immunizations.
12		B. If a doctor deems that any of these immunizations will be life-threatening to
13		the child the person may sign a waiver that allows the child to attend
14		school.
15	SECTION 3.	Section 1 of this bill will be enforced by the Department of Health and Human
16		Services. Section 2 of this bill will be enforced by the Department of Education.
17		A. Doctors that fail to comply with Section 1 of this act will be fined \$25,000
18		per violation.
19		B. States that fail to enforce this comply with this act will lose all federal
20		education funding.
21	SECTION 4.	This bill will be enacted the January 2020.
22	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Farwell High School

North Little Rock Wildcat Classic



High School
Congressional
Debate Docket

Docket Order:

Session 1:

- Small Modular Reactors (Cabot High School)
- TFA 9
- TFA 23

Session 2:

- Abolish ICE (Cabot High School)
- **TFA** 7
- **-** TFA 30

Super Session:

- TFA 14
- TFA 18
- TFA 22

A Bill to Increase the Production of Small Modular Reactors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1**. The United States will increase the production of Small Modular Reactors by 140 % as a method to increase benefits to the economy and environment
- SECTION 2. Small Module Reactors, or SMRs for short, are a means of nuclear fission that are critical to achieving a flexible power that provide a wide range of capabilities from alternative power to energy security.
- SECTION 3. The United States Department of Energy will oversee the funding and construction for the SMR's
 - A. Money will be annually allocated for the construction of SMRs, costing 1,500 million dollars per year, totaling 21 billion dollars by 2035, coming through tax increases on the top percentile of income earners.
- SECTION 4. This bill will be implemented on January 1st, 2021 with two SMRs being developed by year until 2035
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kayleigh Langston from Cabot High School

A Bill to Abolish ICE

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement will be terminated and a commission will be established to create a new and humane immigration enforcement system.
- **SECTION 2**. A. A commission shall be defined as a multi-headed body created to perform a particular function;
 - B. Humane immigration enforcement system shall be defined as an immigration enforcement system which upholds the essential functions of ICE yet maintains high human rights standards.
- SECTION 3. This bill will be enforced and funded by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.
- **SECTION 4.** This will take effect immediately upon passage with full implementation completed within six months.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Carter Kirby from Cabot High School



TFA Fall 2019 Legislative Docket

- 1. A Resolution to Extend Asylum to Syrian Refugees Hebron High School
- 2. A Resolution to Fund Mexico's Immigration System Plano West High School
- 3. A Resolution to Improve Safety of Medical Devices Tascosa High School
- 4. The Asylum Reform Act of 2019 Dripping Springs High School
- 5. A Resolution to Prohibit Wildlife Killing Contests Byron Nelson High School
- 6. A Bill to Establish Uniform Federal Standards on Fracking to Address Environmental and Safety Hazards Clark High School
- 7. A Bill to Legalize Prostitution to Decrease Human Trafficking Lake Travis High School
- 8. A Resolution to Replace Existing Street Lighting with LED Adaptive Lighting Systems Buffalo High School
- 9. A Resolution to Pflugerville High School
- 10. A Resolution to Ratify UNCLOS Clements High School
- 11. A Bill to Prohibit Discriminatory Data Practices to Protect Americans Lamar High School
- 12. A Resolution to Close Guantanamo Bay Klein Oak High School
- 13. A Bill to Reaffirm our Commitment to International Fusion Power Research A&M Consolidated High School
- 14. A Bill to Limit Vaccine Exemptions to Reinforce Herd Immunity San Angelo Central High School
- 15. A Resolution to Relieve Steel and Aluminum Tariffs to Promote U.S. Involvement in TTIP Shepton High School
- 16. A Bill to Make Voting in Federal Elections Compulsory to Strengthen Democratic Institutions in the US McNeil High School
- 17. A Resolution to Further Assist Albania With Its Human Trafficking Issue Leander High School
- 18. A Resolution to Allow American Samoans to Attain Citizenship Coram Deo Academy
- 19. The GAN Regulation Act of 2019 Clements High School
- 20. A Bill to Create a Temporary National Sales Tax to Increase Infrastructure Investment Cypress Creek High School
- 21. A Resolution to Restore Aid to Honduras James E. Taylor High School
- 22. A Bill to Subsidize Cell-Based Meat to Help Climate Change *Grapevine High School*
- 23. A Resolution to Assist LGBT Elders Buffalo High School
- 24. A Resolution to Protect Digital Privacy Tascosa High School
- 25. A Bill to Fund Infrastructure to Conserve Natural Gases San Angelo Central High School
- 26. A Resolution to Finance/Legalize Gene Editing in Embryos Hallsville High School
- 27. A Bill to Ban Solitary Confinement Sandra Day O'Connor High School
- 28. A Bill to Allocate Adequate Funding to Modernize Federal Computer Systems Clark High School
- 29. The Student and Education Loan Forgiveness (SELF) Act Plano West Senior High School
- 30. A Bill to Mandate the Immunizations of School Children to Reduce Disease Outbreaks Farwell High School



Fall 2019 Item 1: A Resolution to Extend Asylum to Syrian Refugees

1	WHEREAS,	Since March of 2019 roughly 5.7 million Syrians have fled the country and
2		6.1 million have been displaced internally; and
3	WHEREAS,	Countries like Turkey, Lebanon, and Jordan extended asylum to the most
4		refugees in the fiscal year 2018; and
5	WHEREAS,	Refugees that are currently being displaced have been denied asylum trapped
6		into a cycle of poverty; and
7	WHEREAS,	The United States is a highly developed country with an abundance of
8		resources; and
9	WHEREAS,	The United States' influential role on the global stage will promote other
10		countries passing similar policies; and
11	WHEREAS,	The United States only permitted 22,491 refugees into the U.S in 2018; and
12	WHEREAS,	The current administration is slowly closing our doors to asylum seekers; now,
13		therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States Shall extend asylum to
15		refugees at a higher rate.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hebron High School



Fall 2019 Item 2: A Resolution to Fund Mexico's Immigration System

1	WHEREAS,	Illegal immigration has caused an abundant amount of conflict, violence, and instability
2		in the Central American sphere through a lack of clear enforcement and funding; and
3	WHEREAS,	Central American countries continue to produce asylum seekers by the thousands due
4		to their internal conflicts; and
5	WHEREAS,	Mexico has been tasked to limit the flow of Central American immigrants entering the
6		United States by apprehending suspects at the southern Mexican border, but has failed
7		due to a lack of resources in their immigration departments; and
8	WHEREAS,	The unchecked flow of immigrants from Central America directly to the US (through
9		Mexico) has created problems of crime and violence; now, therefore, be it
10	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the US provide funding to the Mexican
11		government for use within their own immigration system, using the funding to properly
12		apprehend undocumented immigrants near the border; and, be it
13	FURTHER RESO	LVED, If the Mexican government and local enforcement agencies fail to use this funding
14		for ethical means to decrease rates of undocumented immigration and all implications
15		associated with it, the US government shall retract this funding.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School.



Fall 2019 Item 3: A Resolution to Improve Safety of Medical Devices

1	WHEREAS,	The Food and Drug Administration has approved over 4,600 medical devices for export-
2		only; and
3	WHEREAS,	The lax regulatory procedures in place for approval or export-only medical devices has
4		led to equipment that malfunctions, causes infection, and other serious issues; and
5	WHEREAS,	Due to complications that arise from export-only devices occurring outside the United
6		States, companies often fail to report serious complications arising from the use of
7		these devices to the Food and Drug Administration; and
8	WHEREAS,	A lack of international standards for identifying devices means it is difficult to know how
9		many other troubled devices exist; and
10	WHEREAS,	Devices that cannot be deemed suitable by the Food and Drug Administration for use by
11		individuals in the U.S. should not be deemed suitable for use by individuals outside of
12		the U.S.; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the Food and Drug Administration
14		no longer be able to certify medical devices for export that are not
15		approved for use in the United States.
16	Introduced fo	or Congressional Debate by Tascosa High School



Fall 2019 Item 4: The Asylum Reform Act of 2019

1	DE IT ENIACTED	BY THE CONG	DECC HEDE	ASSEMBLED THAT:
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2	SECTION 1.	US Code Title 8, Chapter 12, Subchapter II, Part 1 will be amended to include the following:
4		A fourth clause in Section (a)(2) will state: Particular social groups include, but
5		will not be limited to, victims of domestic violence, victims of gang violence,
6		which includes human trafficking and drug trafficking, victims of terrorism,
7		victims of cultural or social genocide, and those affected by humanitarian crises.
8	SECTION 2.	Gang violence will be defined as any violence perpetrated by a member of a
9		gang. Human trafficking will include both sex trafficking and labor trafficking.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of the bill.
11		A. They will create the criterion for the new standard of asylum.
12		B. They will also ensure that immigrants receive court dates to determine their
13		status.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be implemented by July 1 st , 2020.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Dripping Springs High School



Fall 2019 Item 5: A Resolution to Prohibit Wildlife Killing Contests

1	WHEREAS,	The killing of various species of animals for bounties and prizes is growing
2		in popularity; and
3	WHEREAS,	The definition of various animals considered "pests," or "varmints" is
4		lacking scientific evidence to warrant such a designation; and
5	WHEREAS,	The continued hunting of these creatures for sport often only results in a
6		resurgent increase in those targeted populations; and
7	WHEREAS,	The controlled killing of animal populations is no longer justified as a
8		scientifically reasonable means of wildlife management; and
9	WHEREAS,	Continuation of these contests will lead to an imbalance in the naturally
10		occurring biodiversity resulting in further ecological damage; and
11	WHEREAS,	The promise of financial reward per kill leads to a stark decrease in
12		proper hunting safety; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the use of wildlife bounties and
14		wildlife killing contests be prohibited.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Byron Nelson High School



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Fall 2019 Item 6: A Bill to Establish Uniform Federal Standards on Fracking to Address Environmental and Safety Hazards

1	RE IT ENACTED	RV THE	CONGRESS HERE	ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	Federal government regulation and minimum government standards
3		will be placed on fracking on public lands.

- 4 **SECTION 2**. Hydraulic fracturing or fracking is a process to extract resources from a geologic formation by injecting water and chemical additives into a well under enough pressure to fracture the formation.
- SECTION 3. The Department of the Interior will enforce federal government
 standards on hydraulic fracturing.
 - A. Fracking wells must recover at least 93% of the surfaced oil and gas during the fracturing process.
 - B. Fracking wells must not exceed a 1.3% rate of methane leakage.
- 12 C. Individual states' Department of Natural Resources and Department
 13 of Environmental Quality will further facilitate this regulation, but must
 14 adhere to the federal standards.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This shall be implemented FY 2020.
- 16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clark High School



Fall 2019 Item 7: A Bill to Legalize Prostitution to Decrease Human Trafficking

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Federal Government will implement the following reforms to reduce human
3		trafficking.
4	SECTION 2.	Prostitute will be defined as anyone who sells sex in exchange for money and is over 18.
5		Human Trafficker will be defined per the guidelines in SESTA and FOSTA Sexually
6		Transmitted Disease Prevention will be defined as testing a nd treatment for sexually
7		transmitted illnesses
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice and Department of Health and Human Services will work
9		together on the implementation this bill
10		A. All states are required to legalize prostitution
11		B. Federal Clinics across the United States will increase access to STD prevention,
12		contraception, and resources for sex workers
13		C. The federal government will legalize the act of soliciting a prostitute
14		D. The Department of Health and Human Services will be allocated \$500 million to
15		implement this program
16	SECTION 4.	This legalization will be implemented by January of 2021
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lake Travis High School



Fall 2019 Item 8: A Resolution to Replace Existing Street Lighting with LED Adaptive Lighting Systems

1	WHEREAS,	the United States contains an estimated 26 million streetlights that
2		consume as much electricity annually as 1.9 million households and
3		generate greenhouse gas emissions equivalent to 2.6 million cars; and
4	WHEREAS,	adaptive lighting systems effectively reduce the cost and extent of the
5		undesirable effects of current roadway lighting while maintaining safety
6		and usability; and
7	WHEREAS,	LED adaptive street light provides falling prices, increased efficiency,
8		better light quality, reduced trespass and improved controllability; and
9	WHEREAS,	in areas that have utilized LED lighting fixtures to replace traditional
10		lighting both energy costs and maintenance costs have been lowered;
11		now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that all existing traditional roadway
13		lighting on federally-maintained roadways be replaced with LED adaptive
14		street lighting.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Buffalo High School



Name English and Spanish as the Official Languages of the United States

1	WHEREAS,	The United States is one of few nations without an official language; and
2	WHEREAS,	Most nations in the world have one or more official languages to create a
3		more efficient government. Having an official language will make
4		information easily accessible to all people; and
5	WHEREAS,	In the past, the United States has viewed itself as, "too diverse", for an
6		Official Language to be possible; and
7	WHEREAS,	This idea has forced us to center around one language, English, and
8		ignore the languages spoken by the rest of our constituency; and
9	WHEREAS,	One in ten Americans are native Spanish speakers, while no government
10		agency is required to make documents available in any language other
11		than English; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled, that English and Spanish be named the
13		official languages of the United States; and, be it
14	FURTHER RES	SOLVED, that all government documents that are made available to the
15		public, shall be available in both English and Spanish.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pflugerville High School



Fall 2019 Item 10: A Resolution to Ratify UNCLOS

1	WHEREAS,	169 parties have adopted the United Nations Convention on the Law of
2		the Sea (UNCLOS), including 164 United Nations member states and the
3		European Union; and
4	WHEREAS,	The United States has yet to ratify the treaty due to Republican
5		opposition in the Senate; and
6	WHEREAS,	The U.S. already abides by the international rules set by UNCLOS despite
7		not being a member; and
8	WHEREAS,	Failure to ratify the treaty has cost the U.S. a seat on the International
9		Seabed Authority; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Senate Foreign Relations Committee has already unanimously
11		recommended that the U.S. ratify UNCLOS; and
12	WHEREAS,	Joining the treaty now would give the U.S. greater legitimacy in settling
13		South China Sea territorial disputes and greater access to deep seabed
14		mining; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States ratify and fully
16		accede to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clements High School



Fall 2019 Item 11: A Bill to Prohibit Discriminatory Data Practices to Protect Americans

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The Unites States government shall prohibit platforms, including but not limited to Facebook and
3		Google, from serving targeted ads that discriminate against groups by race, gender, and/or
4		income.
5	SECTION 2.	Discrimination shall be defined as the prejudicial treatment of different categories of people.
6		Platforms shall be defined as web-based technology that enables the development, deployment
7		and management of services including social media solutions.
8	SECTION 3.	The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall implement regulations prohibiting
9		platforms from discriminating against consumers and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall levy
10		a tax on companies that do not follow regulations.
11		A. The FTC will ensure that platforms comply with regulations by requiring
12		platforms to disclose their data-sharing practices to the FTC for evaluation.
13		B. The FTC shall work with the IRS to report platforms that continue to engage
14		In discrimination. A tax of 13% shall be levied on companies that fail to comply with FTC
15		regulations.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill will be implemented by January 1, 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Houston Lamar High School.



Fall 2019 Item 12: A Resolution to Close Guantanamo Bay

1	WHEREAS,	spending on Guantanamo Bay has reached over 6 billion dollars since its
2		opening, each inmate kept there costing the US 10 million dollars a year;
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	Guantanamo Bay has long been considered an "island outside of the law"
5		where torture runs rampant without restraint indefinitely; and
6	WHEREAS,	the vast majority of detainees have never been formally charged,
7		including half of the 41 detainees currently still there; and
8	WHEREAS,	the prison has become a recruiting tool for many terrorist groups to
9		promote anti-American sentiment; and
10	WHEREAS,	several international actors have condemned Guantanamo Bay, and
11		refuse to extradite terrorist suspects and share intelligence which
12		threatens US national security; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that Guantanamo Bay cease operations
14		and be closed.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Klein Oak High School



17

Fall 2019 Item 13: A Bill to Reaffirm our Commitment to International Fusion Power Research

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The United States should increase investment in the ITER project to \$2	
3		billion annually.	
4	SECTION 2.	ITER shall be defined as the 35-country collaboration building a	
5		commercially feasible experimental fusion reactor in southern France.	
6		Fusion power shall be defined as producing electricity through the fusing	
7		of atoms.	
8	SECTION 3.	The amount of funding appropriated for ITER shall be increased from	
9		\$115 million annually to \$2 billion a year, and an additional \$5 million	
10		shall be appropriated as needed for logistics and oversight. If the Office	
11		of the Inspector General of the Department of Energy finds that the	
12		entire project is no longer on a serious path to completion, the funding	
13		will be pulled after holding a Congressional hearing.	
14	SECTION 4.	The bill will go into effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year after	
15		passage.	
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

 $Introduced\ for\ Congressional\ Debate\ by\ A\&M\ Consolidated\ High\ School.$



Fall 2019 Item 14: A Bill to Limit Vaccine Exemptions to Reinforce Herd Immunity

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The USFG shall hereby require that for a child to be exempt from the CDC vaccination
3		schedule, the child's parents must provide written authorization from a doctor, based
4		on health risks posed to the child.
5	SECTION 2.	The mandated vaccines are HepB, DTaP, HiB, PCV, IPV, MMR, Varicella, and Hep A.
6		Parents failing to have their child vaccinated for any reason other than medical
7		exemption, will not be allowed to attend public school at any level. Herd immunity is
8		defined as a communal resistance to the spread of a contagious disease within a
9		population that results from 90% to 95% of individuals being vaccinated.
10 11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health & Human Services and the Department of Education will work in conjunction to prevent unvaccinated children from attending school.
12		A. The Department of Education will share all vaccine information with the
13		Department of Health & Human Services.
14		B. Schools failing to meet the previously mentioned criteria, will be denied federal
15		education funding.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect by 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by San Angelo Central High School.



Fall 2019 Item 15: A Resolution to Relieve Steel and Aluminum Tariffs to Promote U.S. Involvement in TTIP

1	WHEREAS,	The Trump administration has prioritized efforts to pursue its "America First"
2		doctrine, investing in short-term American jobs while shunning viable long-term
3		jobs stemming from investment in foreign industries; and
4	WHEREAS,	Tariffs have been imposed on Europe, impacting Germany's prominent
5		automobile industry, creating economic tensions, while halting the Transatlantic
6		Trade and Investment Partnership; and
7	WHEREAS,	The U.S. currently trades an estimated \$1 trillion with E.U., its largest trading
8		partner; and
9	WHEREAS,	Economic growth in China has continued to boom, predicted to surpass that of
10		the U.S.; and
11	WHEREAS,	U.S. relief of steel and aluminum tariffs on the E.U. may spur joint involvement
12		in the TTIP so as to relieve major industries, promote economic relations,
13		potentially surpass Chinese economic growth, and make the TTIP the world's
14		largest trade agreement; now, therefore be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States should cease all
16		tariffs on steel and aluminum against the E.U.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Shepton HS.



Fall 2019 Item 16: A Bill to Make Voting in Federal Elections Compulsory to Strengthen Democratic Institutions in the US

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Federal Election Commission will enforce compulsory voting in
3		federal elections for all eligible voters.
4	SECTION 2.	Compulsory voting will be defined as a legal obligation to fill out an
5		election ballot. Donkey voting and informal voting will be permitted as
6		long as the voter fills out a ballot.
7	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission will be tasked with enforcing
8		compulsory voting.
9		A. Federal election days will become federal holidays. Transportation
10		will be provided for those who are unable to reach voting facilities or
11		those within 50 miles or more of the nearest voting facility.
12		B. Failure to vote in federal elections will result in a \$50 fine, plus \$50
13		for each additional offense.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect in the 2020 Presidential election.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by McNeil High School



Fall 2019 Item 17: A Resolution to Further Assist Albania With Its Human Trafficking Issue

1	WHEREAS,	Albania is plagued by a human and sex trafficking crisis; and
2	WHEREAS,	according to the US Department of State in 2018, there were 105 identified
3		potential human trafficking victims, over half of which were children; and
4	WHEREAS,	These conditions have been perpetuated by a currently unmanageable
5		organized crime ring; and
6	WHEREAS,	The Albanian government has made significant strides toward eradicating
7		human trafficking but, lacks the adequate resources and guidance; and
8	WHEREAS,	Victims of human trafficking are being prosecuted for crimes forced on them by
9		their captors; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Albanian court system has undergone difficulties prosecuting human
11		traffickers due to an enigmatic justice system and lack of general understanding;
12		and
13	WHEREAS,	Human trafficking shelters still have a high rate of re-trafficking and lack support
14		for reintegration; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States increase foreign aid and
16		law assistance to Albania specifically for the use of combatting human
17		trafficking.



Fall 2019 Item 18: A Resolution to Allow American Samoans to Attain Citizenship

1	WHEREAS, 55,600 American Samoans do not possess the right to attain citizenship
2	unless one of their parents is a citizen; and
3	WHEREAS, citizens of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Mariana
4	Islands hold the right to attain such citizenship; and
5	WHEREAS, many American Samoans have neither the funds nor the means to make a
6	citizenship appeal in court; and
7	WHEREAS, the American Samoa military recruiting base is nationally and globally
8	ranked; and
9	WHEREAS, American Samoans relocate to the mainland like their Puerto Rican
10	counterparts to attain citizenship; and
11	WHEREAS, the American Samoans do not retain the right to vote in the upcoming 2020
12	Presidential election; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that American Samoans be granted
14	citizenship equal to their territorial counterparts.
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Coram Deo Academy



Fall 2019 Item 19: The GAN Regulation Act of 2019

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States will require for any individual, group, or organization wishing to use
3		GAN (Generative Adversarial Network) technology in the United States to first obtain a
4		permit from the federal government.
5	SECTION 2.	A. "Generative Adversarial Network" shall be defined as any machine learning system
6		that involves two competing algorithms that are capable of generating and refining
7		data. B. Applicants for the permit must state the
8		purpose of their GAN technology use. If the stated purpose is deemed to violate U.S.
9		law, then a permit will not be issued.
10	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Commerce will screen permit applicants, issue permits, and
11		conduct regular inspections of GAN use.
12		A. A permit will be valid for 6 years after it is issued, at which time a GAN technology
13		user must either cease GAN use within a 30-day period or renew their permit.
14		B. An inspection will be conducted once every 2 years to ensure that the utilization of
15		GAN technology matches the purpose stated. Those not adhering to the stated
16		purpose will have their GAN permit revoked immediately and will be unable to re-
17		apply for 15 years.
18	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect on January 1 st , 2020.
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



Fall 2019 Item 20: A Bill to Create a Temporary National Sales Tax to Increase Infrastructure Investment

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2 3 4 5 6	SECTION 1.	The United States must increase the amount of funding put forward towards national infrastructure investment. This funding would be allocated directly from a temporary national sales tax that would last no longer than a year. The national sales tax would be 1% of consumer goods purchased. The sales tax will only apply to items subject to state sales taxes.
7 8	SECTION 2.	A. Consumer goods are defined by the Census Bureau under the Department of Commerce.
9 10		B. "Sales Tax" is a tax placed on a good sold that adds a percentage increase in cost to the product based in the primary price of the good.
11 12 13		C. Infrastructure is defined as the basic physical and organizational structures and facilities such as, but not limited to, buildings, roads, and power supplies needed for th operation of a society.
14 15 16 17	SECTION 3.	Congress shall work with the Department of Transportation (DOT), the Department of Interior (DOI), the Department of Commerce (DOC), the Department of Agriculture (USDA), the Army Core of Engineers and any other entity needed to ensure that funds are properly distributed.
18 19 20 21 22 23		 A. The allocations of funds shall be determined by a special nonpartisan house committee design to oversee the initiative. B. The tax will be collected for no longer than 1 year beginning in 2020 and disbursement of funds will continue until 2024. C. Any leftover funds at the end of 2024 will be evenly dispersed among the DOT, DOC, and DOI.
24	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect by the fiscal year of 2020.
25	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



Fall 2019 Item 21: A Resolution to Restore Aid to Honduras

1	WHEREAS,	Poverty, gang violence, government corruption and instability have driven
2		increasing numbers of Honduran nationals to seek refuge in the United States;
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	Large migrant caravans, comprised primarily of women, children, and families,
5		have strained US border resources and shifted agency focus and resources away
6		from counterterrorism, human trafficking, and drug interdiction; and
7	WHEREAS,	US policy has played a substantial role in the current Honduran crisis; and
8	WHEREAS,	The United States continues to have substantial economic and political interests
9		in Honduras; and
10	WHEREAS,	The Trump Administration's decision to suspend aid to Honduras will only
11		exacerbate human suffering in the region and further entrench narcotics
12		syndicates and government corruption; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States should increase its
14		foreign assistance to Honduras through a combination of economic aid, trade,
15		and security assistance, and be it
16	FURTHER RESO	DLVED, That the United States should reinstate its aerial drug interdiction and
17		counternarcotic operations in coordination with Honduras and other Northern
18		Triangle countries.



Fall 2019 Item 22: A Bill to Subsidize Cell-Based Meat to Help Climate Change

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall hereby subsidize the research,
3		development, and production of cell-based meat, and will hereby cut any US agricultural
4		subsidies going to the slaughter of animals, including the crops produced to feed them,
5		by 5% the first year the cell-based meat is on the market, and 10% every year following
6		that.
7	SECTION 2.	"Cell-based meat" shall be defined as 'clean meat' grown in a lab from the stem cells of
8		animals.
9	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Agriculture shall oversee implementation and enforcement of
10		this of this legislation by annually subsidizing researchers and manufacturers in the
11		amount of at least \$1.5 billion US dollars.
12		A. Subsidies will be given to researchers based on how much measurable progress is
13		made each year.
14		B. The manufacturers will not begin to receive subsidies until sufficient research has
15		been made for the cell-based meat to be ready to manufacture for market.
16	SECTION 4.	This bill will go in to effect in the fiscal year 2020.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Grapevine High School



Fall 2019 Item 23: A Resolution to Assist LGBT Elders

1	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults face barriers to receiving formal health care and social
2		support that heterosexual, cisgender adults do not; and
3	WHEREAS,	Compared to heterosexual cisgender adults, LGBT older adults have fewer
4		options for informal care. LGBT older adults are more likely to be single or living
5		alone and less likely to have children to care for them than non-LGBT elders;
6		and
7	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults have experienced and continue to experience discrimination
8		due to their sexual orientation and gender identity; and
9	WHEREAS,	LGBT older adults have worse mental and physical health compared to
10		heterosexual and cisgender older adults; and
11	WHEREAS,	Among LGBT older adults, HIV-positive LGBT elders have worse overall mental
12		and physical health, disability, and poorer health outcomes, and a higher
13		likelihood of experiencing stressors as well as barriers to care, than HIV-negative
14		LGBT elders;
15	WHEREAS,	A "greatest social need" designation opens up important funding avenues
16		to prioritize services for this group; now, therefore, be it
17	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that LGBT older adults be recognized by the
18		Older Americans Act (OAA) as a "greatest social need" group.



Fall 2019 Item 24: A Resolution to Protect Digital Privacy

1	WHEREAS,	Digital privacy plays and increasingly important role as the world embraces
2		digital technology; and
3	WHEREAS,	Digital privacy is under assault by companies and by governments, including the
4		government of the United States; and
5	WHEREAS,	The embrace of the third-party doctrine in the wake of Katz v. United States has
6		expanded the use of warrantless searches to a disturbing degree; and
7	WHEREAS,	The exception to the third-party doctrine carved out by the Supreme Court in
8		Carpenter v. United States was narrowly tailored, and did not go far enough in
9		expanding digital privacy rights; and
10	WHEREAS,	Third-party collection of data by companies threatens personal privacy; now,
11		therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that Congress reject the third-party doctrine,
13		and extend that Fourth Amendment protections from unreasonable search and
14		seizure to digital information; and, be it
15	FURTHER RESO	DLVED, That Congress craft legislation modeled on the European Union General
16		Data Protection Regulation to limit corporate collection of individuals' digital
17		information.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Tascosa High School



Fall 2019 Item 25: A Bill to Fund Infrastructure to Conserve Natural Gases

1	BE II ENACTED BY	THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	

2	SECTION 1.	The United States Fracking industry wastes \$1 billion a year in gas flaring, equivalent to
3		1.028 trillion BTU. These natural gases are important for the United States economy as
4		an alternative fuel, and the conservation of natural resources.
5	SECTION 2.	Fracking shall be defined as the process of injecting liquid at high pressure into
6		subterranean rocks, boreholes, etc. to force open existing fissures and extract oil or gas.
7		Infrastructure shall be defined as pipe, roads and wells used by the oil industry to
8		conserve natural resources. Gas Flaring shall be defined as the practice of burning
9		natural gases.
10	SECTION 3.	The United States government shall allocate \$750 million to the oil and gas industry, to
11		better assist the conservation of finite resources.
12	SECTION 4.	The Bureau of Land Management will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
13		A. Corporations that do not comply with these demands shall be fined \$75,000 per
14		month until they comply.
15	SECTION 5.	This piece of legislation shall take place as of the fiscal year 2021.
16	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by San Angelo Central High School.



Fall 2019 Item 26: A Resolution to Finance/Legalize Gene Editing in Embryos

1	WHEREAS,	7.9 million children, 6% of worldwide births, are born each year with a
2		serious birth defect; and
3	WHEREAS,	Malformations and genetic disorders are the leading cause of infant
4		mortality in the US; and
5	WHEREAS,	20-30% of all infant deaths are due to genetic disorders and 30-50% of
6		post-neonatal deaths are due to congenital malformations, and
7	WHEREAS,	Out of 523 cases; 180 (34.4%) deaths were due to malformations and
8		genetic disorders; and
9	WHEREAS,	If we could safely and easily correct these errors at the embryonic stage it
10		would be possible to eradicate genetic diseases and malformations; and
11	WHEREAS,	We could eradicate diseases such as cystic fibrosis, sickle cell anemia,
12		Tay-Sachs disease, phenylketonuria, color-blindness and down syndrome;
13		now, therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that we finance and/or legalize gene
15		editing in human embryos.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hallsville High school



1

11

12

SECTION 4.

Fall 2019 Item 27: A Bill to Ban Solitary Confinement

2	SECTION 1.	Solitary confinement shall be prohibited at all Federal Prisons across the United Sates.
4	SECTION 2.	Solitary confinement is defined as a prisoner who is kept away from other prisoners as a form of punishment.
6 7	SECTION 3.	The Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) shall oversee the enforcement of this bill.
8 9 10		A. The Federal Bureau of Prisons shall receive \$1 billion to overhaul the system.B. Yearly audits shall be mandated across all businesses to ensure this
-		,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

This bill will be enacted immediately upon passage.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sandra Day O'Connor High School

bill is being implemented properly.



Fall 2019 Item 28: A Bill to Allocate Adequate Funding to Modernize Federal Computer Systems

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	3 billion additional dollars will be budgeted annually to provide the
3		installation and upkeep of new computer systems to replace outdated
4		technology within the Federal Government.
5	SECTION 2.	New computer systems will be defined as software and hardware that is
6		less than 8 years old and has the necessary capabilities to perform its
7		responsibilities.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security will ensure the implementation of
9		this legislation and determine proper standards for the new systems.
10		A. The Department of Homeland Security will see that cyber security
11		measures are up to date on all computers that are added or updated.
12		B. The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the preparation of
13		computers removed for redeployment to other operations.
14	SECTION 4.	This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage, with all computers
15		in compliance by the fiscal year of 2022.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clark High School



Fall 2019 Item 29: The Student and Education Loan Forgiveness (SELF) Act

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government shall hereby collect taxes from wealthy families to relieve of up to
3		\$50,000 in student loan debt for Americans.
4	SECTION 2.	"Wealthy families" shall be defined as families with at least \$50 million in wealth.
5	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education and the Department of the Treasury shall oversee the implementation of this
6		legislation.
7		A. The Internal Revenue Service will be responsible for collecting a 2% annual tax on families with \$50
8		million or more in wealth.
9		B. \$50,000 in student loan debt for every person with household income under \$100,000 will be cancelled.
10		C. Substantial debt cancellation will be provided for families with wealth worth between \$100,000 and
11		\$250,000.
12		a. The \$50,000 cancellation amount phases out by \$1 for every \$3 in income above \$100,000.
13		D. No debt cancellation will be provided to people with household incomes above \$250,000.
14		E. Cancellation will take place automatically using data already available to the federal government about
15		income and outstanding student loan debt.
16		F. Private student loan debt is also eligible for cancellation, and the federal government will work with
17		borrowers and the holders of this debt to provide relief.
18		G. Cancelled debt will not be taxed as income.
19	SECTION 4.	This bill shall go into effect in fiscal year 2021.
20	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Plano West Senior High School



Fall 2019 Item 30: A Bill to Mandate the Immunizations of School Children to Reduce Disease Outbreaks

1	BE IT ENACTED	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	States must hereby develop regulations requiring that following the birth of a
3		child doctors must provide the parent with the information approved by the
4		Centers for Disease Control of the immunizations the child is required by this
5		Act to have before enrolling in a school that receives federal funding.
6	SECTION 2.	A child entering a school that receives federal funding must be immunized
7		against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio,
8		rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough.
9		A. Any child failing to receive these immunizations may not be allowed to
10		enroll in a school subject to Section 1 of this Act until they have received
11		their immunizations.
12		B. If a doctor deems that any of these immunizations will be life-threatening to
13		the child the person may sign a waiver that allows the child to attend
14		school.
15	SECTION 3.	Section 1 of this bill will be enforced by the Department of Health and Human
16		Services. Section 2 of this bill will be enforced by the Department of Education.
17		A. Doctors that fail to comply with Section 1 of this act will be fined \$25,000
18		per violation.
19		B. States that fail to enforce this comply with this act will lose all federal
20		education funding.
21	SECTION 4.	This bill will be enacted the January 2020.
22	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Farwell High School