

A Bill to Make Students at Federally Funded Public Schools Vaccinated

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The U.S. will allocate \$500 million annually to ensure all students attending a public school that receives federal funding receive vaccinations for influenza.

SECTION 2. “Vaccinations” will be defined as the act of introducing a vaccine into the body to produce immunity to a specific disease through an injection. “For influenza” will reference flu shots specifically.

SECTION 3. The Department of Education in conjunction with the Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of this legislation.

A. Within 2 months of the implementation date, the Center for Disease Control will release a report detailing the specifics of vaccinating students at the aforementioned public schools.

B. Funds for this bill will be allocated by subsidizing funds from the Department of Education and the Department of Health and Human Services.

C. Any remaining funds will be allocated from the Department of Defense’s Budget.

SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Hereby Ban the Usage of Hostile Architecture in Public Areas

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS ASSEMBLED HERE THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States now federally regulates the distribution and usage of hostile architecture surrounding and displayed within public buildings and areas. The following laws shall be put into place:

- a.** States who permit the usage of hostile architecture within their public areas shall rescind such and destroy any and all remains of aggressive constructions to said areas.
- b.** Any implementation of hostile architecture from here on out shall be fined and the state whose ownership over the land be penalized by federal means. Fines will range from between \$200-\$500 for each singular installation of hostile architecture.

SECTION 2. Hostile architecture is defined as the implementation of aggressive architectural elements within the public realm, which are used to control human behavior, most notably the movement of homeless individuals. Hostile architecture may include spikes upon the ground, spikes upon the branches of trees, sloped and bolted park benches, etc.

SECTION 3. The leaders of each state shall regard each district's leaders and work in junction with local police. Police shall report instances of hostile architecture currently intact, as well as any installations after the passing of this bill, to to the leading council in charge of civil engineering and city planning.

SECTION 4. This bill will be passed immediately after passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict shall hereby be presented as null and void.

A Bill to Amend the Constitution to Establish Supreme Court Justice Term Limits

1 **WHEREAS,** with lifetime tenure in place, the current Justices rule on
2 only high profile cases which results in legal inconsistencies; and

3 **WHEREAS,** term limits are necessary because Justices are staying on
4 the bench longer than ever before; and

5 **WHEREAS,** term limits would reduce the influence of partisan politics
6 for the timing of retirements and appointments; and now, therefore, be it

7 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the
8 following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the
9 United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of
10 the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the
11 several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the
12 Congress:

13 **ARTICLE --**

14 **SECTION 1:** Supreme Court justices shall serve a 20 year term.

15 **SECTION 2:** Term limits shall not be applied to sitting Justices.

16 **SECTION 3:** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
17 legislation.

A Bill to Limit the Powers Given to a President During a National Emergency

1. WHEREAS, a President can declare a state of national emergency at any time during their term at the President's discretion for any reason;
2. WHEREAS, a President has "extraordinary authority" during a state of national
- 3.emergency, including the power to seize property, organize and control the means of
- 4.production, assign military forces abroad, institute martial law, seize and control all
- 5.transportation and communication, regulate the operation of private enterprise, restrict
- 6.travel, among other powers; and
7. WHEREAS, it is currently unclear if, when the President declares a state of national
- 8.emergency, they are able to generate funds put forth toward government projects;
9. RESOLVED: to declare a state of national emergency, a President must first formally
- 10.declare a state of national emergency, and explicitly state which powers they will
- utilize 11.during the state of national emergency; and
12. FURTHER RESOLVED: that during a state of national emergency, a President shall
- 13.be able to exercise their "extraordinary authority" only in the specific sphere that the
- 14.national emergency concerns; and
15. FURTHER RESOLVED: that a President shall only be able to exercise their
- 16."extraordinary authority" with an approval of two-thirds of the Senate.

A Bill to Provide Tax Incentives for Bilingual Businesses

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1:** Tax incentives will be provided to businesses who employ Spanish speakers as 30% or more of their workforce.
3. **SECTION 2:** The following terms shall be defined as:
 4. (A) "Tax breaks": a .5% tax concession allowed by government.
 5. (B) "Spanish speakers": Individuals who speak Spanish with fluidity and facility as well as accuracy.
 6. (C) "Business": a business that operates primarily in the service industry and has a total number of employees greater than 10.
7. **SECTION 3:** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall work in conjunction with the United States Department of Labor to oversee the implementation of this bill.
8. **SECTION 4:** This bill shall take effect at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year.
9. **SECTION 5:** All laws in conflict with this bill are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Abolish the Naturalization Fee

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. Section 1. The current \$725 fee for the naturalization of US immigrants
3. shall be abolished.
4. Section 2. The naturalization fee is defined as the fee that accompanies
5. the application and process of becoming a US citizen.
6. Section 3. The Department of Homeland Security will remove the fee and
7. Inform applicants of the change. Any expenses previously
8. funded by the naturalization fee will be subsidized by the
9. Homeland Security Budget.
10. Section 4. This bill will go into effect immediately after passing.
11. Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
12. declared null and void.

A Bill to Assist the Social Security Administration

1 Be it enacted by the congress here assembled that:

2 **Section 1.** The Social Security administration shall be allocated \$100 billion
3 for the management and provision of social security benefits every two
4 years.

5 **Section 2.** The following terms shall be defined as:

6 (A) Social security benefits: retirement, disability, medicare,
7 survivors benefits, and supplemental security income

8 **Section 3.** United States Department of Defense will oversee the
9 implementation of this bill.

10 **Section 4.** This bill shall take effect on July 26, 2019.

11 **Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Fund the Southern Border Wall

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1: This bill will fund the southern border wall in efforts to Strengthen our national security and decrease the drug epidemic and illegal immigrant intake.

Section 2: This law will be enforced and overseen by the customs and border patrol

agency. They will also administer and oversee the building of the wall.

Section 3: The funding required is an immediate \$5.7 billion.

Section 4: This bill will be enacted on July 1, 2019.

Section 5: all laws in conflict with this loose leash and I hereby declare null and void.

A Bill to Recognize Taiwan

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall diplomatically recognize the Republic of China, or Taiwan, as an official country.

SECTION 2. Diplomatic recognition is defined as “The Power of established governments to recognize new states, or new governments in existing states.”

SECTION 3. The Department of State shall oversee the implementation of this bill.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect January 1, 2020.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Fight Illegal Immigration

1. Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:
2. SECTION 1: (A) In order to fight Illegal immigration within our public schools, those who wish to attend public school must provide legal documentation.
3. (B) Such legal documentation required will be a SSN, a birth certificate,
4. (if foreign) visa, and/or documentation of legal residency.
5. SECTION 2: Public schools within the status quo require only an address to apply
6. for public schooling which sucks taxpayers dry of their money. This leads to
7. lower salaries, more crowded classrooms, and higher tensions between students
8. at school.
9. SECTION 3: Illegal Immigration shall be defined as "the migration of people into a
10. country in ways that violate the immigration laws of that country, or the remaining
11. in a country of people who no longer have the legal right to remain"
12. SECTION 4: Public schools who do not accept this piece of legislation shall lose
13. all government assistance, and federal funding. That funding taken will be
14. distributed to compliant public schools who wish to fight illegal immigration.
15. SECTION 5: This bill will help ensure quality education for Legal residents, and
16. fight off illegal immigration.
17. SECTION 6: This bill will go into effect at the beginning of the 2019-2020
18. school
19. year.
20. SECTION 7: The Department of Education and the Department of Justice shall
21. oversee the implementation of this bill.
22. SECTION 8: All laws in conflict with this piece of legislation are hereby declared
23. null and void.

A Bill to Regulate the Prevention of Wildfires

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1: \$2 billion shall be allocated from the Department of Defense to the United States Department of Agriculture to be used for the prevention measures required to help inhibit the threat of a wildfire.

Section 2: The following terms shall be defined as:

(a) **Controlled Burns:** An intentional burning of underbrush, dead foliage, and destruction or removal of any possible fuel that could be used by a wildfire.

(b) **Prevention Measures:** measures that are put in place before the wildfire reaches an area to prevent the spread of a fire to that area.

Section 3: The United States Forest Service will work to prevent the spread of wildfires or inhibit the threat of future wildfires through methods that include controlled burning and other measures that the agency deems necessary. In addition, the agency will determine the priority in dealing with each individual wildfire based solely on the extent of the natural environment it threatens, the amount of U.S. citizens it endangers, and possible property damage caused by the fire.

Section 4: This bill shall be implemented by January 1, 2020

Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Energy Utility Accountability Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. The U.S. federal government shall withhold subsidies from utilities or
3 other energy companies in states where gas and/or electricity markets
4 are deregulated.

5 SECTION 2. The Department of Energy and Department of Commerce shall enforce
6 this legislation.

7 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect with the next fiscal year following passage; all
8 laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby null and void.

A Resolution to Strengthen Trade Relations with the United Kingdom

1 WHEREAS, The United Kingdom's exit from the European Union has created an
2 international trade fiasco; and

3 WHEREAS, The eventual end of free trade between the United Kingdom and the
4 European Union has presented an opportunity for free trade between the United States
5 and the United Kingdom; and

6 WHEREAS, Pursuing closer economic relations with the United Kingdom can boost
7 both the global economy and diplomatic relations
8 independently of the European Union; and

9 WHEREAS, A free trade agreement would reaffirm the alliance between the United
10 States and the United Kingdom; now, therefore, be it

11 RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled begin negotiations with the United
12 Kingdom to establish a free trade agreement between our two nations.

A BILL TO SUSPEND THE PAYCHECK OF CONGRESSIONAL DURING A GOVERNMENT SHUTDOWN

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** After the passing of this bill, all elected members of the federal legislative branch would work without pay during any federal government shutdown.
- SECTION 2.** Specifically, when referring to the legislative branch, this would include all elected members of the House of Representatives and Senate.
- SECTION 3.** The implementation of this bill will be enforced and overseen by the United States Treasury Department, and will be effective, without restitution, upon the first day of the government shutdown.
- SECTION 4.** Implementation of this bill will begin on January 1st, 2020.
- SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Protect Subsidies for Electric Vehicle Companies

- WHEREAS,** electric vehicles, defined as automobiles that use one or more electric motors or traction motors for propulsion, and the sales of electric vehicles in the United States have become drastically more prevalent in the past three years; and
- WHEREAS,** studies have proven that the adoption of EVs is key to lowering carbon emissions and limiting climate change among vehicle consumers; and
- WHEREAS,** the Federal Government provides automakers a \$2,500 to \$7,500 subsidy in the form of a tax credit for their first 200,000 electric vehicle sales, which has shown to positively influence automakers' decision to manufacture EVs over other, less efficient vehicles; and
- WHEREAS,** the Trump administration has hinted at counterintuitively ending this subsidy as a means to punish major automakers' placing manufacturing jobs offshore; and
- WHEREAS,** these tax credits are crucial, if not essential, in supporting the appropriation of electric vehicles and facilitating the growth of EV manufacturing in the US; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED,** by the Congress here assembled that these subsidies should henceforth be preserved to ensure an environmentally stable future as well as to reduce overall energy demand in the long term; and be it
- FURTHER RESOLVED,** that Congress shall have the power to enforce this resolution by appropriate legislation.