

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency will hereby cease
2 operation.

3 **SECTION 2.** The Immigration and Customs Enforcement Agency (ICE) is responsible for
4 identifying and eliminating border, economic, transportation, and
5 infrastructure security vulnerabilities.

A. ICE has two primary components: Homeland Security Investigations (HSI) and Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO).

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the termination of ICE.

9 A. All operations of ICE, including trainings, deportations, and
10 investigations, will cease.

11 B. All former ICE functions, personnel, assets, and liabilities will be
12 transferred to the United States Border Patrol.

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect one year after passage.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Establish Mandatory Autopsies for Nursing Home Patients to Detect Malpractice

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

SECTION 1: The United States shall henceforth establish mandatory autopsies to be performed on nursing home patients

SECTION 2: Autopsy is defined as, “A postmortem examination to discover the cause of death or the extent of disease,” by the Oxford English Dictionary.

SECTION 3: The United States Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of this bill.

- a. This will be at no cost to the individual. Funds will be granted through the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
- b. Furthermore an individual’s next of kin or trustee will be able to opt out of the autopsy on their behalf if religious or personal beliefs conflict with the autopsy.

SECTION 4: This legislation will go into effect on January 1st of 2022.

SECTION 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Senator Jacob Cardwell of Randall K. Cooper High School

A Resolution to Introduce Congressional Term Limits

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS ASSEMBLED HERE THAT

SECTION 1. The United States will require that all representatives elected to the House of Representatives are limited to three, two year terms and representatives elected to the Senate limited to two, six year terms.

SECTION 2. Terms are defined as the length of time a representative can occupy the office.

SECTION 3. The Federal Elections Commission (FEC) will oversee the implementation of this bill
A. If a representative is completing the term of a previous representative, it does not count towards the term limits

SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect January 3rd, 2025

SECTION 5. All other laws in conflict with this bill shall be declared null and void

Introduced for debate by Dixie Heights High School

A Bill to curb American monopolization in an effort to combat climate change

Section 1: While “monopoly power” is currently illegal under the Sherman Antitrust act, many major companies have very large influence and control over the market. Therefore, companies found to control 30% or more of the market will be forced to split into the necessary amount to guarantee each has less than 30% of market control.

Section 2: The Federal Trade Commission shall enforce this legislation

A) all revenue collected shall go into green, renewable energy sources to combat our impending issue of climate changes

Section 3: this legislation shall go into effect January 1, 2020

Section 4: all laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional debate by Trinity High School

A Bill to Establish a Cap-And-Trade Program

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **Section 1.** The United States implement a nationwide corporate cap-and-trade
3 program with the goal of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.

4 **Section 2.** The cap is defined as a limit on greenhouse gas emissions. The trade
5 allows companies to buy and sell allowances of emissions. The goal is that
6 companies are incentivized to cut emissions to save money.

7 **Section 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency shall be responsible for overseeing
8 and enforcing this legislation.

9 **A.** The program would establish a cap on greenhouse gas emissions for
10 individual corporations. The corporations may sell their unused allowance
11 to other corporations, if desired. Companies must use profits made from
12 selling these allowances to either invest in green energy or give relief to
13 their customers.

14 **B.** The amount of the cap will be set each year according to the nationwide
15 goal set forth by the Paris Climate Accord of cutting total greenhouse gas
16 emissions by 26% by the year 2025.

17 **Section 4.** This legislation shall take effect January 1, 2019.

18 **Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by
Senator Preston Romanov
Trinity High School

A Bill to Revise American Usage of Cyber Attacks by Limiting Domestic Usage

BE IT ENACTED THAT BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1:

The United States will cease all usage of any manner of cyber attacks on the US population, including but not limited to surveillance, harassment or information gathering on the US populace.

SECTION 2:

Cyber Attack- Any form of attack or aggression that requires the use of the cyber space, including hacking, invasion of privacy and blackmailing.

Harassment- any form of bullying or acting in a threatening manner in order to achieve an intended goal

Surveillance- A monitoring of the actions, movements and interactions of a person or entity, often unwanted.

SECTION 3:

No US governmental institution shall enact in any form of cyber attack on a domestic population. All entities currently engaging in cyber attacks or any form of cyber harassment on US populations, such as the CIA, FBI and Department of Homeland Security, will immediately cease all further action regarding to these attacks. Punishment for breaking this policy can range from limitations on usage of available resources, all the way to federal trials for individuals caught committing cyber attacks. This is to be enforced by federal law, as well as close moderation of bots and programs being developed, as well as their potential purposes.

SECTION 4:

This bill will go into effect immediately after passing, and all domestic cyber attacks must be immediately ceased. All domestic offensive programs must be purged within 64 days of the bill's passing.

SECTION 5:

All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Walker Evans

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Allow Naturalized Citizens to Run for President

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article
3 is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
4 which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution
5 when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states
6 within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

7 **ARTICLE --**

8 **SECTION 1.** A. The Natural-Born-Citizen Clause is amended to allow Naturalized
9 Citizens to run for the office of President and Vice President.

10 B. Any Naturalized Citizen who has both been a citizen of and lived in the
11 United States for 20 or more years shall have the ability to run for
12 President of the United States.

13 C. Any laws regarding to the election of a president not addressed by this
14 Constitutional Amendment shall not be impacted.

15 **SECTION 2.** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
16 legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Trinity High School

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS CONGRESS THAT:

10 **SECTION 5.** All other laws that conflict with this policy shall hereby be declared null
11 and void.

Introduced by Henry Clay High School

A Bill to Implement a Green New Deal to Combat Climate Change

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall impose a corporate carbon tax of 12% a
2 corporation's income per ton of carbon dioxide embedded in fuels or
3 other products.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** The United States shall henceforth again be again an active member of
5 the Paris Climate Accord, and shall comply with every tenant thereof.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The construction of any new oil pipelines within the United States and
7 any U.S. controlled territories shall be banned entirely and any
8 scheduled pipelines that have not begun construction will be
9 cancelled. Any pipelines currently in construction will be finished
10 within a year of passage of this legislation.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** Beginning in the year 2025, the United States will impose a 4%
12 income tax on all citizens driving vehicles powered by gasoline. This
13 tax will double every ten years.
- 14 **SECTION 5.** The Department of Energy will be responsible for the implementation
15 of this legislation and the Department of the Treasury will be
16 responsible for collecting all subsequent tax dollars.
- 17 **SECTION 6.** This bill will take effect January 1, 2020.
- 18 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with legislation are hereby considered null and
19 void

20 *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Henry Clay High School*

A Resolution to Accede to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea

1. **WHEREAS,** the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) was
2. adopted by the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea in
3. December 1982, and entered into force in November 1994 to establish a
4. treaty regime to govern activities on, over, and under the world's oceans;
5. and;
5. **WHEREAS,** UNCLOS builds on four 1958 law of the sea conventions to which the
6. United States is a party, including the Convention on the Territorial Sea
7. and the Contiguous Zone, the Convention on the High Seas, the
8. Convention on the Continental Shelf, and the Convention on Fishing and
9. Conservation of the Living Resources of the High Seas, and;
10. **WHEREAS,** the convention has been ratified by 167 parties, which includes 166 states
11. and the European Union, but not the United States, and;
12. **WHEREAS,** relying on other nations to assert claims on behalf of the United States at
13. the Hague Convention is woefully insufficient to defend and uphold
14. United States sovereign rights and interests; Now, therefore, be it
15. **RESOLVED,** By this Congress that: this body will accede to the United Nations
16. Convention on the Law of the Sea.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Henry Clay High School

A Bill to Initiate Operation Крым наш

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS CONGRESS THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** All necessary military force shall be authorized to secure, acquire, and
2. annex all territory currently held by the military of the Russian
3. Federation.
4. **SECTION 2.** In this conflict, enemies of the United States shall be classified as
5. all allies of the Russian Federation who participated in the invasion.
6. Pro-Russian rebel groups shall also be classified as enemy combatants.
7. All non-combatants or neutral international entities in the territory shall
8. not be targets of the United States. Conflict shall be restricted to Ukraine's
9. pre-invasion borders.
10. **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Defense will oversee the implementation of this
11. bill.
12. (a) The United States Armed Forces shall be forbidden to
13. participate in cross-border conflicts. Cooperation from the
14. Ukraine shall be sought before engagement. If refused,
15. engagement shall not commence. Once hostilities have
16. ceased, American forces shall remain in the region at the
17. discretion of the Ukrainian government.
18. **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect at the discretion of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
19. **SECTION 5.** All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy shall hereby be
20. declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Henry Clay High School

A Bill to Regulate Ghost Guns and Correlating Parts

1 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**

2 **SECTION 1.** This bill will regulate ghost guns and kits by eliminating loopholes with new
3 classifications and requirements.

4 **SECTION 2.** “Ghost Guns” are firearms without serial numbers that are often personally assembled.
5 They are a product of a loophole in federal law that allows unserialized and unregistered guns to be
6 completely legal and additionally untraceable by law enforcement. The correlating federal loopholes, Gun
7 Control Act of 1968 (GCA or GCA68) and 18 U.S.C. 922(o), (p) and (r); 26 U.S.C. 5822; 27 CFR
8 478.39, 479.62 and 479.105, must be addressed and evaluated for the welfare of the general public of the
9 United States.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice (DOJ) and Department of Homeland Security (DHS) would
11 enforce the following: integrate the classification of unfinished lower receivers (80% receivers) and 80%
12 finished gun kits as firearms and thereby require background checks and serialization, the requirement of
13 all homemade gun owners must acquire serialization for their firearm, and the requirement of licensed
14 sellers to keep sales records of unfinished gun kits and components.

15 **SECTION 4.** This bill will come into effect months after passage.

16 **SECTION 5.** All other laws and passages of Congress that conflict with this bill will be
17 considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lafayette High School.

A Resolution to Declare US Neutrality in the Yemeni Civil War

1 **Whereas**, past United States interventionism in Middle Eastern conflict has come at great cost to
2 our country, and has often made regional issues worse.

3
4 **Whereas**, the Saudi-led coalition, which the United States has allied with heretofore, has used
5 weapons sold by the US to target children and civilians.

6
7 **Whereas**, neither side in the Yemeni conflict is likely to ally with the United States at the war's
8 resolution, and so US interest does not justify our intervention.

9
10 **Whereas**, killing civilians and inspiring terror is the antithesis of our national ideals.

11
12 **Whereas**, continuing to be a participant in this conflict will damage our moral and diplomatic
13 authority around the globe.

14
15 **Resolved**, the US shall declare itself a neutral party in the civil war in Yemen, and will not
16 provide or sell weapons to Saudi Arabia, the embroiled Yemeni government, or Yemeni Houthi
17 rebels.

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19 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lafayette High School.

A Bill to Require High Schools to Provide Condoms to Students

1 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**

2 **SECTION 1.** All public high schools in the US shall be required to provide condoms to students
3 through the school nurse.

4 **SECTION 2.** To be eligible to receive the condom, the student must go through a sex education
5 class. This bill will also require that all public schools have a nurse on staff.

6 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall be responsible for Section 1
7 of this bill, as they will distribute and enforce that all public high schools have the condoms
8 available. They will also be in charge of enforcing that every public school has a nurse on staff.
9 The Department of Education shall be responsible for Section 2 as they will write and provide
10 curriculum for the sex education class.

11 **SECTION 4.** \$2,000,000 shall be allocated to the Department of Health and Human Services
12 and \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to the Department of Education from the federal budget in
13 2019.

14 **SECTION 5.** This bill will come into effect on 08/01/19.

15 **SECTION 6.** All other laws and passages of Congress that conflict with this bill will be
16 considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lafayette High School.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Repeal the 17th Amendment

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE 28

SECTION 1. The seventeenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States is hereby repealed and replaced with the following: “The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state elected by the legislatures thereof, serving for six years; each senator will have one vote. The senators shall be nominated in any manner that the state finds appropriate. The electors in the state’s legislature shall be comprised of the maximum number chambers of that state’s legislature. If a vacancy were to occur in the state’s representation, the executive shall nominate a temporary replacement to be voted on by the state legislature. The temporary appointment shall remain in office until the next election by the state legislature. This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lafayette High School.

A Bill to End the National Security Agency

1 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**

2 **SECTION 1.** This National Security Agency is hereby abolished and its budget/spending shall
3 be declassified.

4 **SECTION 2.** The National Security Agency is an agency part of the Department of Defense
5 dealing with cryptography and data collection for intelligence and counter-intelligence purposes
6 in communications. However, the organization has breached U.S. citizens' civil liberties and the
7 4th Amendment. In 2013, Edward Snowden, who worked for the NSA at the time, leaked
8 information about programs the NSA was running. These programs spied on U.S. citizens with
9 no need for a warrant or probable cause. This also included one that the NSA recently ended
10 where it would collect email traffic if it included the email of or phone number of the foreign
11 target; this included any domestic message sent. The NSA has been challenged constitutionally
12 and been prosecuted, but only changed the ways in which they did it.

13 **SECTION 3.** Beginning with the next fiscal year after this legislation's passage, all funding for
14 the National Security Agency shall be halted and its assets shall be repurposed for other
15 government projects and programs, ten million dollars shall be allocated to the Department of
16 Defense to be used for the purposes of transition programs.

17 **SECTION 4.** The funding of the National Security Agency shall not be used in any capacity by
18 the federal government.

19 **SECTION 5.** This bill will come into effect immediately.

20 **SECTION 6.** All other laws and passages of Congress that conflict with this bill will be
21 considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lafayette High School.

A Bill to Ban Arms Sales to Saudi Arabia

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. No defense article or defense service may be sold or otherwise made available to the Government of Saudi Arabia or to any agents of such Government. This bill shall be subject to renewal by Congress each year after its passage.

SECTION 2. Defense Article: Hardware and software, as well as related technical data. Examples of categories- firearms; artillery projectors; ammunition; launch vehicles, missiles and bombs; vessels of war; tanks/military vehicles; aircraft; gas turbine engines, etc.

Defense Service: Military training of foreign units and forces by correspondence courses, technical, educational, or information publications and media of all kinds, training aid, orientation, training exercise, and military advice.

SECTION 3. The Department of Defense (DoD) will enforce this legislation.

A. DoD will ensure that the actions carried out at the department abide by the rules set forth in this bill.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect immediately after passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Larry A. Ryle High School

A Bill to Build Trade Schools Throughout all Fifty States

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** This congress will build in total 500 trade schools with 10 trade schools in
3 each state. These schools will be built to completion by January 1st, 2024.

4 **SECTION 2.** A trade school according to Dictionary.com is a high school giving
5 instruction chiefly to skilled trades. Skilled trade jobs include electricians,
6 carpenters, and tile selector. These jobs require specific training

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education will oversee enforcement of this bill.

8 **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into full effect on May 1st, 2018.

9 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Repeal the Tampon Tax to Promote Equality

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The luxury tax placed on feminine hygiene products will be repealed on
2 federal and state levels to eliminate unnecessary costs and promote
3 equality.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Feminine hygiene products are defined as menstrual tampons and pads
5 categorized by the FDA. A luxury tax is a tax placed on products or services
6 that are deemed to be unnecessary or non-essential.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** Local, state, and federal governments will oversee the enforcement of the
8 bill along with the specific enforcement mechanism.
- 9 A. No state may add a luxury tax or heightened sales tax on feminine
10 hygiene products.
- 11 B. States in noncompliance with this bill will be forced to pay twice the
12 amount collected in feminine product tax to the federal government.
- 13 C. This fine will be collected every fiscal year for five years. If the violation
14 has not been fixed within that five-year period, then the fine will triple the
15 original amount until the violation is permanently fixed.
- 16 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect immediately but states will have one year from
17 passage to implement before fines would be applicable.
- 18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Riley Hamm representing Beechwood High School.

A Bill to Reduce Social Welfare Programs to Further Job Creation in order to Boost the Economic Market.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. In order to achieve a surplus in the job market, the social welfare system must be decreased by twenty percent for a resulting reallocation of funds that will be further used to create new jobs. Moreover, using these newly obtained funds, the government can create jobs for those who have previously maintained a living on handouts from the federal government.

SECTION 2. The social welfare system provides assistance to needy individuals and families. However, the types and amount of welfare available to individuals and families vary depending on the country, state or region.

SECTION 3. The enforcement of this bill will be carried out by the Department of Health and Human Resources as a representative of the working conditions of humans.

SECTION 4. This bill shall be implemented by January 1st, 2020

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Alex Hudepohl representing Beechwood High School

A Bill to End Daylight Savings Time

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The United States will no longer support Daylight Savings Time.
- 2 **SECTION 2.** Daylight Savings Time is defined as the time change observed twice a year,
3 once hour forward, once an hour back, in order to conserve daylight, in the
4 majority of the US as set in the Uniform Time Act of 1966.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** This bill will be enforced by the Surface Transportation Board
- 6 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented on November 5th, 2019
- 7 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Michael Paulson representing Beechwood High School

A Bill to Move the Retirement Age Up to 70

1 **WHEREAS,** American health and life expectancy allows for those aged 65-69 able to
2 contribute to the workforce; and

3 **WHEREAS,** The retirement age has been at 65 since 1935 with the original Social
4 Security Act, when life expectancy was 61, compared to 78.7 in 2011.; and

5 **WHEREAS,** The federal debt is growing daily, and spending 21% of the GDP on Social
6 Security is only inflating it; and

7 **RESOLVED,** The Social Security age for full retirement benefits will be raised to 70 and
8 the funds saved will be used to pay off the federal debt. This piece of
9 legislation will be overseen by the Social Security Administration. All laws in
10 conflict with this bill are considered null and void. This goes into effect
11 immediately; and, be it.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bryce Hawes from Beechwood High School.

A Bill to Establish Mandatory 2-Week Paid Maternity and Paternity Leave

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States will require employers to offer mandatory paid maternity and paternity leave of at least six weeks length.

SECTION 2. Currently, there are only requirements for employers to offer unpaid maternity leave, preventing many parents from spending adequate time with their children at this pivotal stage of development. Maternity and paternity leave is defined as time allowed to mothers and fathers for a newborn to care for the child, both before and after birth.

SECTION 3. This bill will be enacted and enforced by the United States Department of Labor.

SECTION 4. The government will bear no fiscal responsibility in the passing of this bill.

SECTION 5. This bill will go into effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 6. All other law and/or passages of Congress that conflict with this will be considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Paul Laurence Dunbar High School.

A Bill Relating to Parental Incarceration

SECTION 1. The United States will give parental inmates convicted of any class misdemeanor or Class C or D felonies eligibility for in-home incarceration or outpatient care. Misdemeanors and felonies relating to the abuse and mistreatment of a child, domestic abuse of any kind, violent or sexual in any nature, or would pose a threat to public safety are excluded from this legislation.

SECTION 2. The United States has the highest rate of imprisonment of parents with 46%. The absence of a parent from their children's lives is detrimental to their upbringing and unfair to the child.

SECTION 3. The Federal Bureau of Prisons will enact and enforce this bill.

SECTION 4. The BOP will not require additional funding, as it costs over \$20,000 to imprison someone per year while it only requires \$6,000 to home incarcerate.

SECTION 5. This legislation will go in affect at the beginning of 2020.

SECTION 6. All other laws and/or passages of Congress that conflict with this bill will be considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Paul Laurence Dunbar High School.

A Bill to Re-Institute the Iran Nuclear Deal

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States will reinstate the Iran nuclear deal with all of its previously-established terms both on the United States and the Islamic Republic of Iran.

SECTION 2. By allowing the Iranian regime to manufacture a nuclear weapon, the United States is undermining the terms of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT). In order to maintain global peace, the United States, along with the United Nations, must prevent the Iranian government from obtaining a nuclear weapon. Nuclear weapons are defined as explosive devices whose destructive potentials derive from the release of energy that accompanies the splitting or combining of atomic nuclei.

SECTION 3. The United States Department of State will enact and enforce this bill.

SECTION 4. Failure to comply with the terms will result in the reinstallation of all sanctions back on the country of Iran.

SECTION 5. The government will bear no fiscal responsibility in the passing of this bill.

SECTION 6. This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 7. All other laws and/or passages of Congress that conflict with this bill will be considered null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Paul Laurence Dunbar High School.

A Bill to Privatize Social Security

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** Social Security will hereby be partially privatized, with
2 workers allowed to manage their own retirement funds through personal
3 investment accounts.

4 **SECTION 2.** Retirees currently receiving Social Security benefits will
5 receive them for life. Those receiving social security benefits will be
6 unaffected. Workers and employers will pay 4% in FICA payroll taxes until
7 2040, after which they will pay 2%.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Social Security Administration will be held responsible
9 for implementing the legislation. A yearly stipend of 500 billion will be
10 spent to supplement the program until 2040, in which 250 billion will be
11 spent per year.

12 **SECTION 4.** This will go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2020

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
null and void

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Christian Butterfield; Bowling Green
High*

The Anti-Monopoly Act of 2019

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** Various policies will be enacted upon the agricultural sector
2 to weaken monopolies and support small farming.

3 **SECTION 2.** The following reforms will be placed upon the agricultural
4 sector

5 A. Current farming subsidies and financial aid will be reallocated to
6 prioritize commercial farms with a gross sales of less than \$100,000 per
7 year or those in immediate financial crisis due to exigent
8 circumstances.

9 B. The biotech company Monsanto will be broken up into various smaller
10 firms and bar those firms from entering into mergers for at least 3
11 years. The exact details of this antitrust will be determined pending a
12 two year long investigation led by the DOJ

13 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Agriculture will implement all parts of
14 section 2A. The antitrust in Section 2B will be implemented by the
15 Department of Justice and enforced by the Department of Agriculture.

SECTION 4. This will go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2020.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Christian Butterfield; Bowling Green High

A Bill to Incorporate a Tiered Corporate Tax System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** A tiered system based on employee size will be put in place
2 to determine the corporate tax rate.

3 **SECTION 2.** A small business has less than 50 employees. A medium
4 sized business has between 50 and 249 employees. A large sized business
5 has greater than or equal to 250 employees. A multinational corporation or
6 worldwide enterprise is a corporate organization that owns or controls
7 production of goods or services in at least one country other than its home
8 country.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee the
10 enforcement of the bill and allocate the revenue from the tax to the US
11 Department of Treasury.

12 C. Small businesses will be taxed at a rate of 15%.

13 D. Medium businesses will be taxed at a rate of 21%.

14 E. Large businesses will be taking d at a rate of 28%.

15 F. Multinational corporations will be taxed at a rate of 36%.

SECTION 4. This will go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2019.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rep. Ronit Patel; Bowling Green High

A Bill to Ban Non-Prescription Appetite Suppressants and Detox Products

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1: The sale or importation of appetite suppressants and detox products without a prescription is hereby banned, whether over-the-counter or as a supplement.

Section 2:

- A. An ‘appetite suppressant’ is defined as any product claiming to cause or facilitate weight loss through curbing the user’s appetite.
- B. A ‘detox product’ is defined within the context of this bill as products claiming to contribute to weight loss by ‘detoxifying’ the user’s body of harmful substances.

Section 3: Enforcement of this law will be overseen by the Food and Drug Administration.

Section 4: This law will come into effect on January 1st, 2020.

Section 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation is hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for congressional debate by Abby Adams-Smith of Bowling Green High School

Bill to Change the Role of the Electoral College

Be it enacted by this congress assembled here that:

1. Section 1. The electoral college of the United States of America will not be used except for if there was an indecision in the victor for the presidential election.
2. Section 2A. The presidency of the United States will be decided by majority popular vote.
3. Section 2B. In case of the victor winning by 100,000 votes or less, the electoral college will be summoned to deliver a verdict.
4. Section 3. This legislation will go into effect in the 2024 presidential election year

Respectfully submitted by George Rogers Clark High School