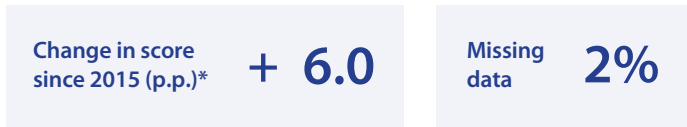
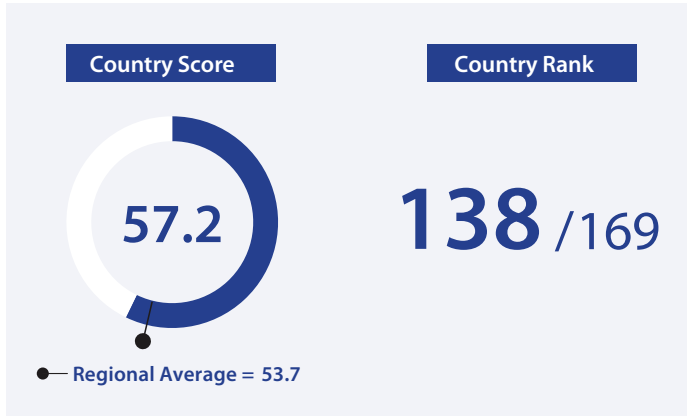
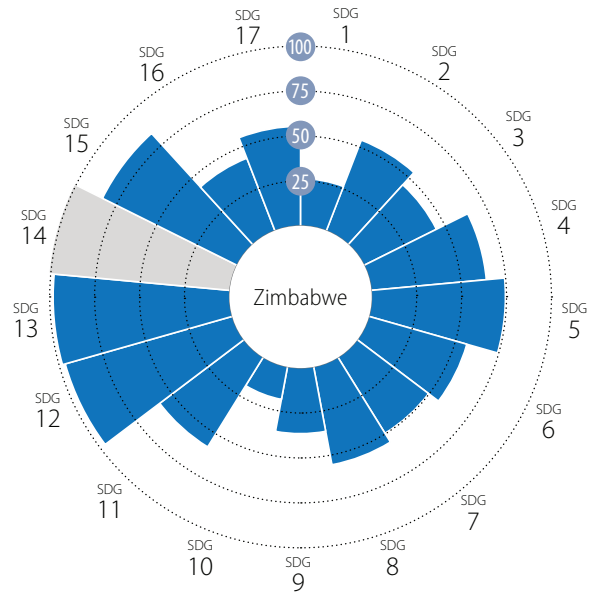


## Overall Performance



## Average Performance by SDG

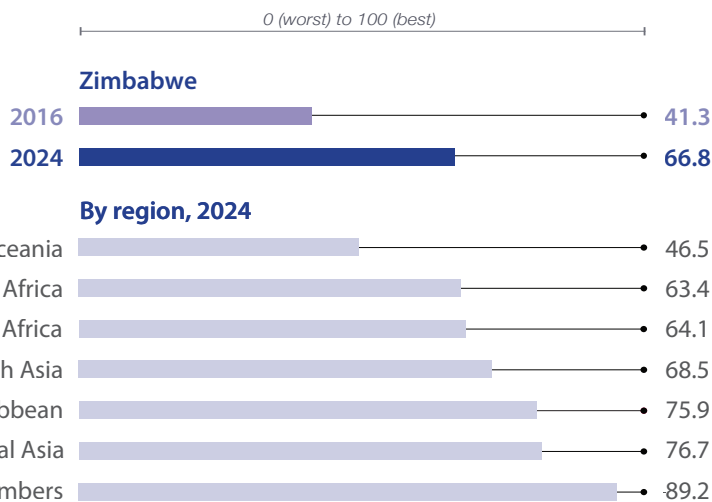


## SDG Dashboard and Trends



■ Major challenges   
 ■ Significant challenges   
 ■ Challenges remain   
 ■ SDG achieved   
 ■ Information unavailable  
↓ Decreasing   
 → Stagnating   
 ↗ Moderately improving   
 ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement   
 ● Information unavailable

## Statistical Performance Index



## Number of Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs)



\*Progress (in percentage points) is based on a set of 17 headline SDG indicators. Please see the methodology section for details.

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year	Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.00/day (%)	34.9	2026	●	↓	Rural population with access to all-season roads (%)	74.4	2026	●	↓	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$4.20/day (%)	49.1	2026	●	↓	Population using the internet (%)	41.6	2024	●	↗	
<b>SDG2 – Zero Hunger</b>					Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	71.3	2024	●	↑	
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	19.7	2023	●	↑	Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure Score (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2023	●	→	
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	25.9	2024	●	→	Times Higher Education world rankings: average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	18.8	2026	●	●	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.1	2024	●	↓	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2024	●	→	
Minimum dietary diversity among children aged 6–23 months (%)	24.7	2024	●	●	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	NA	NA	●	●	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	14.2	2022	●	↓	Total patent applications by applicant's origin (per million population)	2.1	2024	●	→	
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1	2023	●	↑	E-government: Online Services Index (worst 0–1 best)	0.4	2024	●	→	
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.7	2023	●	→	<b>SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities</b>					
Progress towards productive and sustainable agriculture (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2024	●	→	Gini coefficient	50.3	2019	●	●	
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0	2022	●	●	Palma ratio	3.2	2019	●	●	
<b>SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being</b>					<b>SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities</b>					
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	357.6	2023	●	→	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	54.9	2022	●	●	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.7	2024	●	↓	Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (µg/m³)	13.1	2023	●	→	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	64.7	2024	●	→	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	57.8	2024	●	↓	
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	203.0	2024	●	→	Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%)	51.1	2020	●	●	
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population, all ages)	0.9	2024	●	↑	<b>SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production</b>					
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30 to 70 (%)	31.2	2021	●	→	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.5	2022	●	●	
Age-standardized death rate due to air pollution (per 100,000 population)	74.5	2023	●	→	Electronic waste that is not recycled (kg/capita)	1.1	2022	●	●	
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	29.9	2021	●	↗	Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)	0.3	2024	●	↑	
Life expectancy at birth (years)	63.3	2025	●	→	Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population)	0.7	2024	●	↑	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	86.8	2021	●	↗	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	10.9	2024	●	↑	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	84.6	2024	●	↗	Nitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita)	4.6	2024	●	↑	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90	2024	●	↑	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.1	2024	●	●	
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	59	2023	●	↗	<b>SDG13 – Climate Action</b>					
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	3.3	2025	●	↓	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.8	2024	●	↑	
<b>SDG4 – Quality Education</b>					GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2e</sub> /capita)	0.8	2024	●	↑	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	56.5	2024	●	→	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (tonnes/capita)	0.0	2024	●	●	
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	89.5	2024	●	↗	<b>SDG14 – Life Below Water</b>					
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	65.6	2024	●	→	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	●	●	
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	92.5	2019	●	●	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA	NA	●	●	
<b>SDG5 – Gender Equality</b>					Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA	●	●	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49)	85.9	2025	●	↑	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA	NA	●	●	
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	85.5	2023	●	→	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA	NA	●	●	
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	83.7	2025	●	↑	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	●	●	
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	30.1	2026	●	↓	<b>SDG15 – Life on Land</b>					
<b>SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation</b>					Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.1	2025	●	↑	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.2	2024	●	↓	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	82.0	2025	●	→	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	34.6	2024	●	↓	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	●	●	
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	46.1	2023	●	→	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average)	0.4	2024	●	●	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	53.9	2017	●	●	Imported deforestation (m <sup>2</sup> /capita)	6.6	2022	●	↑	
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O eq/capita)	179.9	2024	●	↑	<b>SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions</b>					
<b>SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy</b>					Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.8	2022	●	●	
Population with access to electricity (%)	62.0	2023	●	↗	Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best)	0.6	2024	●	↓	
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	30.7	2023	●	→	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	23.5	2024	●	→	
CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	1.3	2024	●	→	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	48.7	2019	●	●	
Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%)	18.5	2022	●	→	Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–100 best)	22.0	2025	●	→	
<b>SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth</b>					Children involved in child labor (%)	27.9	2019	●	●	
Adjusted GDP growth index (worst 0–100 best)	50.5	2024	●	●	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV per 100,000 population) *	0.0	2025	●	●	
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.0	2022	●	●	Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best)	44.4	2026	●	↓	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	49.5	2024	●	↗	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.44	2024	●	↓	
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+)	9.2	2026	●	↓	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.36	2024	●	→	
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5	2024	●	→	Expropriations are lawful and adequately compensated (worst 0–1 best)	0.28	2024	●	→	
					<b>SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals</b>					
					Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	1.3	2023	●	↓	
					For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	**	**	**	**	
					Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	8.1	2018	●	●	
					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	*	0	2025	●	●
					Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	*	0.0	2022	●	●
					Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	66.8	2024	●	↑	
					Index of countries' support to UN-based multilateralism (worst 0–100 best)	68.8	2026	●	↓	

\* Imputed data point, \*\* Not applicable  
NA = Data not available