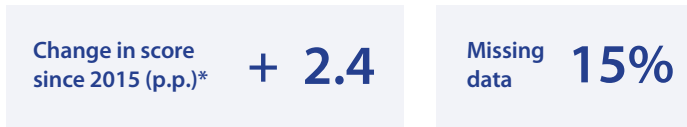
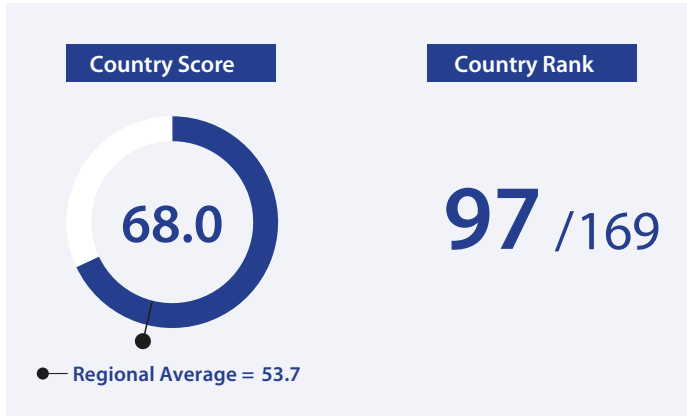
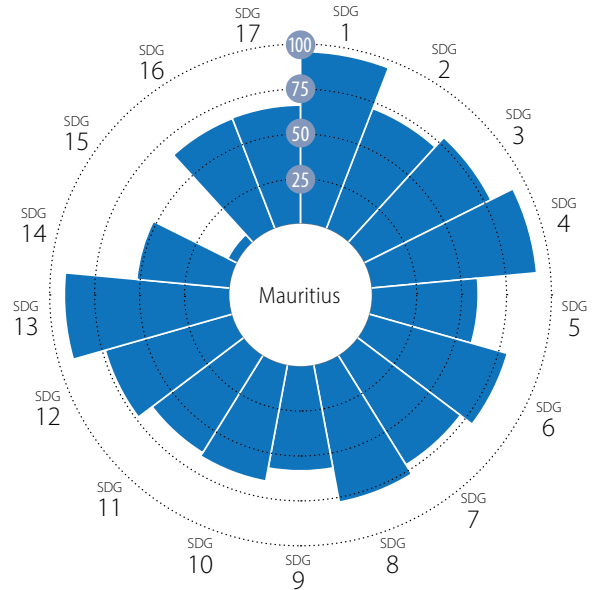


### Overall Performance



### Average Performance by SDG

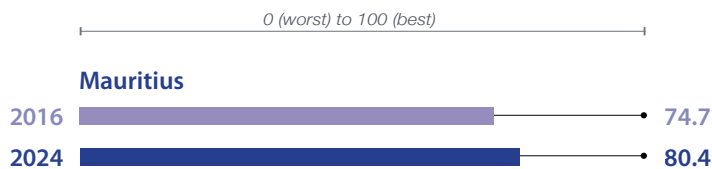


### SDG Dashboard and Trends

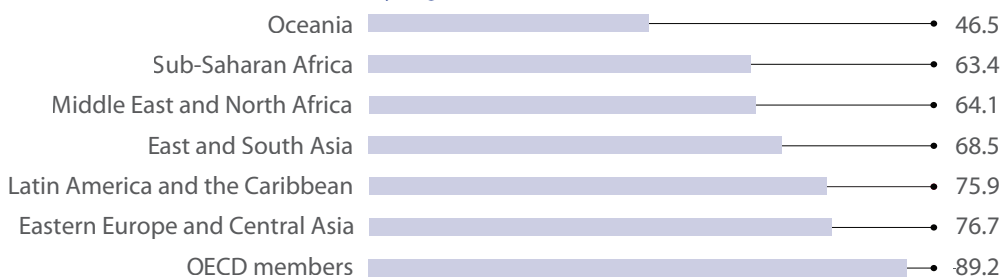


■ Major challenges  
 ■ Significant challenges  
 ■ Challenges remain  
 ■ SDG achieved  
 ■ Information unavailable  
↓ Decreasing  
 → Stagnating  
 ↗ Moderately improving  
 ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement  
 ● Information unavailable

### Statistical Performance Index



#### By region, 2024



### Number of Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs)



\*Progress (in percentage points) is based on a set of 17 headline SDG indicators. Please see the methodology section for details.

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value	Year	Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.00/day (%)	2.1	2026	●	↑	Rural population with access to all-season roads (%)	99.9	2026	●	↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$4.20/day (%)	3.3	2026	●	↔	Population using the internet (%)	73.3	2024	●	↑
<b>SDG2 – Zero Hunger</b>					Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	145.7	2024	●	↑
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	8.7	2023	●	↓	Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure Score (worst 1–5 best)	2.5	2023	●	●
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	●	●	Times Higher Education world rankings: average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	29.7	2026	●	●
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	NA	●	●	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.4	2024	●	↔
Minimum dietary diversity among children aged 6–23 months (%)	NA	NA	●	●	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2024	●	●
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	19.2	2022	●	↓	Total patent applications by applicant's origin (per million population)	339.7	2024	●	↑
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2023	●	↔	E-government: Online Services Index (worst 0–1 best)	0.6	2024	●	↓
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	11.6	2023	●	↑	<b>SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities</b>				
Progress towards productive and sustainable agriculture (worst 1–5 best)	3.6	2024	●	↔	Gini coefficient	36.8	2017	●	●
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.1	2014	●	●	Palma ratio	1.6	2017	●	●
<b>SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being</b>					<b>SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities</b>				
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	65.9	2023	●	↔	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	48.7	2022	●	●
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.6	2024	●	↔	Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (µg/m³)	12.4	2023	●	↔
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.4	2024	●	↔	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	100.0	2024	●	↑
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	13.0	2024	●	↔	Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%)	22.4	2023	●	●
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population, all ages)	NA	NA	●	●	<b>SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production</b>				
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30 to 70 (%)	21.7	2021	●	↔	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2022	●	●
Age-standardized death rate due to air pollution (per 100,000 population)	74.2	2023	●	↓	Electronic waste that is not recycled (kg/capita)	12.0	2022	●	●
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.7	2021	●	↑	Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	●	●
Life expectancy at birth (years)	75.3	2025	●	↔	Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population)	NA	NA	●	●
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	20.8	2023	●	↑	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	NA	NA	●	●
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	2023	●	↑	Nitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita)	NA	NA	●	●
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93	2024	●	↔	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.9	2024	●	●
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75	2023	●	↔	<b>SDG13 – Climate Action</b>				
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.9	2025	●	↑	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	3.7	2024	●	↔
<b>SDG4 – Quality Education</b>					GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2e</sub> /capita)	NA	NA	●	●
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	92.1	2024	●	↑	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (tonnes/capita)	0.0	2016	●	●
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	99.2	2024	●	↑	<b>SDG14 – Life Below Water</b>				
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	83.5	2019	●	●	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	11.1	2025	●	↔
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8	2023	●	●	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	79.2	2025	●	↑
<b>SDG5 – Gender Equality</b>					Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	71.9	2018	●	↓
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49)	59.3	2025	●	↔	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	5.1	2019	●	↔
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	98.7	2023	●	↑	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	0.0	2008	●	●
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	68.1	2025	●	↑	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.80	2018	●	●
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.9	2026	●	↔	<b>SDG15 – Life on Land</b>				
<b>SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation</b>					Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.0	2025	●	↔
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	2024	●	↑	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA	●	●
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.4	2024	●	↑	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.46	2025	●	↓
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	22.5	2023	●	↔	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average)	NA	NA	●	●
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	40.9	2015	●	●	Imported deforestation (m <sup>2</sup> /capita)	NA	NA	●	●
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m <sup>3</sup> H <sub>2</sub> O eq/capita)	NA	NA	●	●	<b>SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions</b>				
<b>SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy</b>					Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.7	2024	●	↔
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2023	●	↑	Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2024	●	●
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	99.1	2023	●	↑	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	46.2	2024	●	↔
CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	1.4	2024	●	↔	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	NA	NA	●	●
Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%)	6.8	2022	●	↓	Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–100 best)	48.0	2025	●	↓
<b>SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth</b>					Children involved in child labor (%)	NA	NA	●	●
Adjusted GDP growth index (worst 0–100 best)	66.6	2024	●	●	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV per 100,000 population) *	0.00	2025	●	●
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.5	2022	●	●	Press Freedom Index (worst 0–100 best)	70.9	2026	●	↔
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	89.6	2024	●	↑	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.61	2024	●	●
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+)	5.7	2026	●	↔	Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.45	2024	●	●
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.62	2024	●	●	Expropriations are lawful and adequately compensated (worst 0–1 best)	0.60	2024	●	●
					<b>SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals</b>				
					Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.7	2024	●	↓
					For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	**	**	**	**
					Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	24.7	2024	●	↑
					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	80	2025	●	↔
					Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	2.4	2022	●	↑
					Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	80.4	2024	●	↑
					Index of countries' support to UN-based multilateralism (worst 0–100 best)	85.3	2026	●	↑

\* Imputed data point, \*\* Not applicable  
NA = Data not available