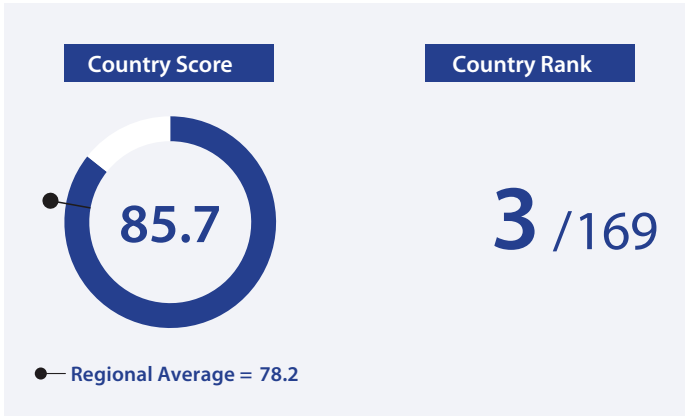
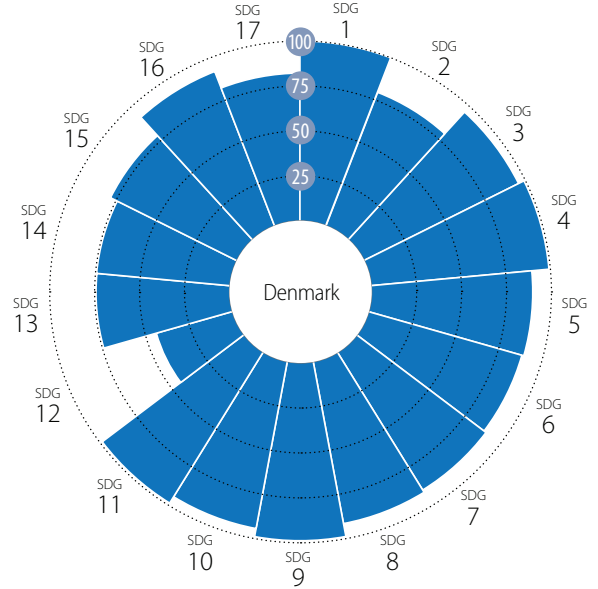


Overall Performance



Average Performance by SDG

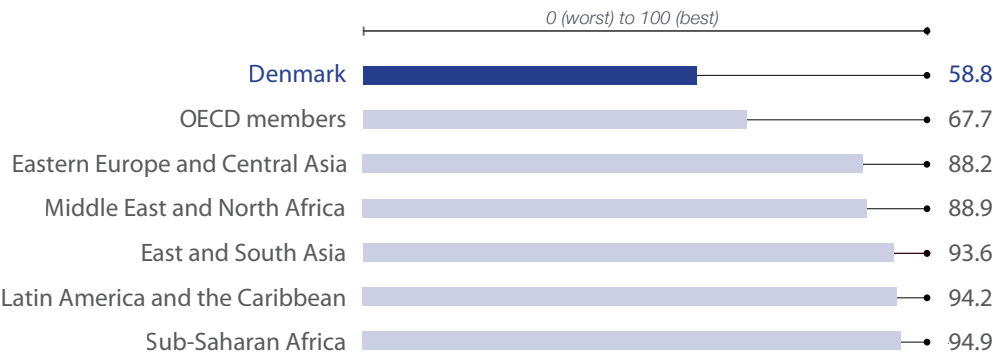


SDG Dashboard and Trends



■ Major challenges
 ■ Significant challenges
 ■ Challenges remain
 ■ SDG achieved
 ■ Information unavailable
↓ Decreasing
 → Stagnating
 ↗ Moderately improving
 ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement
 ● Information unavailable

International Spillover Index



Number of Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs)



*Progress (in percentage points) is based on a set of 17 headline SDG indicators. Please see the methodology section for details.

| SDG1 – No Poverty | Value | Year | Rating | Trend | SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | Value | Year | Rating | Trend | |
|---|---------|-------|--------|-------|---|--|------|--------|-------|---|
| Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.00/day (%) | 0.3 | 2026 | ● | → | Rural population with access to all-season roads (%) | 99.4 | 2026 | ● | → | |
| Poverty headcount ratio at \$4.20/day (%) | 0.3 | 2026 | ● | → | Population using the internet (%) | 99.8 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%) | 6.3 | 2022 | ● | → | Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population) | 146.9 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| SDG2 – Zero Hunger | | | | | SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities | | | | | |
| Prevalence of undernourishment (%) | 2.5 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Gini coefficient | 29.9 | 2023 | ● | → | |
| Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) | * | 2.6 | 2023 | ● | ● | Palma ratio | 1.0 | 2022 | ● | → |
| Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) | * | 0.7 | 2023 | ● | ● | Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over) | 5.0 | 2022 | ● | ↓ |
| Minimum dietary diversity among children aged 6–23 months (%) | * | 90.0 | 2025 | ● | ● | SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities | | | | |
| Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) | 13.3 | 2022 | ● | ↓ | Proportion of urban population living in slums (%) | 0.0 | 2004 | ● | ↑ | |
| Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) | 2.5 | 2023 | ● | ↓ | Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (µg/m³) | 7.5 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | |
| Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) | 5.7 | 2023 | ● | → | Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) | 100.0 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| Progress towards productive and sustainable agriculture (worst 1–5 best) | 4.1 | 2024 | ● | ↓ | Population with rent overburden (%) | 23.0 | 2022 | ● | ↓ | |
| Yield gap closure (% of potential yield) | 80.9 | 2024 | ● | ● | Urban population with access to points of interest within a 15min walk (%) | 97.9 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population) | 10.4 | 2021 | ● | ● | Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%) | 93.2 | 2020 | ● | ● | |
| SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being | | | | | SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production | | | | | |
| Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births) | 3.7 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Electronic waste that is not recycled (kg/capita) | 8.8 | 2022 | ● | ● | |
| Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) | 2.7 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population) | 4.6 | 2024 | ● | → | |
| Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) | 4.0 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population) | 15.2 | 2024 | ● | ↓ | |
| Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) | 3.2 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita) | 89.2 | 2024 | ● | → | |
| New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population, all ages) | 0.0 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Nitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita) | 50.7 | 2024 | ● | → | |
| Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30 to 70 (%) | 10.7 | 2021 | ● | ↑ | Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita) | 13.6 | 2025 | ● | ● | |
| Age-standardized death rate due to air pollution (per 100,000 population) | 21.2 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day) | 1.1 | 2024 | ● | → | |
| Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population) | 2.3 | 2021 | ● | ↑ | SDG13 – Climate Action | | | | | |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) | 82.2 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita) | 4.8 | 2024 | ● | ↗ | |
| Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19) | 1.2 | 2022 | ● | ↑ | GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ e/capita) | 8.8 | 2024 | ● | ↓ | |
| Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) | 96.9 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (tonnes/capita) | 1.0 | 2025 | ● | ● | |
| Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) | 94 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Net Effective Carbon Rate (EUR/tCO ₂ e) | 108.1 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | |
| Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best) | 85 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | SDG14 – Life Below Water | | | | | |
| Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) | 7.5 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) | 88.9 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) | 1.9 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best) | 56.1 | 2025 | ● | → | |
| Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points) | 23.2 | 2024 | ● | ↓ | Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch) | 35.7 | 2018 | ● | ↓ | |
| Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over) | 11.0 | 2024 | ● | ● | Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%) | 29.8 | 2019 | ● | ↓ | |
| SDG4 – Quality Education | | | | | SDG15 – Life on Land | | | | | |
| Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) | 97.1 | 2024 | ● | → | Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) | 88.3 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Net primary enrollment rate (%) | 99.1 | 2024 | ● | → | Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) | 96.7 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Lower secondary completion rate (%) | * | 99.7 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best) | 0.98 | 2025 | ● | ↑ |
| Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) | * | 100.0 | 2024 | ● | ● | Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average) | 0.0 | 2024 | ● | ● |
| Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34) | 49.0 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | Imported deforestation (m ² /capita) | 45.7 | 2022 | ● | → | |
| PISA score (worst 0–600 best) | 490.6 | 2022 | ● | → | SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | | | | | |
| Variation in mathematics performance explained by socio-economic status (%) | 12.2 | 2022 | ● | ↓ | Homicides (per 100,000 population) | 0.8 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| Underachievers in mathematics (% of 15-year-olds) | 20.4 | 2022 | ● | ↓ | Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best) | 1.0 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| SDG5 – Gender Equality | | | | | SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals | | | | | |
| Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49) | 87.5 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) | 14.3 | 2023 | ● | → | |
| Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%) | 103.3 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI) | 0.72 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) | 87.9 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) | ** | ** | ** | ** | |
| Seats held by women in national parliament (%) | 44.1 | 2026 | ● | ↑ | Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) | 49 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| Gender wage gap (% of male median wage) | 3.3 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) | 39 | 2025 | ● | ↑ | |
| SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation | | | | | SDG18 – No Targets | | | | | |
| Population using at least basic drinking water services (%) | 100.0 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion) | * | 0.0 | 2022 | ● | ● |
| Population using at least basic sanitation services (%) | 99.6 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best) | 92.1 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | |
| Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources) | 26.6 | 2023 | ● | ↓ | Index of countries' support to UN-based multilateralism (worst 0–100 best) | 60.6 | 2026 | ● | ↓ | |
| Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) | 92.0 | 2020 | ● | ● | | | | | | |
| Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita) | 2,932.1 | 2024 | ● | → | | | | | | |
| Population using safely managed water services (%) | 99.9 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| Population using safely managed sanitation services (%) | 98.9 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Population with access to electricity (%) | 100.0 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%) | 100.0 | 2023 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) | 0.8 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%) | 38.8 | 2022 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted GDP growth index (worst 0–100 best) | 77.0 | 2024 | ● | ● | | | | | | |
| Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population) | 0.6 | 2022 | ● | ● | | | | | | |
| Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) | 98.7 | 2024 | ● | → | | | | | | |
| Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+) | 5.4 | 2026 | ● | ↗ | | | | | | |
| Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) | 0.92 | 2024 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |
| Youth not in employment, education, or training (NEET) (% of population aged 15 to 24) | 7.9 | 2022 | ● | ↑ | | | | | | |

* Imputed data point, ** Not applicable
NA = Data not available