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FOR AUTHOR INTERVIEWS AND OTHER PUBLICITY INQUIRIES CONTACT: KATIE BAKER, DIRECTOR OF MARKETING AND SALES UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA PRESS TEL: 405 325 3200 FAX: 405 325 4000 KATIE-BAKER@OU.EDU

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BOOK NEWS

For Immediate Release

Examines the Latino fight for educational equality in a borderlands community

Raza Schools The Fight for Latino Educational Autonomy in a West Texas Borderlands Town

By Jesús Jesse Esparza

In 1929, a Latino community in the borderlands city of Del Rio, Texas, established the first and perhaps only autonomous Mexican American school district in Texas history. How it did so—against a background of institutional racism, poverty, and segregation—is the story Jesús Jesse Esparza tells in *Raza Schools*, a history of the rise and fall of the San Felipe Independent School District from the end of World War I through the post–civil rights era.

The residents of San Felipe, whose roots Esparza traces back to the nineteenth century, faced a Jim Crow society in which deep-seated discrimination extended to education, making biased curriculum, inferior facilities, and prejudiced teachers the norm. Raza Schools highlights how the people of San Felipe harnessed the mechanisms and structures of this discriminatory system to create their own educational institutions, using the courts whenever necessary to protect their autonomy. For forty-two years, the Latino community funded, maintained, and managed its own school system—until 1971, when in an attempt to address school segregation, the federal government forced the San Felipe Independent School District to consolidate with a larger neighboring, mostly white school district. Esparza describes the ensuing clashes—over curriculum, school governance, teachers' positions, and funding-that challenged Latino autonomy. While focusing on the relationships between Latinos and whites who shared a segregated city, his work also explores the experience of African Americans who lived in Del Rio and attended schools in both districts as a segregated population.

Telling the complex story of how territorial pride, race and racism, politics, economic pressures, local control, and the federal government collided in Del Rio, *Raza Schools* recovers a lost chapter in the history of educational civil rights—and in doing so, offers a more nuanced understanding of race relations, educational politics, and school activism in the US-Mexico borderlands.

Jesús Jesse Esparza is Associate Professor in the Department of History, Geography, and General Studies at Texas Southern University.