

Continuing Education Course #477 Heavy Civil Construction Safety Part 3. Equipment Operation Safety

 The referenced Bindspot Diagrams are available from which public agency website? a. OSHA The Occupational Safety and Health Administration b. USACE The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers c. NAOSH The National Administration for Occupational Safety and Health d. NIOSH The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
 2. What does OSHA stand for? a. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration b. The Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 c. The Occupational Safety and Health Association d. The Occupational Support and Health Administration
 3. What injures more truck drivers than any other cause? a. Raised truck bed incidents b. On road accidents from speeding c. Injuries from falls off the truck while getting on or off d. Bumpy and unmaintained haul roads
 4. What can cause air brake failure for a truck? ○ a. Failure to bleed off water from air tanks routinely ○ b. Continued application of the service brakes on a downhill road ○ c. Fanning the brakes on a downhill road ○ d. All of the above
 5. Which is not a hazard specific to RediMix Trucks: a. Injuries from improper use of concrete chutes b. Rotating load in the drum adds to instability c. Ability to climb haul road and ramp grades greater than 15% d. Clearance issues due to the hopper which protrudes out behind the truck
 6. If the concrete in an agitor truck will not discharge, what should be done ○ a. Raise the height of the body as high as possible with the gate closed ○ b. Drop the body of the truck quickly and then stopping it with the hoist valve ○ c. Rock the agitator by reversing direction and try using body vibrators ○ d. none of the above
7. What causes for accidents in staging yards when parking scrapers end to end? O a. Scrapers with front and rear engines have rear engine shut offs located directly in the back of the scraper, in the center of the machine

 c. The retarder on many units is a foot pedal located right next to the brake, which can be easily mistaken d. all of the above
8. Safe scraper operation practices include? a. Keeping the bowl as high as possible to raise the equipment center of gravity b. The bowl should be high enough to clear obstacles, but low enough to maintain stability. c. Always keep the bowl low, don't worry about obstacles, the scraper is powerful enough to blast through anything. d. Keep the apron open after discharging and spreading material so it is immediately ready for reload
9. What does ROPS stand for? a. Roll Over Protection Seatbelts b. Roll Over Protection Structure c. Road Obstruction Protection Structure d. Road Operator Protection Seatbelts
 10. When a dozer is working a slope it should: a. Travel up and down the slope perpendicular to the slope b. Travel side to side longitudinally parallel to the slope c. Use the blade as a brake if it starts to slide d. Slope work should be performed by other equipment, dozers don't work on slopes.
 11. Why do graders have operator access problems? a. Because they are more maneuverable than most heavy equipment b. Because they have poor lines of sight c. Because the travel of the blade prevents providing steps low enough to the ground to be proper first steps d. Because they are often operated on or near active roadways
12. What is the best way to position a hook on a Loader Bucket for lifting pipe? a. put hooks inside of the bucket on the top edge b. put hooks on the underside of the bucket at the rear c. put hooks on the top of the bucket near the edge d. lift with slings rigged from the teeth
 13. What common practices should not be allowed to avoid injuries to people working around loaders? a. People standing in the buckets to use as a raised platform b. People hitching a ride on the loader while riding outside the cab near the pivot point c. Loaders excavating material from high banks d. Both A & B
14. OSHA requires a Professional Engineer stamped design for: a. All trenches where workers are exposed to the excavation b. Trenches over 20 feet in depth c. Trenches in stable rock d. Professional Engineers are not needed for trenching excavation
 15. What can affect the lifting capacity of an excavator? a. The size of the excavator bucket being used b. The position of the load being lifted

○ c. The outside air temperature when the lift is being made○ d. Both A & B
 16. When paving roads in lane closures along active travel lanes it is important not to exit the machine: a. During Lunch Break b. While stopped with the parking brake on. c. On the traffic side of the machine. d. Unless you can jump clear with both feet.
 17. What is a safety step to help avoid paving hazards? ○ a. Before starting the machine make sure all controls are in neutral and the parking brake is on. ○ b. Remove all guards while paving to avoid jams and obstructions ○ c. Install automatics with the paver running so you can see the auger running ○ d. Store trash on the operator's platform to keep it away from the burners
18. Rollers can be exempt from the backup alarm rule because? a. There is no backup alarm rule b. They are too loud when the vibrators are running and the alarm can't be heard c. They have excellent view from the rear and are made to run equally forward and backward d. They move so slow they do not pose a danger
19. The vibration from rollers may cause damage to: ○ a. The soils they are compacting and shouldn't be used ○ b. Sensitive manufacturing facilities and Hospitals ○ c. Rivers, lakes, and other large bodies of water ○ d. The vibrations are so minor they cannot cause damages
20. Besides full length work pants, shirts with sleeves, sturdy work boots, a hardhat, work gloves, reflective vests, and safety glasses, what other personal protective gear should milling crew members wear? a. Hearing Protection b. Fall protection harnesses c. Chaps and leggings d. Fire retardant clothing
 21. What are the uses for hooks attached to the milling machine sides? ○ a. Hooks should not be attached to the sides of a milling machine ○ b. All of the above
22. What types of catastrophic accidents could a track drill be exposed to? a. Drilling into unexploded explosives b. High speed traffic accidents with on-road construction c. Fires due to fuel oil build-up on the burners d. Vibratory damage to hospitals and manufacturing facilities
23. Prior to servicing or to clear a jam up on the conveyor, OSHA requires: a. The belt needs to be running so the mechanic can see where the problems are for a quick fix b. The conveyor to be locked out to prevent accidental startup while the work is being performed c. The boom be extended vertically to dislodge any obstructions caught in the belt d. All guards to be removed to prevent future jams and clear obstructions.

24. To increase knowledge and understanding of safety, the reader should consider getting their:

○ a. OSHA 300-hour Construction Safety and Health Card
O b. OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety and Health Card
O c. OSHA 3-hour Construction Safety and Health Card
O d. OSHA 3000-hour Construction Safety and Health Card
25. With Heavy Civil Equipment Operations, when is it acceptable to sacrifice the safety of an operation for added production?
a. If the schedule critical path shows negative float
O b. If the budgeted costs show losses for a particular item
O c. If the project inspectors aren't available during a planned activity
O d. It is never acceptable to sacrifice safety for production!

Purchase this course on Suncam.com