

Seide Financial Notes



Steven M. Seide CFP®, AIF®
Todd W. Cottingham, MBA, AIF®
Michael D. Barone, AIF®
110 John Robert Thomas Drive
Exton, PA 19341
610-280-9330
info@seidefinancial.com
www.seidefinancial.com

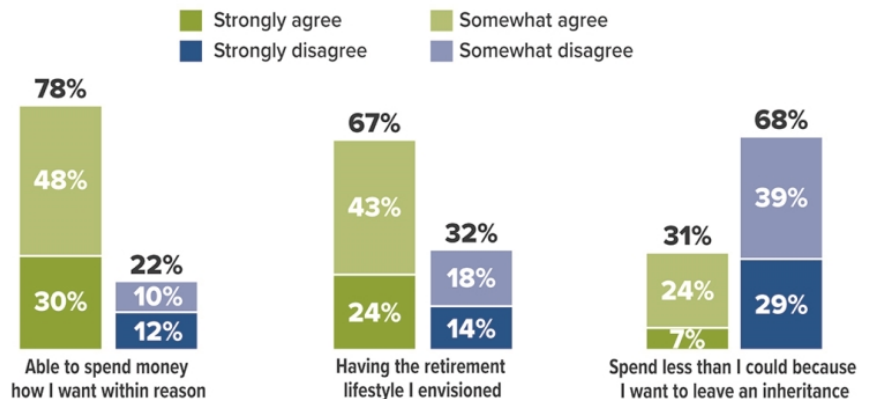


This February, make your financial goals a priority! As the month of love unfolds, take the chance to solidify your financial foundation. We'd love to hear about your achievements and goals for this year. Sending warm wishes from Seide Financial Group!

Until March ~ Todd, Dawn, Michael, Brooke and Steve

Enjoying Retirement Despite the Costs

In a 2024 survey, about half of retirees said that retirement costs were higher than they expected, but a large majority were enjoying the lifestyle they imagined (at least to some degree) and spending what they wanted within reason. Less than a third were holding back on spending to leave an inheritance.



Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute, 2024 (Totals may not add up to 100% due to rounding.)

Key Retirement and Tax Numbers for 2025

Every year, the Internal Revenue Service announces cost-of-living adjustments that affect contribution limits for retirement plans and various tax deduction, exclusion, exemption, and threshold amounts. Here are a few of the key adjustments for 2025.

Estate, gift, and generation-skipping transfer tax

- The annual gift tax exclusion (and annual generation-skipping transfer tax exclusion) for 2025 is \$19,000, up from \$18,000 in 2024.
- The gift and estate tax basic exclusion amount (and generation-skipping transfer tax exemption) for 2025 is \$13,990,000, up from \$13,610,000 in 2024.

Standard deduction

A taxpayer can generally choose to itemize certain deductions or claim a standard deduction on the federal income tax return. In 2025, the standard deduction is:

- \$15,000 (up from \$14,600 in 2024) for single filers or married individuals filing separate returns
- \$30,000 (up from \$29,200 in 2024) for married joint filers
- \$22,500 (up from \$21,900 in 2024) for heads of households

The additional standard deduction amount for the blind and those age 65 or older in 2025 is:

- \$2,000 (up from \$1,950 in 2024) for single filers and heads of households
- \$1,600 (up from \$1,550 in 2024) for all other filing statuses

Special rules apply for an individual who can be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer.

IRAs

The combined annual limit on contributions to traditional and Roth IRAs is \$7,000 in 2025 (the same as in 2024), with individuals age 50 or older able to contribute an additional \$1,000. The limit on contributions to a Roth IRA phases out for certain modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) ranges (see *table*). For individuals who are active participants in an employer-sponsored retirement plan, the deduction for contributions to a traditional IRA also phases out for certain MAGI ranges (see *table*). The limit on nondeductible contributions to a traditional IRA is not subject to phaseout based on MAGI.

MAGI Ranges: Contributions to a Roth IRA

	2024	2025
Single/Head of household	\$146,000–\$161,000	\$150,000–\$165,000
Married filing jointly	\$230,000–\$240,000	\$236,000–\$246,000
Married filing separately	\$0–\$10,000	\$0–\$10,000

MAGI Ranges: Deductible Contributions to a Traditional IRA

	2024	2025
Single/Head of household	\$77,000–\$87,000	\$79,000–\$89,000
Married filing jointly	\$123,000–\$143,000	\$126,000–\$146,000

Note: The 2025 phaseout range is \$236,000–\$246,000 (up from \$230,000–\$240,000 in 2024) when the individual making the IRA contribution is not covered by a workplace retirement plan but is filing jointly with a spouse who is covered. The phaseout range is \$0–\$10,000 when the individual is married filing separately and either spouse is covered by a workplace plan.

Employer-sponsored retirement plans

- Employees who participate in 401(k), 403(b), and most 457 plans can defer up to \$23,500 in compensation in 2025 (up from \$23,000 in 2024); employees age 50 or older can defer up to an additional \$7,500 in 2025 (the same as in 2024), increased to \$11,250 in 2025 for ages 60 to 63.
- Employees participating in a SIMPLE retirement plan can defer up to \$16,500 in 2025 (up from \$16,000 in 2024), and employees age 50 or older can defer up to an additional \$3,500 in 2025 (the same as in 2024), increased to \$5,250 in 2025 for ages 60 to 63.

Kiddie tax: child's unearned income

Under the kiddie tax, a child's unearned income above \$2,700 in 2025 (up from \$2,600 in 2024) is taxed using the parents' tax rates.

Distressed Loans Pressure Some Banks: Is Your Money Safe?

In March 2023, two of the largest bank failures in history alarmed savers who worried their own bank accounts could be at risk and investors who feared a wider financial crisis. To help restore confidence in the U.S. financial system, the federal government pledged to make all depositors whole and to support other banks that might face liquidity issues stemming from the rapid rise in interest rates.¹

Still, these events brought renewed attention to how banks operate and the risks they take to earn money on customer deposits, as well as the government's role in regulating and supervising bank activities.

Interest rate risks remain

Between March 2022 and July 2023, the Federal Reserve raised the benchmark federal funds rate rapidly (from near 0% to a range of 5.25% to 5.5%) in a quest to bring down inflation.² Banks earn money by investing customer deposits, often in relatively safe long-term Treasuries and other government-backed bonds. U.S. Treasury securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. But as interest rates rose, bonds lost value on the secondary market. And in early 2023, this became a problem for banks that had to sell bond holdings before they matured to meet customer withdrawals.

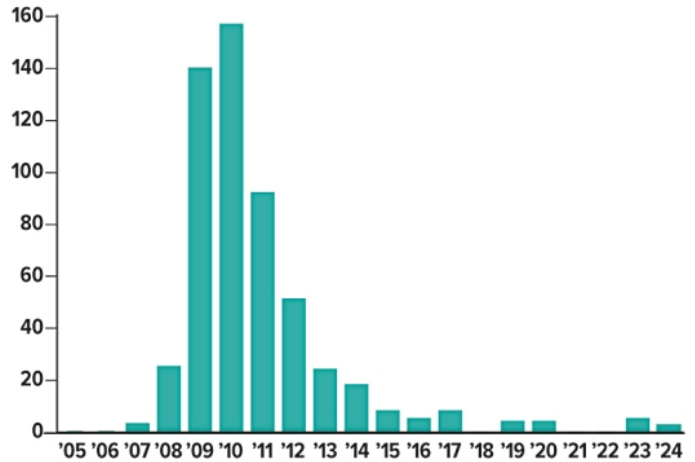
Though the Fed has begun lowering the federal funds rate, borrowing costs remain elevated, leaving concerns that a similar fate could befall regional banks with distressed real estate loans in their portfolios. Already, many commercial lenders have set aside large reserves to help cover future losses from nonperforming assets (primarily office and retail buildings with high vacancy rates).³

Focus on the FDIC

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) is an independent agency backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government. FDIC insurance is intended to reassure depositors and offer protection in case an insured bank becomes insolvent, is liquidated, or experiences other financial difficulties. Most banks in the United States are insured by the FDIC, which protects deposits up to \$250,000 (per person, insured bank, and account category). A joint account with two named owners qualifies for up to \$500,000 of coverage.

When a member bank fails, the FDIC issues payments to depositors (typically up to the limits provided by law) and takes over the administration of the bank's assets and liabilities. Generally, the FDIC will try to arrange for a healthy bank to take over the deposits of a failed bank. If no bank assumes that role, the FDIC taps a fund that is financed by premiums paid by insured banks.

Number of bank failures



In 2024, there were just two bank failures in the United States, following a turbulent 2023 in which five banks failed.

Source: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 2024

Are your savings protected?

If you have multiple accounts at one bank, you might check to see who is listed as the owner(s) of each account, what category it falls into, and whether it overlaps with other categories that might affect the amount that's covered. Ownership categories consist of individual accounts, joint accounts, retirement accounts, trust accounts, and business accounts, among others. You can't increase your coverage by owning different product types (a checking account, savings account, or CDs, for example) within the same ownership category. A tool on the FDIC's website, [FDIC.gov](https://www.fdic.gov), can help you estimate the total FDIC coverage on your deposit accounts. If your assets aren't fully insured, you might consider shifting them to increase your coverage.

If you are married, for example, you could expand your total coverage up to \$1 million at one bank by opening two separate individual accounts in addition to a joint account. If you have personal or business account balances that regularly exceed \$250,000, you might consider dividing your holdings between multiple financial institutions — or possibly rethink your cash-management strategy altogether.

All investing involves risk, including the possible loss of principal.

1) Federal Reserve and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 2023

2) Federal Reserve, 2023–2024

3) *The Wall Street Journal*, April 19, 2024

Protecting Your Packages: Tips to Combat Porch Pirates

Online shopping is more popular than ever. Unfortunately, this also means that package theft is on the rise. In fact, nearly half of all Americans (44%) have had a package stolen at some point by package thieves or "porch pirates."¹

Fortunately, there are steps you can take to prevent porch piracy.

Use surveillance systems. Consider installing a security camera or video doorbell that is visible to anyone who approaches your home. Many porch pirates will easily be deterred if they think they are going to be caught on camera, since video of the theft can be shared with your local police department.



Nearly half of all Americans have had a package stolen at some point by package thieves.

Monitor delivery progress. Many package delivery services let you monitor your package's status by allowing you to live-track your shipment online and providing photographic proof of delivery. By closely monitoring the progress of your package delivery, you can help reduce the window of opportunity for a porch pirate to strike.

Arrange for a secure delivery. If you aren't going to be home when your package is scheduled to be delivered, arrange to have it delivered to another location, such as a trusted neighbor's house, a parcel locker, or your workplace. If your online purchase was from a retailer with a physical location near you, look into whether you can arrange for an in-store pickup. Some delivery services allow you to provide delivery instructions for your package. If so, instruct the delivery driver to place your package in a concealed area (e.g., side porch or behind porch furniture) or ask that the driver obtain a signature on delivery, especially if the package contains high-value items.

If you ever become the victim of a porch pirate, don't despair — you may have some remedies available to help you replace your stolen package. Your first step should be to notify both the seller and shipper as soon as possible. Many reputable delivery services and companies will replace your shipment at no cost to you. However, you may have to provide some evidence that a theft occurred, such as a police report.

If a seller or shipper refuses to replace your shipment, try contacting the credit card company that you used for the purchase to explore possible options for recourse. Or, for high-value items, consider filing a claim with your home or rental insurance company.

1) 2023 Package Theft Annual Statistics and Trends, Security.org, 2024

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