Portfolio Perspectives
The Odds Favor the Optimist


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When the stock market gets rocked it's easy to hit the proverbial panic button and sell. Many investors believe that to avoid large losses they need to sell once the stock market drops more than 5 or 10 percent. Panicking during bouts of volatility is one of the classic investor mistakes.

It would be great to be able to know exactly when the market will go up and down, but the truth is that no one can predict it consistently. Based on history, it may be best to do nothing during down markets.
$\square$ e chart below shows the average U.S. stock market returns 1, 3 and 5 years after a 5\% or $10 \%$ decline. On average, when the U.S. stock market declines $5 \%$, the market return over the next 1,3 , and 5 years is $13.24 \%, 9.43 \%$, and $10.02 \%$. Not bad! (In fact, U.S. stock market returns following declines have been better than the long-run average annual return of $9.32 \%$ in both the 1-year and 5 -year returns shown. ${ }^{1}$ )
U.S. Stock Market Performance after Stock Market

Declines since January 1926


Unfortunately, many investors never get the bene $\ddagger$ ts of those returns because they panicked and sold during a down market and waited too long to get back in. Don't make that same mistake! Missing out on these opportunities will have a dramatic e $\sqsubset$ ect on your investment outcome. To put it simply, you'll have less money.
We see similar results in non-U.S. stock markets as well; on average they also experience positive returns 1,3 , and 5 years following $5 \%$ and $10 \%$ stock market corrections. $\square$ ese corrections last 4.8 days on average, similar to the length of U.S. stock market declines. And the opportunities were just as signi $\sqsubset$ cant, with both developed and emerging international stock markets earning returns higher than their long-run averages in all three time periods following 5\% and $10 \%$ declines. ${ }^{2}$

If history is your guide then there's no reason to panic during declines. Over the last 90 years the U.S. stock market declined more than $5 \% 262$ times and the average length of that decline was 4.1 days. Over the same 90-year period the U.S. stock market declined more than $10 \% 28$ times and the average length of that decline was 4.6 days. Declines have only

If history is your guide then there's no reason to panic during declines. been temporary and the market recovered after every one.

Trying to time the entry and exit points in anticipation of a market correction is almost impossible and certainly not sustainable over every correction. Being an optimist, sticking with your investment discipline and taking the good with the bad, I believe, is a better strategy.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Wellington, Weston. 2015. "Should Investors Sell After a 'Correction’?' Down to the Wire, (September).
    ${ }^{2}$ Ibid

