## **A History of Market Corrections**



Investors like to avoid stock market declines at all costs, but declines are an inevitable part of investing. A little historical background can help put stock market declines in perspective.

## **S&P 500 INDEX 1942-JUNE 2021**

## DOW JONES INDUSTRIAL AVERAGE® 1942-JUNE 2021

| Type of Decline | Average Frequency*     | Average Length** | Last Occurrence | Type of Decline | Average Frequency*     | Average Length** | Last Occurrence |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| -5% or more     | About 3 times a year   | 40 days          | October 2020    | -5% or more     | About 3 times a year   | 41 days          | October 2020    |
| -10% or more    | About every 16 months  | 132 days         | March 2020      | -10% or more    | About every 17 months  | 131 days         | March 2020      |
| -15% or more    | About every 3.25 years | 240 days         | March 2020      | -15% or more    | About every 2.75 years | 225 days         | March 2020      |
| -20% or more    | About every 5.5 years  | 339 days         | March 2020      | -20% or more    | About every 6 years    | 407 days         | March 2020      |

Source: Bloomberg, 4/29/1942 - 6/30/2021. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. For illustrative purposes only and not indicative of any actual investment. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of 500 stocks used to measure large-cap U.S. stock market performance.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average® (The Dow®), is a price-weighted measure of 30 U.S. blue-chip companies. The index covers all industries except transportation and utilities.

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<sup>\*</sup>Assumes a 100% recovery rate of lost value.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Measures from the date of the market high to the date of the market low.