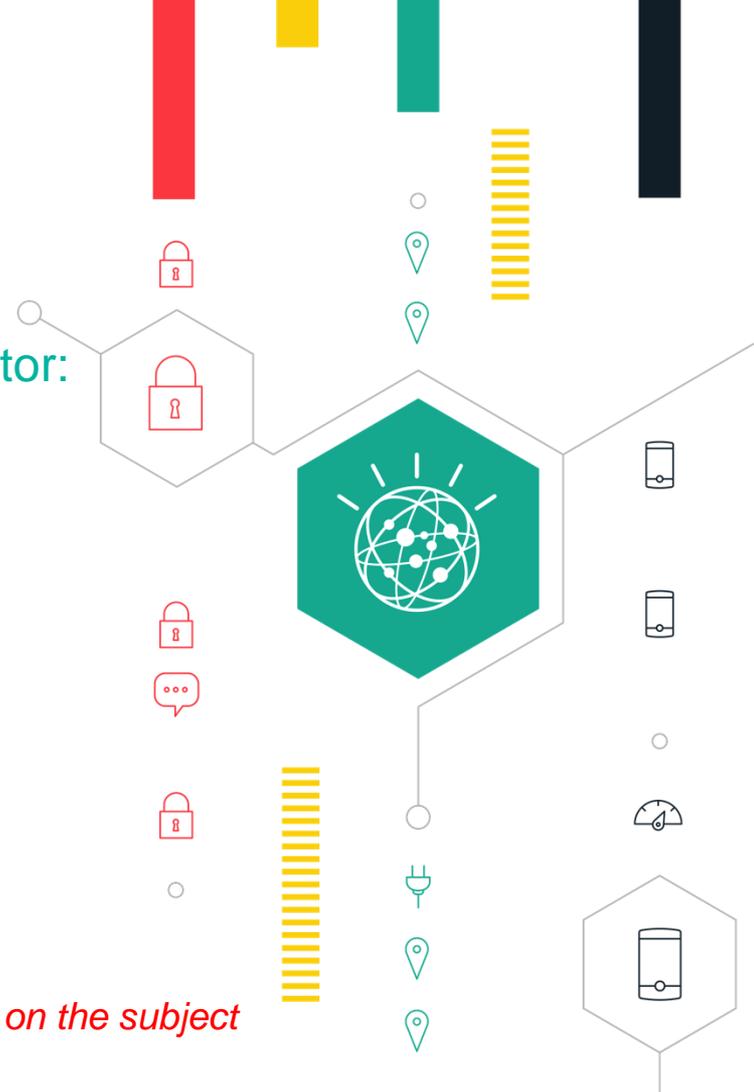


Impact of DDDAS/InfoSymbiotics in the Industrial Sector: The Rise of Analytics

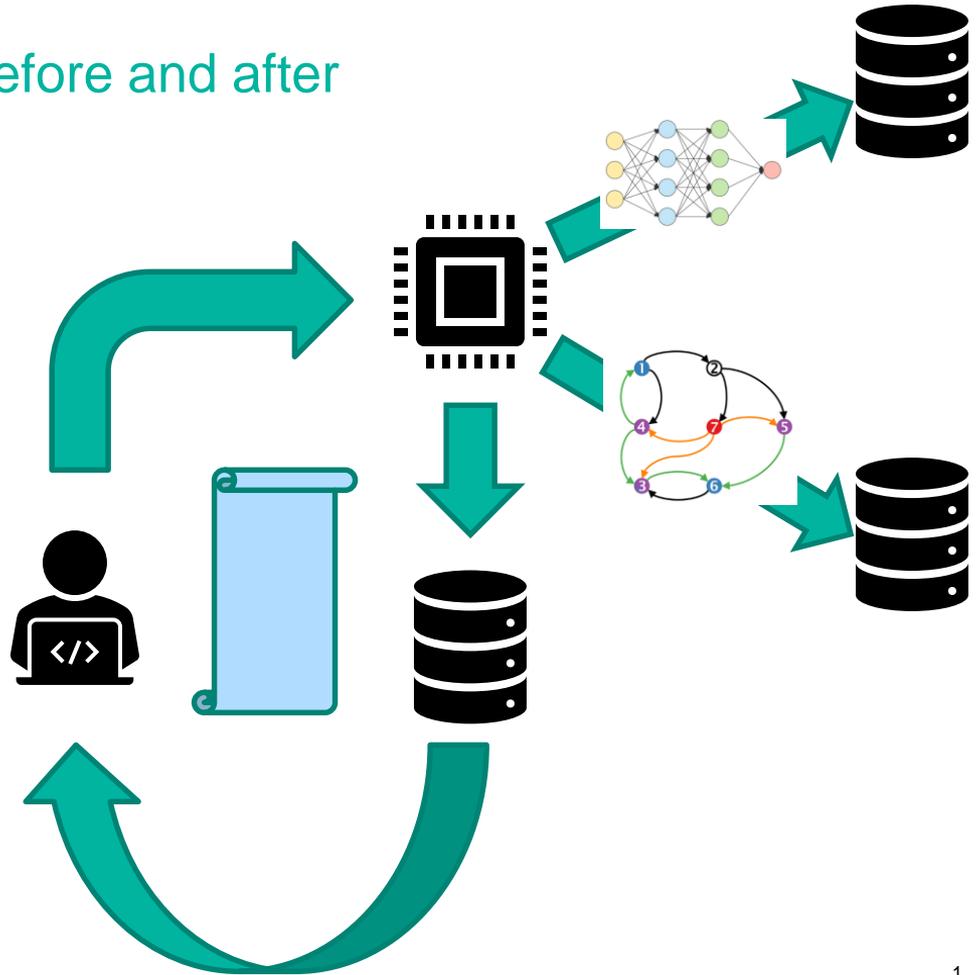
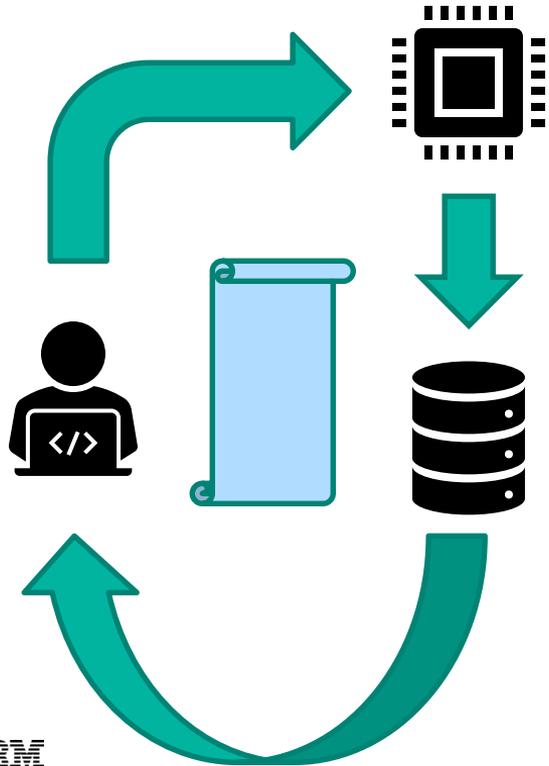
*José Moreira**, IBM Research
InfoSymbiotics/DDDAS2020 Conference



**These are my own views on the subject*



Analytics-infused transactions: before and after

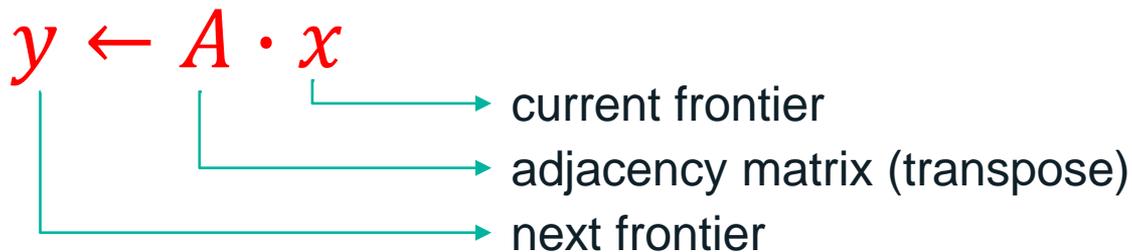


Business analytics is essential in today's world

- At its heart, **business analytics**, much like DDDAS, is a *data challenge*
- Whereas **traditional transaction computing** systems thrive on *prescribed scenarios*, **analytics** applications consume and generate *large, unstructured, real-time, and/or sensitive data*
- Much of the newer business analytics fall in the category of cognitive computing – systems that can: *learn, reason and interact*
- What cognitive computing brings to analytics:
 1. Deep human engagement
 2. Extended expertise
 3. Products and services infused with cognition
 4. Cognitive processes and operations
 5. Enhanced exploration and discovery

Computational structures in cognitive computing

Graph analytics



Neural networks

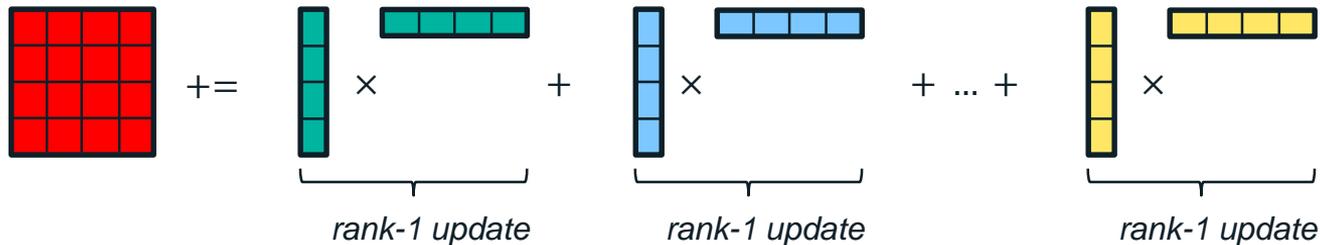


Particularities make life interesting

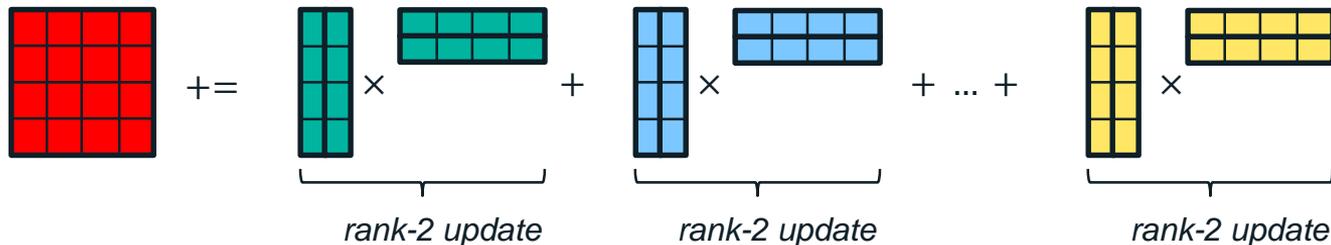
- In graph analytics,
 - the adjacency matrix can be very, very large and very, very sparse
 - the matrix-vector multiply may use “unusual” operators
 - more irregular behavior (memory and code)
- In neural networks,
 - matrices are much smaller, but much denser (may be changing)
 - approximate computing is often enough
 - almost always have a non-linear component
- Low latency/quick response is key for efficient operation in both spaces
- Run-time customization becomes very important

Matrix-Math Assist instructions in new Power ISA 3.1 (POWER10)

32-bit elements: rank-1 update of target accumulator



16-bit elements: rank-2 update of target accumulator



Conclusions

DDDAS/Analytics offers unique challenges and opportunities:

more data + more computation = more value

Cognitive computing will let us realize the full potential of these fields

A very simple kernel is at the center of graph analytics and neural networks: $y \leftarrow A \cdot x$

But the peculiarities of each application force a more dynamic and customizable solution in each case