Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment Update

Summary Deck

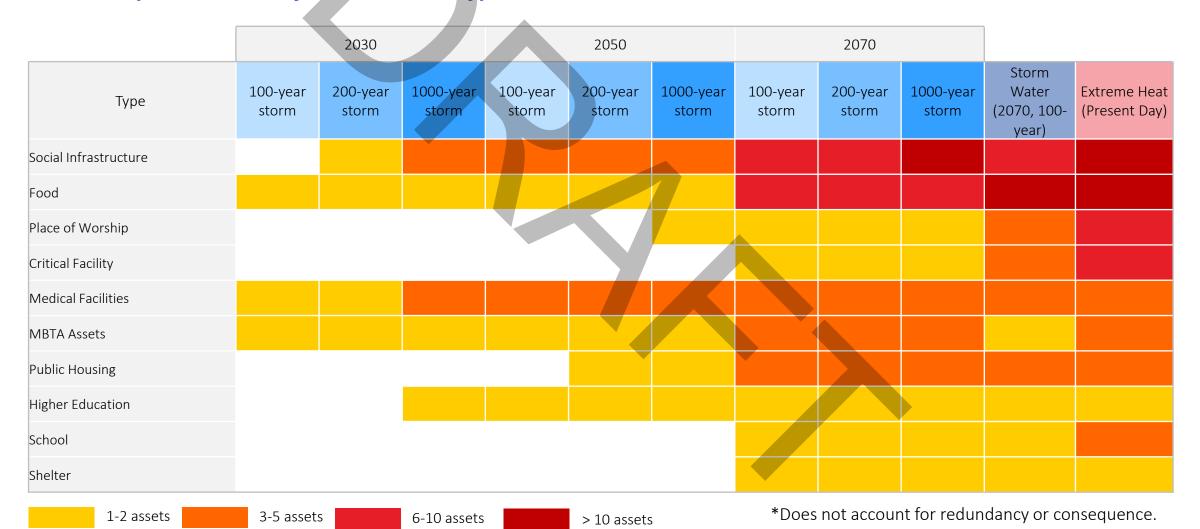








Asset Exposure Matrix Exposure Count by Infrastructure Type



Asset Exposure Matrix Exposure Count by Neighborhood

2030 2050 2070 Storm 200-year 1000-year 1000-year 100-year 1000-year Water Extreme Heat 100-year 100-year 200-year 200-year Type (2070, 100-(Present Day) storm storm storm storm storm storm storm storm storm year) East Somerville Union Square Davis Square Assembly Square Spring Hill Winter Hill Inner Belt **Boynton Yards** Twin City Hillside Ball Square Magoun Square Teele Square 1-2 assets 3-5 assets *Does not account for redundancy or consequence. 6-10 assets > 10 assets

Summary

General:

- 50% of Somerville assets are projected to be exposed to one or more hazards through 2070.
- Union Square, East Somerville, and Davis Square have the most assets exposed to one or more hazards.

Flooding:

- Union Square, Assembly Square, and Winter Hill have the most assets exposed to both stormwater and coastal flooding.
- Coastal flooding impacts as early as 2030 in Assembly, East Somerville, and Winter Hill, including the following assets: Elizabeth Peabody House,
 Cambridge Health Alliance: Union Square Family Health, Mass General Brigham, Assembly Station, Stop & Shop (across from Foss Park), and Trader
 Joe's (Assembly).
- Inner Belt may experience flooding as early as 2030 if the Schrafft's Center flood pathway is not protected.
- By 2050, Assembly is exposed to significant flooding across all three storm scenarios.
- New modeling (MC-FRM) presents a flood path that extends from Cambridge northeast through Union Square in 2070 under all storm scenarios. This will expose critical infrastructure previously only identified for stormwater risk.
- Multiple medical facilities are projected to be exposed to coastal flooding as early as 2030 including CHA: Union Square Family Health, Primary Care
 Assembly Square, Mass General Brigham.

Heat:

- 82.3% of Somerville is considered a hot spot, meaning its LST is in the 95th state-wide percentile.
- Union Square, East Somerville, and Davis Square have the most assets exposed to high temperatures.
- Areas exposed to extreme heat are also often exposed to projected stormwater flooding. These overlapping hazards are concentrated in areas with
 more impervious surface area and less green space, including Inner Belt, Union Square, Brick Bottom, Twin City Plaza.

Key Built Environment Impacts from the 2017 Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment

- Amelia Earhart Dam could be regularly flanked by coastal storm events as early as 2035 casing coastal flood impacts to the Ten Hills and East Somerville & Assembly Square neighborhoods.
- The Somerville Fire Department Headquarters and Emergency Operations Center and the Police Department Headquarters are projected to be exposed to precipitation-based flooding impacts and are expected to experience increasing impacts from the 10-year and 100-year storms.
- Minimal projected impacts to the hospital and healthcare facilities.
- The District Court and District Attorney's Office projected to experience impacts from both sea level rise and storm surge as well as precipitation-based flooding.
- Routes I-93 and 28, Assembly Square Station, the Commuter Rail, the Orange Line, and the Commuter Rail Maintenance facility in addition to several bike paths and bus stops at risk of coastal flooding as early as 2030 with significant impacts by 2070.
- Routes I-93 and 28, Assembly Square Station, Davis Square Station and the proposed Green Line extension and associated stations could experience significant impacts from rainfall events.
- Somerville's combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are susceptible to increased inundation from coastal flood events. Inundation of CSO infrastructure can result in the discharge of raw sewage and present a serious public health risk from pollution of flood waters.
- Albert F Argenziano School at Lincoln Park and Capuano Early Childhood Center will be exposed to flood hazards.

Key:



Updated and New Impacts

- Coastal flooding will extend into Union Square with depths up to 10 ft. starting in 2070 under a 100-year storm event scenario. This will expose social infrastructure assets including St. Patrick's Women's Shelter, James Hagan Manor, Somerville Action Agency of Somerville (CAAS) amongst others.
- Critical facilities previously identified to experience stormwater inundation are anticipated to experience greater
 depths such as the Police Headquarters, Union Square Fire Station, Albert F Argenziano School at Lincoln Park, and
 Union Square Station. Therefore, all interventions should be designed to offer a higher level of protection for these
 assets to account for the increased risk.
- Multiple medical facilities are projected to be exposed to coastal flooding as early as 2030 including CHA: Union Square Family Health, Primary Care Assembly Square, Mass General Brigham.
- Additional critical social infrastructure organizations are projected to be exposed to coastal flooding as early as 2030 including the Elizabeth Peabody House, Partners for Youth with Disabilities, Somerville-Cambridge Elder Services, amongst others.
- Additional food resources will be exposed to coastal flooding as early as 2030 including Trader Joes (2030, 100-year), Stop & Shop (2030, 200-year), and Green City Growers (2070, 100-year).



Potential Physical Interventions

	Action	Addressed Hazard(s)	Priority Area(s)
Built Environment / Grey	Partner with MBTA to Install 'Green Bus Stops' to reduce Urban Heat Island effect and Capture Stormwater	- \'\	 Somerville Ave. and Route 28 in Inner Belt Union Square Brick Bottom Boynton Yards Twin City Plaza
Infrastructure	Increase Drainage Capacity in Alignment with the Citywide Flood Mitigation and Water Quality Master Plan	000	 East Somerville (Pearl St.) Assembly Square Winter Hill (Jaques St. Corridor) Union Square (Lincoln Park Area, Lake St. Duck Village)
	Increase Tree Canopy to Reduce Heat Island Effects and Improve Air Quality	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ 	 West Assembly Square Washington St. extending from Union Square to East Somerville
Natural Environment / Green Infrastructure	Utilize Green Infrastructure to Mitigate Flood and Heat Risk to Exposed Elderly, Supportive, and Public Housing Facilities	÷ <u>\$</u>	 Cobble Hill Apartments St. Patrick's Women's Shelter Hagan Manor Mystic View Apartments Properzi Manor Capen Court Visiting Nurse Senior Living Community (Hillside) Somerville Homeless Coalition (Davis Square)
	Increase Green and Open Space in Areas with Significant Impervious Surface Area	- \' \' \' \' \' \' \' \'	 Inner Belt Brick Bottom Twin City Plaza Union Square



Potential Planning and Programming Actions

Focus	Action
	• Update zoning to include resilience requirements for new development and major renovations (e.g. Boston Coastal Flood Resilience Overlay District or Cambridge Resilient Zoning & Cool Factor Score), including more stringent water harvesting and reuse requirements to support stormwater management
Policy & Regulation	Update city design requirements to require resilience interventions for streetscape improvements
, 3	Connect resilience goals with key economic development areas to take advantage of on-going development (Assembly, Inner Belt)
	Develop a strategic managed retreat masterplan
	Develop online mapping platform and design criteria to support community in making investments in resilience
	Advocate for statewide building code updates
Education & Advocacy	Advocate for bonds awarded for the coastal flood protection including those needed at Schraffts and the new flood pathway in Union Square
	Develop a monitoring program by installing sensors and monitors to study which interventions are most effective
	Educate residents about the importance of flood insurance and encourage residents outside of the regulatory floodplain to buy it
	• Develop a method to systematically identify and prioritize project investments in socially vulnerable communities (for example by using CDC Social Vulnerability Index analysis)
Social Vulnerability	• Invest in upgrading City buildings for greater resilience and work with the community to identify if there is a need for resilience hubs to support community needs
	Apply for FEMA HMGP and BRIC funding to mitigate risk to critical assets and build community-wide resilience
DI L'	Create a public art program, possibly partnering with local schools, to design creative shade structures for the community
Placemaking	Develop a pilot 'cool (and dry) streets' program in key areas to encourage resilient street-scape design
Energy Resilience	Study energy resilience in more detail / work with utilities to truly understand the capacity of the grid and the potential resilience concerns if the grid is overloaded
Lifergy Resilience	Conduct a microgrid / district energy feasibility study
	Expand energy retrofits (especially in affordable and public housing) to improve thermal comfort in residential and commercial properties
Green Infrastructure	Develop a cool roofs and green roofs program for commercial properties
orcen initiastructure	Consider opportunities to support pavement removal / conversion, especially for residential properties with paved yards

Inventory





Hazards and Inventory

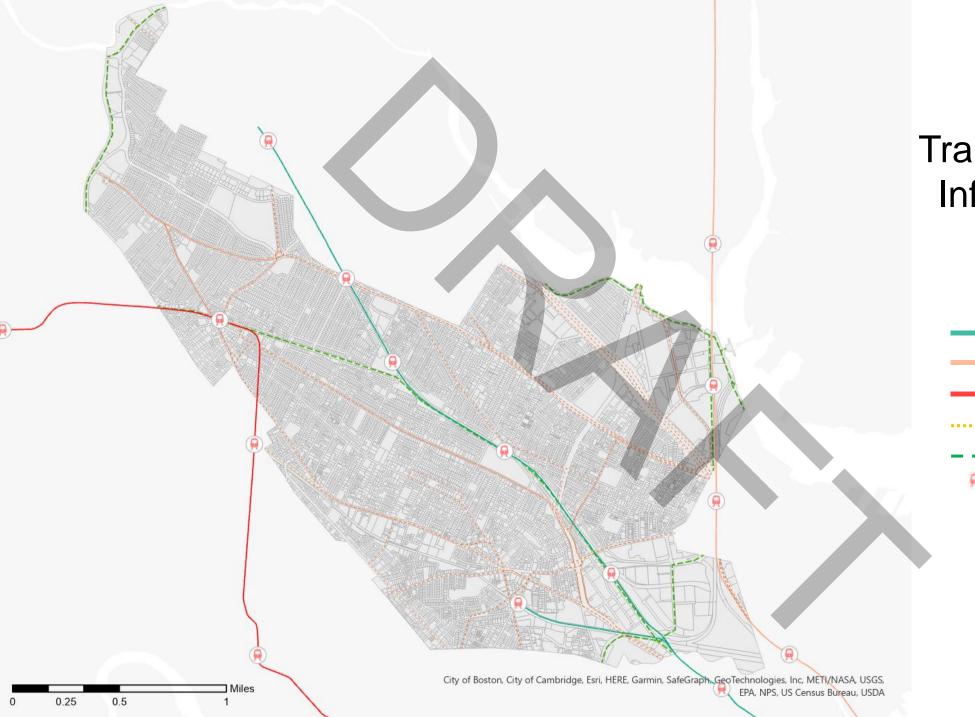






Hazard	Coastal Flooding	Stormwater Flooding	Heat Land Surface Temperature Index (LST) Present Day			
Metric	Inundation (Depth)	Inundation (Depth)				
Time- Horizon	2030, 2050, 2070	2030, 2070				
Scenario	100-year storm 200-year storm 1000-year storm	10-year storm (24 hr.) 100-year storm (24 hr.)	N/A			

- Church
- Synagogue
- Library
- Hospital (Satellite)
- Hospital (Other)
- School Health Center
- Hospital
- School
- University
 - Police
 - Fire
- Long Term Care Facility
- Care Facility (Other)
- Community Organization
- **Electric Charging Station**
- MBTA Station
- **Bus Station**
- Public Housing



Public Transportation Infrastructure

Green Line
Orange Line
Red Line

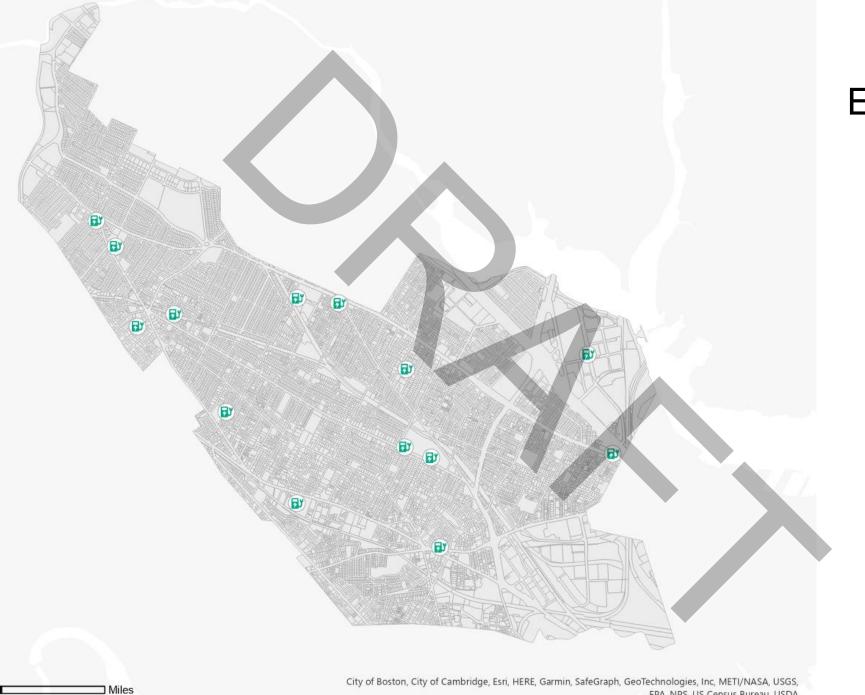
Bus Lane

🗕 🕳 . Bike Trail

MBTA Station

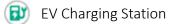


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0.5

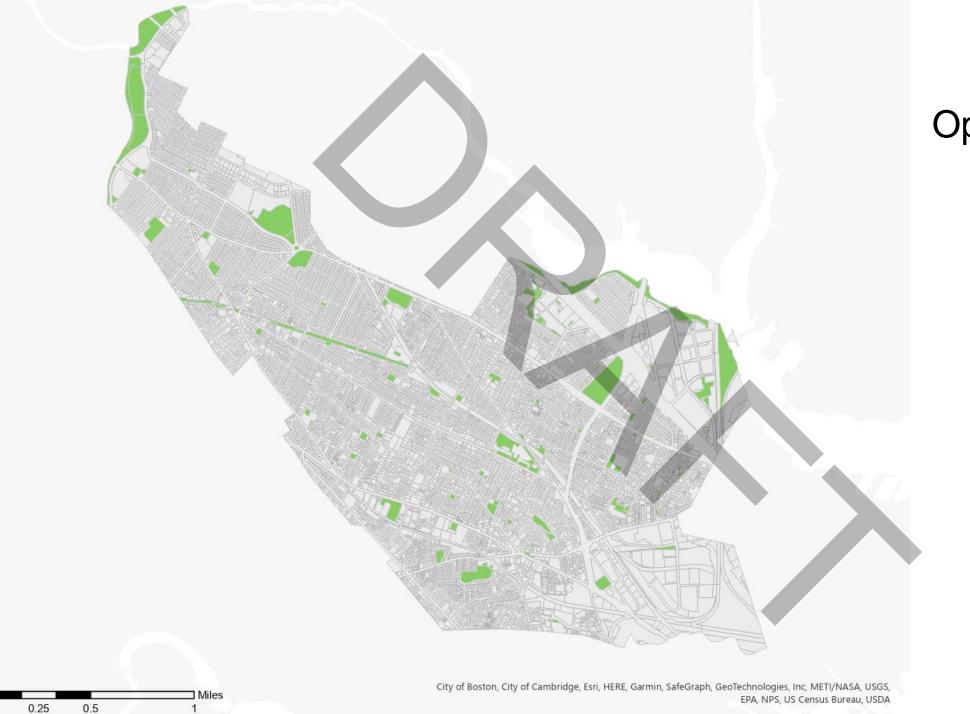
EV Charging Stations Stations





EPA, NPS, US Census Bureau, USDA

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Open Space





Open Space



Critical Facilities & Social Infrastructure For this analysis, Social Infrastructure is defined as libraries, places of worship, and nearly 40 community organizations encompassing a diverse range of focuses from homelessness, to economic development, to access to healthcare. Preserving Somerville's social infrastructure is critical to building social resilience and increasing the adaptive capacity of the City in the face of a changing climate.

Church

Library

Hospital

University

School

Police

Fire

Ø

Synagogue

Hospital (Satellite)

School Health Center

Hospital (Other)

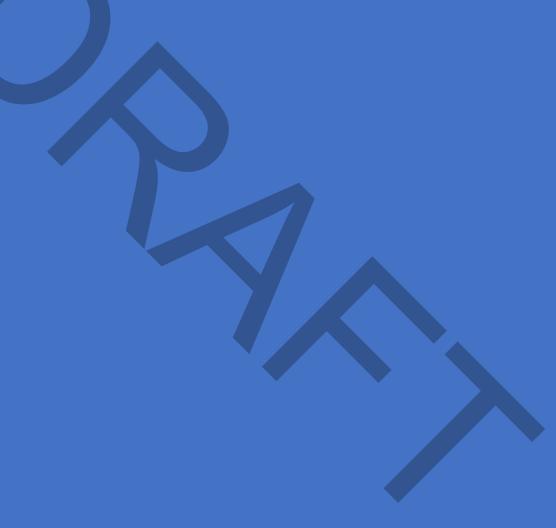
Public Housing

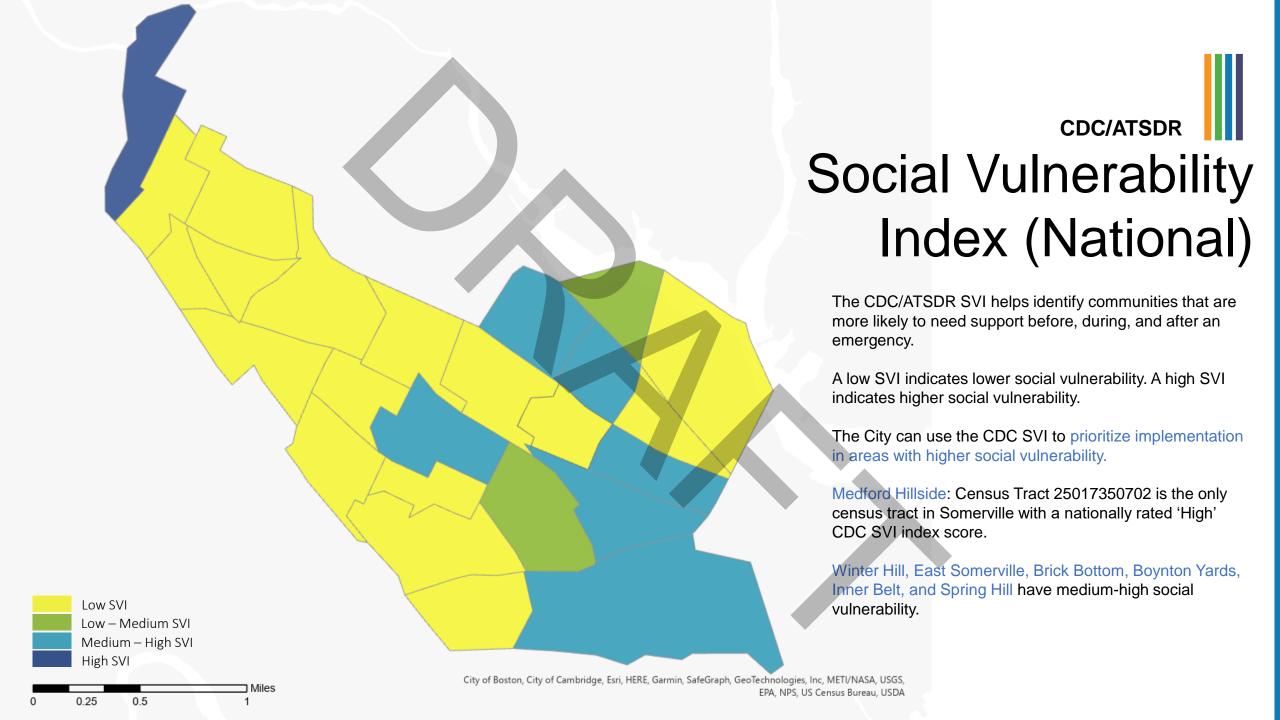
Long Term Care Facility

Community Organization

Care Facility (Other)

Social Vulnerability







(count)

Critical Facilities

Priority Neighborhoods & Infrastructure Types by Exposure and Relative Social Vulnerability Social Vulnerability

Lower SVI

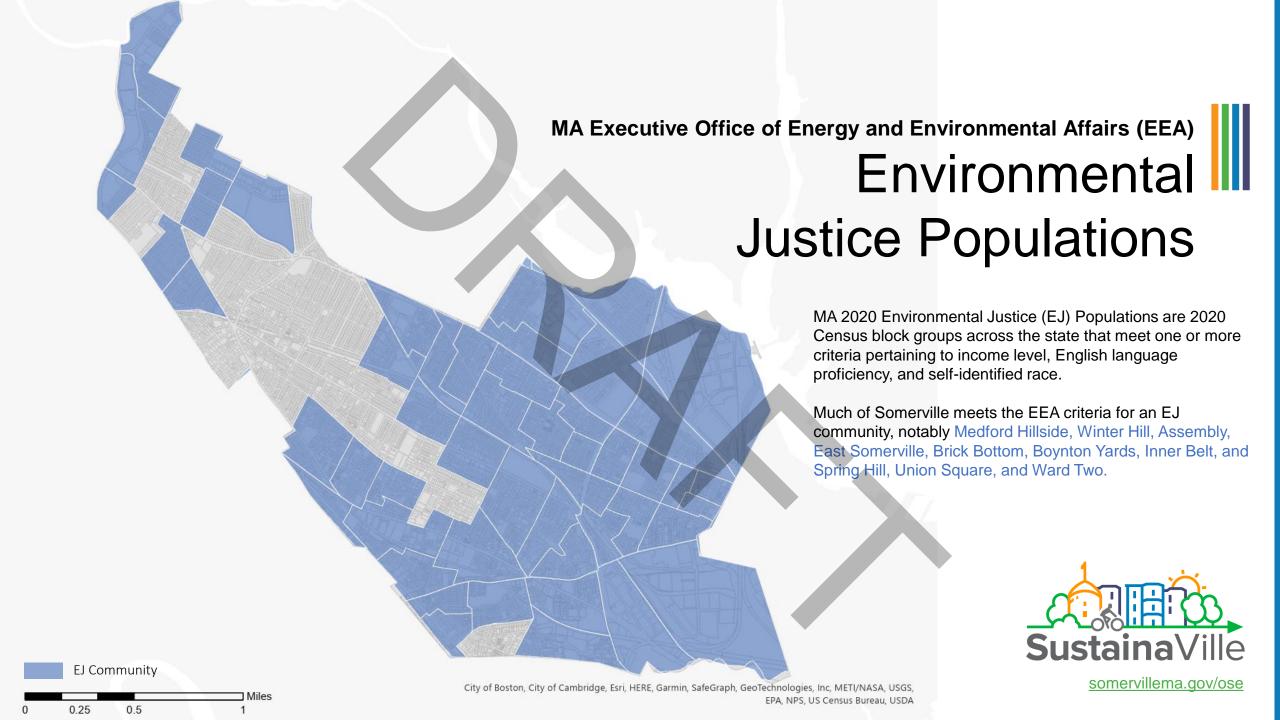
Public Housing

							Medium SVI				
							Coastal Flooding				Higher SVI
		E	extreme Heat (present)		2030		2050		2070		Stormwater (2070)
	Exposed Assets	1. 2. 3.	Union Square East Somerville Davis Square	1. 2. 3.	Assembly Square East Somerville Winter Hill	1. 2. 3.	East Somerville	1. 2. 3.	Union Square <mark>Assembly Square</mark> Winter Hill	1. 2. 3.	Union Square <mark>Assembly Square</mark> Winter Hill
	Infrastructure Types with the Most Exposed Assets	1. 2.	Social Infrastructure Food Critical Facilities	1. 2.	Medical Facilities Food Transportation	1. 2.	Medical Facilities Social Infrastructure	1. 2.	Social Infrastructure Food Public Housing	1. 2.	Food Social Infrastructure

Food

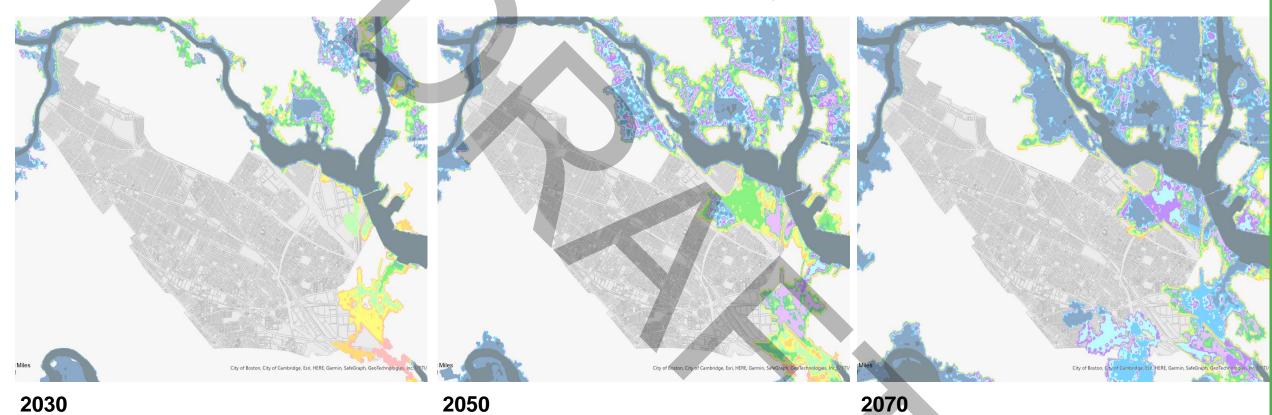
Public Housing

Transportation



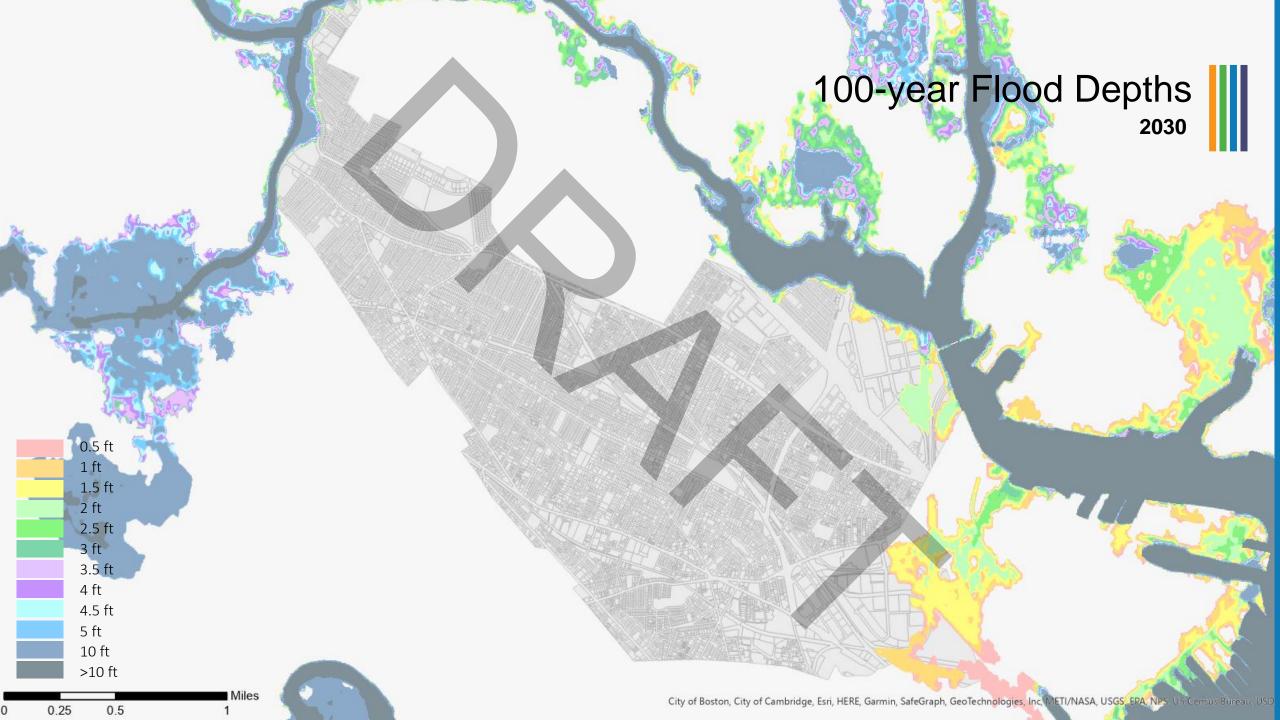
Coastal Flooding

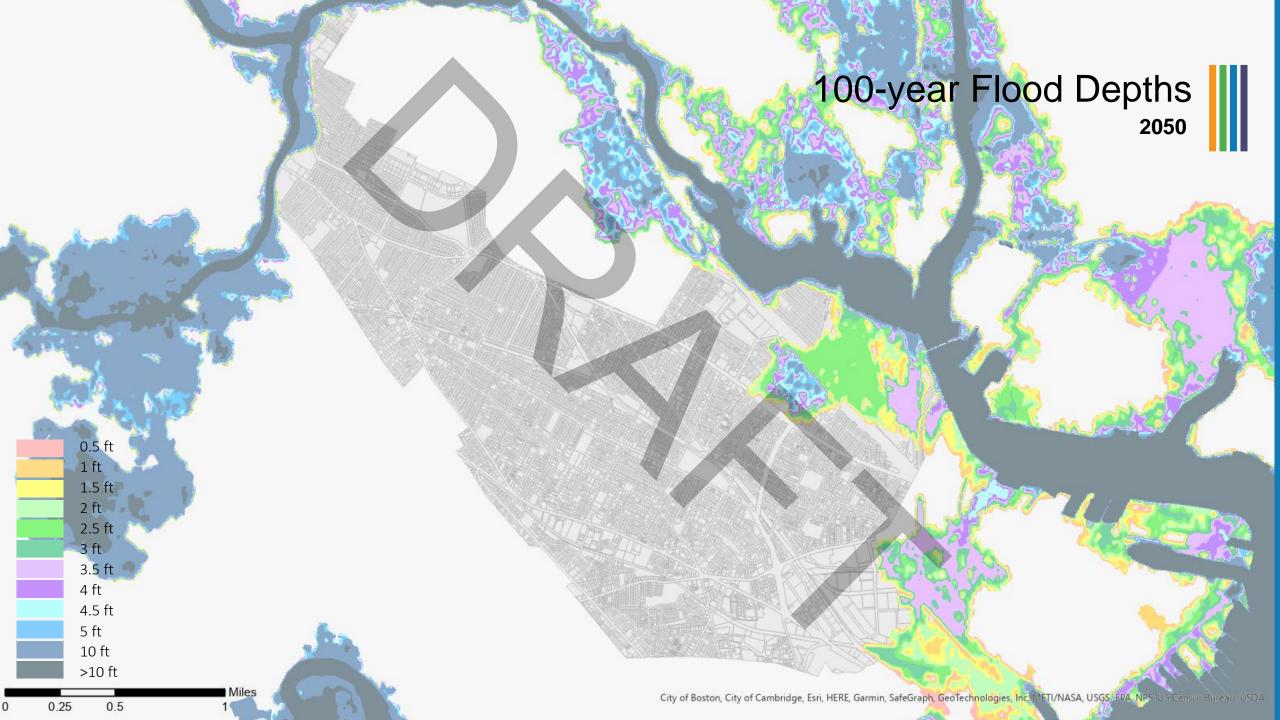
100-year Coastal Flood Depths

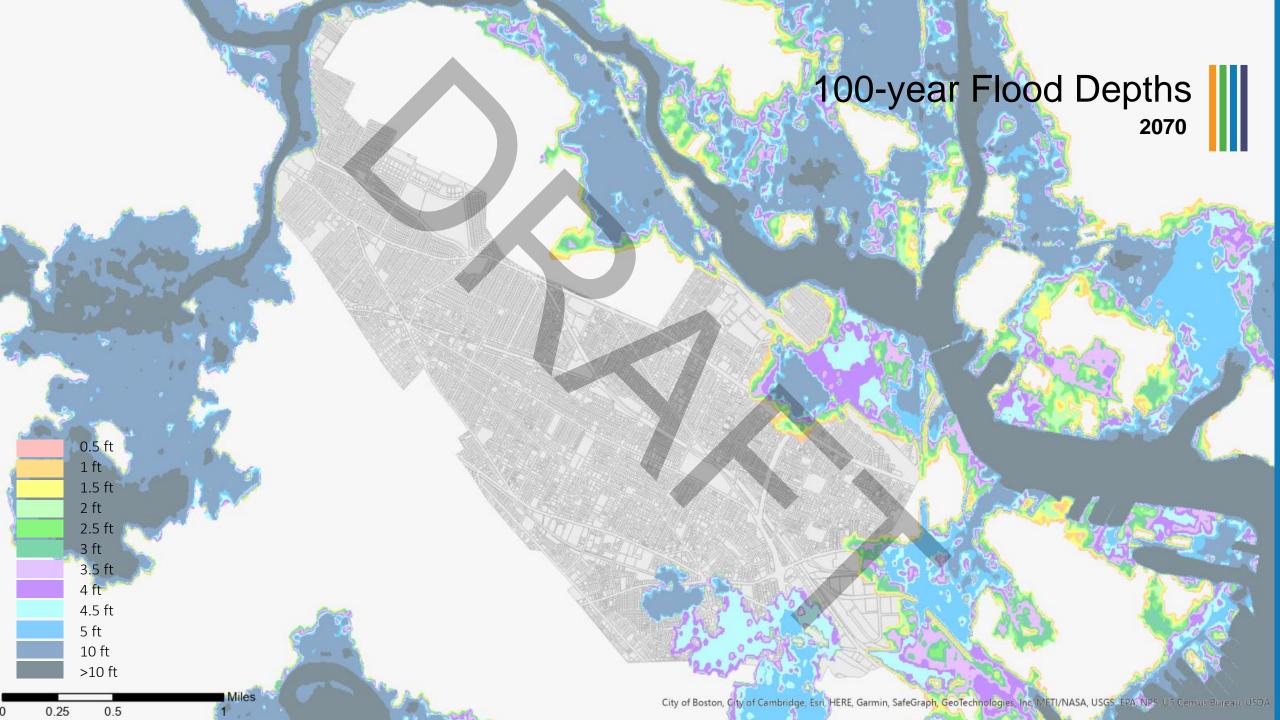


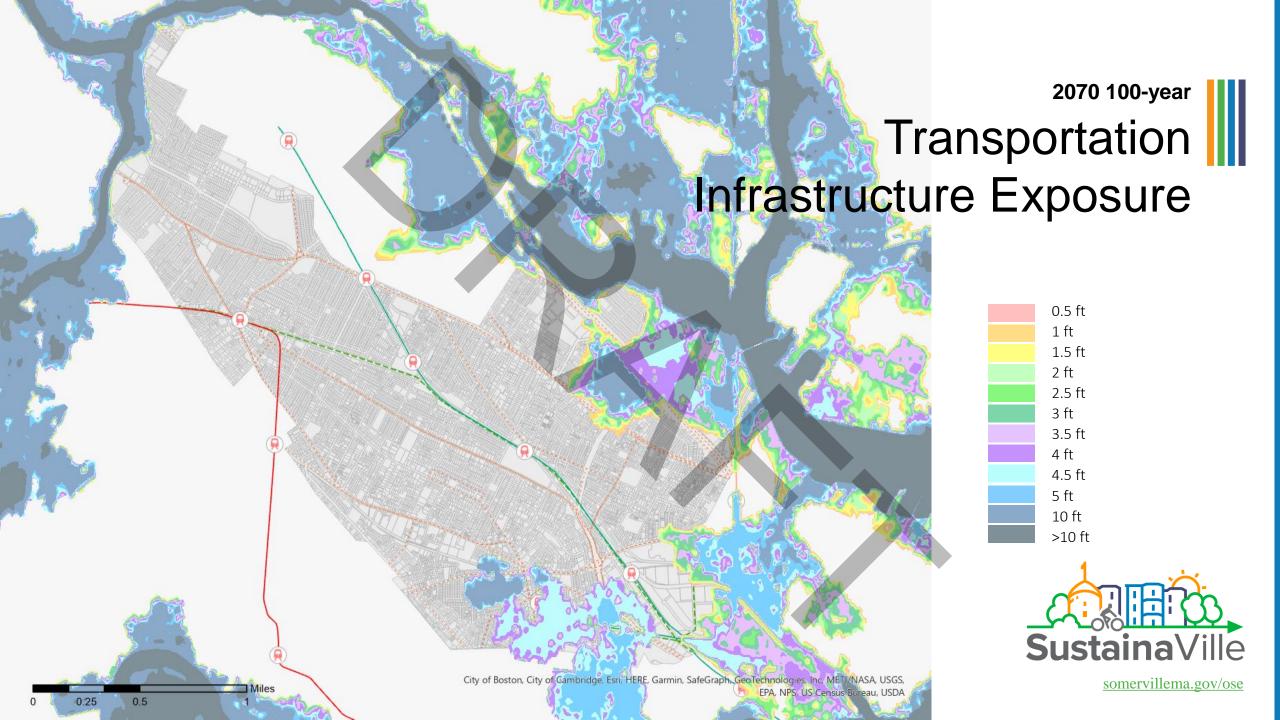


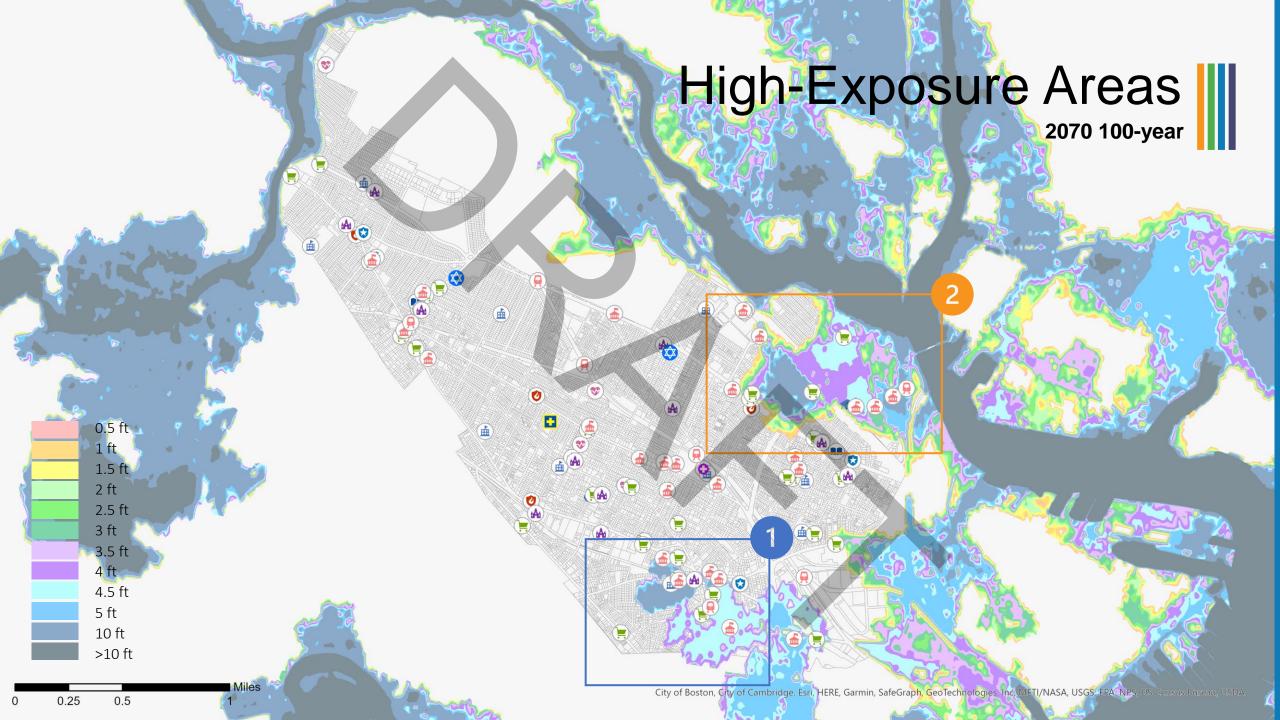






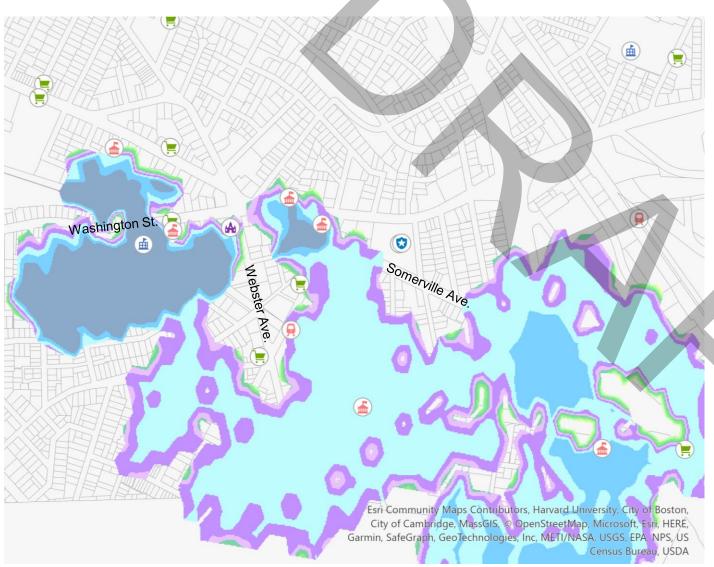






Union Square

2070 100-year



- New flood path will extend into Union Square from Cambridge.
- Up to 10 ft. of inundation anticipated.
- Police and fire Stations, shelters, community organizations, and public housing units will be exposed.

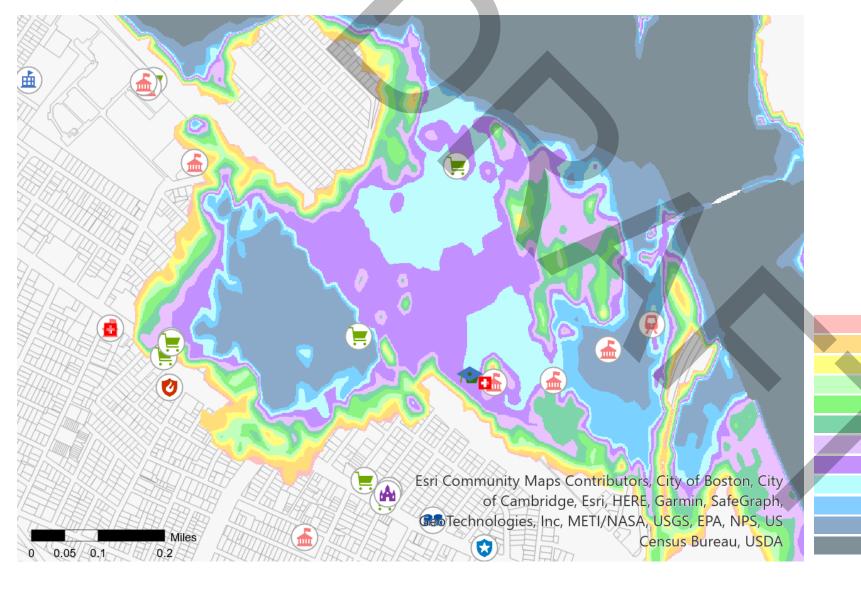
0.5 ft
1 ft
1.5 ft
2 ft
2.5 ft
3 ft
3.5 ft
4 ft
4.5 ft
5 ft
10 ft

>10 ft



Assembly Square

2070 100-year



- Up to 10 ft. of inundation anticipated.
- Transportation, food, healthcare, community organizations, and education facilities will be affected.

1.5 ft 2 ft 2.5 ft 3 ft 3.5 ft 4 ft 4.5 ft 5 ft 10 ft >10 ft

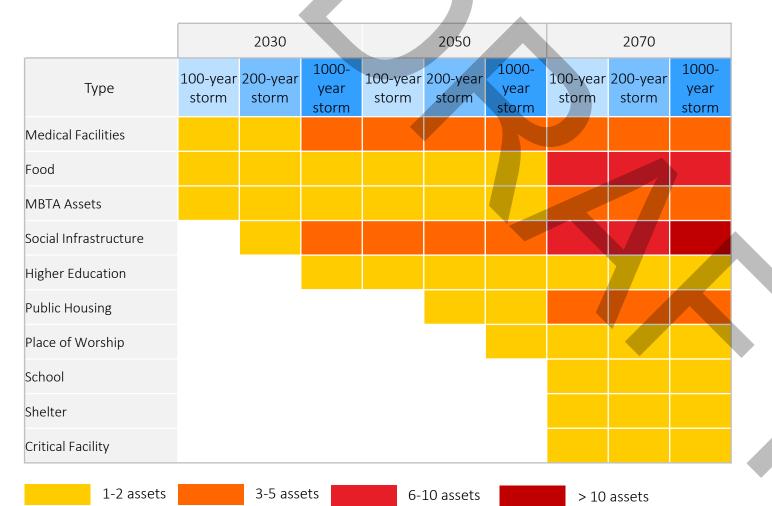
0.5 ft 1 ft



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Coastal Flooding Asset Exposure Matrix

Exposure Count by Infrastructure Type



- Number of exposed critical infrastructure assets will more than double by 2070.
- Social infrastructure, food resources, and medical facilities will be most exposed.



Coastal Flooding Asset Exposure Matrix

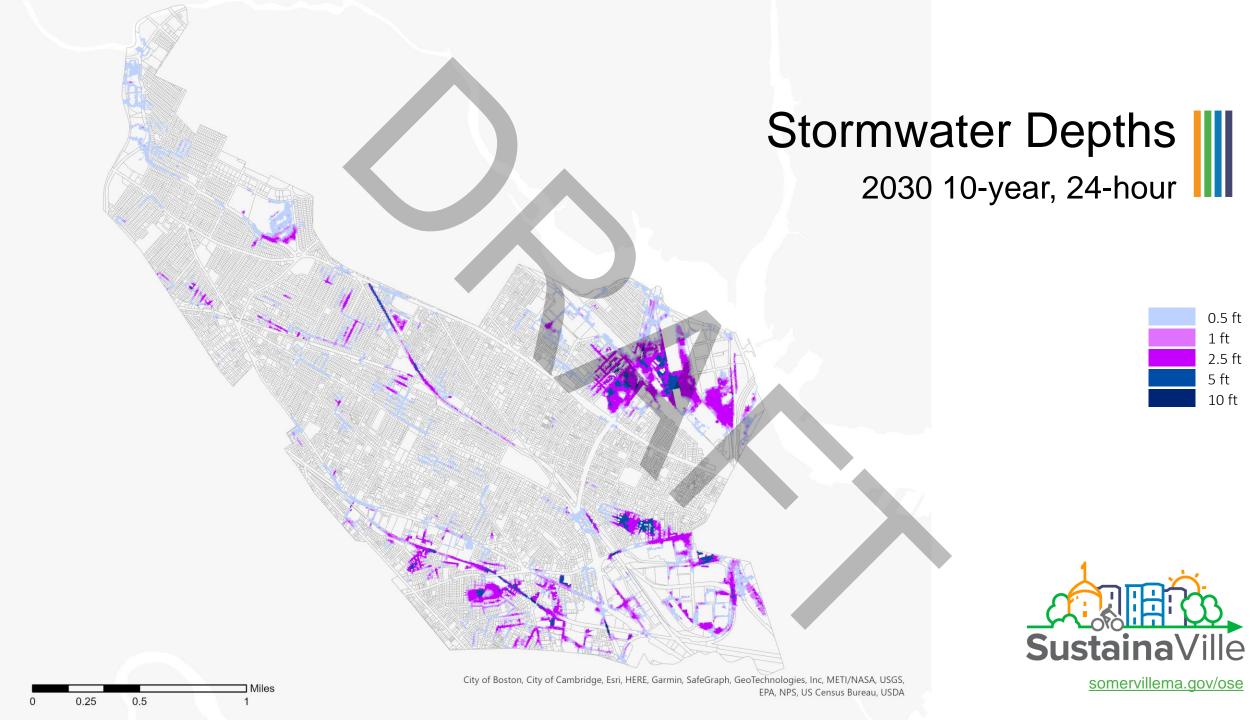
Exposure Count by Neighborhood

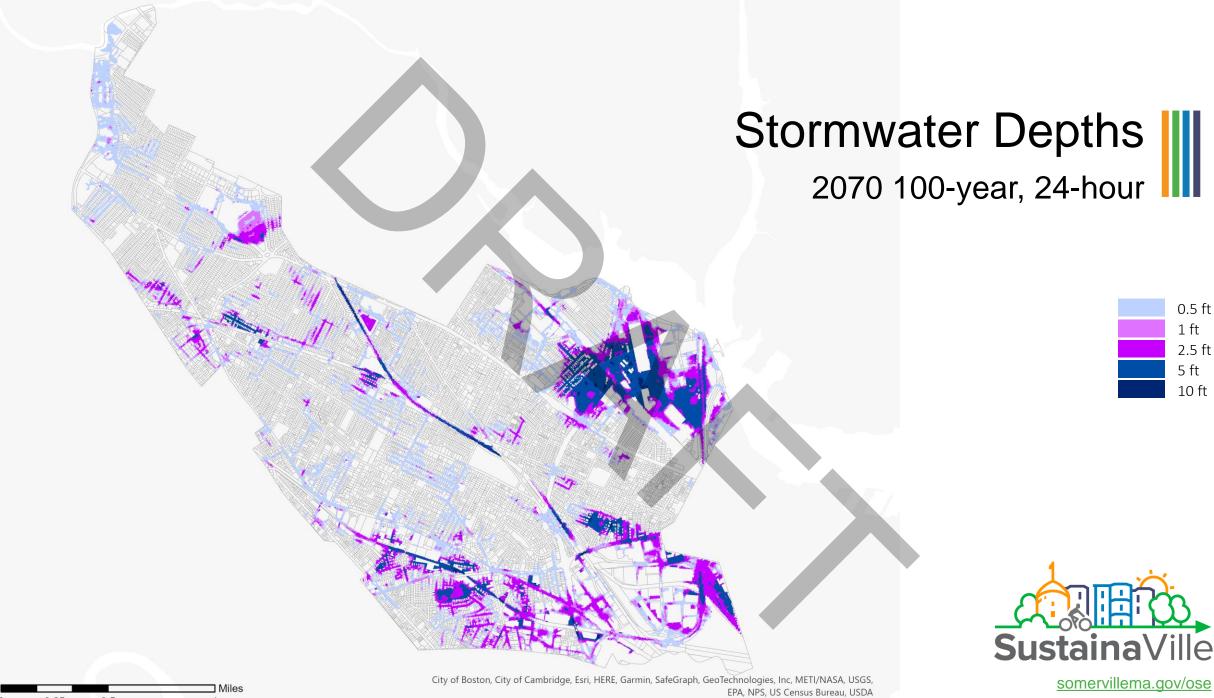


- Assembly Square, East Somerville, and Winter Hill will experience coastal flooding impacts as early as 2030.
- By 2070, a new flood path will extend into Union Square.



Stormwater Flooding

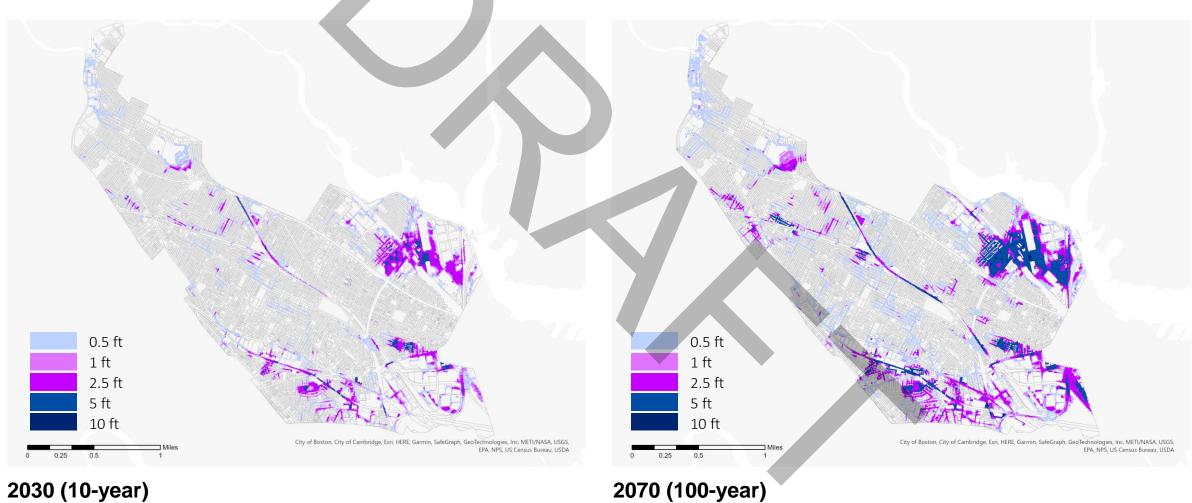


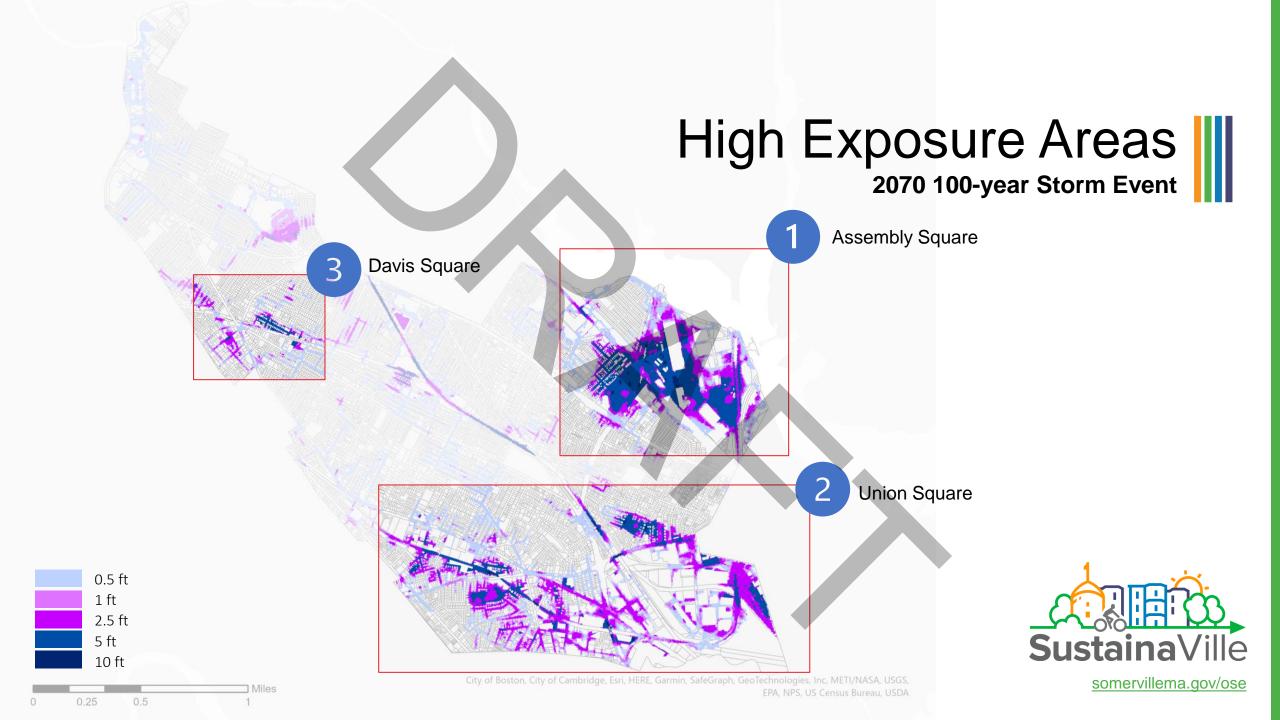


SustainaVille somervillema.gov/ose

Stormwater Flood Depths 24-hour Storm Event







Assembly

Stormwater Depths 2070 100-year Storm Event

- Anticipated depths greater than 5ft.
- Exposed healthcare facilities.
- Exposed to both coastal and stormwater flooding.

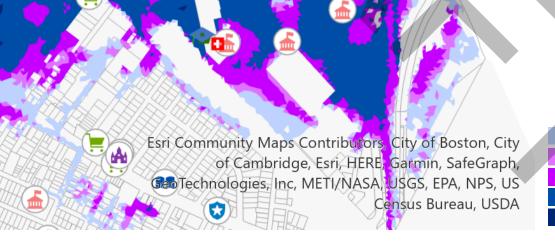
0.5 ft

2.5 ft

1 ft

5 ft

10 ft

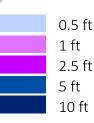




Union Square

Stormwater Depths 2070 100-year Storm Event

- Critical facilities previously identified to experience stormwater inundation (2017) are anticipated to experience greater depths.
- Anticipated depths greater than 5ft.
- Significant critical facilities, community organizations, and residential exposure.



Census Bureau, USDA







Davis Square

Stormwater Depths 2070 100-year Storm **Event**

- Concentration of exposed food resources.
- Depths will increase to greater than 5ft. by 2070.



0.5 ft

2.5 ft

5 ft

10 ft

1 ft



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Stormwater Flooding Asset Exposure Matrix

Exposure Count by Infrastructure Type and Neighborhood



Greatest Infrastructure Exposure:

- . Food Resources
- Social Infrastructure
- 3. Public Housing

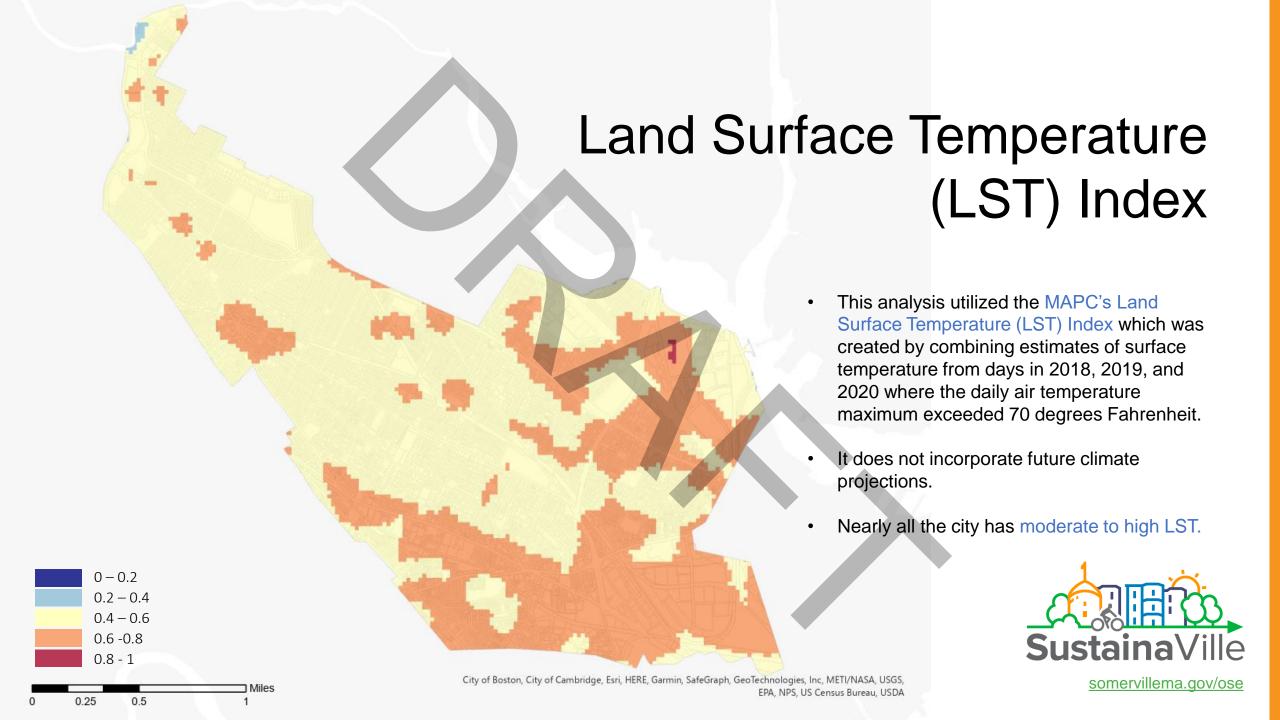
Greatest Neighborhood Exposure:

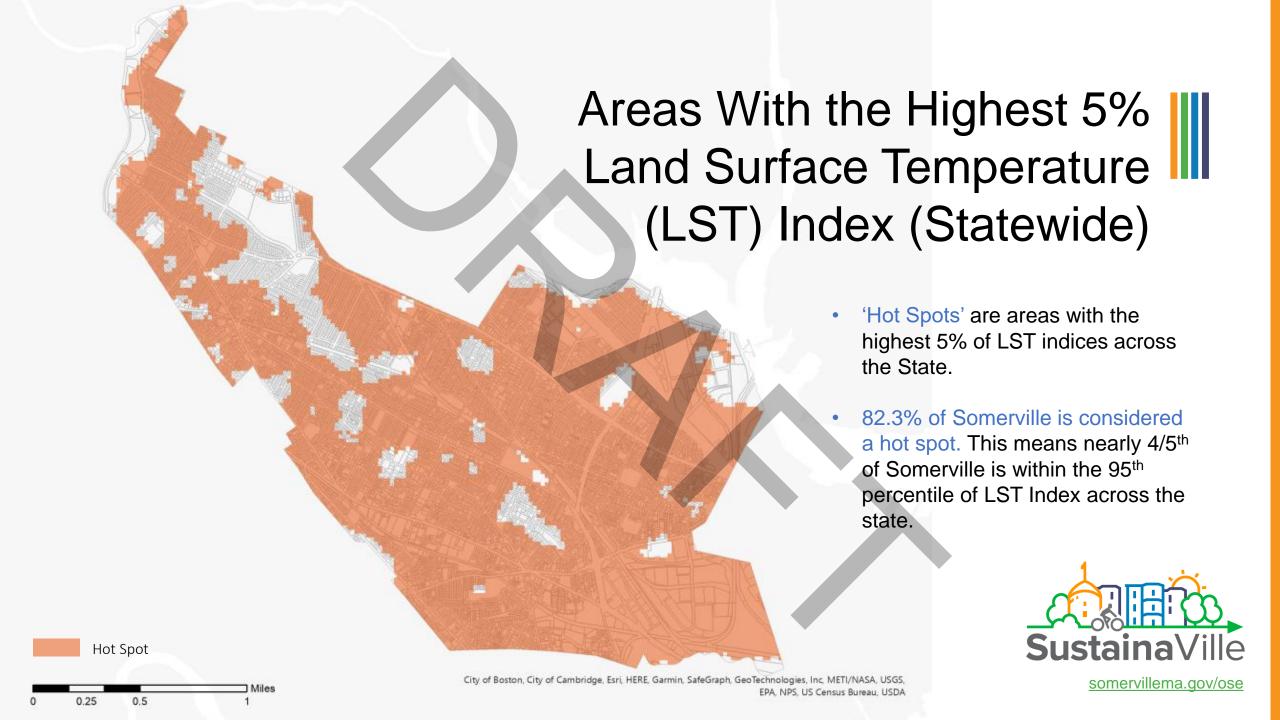
- 1. Union Square
- 2. Assembly Square
- 3. Winter Hill

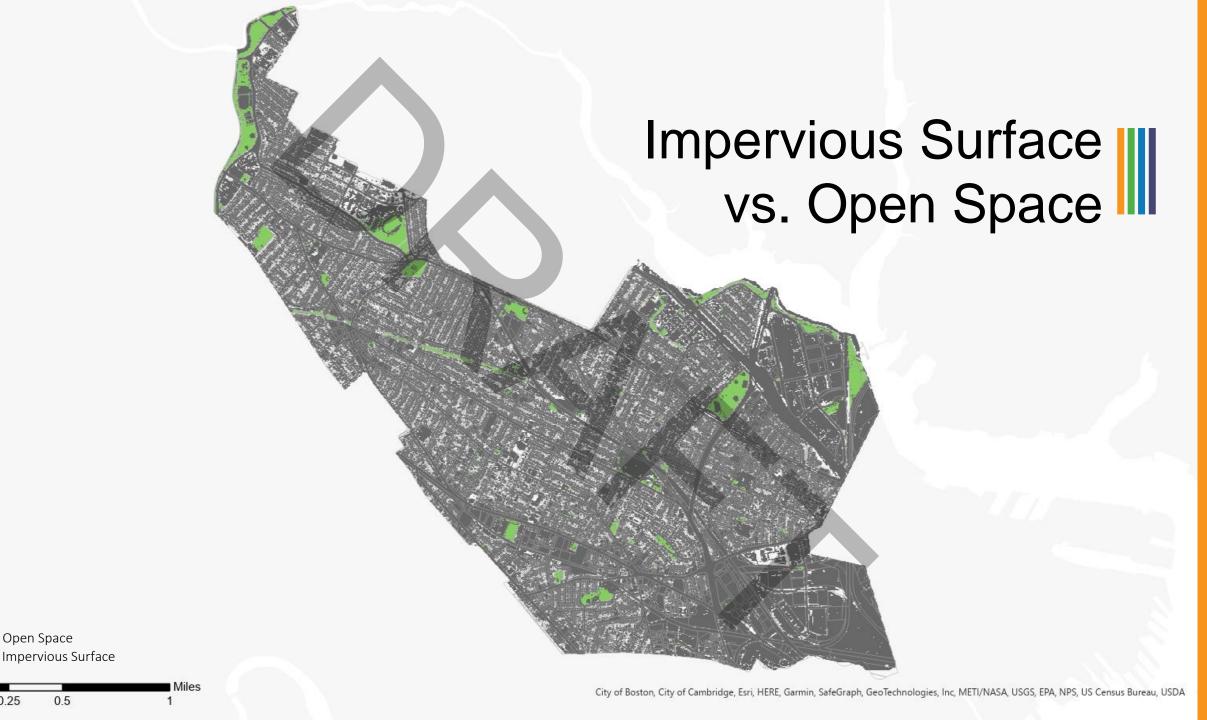


Heat









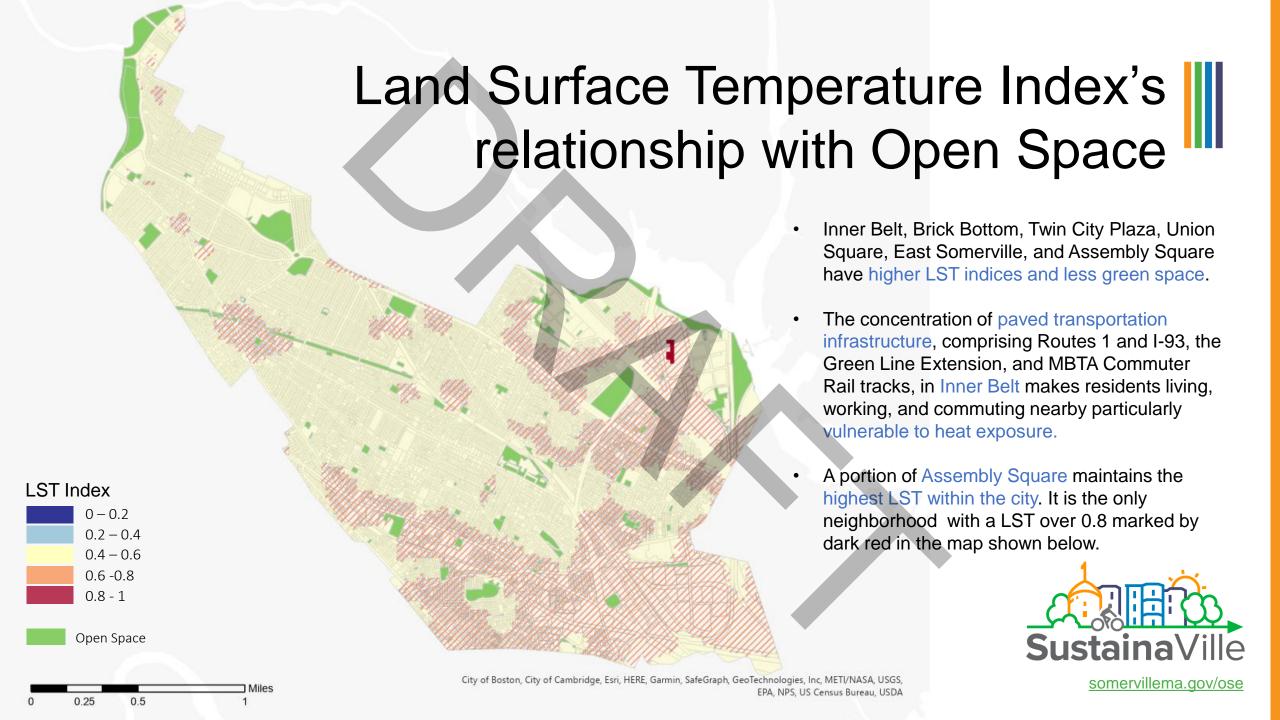


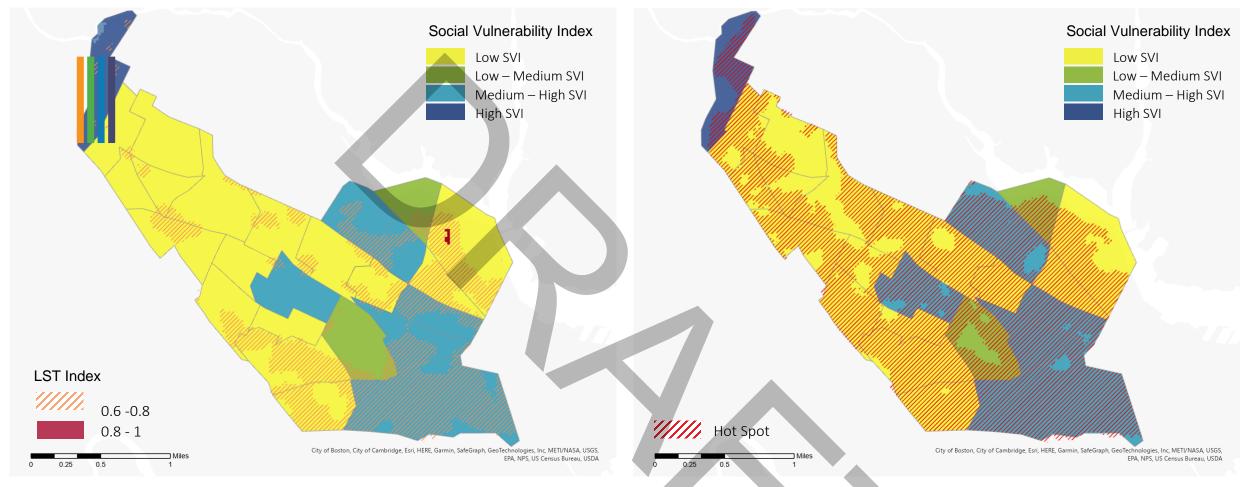
Top 5% of Land Surface Temperature Indices State-wide Open Space and Impervious Surface

- Impervious surfaces, like concrete and asphalt, contribute to the urban heat island effect by absorbing and storing more heat from the sun compared to natural surfaces like green spaces or tree cover.
- Neighborhoods and assets with higher LST indices are concentrated in areas with more impervious surface.



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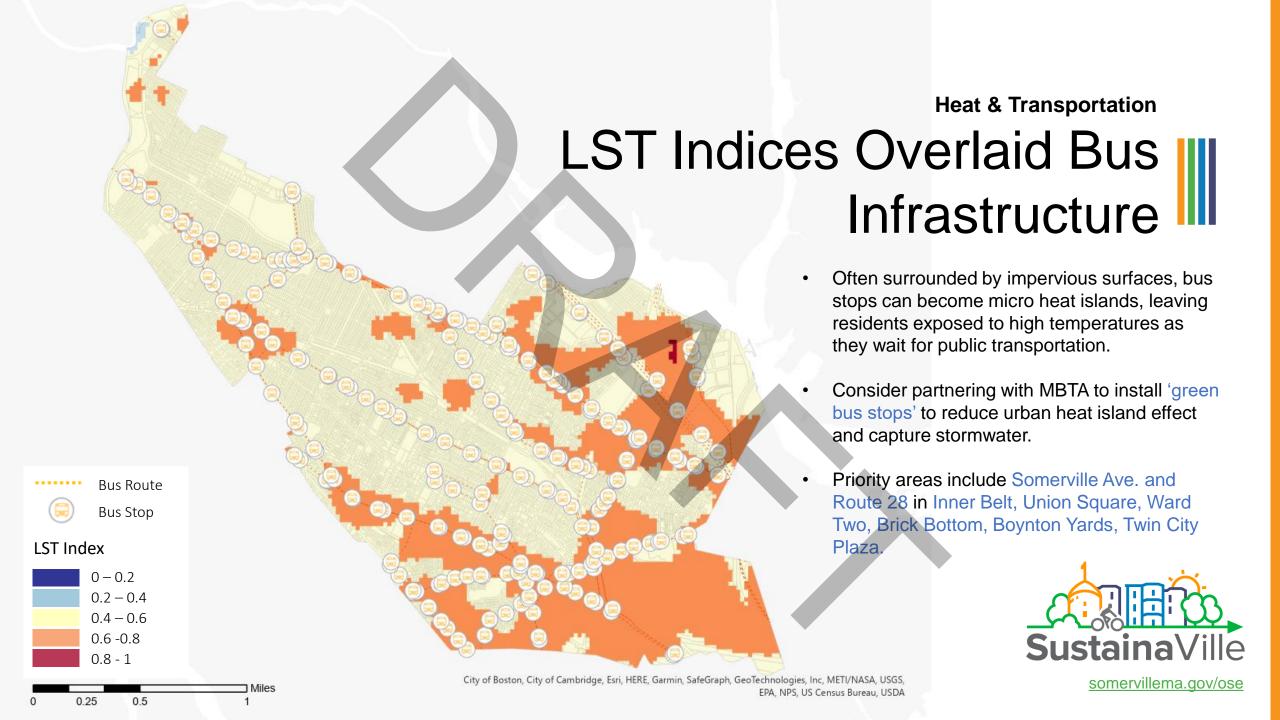


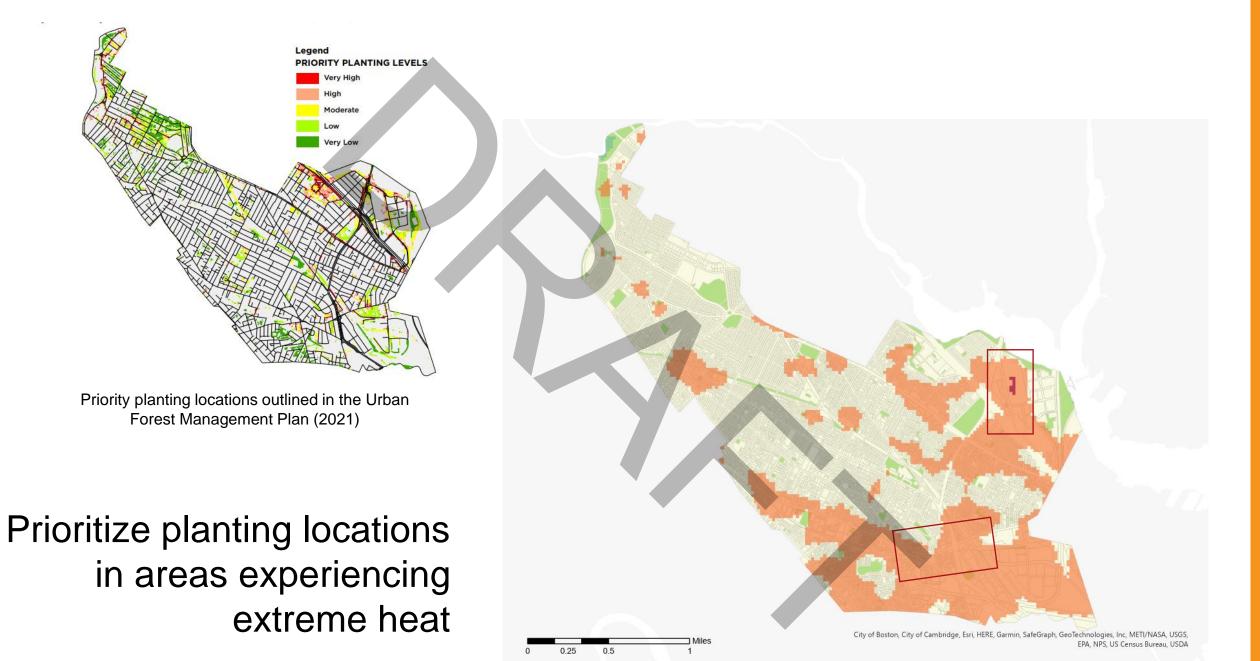
SVI compared to Medium to High LST Index (LST >0.6)

SVI compared to Hot Spots (Top 5% State-wide LST Index)

- Neighborhoods with relatively higher SVIs often overlap with areas with greater heat exposure.
- Neighborhoods such as Brick Bottom, Inner Belt, Twin City Plaza, Union Square, and Winter Hill have relatively higher social vulnerability compared to the city while also being projected to experience higher LST indices.
- Intensified heat disproportionally impacts socially vulnerable populations including those with existing medical conditions, seniors, and those dependent on public transportation.









Key Heat Findings

Neighborhood	Extreme Heat (Present Day)
Davis Square	
East Somerville	
Union Square	
Assembly Square	
Spring Hill	
Ball Square	
Boynton Yards	
Hillside	
Inner Belt	
Magoun Square	
Teele Square	
Twin City	
Winter Hill	

Туре	Extreme Heat (Present Day)
Social Infrastructure	
Food	
Place of Worship	
Critical Facility	
Medical Facilities	
Public Housing	
School	
MBTA Assets	
Shelter	
Higher Education	

Greatest Neighborhood Exposure:

- **Union Square**
- **East Somerville**
- **Davis Square**

Greatest Infrastructure Exposure:

- Social Infrastructure
- Food Resources
- **Critical Facilities**

