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## Minority report name meaning

The meaning of research reports varies depending on what you're actually exploring and what industry you're working in. In the medical field, the purpose of the research report may be to show the results of a clinical trial for a new pharmaceutical drug. In the ecological field, the purpose of the research report may be to examine the causes and effects of a giant garbage island in the middle of the Pacific Ocean. Most likely, as a small business owner, you will use a research report for market research, which has a completely different purpose. The significance of the investigative report should not be underestimated. It can really help make or break up a small business. They can act as a window into the soul of consumers and help you make informed decisions about your brand. This is a meaningful way of presenting new ideas to shareholders and board members. It's hard to refuse the tried-and-tested data. In layman's, the research report is a written account of the findings of a research study in the way that people can digest and learn from. These types of reports also provide suggestions on how to use the data. Basically, research reports identify the question and show an answer through clearly explained data (although in some cases there is no conclusive answer). In addition to the definition of research reports, research reports have great significance for small businesses. The main purpose of the research report for a small business is to examine market research. It can help you understand: Customer satisfaction: You can increase satisfaction if you know what's wrong. Marketing strategies: What is effective and what is not? Target market of your business: Who buys your product and who should you market to? The research report usually includes 11 sections: Title Abstract Table of Contents Objectives and Objectives Literature Review Report on the conclusions of the investigation Conclusions of the reference discussion Start with the title and then include a summary. That serves as a summary. It lists the point of research, sample size and other quantified factors of the study. Here you will tell your audience who, what and where. For example: run a candy company and introduce a new chocolate bar. After leading the focus group, you found that the new chocolate bar is a favorite of millennials. You want to show it to your ad team so they can successfully target the cleanest market. In the summary, you would share the fact that you polled 100 people of different generations. The feed is followed by Table of Contents, Goals, and Goals. The table of contents directs the reader to the pages they are looking for. Goals and objectives are where you would include the reasons for your research report. What is the purpose of the research report and what do you hope to find? The Literature Review examines all sources that have previously dived into Theme. The investigation report is where you explain, in more detail, everything about your participants, research procedures and materials. You poured this into the abstract. Follow the investigation report with your findings. With the previous example, the findings are where you would include the fact that 10% of millennials reported that your chocolate bar was too sweet, while 50% said they would buy it at the cinema. The Discussion section further immerses you in your findings. It often includes charts and other visual representations of your data. Here you would discuss whether your findings are consistent with your original theories or if other research studies have come up with similar results. This is also where you will justify future research. The conclusion compresses your entire report and examines its greater significance. Following the previous example, here you would sneak into a recommendation to take out the ad space on a movie-focused website that has a millennial audience. References and additions are the last parts of the official research report. This increases the significance of the research report as it lists all the papers from which you extracted information and full details of your results, including any questionnaires you may have provided. Picture: Jonathan Knowles / Stone / Getty Images Without knowing it, your name meant something all along. It has a hidden meaning that has been the driving force in your life. During this quiz, the way you answer a series of questions about names will allow us to discover how your name was hiding. You can look for the traditional meaning of your name, but here we are talking about something completely different. We're talking about a meaning that can't be reduced to anyone but you - well, maybe with one person of six million who has exactly the same name. Yet the hidden meaning of your name is deeper than the meaning of your name itself. That's the meaning of all your names together. Through all the questions, we're going to have a little talk about your name. We'll also ask you to tell us your feelings about other names, including those wacky names celebrities give their children. Once you've finished the quiz, the hidden meaning of your name will be clear. Then we'll share your results! You won't have to tell us your name. In fact, it would take away all the fun. Instead, answer these questions about all names and find out what your name is trying to tell you. What's he trying to say? PERSONALITY What is your moral alignment? 6 Minutes Quiz 6 Min PERSONALITY What's your crystal type? 6 Minutes Quiz 6 Min PERSONALITY What is your personality color? 5 Minutes Quiz 5 Min PERSONALITY What's your actual pop-up? 5-minute quiz 5 Min PERSONALITY What is the energetic vibe of your soul? 5 minutes quiz 5 min PERSONALITY Are you Live Laugh Love or Die Cry Hate? 5-minute quiz 5 min PERSONALITY Can we guess your type of intelligence based on what life skills you have? 5-minute quiz 5 min PERSONALITY Can we guess your biggest phobia? 5 Minutes Quiz 5 Min PERSONALITY Can we guess your age based on your pet peeves? 5 Minutes Quiz 5 Min PERSONALITY Are you a millennial or Generation Z? 6 Minute Quiz 6 Min How much do you know about dinosaurs? What is an octane rating? And how do you use the right noun? Lucky for you, HowStuffWorks Play is here to help. Our award-winning website offers reliable, easily understood explanations about how the world works. From fun quizzes that bring joy to your day, to compelling photography and fascinating lists, HowStuffWorks Play offers something for everyone. Sometimes we explain how things work, other times, we ask you, but we always explore in the name of fun! Because learning is fun, so stay tuned! Playing quizzes is free! We send trivial questions and personality tests every week to your inbox. By clicking Sign in, you agree to our privacy policy and confirm that you are 13 years of age or older. Copyright © 2020 InfoSpace Holdings, LLC, System1 In a small meeting room on the edge of the showroom floor at the Consumer Electronics Show, the startup company demonstrated motion-sensing interface technology that could offer a radical new way to interact with games, computers and TVs. The technology, from Israeli startup PrimeSense, can be incorporated into TVs, Blu-ray players and set-top boxes, allowing people to use hand gestures to scroll through cable TV menus from the living room couch, or stand in front of the TV and mix documents on the screen by moving their hands in the air, just like Tom Cruise in the sci-fi film Minority Report. Technology can also be used as an interface for PC games and game consoles. In this way, it resembles Microsoft's Project Natal, which allows users to stand in front of a large screen and use full-body gestures, such as impact, impact, or jump, to control the avatar on the screen. Microsoft said it will launch Project Natal for Xbox 360 users later this year. PrimeSense's system uses a sensor-camera that sits above the screen and projects a beam of light, at a wavelength near infrared, to build a 3D map of people and objects in the room. When a person activates the device by pushing the palm towards the screen, the system locks on that person and puts them in control. PrimeSense is a fabless chip company, which means it designs a technology-powered 3D sensor chip as well as software that is built into devices. It says it has a deal with a major manufacturer to produce its mass-market chips, although it does not yet want to say who it is. In fact, the big question mark over PrimeSense is that it won't reveal any of its Still, while companies in PC and set-top box markets are likely to announce products this quarter that include its technology, according to Adi Berenson, PrimeSense's vice president of business development and marketing. The company is also in talks with TV creators, he said. Behind closed doors, journalists and industry partners at the CES International Fair are shown a prototype system. The technology sounds futuristic, but variations based on it have been in the works for years, and are being developed by competitors including Canesta of Sunnyvale, Calif., Optrima of Belgium, PMD Technologies of Germany and Mesa Imaging of Switzerland. Canesta said in October that it had secured an additional \$16 million in funding, from companies including portable giant Quanta Computer, to further develop its own 3D sensor technology. Last year, Canesta demonstrated a prototype gesture-controlled TV from Hitachi, and in the past has worked with Honda on vehicle safety systems. Most companies on the market use flight time technology, which works by emitting infrared heart rate from a camera above the screen and measuring the time it takes to bounce off objects in a room. This allows systems to calculate the distance of each surface and create a virtual 3D model of the room. Any changes, such as hand gestures, are then translated to the screen. PrimeSense uses a variation of this. Instead of calculating the time when light will bounce off objects, it encodes patterns in light and builds a 3D image examining the distortion created in these patterns by objects in the room, Berenson said. He argued that this system is faster and more accurate than the flight time system, and that it can work near darkness. Technology can map objects that are up to 18 feet (six feet) away, although six to seven feet is best for apps where the user stands, and 10 to 12 feet is the sweet spot to use hand gestures on the couch, he said. The entire system, including sensor chip and middleware, will cost manufacturers \$20 to \$30 to add to computers or TVs when delivered in volume, Berenson said. Most high-end TVs will have enough computing power to run the software and have USB 2.0 ports where the sensor device can be plugged in, he said. PrimeSense showed off several technology applications here. At one point during the Minority Report-style demonstration, the system froze for a moment, but recovered fairly quickly and seemed to run smoothly afterwards. When using the touchscreen effect to manipulate documents, outlines of two gray hands appear on the screen to match the user's hand in the air. Tapping the document turns the palms red, and the document can then be either maimed on the screen or rotated using two hands. Possible uses, including sorting through digital photos on your computer or card games on TV TV the sensor at the top of the TV also includes a camera and microphone, and PrimeSense showed how a person's image can be rear-ended over the background on the screen, much like a weatherman on TV. It was unclear how the capability could be used, and partner companies would have to come up with some of their own technology applications. One option is also for the type of videoconferencing between two internet-connected TVs, so that two people can discuss the website by appearing to stand in front of it on the screen and show pictures and links on the page. We don't know how it's all going to be implemented yet, Berenson said, but it's something that might be fun to use. Image copyright © 2010 IDG Communications, Inc. Inc.