

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

- ☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008
- or
- ☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the transition period from to

Commission file number 0-3134

Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

6065 Parkland Boulevard, Cleveland, Ohio
(Address of principal executive offices)

34-1867219
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

44124
(Zip Code)

440/947-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. is a successor issuer to Park-Ohio Industries, Inc.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

- (1) Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and
- (2) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☒ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting Company ☐
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Number of shares outstanding of registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, as of April 30, 2008: 11,363,354.

The Exhibit Index is located on page 22.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I. Financial Information

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	(Unaudited) March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
	(Dollars in thousands)	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,940	\$ 14,512
Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$3,468 at March 31, 2008 and \$3,724 at December 31, 2007	196,536	172,357
Inventories	224,491	215,409
Deferred tax assets	21,897	21,897
Unbilled contract revenue	26,854	24,817
Other current assets	14,907	15,232
Total Current Assets	507,625	464,224
Property, Plant and Equipment	271,309	266,222
Less accumulated depreciation	166,006	160,665
	105,303	105,557
Other Assets		
Goodwill	101,029	100,997
Net assets held for sale	3,330	3,330
Other	101,037	95,081
	<u>\$ 818,324</u>	<u>\$ 769,189</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 124,362	\$ 121,875
Accrued expenses	81,350	67,007
Current portion of long-term debt	2,428	2,362
Current portion of other postretirement benefits	2,041	2,041
Total Current Liabilities	210,181	193,285
Long-Term Liabilities, less current portion		
8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014	210,000	210,000
Revolving credit	172,900	145,400
Other long-term debt	2,487	2,287
Deferred tax liability	22,722	22,722
Other postretirement benefits and other long-term liabilities	23,908	24,017
	432,017	404,426
Shareholders' Equity		
Capital stock, par value \$1 a share:		
Serial Preferred Stock	-0-	-0-
Common Stock	12,233	12,233
Additional paid-in capital	62,509	61,956
Retained earnings	94,264	90,782
Treasury stock, at cost	(11,898)	(11,255)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	19,018	17,762
	<u>176,126</u>	<u>171,478</u>
	<u>\$ 818,324</u>	<u>\$ 769,189</u>

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2007 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
	(Amounts in thousands, except per share data)	
Net sales	\$ 267,090	\$ 267,886
Cost of products sold	228,397	229,277
Gross profit	38,693	38,609
Selling, general and administrative expenses	25,945	25,490
Gain on sale of assets held for sale	-0-	(2,299)
Operating income	12,748	15,418
Interest expense	7,264	8,007
Income before income taxes	5,484	7,411
Income taxes	2,002	2,206
Net income	\$ 3,482	\$ 5,205
Amounts per common share:		
Basic	\$.31	\$.47
Diluted	\$.30	\$.45
Common shares used in the computation:		
Basic	11,153	11,049
Diluted	11,689	11,553

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</u>	<u>Total</u>
	(Dollars in thousands)					
Balance at January 1, 2008	\$ 12,233	\$ 61,956	\$ 90,782	\$ (11,255)	\$ 17,762	\$ 171,478
Comprehensive income:						
Net income			3,482			3,482
Foreign currency translation adjustment					1,347	1,347
Unrealized loss on marketable securities, net of tax					(132)	(132)
Pension and post retirement benefit adjustments, net of tax					41	41
Comprehensive income						4,738
Amortization of restricted stock		427				427
Purchase of treasury stock				(643)		(643)
Share-based compensation		126				126
Balance at March 31, 2008	<u>\$ 12,233</u>	<u>\$ 62,509</u>	<u>\$ 94,264</u>	<u>\$ (11,898)</u>	<u>\$ 19,018</u>	<u>\$ 176,126</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
	(Dollars in thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 3,482	\$ 5,205
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,268	5,326
Share-based compensation expense	553	484
Gain on sale of assets held for sale	-0-	(2,299)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(24,179)	(14,041)
Inventories and other current assets	(10,756)	3,125
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	16,830	(13,949)
Other	(5,573)	3,160
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(14,375)	(12,989)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment, net	(4,282)	(5,444)
Purchases of marketable securities	(231)	-0-
Sales of marketable securities	193	-0-
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale	-0-	4,365
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(4,320)	(1,079)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from debt, net	27,766	17,264
Purchase of treasury stock	(643)	(2)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	27,123	17,262
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,428	3,194
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	14,512	21,637
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 22,940	\$ 24,831
Taxes paid	\$ 2,058	\$ 574
Interest paid	2,238	2,895

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

March 31, 2008

(Dollar amounts in thousands — except per share data)

NOTE A — Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries (the “Company”). All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

NOTE B — Segments

The Company operates through three segments: Supply Technologies, Aluminum Products and Manufactured Products. Supply Technologies provides our customers with Total Supply Management™ services for a broad range of high-volume, specialty production components. Total Supply Management™ manages the efficiencies of every aspect of supplying production parts and materials to our customers’ manufacturing floor, from strategic planning to program implementation and includes such services as engineering and design support, part usage and cost analysis, supplier selection, quality assurance, bar coding, product packaging and tracking, just-in-time and point-of-use delivery, electronic billing services and ongoing technical support. Aluminum Products manufactures cast aluminum components for automotive, agricultural equipment, construction equipment, heavy-duty truck and marine equipment industries. Aluminum Products also provides value-added services such as design and engineering, machining and assembly. Manufactured Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of high quality products engineered for specific customer applications.

Results by business segment were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
Net sales:		
Supply Technologies	\$ 129,233	\$ 138,757
Aluminum Products	40,536	42,087
Manufactured Products	97,321	87,042
	<u>\$ 267,090</u>	<u>\$ 267,886</u>
Income before income taxes:		
Supply Technologies	\$ 4,707	\$ 6,584
Aluminum Products	(1,055)	750
Manufactured Products	13,222	9,509
	<u>16,874</u>	<u>16,843</u>
Corporate costs	(4,126)	(1,425)
Interest expense	(7,264)	(8,007)
	<u>\$ 5,484</u>	<u>\$ 7,411</u>

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Identifiable assets were as follows:		
Supply Technologies	\$ 365,461	\$ 354,165
Aluminum Products	107,541	98,524
Manufactured Products	259,003	231,459
General corporate	86,319	85,041
	<u>\$ 818,324</u>	<u>\$ 769,189</u>

NOTE C — Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities — an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133” (“FAS 161”). FAS 161 modifies existing requirements to include qualitative disclosures regarding the objectives and strategies for using derivatives, fair value amounts of gains and losses on derivative instruments and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. The pronouncement also requires the cross-referencing of derivative disclosures within the financial statements and notes thereto. The requirements of FAS 161 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FAS 161 on its financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements — an amendment of ARB No. 51” (“FAS 160”). FAS 160 modifies the reporting for noncontrolling interests in the balance sheet and minority interest income (expense) in the income statement. The pronouncement also requires that increases and decreases in the noncontrolling ownership interest amount be accounted for as equity transactions. FAS 160 is required to be adopted prospectively, with limited exceptions, effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the effect the adoption of FAS 160 will have on its financial position, results of operations and related disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (revised 2007), “Business Combinations” (“FAS 141R”). FAS 141R modifies the accounting for business combinations by requiring that acquired assets and assumed liabilities be recorded at fair value, contingent consideration arrangements be recorded at fair value on the date of the acquisition and preacquisition contingencies will generally be accounted for in purchase accounting at fair value. The pronouncement also requires that transaction costs be expensed as incurred, acquired research and development be capitalized as an indefinite-lived intangible asset and the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 146, “Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities,” be met at the acquisition date in order to accrue for a restructuring plan in purchase accounting. FAS 141R is required to be adopted prospectively effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities” (“FAS 159”). FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. The pronouncement also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements to facilitate comparison between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company did not elect to measure its financial instruments or any other items at fair value as permitted by FAS 159.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, “Fair Value Measurements” (“FAS 157”). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

FAS 157 apply under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years for financial assets and liabilities, and for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for non-financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of FAS 157 for financial assets and liabilities did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company's financial assets subject to FAS 157 consisted of marketable equity securities and other investments totaling \$3,786 and \$5,966, respectively. The marketable securities are classified as having Level 1 inputs, as the fair value is based on quoted prices in active markets. The other investments are classified as having Level 2 inputs, as the fair value is based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

NOTE D — Inventories

The components of inventory consist of the following:

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2008</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2007</u>
Finished goods	\$ 132,430	\$ 129,074
Work in process	29,266	26,249
Raw materials and supplies	62,795	60,086
	<u>\$ 224,491</u>	<u>\$ 215,409</u>

NOTE E — Shareholders' Equity

At March 31, 2008, capital stock consists of (i) Serial Preferred Stock, of which 632,470 shares were authorized and none were issued, and (ii) Common Stock, of which 40,000,000 shares were authorized and 12,232,859 shares were issued, of which 11,363,736 were outstanding and 869,123 were treasury shares.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

NOTE F — Net Income Per Common Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
NUMERATOR		
Net income	\$ 3,482	\$ 5,205
DENOMINATOR		
Denominator for basic earnings per share — weighted average shares	11,153	11,049
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Employee stock options	536	504
Denominator for diluted earnings per share — weighted average shares and assumed conversions	11,689	11,553
Amounts per common share:		
Basic	\$.31	\$.47
Diluted	\$.30	\$.45

Stock options on 56,250 shares were excluded in the three months ended March 31, 2008 because they were anti-dilutive.

NOTE G — Stock-Based Compensation

Total stock compensation expense recorded in the first three months of 2008 and 2007 was \$553 and \$484, respectively. There were no stock option or restricted stock awards during the first three months of 2008. As of March 31, 2008, there was \$3,482 of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock-based compensation, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.4 years.

NOTE H — Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits

The components of net periodic benefit cost recognized during interim periods was as follows:

	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Service costs	\$ 108	\$ 91	\$ 43	\$ 41
Interest costs	722	701	290	334
Expected return on plan assets	(2,408)	(2,212)	-0-	-0-
Transition obligation	(12)	(2)	-0-	-0-
Amortization of prior service cost	34	34	(13)	(16)
Recognized net actuarial loss	(29)	-0-	71	146
Benefit (income) costs	\$ (1,585)	\$ (1,388)	\$ 391	\$ 505

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

NOTE I — Comprehensive Income

Total comprehensive income was as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2008	2007
Net income	\$ 3,482	\$ 5,205
Foreign currency translation	1,347	618
Unrealized loss on marketable securities, net of tax	(132)	-0-
Pension and post retirement benefit adjustments, net of tax	41	78
Total comprehensive income	\$ 4,738	\$ 5,901

The components of accumulated comprehensive loss at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2008	2007
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ 14,059	\$ 12,712
Unrealized net losses on marketable securities, net of tax	(455)	(323)
Pension and postretirement benefit adjustments, net of tax	5,414	5,373
	\$ 19,018	\$ 17,762

The pension and postretirement benefit liability amounts are net of deferred taxes of \$2,857 and \$2,834 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. Unrealized net losses on marketable securities are net of deferred taxes of \$256 and \$182 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. No income taxes are provided on foreign currency translation adjustments as foreign earnings are considered permanently invested.

NOTE J — Accrued Warranty Costs

The Company estimates the amount of warranty claims on sold products that may be incurred based on current and historical data. The actual warranty expense could differ from the estimates made by the Company based on product performance. The following table presents the changes in the Company's product warranty liability:

	2008	2007
Balance at January 1	\$ 5,799	\$ 3,557
Claims paid during the quarter	(983)	(292)
Additional warranties issued during the quarter	2,953	679
Balance at March 31	\$ 7,769	\$ 3,944

NOTE K — Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate in the first three months of 2008 and 2007 was 36.5% and 29.8%, respectively.

There have been no material changes to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits reported at December 31, 2007.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 and the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based upon our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, not presented herein; and in our report dated March 13, 2008, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2007, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
May 9, 2008

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Executive Overview

We are an industrial Total Supply Management™ and diversified manufacturing business, operating in three segments: Supply Technologies, Aluminum Products and Manufactured Products. In November 2007, our Integrated Logistics Solutions (ILS) business changed its name to Supply Technologies to better reflect its breadth of services and focus on driving efficiencies throughout the total supply management process. Our Supply Technologies business provides our customers with Total Supply Management™, a proactive solutions approach that manages the efficiencies of every aspect of supplying production parts and materials to our customers' manufacturing floor, from strategic planning to program implementation. Total Supply Management™ includes such services as engineering and design support, part usage and cost analysis, supplier selection, quality assurance, bar coding, product packaging and tracking, just-in-time and point-of-use delivery, electronic billing services and ongoing technical support. The principal customers of Supply Technologies are in the heavy-duty truck, automotive and vehicle parts, electrical distribution and controls, consumer electronics, power sports/fitness equipment, HVAC, agricultural and construction equipment, semiconductor equipment, plumbing, aerospace and defense, and appliance industries. Aluminum Products casts and machines aluminum engine, transmission, brake, suspension and other components such as pump housings, clutch retainers/pistons, control arms, knuckles, master cylinders, pinion housings, brake calipers, oil pans and flywheel spacers for automotive, agricultural equipment, construction equipment, heavy-duty truck and marine equipment original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs"), primarily on a sole-source basis. Aluminum Products also provides value-added services such as design and engineering and assembly. Manufactured Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of highly-engineered products including induction heating and melting systems, pipe threading systems, industrial oven systems, injection molded rubber components, and forged and machined products. Manufactured Products also produces and provides services and spare parts for the equipment it manufactures. The principal customers of Manufactured Products are OEMs, sub-assemblers and end users in the steel, coatings, forging, foundry, heavy-duty truck, construction equipment, bottling, automotive, oil and gas, rail and locomotive manufacturing and aerospace and defense industries. Sales, earnings and other relevant financial data for these three segments are provided in Note B to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first three months of 2008 sales were essentially flat compared to the same quarter in 2007, while earnings were lower because of the absence of last year's gain on sale of assets held for sale of \$2.3 million. Without the gain on sale of assets, pre-tax income was slightly lower than in the first three months of 2007, as increased profitability in our Manufactured Products segment offset most of the drop in our Supply Technologies and Aluminum Products segments.

Sales and pre-tax income continued to grow in 2007, as growth in the Manufactured Products segment and new customers in the Supply Technologies and Aluminum Products segments exceeded declines in Supply Technologies segment sales to the heavy-duty truck market caused by the introduction of new environmental standards at the beginning of 2007. New customers in the Supply Technologies segment came both from the October 2006 acquisition of NABS, Inc. and from organic sales, while new sales in the Aluminum Products segment primarily reflect new contracts. Sales increased 1%, while operating income increased 7% and income before income taxes increased 14%. Net income declined in 2007 because 2006 earnings were increased by the reversal of the remaining \$5.0 million of the Company's tax valuation allowance.

During the years 2004 through 2007 we reinforced our long-term availability and attractive pricing of funds by refinancing both of our major sources of borrowed funds: senior subordinated notes and our revolving credit facility. In November 2004, we sold \$210.0 million of 8.375% senior subordinated notes due 2014. We have amended our revolving credit facility, most recently in June 2007, to extend its maturity to December 2010, increase the credit limit to \$270.0 million subject to an asset-based formula, and provide lower interest rate levels.

Accounting Changes

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, “Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities — an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133” (“FAS 161”). FAS 161 modifies existing requirements to include qualitative disclosures regarding the objectives and strategies for using derivatives, fair value amounts of gains and losses on derivative instruments and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. The pronouncement also requires the cross-referencing of derivative disclosures within the financial statements and notes thereto. The requirements of FAS 161 are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of FAS 161 on its financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements — an amendment of ARB No. 51” (“FAS 160”). FAS 160 modifies the reporting for noncontrolling interests in the balance sheet and minority interest income (expense) in the income statement. The pronouncement also requires that increases and decreases in the noncontrolling ownership interest amount be accounted for as equity transactions. FAS 160 is required to be adopted prospectively, with limited exceptions, effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the effect the adoption of FAS 160 will have on its financial position, results of operations and related disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (revised), “Business Combinations” (“FAS 141R”). FAS 141R modifies the accounting for business combinations by requiring that acquired assets and assumed liabilities be recorded at fair value, contingent consideration arrangements be recorded at fair value on the date of the acquisition and preacquisition contingencies will generally be accounted for in purchase accounting at fair value. The pronouncement also requires that transaction costs be expensed as incurred, acquired research and development be capitalized as an indefinite-lived intangible asset and the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 146, “Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities,” be met at the acquisition date in order to accrue for a restructuring plan in purchase accounting. FAS 141R is required to be adopted prospectively effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities” (“FAS 159”). FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. The pronouncement also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements to facilitate comparison between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company did not elect to measure its financial instruments or any other items at fair value as permitted by FAS 159.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, “Fair Value Measurements” (“FAS 157”). FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of FAS 157 apply under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. FAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years for financial assets and liabilities, and for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008 for non-financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of FAS 157 for financial assets and liabilities did not have a material effect on the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

As of March 31, 2008, the Company’s financial assets subject to FAS 157 consisted of marketable equity securities and other investments totaling \$3,786 and \$5,966, respectively. The marketable securities are classified as having Level 1 inputs, as the fair value is based on quoted prices in active markets. The other investments are classified as having Level 2 inputs, as the fair value is based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Results of Operations

Three Months 2008 versus Three Months 2007

Net Sales by Segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2008	2007		
Supply Technologies	\$ 129.2	\$ 138.8	\$ (9.6)	(7)%
Aluminum Products	40.6	42.1	(1.5)	(4)%
Manufactured Products	97.3	87.0	10.3	12%
Consolidated Net Sales	\$ 267.1	\$ 267.9	\$ (0.8)	0%

Net sales were essentially flat in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007 as growth in the Manufactured Products segment and new customers in the Supply Technologies and Aluminum Products segments substantially offset declines in Supply Technologies sales to the heavy-duty truck market caused by the introduction of new environmental standards at the beginning of 2007 and reduced automotive sales. Supply Technologies sales decreased 7% primarily due to volume reductions in the heavy-duty truck industry, partially offset by the addition of new customers and increases in product range to existing customers. Aluminum Products sales decreased 4% as the general decline in auto industry sales volumes exceeded additional sales from new contracts starting production ramp-up. Manufactured Products sales increased 12% primarily in the induction, pipe threading equipment and forging businesses, due largely to worldwide strength in the steel, oil & gas, aerospace and rail industries.

Cost of Products Sold & Gross Profit:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2008	2007		
Consolidated cost of products sold	\$ 228.4	\$ 229.3	\$ (0.9)	0%
Consolidated gross profit	\$ 38.7	\$ 38.6	\$ 0.1	0%
Gross margin	14.5%	14.4%		

Cost of products sold were essentially flat in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, while gross margin increased to 14.5% in the first three months of 2008 from 14.4% in the same period of 2007.

Supply Technologies gross margin decreased slightly, as the effect of reduced heavy-duty truck sales volume outweighed the margin benefit from new sales. Aluminum Products gross margin decreased primarily due to both the costs associated with starting up new contracts and reduced volume. Gross margin in the Manufactured Products segment increased primarily due to increased sales volume.

Selling, General & Administrative (SG&A) Expenses:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2008	2007		
Consolidated SG&A expenses	\$25.9	\$25.5	\$ 0.4	2%
SG&A percent	9.7%	9.5%		

Consolidated SG&A expenses increased 2% in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, representing a .2% increase in SG&A expenses as a percent of sales. SG&A expenses increased in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007 primarily due to increased sales volume in the

Manufactured Products Segment, which has higher SG&A expenses as a percentage of sales than the other segments, partially offset by a \$.2 million increase in net pension credits, reflecting higher returns on pension plan assets.

Interest Expense:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Change	Percent Change
	2008	2007		
Interest expense	\$ 7.3	\$ 8.0	\$ (0.7)	(9)%
Average outstanding borrowings	\$ 378.8	\$ 387.4	\$ (8.6)	(2)%
Average borrowing rate	7.71%	8.26%	(55)	basis points

Interest expense decreased \$.7 million in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period of 2007, primarily due to lower average outstanding borrowings and a lower average borrowing rate during the first three months of 2008. The decrease in average borrowings in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period in 2007 resulted primarily from cash from operations generated in the past twelve months used to repay borrowings. The lower average borrowing rate in the first three months of 2008 was due primarily to decreased interest rates under our revolving credit facility compared to the same period in 2007, which rates decreased primarily as a result of actions by the Federal Reserve.

Income Tax:

The provision for income taxes was \$2.0 million in the first three months of 2008, a 36% effective income tax rate, compared to income taxes of \$2.2 million provided in the corresponding period of 2007, a 30% effective income tax rate. We estimate that the effective tax rate for full-year 2008 will be approximately 36%.

Liquidity and Sources of Capital

Our liquidity needs are primarily for working capital and capital expenditures. Our primary sources of liquidity have been funds provided by operations and funds available from existing bank credit arrangements and the sale of our senior subordinated notes. In 2003, we entered into a revolving credit facility with a group of banks which, as subsequently amended, matures at December 31, 2010 and provides for availability of up to \$270 million subject to an asset-based formula. The revolving credit facility is secured by substantially all our assets in the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom. Borrowings from this revolving credit facility will be used for general corporate purposes.

Amounts borrowed under the revolving credit facility may be borrowed at the Company's election at either (i) LIBOR plus .75% to 1.75% or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate. The LIBOR-based interest rate is dependent on the Company's debt service coverage ratio, as defined in the revolving credit facility. Under the revolving credit facility, a detailed borrowing base formula provides borrowing availability to the Company based on percentages of eligible accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets. As of March 31, 2008, the Company had \$172.9 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility and approximately \$57.0 million of unused borrowing availability.

Current financial resources (working capital and available bank borrowing arrangements) and anticipated funds from operations are expected to be adequate to meet cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. The future availability of bank borrowings under the revolving credit facility is based on the Company's ability to meet a debt service ratio covenant, which could be materially impacted by negative economic trends. Failure to meet the debt service ratio could materially impact the availability and interest rate of future borrowings.

At March 31, 2008, the Company was in compliance with the debt service coverage ratio covenant and other covenants contained in the revolving credit facility.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.42 at March 31, 2008 versus 2.40 at December 31, 2007. Working capital increased by \$26.5 million to \$297.4 million at March 31, 2008 from \$270.9 million at December 31, 2007.

During the first three months of 2008, the Company used \$14.4 million from operating activities compared to using \$13.0 million in the same period of 2007. The increase in the operating cash provision of \$1.4 million was primarily the result of a larger increase in accounts receivable, inventories and other current assets in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period of 2007 (an increase of \$35.0 million compared to an increase of \$10.9 million, respectively), primarily due to a larger increase in sales compared to the prior quarter. This difference, plus a decrease in net income of \$1.7 million, more than offset a larger increase in accounts payable and other current liabilities in the first three months of 2008 compared to the same period of 2007 (an increase of \$16.8 million compared to a decrease of \$13.9 million, respectively), primarily due to a larger increase in sales and inventory compared to the prior quarter. In the first three months of 2008, the Company also used cash of \$4.3 million for capital expenditures. These activities, plus cash interest and taxes payments of \$4.3 million, \$6 million of cash paid to purchase the Company's stock, and a net increase in borrowing of \$27.8 million, resulted in a decrease in cash of \$8.4 million in the first three months of 2008.

We do not have off-balance sheet arrangements, financing or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons. There are occasions whereupon we enter into forward contracts on foreign currencies, primarily the euro, purely for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in the value of accounts receivable in those currencies against the U.S. dollar. At March 31, 2008, none were outstanding. We currently have no other derivative instruments.

Seasonality; Variability of Operating Results

Our results of operations are typically stronger in the first six months than the last six months of each calendar year due to scheduled plant maintenance in the third quarter to coincide with customer plant shutdowns and due to holidays in the fourth quarter.

The timing of orders placed by our customers has varied with, among other factors, orders for customers' finished goods, customer production schedules, competitive conditions and general economic conditions. The variability of the level and timing of orders has, from time to time, resulted in significant periodic and quarterly fluctuations in the operations of our business units. Such variability is particularly evident in the capital equipment businesses, included in the Manufactured Products segment, which typically ship a few large systems per year.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. The words "believes", "anticipates", "plans", "expects", "intends", "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These uncertainties and other factors include such things as: general business conditions and competitive factors, including pricing pressures and product innovation; demand for our products and services; raw material availability and pricing; changes in our relationships with customers and suppliers; the financial condition of our customers, including the impact of any bankruptcies; our ability to successfully integrate recent and future acquisitions into existing operations; changes in general domestic economic conditions such as inflation rates, interest rates, tax rates and adverse impacts to us, our suppliers and customers from acts of terrorism or hostilities; our ability to meet various covenants, including financial covenants, contained in our revolving credit agreement and the indenture governing our senior subordinated notes; increasingly stringent domestic and foreign governmental regulations, including those affecting the environment; inherent uncertainties involved in assessing our potential liability for environmental remediation-related activities; the outcome of pending and future litigation and other claims; dependence on the automotive and heavy-duty truck industries, which are highly cyclical; dependence on key management; and dependence on information systems. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a forward-looking statement herein should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved.

Review By Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The consolidated financial statements at March 31, 2008, and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, have been reviewed, prior to filing, by Ernst & Young LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, and their report is included herein.

Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk*

We are exposed to market risk including changes in interest rates. We are subject to interest rate risk on borrowings under our floating rate revolving credit agreement, which consisted of borrowings of \$172.9 million at March 31, 2008. A 100 basis point increase in the interest rate would have resulted in an increase in interest expense of approximately \$.4 million during the three-month period ended March 31, 2008.

Our foreign subsidiaries generally conduct business in local currencies. During the first quarter of 2008, we recorded a favorable foreign currency translation adjustment of \$1.3 million related to net assets located outside the United States. This foreign currency translation adjustment resulted primarily from the weakening of the U.S. dollar. Our foreign operations are also subject to other customary risks of operating in a global environment, such as unstable political situations, the effect of local laws and taxes, tariff increases and regulations and requirements for export licenses, the potential imposition of trade or foreign exchange restrictions and transportation delays.

The Company periodically enters into forward contracts on foreign currencies, primarily the euro and the British Pound Sterling, purely for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in the value of accounts receivable in those currencies against the U.S. dollar. The Company currently uses no other derivative instruments. At March 31, 2008, there were no such currency hedge contracts outstanding.

Item 4. *Controls and Procedures*

Under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

The Company primarily uses the percentage of completion method to account for its long-lead industrial equipment contracts. The Company's controls did not identify that when initially calculating the percentage of completion in 2007, costs of purchases from certain suppliers and subcontractors were included in costs incurred prior to the Company being invoiced. This resulted in adjustments in 2007 to exclude such costs from the percentage of completion calculation. During the first quarter of 2008, the Company remediated the material weakness identified in connection with the percentage of completion contracts by using the actual cost incurred in the calculation of revenue.

PART II**OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. *Legal Proceedings***

We are subject to various pending and threatened lawsuits in which claims for monetary damages are asserted in the ordinary course of business. While any litigation involves an element of uncertainty, in the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from currently pending or threatened litigation is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

At March 31, 2008, we were a co-defendant in approximately 365 cases asserting claims on behalf of approximately 8,400 plaintiffs alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos. These asbestos cases generally relate to production and sale of asbestos-containing products and allege various theories of liability, including negligence, gross negligence and strict liability and seek compensatory and, in some cases, punitive damages.

In every asbestos case in which we are named as a party, the complaints are filed against multiple named defendants. In substantially all of the asbestos cases, the plaintiffs either claim damages in excess of a specified amount, typically a minimum amount sufficient to establish jurisdiction of the court in which the case was filed (jurisdictional minimums generally range from \$25,000 to \$75,000), or do not specify the monetary damages sought. To the extent that any specific amount of damages is sought, the amount applies to claims against all named defendants.

There are only four asbestos cases, involving 21 plaintiffs, that plead specified damages. In each of the four cases, the plaintiff is seeking compensatory and punitive damages based on a variety of potentially alternative causes of action. In three cases, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$3.0 million for four separate causes of action and \$1.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the amount of \$10.0 million. In the other case, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$20.0 million for three separate causes of action and \$5.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the amount of \$20.0 million.

Historically, we have been dismissed from asbestos cases on the basis that the plaintiff incorrectly sued one of our subsidiaries or because the plaintiff failed to identify any asbestos-containing product manufactured or sold by us or our subsidiaries. We intend to vigorously defend these asbestos cases, and believe we will continue to be successful in being dismissed from such cases. However, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings due to the unpredictable nature of personal injury litigation. Despite this uncertainty, and although our results of operations and cash flows for a particular period could be adversely affected by asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings, management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. Among the factors management considered in reaching this conclusion were: (a) our historical success in being dismissed from these types of lawsuits on the bases mentioned above; (b) many cases have been improperly filed against one of our subsidiaries; (c) in many cases, the plaintiffs have been unable to establish any causal relationship to us or our products or premises; (d) in many cases, the plaintiffs have been unable to demonstrate that they have suffered any identifiable injury or compensable loss at all, that any injuries that they have incurred did in fact result from alleged exposure to asbestos; and (e) the complaints assert claims against multiple defendants and, in most cases, the damages alleged are not attributed to individual defendants. Additionally, we do not believe that the amounts claimed in any of the asbestos cases are meaningful indicators of our potential exposure because the amounts claimed typically bear no relation to the extent of the plaintiff's injury, if any.

Our cost of defending these lawsuits has not been material to date and, based upon available information, our management does not expect its future costs for asbestos-related lawsuits to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, liquidity or financial position.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs(1)
January 1, 2008 through January 31, 2008	—	—	0	944,154
February 1, 2008 through February 28, 2008	—	—	0	944,154
March 1, 2008 through March 31, 2008	40,462	\$ 15.90	40,462	903,692
Total:	40,462	\$ 15.90	40,462	903,692

(1) The Company has a share repurchase program whereby the Company may repurchase up to 1.0 million shares of its common stock. The Company purchased 40,462 shares under this program during the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the first quarter of 2008.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are included herein:

- 15 Letter re: unaudited interim financial information
- 31.1 Principal Executive Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Principal Financial Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32 Certification requirement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP.

(Registrant)

By /s/ Richard P. Elliott

Name: Richard P. Elliott

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 9, 2008

EXHIBIT INDEX
QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Exhibit

15	Letter re: unaudited interim financial information
31.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification requirement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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EXHIBIT (15) LETTER RE: UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Board of Directors and Shareholders
Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

We are aware of the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp for the registration of its common stock of our report dated May 9, 2008 relating to the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. that is included in its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

Registration Statement	Description	Shares Registered
Form S-8 (333-01047)	Individual Account Retirement Plan	1,500,000
Form S-8 (333-58161)	Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan	550,000
Form S-8 (333-110536)	Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan	1,100,000
Form S-3 (333-134653)	Registration of \$100 million of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.'s shares of common stock and debt securities	
Form S-8 (333-137540)	Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan	1,000,000

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
May 9, 2008

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EXHIBIT 31.1

PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATIONS
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Edward F. Crawford, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By /s/ Edward F. Crawford
Name: Edward F. Crawford
Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: May 9, 2008

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EX-31.2 4 I31496aexv31w2.htm EX-31.2

EXHIBIT 31.2

**PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER'S CERTIFICATIONS
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Richard P. Elliott, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By /s/ Richard P. Elliott

Name: Richard P. Elliott

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Dated: May 9, 2008

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EXHIBIT 32

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2008, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Report.

By /s/ Edward F. Crawford

Name: Edward F. Crawford

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

By /s/ Richard P. Elliott

Name: Richard P. Elliott

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 9, 2008

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.

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