### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

 $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ 

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

to

For the transition period from

Commission file number 0-3134

### Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

34-1867219

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

23000 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio

(Address of principal executive offices)

**44117** (Zip Code)

#### 216/692-7200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. is a successor issuer to Park-Ohio Industries, Inc.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

- (1) Has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and
- 2) Has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☑ No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

Yes ☑ No □

Number of shares outstanding of registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, as of July 29, 2005: 10,927,298.

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#### **PART I. Financial Information**

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	,	naudited) une 30, 2005	De	cember 31, 2004
		(Dollars i	n thousands)	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,483	\$	7,157
Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts of \$3,653 at June 30,				
2005 and \$3,976 at December 31, 2004		154,656		145,475
Inventories		190,722		177,294
Other current assets		14,240		14,593
Total Current Assets		361,101		344,519
Property, Plant and Equipment		235,606		229,494
Less accumulated depreciation		125,191		118,821
		110,415		110,673
Other Assets				
Goodwill		82,442		82,565
Net assets held for sale		1,799		3,027
Other		69,424		69,238
	\$	625,181	\$	610,022
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Trade accounts payable	\$	90,405	\$	108,868
Accrued expenses	Ψ	64,331	Ψ	60,003
Current portion of long-term liabilities		7,540		5,812
Total Current Liabilities		162,276	<del> </del>	174,683
Long-Term Liabilities, less current portion		102,270		171,005
8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014		210,000		210,000
Revolving credit		135,600		120,600
Other long-term debt		5,524		4,776
Other postretirement benefits and other long-term liabilities		26,098		27,570
		377,222	<u> </u>	362,946
Shareholders' Equity		311,222		302,740
Capital stock, par value \$1 a share:				
Serial Preferred Stock		-0-		-0-
Common Stock		11,650		11,547
Additional paid-in capital		56,794		56,530
Retained earnings		28,906		15,206
Treasury stock, at cost		(8,931)		(8,864)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,365)		(1,676)
Unearned compensation — restricted stock awards	_	(371)		(350)
		85,683		72,393
	\$	625,181	\$	610,022

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2004 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

# PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

		lonths End me 30,	led	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2005		2004		2005		2004	
	 	(Amour	its in thousand	s except	per share data	)		
Net sales	\$ 228,795	\$	200,908	\$	457,678	\$	393,278	
Cost of products sold	 193,429		167,256		387,216		329,388	
Gross profit	35,366		33,652		70,462		63,890	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	20,428		19,755		42,079		37,452	
Operating income	14,938		13,897		28,383		26,438	
Interest expense	 6,715		6,196		13,174		12,332	
Income before income taxes	8,223		7,701		15,209		14,106	
Income taxes	 710		1,035		1,509		1,626	
Net income	\$ 7,513	\$	6,666	\$	13,700	\$	12,480	
Amounts per common share:								
Basic	\$ .69	\$	.63	\$	1.26	\$	1.18	
Diluted	\$ .66	\$	.60	\$	1.21	\$	1.12	
Common shares used in the computation:								
Basic	 10,886		10,603		10,880		10,584	
Diluted	11,348		11,164		11,363		11,129	

# PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

									umulated Other		
	_	ommon Stock	1	lditional Paid-In Capital	etained arnings		reasury Stock	Ĺ	orehensive ncome (Loss)	earned censation	Total
						(L	Oollars in th	ousands)			
Balance at January 1, 2005	\$	11,547	\$	56,530	\$ 15,206	\$	(8,864)	\$	(1,676)	\$ (350)	\$ 72,393
Comprehensive income (loss):											
Net income					13,700						13,700
Foreign currency translation adjustment									(689)		(689)
Comprehensive income (loss)											13,011
Restricted stock award		8		157						(165)	-0-
Amortization of restricted stock										144	144
Purchase of treasury stock							(67)				(67)
Exercise of stock options (94,700 shares)		95		107							202
Balance at June 30, 2005	\$	11,650	\$	56,794	\$ 28,906	\$	(8,931)	\$	(2,365)	\$ (371)	\$ 85,683

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005 2004 (Dollars in thousands) **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** \$ 13,700 \$ 12,480 Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used by operating activities: 8,918 7,904 Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable (9,181)(41,307) Inventories and other current assets (13,075)(21,780)Accounts payable and accrued expenses (14,136)37,455 (2,946)(2,518)Net Cash Used by Operating Activities (16,720)(7,766)**INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Purchases of property, plant and equipment, net (7,665)(5,558)Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale 1,100 -0-(5,558)Net Cash Used by Investing Activities (6,565)FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from debt, net 17,476 12,247 Purchase of treasury stock -()-(67)Exercise of stock options 202 117 12,364 Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities 17,611 Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents (5,674)(960)Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period 7,157 3,718 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period 1,483 2,758 Taxes paid 1,334 1,457 Interest paid 11,328 12,076

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2005 (Amounts in Thousands — except per share data)

#### NOTE A — Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2005. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

#### **NOTE B** — Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment", which is a revision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and amends SFAS No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows". Generally, the approach in SFAS No. 123(R) is similar to the approach described in SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123(R) requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure is no longer an alternative.

On April 15, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission provided a phased-in implementation process for SFAS No. 123(R), which will now be effective for the Company on January 1, 2006. Early adoption will be permitted in periods in which financial statements have not yet been issued. The Company expects to adopt SFAS No. 123(R) as of January 1, 2006. SFAS No. 123(R) permits public companies to adopt its requirements using one of two methods: (1) a "modified prospective" method in which compensation cost is recognized beginning with the effective date (a) based on the requirements of SFAS No. 123(R) for all share-based payments granted after the effective date and (b) based on the requirements of SFAS No. 123 for all awards granted to employees prior to the effective date of SFAS No. 123(R) that remain unvested on the effective date; or (2) a "modified retrospective" method which includes the requirements of the modified prospective method described above, but also permits entities to restate based on the amounts previously recognized under SFAS No. 123 for purposes of pro forma disclosures, either (a) all prior periods presented or (b) prior interim periods of the year of adoption. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 123(R) using the "modified prospective" method.

As permitted by SFAS No. 123, the Company currently accounts for share-based payments to employees using APB Opinion No. 25's intrinsic value method and, as such, generally recognizes no compensation cost for employee stock options. Accordingly, the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R)'s fair value method could have a significant impact on the results of operations, although it will have no impact on the Company's overall financial position. The impact of adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) cannot be predicted at this time because it will depend on levels of share-based payments granted in the future. However, had the Company adopted SFAS No. 123(R) in prior periods, the impact of that standard would have approximated the impact of SFAS No. 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net earnings and earnings per share in Note G

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

below. SFAS No. 123(R) also requires the benefits of tax deductions in excess of recognized compensation cost to be reported as a financing cash flow, rather than as an operating cash flow as required under current accounting guidance. This requirement will reduce net operating cash flows and increase net financing cash flows in periods after adoption. While the Company cannot estimate what those amounts will be in the future (because they depend on, among other things, when employees exercise stock options), the amount of operating cash flows recognized in prior years was zero because the Company did not owe federal income taxes due to the recognition of net operating loss carryforwards for which valuation allowances had been provided.

In the fourth quarter of 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, "Inventory Costs", an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 43, Chapter 4. The amendments made by SFAS No. 151 clarify that abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs and wasted materials (spoilage) are to be recognized as current-period charges and will require the allocation of fixed production overheads to inventory based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. The guidance is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. Earlier application is permitted for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after November 23, 2004. The Company does not expect the adoption will have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (the "Jobs Act") was signed into law in October 2004. The Jobs Act provides, among other things, for a tax deduction on qualified domestic production activities and introduced a special one-time dividends received deduction on the repatriation of certain foreign earnings to a U.S. taxpayer, provided certain criteria are met. The FASB issued FASB Staff Position 109-1 to provide guidance on the application of FAS 109 and FASB Staff Position 109-2 to provide accounting and disclosure guidance for the repatriation provision. The Company is reviewing the implication of the Jobs Act, recently released treasury guidance and the FASB staff positions and does not expect the Jobs Act will have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### NOTE C — Acquisitions

On August 23, 2004, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of the Automotive Components Group (the "Amcast Components Group") of Amcast Industrial Corporation. The purchase price was approximately \$10.0 million in cash and the assumption of approximately \$9.0 million of operating liabilities. The acquisition was funded with borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility. The purchase price and the results of operations of Amcast Components Group prior to its date of acquisition were not deemed significant as defined in Regulation S-X. The results of operations for Amcast Components Group have been included in the Company's consolidated results since August 23, 2004.

The tentative allocation of the purchase price has been performed based on the assignment of fair values to assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

## ${\bf PARK-OHIO\ HOLDINGS\ CORP.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES}$ ${\bf NOTES\ TO\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (UNAUDITED) -- (Continued)}$

The tentative allocation of the purchase price is as follows:

Cash acquisition price	\$ 10,000
Assets	
Accounts receivable	(8,931)
Inventories	(1,677)
Property and equipment	(16,964)
Other	(115)
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,041
Compensation accruals	5,504
Other accruals	8,142
Goodwill	\$ -0-
	<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>

The Company has a plan for integration activities and plant rationalization. In accordance with FASB EITF Issue No. 95-3, "Recognition of Liabilities in Connection with a Purchase Business Combination", the Company recorded accruals for severance, exit and relocation costs in the purchase price allocation. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending accrual balances is as follows:

	Se	verance	Exit	Relo	ocation	 Total
Balance at June 30, 2004	\$	-0-	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$ -0-
Add: Accruals		1,916	100		265	2,281
Less: Payments		295	-0-		2	297
Balance at December 31, 2004		1,621	100		263	 1,984
Less: Payments		777	32		96	905
Balance at June 30, 2005	\$	844	\$ 68	\$	167	\$ 1,079

On April 1, 2004, the Company acquired the remaining 66% of the common stock of Japan Ajax Magnethermic Company ("Jamco") for cash existing on the balance sheet of Jamco at that date. No additional purchase price was paid by the Company. The purchase price and the results of operations of Jamco prior to its date of acquisition were not deemed significant as defined in Regulation S-X. The results of operations for Jamco have been included in the Company's consolidated results since April 1, 2004.

#### NOTE D — Inventories

The components of inventory consist of the following:

		De	cember 31, 2004	
Finished goods	\$	138,405	\$	121,832
Work in process		21,822		27,959
Raw materials and supplies		30,495		27,503
	\$	190,722	\$	177,294

## ${\bf PARK-OHIO\ HOLDINGS\ CORP.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES}$ ${\bf NOTES\ TO\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (UNAUDITED) -- (Continued)}$

#### NOTE E — Shareholders' Equity

At June 30, 2005, capital stock consists of (i) Serial Preferred Stock, of which 632,470 shares were authorized and none were issued, and (ii) Common Stock, of which 40,000,000 shares were authorized and 11,649,810 shares were issued, of which 10,921,465 were outstanding and 728,345 were treasury shares.

#### **NOTE F** — **Net Income Per Common Share**

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	 En	Months ded e 30,					
	2005	2004			2005		2004
NUMERATOR							
Net income	\$ 7,513	\$	6,666	\$	13,700	\$	12,480
DENOMINATOR							
Denominator for basic earnings per share — weighted average shares	10,886		10,603		10,880		10,584
Effect of dilutive securities:							
Employee stock options	462		561		483		545
Denominator for diluted earnings per share — weighted average shares and							
assumed conversions	11,348		11,164		11,363		11,129
Amounts per common share:	 		<del></del>	<u></u>		_	
Basic	\$ .69	\$	.63	\$	1.26	\$	1.18
Diluted	\$ .66	\$	.60	\$	1.21	\$	1.12

#### NOTE G - Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with the provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related interpretations using the intrinsic value method, which resulted in no compensation cost for options granted. Had compensation cost for stock options granted been determined based on the fair value method of SFAS Nos. 123 and 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", net income and earnings per share would have been as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					En	Months ded	
	2005 2004				2005		2004	
Net income, as reported	\$	7,513	\$	6,666	\$	13,700	\$	12,480
Less: compensation cost determined under the fair value method, net of tax		27		71		35		155
Pro forma net income	\$	7,486	\$	6,595	\$	13,665	\$	12,325
Earnings per share:					<u></u>			
Basic earnings per share, as reported	\$	.69	\$	.63	\$	1.26	\$	1.18
Basic earnings per share, pro forma		.69		.62		1.26		1.16
Diluted earnings per share, as reported		.66		.60		1.21		1.12
Diluted earnings per share, pro forma		.66		.59		1.20		1.11
10								

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

#### NOTE H — Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits

The Company adopted SFAS No. 132 (revised 2003), "Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits" which requires the disclosure of the components of net periodic benefit cost recognized during interim periods.

										P	ostretir	ement B	Benefits		
				Pension	Benefit	S									
			Months June 30,			Six M Ended J	<u>,                                    </u>	_	Three M End June	led	· 	_		Month d June	
	2	005	2	004		2005	 2004	2	005	20	004	2	005		2004
Service costs	\$	97	\$	78	\$	194	\$ 156	\$	35	\$	40	\$	70	\$	80
Interest costs		796		834		1,592	1,668		348		421		696		842
Expected return on plan assets	(	2,211)	(	(2,093)		(4,422)	(4,186)		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Transition obligation		(12)		(12)		(24)	(24)		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-
Amortization of prior service cost		41		32		82	64		(17)		(20)		(34)		(40)
Recognized net actuarial (gain) loss		(60)		(81)		(120)	(162)	_	50		59	_	100		118
Benefit (income) costs	\$ (	1,349)	\$ (	(1,242)	\$	(2,698)	\$ (2,484)	\$	416	\$	500	\$	832	\$	1,000

#### NOTE I — Segments

The Company operates through three segments: Integrated Logistics Solutions ("ILS"), Aluminum Products and Manufactured Products. ILS is a leading supply chain logistics provider of production components to large, multinational manufacturing companies, other manufacturers and distributors. In connection with the supply of such production components, ILS provides a variety of value-added, cost-effective supply chain management services. Aluminum Products manufactures cast aluminum components for automotive, agricultural equipment, heavy-duty truck and construction equipment. Aluminum Products also provides value-added services such as design and engineering, machining and assembly. Manufactured Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of high quality products engineered for specific customer applications.

### $\label{eq:park-ohio} PARK-OHIO \ HOLDINGS \ CORP. \ AND \ SUBSIDIARIES$ $NOTES \ TO \ CONSOLIDATED \ FINANCIAL \ STATEMENTS \ (UNAUDITED) \ — \ (Continued)$

Results by business segment were as follows:

		Three	Months		Six Months						
		Ended.	June 30,			Ended -	June 30,				
	_	2005		2004		2005		2004			
Net sales:											
ILS	\$	129,515	\$	114,849	\$	256,402	\$	231,114			
Aluminum products		43,094		28,269		85,984		55,850			
Manufactured products		56,186		57,790		115,292		106,314			
	\$	228,795	\$	200,908	\$	457,678	\$	393,278			
Income before income taxes:	<del>-</del>		-				-				
ILS	\$	8,271	\$	8,269	\$	16,475	\$	17,478			
Aluminum products		3,481		2,744		5,904		4,331			
Manufactured products		5,949		5,229		11,762		8,521			
		17,701		16,242		34,141		30,330			
Corporate costs		(2,763)		(2,345)		(5,758)		(3,892)			
Interest expense		(6,715)		(6,196)		(13,174)		(12,332)			
	\$	8,223	\$	7,701	\$	15,209	\$	14,106			

	 June 30, 2005		ecember 31, 2004
Identifiable assets were as follows:			
ILS	\$ 325,299	\$	297,002
Aluminum products	112,084		105,535
Manufactured products	174,777		163,230
General corporate	13,021		44,255
	\$ 625,181	\$	610,022

#### NOTE J — Comprehensive Income

Total comprehensive income was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		
2005	2004	2005	2004
\$ 7,513	\$ 6,666	\$ 13,700	\$ 12,480
(1,018)	(721)	(689)	93
\$ 6,495	\$ 5,945	\$ 13,011	\$ 12,573
	Ended Jo 2005 \$ 7,513 (1,018) \$ 6,495	Ended June 30,       2005     2004       \$ 7,513     \$ 6,666       (1,018)     (721)       \$ 6,495     \$ 5,945	Ended June 30,         Ended June 30           2005         2004         2005           \$ 7,513         \$ 6,666         \$ 13,700           (1,018)         (721)         (689)           \$ 6,495         \$ 5,945         \$ 13,011

The components of accumulated comprehensive loss at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 are as follows:

	June 30, 2005		Dec	2004 ember 31,
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	(2,473)	\$	(3,162)
Minimum pension liability		4,838		4,838
	\$	2,365	\$	1,676

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)

#### NOTE K — Restructuring Activities

The Company has responded to the economic downturn in 2001, 2002 and 2003 by reducing costs in a variety of ways, including restructuring businesses and selling non-core manufacturing assets. These activities generated restructuring and asset impairment charges in these years, as the Company's restructuring efforts continued and evolved. For further details on the restructuring activities, see Note P to the audited financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

The accrued liability balance for severance and exit costs and related cash payments during the six months ended June 30, 2005 consisted of:

Balance at December 31, 2004	\$ 462
Cash payments	(236)
Balance at June 30, 2005	\$ 226

#### NOTE L — Accrued Warranty Costs

The Company estimates the amount of warranty claims on sold products that may be incurred based on current and historical data. The actual warranty expense could differ from the estimates made by the Company based on product performance. The following table presents the changes in the Company's product warranty liability:

	 2005		2004
Balance at January 1	\$ 4,281	\$	5,614
Claims paid during the year	(1,545)		(2,742)
Additional warranties issued during the year	1,538		1,252
Acquired warranty liabilities	 -0-		501
Balance at June 30	\$ 4,274	\$	4,625

#### NOTE M — Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 was 10% compared to 12% for the corresponding period in 2004. Only foreign and state income taxes were provided for in both periods because federal income taxes were offset by net operating loss carryforwards that were not recognized previously. At December 31, 2004, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$47.7 million. In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes", the tax benefits related to these carryforwards and other deferred tax assets have been reserved as of December 31, 2004.

The Company believes, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that all of the Company's deferred tax assets will not be realized as required by SFAS No. 109.

#### NOTE N — Subsequent Event

On July 20, 2005, the Company completed the acquisition of the assets of Purchased Parts Group, Inc. ("PPG") for \$7.0 million in cash, \$2.0 million in a short-term note payable and the assumption of approximately \$12.0 million of trade liabilities. The acquisition was funded with borrowings under the Company's bank revolving credit agreement. The purchase price and the results of operations of PPG prior to its date of acquisition were not deemed significant as defined in Regulation S-X. The Company is currently evaluating the assignment of fair values to assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2005 and the related consolidated statements of income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2005 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based upon our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004 and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, not presented herein, and in our report dated March 10, 2005, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio August 8, 2005

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Financial information for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 is not directly comparable to the financial information for the same period in 2004 primarily due to acquisitions.

#### **Executive Overview**

We are an industrial supply chain logistics and diversified manufacturing business, operating in three segments: ILS, Aluminum Products and Manufactured Products. ILS provides customers with integrated supply chain management services for a broad range of high-volume, specialty production components. ILS customers receive various value-added services, such as engineering and design services, part usage and cost analysis, supplier selection, quality assurance, bar coding, product packaging and tracking, just-in-time and point-of use delivery, electronic billing and ongoing technical support. The principal customers of ILS are in the heavy-duty truck, electrical controls, automotive and other vehicle, industrial equipment, power sports equipment, lawn and garden equipment, and semiconductor equipment industries. Aluminum Products casts and machines aluminum engine, transmission, brake, suspension and other components for automotive, agricultural equipment, construction equipment and heavy-duty truck original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs"), primarily on a sole-source basis. Aluminum Products also provides value-added services such as design and engineering and assembly. Manufactured Products operates a diverse group of niche manufacturing businesses that design and manufacture a broad range of highly-engineered products including induction heating and melting systems, pipe threading systems, industrial oven systems, rubber products, and forged and machined products. Manufactured Products also produces and provides services and spare parts for the equipment it manufactures. The principal customers of Manufactured Products are OEMs and end-users in the steel, automotive, oil and gas, rail, and aerospace and defense industries. Sales, earnings and other relevant financial data for these three segments are provided in Note I to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first six months of 2005, we experienced continued growth, with record-high sales of \$457.7 million and increased earnings compared to the same period in 2004.

During 2004, we experienced the increased sales and profitability previously forecast, as the manufacturing economy returned to growth, particularly in three of our customer industries; heavy-duty truck, semiconductor equipment and equipment for steel manufacturing. Net sales in 2004 increased 30% compared to 2003. Profitability increased at a rate higher than that of sales, primarily due to cost reductions from our restructuring during the downturn in 2001, 2002 and 2003. During those years, we consolidated 28 supply chain logistics facilities and closed or sold 11 manufacturing plants.

During 2004, we reinforced the long-term availability and attractive pricing of our liquidity, by refinancing both of our major sources of borrowed funds: senior subordinated notes and the bank revolving credit agreement. In November 2004, we sold \$210.0 million of 8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014. We used the net proceeds to fund the tender and early redemption of \$199.9 million of 9.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2007. We incurred debt extinguishment costs primarily related to premiums and other transaction costs associated with the tender and early redemption and wrote off deferred financing costs totaling \$6.0 million associated with the repurchased senior subordinated notes. In December 2004, we amended our bank revolving credit agreement, extending its maturity to six years so that it now expires in December 2010, increasing the credit limit so that we may borrow up to \$200.0 million subject to an asset based formula, and providing lower interest rate levels. Borrowings under the bank revolving credit agreement are secured by substantially all our assets. We had approximately \$52.3 million of unused borrowing availability at June 30, 2005. Funds provided by operations plus available borrowings under the bank revolving credit agreement are expected to be adequate to meet our cash requirements.

We acquired substantially all of the assets of the Amcast Components Group on August 23, 2004 for \$10.0 million cash and the assumption of approximately \$9 million of operating liabilities. We acquired the remaining 66% of the common stock of Japan Ajax Magnethermic Company ("Jamco") on April 1, 2004 for cash existing on the balance sheet of Jamco at that date. On July 20, 2005, we completed the acquisition of the

assets of Purchased Parts Group, Inc. for \$7.0 million in cash funded with borrowings under the Company's bank revolving credit agreement, \$2.0 million in a short-term note payable and the assumption of approximately \$12.0 million of trade liabilities.

#### Results of Operations

Six Months 2005 versus Six Months 2004

Net Sales by Segment:

	Six M Ended J				Acquired/
	2005	2004	Change	Percent Change	(Divested) Sales
ILS	\$ 256.4	\$ 231.1	\$ 25.3	11%	\$ 0.0
Aluminum products	86.0	55.9	30.1	54%	37.7
Manufactured products	115.3	106.3	9.0	8%	3.5
Consolidated net sales	\$ 457.7	\$ 393.3	\$ 64.4	16%	\$ 41.2

Net sales increased by 16% in the first six months of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004. ILS sales increased primarily due to general economic growth, particularly as a result of significant growth in the heavy-duty truck industry, the addition of new customers, and increases in product range sold to existing customers. Aluminum Products sales increased in the first six months of 2005 primarily due to \$37.7 million of sales from manufacturing plants acquired in August 2004 from the Amcast Components Group, partially offset by volume decreases in the automotive industry. Manufactured Products sales increased primarily in the induction, pipe threading equipment and forging businesses. Of this increase, \$3.5 million was due to the April 2004 acquisition of the remaining 66% of the common stock of Jamco.

#### Cost of Products Sold & Gross Profit:

		Six Months Ended June 30,			
	20	05	2004	Change	Percent Change
Consolidated cost of products sold	• •	\$87.2	329.4	\$ 57.8	18%
Consolidated gross profit	\$	70.5 \$	63.9	\$ 6.6	10%
Gross margin		15.4%	16.2%		

Cost of products sold increased 18% in the first six months of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004, while gross margin decreased to 15.4% from 16.2% in 2004. ILS gross margin decreased primarily due to steel price increases and changes in product mix. Aluminum Products gross margin decreased primarily due to a combination of the addition of the lower-margin Amcast business and product mix and pricing changes. The \$37.7 million of sales from the acquired Amcast business generated significantly lower margins than the existing Aluminum Products business. We expect margins at the acquired plants to increase over time as a result of anticipated post-acquisition cost reductions, price increases and new business. Gross margin in the Manufactured Products segment increased, primarily as a result of increased sales and overhead efficiencies achieved in the induction equipment, pipe threading equipment and forging businesses.

#### Selling, General & Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses:

	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	 005	2004	Ch	ange	Percent Change		
Consolidated SG&A expenses	\$ 42.1 \$	37.5	\$	4.6	12%		
SG&A percent	9.1%	9.5%					

Consolidated SG&A expenses increased 12% in the first six months of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004. Approximately \$2.3 million of the SG&A increase was due to the acquisitions of Jamco and Amcast

Components Group, while bonus expenses of \$1.1 million and Sarbanes-Oxley compliance costs of \$.6 million also contributed to the increased SG&A expenses. The remainder of the increase was primarily due to increased sales and production volumes. SG&A expenses as a percent of sales decreased by ..4%. SG&A expenses were reduced in the first six months 2005 compared to 2004 by a \$.2 million increase in net pension credits reflecting improved returns on pension plan assets.

#### Interest Expense:

	Six M Ended J			
	2005	2004	Change	Percent Change
Interest expense	\$ 13.2	\$ 12.3	\$ 0.9	7%
Average outstanding borrowings	\$ 356.8	\$ 316.4	\$ 40.4	13%
Average borrowing rate	7.39%	7.80%	(41)	basis points

Interest expense increased \$.9 million in the first six months of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004, primarily due to higher average debt outstanding, partially offset by lower average interest rates during the first six months of 2005. The increase in average borrowings resulted primarily from higher working capital requirements and the purchase of Amcast Components Group in August 2004. The lower average borrowing rate in the first six months of 2005 was due primarily to the lower interest rate of 8.375% on our senior subordinated notes sold in November 2004 compared to the 9.25% interest rate on the senior subordinated notes outstanding during the first six months of 2004. The average borrowing rate in the first six months of 2005 was also reduced by decreased interest rates under our bank revolving credit agreement.

#### Income Tax:

Income taxes of \$1.5 million were provided in the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, a 10% effective income tax rate, compared to income taxes of \$1.6 million provided in the corresponding period of 2004, a 12% effective income tax rate. In both periods, these taxes consisted primarily of state and foreign taxes on profitable operations. In neither period did the income tax provision include federal income taxes. At December 31, 2004, our subsidiaries had \$47.7 million of net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax purposes. We have recognized a tax benefit for these loss carryforwards only to the extent that they offset our first and second quarter 2005 federal tax provisions.

#### Second Quarter 2005 versus Second Quarter 2004

#### Net Sales by Segment:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Acquir	red/
	2005	2004	Change	Percent Change	(Divest	,
ILS	\$ 129.5	\$ 114.8	\$ 14.7	13%	\$	0.0
Aluminum products	43.1	28.3	14.8	52%		18.7
Manufactured products	56.2	57.8	(1.6)	(3)%		0.0
Consolidated net sales	\$ 228.8	\$ 200.9	\$ 27.9	14%	\$	18.7

Net sales increased 14% in the second quarter of 2005, compared to the same quarter in 2004. ILS sales increased primarily due to general economic growth, particularly as a result of significant growth in the heavy-duty truck industry, the addition of new customers, and increases in product range sold to existing customers. Aluminum Products sales increased in the second quarter of 2005 due to \$18.7 million of sales from manufacturing plants acquired in August 2004 from the Amcast Components Group, partially offset by volume decreases in the automotive industry. Manufactured Products sales decreased in the induction and pipe threading equipment businesses, primarily due to timing of capital equipment orders, and in the rubber products business primarily due to weak sales in the automotive industry.

#### Cost of Products Sold & Gross Profit:

	Three I Ended J			
	2005	2004	Change	Percent Change
Consolidated cost of products sold	\$ 193.4	\$ 167.3	\$ 26.1	16%
Consolidated gross profit	\$ 35.4	\$ 33.7	\$ 1.7	5%
Gross margin	15.5%	16.8%		

Cost of products sold increased 16% in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the same quarter in 2004, while gross margin decreased to 15.5% from 16.8% in 2004. ILS gross margin decreased primarily due to steel price increases and changes in product mix. Aluminum Products gross margin decreased primarily due to a combination of the addition of the lower-margin Amcast business and product mix and pricing changes. The \$18.7 million of sales from the acquired Amcast business generated significantly lower margins than the existing Aluminum Products business. We expect margins at the acquired plants to increase over time, as a result of anticipated post-acquisition cost reductions, price increases and new business. Gross margin in the Manufactured Products segment increased, primarily as a result of slightly higher margins on capital equipment contracts in the second quarter of 2005

#### SG&A Expenses:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2005	2004	Change	Percent Change	
Consolidated SG&A expenses	\$ 20.4	\$ 19.8	\$ 0.6	3%	
SG&A percent	8.9%	9.9%			

Consolidated SG&A expenses increased 3% in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the same quarter in 2004 primarily due to a \$.8 million increase due to the acquisition of Amcast Components Group. SG&A expenses as a percent of sales decreased by 1%. SG&A expenses were reduced in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004 by a \$.1 million increase in net pension credits reflecting improved returns on pension plan assets.

#### Interest Expense:

		Three Months Ended June 30,						
	20	005	2004	Cł	nange	Percent Change		
Interest expense	\$	6.7 \$	6.2	\$	0.5	8%		
Average outstanding borrowings	\$ 3	361.4 \$	319.2	\$	42.2	13%		
						(33)		
Average borrowing rate		7.43%	7.76%			basis points		

Interest expense increased \$.5 million in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the same period in 2004, primarily due to higher average debt outstanding, partially offset by lower average interest rates during the second quarter of 2005. The increase in average borrowings resulted primarily from higher working capital requirements and the purchase of Amcast Components Group in August 2004. The lower average borrowing rate in the second quarter of 2005 was due primarily to the lower interest rate of 8.375% on our senior subordinated notes sold in November 2004 compared to the 9.25% interest rate on the senior subordinated notes outstanding during the second quarter of 2004. The average borrowing rate in the second quarter of 2005 was also reduced by decreased interest rates under our bank revolving credit agreement.

#### Income Tax:

Income taxes of \$.7 million were provided in the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, a 9% effective income tax rate, compared to income taxes of \$1.0 million provided in the corresponding period of 2004, a 13% effective income tax rate. In both periods, these taxes consisted primarily of state and foreign taxes on profitable operations. In neither period did the income tax provision include federal income taxes. At December 31, 2004, our subsidiaries had \$47.7 million of net operating loss carryforwards for federal tax purposes. We have recognized a tax benefit for these loss carryforwards only to the extent that they offset our first and second quarter 2005 federal tax provisions.

#### Liquidity and Sources of Capital

Our liquidity needs are primarily for working capital and capital expenditures. Our primary sources of liquidity have been funds provided by operations and funds available from existing bank credit arrangements and the sale of our senior subordinated notes. On July 30, 2003, we entered into a new bank revolving credit agreement with a group of banks. On November 5, 2003, this credit agreement was amended to provide a facility for our subsidiaries in Canada and the United Kingdom. On December 29, 2004, we amended this credit agreement to extend the maturity to six years, increase the credit line, provide lower interest rate brackets and modify certain covenants to provide greater flexibility. Under the terms of the bank revolving credit agreement, as amended ("Credit Agreement"), we may borrow up to \$200.0 million subject to an asset based formula. The Credit Agreement is secured by substantially all our assets. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement, which expires on December 31, 2010, will be used for general corporate purposes.

Amounts borrowed under the Credit Agreement may be borrowed at the Company's election at either (i) LIBOR plus 75 — 225 basis points or (ii) the bank's prime lending rate. The LIBOR-based interest rate is dependent on the Company's Debt Service Coverage Ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement. Under the Credit Agreement, a detailed borrowing base formula provides borrowing availability to the Company based on percentages of eligible accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had \$135.6 million outstanding under the Credit Agreement and approximately \$52.3 million of unused borrowing availability.

Current financial resources (working capital and available bank borrowing arrangements) and anticipated funds from operations are expected to be adequate to meet current cash requirements for the next 12 months and through 2010, when the Credit Agreement matures. The future availability of bank borrowings under the Credit Agreement is based on the Company's ability to meet a Debt Service Coverage Ratio covenant, which could be materially impacted by negative economic trends. Failure to meet the financial covenant could materially impact the availability and interest rate of future borrowings. At June 30, 2005, the Company was in compliance with the Credit Agreement's Debt Service Coverage Ratio covenant.

The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.23 at June 30, 2005 versus 1.97 at December 31, 2004. Working capital increased by \$29.0 million at June 30, 2005 from \$169.8 million at December 31, 2004.

During the first six months of 2005, we used \$16.7 million from operating activities compared to \$7.8 million used in the same period of 2004. The increase in operating cash usage of \$8.9 million was primarily the result of a reduction in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$14.1 million in the first six months of 2005 compared to an increase of \$37.5 million in the first half of 2004. The increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses in first half 2004 was primarily due to purchases of inventory to support increased sales, which averaged \$33.9 million per quarter higher in first and second quarters of 2004 than in fourth quarter 2003. Smaller increases in the first and second quarter sales were recorded in 2005. In addition, accounts receivable increased \$9.2 million in the first six months of 2005 compared to year-end 2004, primarily due to increased sales. This was less than the \$41.3 million increase in accounts receivable in first half 2004, primarily due to a lower rate of sales growth in 2005. During the first six months of 2005, we invested \$7.7 million in capital expenditures. These activities, less a net increase in borrowing of \$17.5 million, resulted in a decrease in cash of \$5.7 million in the first six months of 2005.

We do not have off-balance-sheet arrangements, financing or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons. From time to time we enter into forward contracts on foreign currencies, primarily the euro, purely for the purpose of hedging exposure to changes in the value of accounts receivable in those currencies against the US dollar. However, at June 30, 2005, no such hedge contracts were outstanding. We currently use no other derivative instruments.

#### Seasonality; Variability of Operating Results

Our results of operations are typically stronger in the first six months than the last six months of each calendar year due to scheduled plant maintenance in the third quarter, which coincide with customer plant shutdowns, and holidays in the fourth quarter.

The timing of orders placed by our customers has varied with, among other factors, orders for customers' finished goods, customer production schedules, competitive conditions and general economic conditions. The variability of the level and timing of orders has, from time to time, resulted in significant periodic and quarterly fluctuations in the operations of our business units. Such variability is particularly evident at the capital equipment businesses, included in the Manufactured Products segment, which typically ship a few large systems per year.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. The words "believes", "anticipates", "plans", "expects", "intends", "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to, such things as: general business conditions and competitive factors, including pricing pressures and product innovation; demand for our products and services; raw material availability and pricing; changes in our relationships with customers and suppliers; the financial condition of our customers, including the impact of any bankruptcies; our ability to successfully integrate recent and future acquisitions into existing operations, including our recent acquisition of the assets of Purchased Parts Group, Inc.; changes in general domestic economic conditions such as inflation rates, interest rates, tax rates and adverse impacts to us, our suppliers and customers from acts of terrorism or hostilities; our ability to meet various covenants, including financial covenants, contained in our revolving credit agreement and the indenture governing our senior subordinated notes; increasingly stringent domestic and foreign governmental regulations, including those affecting the environment; inherent uncertainties involved in assessing our potential liability for environmental remediation-related activities; the outcome of pending and future litigation and other claims, including without limitation, asbestos claims; dependence on the automotive and heavy-duty truck industries, which are highly cyclical; dependence on key management; and dependence on information systems. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a forward-looking statement herein should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be

#### Review By Registered Public Accounting Firm

The consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2005, and for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, have been reviewed, prior to filing, by Ernst & Young LLP, our registered public accounting firm, and their report is included herein.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk including changes in interest rates. We are subject to interest rate risk on borrowings under our Credit Agreement, which consisted of borrowings of \$135.6 million at June 30, 2005. A 100 basis point increase in the interest rate would have resulted in an increase in interest expense of approximately \$.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2005.

Our foreign subsidiaries generally conduct business in local currencies. During the first six months of 2005, we recorded an unfavorable foreign currency translation adjustment of \$.7 million related to net assets located outside the United States. This foreign currency translation adjustment resulted primarily from the weakening of the US dollar in relation to the Canadian dollar. Our foreign operations are also subject to other customary risks of operating in a global environment, such as unstable political situations, the effect of local laws and taxes, tariff increases and regulations and requirements for export licenses, the potential imposition of trade or foreign exchange restrictions and transportation delays.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second quarter of 2005 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various pending and threatened lawsuits in which claims for monetary damages are asserted in the ordinary course of business. While any litigation involves an element of uncertainty, in the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from currently pending or threatened litigation will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

At June 30, 2005, we were a co-defendant in approximately 1,000 cases asserting claims on behalf of approximately 9,000 plaintiffs alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos. These asbestos cases generally relate to the production and sale of asbestos-containing products and allege various theories of liability, including negligence, gross negligence and strict liability and seek compensatory and, in some cases, punitive damages.

In every asbestos case in which we are named as a party, the complaints are filed against multiple named defendants. In substantially all of the asbestos cases, the plaintiffs either claim damages in excess of a specified amount, typically a minimum amount sufficient to establish jurisdiction of the court in which the case was filed (jurisdictional minimums generally range from \$25,000 to \$75,000), or do not specify the monetary damages sought. To the extent that any specific amount of damages is sought, the amount applies to claims against all named defendants.

There are only five asbestos cases, involving 22 plaintiffs, that plead specified damages. In each of the five cases, the plaintiff is seeking compensatory and punitive damages based on a variety of potentially alternative causes of action. In three cases, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$3.0 million for four separate causes of action and \$1.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the

amount of \$10.0 million. In another case, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$20.0 million for three separate causes of action and \$5.0 million for another cause of action and punitive damages in the amount of \$20.0 million. In the final case, the plaintiff has alleged compensatory damages in the amount of \$0.41 million and punitive damages in the amount of \$2.5 million.

Historically, we have been dismissed from asbestos cases on the basis that the plaintiff incorrectly sued one of our subsidiaries or because the plaintiff failed to identify any asbestos-containing product manufactured or sold by us or our subsidiaries. We intend to vigorously defend these asbestos cases, and believe we will continue to be successful in being dismissed from such cases. However, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings due to the unpredictable nature of personal injury litigation. Despite this uncertainty, and although our results of operations and cash flows for a particular period could be adversely affected by asbestos-related lawsuits, claims and proceedings, management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. Among the factors management considered in reaching this conclusion were: (a) our historical success in being dismissed from these types of lawsuits on the bases mentioned above; (b) many cases have been improperly filed against one of our subsidiaries; (c) in many cases, the plaintiffs have been unable to establish any causal relationship to us or our products or premises; (d) in many cases, the plaintiffs have been unable to demonstrate that they have suffered any identifiable injury or compensable loss at all, that any injuries that they have incurred did in fact result from alleged exposure to asbestos; and (e) the complaints assert claims against multiple defendants and, in most cases, the damages alleged are not attributed to individual defendants. Additionally, we do not believe that the amounts claimed in any of the asbestos cases are meaningful indicators of our potential exposure because the amounts claimed typically bear no relation to the extent of the plaintiff's injury, if any.

Our cost of defending these lawsuits has not been material to date and, based upon available information, our management does not expect its future costs for asbestos-related lawsuits to have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, liquidity or financial position.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	]	(b) erage Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
	1 urchaseu			or Programs	Trans or Trograms
April 1, 2005 through April 30, 2005	669(1)	\$	18.84	0	0
May 1, 2005 through May 31, 2005			_	0	0
June 1, 2005 through June 30, 2005	_		_	0	0
Total:	669(1)	\$	18.84	0	0

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents shares surrendered or deemed surrendered to us to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted shares under employee stock-based compensation plans.

#### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company held its annual meeting of shareholders on May 26, 2005. The shareholders approved the elections of three directors to serve until the annual meeting of stockholders in the year 2008. The votes cast for each nominee were as follows:

	For	Withheld
Edward F. Crawford	9,535,988	532,769
Kevin R. Greene	9,541,736	527,021
Ronna Romnev	9.608.255	460,502

There were no abstentions or broker non-votes.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are included herein:

15	Letter re: unaudited interim financial information
31.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification requirement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
	23

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP.  (Registrant)
By /s/ Richard P. Elliott
Name: Richard P. Elliott Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
Date August 8, 2005
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#### EXHIBIT INDEX

#### **QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**

### PARK-OHIO HOLDINGS CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Exhibit	
15	Letter re: unaudited interim financial information
31.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification requirement under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

25 EX-15 2 115022aexv15.htm EXHIBIT 15 LETTER RE: UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### EXHIBIT (15) LETTER RE: UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Board of Directors and Shareholders Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.

We are aware of the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp., for the registration of its common stock of our report dated August 8, 2005 relating to the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp., that are included in its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

		Shares
Registration Statement	Description	Registered
Form S-8 (33-01047)	Individual Account Retirement Plan	1,500,000
Form S-8 (333-58161)	Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term	
	Incentive Plan	550,000
Form S-8 (333-110536)	Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term	
	Incentive Plan	1,100,000

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio August 8, 2005

EX-31.1 3 I15022aexv31w1.htm EXHIBIT 31.1 PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION

### PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Edward F. Crawford, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

By /s/ Edward F. Crawford

Name: Edward F. Crawford

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

EX-31.2 4 115022aexv31w2.htm EXHIBIT 31.2 PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION

### PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER'S CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

#### I, Richard P. Elliott, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

By /s/ Richard P. Elliott

Name: Richard P. Elliott

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

EX-32 5 115022aexv32.htm EXHIBIT 32 CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT UNDER SECTION 906

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Park-Ohio Holdings Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Report.

Date: August 8, 2005

By /s/ Edward F. Crawford

Name: Edward F. Crawford

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

By /s/ Richard P. Elliott

Name: Richard P. Elliott

Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.