
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2025

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: to:

Commission file number: 001-33675

RIOT PLATFORMS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

84-1553387

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3855 Ambrosia Street, Suite 301, Castle Rock, CO

(Address of principal executive offices)

80109

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (303) 794-2000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act:

Common Stock, no par value per share

(Title of class)

RIOT

(Trading Symbol)

The Nasdaq Capital Market

(Name of each exchange on which registered)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer
Emerging growth company

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 29, 2025, the registrant had 371,807,186 shares of its common stock, no par value per share, outstanding, which was the only class of its registered securities outstanding as of that date.

RIOT PLATFORMS, INC.

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RIOT PLATFORMS, INC.

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2025 (this "Quarterly Report"), the terms "we," "us," "our," the "Company," the "Registrant," "Riot Platforms," and "Riot" mean Riot Platforms, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "PSLRA"). The Company may also make forward-looking statements in other reports and documents filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including those that are incorporated by reference herein. All statements in this Quarterly Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein, other than statements of historical fact, are "forward-looking statements" within the scope of this cautionary note, including, but not limited to, statements concerning: our plans, strategies and objectives for future operations, integration of new equipment, systems, technologies, services or developments; the development of the Company's remaining power capacity for large data center purposes including artificial intelligence ("AI") and high-performance computing ("HPC") uses; the development and implementation of industrial-scale immersion-cooled bitcoin mining hardware at our Bitcoin Mining facilities in Kentucky and Texas; the anticipated demand for large data centers; future economic conditions, performance, or outlooks; future political conditions; the outcome of contingencies; potential acquisitions or divestitures; the number and value of bitcoin rewards and transaction fees we earn from our Bitcoin Mining operations; future self-mining hash rate capacity; timing of receipt and deployment of miners; expected cash flows or capital expenditures; our beliefs or expectations; activities, events or developments that we intend, expect, project, believe, or anticipate will or may occur in the future; and assumptions underlying or based upon any of the foregoing. Forward-looking statements may be identified by their use of forward-looking terminology, such as "believes," "expects," "may," "should," "would," "will," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates," "projects" and similar words or expressions; however, forward-looking statements may be made without such terminology.

Such forward-looking statements reflect our management's opinions, expectations, beliefs, and assumptions based on information currently available to management regarding future events, which may not materialize or prove to be correct due to certain risks and uncertainties, including those risks which the Company's management has identified and believes to be material and those which management has not identified, or which management does not believe to be material. Such risk factors are described in greater detail under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report and in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 ("2024 Annual Report"), as well as under similar headings in subsequent filings we may make with the SEC. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, the potential impact of all factors on our business, or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause our actual results to differ, perhaps materially, from those contained in, or implied by, any forward-looking statements we may make. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect our management's opinions only as of the date the statements are made and are not guarantees of future performance or actual results. Should any risks or uncertainties develop into actual events, these developments could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows, and the market price of our securities may decline, as a result.

Accordingly, you should read this Quarterly Report and the other filings we make with the SEC, in their entirety and understand that our future results may be materially different from our historical results and from the results expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein. The forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report and the documents incorporated by reference herein speak only as of the date they are made and, unless otherwise required by applicable securities laws, we disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. All forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified by the foregoing cautionary statements and are made in reliance on the safe harbor provisions of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the PSLRA.

As used throughout this Quarterly Report, the term "Bitcoin" with a capital "B" is used to denote the Bitcoin protocol, which implements a highly available, public, permanent, and decentralized ledger. The term "bitcoin" with a lower case "b" is used to denote the coin, bitcoin.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited; in thousands, except for share amounts)

| | <u>September 30, 2025</u> | <u>December 31, 2024</u> |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 330,745 | \$ 277,860 |
| Restricted cash | 75,612 | 73,441 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 26,539 | 27,124 |
| Contract assets | 2,084 | 6,478 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 47,080 | 40,288 |
| Derivative asset, current portion | 46,533 | 40,020 |
| Equity method investment - marketable securities, at fair value | — | 134,265 |
| Total current assets | <u>528,593</u> | <u>599,476</u> |
| Property and equipment, net | 1,360,530 | 1,338,787 |
| Bitcoin | 1,823,630 | 1,654,468 |
| Restricted bitcoin | 376,423 | — |
| Deposits | 65,198 | 30,115 |
| Finite-lived intangible assets, net | 31,128 | 34,053 |
| Derivative asset, less current portion | 112,901 | 109,475 |
| Right-of-use assets | 34,492 | 27,492 |
| Goodwill | 122,499 | 121,887 |
| Other long-term assets | 23,422 | 19,554 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 4,478,816</u> | <u>\$ 3,935,307</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 12,698 | \$ 17,609 |
| Contract liabilities | 18,206 | 9,644 |
| Accrued expenses | 60,090 | 75,672 |
| Deferred gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement | — | 26,007 |
| Deferred revenue, current portion | 1,983 | 2,892 |
| Contingent consideration liabilities, current portion | 6,185 | 23,626 |
| Current portion of debt | 253,243 | 314 |
| Operating lease liability, current portion | 6,143 | 4,621 |
| Total current liabilities | <u>358,548</u> | <u>160,385</u> |
| Deferred revenue, less current portion | — | 13,590 |
| Operating lease liability, less current portion | 25,963 | 23,915 |
| Contingent consideration liabilities, less current portion | 3,029 | 3,229 |
| Debt, less current portion | 586,501 | 584,311 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 25 | 6,192 |
| Total liabilities | <u>974,066</u> | <u>791,622</u> |
| Commitments and contingencies - Note 17 | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized: | | |
| 2% Series A Convertible Preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 | — | — |
| 0% Series B Convertible Preferred stock, 1,750,001 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 | — | — |
| Common stock, no par value; 680,000,000 shares authorized; 371,116,270 and 344,890,208 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively | 4,167,381 | 3,833,882 |
| Accumulated deficit | (662,852) | (690,419) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net | 221 | 222 |
| Total stockholders' equity | <u>3,504,750</u> | <u>3,143,685</u> |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | <u>\$ 4,478,816</u> | <u>\$ 3,935,307</u> |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited; in thousands, except for share and per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Bitcoin Mining | \$ 160,792 | \$ 67,491 | \$ 444,540 | \$ 194,651 |
| Engineering | 19,097 | 12,638 | 43,593 | 26,940 |
| Other | 340 | 4,657 | 6,471 | 12,509 |
| Total revenue | 180,229 | 84,786 | 494,604 | 234,100 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of revenue (excludes depreciation and amortization presented below): | | | | |
| Bitcoin Mining | 95,765 | 51,472 | 248,758 | 123,296 |
| Engineering | 13,707 | 13,517 | 35,371 | 27,796 |
| Other | — | 7,948 | 11,971 | 22,588 |
| Acquisition-related costs | — | 3,079 | 187 | 3,079 |
| Selling, general, and administrative | 69,832 | 66,936 | 217,182 | 185,777 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 82,929 | 60,000 | 244,052 | 129,669 |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | (133,120) | (8,554) | (395,892) | (166,231) |
| Change in fair value of derivative asset | (10,792) | 24,318 | (9,939) | (23,398) |
| Power curtailment credits | (30,634) | (12,417) | (46,748) | (31,445) |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration | 1 | — | (17,641) | — |
| Loss on contract settlement | — | — | 158,137 | — |
| Gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement | — | — | (26,007) | — |
| Loss (gain) on sale/exchange of equipment | (2,742) | — | (2,263) | 68 |
| Casualty-related charges (recoveries), net | (47) | — | (166) | (2,487) |
| Impairment of property and equipment | 15,279 | — | 15,279 | — |
| Total costs and expenses | 100,178 | 206,299 | 432,281 | 268,712 |
| Operating income (loss) | 80,051 | (121,513) | 62,323 | (34,612) |
| Other income (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | 3,919 | 5,530 | 10,650 | 22,185 |
| Interest expense | (8,052) | (355) | (16,453) | (1,053) |
| Gain (loss) on equity method investment - marketable securities | 28,903 | (38,082) | (28,192) | (13,620) |
| Other income (expense) | 1,344 | 90 | 1,681 | 131 |
| Total other income (expense) | 26,114 | (32,817) | (32,314) | 7,643 |
| Net income (loss) before taxes | 106,165 | (154,330) | 30,009 | (26,969) |
| Current income tax benefit (expense) | (1,685) | (32) | (2,442) | (65) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 104,480 | \$ (154,362) | \$ 27,567 | \$ (27,034) |
| Basic net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.30 | \$ (0.54) | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.10) |
| Diluted net income (loss) per share | \$ 0.26 | \$ (0.54) | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.10) |
| Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding | 347,085,375 | 286,243,674 | 337,688,455 | 261,977,695 |
| Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding | 403,179,486 | 286,243,674 | 389,070,336 | 261,977,695 |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Unaudited; in thousands)

| | <u>Three Months Ended</u> <u>September 30,</u> | | <u>Nine Months Ended</u> <u>September 30,</u> | |
|---|---|---------------------|--|--------------------|
| | <u>2025</u> | <u>2024</u> | <u>2025</u> | <u>2024</u> |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 104,480 | \$ (154,362) | \$ 27,567 | \$ (27,034) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) on convertible note | 26 | 208 | (1) | 39 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | <u>\$ 104,506</u> | <u>\$ (154,154)</u> | <u>\$ 27,566</u> | <u>\$ (26,995)</u> |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited; in thousands, except for share amounts)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2025

| | Common Stock | | Accumulated deficit | Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | Total stockholders' equity |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Balance as of July 1, 2025 | 363,234,107 | \$ 4,063,053 | \$ (767,332) | \$ 195 | \$ 3,295,916 |
| Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeitures and delivery of common stock underlying stock awards, net of tax withholding | 2,580,892 | (2,649) | — | — | (2,649) |
| Issuance of common stock/At-the-market offering, net of offering costs | 5,301,271 | 74,119 | — | — | 74,119 |
| Stock-based compensation | — | 32,858 | — | — | 32,858 |
| Net income (loss) | — | — | 104,480 | — | 104,480 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | — | — | — | 26 | 26 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | 371,116,270 | \$ 4,167,381 | \$ (662,852) | \$ 221 | \$ 3,504,750 |

Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

| | Common Stock | | Accumulated deficit | Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | Total stockholders' equity |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Balance as of July 1, 2024 | 283,674,768 | \$ 3,257,024 | \$ (672,492) | \$ (19) | \$ 2,584,513 |
| Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeitures and delivery of common stock underlying stock awards, net of tax withholding | 5,985,014 | (709) | — | — | (709) |
| Issuance of common stock/At-the-market offering, net of offering costs | 27,379,983 | 214,813 | — | — | 214,813 |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with the acquisition of Block Mining | 7,240,623 | 73,999 | — | — | 73,999 |
| Stock-based compensation | — | 30,567 | — | — | 30,567 |
| Net income (loss) | — | — | (154,362) | — | (154,362) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | — | — | — | 208 | 208 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2024 | 324,280,388 | \$ 3,575,694 | \$ (826,854) | \$ 189 | \$ 2,749,029 |

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025

| | Common Stock | | Accumulated deficit | Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | Total stockholders' equity |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 344,890,208 | \$ 3,833,882 | \$ (690,419) | \$ 222 | \$ 3,143,685 |
| Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeitures and delivery of common stock underlying stock awards, net of tax withholding | 3,159,529 | (3,236) | — | — | (3,236) |
| Issuance of common stock/At-the-market offering, net of offering costs | 16,076,733 | 195,181 | — | — | 195,181 |
| Stock-based compensation | — | 92,554 | — | — | 92,554 |
| Issuance of common stock for contract settlement | 6,989,800 | 49,000 | — | — | 49,000 |
| Net income (loss) | — | — | 27,567 | — | 27,567 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | — | — | — | (1) | (1) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | 371,116,270 | \$ 4,167,381 | \$ (662,852) | \$ 221 | \$ 3,504,750 |

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024

| | Common Stock | | Accumulated deficit | Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | Total stockholders' equity |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2024 | 230,836,624 | \$ 2,687,692 | \$ (799,820) | \$ 150 | \$ 1,888,022 |
| Issuance of restricted stock, net of forfeitures and delivery of common stock underlying stock awards, net of tax withholding | 16,089,325 | (11,478) | — | — | (11,478) |
| Issuance of common stock/At-the-market offering, net of offering costs | 70,113,816 | 730,779 | — | — | 730,779 |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with the acquisition of Block Mining | 7,240,623 | 73,999 | — | — | 73,999 |
| Stock-based compensation | — | 94,702 | — | — | 94,702 |
| Net income (loss) | — | — | (27,034) | — | (27,034) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | — | — | — | 39 | 39 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2024 | 324,280,388 | \$ 3,575,694 | \$ (826,854) | \$ 189 | \$ 2,749,029 |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited; in thousands)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Operating activities | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 27,567 | \$ (27,034) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Stock-based compensation | 92,554 | 94,702 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 244,052 | 129,669 |
| Amortization of license fee revenue | (388) | (73) |
| Noncash lease expense | 4,265 | 2,709 |
| Amortization of debt issuance costs | 3,243 | — |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | (395,892) | (166,231) |
| Change in fair value of derivative asset | (9,939) | (23,398) |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration | (17,641) | — |
| Loss on contract settlement | 35,518 | — |
| Gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement | (26,007) | — |
| Impairment of property and equipment | 15,279 | — |
| (Gain) loss on equity method investment - marketable securities | 28,192 | 13,620 |
| Loss (gain) on sale/exchange of equipment | (2,263) | 68 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined | (444,540) | (194,651) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | — | 9,518 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| (Increase)/decrease in operating assets | (7,963) | 20,977 |
| Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities | (13,437) | (16,572) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>(467,400)</u> | <u>(156,696)</u> |
| Investing activities | | |
| Block Mining Acquisition, net of cash acquired | — | (7,203) |
| Acquisition of assets from Rhodium | (7,250) | — |
| Acquisition of land | (50,858) | — |
| Deposits on equipment | (138,071) | (331,176) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | 290,953 | — |
| Security deposits | 140 | (4,408) |
| Proceeds from the sale of equity method investment - marketable securities | 106,073 | — |
| Investment in equity method investment - marketable securities | — | (203,754) |
| Purchases of property and equipment, including construction in progress | (118,923) | (182,134) |
| Purchases of right-of-use assets | (3,595) | — |
| Casualty-related recoveries | 166 | 2,487 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <u>78,635</u> | <u>(726,188)</u> |
| Financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from the issuance of common stock / At-the-market offering | 199,641 | 746,426 |
| Offering costs for the issuance of common stock / At-the-market offering | (4,460) | (15,647) |
| Proceeds from revolving credit facilities | 61,000 | — |
| Repayments of revolving credit facilities | (6,728) | (202) |
| Proceeds from credit facility | 200,000 | — |
| Debt issuance costs | (2,396) | — |
| Repayment of debt assumed in Block Mining Acquisition | — | (5,002) |
| Repurchase of common shares to pay employee withholding taxes | (3,236) | (11,478) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | <u>443,821</u> | <u>714,097</u> |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash | 55,056 | (168,787) |
| Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period | 351,301 | 597,169 |
| Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period | <u>\$ 406,357</u> | <u>\$ 428,382</u> |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Continued
(Unaudited; in thousands)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Supplemental information: | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ 9,885 | \$ 35 |
| Cash paid for taxes | \$ 1,023 | \$ — |
| Non-cash transactions | | |
| Issuance of common stock for the Block Mining Acquisition | \$ — | \$ 73,999 |
| Contingent liability entered into for the Block Mining Acquisition | \$ — | \$ 26,085 |
| Reclassification of deposits to property and equipment | \$ 102,848 | \$ 405,401 |
| Construction in progress included in accrued expenses | \$ 1,903 | \$ 12,690 |
| Bitcoin exchanged for employee compensation | \$ 3,745 | \$ 2,099 |
| Right-of-use assets exchanged for new operating lease liabilities | \$ 7,730 | \$ 5,850 |
| The following reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash to the amounts presented above: | | |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of the period: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 277,860 | \$ 597,169 |
| Restricted cash | 73,441 | — |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as presented above | <u>\$ 351,301</u> | <u>\$ 597,169</u> |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of the period: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 330,745 | \$ 355,709 |
| Restricted cash | 75,612 | 72,673 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as presented above | <u>\$ 406,357</u> | <u>\$ 428,382</u> |

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization and Description of Business

Riot Platforms is a vertically integrated bitcoin mining company principally engaged in enhancing its power infrastructure to support efficient and large-scale Bitcoin mining operations in support of the Bitcoin blockchain. The Company is also in the process of developing a scalable data center platform intended to allocate its power capacity to support non-mining data center operations, including potential applications in AI and HPC, with the objective of maximizing the value of the Company's energy portfolio.

The Company provides comprehensive and critical infrastructure for bitcoin mining at its large-scale Bitcoin Mining facilities located in Rockdale, Texas (the "Rockdale Facility"), Navarro County, Texas (the "Corsicana Facility"), and two Bitcoin Mining sites in Kentucky (the "Kentucky Facility" and, together with the Rockdale Facility and the Corsicana Facility, the "Facilities"). The Rockdale Facility currently provides 700 megawatts ("MW") of total developed capacity. The Corsicana Facility is currently equipped to provide up to 400 MW of capacity for Bitcoin Mining. Upon completion of the Corsicana Facility, the Company expects to have approximately one gigawatt ("GW") of developed capacity available for Bitcoin Mining and other data center workloads.

As described in Note 19, *Segment Information*, the Company's two reportable segments are: Bitcoin Mining and Engineering.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Basis of presentation and principles of consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements ("Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements") and these notes ("Notes") have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). In the opinion of management, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of such interim results. Unless otherwise indicated, amounts are stated in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for: share, per share, megawatt hours ("MWh") and miner quantities; bitcoin quantities, prices and hash rate; cost to mine one bitcoin; and production value of one bitcoin mined.

The results in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and these Notes include required estimates and assumptions of management, and they are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025, or for any future interim period. Further, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and these Notes do not include all the information and notes required by GAAP for a complete presentation of annual financial statements. As such, the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and these Notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, and notes thereto, included in the 2024 Annual Report.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ materially from those estimates. The most significant accounting estimates inherent in the preparation of the Company's financial statements include revenue recognition; valuation of the derivative asset classified under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy; determination of the useful lives and recoverability of long-lived assets; impairment analysis of fixed assets and finite-lived intangibles; impairment analysis of goodwill; allocating the fair value of purchase consideration to assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business acquisitions; stock-based compensation; and the valuation allowance associated with the Company's deferred tax assets.

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and these Notes. The reclassifications did not have a material impact on the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures. The impact on any prior period disclosures was immaterial.

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Significant Accounting Policies

Except for the updates noted below, see the Company's 2024 Annual Report for a detailed discussion of the Company's significant accounting policies.

Accounts receivable

The Company's accounts receivable balance consists of amounts due from its mining pool operator and engineering customers. The Company records accounts receivable at the invoiced amount less an allowance for any potentially uncollectible accounts under the current expected credit loss ("CECL") impairment model and presents the net amount of the receivable expected to be collected.

The CECL impairment model requires an estimate of expected credit losses, measured over the contractual life of an instrument, which considers forecasts of future economic conditions in addition to information about past events and current conditions. The model also provides a practical expedient, which allows entities to forgo developing forecasts of economic conditions. The Company has elected to apply this practical expedient to determine expected credit losses for current accounts receivable and contract assets, assuming conditions as of the balance sheet date do not change for the remaining life of the asset. Based on this model, the Company considers many factors, including the age of the balance, customer creditworthiness and collection history. Bad debts are written off after all collection efforts have ceased.

Restricted bitcoin

The Company has pledged certain of its bitcoin as collateral for certain of its debt facilities. This restricted bitcoin is owned by the Company and is held in a segregated custody account in the Company's name. The lender is not permitted to use such bitcoin to secure any other loan or account. Consistent with the Company's other bitcoin holdings, restricted bitcoin is recorded at fair value, as determined using the period-end closing price of bitcoin on the Company's principal market, Coinbase, and changes in fair value are recognized in *Change in fair value of bitcoin, in Operating income (loss)* on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Leases

The Company determines whether an arrangement contains a lease at the inception of the arrangement. If a lease is determined to exist, the term of such lease is assessed based on the date on which the underlying asset is made available for the Company's use by the lessor. The Company's assessment of the lease term reflects the non-cancelable term of the lease, inclusive of any rent-free periods and/or periods covered by early-termination options which the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise, as well as periods covered by renewal options which the Company is reasonably certain to exercise. The Company also determines lease classification as either operating or finance at lease commencement, which governs the pattern of expense recognition and the presentation reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Operations over the lease term.

For operating leases with a term exceeding 12 months and finance leases, a lease liability is recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheet at lease commencement reflecting the present value of its fixed minimum payment obligations over the lease term. A corresponding operating lease right-of-use asset equal to the initial lease liability is also recorded, adjusted for any prepaid rent and/or initial direct costs incurred in connection with execution of the lease and reduced by any lease incentives received. For purposes of measuring the present value of its fixed payment obligations for a given lease, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate, determined based on information available at lease commencement, as rates implicit in its leasing arrangements are typically not readily determinable. The Company's incremental borrowing rate reflects the rate it would pay to borrow on a secured basis and incorporates the term and economic environment of the associated lease.

For the Company's operating leases, fixed lease payments are recognized as lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, any fixed lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and are not recognized on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as an accounting policy election. Leases qualifying for the short-term lease exception were insignificant. Variable lease costs are recognized as incurred and primarily consist of common area maintenance and utility charges not included in the measurement of right of use assets and operating lease liabilities.

For the Company's finance leases, fixed lease payments are recognized as amortization of the right-of-use asset and interest expense is recognized on the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance lease right-of-use assets are amortized

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into depreciation and amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term or, if the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Company, the life of the leased asset.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The Company continually assesses new accounting pronouncements to determine their applicability. When it is determined that a new accounting pronouncement affects the Company's financial reporting, the Company undertakes a study to determine the consequences of such change to its Consolidated Financial Statements and ensures that there are proper controls in place to ascertain that the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements properly reflect the change.

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* ("ASU 2023-09"). ASU 2023-09 expands existing income tax disclosures for rate reconciliations by requiring disclosure of certain specific categories and additional reconciling items that meet quantitative thresholds and expands disclosures for income taxes paid by requiring disaggregation by certain jurisdictions. ASU 2023-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact the updated guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures and will update its disclosures for the year ending December 31, 2025, based on the requirements of ASU 2023-09.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40)* ("ASU 2024-03"). ASU 2024-03 requires, in the notes to the annual and interim financial statements, disaggregated information about certain income statement expense line items. ASU 2024-03 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact the updated guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In July 2025, the FASB issued ASU No. 2025-05, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses for Accounts Receivable and Contract Assets* ("ASU 2025-05"). ASU 2025-05 simplifies credit loss calculations and permits the election of a practical expedient to assume that conditions as of the balance sheet date do not change for the remaining life of the asset when estimating credit losses on current accounts receivable and current contract assets under ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. ASU 2025-05 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2025. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2025-05 effective January 1, 2025 on a prospective basis. The adoption of ASU 2025-05 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU No. 2025-06, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software* ("ASU 2025-06"). ASU 2025-06 updates the accounting for costs related to the development of internal-use software to reflect the evolution of software development from a sequential to an agile development method by removing references to project stages in the existing guidance and requiring capitalization of software costs when management has authorized and committed to funding a software project and it is probable that the project will be completed and the software will be used as intended. ASU 2025-06 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year. The Company adopted ASU 2025-06 effective January 1, 2025 on a prospective basis. The adoption of ASU 2025-06 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

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Note 3. Acquisitions

Rhodium Settlement and Acquisition of Assets

On April 28, 2025, the Company's subsidiary, Whinstone US, Inc. ("Whinstone") acquired certain assets owned by Rhodium Encore LLC (together with its affiliates, "Rhodium") that were located at the Rockdale Facility, assumed Rhodium's 125 MW of power capacity at the Rockdale Facility, terminated the legacy hosting agreements with Rhodium, and settled all existing litigation between the parties for total consideration of \$185.0 million (the "Rhodium Settlement"). The total consideration consisted of approximately \$129.9 million in cash, the return of Rhodium's power security deposit of approximately \$6.1 million, and 6,989,800 shares of Company common stock, valued at \$49.0 million based on the preceding ten trading day volume-weighted average share price immediately prior to the date of execution. The terminated legacy hosting contracts with Rhodium had a remaining term through December 2030 (see Note 4. *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* for more information). The settled litigation and claims include all existing claims between the parties, and any and all claims, or future claims, arising under the hosting contracts.

The acquired set of assets did not meet the definition of a business as defined in ASC 805, *Business Combinations*, as no substantive processes or employees were acquired. The assets acquired consisted primarily of bitcoin miners and related equipment, which are included in *Property and equipment, net* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The fair value of the tangible assets acquired was estimated to be \$7.3 million and was determined using the cost approach, which utilizes replacement cost as an indicator of fair value. The key assumptions included replacement cost new, effective age, and remaining useful life, as well as physical deterioration factors. No identifiable intangible assets were acquired, no goodwill was recognized, and no liabilities were assumed in connection with the transaction.

In connection with the contract termination and the elimination of the Company's future obligations under it, the Company relieved approximately \$14.9 million of previously recognized deferred revenue (see Note 4. *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*).

The remaining portion of the transaction value is attributable to the combined impact of terminating the Company's legacy hosting agreement and settling preexisting litigation with Rhodium, both of which stemmed from an ongoing contractual dispute. The legacy hosting agreement contained terms that were significantly unfavorable compared to prevailing market conditions for similar arrangements. As a result of the termination and settlement, the Company recognized a loss of \$158.1 million, which is presented as *Loss on contract settlement* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. This loss represents the residual amount after accounting for the total consideration transferred and the tangible assets acquired as part of the transaction.

E4A Solutions Acquisition

On December 16, 2024, the Company acquired 100% of the equity interests of E4A Solutions, LLC ("E4A Solutions"), a Texas-based provider of electrical engineering solutions, for total consideration of approximately \$54.4 million, which was comprised of \$51.8 million paid in cash from the Company's existing cash and a contingent purchase price payable to the sellers with an estimated fair value at acquisition of \$2.6 million (the "E4A Solutions Acquisition"). Under the contingent purchase price payable, the sellers are eligible to earn potential earn-out targets based on E4A Solutions' adjusted EBITDA during the two years ending December 31, 2026, payable in cash or Riot common stock at the Company's discretion. The potential earn-out is calculated as 2.65 times the amount that the average E4A Solutions' adjusted EBITDA exceeds the prescribed earn-out threshold.

The E4A Solutions Acquisition builds on Riot's vertically integrated strategy by adding engineering expertise to service its own existing and future electrical infrastructure and allows the Company to provide electrical solutions and services to support the rapidly growing market for electrical infrastructure.

The E4A Solutions Acquisition was accounted for as an acquisition of a business using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires recognition of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their respective fair values on the date of acquisition. As of September 30, 2025, the Company has completed a preliminary allocation of the purchase consideration. Therefore, the allocation of the purchase price to assets acquired and liabilities assumed is based on provisional estimates and is subject to continuing management analysis, with assistance from third party valuation advisors. The Company expects to finalize the valuation of these assets and liabilities, and consideration transferred, as soon as practicable, but not later than one year from the acquisition date. Any changes to the preliminary estimates of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be recorded as adjustments to those assets and liabilities, and any residual amounts will be allocated to goodwill.

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The following table presents the preliminary allocation of the purchase consideration:

| | | |
|---|-----------|---------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 915 |
| Accounts receivable | | 3,958 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 169 |
| Contract assets | | 1,152 |
| Property and equipment | | 136 |
| Operating lease right-of-use asset | | 612 |
| Finite-lived intangible assets: | | |
| Customer contracts | | 23,100 |
| Trademark | | 1,100 |
| Accounts payable | | (1,446) |
| Deferred revenue, current portion | | 352 |
| Accrued expenses | | (254) |
| Operating lease liability, current portion | | (323) |
| Operating lease liability, less current portion | | (289) |
| Other long-term liabilities | | (53) |
| Total identifiable assets and liabilities acquired | | 29,129 |
| Goodwill | | 25,287 |
| Total purchase consideration | \$ | 54,416 |

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets, other long-term assets, accounts payable, contract liabilities, accrued expenses, and other long-term liabilities were determined to be their carrying values due to the immaterial and/or short-term nature of the assets and liabilities.

The finite-lived intangible assets consist of a trademark and customer relationships. The fair value of the trademark was estimated using the relief-from-royalty rate method, which estimated future royalty charges attributable to the trademark. The fair value of the customer relationships was estimated using the income approach, which estimated future revenues and costs associated with the existing customer relationships. The estimated fair values of the trademark and customer relationships utilized a discount rate of 13.4%.

The right-of-use asset and operating lease liabilities consisted of an operating lease of office and commercial space in Houston, Texas. The lease has annual payments of approximately \$0.4 million and a remaining lease term of approximately two years as of the date of the acquisition.

Goodwill was attributable to the assembled workforce of experienced personnel at E4A Solutions and synergies expected to be achieved from the combined operations of the Company and E4A Solutions. The goodwill recognized is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill was assigned to the Engineering reportable segment.

The operating results of E4A Solutions have been included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations since the acquisition date. Through September 30, 2025, approximately \$2.8 million of acquisition-related costs were expensed as incurred.

Block Mining Acquisition

On July 23, 2024, the Company acquired 100% of the equity interests of Block Mining, Inc. ("Block Mining"), a vertically integrated bitcoin mining company based in Kentucky, for total consideration of approximately \$113.6 million (the "Block Mining Acquisition"). The purchase price consisted of \$13.5 million in cash (adjusted for net working capital acquired and other items, excluding the payoff of debt of \$5.0 million, which was accounted for as a transaction separate from the Block Mining Acquisition) from the Company's existing cash, 7.2 million shares of Riot common stock valued at approximately \$74.0 million at acquisition, and a contingent purchase price payable to the sellers with an estimated fair value at acquisition of \$26.1 million. Under the terms of the contingent purchase price payable, the sellers may earn up to an additional \$32.5 million if certain previously agreed upon milestones are reached by December 31, 2025.

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The Block Mining Acquisition immediately enhanced the Company's operational capabilities by increasing its total hash rate, expanding Riot's geographic footprint, and providing access to additional energy markets beyond the Electric Reliability Council of Texas ("ERCOT"). These markets include the Paducah Power Systems, Tennessee Valley Authority, and Big Rivers Electric Corporation, all located within the Midcontinent Independent System Operator ("MISO") region. Block Mining consists of two operational sites, both in Kentucky, and includes existing operational Bitcoin Mining capacity, with the potential to expand. In addition, Block Mining owns a greenfield development site adjacent to an existing substation, representing a strategic opportunity for scalable growth. Known for its capital-efficient development model and experienced management team, Block Mining strengthens the Company's ability to execute on its vertically integrated strategy and enhances its long-term positioning in the Bitcoin mining sector.

The Block Mining Acquisition was accounted for as an acquisition of a business using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires recognition of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their respective fair values on the date of acquisition. As of June 30, 2025, the Company completed a preliminary allocation of the purchase consideration. The Company finalized the valuation of these assets and liabilities, and consideration transferred, as of June 30, 2025. The finalization of the valuation did not result in any adjustments to any of the amounts presented below.

The following table presents the allocation of the purchase consideration:

| | | |
|---|-----------|----------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 6,295 |
| Accounts receivable | | 362 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 2,877 |
| Property and equipment | | 20,165 |
| Operating lease right-of-use asset | | 3,733 |
| Accounts payable | | (1,471) |
| Accrued expenses | | (1,180) |
| Operating lease liability, current portion | | (2,410) |
| Operating lease liability, less current portion | | (1,323) |
| Long-term debt | | (10,678) |
| Total identifiable assets and liabilities acquired | | 16,370 |
| Goodwill | | 97,212 |
| Total purchase consideration | \$ | 113,582 |

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued expenses was determined to be their respective carrying values due to the short-term nature of the assets and liabilities. The fair value of the acquired trade receivables was determined to be the net realizable amount of the closing date book value of \$0.4 million.

The fair value of property and equipment was estimated by applying the cost approach, which uses the replacement cost as an indicator of fair value. The assumptions of the cost approach include replacement cost new and physical deterioration factors, including remaining life and effective age. The replacement cost new was based on a price per terahash consistent with prices the Company pays for new bitcoin miners and an effective age of three years, consistent with the Company's current estimated useful life of bitcoin miners.

The right-of-use asset and operating lease liabilities consisted of an operating lease of a data center in Calvert City, Kentucky. The lease has annual payments of approximately \$1.4 million and a remaining lease term of approximately 3.0 years as of the date of the acquisition.

The assumed debt consisted of a \$5.0 million secured loan and a \$5.7 million note payable. The secured loan was paid off on the date of acquisition. The note payable carries a fixed rate of 8.81%, and matures in December 2035, with annual principal and accrued interest payments beginning on December 31, 2024. The fair value of the debt at acquisition of \$5.7 million was determined to equal its carrying value due at acquisition as the interest rate is reasonably consistent with rates the Company would expect to incur for similar debt instruments.

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Goodwill was attributable to the assembled workforce of experienced personnel at Block Mining and synergies expected to be achieved from the combined operations of the Company and Block Mining. The goodwill recognized is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill was assigned to the Bitcoin Mining reportable segment.

The operating results of Block Mining have been included in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations since the acquisition date. Through September 30, 2025, approximately \$2.9 million of acquisition-related costs were expensed as incurred.

Pro-forma financial information

The following unaudited pro forma financial information summarizes the combined results of operations for Riot, Block Mining, and E4A Solutions, as if the companies were combined as of January 1, 2023. The unaudited pro forma information does not reflect the effect of costs or synergies that may result from the acquisition and excludes acquisition-related costs of \$5.7 million incurred for all periods through September 30, 2025. This unaudited pro forma information is presented for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of future operating results of the combined company. This information should not be used as a predictive measure of the Company's future financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Revenue | \$ 92,042 | \$ 274,083 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ (154,353) | \$ (16,204) |

Note 4. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Disaggregated revenue

Revenue disaggregated by reportable segment is presented in Note 19. *Segment Information*.

Contract balances

Contract assets relate to uncompleted Engineering contracts. As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, contract assets were \$2.1 million and \$6.5 million, respectively.

Contract liabilities primarily relate to uncompleted Engineering contracts. As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, contract liabilities and deferred revenue were \$20.2 million and \$26.1 million, respectively. In connection with the Rhodium Settlement described in Note 3. *Acquisitions*, the legacy hosting contract with Rhodium was terminated, thereby eliminating the Company's future obligations under the contract. As a result, approximately \$14.9 million of previously recognized deferred revenue was relieved and is included in *Loss on contract settlement* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, \$0.8 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, \$7.7 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, of the beginning balance of contract liabilities and deferred revenue, in aggregate, was recognized as revenue.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, \$0.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, \$1.2 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, were recognized as revenue as a result of satisfying performance obligations in previous periods.

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Remaining performance obligation

The following table presents the estimated future recognition of the Company's remaining performance obligations, which represent the transaction price of current contracts for work to be performed.

| | Remainder of 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | Total |
|-------------|----------------------|---------|-------|---------|
| Engineering | 35,784 | 119,059 | 6,739 | 161,582 |

Note 5. Bitcoin

The following table presents information about the Company's bitcoin holdings:

| | Quantity | Amounts |
|---|---------------|---------------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 17,722 | \$ 1,654,468 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined | 4,362 | 444,540 |
| Change in bitcoin receivable | 2 | (149) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | (2,762) | (290,953) |
| Exchange of bitcoin for employee compensation | (37) | (3,745) |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | — | 395,892 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | 19,287 | \$ 2,200,053 |

The following reconciles *Bitcoin* and *Restricted bitcoin* to the amounts above:

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Bitcoin | 15,987 | \$ 1,823,630 |
| Restricted bitcoin ^(a) | 3,300 | \$ 376,423 |
| Total | 19,287 | \$ 2,200,053 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Carrying value of bitcoin as of September 30, 2025 ^(b) | \$ 1,277,024 |
| Realized gains on the sale or exchange of bitcoin for the three months ended September 30, 2025 ^(c) | \$ 29,455 |
| Realized gains on the sale or exchange of bitcoin for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 ^(c) | \$ 33,389 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined for the three months ended September 30, 2025 | \$ 160,792 |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin for the three months ended September 30, 2025 | \$ 133,120 |

| | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2024 | 7,362 | \$ 311,178 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined | 3,312 | 194,651 |
| Change in bitcoin receivable | 6 | (93) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | (212) | (9,518) |
| Exchange of bitcoin for employee compensation | (41) | (2,099) |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | — | 166,231 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2024 | 10,427 | \$ 660,350 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| Carrying value of bitcoin as of September 30, 2024 ^(b) | \$ 390,531 |
| Realized gains on the sale or exchange of bitcoin for the three months ended September 30, 2024 ^(c) | \$ 304 |
| Realized gains on the sale or exchange of bitcoin for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 ^(c) | \$ 7,661 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined for the three months ended September 30, 2024 | \$ 67,491 |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin for the three months ended September 30, 2024 | \$ 8,554 |

(a) Restricted bitcoin is the Company's bitcoin pledged as collateral for the Company's \$200 million credit facility. See Note 12. *Debt* for more information.

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- (b) The carrying value of bitcoin is equal to the initial value of bitcoin as determined for revenue recognition purposes.
- (c) Bitcoin is sold on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. For all periods presented, gains were recognized on all sales of bitcoin and exchanges of bitcoin for employee compensation and are included in *Change in fair value of bitcoin* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

All additions of bitcoin during the periods presented were the result of bitcoin generated by the Company's Bitcoin Mining operations. All dispositions of bitcoin were the result of sales on the open market to fund Company operations and for compensation for certain employees.

Note 6. Investments

Equity method investment - marketable securities

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company acquired approximately 90.1 million common shares of Bitfarms Ltd. ("Bitfarms") on the open market for approximately \$203.8 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025 the Company sold all of its common shares of Bitfarms on the open market for net proceeds of approximately \$106.1 million.

As of September 30, 2025, the Company no longer holds any Bitfarms common stock.

The following table presents information about the equity method investment - marketable securities ("marketable securities"):

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-----------|
| Fair value as of January 1, 2025 | \$ | 134,265 |
| Net losses on marketable securities | | (28,192) |
| Sales of marketable securities | | (106,073) |
| Fair value as of September 30, 2025 | \$ | — |

For the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, *Gain (loss) on equity method investment - marketable securities* was \$28.9 million and (\$38.1) million, respectively, and (\$28.2) million and (\$13.6) million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Convertible note

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company invested in a \$4.5 million convertible note at face value. The convertible note has a three-year term and earns interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum, which may be paid in cash or in-kind, and converts into equity of the issuer of the convertible note at the end of the three-year term.

The fair value measurement of the convertible note is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement on the fair value hierarchy. The significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of the convertible note as of September 30, 2025, primarily consisted of a discount rate of 12.8%, which reflected the issuance date spread premium over the selected yield for the remaining time to maturity.

The following table presents information about the convertible note:

| | | |
|--|----|-------|
| Fair value as of January 1, 2025 | \$ | 5,345 |
| Accrued interest | | 468 |
| Amortized costs basis | | 5,813 |
| Unrealized holding gains (losses) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income | | (1) |
| Fair value as of September 30, 2025 | \$ | 5,812 |

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, unrealized holding gains recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income were less than \$0.1 million.

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Note 7. Property and Equipment

The following table presents the Company's property and equipment:

| | September 30, 2025 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Buildings and building improvements | \$ 790,159 | \$ 715,862 |
| Land rights and land improvements | 61,800 | 10,904 |
| Miners and mining equipment | 882,969 | 927,866 |
| Machinery and facility equipment | 50,201 | 44,377 |
| Office and computer equipment | 3,697 | 3,081 |
| Construction in progress | 111,618 | 82,965 |
| Total cost of property and equipment | 1,900,444 | 1,785,055 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (539,914) | (446,268) |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 1,360,530 | \$ 1,338,787 |

During the three months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized an impairment of \$15.3 million on its property and equipment. Certain long-lead items previously included in Construction in progress related to the planned expansion of the Corsicana Facility for bitcoin mining purposes were deemed to be impaired as a result of the Company's decision to expand the Corsicana Facility for data center application purposes instead. No other impairment for property and equipment was recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The Company did not incur any impairment charges for its property and equipment during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

For the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, depreciation expense related to property and equipment totaled \$82.0 million and \$58.5 million, respectively, and \$241.1 million and \$125.3 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Miners and mining equipment

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had deployed miners in its Bitcoin Mining operations at each of the Facilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into a long-term master purchase and sales agreement, dated as of June 23, 2023, as amended (the "Master Agreement"), to acquire miners from MicroBT Electronics Technology Co., Ltd., through its manufacturing affiliate, SuperAcme Technology (Hong Kong) Limited (collectively "MicroBT"). In 2023, 2024, and 2025, the Company executed purchase orders with MicroBT to acquire U.S.-manufactured miners with a total hash rate of 49.2 exahash per second ("EH/s"), for a total purchase price of approximately \$779.5 million, subject to downward adjustment, as provided under the Master Agreement. Delivery of these miners began in 2023, and all miners under these purchase orders are expected to be received by the second quarter of 2026, with deployment following on an ongoing basis.

Land acquisitions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company acquired various land parcels with a total of approximately 660 acres for \$50.9 million. The acquired land is located near the Corsicana Facility and the Kentucky Facility and is intended to be used by the Company for future data center application expansion opportunities.

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Note 8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The goodwill balance of \$122.5 million and \$121.9 million as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, was attributable to the assembled workforces of experienced personnel at Block Mining and E4A Solutions and synergies expected to be achieved as a result of the Company's acquisitions. See Note 3. *Acquisitions*.

Finite-lived intangible assets

The following table presents the Company's finite-lived intangible assets as of September 30, 2025:

| | Gross book value | Accumulated amortization | Net book value | Weighted- average life (years) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Customer contracts | \$ 29,400 | \$ (4,205) | \$ 25,195 | 10 |
| Trademark | 6,100 | (2,004) | 4,096 | 10 |
| UL Listings | 2,700 | (863) | 1,837 | 12 |
| Patents | 10,060 | (10,060) | — | Various |
| Finite-lived intangible assets | <u>\$ 48,260</u> | <u>\$ (17,132)</u> | <u>\$ 31,128</u> | |

The following table presents the Company's finite-lived intangible assets as of December 31, 2024:

| | Gross book value | Accumulated amortization | Net book value | Weighted- average life (years) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Customer contracts | \$ 29,400 | \$ (1,911) | \$ 27,489 | 10 |
| Trademark | 6,100 | (1,542) | 4,558 | 10 |
| UL Listings | 2,700 | (694) | 2,006 | 12 |
| Patents | 10,060 | (10,060) | — | Various |
| Finite-lived intangible assets | <u>\$ 48,260</u> | <u>\$ (14,207)</u> | <u>\$ 34,053</u> | |

For the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, amortization expense related to finite-lived intangible assets was \$0.9 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and \$2.9 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

The following table presents the estimated future amortization of the Company's finite-lived intangible assets as of September 30, 2025:

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Remainder of 2025 | \$ | 944 |
| 2026 | | 3,775 |
| 2027 | | 3,775 |
| 2028 | | 3,775 |
| 2029 | | 3,775 |
| Thereafter | | 15,084 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | <u>31,128</u> |

The Company did not identify any impairment of its finite-lived intangible assets during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

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Note 9. Power Supply Agreements

Rockdale Facility

Power Purchase Agreement

In May 2020, Whinstone entered into a long-term power purchase agreement (the "Rockdale PPA") to provide power at fixed prices to the Rockdale Facility, via the nearby Sandow Switch. Pursuant to the Rockdale PPA, the Company agreed to acquire a total of 345 MW of long-term, fixed-price power, in multiple blocks, as follows: 130 MW contracted in May 2020, through April 30, 2030; 65 MW contracted in March 2022, through April 30, 2030; and 150 MW contracted in November 2022, through October 31, 2027. Additionally, the Rockdale PPA allows the purchase of additional power at market prices, as needed.

Under the Rockdale PPA, the Company may also elect not to utilize its long-term, fixed-price power for its operations, and instead elect to sell that power in exchange for credits against future power costs when there is a benefit to the Company, depending on the spot market price of electricity. The Company's power strategy combines participation in Demand Response Services Programs, as defined below, participation in ERCOT's Four Coincident Peak ("4CP") program, and sales of power, to attempt to manage operating costs most efficiently.

During the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company earned credits against future power costs in exchange for power resold of approximately \$30.6 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, and approximately \$46.7 million and \$31.4 million, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024. These amounts are recorded in *Power curtailment credits* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company determined the Rockdale PPA meets the definition of a derivative because it allows for net settlement. However, because the Company has the ability to offer the power back for sale outside of the Rockdale PPA, rather than taking physical delivery, the Company determined that physical delivery is not probable through the entirety of the contract and therefore, the Company does not believe the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception applies to the Rockdale PPA. Accordingly, the Rockdale PPA (a non-hedging derivative contract) is accounted for as a derivative and recorded at its estimated fair value each reporting period in *Derivative asset* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets with the change in the fair value recorded in *Change in fair value of derivative asset* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Rockdale PPA is not designated as a hedging instrument. The Facilities Agreement (as defined below), Demand Response Service Programs (as defined below), and the ERCOT 4CP program (the "4CP Program") are not part of the Rockdale PPA and are therefore not subject to treatment and valuation as a derivative along with Rockdale PPA.

The terms of the Rockdale PPA require margin-based collateral, calculated as exposure resulting from fluctuations in the market cost rate of electricity versus the fixed price stated in the contract. As of September 30, 2025, the margin-based collateral requirement was zero.

While the Company manages operating costs at the Rockdale Facility in part by periodically selling back unused or uneconomical power, the Company does not consider such actions to be trading activities.

Demand Response Services Programs

Concurrently with the Rockdale PPA, Whinstone entered into an interconnection agreement for the extension of delivery system transmission/substation facilities to facilitate delivery of electricity to the Rockdale Facility (the "Facilities Agreement"). Power costs incurred under the Facilities Agreement were determined every 15 minutes using settlement information provided by ERCOT and recorded in *Cost of revenue* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the construction of the interconnection was completed and power costs under the Facilities Agreement are no longer being incurred.

ERCOT has implemented demand response services programs for customers like the Company that have the ability to reduce or modify electricity use in response to ERCOT instructions or signals ("Demand Response Services Programs"). These Demand Response Services Programs provide the ERCOT market with valuable grid stability and economic services by helping to preserve system reliability, enhancing competition and load predictability, mitigating price spikes, and stabilizing the grid by encouraging the

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demand side of the market to give more visibility and control of their power consumption to grid operators. Market participants with flexible electrical loads, like the Company, may participate in these Demand Response Service Programs directly by offering their electrical loads into the ERCOT markets, or indirectly by voluntarily reducing their energy usage in response to increasing power demand in the ERCOT marketplace. The Demand Response Services Programs run concurrent with the Rockdale PPA.

Under these Demand Response Services Programs, the Company can participate in various ancillary services by designating a portion of its available electrical load for forward market bidding. Participation in the Demand Response Services Programs is compensated based on hourly power rates and the volume of load bid into each program. Through ancillary services, the Company competitively bids among other market participants to sell ERCOT the ability to control the Company's electrical load on demand. This requires the Company to remain powered on during the times in which its power is bid into ancillary services, allowing ERCOT the ability to direct the Company to power down the amount of power bid into the program. The Company receives compensation for its participation in ancillary services whether or not the Company is actually called to power down.

The Company also participates in the 4CP Program, which refers to the highest-load settlement intervals in each of the four summer months (June, July, August, and September), during which demand for power is typically at its highest across the ERCOT grid. The 4CP Program participants may voluntarily power down operations during these times and in doing so, reduce the electrical load demand on the ERCOT grid. Participants that reduce their load in these peak periods receive credits toward transmission costs on future power bills for the subsequent year, reducing overall power costs for the year. As a result of participation in the 4CP Program in 2024, the Company's ongoing 2025 monthly power bills reflect substantially reduced transmission charges. The 4CP Program has an indefinite duration.

Corsicana Facility

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company's subsidiary, Riot Corsicana, LLC, entered into an agreement with ICE Futures U.S., Inc., a subsidiary of the InterContinental Exchange to access the exchange for the execution of electricity futures contracts. The Company intends to enter into electricity futures contracts up to the amount of power used at the Corsicana Facility. These financial instruments meet the definition of derivatives, but are not designated as hedging instruments, and will be recognized at fair value, with any gains or losses recognized in *Net income (loss)* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company enters into electricity futures contracts to manage electricity price risks and reduce the variability of cash flows associated with purchases of electricity used for the Company's Bitcoin Mining operations at its Corsicana Facility.

As of September 30, 2025, the Company held outstanding electricity futures contracts for 40,576 MWh with a combined fair value of \$1.5 million included in *Prepaid expenses and other current assets* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, realized and unrealized losses of \$0.9 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, and less than \$0.1 million in each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, were recognized in *Other income (expense)* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company's subsidiary, Riot Corsicana, LLC, also entered into a requirements contract with MEMS Industrial Supply ("MEMSIS") under which it will purchase retail power to meet the consumption requirements of the Corsicana Facility. Electric power will be invoiced by MEMSIS based upon the market price for electric power at the ERCOT North Load Zone, plus a retail adder corresponding to the peak consumption threshold of the Corsicana Facility, and pass-through charges (including ancillary charges, taxes, congestion, and line loss), based on the actual variable consumption of the Corsicana Facility. The contract, dated November 12, 2024, has a 3-year term ending November 25, 2027. Although this contract does not require the supply of power at a fixed price, it allows the parties to enter into fixed-price contracts.

Under the requirements contract with MEMSIS, during the year ended December 31, 2024, Riot and MEMSIS entered into a power purchase agreement (the "Corsicana PPA"), a three-year contract (January 1, 2025 through December 31, 2027, but excluding July and August contracts during the period) for a fixed quantity of 25 MW at a fixed price of \$43.95 per MWh.

The Company determined the Corsicana PPA meets the definition of a derivative and, accordingly, the Corsicana PPA (a non-hedging derivative contract) is recorded at its estimated fair value each reporting period in *Derivative asset* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets with the change in the fair value recorded in *Change in fair value of derivative asset* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The requirements contract is not designated as a hedging instrument.

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Kentucky Facility

In April 2021, the Company's subsidiary, Block Mining, entered into a long-term power purchase agreement (the "Kentucky PPA") to provide power to one of its locations in Kentucky. Pursuant to the Kentucky PPA, the Company has the ability, but not the obligation, to acquire up to a total of 67 MW of power at one of its facilities through mid-April 2041. The all-in power rate includes a portion of the total fee that is at a fixed rate and another portion that adjusts annually. The Company determined the Kentucky PPA does not meet the definition of a derivative because it does not contain any net settlement provisions.

Under the Kentucky PPA, the Company may also elect not to utilize its long-term, fixed-price power for its operations, and instead elect to sell that power back into the MISO grid in exchange for credits against future power costs when there is a benefit to the Company, depending on the spot market price of electricity. The Company's power strategy combines participation in Demand Response Services Programs and sales of power, to attempt to manage operating costs most efficiently.

Derivative Asset

The following table presents the unobservable inputs used in the valuation of the *Derivative asset*:

| Valuation Date | Significant Unobservable Input | Range | | | Average |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------|---|-----------|----------|
| September 30, 2025 | Forward prices (per MWh) | \$ 35.55 | - | \$ 105.18 | \$ 55.90 |
| December 31, 2024 | Forward prices (per MWh) | \$ 31.22 | - | \$ 95.58 | \$ 51.98 |

The following table presents changes in the estimated fair value of the *Derivative asset*:

| | |
|---|------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | \$ 149,495 |
| Change in fair value of derivative asset: | |
| Change due to future price curve | 22,784 |
| Change due to passage of time and settlements | (12,845) |
| Total change in fair value of derivative assets | 9,939 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | \$ 159,434 |

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, the total change in fair value of the derivative assets was \$10.8 million, which consisted of \$20.8 million for the change due to the future price curve and \$(10.0) million for the change due to the passage of time and settlements.

The estimated fair values of the Rockdale PPA and Corsicana PPA are classified under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy due to the significant unobservable inputs utilized in the valuation. These inputs include the fixed price of each block for the 345 MW of power to be delivered under the Rockdale PPA and 25 MW of power to be delivered under the Corsicana PPA. The valuation relies on discounted cash flow estimation models incorporating quoted commodity exchange spot and forward prices in MWh adjusted for basis spreads for load zone-to-hub differentials through the term of the Rockdale PPA, which is scheduled to end as of April 30, 2030, and the term of the Corsicana PPA, which is scheduled to end as of December 31, 2027, and a discount rate of 23.4%. Actual power usage is not a variable input in the determination of the fair value as the price and quantity of power to be delivered per the Rockdale PPA and the Corsicana PPA are fixed despite the existence of multiple blocks with separate power amounts.

The discount rate reflects the nature of the contract as it relates to the risk and uncertainty of the estimated future mark-to-market adjustments, forward price curves of the power supply, broker/dealer quotes, and other similar data obtained from quoted market prices or independent pricing vendors, risk-free rate of return, which is determined from United States Treasury Bond yields, estimated cost of debt, which includes a Moody's rating, and an equity risk premium based upon market data provided by a global cost of capital service provider. The discount rate includes observable market inputs, but also includes unobservable inputs based on qualitative judgment related to Company credit risk.

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Note 10. Deposits

The following table presents the activity of the Company's deposits paid:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Deposits on equipment: | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | \$ 4,495 |
| Additions | 138,071 |
| Reclassifications to property and equipment | (102,848) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | \$ 39,718 |
| Security deposits: | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | \$ 25,620 |
| Additions | 289 |
| Deposits returned | (429) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | 25,480 |
| Total long-term deposits | \$ 65,198 |

Deposits on Equipment

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company made deposits and advance payments of \$132.4 million to MicroBT for the purchase of miners and made deposits of \$5.7 million for the purchase of other property and equipment, primarily consisting of electrical components used in the development of the Corsicana Facility. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company reclassified \$95.6 million of deposits made to MicroBT and \$7.2 million of other deposits to property and equipment in connection with the receipt of the equipment. See Note 7. *Property and Equipment*.

Security Deposits

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$23.0 million, all of which remains held as a deposit as of September 30, 2025, as a security deposit in connection with its 215 MW increase to the long-term, fixed-price power secured under the Rockdale PPA, resulting in a total of 345 MW under contract at fixed prices. See Note 9. *Power Supply Agreements*.

The Company has other security deposits totaling approximately \$2.5 million for its offices and facilities, including \$1.8 million associated with its ground lease.

Note 11. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

| | September 30, 2025 | December 31, 2024 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Property and equipment | \$ 1,903 | \$ 5,790 |
| Power related costs | 21,972 | 19,636 |
| Compensation | 16,178 | 21,218 |
| Insurance | 1,317 | 11,672 |
| Sales and property tax payable | 6,708 | 9,356 |
| Other | 12,012 | 8,000 |
| Total accrued expenses | \$ 60,090 | \$ 75,672 |

Note 12. Debt

2030 Notes

The Company's 0.75% Convertible Senior Notes (the "2030 Notes") are recognized as long-term debt on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, net of unamortized debt issuance costs. As of September 30, 2025, the amount recognized was \$583.9 million (\$594.4 million principal less \$12.9 million of unamortized debt issuance costs).

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During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$0.8 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, of amortization of the deferred issuance costs.

As of September 30, 2025, the 2030 Notes had an estimated fair value of approximately \$916.7 million. The estimated fair value is based on quoted prices in an active market and valued at the closing price reported at the end of the period and thus represents a Level 1 measurement on the fair value hierarchy.

Revolving Credit Facilities

\$50 Million Credit Facility

In July 2024, the Company entered into a one-year \$50.0 million Revolving Credit Facility ("50 Million Credit Facility"). In May 2025, the Company extended the term of the facility through July 15, 2026. Revolving loans borrowed by the Company under the 50 Million Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes and carry a per annum interest rate of 1.25% plus the Secured Overnight Financing Rate. Letters of Credit issued under the 50 Million Credit Facility have a one-year term and incur fees of 1.25% per annum on the amount of Letters of Credit outstanding. Letters of Credit require the pledge of cash collateral by the Company equal to 105.0% of the Letter of Credit exposure.

Concurrent with entry into the 50 Million Credit Facility, as required by the agreement, the Company pledged as security \$50.0 million in cash collateral, depositing the funds into a control account maintained by the lender. The balance maintained in the control account is included in *Restricted cash* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Variable interest, equal to approximately 3.88% per annum as of September 30, 2025, is earned by the Company on the amount held in the control account.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company borrowed \$34.3 million in revolving loans under the 50 Million Credit Facility and recognized interest expense of \$0.6 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The following is a summary of the revolving line of credit under the 50 Million Credit Facility as of September 30, 2025:

| | September 30, 2025 |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Total revolving credit facility | \$ 50,000 |
| Borrowings outstanding at end of period ^(a) | 34,272 |
| Weighted average daily borrowings during the period ended | 23,338 |
| Maximum daily borrowings during the period ended | 41,000 |
| Weighted average interest rate during the period ended | 5.7 % |
| Interest rate at end of the period | 5.5 % |

- (a) As of September 30, 2025, the Company had \$15.2 million in letters of credit issued under the 50 Million Credit Facility, which results in total available capacity under this facility of approximately \$0.5 million.

\$20 Million Credit Facility

In August 2024, the Company entered into a two-year \$20.0 million Revolving Credit Facility ("20 Million Credit Facility"). Revolving loans borrowed by the Company under the 20 Million Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes and carry a per annum interest rate of 1.60% plus the Secured Overnight Financing Rate. Letters of Credit issued under the 20 Million Credit Facility have a one-year term and incur fees of 1.5% per annum on the amount of Letters of Credit outstanding. Letters of Credit require the pledge of cash collateral by the Company equal to 105.0% of the Letter of Credit exposure.

Concurrent with entry into the 20 Million Credit Facility, as required by the agreement, the Company pledged as security \$20.0 million in cash collateral, depositing the funds into a control account maintained by the lender. The balance maintained in the control

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account is included in *Restricted cash* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Variable interest, equal to approximately 3.70% per annum as of September 30, 2025, is earned by the Company on the amount held in the control account.

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had no letters of credit issued under the \$20 Million Credit Facility.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company borrowed \$20.0 million in revolving loans under the \$20 Million Credit Facility and recognized interest expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025.

The following is a summary of borrowings under the \$20 Million Credit Facility as of September 30, 2025:

| | September 30, |
|---|----------------------|
| | 2025 |
| Total revolving credit facility | \$ 20,000 |
| Borrowings outstanding at end of period | 20,000 |
| Weighted average daily borrowings during the period ended | 13,187 |
| Maximum daily borrowings during the period ended | 20,000 |
| Weighted average interest rate during the period ended | 5.9 % |
| Interest rate at end of the period | 5.8 % |

\$200 Million Credit Facility

On April 22, 2025, the Company entered into a \$100.0 million credit facility with Coinbase Credit, Inc. ("Coinbase"). On May 20, 2025, this credit facility was upsized to a total commitment of \$200.0 million ("\$200 Million Credit Facility"). Under the \$200 Million Credit Facility, a multiple drawdown term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$200 million was made available to the Company. The Company has fully drawn against the \$200 Million Credit Facility and intends to use the proceeds to pursue key strategic initiatives and for general corporate purposes.

All amounts borrowed under the \$200 Million Credit Facility will bear interest at an annual rate equal to (a) the greater of (i) the federal funds rate on the date of the applicable borrowing, and (ii) 3.25%, plus (b) 4.50%. The \$200 Million Credit Facility has a term of one year following commencement, but the Company may request that the maturity date be extended by an additional one-year term, subject to consent by Coinbase. Amounts borrowed under the \$200 Million Credit Facility are secured by a portion of the Company's total bitcoin holdings. Such pledged collateral shall not be used by the lender to secure any other loan account.

As of September 30, 2025, 3,300 of the Company's bitcoin were pledged as collateral to secure the \$200 Million Credit Facility. These bitcoin are recorded in *Restricted bitcoin* on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized interest expense on the \$200 Million Credit Facility of \$5.2 million and \$8.3 million, respectively. During three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$0.6 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of amortization of deferred issuance costs. The interest rate as of September 30, 2025 was 8.75%.

Note Payable

As part of the Block Mining Acquisition, the Company assumed a \$5.7 million note payable with a fixed rate of 8.81%. The note matures in December 2035, with annual principal and accrued interest payments due beginning on December 31, 2024.

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The following table presents the Company’s future note payable principal payments due as of September 30, 2025:

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Remainder of 2025 | \$ | 314 |
| 2026 | | 343 |
| 2027 | | 373 |
| 2028 | | 405 |
| 2029 | | 443 |
| Thereafter | | 3,445 |
| Total | \$ | 5,323 |

As of September 30, 2025, the note payable had an estimated fair value of approximately \$5.5 million. The fair value measurement is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement on the fair value hierarchy. The significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of the note as of September 30, 2025, primarily consisted of an interest rate range of 8.9% to 10.1%, which reflected the issuance date spread premium over the selected yield for the remaining time to maturity.

Note 13. Leases

Operating Leases

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had operating leases primarily for its various offices, the manufacturing facilities of ESS Metron and E4A Solutions, a ground lease for the Rockdale Facility, and the Kentucky Facility data center, all of which expire on various dates through January 2032.

As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, operating lease right-of-use assets were \$31.0 million and \$27.5 million, respectively, and operating lease liabilities were \$32.1 million and \$28.5 million, respectively.

Finance Lease

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company entered into a lease for equipment located at the Kentucky Facility. Title to the leased equipment will transfer to the Company at the conclusion of the lease, which expires on December 31, 2029.

As of September 30, 2025, the finance lease right-of-use asset was \$3.5 million and there was no remaining lease liability.

The following table presents the components of the Company’s lease expense. Ground and facilities lease expenses are included in *Cost of revenue*, office lease expenses are included in *Selling, general, and administrative*, and finance leases are amortized into *Depreciation and amortization* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Finance lease cost: | | | | |
| Amortization of right-of-use assets | \$ 60 | \$ — | \$ 60 | \$ — |
| Operating lease cost | 1,868 | 2,262 | 5,368 | 4,431 |
| Variable lease cost | 109 | 167 | 308 | 428 |
| Total lease expense | \$ 2,037 | \$ 2,429 | \$ 5,736 | \$ 4,859 |

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The following table presents supplemental lease information:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Operating leases net operating cash outflows | \$ 1,201 | \$ 2,328 | \$ 5,240 | \$ 3,549 |
| Right-of-use assets exchanged for new operating lease liabilities | \$ 1,768 | \$ 3,733 | \$ 7,730 | \$ 5,850 |
| New right-of-use assets associated with finance leases | \$ 3,595 | \$ — | \$ 3,595 | \$ — |
| Weighted-average remaining lease term – operating leases | 5.4 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 6.3 |
| Weighted-average discount rate – operating leases | 7.3 % | 7.0 % | 7.3 % | 7.0 % |

The following table presents the Company's future minimum operating lease payments as of September 30, 2025:

| | Ground lease | Office and other leases | Total |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| Remainder of 2025 | \$ 514 | \$ 3,106 | \$ 3,620 |
| 2026 | 2,119 | 7,091 | 9,210 |
| 2027 | 2,183 | 6,622 | 8,805 |
| 2028 | 2,249 | 6,843 | 9,092 |
| 2029 | 2,316 | 4,317 | 6,633 |
| Thereafter | 5,053 | 5,658 | 10,711 |
| Total undiscounted lease payments | 14,434 | 33,637 | 48,071 |
| Less present value discount | (2,759) | (13,206) | (15,965) |
| Present value of lease liabilities | \$ 11,675 | \$ 20,431 | \$ 32,106 |

Note 14. Stockholders' Equity

The Company is authorized to issue up to 680,000,000 shares of common stock, without any par value per share.

Each holder of common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters to be voted on by such holders. Holders of common stock are entitled to receive dividends, if declared. Upon liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in the net assets legally available for distribution after payment of all debts and other liabilities, subject to any preferential rights of the holders of preferred stock, if any.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, approximately 1.3 million shares of common stock vested or were issued to the Company's board of directors, officers, employees, and advisors in settlement of an equal number of fully vested restricted stock awards ("RSAs") or restricted stock units ("RSUs") awarded to such individuals by the Company under the Company's 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2019 Equity Incentive Plan"). The Company withheld approximately 0.3 million of these shares, with a fair value of approximately \$3.2 million, to cover taxes related to the settlement of these vested RSAs and RSUs, as permitted by the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.

At-the-Market Equity ("ATM") Program

In August 2024, the Company established the 2024 ATM program, under which it could offer and sell up to \$750.0 million in shares of the Company's common stock (the "August 2024 ATM Program").

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$195.2 million (\$199.6 million of gross proceeds, net of \$4.5 million in commissions and expenses) from the sale of 16,076,733 shares of its common stock at a weighted average fair value of \$12.42 per share under its August 2024 ATM Program. As of September 30, 2025, approximately \$162.6 million in shares of the Company's common stock were available for sale under the August 2024 ATM Program.

In October 2025, the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$12.8 million (\$13.1 million of gross proceeds, net of \$0.3 million in commissions and expenses) from the sale of 672,099 shares of its common stock at a weighted average fair value of \$19.48 per share under its August 2024 ATM Program.

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Note 15. Stock-Based Compensation

The 2019 Equity Incentive Plan authorizes the granting of stock-based compensation awards to directors, officers, employees, and certain consultants of the Company in the form of RSAs, RSUs, or stock options, all of which settle in shares of the Company's common stock upon vesting.

As of September 30, 2025, the Company had 10,195,445 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan.

The following table presents the Company's stock-based compensation expense by category:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Performance-based stock awards and units | \$ 26,934 | \$ 26,174 | \$ 78,245 | \$ 72,983 |
| Service-based stock awards and units | 5,540 | 4,393 | 13,804 | 21,719 |
| Stock options | 384 | — | 505 | — |
| Total stock-based compensation | <u>\$ 32,858</u> | <u>\$ 30,567</u> | <u>\$ 92,554</u> | <u>\$ 94,702</u> |

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in *Selling, general and administrative* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Performance-Based Awards and Units

Performance-based RSAs and RSUs are eligible to vest over a three-year performance period based on the Company's total shareholder return ("TSR") as compared to the performance of the Russell 3000 Index (the "Index").

The following table presents a summary of the activity of the performance-based RSAs:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Grant-Date Per Share Fair Value |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| | | \$ |
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 19,615,388 | \$ 13.03 |
| Granted | 1,873,681 | \$ 8.22 |
| Vested | — | \$ — |
| Forfeited | (231,127) | \$ 9.86 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | <u>21,257,942</u> | <u>\$ 12.64</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$100.0 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the performance-based RSAs, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.1 years.

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The following table presents a summary of the activity of the performance-based RSUs:

| | <u>Number of Units</u> | <u>Weighted Average Grant-Date Per Share Fair Value</u> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 1,769,038 | \$ 12.55 |
| Granted | — | \$ — |
| Vested | — | \$ — |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | <u>1,769,038</u> | <u>\$ 12.55</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$7.8 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the performance-based RSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.1 years.

Service-Based Awards and Units

Service-based RSAs and RSUs vest over one, two, and three-year service periods.

The following table presents a summary of the activity of the service-based RSAs:

| | <u>Number of Shares</u> | <u>Weighted Average Grant-Date Per Share Fair Value</u> |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 2,712,859 | \$ 11.76 |
| Granted | 1,781,039 | \$ 9.94 |
| Vested | (1,131,213) | \$ 11.96 |
| Forfeited | (147,903) | \$ 9.79 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | <u>3,214,782</u> | <u>\$ 10.78</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$29.7 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the service-based RSAs, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.8 years.

The following table presents a summary of the activity of the service-based RSUs:

| | <u>Number of Units</u> | <u>Weighted Average Grant-Date Per Share Fair Value</u> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 362,425 | \$ 12.29 |
| Granted | 28,103 | \$ 11.58 |
| Vested | (163,175) | \$ 12.65 |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | <u>227,353</u> | <u>\$ 11.95</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$2.3 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to the service-based RSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately 1.5 years.

Stock Options

In June 2025, the Company granted approximately 1.2 million performance-based stock option awards under the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan. The stock option awards are eligible to vest in one-third increments upon meeting certain specified data center development-based EBITDA milestones through December 31, 2029.

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The vesting of all options is contingent upon continued service with the Company through each of the applicable milestones. All vested options are exercisable through December 31, 2030.

As of the grant date, the fair value per share underlying each stock option award was \$5.99 and the total fair value of all options granted was approximately \$7.0 million. The total fair value is recognized ratably as stock-based compensation expense for each performance milestone over its implied service period, based on the estimated probability of achieving such milestone, through December 31, 2029.

The Company estimated the fair value of the stock option awards on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, utilizing the following inputs:

- The grant date exercise price/strike price of \$8.07, equal to the closing market price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant;
- An expected award term of approximately five years determined using the simplified method, which uses the midpoint between the vesting period and the contractual term;
- Contractual term of approximately five years based on the expiration date of vested awards;
- A risk-free rate of 3.93% based on U.S. Treasury yields over the expected life of the options granted; and
- Expected volatility of future equity of 94.7% based on the average of the Company's own historical volatility over the past five years and the implied volatility over the five-year term.

The following table presents a summary of the activity of the stock options:

| | <u>Number of Options</u> | <u>Exercise Price</u> |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | — | \$ — |
| Granted | 1,166,861 | \$ 8.07 |
| Vested | — | \$ — |
| Forfeited | — | \$ — |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | <u>1,166,861</u> | <u>\$ 8.07</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, there was approximately \$6.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average vesting period of approximately 3.3 years. The weighted average remaining contractual term of the options is approximately 5.3 years.

The intrinsic value of the stock options was approximately \$12.8 million. The intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the Company's closing stock price of \$19.03 on September 30, 2025 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options that would have been received by the option holder, had the holder been able to exercise the options on September 30, 2025.

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Note 16. Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis:

The following tables present the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | Fair value measured as of September 30, 2025 | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| | Total carrying Value | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
| Bitcoin ^(a) | \$ 1,823,630 | \$ 1,823,630 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Restricted bitcoin ^(a) | \$ 376,423 | \$ 376,423 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Convertible note ^(b) | \$ 5,812 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5,812 |
| Derivative asset ^(c) | \$ 159,434 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 159,434 |
| Contingent consideration liabilities ^(d) | \$ 9,214 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 9,214 |

| | Fair value measured as of December 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Total carrying Value | Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |
| Bitcoin ^(a) | \$ 1,654,468 | \$ 1,654,468 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Equity method investment - marketable securities ^(b) | \$ 134,265 | \$ 134,265 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Convertible note ^(b) | \$ 5,345 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5,345 |
| Derivative asset ^(c) | \$ 149,495 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 149,495 |
| Contingent consideration liabilities ^(d) | \$ 26,855 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 26,855 |

- (a) See Note 5. *Bitcoin*.
(b) See Note 6. *Investments*.
(c) See Note 9. *Power Supply Agreements*.
(d) See Note 17. *Commitments and Contingencies*.

There were no transfers of financial instruments between Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 during the periods presented.

Assets and Liabilities Not Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis:

In addition to assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, we also measure certain assets and liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Non-financial assets, including goodwill, intangible assets, operating lease right of use assets, and property and equipment, are measured at fair value when there is an indication of impairment and the carrying amount exceeds the asset's projected undiscounted cash flows. These assets are recorded at fair value only when an impairment charge is recognized.

As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, contract assets, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, contract liabilities, and accrued expenses approximated their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Miners and mining equipment

Through September 30, 2025, the Company has paid approximately \$704.0 million in total deposits and payments to MicroBT for the purchase of miners pursuant to the Master Agreement described in Note 7. *Property and Equipment*. As of September 30, 2025,

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the Company has a remaining commitment of \$105.4 for the purchase of miners, which is expected to be paid through the first half of 2026.

Infrastructure

During 2024, the Company entered into agreements related to water supply infrastructure for the Corsicana Facility, resulting in total remaining commitments of approximately \$11.8 million. The Company expects to incur these costs through 2026.

Contingent consideration liabilities

Block Mining

As part of the Block Mining Acquisition, the sellers are eligible to earn an additional \$32.5 million in potential earn-out targets, payable in cash or stock, if certain milestones are reached by December 31, 2025 (See Note 3. *Acquisitions*). This contingent consideration is recognized at fair value on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets in *Contingent consideration liabilities, current portion*. The fair value measurement as of September 30, 2025 is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement on the fair value hierarchy. These inputs include management's best estimate of both the probability and timing of achieving the milestones, risk-free interest rate of 4.0% based on the U.S. Treasury rate for the corresponding time periods, and a credit spread of 2.3% based on the median of investment grade high yield debt instruments with a Standard & Poor's BB credit rating. This credit rating was selected based on an independently produced synthetic credit rating analysis.

As of September 30, 2025, the Block Mining Acquisition contingent consideration had an estimated fair value of \$6.2 million.

E4A Solutions

As part of the E4A Solutions Acquisition, the sellers are eligible to earn potential earn-out targets based on E4A Solutions' adjusted EBITDA, calculated as 2.65 times the amount the average adjusted EBITDA exceeds the established earn-out threshold during the two years ending December 31, 2026, payable in cash or Riot common stock at the Company's discretion. This contingent consideration is recognized at fair value on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets in *Contingent consideration liabilities, less current portion*. The fair value measurement as of September 30, 2025 is based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents a Level 3 measurement on the fair value hierarchy. These inputs include management's best estimate of both the probability and timing of achieving the milestones, risk-free interest rates ranging from 3.8% to 4.2% based on the U.S. Treasury rate for the corresponding time periods and a credit spread of approximately 1.8% based on the median of investment grade and high yield debt instruments with a Standard & Poor's BB credit rating. This credit rating was selected based on an independently-produced synthetic credit rating analysis.

As of September 30, 2025, the E4A Solutions Acquisition contingent consideration had an estimated fair value of \$2.4 million.

The following table presents the changes in the estimated fair value of the Company's contingent consideration liabilities:

| | | |
|--|----|--------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | \$ | 26,855 |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration | | (17,641) |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | \$ | <u>9,214</u> |

For the three months ended September 30, 2025, the change in fair value of the contingent consideration was less than \$0.1 million.

Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company, and our subsidiaries, are subject at times to various claims, lawsuits and governmental proceedings relating to our business and transactions arising in the ordinary course of business. We cannot predict the final outcome of such proceedings. Where appropriate, we vigorously defend such claims, lawsuits and proceedings. Some of these claims, lawsuits and proceedings seek damages, including direct, consequential, exemplary, and/or punitive damages, in amounts that could, if awarded, be significant.

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Certain of the claims, lawsuits and proceedings arising in ordinary course of business are covered by our insurance program. We maintain property and various types of liability insurance in an effort to protect ourselves from such claims. In terms of any matters where there is no insurance coverage available to us, or where coverage is available and we maintain a retention or deductible associated with such insurance, we may establish an accrual for such loss, retention or deductible based on current available information. In accordance with accounting guidance, if it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss is reasonably estimable, then an accrual for the cost to resolve or settle these claims is recorded by us on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. If it is reasonably possible that an asset may be impaired as of the date of the financial statement, then we disclose the range of possible loss. Costs related to the defense of such claims are recorded by us as they are incurred. Management, with the assistance of outside counsel, may from time to time adjust such accruals according to new developments in the matter, court rulings, or changes in the strategy affecting our defense of such matters. On the basis of current information, we do not believe there is a reasonable possibility that any material loss, if any, will result from any claims, lawsuits and proceedings to which we are subject to either individually, or in the aggregate.

Green Revolution Cooling Patent Dispute

On March 22, 2024, Green Revolution Cooling, Inc. ("GRC") filed a complaint against the Company in the Western District of Texas (Case No. 6:24-CV-152), for patent infringement. More specifically, GRC has alleged that the immersion cooling systems provided to the Company by third parties infringe GRC's U.S. Patent Nos. 9,992,914 ("the '914 Patent") and 10,123,463 ("the '463 Patent"). GRC seeks monetary damages through the time of trial, which is scheduled for February 2026, in excess of \$50 million. GRC also seeks an injunction against using all products that allegedly infringe the '914 Patent and the '463 Patent, or in lieu of an injunction, an award of a compulsory post-trial royalty of \$0.01 per kWh of power used by the immersion cooled buildings. The Company has engaged counsel and is working with its counsel to evaluate and defend the Company from this infringement claim. The Company cannot reasonably predict the outcome of such ongoing litigation, or the magnitude of such outcome, at this time.

Northern Data Working Capital Disputes

On September 7, 2022, the Company filed a complaint against Northern Data AG ("Northern Data") in the Delaware Court of Chancery (Case No. C.A. No. 2022-0792-LWW) disputing the purchase price of Whinstone and seeking declaratory relief and specific performance of the stock purchase agreement (the "Northern Data Case"). On March 31, 2023, the parties filed a stipulation agreeing to dismiss all claims without prejudice and to submit the dispute for final determination to an independent accountant. The Company placed approximately \$29.5 million in escrow pending the final determination of the independent accountant, and, on June 9, 2023, the independent accountant rendered a written final determination finding in favor of the Company on disputed issues totaling approximately \$27.1 million. Accordingly, approximately \$27.1 million of the escrowed amount was released from escrow and distributed to the Company on June 13, 2023, with the remaining approximately \$2.4 million held in escrow allocated to Northern Data. As a result, the Company recognized a deferred gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement of \$26.0 million on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Following the final determination, Northern Data filed a complaint against the Company in the Delaware Court of Chancery (the "Chancery Court") on June 23, 2023 (Case No. C.A. No. 2023-0650-LWW) challenging the independent accountant's written final determination and seeking to re-litigate the purchase price adjustment process. The Company contested the legal and factual bases of Northern Data's claims and filed a motion to dismiss the complaint on July 17, 2023, which the Chancery Court heard on February 13, 2024. The Chancery Court denied the motion to dismiss on May 17, 2024, at which time the court advised the parties that summary judgment briefing after focused discovery may be a worthwhile endeavor. Both the Company and Northern Data moved for summary judgment on November 6, 2024. On February 17, 2025, the Chancery Court heard the parties' motions for summary judgment and took the matter under advisement.

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On June 2, 2025, the Chancery Court issued a ruling on the parties' motions for summary judgment which granted the Company's motion on Count 1 (relating to disputed items totaling approximately \$22.5 million) and Northern Data's motion on Counts 2 and 3 (relating to disputed items totaling approximately \$3.8 million). The deadline to appeal the Chancery Court's ruling was July 18, 2025. Neither the Company nor Northern Data appealed the decision which resolved all claims in the Northern Data Case. As a result of the ruling, the Company recognized a gain of \$26.0 million, which is recognized as *Gain on acquisition post-close settlement dispute* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Legacy Hosting Customer Disputes

SBI

On April 5, 2023, SBI Crypto Co., Ltd. ("SBI") filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas (Case No. 6:23-cv-252), which it later amended, against Whinstone alleging breach of contract, fraud, and negligent bailment claims related to a colocation services agreement between Whinstone and SBI that was terminated in 2021. On July 21, 2023, Whinstone filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, which was denied on October 25, 2023. On November 25, 2024, Whinstone asserted counterclaims for breach of contract and fraudulent inducement. SBI attempted to update its alleged damages to over \$350 million in purported lost profits through an updated expert report which the court has since stricken. Notwithstanding, Whinstone believes SBI will attempt to recover over \$175 million in purported lost profits, which has been previously disclosed, and more than \$50 million in equipment replacement cost, plus reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, expenses, and pre- and post-judgment interest. Whinstone believes many of the claims are barred or waived, and that all of SBI's claims substantively lack merit, and Whinstone plans to vigorously contest the same, as appropriate. While a preliminary investigation of the merits of SBI's claims has commenced and because this litigation is still at this early stage, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the outcome of such ongoing litigation, or the magnitude of such an outcome, at this time.

GMO

On June 13, 2022, GMO Gamecenter USA, Inc. and its parent, GMO Internet Group, Inc., (collectively "GMO") filed a complaint against Whinstone alleging breach of a colocation services agreement between GMO and Whinstone, which has since been terminated, seeking damages in excess of \$150.0 million for lost profit and profit sharing payments GMO alleges it was owed from Whinstone. The case is pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Case No. 1:22-cv-05974-JPC). Whinstone has responded to GMO's claims and raised counterclaims of its own, alleging GMO itself breached the colocation services agreement, seeking a declaratory judgment and damages in excess of \$25.0 million. On October 19, 2023, GMO filed its fourth amended complaint claiming an additional \$496.0 million in damages, for loss of future profits and future profit sharing payments GMO alleges would have been received through the term of the agreement, based on Whinstone's allegedly wrongful termination of the colocation services agreement as of June 29, 2023. On August 26, 2025, GMO filed its fifth amended complaint including the Company as a defendant. On September 29, 2025, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the fifth amended complaint, and that motion is currently pending before the court. The Company cannot reasonably estimate the outcome of such ongoing litigation, or the magnitude of such an outcome, at this time.

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Note 18. Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

The following table presents potentially dilutive securities that were included in the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 104,480 | \$ (154,362) | \$ 27,567 | \$ (27,034) |
| Interest incurred on the 2030 Notes, net of income taxes | 938 | - | 3,063 | - |
| Numerator for diluted EPS | \$ 105,418 | \$ (154,362) | \$ 30,630 | \$ (27,034) |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Denominator for basic EPS - weighted average shares outstanding | 347,085,375 | 286,243,674 | 337,688,455 | 261,977,695 |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | |
| Unvested RSAs | 14,916,070 | — | 10,614,282 | — |
| Unvested RSUs | 1,184,944 | — | 779,472 | — |
| Stock options | 4,970 | — | — | — |
| 2030 Notes | 39,988,127 | — | 39,988,127 | — |
| Dilutive potential common shares | 56,094,111 | — | 51,381,881 | — |
| Denominator for diluted EPS - adjusted weighted average shares outstanding | 403,179,486 | 286,243,674 | 389,070,336 | 261,977,695 |
| Basic EPS | \$ 0.30 | \$ (0.54) | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.10) |
| Diluted EPS | \$ 0.26 | \$ (0.54) | \$ 0.08 | \$ (0.10) |

The following table presents potentially dilutive securities that were not included in the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Warrants to purchase common stock | 63,000 | 63,000 | 63,000 | 63,000 |
| Unvested RSAs ^(a) | — | 22,472,202 | — | 22,472,202 |
| Unvested RSUs | — | 2,147,788 | 227,353 | 2,147,788 |
| Stock options | — | — | 1,166,861 | — |
| Total | 63,000 | 24,682,990 | 1,457,214 | 24,682,990 |

(a) Unvested restricted stock awards are included in total common shares outstanding but are excluded from the calculation of basic earnings per share.

Note 19. Segment Information

The Company has two reportable segments: Bitcoin Mining and Engineering. The reportable segments are identified based on the types of services performed. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the reportable segments.

Gross profit (loss) is the segment performance measure the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") uses to assess the Company's reportable segments and is calculated before the elimination of intersegment profits. The CODM is comprised of several members of its executive management team, including the CEO, Executive Chairman, EVO-CFO, EVP-Head of Corporate Development &

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Strategy, and COO. The CODM uses segment gross profit (loss) to assess the performance of, manage the operations of, and allocate capital and operational resources to the Company's two reportable segments.

Prior to 2024, the Company had a Data Center Hosting reportable segment but has since terminated all contracts with its Data Center Hosting customers. Commencing with the three months ended March 31, 2024, the CODM ceased analyzing the performance of the Data Center Hosting operations and the Company ceased reporting Data Center Hosting as a separate reportable business segment. The Company has no plans to offer bitcoin mining data center hosting services to new customers. All residual revenue and costs of revenue related to Data Center Hosting incurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 are included in *Revenue: Other* and *Cost of Revenue: Other* on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other than the \$97.2 million of goodwill from the Block Mining Acquisition allocated to the Bitcoin Mining segment, and \$25.3 million of goodwill from the E4A Solutions Acquisition allocated to the Engineering segment, the Company does not allocate assets to the reporting segments because its assets are managed on an entity-wide basis and, therefore, does not separately disclose the total assets of its reportable operating segments.

The Bitcoin Mining segment generates revenue from the bitcoin the Company earns through its Bitcoin Mining activities. The Engineering segment generates revenue through customer contracts for custom-engineered electrical products and services. All *Revenue: Other revenue* is from external customers.

All revenue and cost of revenue from intersegment transactions have been eliminated in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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The following tables present segment revenue and segment gross profit (loss), including the significant expense items reviewed by the CODM:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2025

| | <u>Bitcoin Mining</u> | <u>Engineering</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Revenue from external customers | \$ 160,792 | \$ 19,097 | \$ 179,889 |
| Intersegment revenue | — | 6,818 | 6,818 |
| Segment revenue | 160,792 | 25,915 | 186,707 |
| <i>Reconciliation of revenue</i> | | | |
| Other revenue ^(a) | | | 340 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | | | (6,818) |
| Total consolidated revenue | | | 180,229 |
| Segment cost of revenue: | | | |
| Power | 82,370 | — | 82,370 |
| Compensation | 4,801 | — | 4,801 |
| Insurance on miners | 1,462 | — | 1,462 |
| Ground rent and related water and property tax | 3,604 | — | 3,604 |
| Materials | — | 6,862 | 6,862 |
| Labor | — | 940 | 940 |
| Other segment items ^(b) | 3,528 | 5,905 | 9,433 |
| Segment gross profit (loss) | <u>\$ 65,027</u> | <u>\$ 12,208</u> | <u>\$ 77,235</u> |

Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

| | <u>Bitcoin Mining</u> | <u>Engineering</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Revenue from external customers | \$ 67,491 | \$ 12,638 | \$ 80,129 |
| Intersegment revenue | — | 3,129 | 3,129 |
| Segment revenue | 67,491 | 15,767 | 83,258 |
| <i>Reconciliation of revenue</i> | | | |
| Other revenue ^(a) | | | 4,657 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | | | (3,129) |
| Total consolidated revenue | | | 84,786 |
| Segment cost of revenue: | | | |
| Power | 41,864 | — | 41,864 |
| Compensation | 3,786 | — | 3,786 |
| Insurance on miners | 1,871 | — | 1,871 |
| Ground rent and related water and property tax | 1,565 | — | 1,565 |
| Materials | — | 9,027 | 9,027 |
| Labor | — | 1,635 | 1,635 |
| Other segment items ^(b) | 2,386 | 2,855 | 8,171 |
| Segment gross profit (loss) | <u>\$ 16,019</u> | <u>\$ 2,250</u> | <u>\$ 15,339</u> |

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Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025

| | Bitcoin Mining | Engineering | Total |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Revenue from external customers | \$ 444,540 | \$ 43,593 | \$ 488,133 |
| Intersegment revenue | — | 18,152 | 18,152 |
| Segment revenue | 444,540 | 61,745 | 506,285 |
| <i>Reconciliation of revenue</i> | | | |
| Other revenue ^(a) | | | 6,471 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | | | (18,152) |
| Total consolidated revenue | | | 494,604 |
| Less: | | | |
| Power | 206,369 | — | 206,369 |
| Compensation | 13,932 | — | 13,932 |
| Insurance on miners | 4,386 | — | 4,386 |
| Ground rent and related water and property tax | 11,466 | — | 11,466 |
| Materials | — | 12,673 | 12,673 |
| Labor | — | 2,907 | 2,907 |
| Other segment items ^(b) | 12,605 | 19,791 | 32,396 |
| Segment gross profit (loss) | \$ 195,782 | \$ 26,374 | \$ 222,156 |

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024

| | Bitcoin Mining | Engineering | Total |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Revenue from external customers | \$ 194,651 | \$ 26,940 | \$ 221,591 |
| Intersegment revenue | — | 7,129 | 7,129 |
| Segment revenue | 194,651 | 34,069 | 228,720 |
| <i>Reconciliation of revenue</i> | | | |
| Other revenue ^(a) | | | 12,509 |
| Elimination of intersegment revenue | | | (7,129) |
| Total consolidated revenue | | | 234,100 |
| Segment cost of revenue: | | | |
| Power | 96,326 | — | 96,326 |
| Compensation | 9,251 | — | 9,251 |
| Insurance on miners | 5,246 | — | 5,246 |
| Ground rent and related water and property tax | 4,171 | — | 4,171 |
| Materials | — | 15,584 | 15,584 |
| Labor | — | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Other segment items ^(b) | 8,302 | 8,212 | 16,514 |
| Segment gross profit (loss) | \$ 71,355 | \$ 6,273 | \$ 77,628 |

(a) Other revenue is primarily attributable to Data Center Hosting revenue and is therefore not included in the total for segment gross profit (loss).

(b) For each reportable segment, the other segment items category primarily consists of:

Bitcoin Mining: Bitcoin miner and network repair and maintenance costs.

Engineering: Manufacturing overhead costs.

Riot Platforms, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

The following table presents the reconciliation of segment gross profit (loss) to *Net income (loss) before taxes*:

| | <u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u> | | <u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u> | |
|--|---|---------------------|--|--------------------|
| | <u>2025</u> | <u>2024</u> | <u>2025</u> | <u>2024</u> |
| Segment gross profit (loss) | \$ 77,235 | \$ 15,339 | \$ 222,156 | \$ 77,628 |
| Reconciling Items: | | | | |
| Other profit (loss) ^(a) | 340 | (3,291) | (5,500) | (10,079) |
| Elimination of intersegment profits | (6,818) | (199) | (18,152) | (7,129) |
| Acquisition-related costs | — | (3,079) | (187) | (3,079) |
| Selling, general, and administrative | (69,832) | (66,936) | (217,182) | (185,777) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (82,929) | (60,000) | (244,052) | (129,669) |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | 133,120 | 8,554 | 395,892 | 166,231 |
| Change in fair value of derivative asset | 10,792 | (24,318) | 9,939 | 23,398 |
| Power curtailment credits | 30,634 | 12,417 | 46,748 | 31,445 |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration | (1) | — | 17,641 | — |
| (Loss) gain on sale/exchange of equipment | 2,742 | — | 2,263 | (68) |
| Casualty-related (charges) recoveries, net | 47 | — | 166 | 2,487 |
| Interest income | 3,919 | 5,530 | 10,650 | 22,185 |
| Interest expense | (8,052) | (355) | (16,453) | (1,053) |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on equity method investment - marketable securities | 28,903 | (38,082) | (28,192) | (13,620) |
| Loss on contract settlement | — | — | (158,137) | — |
| Gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement | — | — | 26,007 | — |
| Impairment of fixed assets | (15,279) | — | (15,279) | — |
| Other income (expense) | 1,344 | 90 | 1,681 | 131 |
| Net income (loss) before taxes | <u>\$ 106,165</u> | <u>\$ (154,330)</u> | <u>\$ 30,009</u> | <u>\$ (26,969)</u> |

(a) Other profit (loss) is primarily attributable to Data Center Hosting activity and is therefore not included in the total for segment gross profit (loss).

Concentrations

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, aside from the Bitcoin Mining revenue generated as a result of the Company's participation in a mining pool, no single customer or related group of customers contributed 10% or more of the Company's total consolidated revenue.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, Bitcoin Mining power was primarily obtained from ERCOT.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") provides information that will assist the reader in understanding our results of operations and financial condition. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes and other financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, as well as our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, as included in our 2024 Annual Report.

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts are stated in thousands of U.S. dollars except for: share, per share, per MWh and miner amounts; bitcoin quantities, prices, and hash rate; cost to mine one bitcoin; and production value of one bitcoin mined.

Our MD&A is primarily organized as follows:

- *Business Overview and Trends.* Highlights of events that impacted our financial position.
- *Results of Operations.* Analysis of our financial results comparing the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, and the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.
- *Liquidity and Capital Resources.* Analysis of changes in our balance sheets and cash flows and discussion of our financial condition, including potential sources of liquidity, material cash requirements and their general purpose.
- *Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates.* Accounting policies and estimates that we believe are important to understanding the assumptions and judgments incorporated in our reported financial results.

Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A includes forward-looking statements based on current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations, and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" for a discussion of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially – and potentially adversely – from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

Business Overview and Trends

General

We are a vertically integrated bitcoin mining company principally engaged in enhancing our power infrastructure to support efficient and large-scale Bitcoin Mining operations in support of the Bitcoin blockchain. We are also in the process of developing a scalable data center platform intended to allocate our power capacity to support non-mining data centers operations, including potential applications in AI and HPC, with the objective of maximizing the value of our energy portfolio. We believe this dual-pronged strategy will enable us to capitalize on both the long-term potential of bitcoin and the growing demand for power and data center infrastructure, positioning us to participate in two rapidly evolving sectors.

We operate in two reportable business segments: Bitcoin Mining and Engineering.

We own and operate multiple data center facilities in Texas and Kentucky that currently provide comprehensive and critical infrastructure for our own Bitcoin Mining operations. The Rockdale Facility in Texas, with 700 MW of developed capacity, is believed to be one of the largest Bitcoin Mining facilities in North America, as measured by developed capacity. In 2024, we completed construction of 400 MW of developed capacity at our second large-scale data center in Texas, the Corsicana Facility. Upon completion, we expect the Corsicana Facility to have approximately one GW of developed capacity available for data center workloads.

Also in 2024, we expanded our operations through the acquisitions of Block Mining, a Kentucky-based vertically integrated bitcoin miner, and E4A Solutions, a leading provider of electrical engineering services to a diverse customer base of energy developers and data center operators. The Block Mining Acquisition added 60 MW of developed capacity for self-mining, which we currently expanded to approximately 95 MW of operational capacity, and are targeting to reach a total of approximately 160 MW during the

remainder of 2025. The Block Mining Acquisition also provided us with access to additional energy markets located within the MISO region. The E4A Solutions Acquisition added engineering expertise to service our electrical infrastructure and allows us to provide electrical solutions and services to support the rapidly growing market for electrical infrastructure.

Our market environment is highly competitive, both globally and regionally. We compete with other large-scale bitcoin miners, as well as individual participants, to earn the bitcoin reward that is central to our operations. Our industry continues to evolve alongside the proliferation of bitcoin and cryptocurrencies in general, and we believe we are well positioned within the digital commodities industry in which we operate.

Data Center Development

We strengthened our execution capacity by recruiting critical talent and launching a scalable data center platform to support the initial phase of our data center development at the Corsicana Facility ("Data Center Phase I"). Additionally, we are evaluating further expansion opportunities and assessing the development of our additional power capacity to support future data center applications, including for AI/HPC workloads. We have completed our basis of design for our standard data center build and are assessing procurement of all long-lead equipment, in alignment with our disciplined capital allocation strategy focused on delivering superior risk-adjusted returns. We believe that these foundational investments reflect a proactive, strategic approach to maximize our energy portfolio and access additional revenue opportunities that positions us for durable, long-term leadership and value creation in the data center sector.

Business Segments

Bitcoin Mining

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we continued to deploy miners across all our Facilities, with the objective of increasing our operational efficiency and performance moving forward. As of September 30, 2025, we had a total deployed hash rate capacity of 36.5 EH/s, as compared to 31.5 EH/s as of December 31, 2024, an increase of 15.9%.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we mined 4,362 bitcoin, reflecting an increase of 1,050 bitcoin compared to the 3,312 bitcoin we mined during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase was primarily due to our increase in deployed hash rate and significantly improved operational efficiency, partially offset by the increase in the global network hash rate and the halving that occurred in April 2024.

Custodians

As bitcoin is a decentralized cryptocurrency, it is not required that bitcoin be held by a custodian, and we may choose to self-custody. However, we believe that our private keys associated with our bitcoin are better safeguarded within the secure environment provided by custodians. Self-custody poses an increased risk to our private keys, and we may not have the same level of protection as that offered by custody providers who are well-versed in industry best practices for safeguarding digital assets from potential theft, loss, or destruction.

Our bitcoin custodian and brokerage services relationships are non-exclusive, and we may change our custodian and brokerage relationships at any time. We continually monitor our bitcoin assets held by our custodians. Our insurance providers do not have inspection rights associated with our bitcoin assets held in cold storage. For additional information regarding our relationships with our custodians, NYDIG Trust Company LLC and Coinbase, Inc., on behalf of itself and Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LLC, and, if applicable, Coinbase or Coinbase Custody International Ltd., and a description of our underlying agreements with them, see Part I, Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of our 2024 Annual Report.

Bitcoin Mining Metrics

The following table presents our key Bitcoin Mining metrics:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|-------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Hash rate, average operating (EH/s)⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Rockdale Facility | 14.1 | 9.2 | 14.3 | 8.5 |
| Corsicana Facility | 13.9 | 6.5 | 13.9 | 4.1 |
| Kentucky Facility | 3.3 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 1.0 |
| Combined hash rate, average operating | 31.3 | 16.7 | 31.1 | 11.6 |
| All-in power cost (cents/kilowatt-hour)⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Rockdale Facility | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3.1 |
| Corsicana Facility | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 4.9 |
| Kentucky Facility | 6.0 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 3.8 |
| Combined all-in power cost | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| Hash rate, deployed (EH/s)⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Rockdale Facility | | | 16.0 | 13.3 |
| Corsicana Facility | | | 15.7 | 6.3 |
| Kentucky Facility | | | 4.8 | 1 |
| Combined hash rate, deployed | | | 36.5 | 17.9 |
| Developed power capacity (MW)⁽³⁾ | | | | |
| Rockdale Facility | | | 700 | 700 |
| Corsicana Facility | | | 400 | 300 |
| Kentucky Facility | | | 95 | 60 |
| Total power capacity | | | 1,195 | 1,060 |

- (1) Hash rate, deployed represents the total potential hash rate of all our deployed miners at period end, whereas hash rate, average operating represents the average total hash rate our deployed miners provided throughout the period. The difference between deployed hash rate and operating hash rate is attributable to down-time of all or some of our miners for power curtailments, or repairs and maintenance of bitcoin miners or supporting infrastructure. The difference between deployed hash rate and operating hash rate is a key measure in determining the efficiency of our Bitcoin Mining operations.
- (2) All-in power cost represents the price we paid for our power throughout the period, net of any power curtailments received. Power is overwhelmingly the largest marginal input cost in mining bitcoin and a significant contributor to profitability. Miners with a low cost of power are better positioned to profitably mine across a wider range of bitcoin price environments.
- (3) Developed power capacity is the total amount of electricity our Facilities can utilize for Bitcoin Mining.

The following table presents our cost to mine one bitcoin (*amounts in thousands, except Quantity of bitcoin mined and Production value of one bitcoin mined amounts*):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Cost of power for self-mining operations | \$ 82,370 | \$ 41,864 | \$ 206,369 | \$ 96,326 |
| Other direct cost of revenue for self-mining operations ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ , excluding bitcoin miner depreciation | 13,395 | 9,608 | 42,389 | 26,970 |
| Cost of revenue for self-mining operations, excluding bitcoin miner depreciation | 95,765 | 51,472 | 248,758 | 123,296 |
| Less: power curtailment credits ⁽³⁾ | (30,634) | (12,417) | (46,748) | (31,445) |
| Cost of revenue for self-mining operations, net of power curtailment credits, excluding bitcoin miner depreciation | 65,131 | 39,055 | 202,010 | 91,851 |
| Bitcoin miner depreciation ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ | 60,106 | 44,303 | 177,420 | 93,120 |
| Cost of revenue for self-mining operations, net of power curtailment credits, including bitcoin miner depreciation | \$ 125,237 | \$ 83,358 | \$ 379,430 | \$ 184,971 |
| Quantity of bitcoin mined | 1,406 | 1,104 | 4,362 | 3,312 |
| Production value of one bitcoin mined ⁽⁶⁾ | \$ 114,361 | \$ 61,131 | \$ 101,912 | \$ 58,771 |
| Cost to mine one bitcoin, excluding bitcoin miner depreciation | \$ 46,324 | \$ 35,376 | \$ 46,311 | \$ 27,733 |
| Cost to mine one bitcoin, excluding bitcoin miner depreciation, as a % of production value of one bitcoin mined | 40.5 % | 57.9 % | 45.4 % | 47.2 % |
| Cost to mine one bitcoin, including bitcoin miner depreciation | \$ 89,074 | \$ 75,505 | \$ 86,985 | \$ 55,849 |
| Cost to mine one bitcoin, including bitcoin miner depreciation, as a % of production value of one bitcoin mined | 77.9 % | 123.5 % | 85.4 % | 95.0 % |

- (1) Other direct cost of revenue includes compensation, insurance, repairs, and ground lease rent and related property tax.
- (2) During the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, we paid cash of approximately \$60.2 million and \$44.1 million respectively, and during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, \$152.4 million and \$235.0 million, respectively, in total deposits and payments for the purchase of miners. Costs to finance the purchase of miners were zero in all periods presented as the miners were paid for with cash from the Company's cash balance. The seller did not provide any financing nor did the Company borrow from a third-party to purchase the miners.
- (3) Power curtailment credits are credited against our power invoices as a result of temporarily pausing our operations to participate in ERCOT's Demand Response Service Programs. Our fixed-price power purchase contracts enable us to strategically curtail our mining operations and participate in these programs, which significantly lower our cost to mine bitcoin. These credits are recognized outside of cost of revenue in *Power curtailment credits* on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, but they significantly reduce our overall cost to mine bitcoin.
- (4) We capitalize the acquisition cost of our miners and include these costs in *Property and equipment, net* on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The miners are depreciated over an estimated useful life of three years, during which time the miners are expected to generate bitcoin revenue. We do not consider depreciation expense in determining whether it is economical to operate our miners since depreciation is a non-cash expense and is not a variable operating cost that can be avoided even if we curtail operations temporarily. Depreciation expense incurred is disclosed for each respective period in the table above.

(5) The following table presents the future depreciation expense of all of our bitcoin miners:

| | | |
|-------------------|----|----------------|
| Remainder of 2025 | \$ | 66,349 |
| 2026 | | 234,643 |
| 2027 | | 175,901 |
| 2028 | | 39,726 |
| Total | \$ | <u>516,619</u> |

(6) Computed as revenue recognized from bitcoin mined divided by the quantity of bitcoin mined during the same period.

During 2023, 2024, and 2025, we entered into purchase orders under the Master Agreement to acquire new miners from MicroBT. These purchase orders represented a total hash rate of 49.2 EH/s, with a total purchase price of approximately \$779.5 million, subject to downward price adjustments as provided by the Master Agreement. These miners are primarily intended for deployment at the Corsicana Facility, which commenced operations in April 2024. Delivery of these miners began in 2023, and all miners under these purchase orders are expected to be received by the second quarter of 2026, with deployment following on an ongoing basis. The Master Agreement provided us with four additional annual options to purchase miners, on the same or more favorable terms as the second purchase order executed under the Master Agreement.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, Bitcoin Mining revenue was approximately \$160.8 million and \$444.5 million, respectively.

Engineering

Our Engineering business designs and manufactures power-distribution equipment and custom-engineered electrical products. These products support our vertical integration strategy by enabling the internal development of critical electrical components and engineering services necessary for our site developments. This integration helps mitigate execution and counter-party risk in ongoing and future expansion projects. The specialized talent employed in our Engineering business allows us to explore new methods to optimize and develop best-in-class Bitcoin Mining operations, which has been instrumental in the development of our industrial-scale immersion-cooled Bitcoin Mining hardware.

Our Engineering business also provides electricity distribution product design, manufacturing, and installation services primarily focused on large-scale commercial and governmental customers and serves a broad scope of clients across a wide range of markets, including data center, power generation, utility, water, industrial, and alternative energy.

Engineering revenue is derived from the sale of custom products built to customers' specifications under fixed-price contracts with one identified performance obligation. Engineering revenue is recognized over time as performance creates or enhances an asset with no alternative use, and for which we have an enforceable right to receive compensation as defined under the contract.

In December 2024, we completed the E4A Solutions Acquisition. This acquisition is consistent with our vertically integrated strategy by adding engineering expertise to service our own existing and future electrical infrastructure and enables us to provide electrical solutions and services to support the rapidly growing market for electrical infrastructure.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, Engineering revenue was approximately \$19.1 million and \$43.6 million, respectively.

Strategic Goals and Initiatives

Bitcoin Treasury Strategy

Our investment strategy with respect to our bitcoin ("Bitcoin Treasury Strategy") involves retaining a majority of our currently held bitcoin and acquiring new bitcoin through our mining operations. We may sell or leverage our bitcoin to support operational needs and strategic initiatives. We believe this approach will contribute to operational stability and position us to capitalize on the appreciation of bitcoin while supporting our liquidity profile.

Power Strategy

Long-term power contracts form the basis of our power strategy. We utilize the Rockdale PPA, Corsicana PPA, and Kentucky PPA (together, the "PPAs") at our Facilities in the following ways:

Manual Curtailment

We power down operations and return power to the grid when market prices for electricity indicate the potential for us to receive more power curtailment credits than the Bitcoin Mining revenues we would have generated had we not curtailed our mining operations. We receive power credits for the difference between the market power price and our fixed power price, which enables us to maximize our overall profitability between Bitcoin Mining and supporting the grid by not drawing power from the grid when electricity is most scarce.

Ancillary Services

We competitively bid to sell ERCOT and MISO the option to control our electrical load during certain hours. ERCOT and MISO compensate us in the form of Demand Response Service Programs' Credits, which are received whether or not we are called on to power down.

ERCOT's 4CP Program

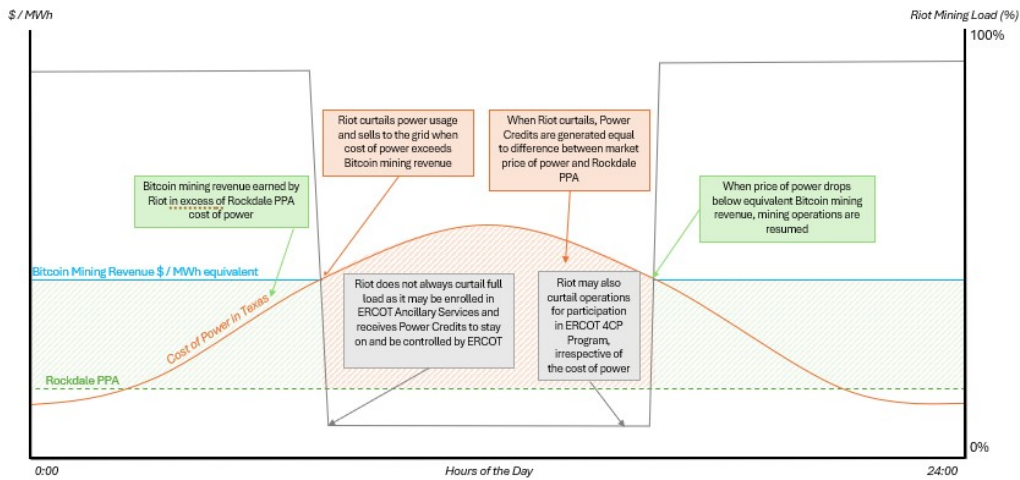
At the Rockdale Facility and the Corsicana Facility, we voluntarily power down operations during times of peak demand in summer months. Participation provides us with substantial savings on transmission costs in the subsequent year's power bills, reducing our overall power costs.

The following table presents our power curtailment credits:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Manual curtailment power credits | \$ 30,634 | \$ 11,926 | \$ 44,996 | \$ 24,923 |
| Demand response power credits | — | 491 | 1,752 | 6,522 |
| Total power curtailment credits | \$ 30,634 | \$ 12,417 | \$ 46,748 | \$ 31,445 |

The following graph presents the primary decision points that guide our decision to curtail power usage or power down our mining operations, and when we might resume mining operations:

Representative High Price Power Day at the Rockdale Facility



Challenges, Risks, and Industry Trends

Increased Competition and Global Network Hash Rate

The price of bitcoin increased during the first quarter of 2024 due to a new source of demand, 11 bitcoin spot Exchange Traded Funds ("ETFs"), which were approved to begin trading by the SEC on January 11, 2024. These ETFs, as investment vehicles, provide investors with a new way to gain exposure to bitcoin through more traditional financial markets.

During 2023 and 2024, the bitcoin mining industry experienced record growth as the price of bitcoin increased from the lows experienced in early 2023. The rising bitcoin price renewed opportunities to access capital markets to fund growth, leading to unprecedented expansion in mining operations, which resulted in a doubling of the size of provisioned hash calculation services on the network, as measured by total hash rate. In advance of the April 2024 bitcoin network halving, many bitcoin mining companies heavily invested in implementing vertically integrated business models, infrastructure, and upgrading and expanding mining fleets. Competition on the bitcoin network has expanded in kind, and we expect competition within the mining industry to intensify as long as bitcoin prices remain elevated or increase further.

We have observed that when the market price for bitcoin experiences sustained increases, new miners are introduced onto the bitcoin network, contributing to an increase in the global network hash rate. Despite the halving in April 2024 and the increase in the global network hash rate, our hash rate grew by approximately 29.4% from December 31, 2023 to September 30, 2025. This growth contributed to an increase of approximately 31.7% in the number of bitcoin we mined during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024.

Accordingly, as the global network hash rate continues to rise, miners must scale their operations to maintain or improve their share of mining rewards. In response, we have expanded our Bitcoin Mining capacity through the development of new facilities, such as the Corsicana Facility, and strategic acquisitions, including the Block Mining Acquisition. These efforts are supported by investments in electricity supply and distribution infrastructure. We are also focused on other strategic growth opportunities that enhance our long-term competitiveness. Further, we have adopted new and improved technology to increase both our mining power and efficiency, including our industrial-scale adoption of immersion cooling and our strategic acquisitions of large quantities of the latest powerful and efficient miners available.

Volatile Transaction Fees

The bitcoin mining industry recently experienced an increase in transaction fees on the bitcoin network, alongside growing overall demand for bitcoin. While transaction fees remain inherently volatile, they are paid directly to miners and are representative of the public interest in transacting on the bitcoin network. These transaction fees, combined with the block subsidy issued by the bitcoin network, make up the total reward paid to miners upon solving a block.

Since 2021, we have focused on a vertically integrated business model. We remain committed to building long-term stockholder value by taking strategic actions to further vertically integrate our business at the current Rockdale Facility, developing the Corsicana Facility, and integrating our acquisitions, including the Kentucky Facility and E4A Solutions. Management believes that vertical integration will strengthen each of our business segments by providing increased capacity for our Bitcoin Mining operations, expanding opportunities for implementing our proprietary power strategy, and positioning us to capitalize on supply chain efficiencies and electrical engineering services through our Engineering segment. We continue to focus on deploying our efficient Bitcoin Mining fleet, at scale, while realizing the benefits of being an owner and operator of our Bitcoin Mining facilities.

Grid Curtailment

The Public Utility Commission of Texas, ERCOT, and Oncor Electric Delivery Company ("Oncor") collectively oversee the regulatory, administrative, and delivery aspects of our power supply in Texas. In Kentucky, MISO oversees our power supply. As the bitcoin mining industry has expanded in recent years, regulatory scrutiny on bitcoin mining facilities and their energy consumption has intensified accordingly.

As Texas's grid operator, ERCOT is responsible for monitoring and testing market participants, including our Bitcoin Mining facilities at the Rockdale Facility and the Corsicana Facility, to evaluate their impact on grid reliability. As part of this process, ERCOT may issue curtailment notices to reduce the power usage at our Texas operations. Our Facilities in Texas are subject to periodic testing and monitoring and have experienced power curtailments in response to instructions we receive from Oncor and ERCOT. Given the inherent uncertainty regarding the duration or extent of power curtailments and testing procedures, we are currently unable to reasonably estimate their potential impact on our operations. If we cannot secure adequate access to electrical power, we may be forced to reduce or shut down our operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition, and operating results.

See Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of our 2024 Annual Report for additional discussion regarding potential impacts that our competitive and evolving industry may have on our business.

Recent Events Affecting the Company

An inflationary environment marked by global supply chain logistics disruptions across multiple distribution channels, has at times contributed to delays in certain of our miner delivery schedules and in our infrastructure development schedules, driven by constraints in the globalized supply chains for miners, electricity distribution equipment, and construction materials, and these conditions may contribute to delays in the future. We have also experienced delays in our Engineering business segment's manufacturing and delivery schedule, and in our infrastructure development schedules, resulting from constraints in the globalized supply chains for miners, electricity distribution equipment, and construction materials.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we continued to operate under such conditions; however, we effectively and efficiently mitigated delivery delays to avoid material impacts to our miner deployment schedule, although we cannot guarantee continued success in mitigating any such delivery delays in the future. Additionally, the development and expansion of our Facilities require large quantities of construction materials, specialized electricity distribution equipment, and other critical components, all of which are in high demand and may be difficult to source. To help mitigate the impacts of increasing demand for these goods, global supply chain constraints, and uncertainty arising from recently imposed U.S. tariffs on imports and retaliatory tariffs imposed by other countries, including any inflationary pricing that may result from such impacts, we procured and currently hold many electrical infrastructure components and materials we require to develop the Corsicana Facility and to expand the Kentucky Facility, as well as replacement components and parts for our existing systems, to help shorten the impact of potential damage to installed equipment.

Summary of Riot's Bitcoin Mining Results

The following tables present additional information about our Bitcoin Mining activities, including bitcoin production and sales of bitcoin mined:

| | Quantity | Amounts |
|---|---------------|---------------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2025 | 17,722 | \$ 1,654,468 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined | 4,362 | 444,540 |
| Change in bitcoin receivable | 2 | (149) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | (2,762) | (290,953) |
| Exchange of bitcoin for employee compensation | (37) | (3,745) |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | — | 395,892 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2025 | 19,287 | \$ 2,200,053 |

The following reconciles *Bitcoin* and *Restricted bitcoin* as of September 30, 2025 to the amounts above:

| | | |
|--------------------|--------|--------------|
| Bitcoin | 15,987 | \$ 1,823,630 |
| Restricted bitcoin | 3,300 | 376,423 |
| Total | 19,287 | \$ 2,200,053 |

| | Quantity | Amounts |
|---|---------------|-------------------|
| Balance as of January 1, 2024 | 7,362 | \$ 311,178 |
| Revenue recognized from bitcoin mined | 3,312 | 194,651 |
| Change in bitcoin receivable | 6 | (93) |
| Proceeds from sale of bitcoin | (212) | (9,518) |
| Exchange of bitcoin for employee compensation | (41) | (2,099) |
| Change in fair value of bitcoin | — | 166,231 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2024 | 10,427 | \$ 660,350 |

Results of Operations

Comparative Results for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2025, and 2024:

Revenue

Total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$180.2 million and \$84.8 million, respectively. Total revenue consists of our Bitcoin Mining revenue, Engineering revenue, and Other revenue. Other revenue consists almost entirely of residual activity related to our former data center hosting operations.

For the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, Bitcoin Mining revenue was \$160.8 million and \$67.5 million, respectively. The increase of \$93.3 million was primarily due to higher bitcoin prices in the 2025 period, which averaged \$114,361 per bitcoin, as compared to \$61,133 per bitcoin for the 2024 period. Despite the substantial increase in the global network hash rate, Bitcoin production increased by 27.4% during the three months ended September 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024, primarily due to a 29.4% increase in deployed hash rate.

For the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, Engineering revenue was \$19.1 million and \$12.6 million, respectively. Of the increase, \$3.1 million was due to the E4A Solutions Acquisition in December 2024. The remaining increase was primarily attributable to the accelerated completion of certain custom products and, therefore, the recognition of revenue.

Costs and expenses

The following table presents Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining:

| | Three months ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Power | \$ 82,370 | \$ 41,864 |
| Compensation | 4,801 | 3,786 |
| Insurance on miners | 1,462 | 1,871 |
| Ground rent, water, and property tax | 3,604 | 1,565 |
| Other ⁽¹⁾ | 3,528 | 2,386 |
| Total Bitcoin Mining cost of revenue | <u>\$ 95,765</u> | <u>\$ 51,472</u> |

(1) All amounts included within *Other* are individually insignificant.

The increase of approximately \$44.3 million in Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining was primarily due to the increase in Bitcoin Mining capacity at the Corsicana Facility, which requires additional headcount and direct costs necessary to maintain and support our expanded Bitcoin Mining operations and the acquisition of the Kentucky Facility in July 2024. Property taxes increased due to the continued expansion of the Corsicana Facility. Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining excludes depreciation and amortization, which are stated separately on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Cost of revenue for Engineering for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$13.7 million and \$13.5 million, respectively, an increase of approximately \$0.2 million. The costs consisted primarily of direct materials and labor, as well as indirect manufacturing costs, which increased along with the increase in revenue compared to the three months ended September 30, 2024.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$69.8 million and \$66.9 million, respectively, an increase of approximately \$2.9 million. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of stock-based compensation, legal and professional fees, and other personnel and related costs. The increase was primarily due to a \$2.3 million increase in stock-based compensation due to the hiring of employees related to our data center development. The remaining increase was due to an increase in other general operating costs such as insurance and information technology projects to support our growth, partially offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in legal and professional fees, primarily related to decreased ongoing litigation.

Depreciation and amortization for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$82.9 million and \$60.0 million, respectively, an increase of approximately \$22.9 million. The increase was primarily due to increased depreciation from the Corsicana Facility coming online in April 2024 and additional miners being deployed.

The change in fair value of bitcoin for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were gains of \$133.1 million and \$8.6 million, respectively, and was recognized to adjust the fair value of our bitcoin held at the end of each period.

The change in fair value of our derivative assets for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was a gain of \$10.8 million and a loss of \$24.3 million, respectively, and was recorded to adjust the fair value of our PPAs, which were classified as a derivative asset and measured at fair value. The changes in fair value were due to changes in future power prices over the applicable periods. The gain incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to the average of the forward prices utilized in the discounted cash flow estimation models increasing from \$53.31 per MWh as of June 30, 2025 to \$55.9 per MWh as of September 30, 2025. The loss recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2024 was primarily attributable to the average of the forward prices decreasing from \$51.13 per MWh as of June 30, 2024 to \$48.8 per MWh as of September 30, 2024.

Power curtailment credits for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$30.6 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, and represent sales of unused power under certain of our PPAs and participation in ancillary services under ERCOT Demand Response Services Programs. The amount of these credits varies from period to period depending on various factors impacting the supply of power to, and the demand for power on, the ERCOT grid, such as weather and global fuel costs.

The gain on sale of equipment for the three months ended September 30, 2025 of \$2.7 million was primarily attributable to sales of miners for proceeds of \$2.9 million.

The impairment of property and equipment in 2025 of \$15.3 million was from certain long-lead items previously included in Construction in progress related to the planned expansion of the Corsicana Facility for bitcoin mining purposes. These items were deemed to be impaired as a result of our decision to expand the Corsicana Facility for data center application purposes instead.

Other income (expense)

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$3.9 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in average cash balances on deposit.

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$8.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. The increase was primarily due to the debt from new financing arrangements entered into during late 2024 and 2025.

Gain (loss) on equity method investment – marketable securities for the three months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, were gains of \$28.9 million and losses of \$38.1 million, respectively, and were recognized to adjust the fair value of our equity method investment held at the end of each period. The equity method investment was sold in its entirety during the three months ended September 30, 2025.

Comparative Results for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Revenue

Total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$494.6 million and \$234.1 million, respectively. Total revenue consists of our Bitcoin Mining revenue, Engineering revenue, and Other revenue. Other revenue consists almost entirely of residual activity related to our former data center hosting operations.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, Bitcoin Mining revenue was \$444.5 million and \$194.7 million, respectively. The increase of \$249.9 million was primarily due to higher bitcoin prices in the 2025 period, which averaged \$101,912 per bitcoin, as compared to \$58,771 per bitcoin for the 2024 period. Despite the substantial increase in the global network hash rate and the April 2024 halving, bitcoin production increased by 31.7% during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 compared to the same period in 2024 due to the significant increases in our deployed and operating hash rates during each of the periods.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, Engineering revenue was \$43.6 million and \$26.9 million, respectively. The increase of \$16.7 million was primarily attributable to the E4A Solutions Acquisition in December 2024, which accounted for \$11.8 million of the increase. The remaining increase was primarily attributable to the accelerated completion of certain custom products and, therefore, the recognition of revenue.

Costs and expenses

The following table presents Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining:

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 |
| Power | \$ 206,369 | \$ 96,326 |
| Compensation | 13,932 | 9,251 |
| Insurance on miners | 4,386 | 5,246 |
| Ground rent, water, and property tax | 11,466 | 4,171 |
| Other ⁽¹⁾ | 12,605 | 8,302 |
| Total Bitcoin Mining cost of revenue | <u>\$ 248,758</u> | <u>\$ 123,296</u> |

(1) All amounts included within *Other* are individually insignificant.

The increase of approximately \$125.5 million in Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining was primarily due to the increase in Bitcoin Mining capacity at the Corsicana Facility, which requires additional headcount and direct costs necessary to maintain and support our expanded Bitcoin Mining operations and the acquisition of the Kentucky Facility in July 2024. Property taxes increased due to

the continued expansion of the Corsicana Facility. Cost of revenue for Bitcoin Mining excludes depreciation and amortization, which are stated separately on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Cost of revenue for Engineering for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$35.4 million and \$27.8 million respectively, an increase of approximately \$7.6 million. The costs consisted primarily of direct materials and labor, as well as indirect manufacturing costs, which increased along with the increase in revenue compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$217.2 million and \$185.8 million, respectively, an increase of approximately \$31.4 million. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of stock-based compensation, legal and professional fees, and other personnel and related costs. The increase was primarily due to a \$17.1 million increase in legal and professional fees primarily related to ongoing litigation and a \$7.7 million increase in compensation expense as a result of hiring additional employees to support our ongoing growth and data center team. The remaining increase was due to an increase in other general operating costs such as insurance and information technology projects to support our growth, partially offset by a \$2.1 million decrease in stock-based compensation, primarily due to the vesting of awards granted in prior years.

Depreciation and amortization for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$244.1 million and \$129.7 million, respectively, an increase of approximately \$114.4 million. The increase was primarily due to increased depreciation from the Corsicana Facility coming online in April 2024 and additional miners being deployed.

The change in fair value of bitcoin for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were gains of \$395.9 million and \$166.2 million, respectively, and was recognized to adjust the fair value of our bitcoin held at the end of each period.

The change in fair value of our derivative assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were gains of \$9.9 million and \$23.4 million, respectively, and were recorded to adjust the fair value of our PPAs, which were classified as a derivative asset and measured at fair value. The changes in fair value were due to changes in future power prices over the applicable period. The gain incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to the average of the forward prices utilized in the discounted cash flow estimation models increasing from \$51.98 per MWh as of December 31, 2024 to \$55.9 per MWh as of September 30, 2025. The gain recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was primarily attributable to the average of the forward prices increasing from \$45.15 per MWh as of December 31, 2023 to \$48.8 per MWh as of September 30, 2024.

Power curtailment credits for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$46.7 million and \$31.4 million, respectively, and represent sales of unused power under certain of our PPAs and participation in ancillary services under ERCOT Demand Response Services Programs. The amount of these credits varies from period to period depending on various factors impacting the supply of power to, and the demand for power on, the ERCOT grid, such as weather and global fuel costs.

The change in fair value of contingent consideration for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 was a gain of \$17.6 million, as compared to no gain or loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and was a result of the change in estimates for the potential contingent consideration of the acquisitions of Block Mining and E4A Solutions.

The loss on contract settlement of \$158.1 million was attributable to the Rhodium Settlement.

The gain on sale of equipment for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 of \$2.3 million was primarily attributable to sales of miners for proceeds of \$2.9 million.

The impairment of property and equipment of \$15.3 million was from certain long-lead items previously included in Construction in progress related to the planned expansion of the Corsicana Facility for bitcoin mining purposes. These items were deemed to be impaired as a result of our decision to expand the Corsicana Facility for data center application purposes instead.

Other income (expense)

Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$10.7 million and \$22.2 million, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in average cash balances on deposit.

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was \$16.5 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. The increase was primarily due to the debt from new financing arrangements entered into during late 2024 and 2025.

Gain (loss) on equity method investment – marketable securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, were losses of \$28.2 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, and was recognized to adjust the fair value of our equity method investment held at the end of each period. The equity method investment was sold in its entirety during the three months ended September 30, 2025.

Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to financial measures presented under GAAP, we consistently evaluate our use of and calculation of non-GAAP financial measures such as "Adjusted EBITDA." EBITDA is computed as net income before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a financial measure defined as EBITDA adjusted to eliminate the effects of certain non-cash and/or non-recurring items that do not reflect our ongoing strategic business operations, which management believes results in a performance measurement that represents a key indicator of our core business operations in Bitcoin Mining. The adjustments include fair value adjustments such as derivative power contract adjustments, equity securities fair value changes, and non-cash stock-based compensation expense, in addition to financing and legacy business income and expense items.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA can be an important financial performance measure because it allows management, investors, and our board of directors to evaluate and compare our operating results, including our return on capital and operating efficiencies, from period to period by making such adjustments. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA is used as a performance metric for share-based compensation.

Adjusted EBITDA is provided in addition to, and should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, net income, the most comparable measure under GAAP to Adjusted EBITDA. Further, Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to revenue growth, net income, diluted net income per share, or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP, or as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider this financial measure either in isolation or as a substitute for analyzing our results as reported under GAAP.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to *Net income (loss)*, the most comparable GAAP performance measure:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 104,480 | \$ (154,362) | \$ 27,567 | \$ (27,034) |
| Interest income | (3,919) | (5,530) | (10,650) | (22,185) |
| Interest expense | 8,052 | 355 | 16,453 | 1,053 |
| Income tax expense (benefit) | 1,685 | 32 | 2,442 | 65 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 82,929 | 60,000 | 244,052 | 129,669 |
| EBITDA | 193,227 | (99,505) | 279,864 | 81,568 |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 32,858 | 30,567 | 92,554 | 94,702 |
| Acquisition-related costs | — | 3,079 | 187 | 3,079 |
| Change in fair value of derivative asset | (10,792) | 24,318 | (9,939) | (23,398) |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration | 1 | — | (17,641) | — |
| Loss (gain) on equity method investment - marketable securities | (28,903) | 38,082 | 28,192 | 13,620 |
| Loss (gain) on sale/exchange of equipment | (2,742) | — | (2,263) | 68 |
| Casualty-related charges (recoveries), net | (47) | — | (166) | (2,487) |
| Loss on contract settlement | — | — | 158,137 | — |
| Gain on acquisition post-close dispute settlement | — | — | (26,007) | — |
| Impairment of property and equipment | 15,279 | — | 15,279 | — |
| Other (income) expense | (1,344) | (90) | (1,681) | (131) |
| License fees | (340) | (24) | (388) | (48) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 197,197 | \$ (3,573) | \$ 516,128 | \$ 166,973 |

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We generate non-cash revenue through mining bitcoin at our Facilities, which we manage based on our Bitcoin Treasury Strategy, while financing operations and other expenses through sales of our bitcoin production, borrowing against our credit facilities, and issuance of common stock under the ATM offering program. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, we issued and sold approximately 16.1 million shares and 70.1 million shares, respectively, of our common stock under our ATM offering program for aggregate net proceeds (net of commissions and expenses) of \$195.2 million and \$730.8 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2025, we had net working capital of approximately \$170.0 million, which included cash and cash equivalents of \$330.7 million. We reported net income of \$27.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2025, which included \$498.4 million in non-cash net gains, primarily resulting from revenue recognized from bitcoin mined of \$444.5 million and the change in fair value of bitcoin of \$395.9 million, partially offset by depreciation and amortization of \$244.1 million, stock-based compensation of \$92.6 million, and losses on marketable securities of \$28.2 million.

We monitor our balance sheet on an ongoing basis and evaluate the level of bitcoin retained from monthly production in consideration of our cash requirements for ongoing operations and expansion.

Contractual Commitments and Obligations

As of September 30, 2025, we had a remaining commitment of approximately \$105.4 million due to MicroBT for the contractual purchase of miners, which we expect to pay through the second quarter of 2026.

Revenue from Operations

Bitcoin Mining

We expect to generate ongoing revenue from bitcoin rewards in connection with our Bitcoin Mining operations and our ability to liquidate bitcoin rewards at future values will be regularly evaluated to generate cash for operations.

Generating bitcoin rewards that exceed our production and overhead costs will determine our ability to report profit margins related to such Bitcoin Mining operations, although accounting for our reported profitability is complex. Furthermore, regardless of our ability to generate proceeds from the sale of our bitcoin produced from our Bitcoin Mining business, we may need to raise additional capital in the form of equity or debt to fund our operations and pursue our business strategy.

The ability to raise funds through the sale of equity, debt financings, or the sale of bitcoin to maintain our operations is subject to many risks and uncertainties and any future equity issuances or convertible debt offerings could result in dilution to our existing stockholders and any future debt or debt securities may contain covenants that limit our operations or ability to enter into certain transactions. Our ability to realize revenue through bitcoin production and successfully convert bitcoin into cash or fund overhead with bitcoin is subject to a number of risks, including regulatory, financial and business risks, many of which are beyond our control. Additionally, we have observed significant historical volatility in the market price of bitcoin and, as such, future prices cannot be predicted.

Engineering

Substantially all Engineering revenue is derived from the sale of custom products built to customers' specifications under fixed-price contracts and electrical engineering services. Revenue is recognized over time as performance creates or enhances an asset with no alternative use, and for which we have an enforceable right to receive compensation as defined under the contract. The length of time required to complete a custom product varies but is typically between four and 12 weeks.

Customers are typically required to make periodic progress payments based on contractually agreed-upon milestones.

If we are unable to generate sufficient revenue from our Bitcoin Mining and Engineering operations when needed or secure additional sources of funding, it may be necessary to significantly reduce our current rate of spending or explore other strategic alternatives.

ATM Equity Offerings

During 2025 and 2024, we offered and sold shares of our common stock through ATM offering programs pursuant to sales agreements with sales agents (each, an "ATM Program"). For additional information regarding our ATM Program, see Note 14. *Stockholders' Equity*.

The following table sets forth shares sold and net proceeds received (net of sales commissions and expenses) from shares sold under each ATM Program

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | |
| | Shares | Net Proceeds | Shares | Net Proceeds |
| 2023 ATM Program | — | \$ — | 8,644,100 | \$ 114,949 |
| February 2024 ATM Program | — | — | 40,646,055 | 463,742 |
| August 2024 ATM Program | 16,076,733 | 195,181 | 20,823,661 | 152,088 |
| Total | <u>16,076,733</u> | <u>\$ 195,181</u> | <u>70,113,816</u> | <u>\$ 730,779</u> |

As of September 30, 2025, approximately \$162.6 million of our common stock remained available for issuance and sale pursuant to the August 2024 ATM Program. The remaining prior ATM Program sales agreements were terminated as of August 9, 2024.

Legal Proceedings

We have been named a defendant in several lawsuits, as more fully described in Note 17. *Commitments and Contingencies*.

Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows:

| | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|---|--|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | 2025 | | 2024 | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ | (467,400) | \$ | (156,696) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | \$ | 78,635 | \$ | (726,188) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | \$ | 443,821 | \$ | 714,097 |

Operating Activities

The increase in cash used in operating activities was primarily attributable to increased power costs of \$110.0 million, a \$32.9 million increase in selling, general, and administrative costs, excluding stock-based compensation, both of which were primarily driven by our increased mining capacity and headcount, combined with other general operating costs such as insurance and information technology projects to support our growth. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we paid a one-time cash cost of \$122.6 million related to the loss on contract settlement related to the Rhodium Settlement.

Investing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, net cash provided by investing activities was primarily attributable to proceeds from the sale of bitcoin of \$291.0 million and proceeds of \$106.7 million from the sale of marketable securities, partially offset by purchases and deposits paid for miners and purchases of property and equipment for our ongoing expansions, for which we paid approximately \$138.1 million in deposits for the purchase of miners and other equipment, with anticipated additional payments of \$105.4 million to be made through the second quarter of 2026, and payments of approximately \$118.9 million for the purchase of property and equipment, and payments of \$50.9 million for the purchase of land, which is intended for ongoing data center development.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we paid approximately \$331.2 million in deposits and payments for the purchase of miners, paid approximately \$203.8 million for our investment in marketable securities, and paid approximately \$182.1 million for the purchase of property and equipment.

Financing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, net cash provided by financing activities primarily consisted of proceeds from our ATM Program offerings of \$199.6 million and \$746.4 million, respectively. We have approximately \$854.0 million in total principal on our debt outstanding, primarily consisting of \$594.4 million from our 2030 Notes, \$200.0 million from our bitcoin-backed credit facility, \$54.3 million from our revolving credit facilities, and \$5.7 million of debt acquired as part of the Block Mining Acquisition. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we received total net proceeds of \$254.3 million from the issuance of debt. We have primarily financed our strategic growth through proceeds from issuances of our common stock through ATM Program offerings and various credit facilities, and it is reasonably likely that we will continue to finance our ongoing growth similarly.

Critical Accounting Policies

In preparing our financial statements in accordance with GAAP, there are certain accounting policies that may require a choice between acceptable accounting methods or may require substantial judgment or estimation in their application. The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results we report in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. An accounting estimate is considered critical if both (i) the nature of the estimates or assumptions is material due to the levels of subjectivity and judgment involved, and (ii) the impact within a reasonable range of outcomes of the estimates and assumptions is material to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. These include: business combinations, valuation of the Rockdale PPA and the Corsicana PPA, long-lived assets and stock-based compensation. We believe these and other accounting policies set forth in Note 2. *Significant Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Pronouncements* should be reviewed as they are integral to understanding our results of operations and financial condition.

We have discussed the selection of critical accounting policies and the effect of estimates with the Audit Committee of our Board.

Business combinations

Accounting for business combinations requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially at the acquisition date, including estimates for property and equipment and contingent consideration, where applicable. Although we believe our assumptions and estimates have been reasonable and appropriate, they are based in part on historical experience and information obtained from management of the acquired companies and are inherently uncertain. Estimates used in determining the value of property and equipment included the estimated replacement costs, which included replacement cost new, remaining life, and effective age. Estimates primarily used in determining the value of the contingent consideration included the timing and probability of achieving milestones and discount rates.

Rockdale PPA and Corsicana PPA Valuations

The Rockdale PPA and the Corsicana PPA are accounted for as derivatives, the valuations of which are based on significant unobservable inputs, which include discounted cash flow estimation models containing quoted commodity exchange spot and forward prices and are adjusted for basis spreads for load zone-to-hub differentials through the respective terms of the Rockdale PPA and the Corsicana PPA. Significant judgment and estimations are required when creating the discounted cash flow estimation models. Should our discounted cash flow estimation models change significantly, potentially material changes to the fair value of the derivative asset may result, which could have a material impact on our financial statements.

See Note 9. *Power Supply Agreements* for a discussion of the unobservable inputs and their impact on the valuation.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Judgment is necessary in estimating our various assets' useful lives. This includes evaluating our own usage experience with our currently owned assets, the quality of materials used in construction-related projects, and for our miners, the rate of technological advancement and market-related factors such as the price of bitcoin and the bitcoin network hash rate, which impact the value of the miners. Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable, which is determined based on a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. Significant judgment is used when estimating future cash flows, particularly the price of bitcoin and the bitcoin network hash rate. If such assets are considered impaired, an impairment is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets.

Should our estimates of useful lives, undiscounted future cash flows, or asset fair values change, additional and potentially material impairments may be required, which could have a material impact on our reported financial results.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense related to share-based payment awards is recognized at the grant date of the award and is estimated based on the fair market value of our common stock on the date of the grant. Compensation cost for performance-based, share-based payment awards is recognized over the performance period when achievement of the milestones and targets becomes probable. We use significant judgment in determining the likelihood of meeting milestones and market conditions. Inputs into valuation models such as Monte Carlo simulations include both the Company's and the Russell 3000's historical and expected annual volatilities, and depending on the inputs selected, we could calculate significantly different estimated grant date fair values, materially impacting the valuation of our stock-based awards and the stock-based compensation expense we recognize in future periods.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2, *Significant Accounting Policies and Recent Accounting Pronouncements* for a description of applicable recent accounting pronouncements and any material impact on our financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The following discussion about our market risk exposures involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in our forward-looking statements. For more information regarding the forward-looking statements used in this section and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, see the "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" at the forefront of this Quarterly Report.

The sensitivity analyses disclosed below provide only a limited, point-in-time view of the market risk of the financial instruments discussed. The actual impact of the respective underlying rates and price changes on the financial instruments may differ significantly from those shown in the sensitivity analyses.

Risks Regarding the Price of Bitcoin

Our business and development strategy is focused on maintaining and expanding our Bitcoin Mining operations to maximize the amount of new bitcoin rewards we earn. As of September 30, 2025, we held 19,287 bitcoin recognized at its fair value of \$2.2 billion.

We cannot accurately predict the future market price of bitcoin, the future value of which will affect revenue from our operations, and any future declines in the fair value of the bitcoin we mine and hold for our account would be reported in our financial statements and results of operations as a charge against net income, which could have a material adverse effect on the market price for our securities.

The following table presents the impact of 10% changes in the price of bitcoin on our bitcoin holdings during the applicable period:

| | For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 | | For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | 10% Increase in Price of Bitcoin | 10% Decrease in Price of Bitcoin | 10% Increase in Price of Bitcoin | 10% Decrease in Price of Bitcoin |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Net Income | \$ 220,020 | \$ (220,020) | \$ 49,372 | \$ (49,372) |

Risks Regarding the Price of Power

The following table presents the impact of 10% changes in the future power prices (taking into account the dates of maturity of our various fixed price PPAs) used to derive the fair value of the Rockdale PPA and the Corsicana PPA derivative assets:

| | <u>For the nine months ended September 30, 2025</u> | | <u>For the nine months ended September 30, 2024</u> | |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | <u>10% Increase in</u> | <u>10% Decrease in</u> | <u>10% Increase in</u> | <u>10% Decrease in</u> |
| | <u>Future Power Prices</u> | <u>Future Power Prices</u> | <u>Future Power Prices</u> | <u>Future Power Prices</u> |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Net Income | \$ 41,702 | \$ (41,702) | \$ 42,441 | \$ (42,441) |

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of September 30, 2025 to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

Based on this evaluation, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of September 30, 2025.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In July and December 2024, we acquired 100% of the equity interests of Block Mining and E4A Solutions, respectively. We are currently in the process of integrating the Block Mining and E4A Solutions operations, control processes, and information systems into our systems and control environment and expect to include them in scope of design and operation of our internal control over financial reporting for the year ending December 31, 2025. We believe that we have taken the necessary steps to monitor and maintain appropriate internal control over financial reporting during this integration. Other than changes made in connection with the acquisitions of Block Mining and E4A Solutions, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Disclosure under this Item is incorporated by reference to the disclosure provided in Note 17. *Commitments and Contingencies*.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investors should carefully review and consider the information regarding certain factors that could materially affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows and equity as set forth herein and in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of our 2024 Annual Report. We may disclose changes to our risk factors or disclose additional risk factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe not to be material may also adversely impact our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flow and equity.

The following risk factors are in addition to those presented in our 2024 Annual Report:

Risks Related to Our Business

We have only recently begun to explore the development of AI/HPC infrastructure at the Corsicana Facility, and there can be no assurance that this initiative will be successful.

We have commenced initial development activities to evaluate and potentially build out a portion of the Corsicana Facility for AI/HPC applications. This initiative is in its early stages, and we may encounter unforeseen technical, operational, or financial challenges. There can be no assurance that we will complete the buildout at the Corsicana Facility as planned, on schedule, or within budget, or that the facility will operate as intended once completed.

Changes in U.S. trade policy, including the imposition of tariffs and the resulting consequences, may have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

To maintain and further develop our Bitcoin Mining operations, we must procure mining hardware and other Bitcoin Mining technology. Additionally, the development and potential expansion of our Facilities requires large quantities of construction materials, specialized electricity distribution equipment and other critical components, all of which are in high demand and may be difficult to source. While we proactively procure products and materials from our suppliers in sufficient quantities to facilitate deployment at scale, we cannot predict the effect of the recently imposed U.S. tariffs on imports, or the extent to which other countries will impose quotas, duties, tariffs, taxes or other similar restrictions upon the import or export of products and materials we require for our operations, nor can we predict future trade policy or the terms of any renegotiated trade agreements and their impact on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Our success in the AI/HPC sector depends on our ability to attract and retain qualified third-party partners and customers.

We are relying on third-party consultants, vendors, and potential customers to support the development and commercialization of the AI/HPC infrastructure. Our ability to generate revenue from this initiative depends on securing long-term, creditworthy customers and partners. If we are unable to do so, or if these parties fail to perform as expected, our investment may not yield the anticipated returns.

Our expansion into AI/HPC may divert resources from our core Bitcoin mining operations, limit our power capacity for mining, and introduce operational complexity.

While we intend to continue our Bitcoin mining operations, the allocation of resources to support AI/HPC development may reduce the capital, personnel, infrastructure and power capacity available for our mining business. In particular, the diversion of power capacity to AI/HPC workloads may limit our ability to deploy that power for Bitcoin mining, which is a highly competitive and capital-intensive industry. As a result, we may be unable to expand our deployed hash rate (EH/s) at the pace of our competitors, potentially diminishing our market share and profitability. Managing multiple distinct lines of business may increase operational complexity and place additional demands on our management, technical, and support teams, which could negatively affect our overall performance, strategic execution, and profitability.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table presents our repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2025:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased (a) | Average Price Paid per Share (b) | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| July 1, 2025 through July 31, 2025 | 217,665 | \$ 11.27 | N/A | N/A |
| August 1, 2025 through August 31, 2025 | - | - | N/A | N/A |
| September 1, 2025 through September 30, 2025 | 10,280 | 19.03 | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 227,945 | \$ 11.62 | | |

- (a) During the quarter ended September 30, 2025, pursuant to our 2019 Equity Incentive Plan, certain of our employees surrendered shares of common stock to us to satisfy statutory minimum federal and state tax obligations associated with the vesting of restricted stock awards.
- (b) The price paid per share is based on the closing price of our common stock as of the date of the determination of the statutory minimum for federal and state tax obligations.

Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended September 30, 2025, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) adopted, modified, or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of our securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 arrangement" as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K ("10b5-1 Plan"), except as follows:

On August 25, 2025, Jason Les, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, entered into a 10b5-1 Plan providing for the potential sale of up to 1,050,000 shares of our common stock, subject to sales only when the market price of our common stock is higher than certain minimum threshold prices between the first potential sale date of December 1, 2025 and the scheduled expiration date of the 10b5-1 Plan of November 2, 2026.

On September 4, 2025, Colin Yee, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, entered into a 10b5-1 Plan providing for the potential sale of up to 48,577 shares of our common stock. The first sale date shall be April 1, 2026, and the 10b5-1 Plan shall remain in effect until the earlier of the scheduled expiration date of April 1, 2027, or such time as the 10b5-1 Plan is otherwise terminated according to its terms.

Item 6. Index of Exhibits

The following are incorporated by reference herein to the exhibit previously filed with the SEC at the location indicated below or are filed herewith as indicated below:

| Exhibit | Description | Location |
|----------------|---|---|
| 2.1 | Plan of Merger, dated effective as of December 30, 2022, by and between Riot Blockchain, Inc. and Riot Platforms, Inc. | Exhibit 2.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 3, 2023. |
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation filed September 19, 2017. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 25, 2017. |
| 3.2 | Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Riot Blockchain, Inc. dated November 21, 2022. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 23, 2022. |
| 3.3 | Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Riot Platforms, Inc. dated June 13, 2024. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 18, 2024. |
| 3.4 | Amended and Restated Bylaws effective June 27, 2023. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 30, 2023. |
| 3.5 | Articles of Merger between Bioptix, Inc. and Riot Blockchain, Inc. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 4, 2017. |
| 3.6 | Articles of Merger between Riot Blockchain, Inc. and Riot Platforms, Inc. | Exhibit 3.1 of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 3, 2023. |
| 31.1 | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) - Certification of Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer). | Filed herewith. |
| 31.2 | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) - Certification of Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer). | Filed herewith. |
| 32.1 | Section 1350 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Principal Executive Officer). | Filed herewith. |
| 32.2 | Section 1350 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Principal Financial Officer). | Filed herewith. |
| 101 | Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language). The following from this Quarterly Report, formatted in iXBRL (inline XBRL): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024; (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024; (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024; (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024; (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024; and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. | Filed herewith. |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101). | Filed herewith. |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: October 30, 2025

RIOT PLATFORMS, INC.
(Registrant)

/s/ Jason Les

Jason Les
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Colin Yee

Colin Yee
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Jason Les, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Riot Platforms, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2025;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 30, 2025

/s/ Jason Les

Jason Les
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Colin Yee, certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Riot Platforms, Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2025;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 30, 2025

/s/ Colin Yee

Colin Yee
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Riot Platforms, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of the Company, Jason Les, hereby certifies, pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

October 30, 2025

/s/ Jason Les

Jason Les
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Riot Platforms, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) of the Company, Colin Yee, hereby certifies, pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

October 30, 2025

/s/ Colin Yee

Colin Yee

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)
