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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

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**FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013**

**Commission File No. 001-33866**

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**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<b>Delaware</b>	<b>No. 45-0357838</b>
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**644 East Beaton Drive  
West Fargo, ND 58078-2648**  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**(701) 356-0130**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class: **Common Stock, \$0.00001 Par Value**

Name of each exchange on which registered: **The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **None**

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☒

Non-accelerated filer ☐  
(Do not check if a

Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates as of July 31, 2012 was approximately \$483.3 million (based on the last sale price of \$28.44 per share on such date as reported on The NASDAQ Global Select Market).

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of March 31, 2013 was 21,096,115 shares.

#### **DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Portions of the proxy statement for the registrant's 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III of this report.

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We make available, free of charge, copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act on our web site, <http://www.titanmachinery.com>, as soon as reasonably practicable after filing such material electronically or otherwise furnishing it to the SEC. We are not including the information on our web site as a part of, or incorporating it by reference into, our Form 10-K.

## ITEM 1. BUSINESS

### Our Company

#### *Overview*

We own and operate a network of full service agricultural and construction equipment stores in the United States and Europe. Based upon information provided to us by CNH Global N.V. or its U.S. subsidiary CNH America, LLC, collectively referred to in this Form 10-K as CNH, we are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world, the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America and a major retail dealer of New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction equipment in the U.S. We have two primary business segments, Agriculture and Construction, within which we sell and rent new and used equipment, sell parts, and service the equipment in the areas surrounding our stores.

The agricultural equipment we sell and service includes machinery and attachments for uses ranging from large-scale farming to home and garden purposes. The construction equipment we sell and service includes heavy construction and light industrial machinery for commercial and residential construction, road and highway construction and mining. Within each of our operating segments, we engage in four principal business activities:

- new and used equipment sales;
- parts sales;
- repair and maintenance services; and
- equipment rental and other activities.

The new equipment and parts we sell are supplied primarily by CNH. CNH is a leading manufacturer and supplier of agricultural and construction equipment, primarily through the Case IH Agriculture, New Holland Agriculture, Case Construction and New Holland Construction brands. We acquire used equipment for resale through trade-ins from our customers and selective purchases. We also sell parts and provide in-store and on-site repair and maintenance services. We also rent equipment and provide ancillary services such as equipment transportation, Global Positioning System ("GPS") signal subscriptions and finance and insurance products.

We offer our customers a one-stop solution by providing equipment and parts sales, repair and maintenance services and rental functions in each store. Our full service approach provides us with multiple points of customer contact and substantial cross-selling opportunities. We believe our mix of equipment and recurring parts and service sales enables us to operate effectively throughout economic cycles. We also believe our significant scale, superior customer service, diverse and stable customer base, management reporting system and experienced management team provide us with a competitive advantage in many of our local markets.

Throughout our 33-year operating history we have built an extensive, geographically contiguous network of 106 stores in the U.S., including two outlet stores, and 14 stores in Europe. Our Agriculture stores in the U.S. are located in highly productive farming regions, including the Red River valley in eastern North Dakota and northwestern Minnesota, certain portions of the corn belt in Iowa, eastern South Dakota and southern Minnesota, and along the Interstate-80 corridor in Nebraska, which sits on top of the Ogallala Aquifer. Our Agriculture stores in Europe are located in Bulgaria, Romania, Serbia and Ukraine. Our Construction stores are located in Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Our executives have extensive industry experience. David Meyer, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, founded our company in 1980. In 2002, we acquired two stores owned by C.I. Farm Power, Inc., a business owned by our President and Chief Operating Officer, Peter Christianson, which

he co-founded in 1988. Based on our collective industry experience, we developed the Titan Operating Model, which combines management accountability and decision-making at the store level with centralized, back-office support and expertise. Our executives work closely with our store managers to develop the managers' industry knowledge and ensure these managers achieve operational excellence consistent with our management philosophy.

We have a history of successful growth through acquisitions. Since January 1, 2003, we have completed 51 acquisitions consisting of 109 stores operating in 11 states and four European countries, including 36 acquisitions consisting of 78 stores completed since our initial public offering on December 11, 2007. We have a well-established track record of successfully integrating acquired stores through the Titan Operating Model, retaining acquired-store employees and maintaining acquired-store customer relationships. We expect that acquisitions will continue to be an important component of our consolidated and segment growth.

## **Industry Overview**

### *Agricultural Equipment Industry*

Agricultural equipment is purchased primarily for the production of food, fiber, feed grain and feedstock for renewable energy. Certain equipment is also purchased for home and garden applications and maintenance of commercial, residential and government properties. Deere & Company ("Deere"), CNH and AGCO Corporation are the largest global manufacturers of agricultural equipment and supply a full line of equipment and parts that address the primary machinery requirements of farmers. For the most recent fiscal year-ends for which information is currently available, revenue from agriculture operations was \$27.1 billion for Deere, \$15.7 billion for CNH and \$10.0 billion for AGCO Corporation. In addition to the major manufacturers, several short-line manufacturers produce specialized equipment that addresses regional and niche requirements of farmers. Agricultural equipment manufacturers typically grant dealers in the U.S. authorized store locations, not exclusive territories, to distribute their products.

We believe there are many factors that influence demand for agricultural equipment, parts and repair and maintenance services, including commodity markets, interest rates, government policies, weather and general economic conditions. Any of these conditions can change materially in a short time period, creating volatility in demand for our products and services at any point in time. Government policies also influence demand for agricultural equipment. Legislation, most notably the U.S. Farm Bill and the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002, attempts to stabilize the agriculture industry through various policies including (i) commodity programs consisting of direct, counter-cyclical and price support payments to farmers; (ii) conservation programs; (iii) crop insurance programs; and (iv) disaster relief programs. We believe that these various federal policies reduce financial volatility and help ensure that farmers operate their farms and equipment during economic down cycles, thus stabilizing demand for equipment, replacement parts and repair and maintenance services.

### *Construction Equipment Industry*

Construction equipment is purchased primarily for commercial, residential and infrastructure construction, as well as for demolition, maintenance, mining, energy production and forestry operations. The market for construction equipment is segmented across multiple categories including earth moving, lifting, light industrial, asphalt and paving, and concrete and aggregate equipment. We believe Caterpillar, Inc., Komatsu Ltd., the Volvo Group, Deere, CNH, Terex Corporation and Ingersoll-Rand Co. Ltd. are the largest global manufacturers of construction equipment. These companies generated revenue from their construction operations of \$63.1 billion for Caterpillar Inc., \$24.2 billion for Komatsu Ltd., \$9.8 billion for Volvo Group, \$6.4 billion for Deere, \$3.8 billion for

CNH and \$1.3 billion for Terex Corporation for the most recent fiscal year-ends for which information is currently available. As in the agricultural equipment market, distribution of construction equipment in the U.S. is executed primarily by manufacturer authorized dealers; however, manufacturers' dealership agreements in the construction industry typically assign exclusive distribution territories.

Construction machinery is generally divided into "heavy" and "light" subgroups. Heavy machinery includes large wheel loaders, large tracked excavators, cranes, crawler dozers, motor graders and articulated haul trucks. Light machinery includes backhoe landscape tractors, forklifts, compact excavators and skid steers. Heavy machinery is generally purchased by construction companies, municipalities, local governments, rental fleet owners, quarrying and mining companies, waste management companies and forestry-related organizations. Typically, light machinery is purchased by contractors, rental fleet owners, landscapers, logistics companies, farmers and recreational users. Although demand for construction equipment is affected by weather and seasonal factors, it is usually less susceptible to seasonal changes than the agricultural equipment industry.

CNH and industry reports show demand for construction equipment in our markets is driven by several factors, including (i) public infrastructure spending on roads, highways, sewer and water projects, and other public works projects; (ii) public and private expenditures for the energy and mining industries, which is driven in part by demand for fossil fuels, metals and other commodities; and (iii) general economic and market conditions of the construction sector for residential and commercial buildings. We expect to benefit from the need for equipment to establish the infrastructure necessary to extract natural resources, particularly in North Dakota, as consumer and wholesale consumption accelerates.

### **Titan Operating Model**

We believe the Titan Operating Model is a key element to our continued success. Through the Titan Operating Model, we empower leadership and share best practices at the store level while realizing efficiencies at the corporate level. We believe exceptional customer service is most effectively attained through accountable store employees who are supported by centralized administrative, finance and marketing functions. By managing our business as a network of independent stores supported by a centralized, shared resources group, we ensure coordination of the entire enterprise while promoting the development of local business and customer relationships at the store level. We have implemented the Titan Operating Model in our North American stores within our Agriculture and Construction reporting segments.

#### *Strong Store Model*

Each of our stores is run by a store manager who is reviewed and compensated based on the store's achievement of revenue, profitability, market share and balance sheet objectives. Also, each store is typically staffed by a parts manager, a service manager and field marketers, and our Construction stores are staffed with rental account managers, all of whom report directly to the store manager. Under our operating model, decision-making for customer-related issues is decentralized, with each store manager responsible for matters such as the type of equipment to stock, equipment pricing, staffing levels and customer satisfaction. This operating model enables each store manager to concentrate on customers' equipment, parts, service and rental needs, while our shared resources group manages the administrative functions of the store. We believe customers in our industry view store managers and sales and service personnel as important partners in operating their businesses. Therefore, we believe developing and supporting strong store managers enables us to grow same-store sales through fostering new customer relationships and further developing existing customer relationships.

### *Shared Resources*

Our shared resources group provides a range of services to support our stores, including warranty and service administration, information technology support, administration, marketing campaigns, human resources management, finance and insurance, central purchasing, accounting, legal, data administration and cash management. We believe these functions can be run more efficiently when combined and can provide more sophisticated tools to our store managers than an independent dealership could support alone. We maintain accountability through our management reporting systems, which provide data on certain key operational and financial metrics on a daily basis, as well as a comprehensive review of financial performance on a monthly basis. We believe the services provided by our shared resources group enables our stores to achieve a higher level of customer service by freeing them from certain general and administrative functions and enables a more competitive market presence at a lower cost than if our stores operated independently. Furthermore, as we acquire new stores, we believe the shared services required to support these stores will grow at a lower rate than our overall growth in store count.

### *Management Development and Succession Planning*

Our executives work closely with our regional and store managers and mid-level corporate managers to ensure the managers benefit from our executives' industry knowledge and execute operational excellence in line with our management philosophy. We also conduct formal meetings on a monthly basis with our store managers and regional managers to assess operational and financial objectives, develop near-term strategies and share best practices across the organization. We believe the relationships between our executives, segment vice presidents, regional managers, store managers and mid-level corporate managers will sustain our financial success through continued implementation of our effective operating model, by providing a strong pool of capable successors to our current team of executives, regional managers and store managers. Further, we seek to staff our stores with entrepreneurial individuals trained, including through our programs, and motivated to progress to higher level management positions.

### **Business Strengths**

In addition to the Titan Operating Model, we believe the following attributes of our business model and market position are important factors in our ability to compete effectively and achieve our long-term financial objectives:

#### *Leading North American Equipment Provider with Significant Scale*

According to CNH, we are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world, the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America and a major retail dealer of New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction equipment in the U.S. We believe our size and large, contiguous geographic market provide us with several competitive advantages including:

- our ability to manage inventory by empowering each individual store with inventory management responsibility and access to our centralized inventory management system, thus allowing inventory exchanges among the stores, which permits us to maintain only the inventory deemed needed by each store while providing significant breadth of parts and equipment to our customers;
- our ability to use expanded sales channels, including used equipment listings hosted on our website, which enables us to offer our customers alternative purchasing options; and



- our ability to sell inventory to customers in a large geographic area covering Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, which enables us to capitalize on crop diversification and disparate weather throughout this area, as well as local trends in residential, infrastructure and commercial construction.

#### *Customer Focus at the Local Level*

As part of the Titan Operating Model, we centralize general and administrative functions and finance resources. This strategy enables our store employees to focus exclusively on customers and eliminates redundant operating expenses. We also centralize our marketing resources to offer our stores and field marketers professional marketing support that includes targeted direct mailings, advertising with targeted local media outlets, participation in and sponsorship of trade shows and industry events, our Titan Trader monthly magazine, and our hosting of open houses, service clinics, equipment demonstrations, product showcases and customer appreciation outings. We believe this operating structure, which focuses on serving our customers on a local level, will allow us to increase market share.

#### *Superior Customer Service to Attract and Retain Customers*

We believe our ability to respond quickly to our customers' demands is key to profitable growth. Our executives are committed to maintaining a customer-focused culture. We spend significant time and resources training our employees to effectively service our customers in each of our local markets, which we believe will increase our revenue. Our training program involves active participation in all manufacturer-sponsored training programs and the use of industry experts as consultants for customized training programs and a training team to assist in the integration of newly-acquired operations. We also partner with several technical colleges to sponsor students who we plan to eventually employ. In particular, the following capabilities enable us to better service our customers:

- our ability to staff a large number of highly-trained service technicians across our network of stores, which makes it possible to schedule repair services on short notice without affecting our technician utilization rates;
- our ability to staff and leverage product and application specialists across our network of stores, which makes it possible to offer valuable pre-sale and aftermarket services, including equipment training, best practices education and precision farming technology support; and
- our ability to innovate and lead our industry through initiatives such as Rural Tower Network, our joint venture with certain local Caterpillar and Deere dealerships to deploy a GPS guidance system in support of precision farming in our core geographic market, which provides our customers with the latest advances in technology and operating practices.

#### *Unique Entrepreneurial Culture to Attract and Retain Superior Employees*

We created a unique entrepreneurial culture that empowers our employees to make decisions and act within the parameters of a proven operating process and system. We believe this culture and our size gives us a competitive advantage in attracting and retaining the best employees in our industry. We developed an operating system and process that provides our employees with defined objectives and frequent feedback of results within an entrepreneurial environment that allows them to work independently yet consistently throughout our company. Through this operating system and process we have established defined financial metrics on a balanced scorecard, which is used monthly with each store manager to assess performance. Each store manager is empowered to operate the individual store as appropriate within the guidelines set by the operating system and process. This balanced management philosophy enables our employees to understand clearly how they succeed in our

organization and how to interact with customers who expect a level of autonomy from our employees. Our compensation system focuses on rewarding our employees for high performance, thus enabling us to retain most of those employees who perform at or above expectations. This system also enables us to attract talented individuals outside of our industry and train them to perform at a high level within a relatively short period of time.

#### *Diverse and Stable Customer Base to Avoid Market Volatility*

We believe our large and diverse customer base limits our exposure to risks associated with customer concentration and fluctuations in local market conditions. We have long and stable relationships with many of our customers. During fiscal 2013, none of our customers accounted for more than 1.0% of our total revenue. During fiscal 2013, we did not derive material revenues from external customers located outside of the United States.

#### *Information Technology Systems*

Our management reporting systems provide the data and reports that facilitate our ability to make informed decisions. We use these systems to actively manage our business and enable each store to access the available inventory of our other stores before ordering additional parts or equipment from our suppliers. As a result, we manage our investment in inventory while promptly satisfying our customers' parts and equipment needs. Our customer relationship management system provides sales and customer information and other organizational tools to assist our field marketers, parts managers and service managers. In addition, our management reporting systems facilitate training and foster development of management personnel.

#### *Experienced Management Team to Implement our Growth Strategy*

Our executive team is led by David Meyer, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and Peter Christianson, our President and Chief Operating Officer, who have approximately 38 and 34 years, respectively, of industry experience. Our segment vice presidents, regional managers, store managers and field marketers also have extensive knowledge and experience in our industry. In addition, we compensate, develop and review our regional managers and store managers based on an approach that aligns their incentives with the goals and objectives of our company, including achievement of revenue, profitability, market share and balance sheet objectives. We believe the strength of our management team will help our success in the marketplace.

### **Growth Strategy**

We pursue the following growth strategies:

#### *Increase Market Share and Same-Store Sales*

We focus on increasing our share of the equipment sold in our markets because our market share impacts current period revenue and compounds our revenue over the life of the equipment sold through recurring parts and service business. We seek to generate same-store growth and increase market share through:

- employing significant marketing and advertising programs, including targeted direct mailings, advertising with targeted local media outlets, participation in and sponsorship of trade shows and industry events, our Titan Trader monthly magazine, and by hosting open houses, service clinics, equipment demonstrations, product showcases and customer appreciation outings;
- supporting and providing customers with training for evolving technologies, such as precision farming, that are difficult for single-store operators to support;

- maintaining state-of-the-art service facilities, mobile service trucks and trained service technicians to maximize our customers' equipment uptime through preventative maintenance programs and seasonal 24/7 service support; and
- utilizing our inventory system to maximize parts and equipment availability for our customers.

#### *Pursue Strategic Acquisitions*

The agricultural and construction equipment industries are fragmented and consist of many relatively small, independent businesses servicing discrete local markets. We believe a favorable climate for dealership consolidation exists due to several factors, including the competitiveness of our industry, growing dealer capitalization requirements and the lack of succession alternatives for current owners. We intend to continue to evaluate and pursue acquisitions with the objectives of entering new markets, consolidating distribution within our established network and strengthening our competitive position.

We have a track record of completing and integrating acquisitions and have successfully used acquisitions to enter new markets. We look to add stores through acquisitions that offer attractive growth opportunities, high demand for the equipment we sell and services we offer, management strength, and contiguity with our existing geography. These factors have guided us to successful acquisition candidates.

We believe that we are effectively able to identify attractive acquisition candidates due to our leadership position in the industry, our track record of completing and integrating acquisitions, and our contacts in and knowledge of our industry and geographic region. We regularly assess the acquisition landscape, evaluating potential acquisition candidates in terms of their availability and desirability to our long-term growth strategy. In addition, we believe acquisition economics in our industry have been and will continue to be conducive to executing our long-term growth strategy. Typically, we acquire only the fixed assets, working capital and selected inventory we believe are necessary to run an efficient store based on the Titan Operating Model and assume only the liabilities related to financing the inventory and working capital acquired, although we sometimes acquire all the equity of a company. We, therefore, typically calculate our net purchase price of an acquisition as the value paid for the assets acquired less the amount of any liabilities assumed. Upon completion of an acquisition we seek to re-finance the inventory acquired according to the parts and floorplan financing parameters of the Titan Operating Model. We believe our management team's experience in evaluating potential acquisition candidates helps them determine whether a particular dealership can be successfully integrated into our existing operations and enables them to structure mutually beneficial purchase terms.

The consent of CNH is required to acquire any CNH dealership. The consent of the group of banks led by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate") is required for the acquisition of dealerships meeting certain thresholds or other criteria defined in our Senior Secured Credit Facility, as amended and restated (the "Credit Agreement").

We have completed the acquisition of 51 dealers, totaling 109 stores, since January 1, 2003. Of these acquisitions, 38 dealers consisting of 69 stores are included in the Agriculture segment and 13 dealers consisting of 40 stores are included in the Construction segment. Certain stores are included in the Agriculture segment but also sell some construction equipment. See Item 2 for more information about our current store locations.

#### *Integrate New Dealers into the Titan Operating Model*

We have developed the Titan Operating Model to optimize the performance and profitability of each of our stores. Upon consummation of each North American acquisition, we integrate acquired stores into our operations by implementing the Titan Operating Model to enhance each acquired

store's performance within its target market. We generally complete integration of a store within 18 months, although it may take longer for acquired stores to fully realize the benefits of the Titan Operating Model. We believe the Titan Operating Model provides us with multiple points of customer contact, creates cross-selling opportunities, fosters strong customer relationships and supports a culture of individual accountability that increases our revenue and provides a strong platform for future growth.

## Suppliers

### *CNH—Case IH Agriculture, Case Construction, New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction*

We have a longstanding relationship with CNH and, according to CNH, are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world and the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America. We have been an authorized dealer of Case agricultural equipment since our inception in 1980. We added the other CNH brands as Case grew, acquired other brands and merged with New Holland in 1999 to form CNH. Approximately 82% of the new agricultural equipment and 64% of the new construction equipment we sold in fiscal 2013 was purchased from CNH.

CNH is a global leader in the agricultural and construction equipment industries based on the number of units sold. In 2012, CNH had \$20.4 billion in worldwide revenue, with agricultural equipment accounting for approximately 77% and construction equipment accounting for approximately 18% of CNH's total revenue. In addition, CNH provides financing and insurance products and services to its end-user customers and authorized dealers through its CNH Capital America, LLC ("CNH Capital") business unit. CNH is a publicly-traded company and a majority-owned subsidiary of Fiat Industrial S.p.A.

CNH is the world's second largest manufacturer of agricultural equipment. CNH owns and operates the Case IH Agriculture and New Holland Agriculture brands. Case IH Agriculture, recognized by the red color of its equipment, possesses over 160 years of farm equipment heritage. New Holland Agriculture, recognized by the blue color of its tractors and the yellow color of its harvesting and hay equipment, has over 100 years of farm equipment industry experience. CNH's agricultural equipment dealers are assigned authorized store locations but do not have exclusive territories.

CNH is one of the world's largest manufacturers of construction equipment in terms of market share, owning and operating the Case Construction, New Holland Construction and Kobelco brands. CNH's construction equipment dealers are assigned a specific geographic area of responsibility within which the dealers have the right to sell new Case Construction, New Holland Construction and/or Kobelco equipment.

We have entered into separate dealership agreements with certain CNH entities to sell the Case IH Agriculture, New Holland Agriculture, Case Construction and New Holland Construction brands. These dealer agreements authorize us to sell CNH equipment and parts and entitle us to use CNH trademarks and trade names, with certain restrictions. The CNH entities have the right to terminate their dealer agreements with us immediately in certain circumstances, including if a person acquires 20% or more of our common stock without CNH's consent, and, in some cases, for any reason 90 days following written notice. The dealership agreements and industry practices generally provide that payment on equipment and parts purchased from CNH entities is due within 30 days and is typically subject to floorplan financing as discussed below. With respect to sales of equipment, payments from customers, which are typically financed by a third party, are due upon sale. Payments from customers for parts and services are due within 30 days. CNH makes available to us any floorplans, parts return programs, sales or incentive programs or similar plans or programs it offers to other dealers, and provides us with promotional items and marketing materials.

Based upon information provided to us by CNH, we are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world, the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America and a major retail dealer of New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction equipment in the U.S. Thus, our relationship with CNH entities is more than a typical supply relationship; it is strategic for both our company and CNH. In that regard, it is in our mutual interests to maintain the longstanding strong relationship we share.

#### *Other Suppliers*

In addition to products supplied by CNH, we sell a variety of new equipment, parts and attachments supplied by other manufacturers. These products tend to address specialized niche markets and complement the CNH products we sell by filling gaps in the CNH line of products. We believe our offering of products for specialized niche markets supports our goal of being a one-stop solution for equipment needs at each of our stores. Approximately 21% of our total new equipment sales in fiscal 2013 resulted from sales of products manufactured by companies other than CNH, with our single largest manufacturer other than CNH representing approximately 2% of our total new equipment sales. The terms of our arrangements with these other suppliers vary, but most of the dealership agreements contain termination provisions allowing the supplier to terminate the agreement after a specified notice period, which is typically 30 days. Payment and financing practices with these other suppliers are similar to those practices described above with respect to CNH entities.

### **Operating Segments, Products and Services**

We operate our business in two reportable segments, Agriculture and Construction. Within each of our Agriculture and Construction segments, we have four principal sources of revenue: new and used equipment sales, parts sales, repair and maintenance service and equipment rental and other business activities. See Note 18 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this annual report for additional information regarding our segments and our international operations.

#### *Equipment Sales*

We sell new agricultural and construction equipment manufactured under the CNH family of brands as well as equipment from a variety of other manufacturers. The used equipment we sell is primarily from inventory acquired through trade-ins from our customers and selective purchases. The agricultural equipment we sell and service includes application equipment and sprayers, combines and attachments, hay and forage equipment, planting and seeding equipment, precision farming technology, tillage equipment, and tractors. The construction equipment we sell and service includes articulated trucks, compact track loaders, compaction equipment, cranes, crawler dozers, excavators, forklifts, loader/backhoes, loader/tool carriers, motor graders, skid steer loaders, telehandlers and wheel loaders. We sell new and used equipment through our in-house retail sales force, which is organized by geography and operating segment. We also sell used equipment through our outlet stores. We believe this organizational structure improves the effectiveness of our sales force, better serves our customers and helps us negotiate advantageous trade-in purchase terms. Equipment sales generate cross-selling opportunities for us by populating our markets with equipment we repair and maintain and for which we sell parts. For the year ended January 31, 2013, equipment revenue was \$1.8 billion, representing 80.3% of total revenue for the period.

#### *Parts Sales*

We sell a broad range of maintenance and replacement parts on equipment that we sell, as well as other types of equipment. We maintain an extensive in-house parts inventory to provide timely parts and repair and maintenance support to our customers. We generally are able to acquire out-of-stock parts directly from manufacturers within two business days. Our parts sales provide us with a relatively

stable revenue stream that is less sensitive to economic cycles than our equipment sales. For the year ended January 31, 2013, parts revenue was \$242.4 million, representing 11.0% of total revenue for the period.

#### *Repair and Maintenance Services*

We provide repair and maintenance services, including warranty repairs, for our customers' equipment. Each of our stores includes service bays staffed by trained service technicians. Our technicians are also available to make on-site repairs. In addition, we provide proactive and comprehensive customer service by maintaining service histories for each piece of equipment owned by our customers, maintaining 24/7 service hours in times of peak service usage, providing on-site repair services, scheduling off-season maintenance activities with customers, notifying customers of periodic service requirements and providing training programs to customers to educate them as to standard maintenance requirements. At the time equipment is purchased, we also offer customers the option of purchasing extended warranty protection provided by our suppliers. Our after-market services have historically provided us with a high-margin, relatively stable source of revenue through changing economic cycles. For the year ended January 31, 2013, service revenue was \$127.8 million, representing 5.8% of total revenue for the period.

#### *Equipment Rental and Other Business Activities*

We rent equipment to our customers on a short-term basis for periods ranging from a few days to a few months. We actively manage the size, quality, age and composition of our rental fleet and use our information technology systems to closely monitor and analyze customer demand and rate trends. We maintain the quality of our fleet through our on-site parts and services support and dispose of rental equipment through our retail sales force. Our rental activities create cross-selling opportunities for us in equipment sales. In addition, we provide ancillary equipment support activities such as equipment transportation, GPS signal subscriptions in connection with precision farming and reselling CNH Capital finance and insurance products. For the year ended January 31, 2013, rental and other revenue was \$64.4 million, representing 2.9% of total revenue for the period.

#### *Geographic Information*

Revenue generated from sales to customers outside of the United States was \$72.5 million, \$5.9 million and \$2.5 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of January 31, 2013 and 2012, \$5.4 million and \$2.1 million of our long-lived assets were held in our European subsidiaries, respectively.

#### **Customers**

Our Agriculture customers vary from small, single machine owners to large farming operations, primarily in the states of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota, and European countries of Bulgaria, Romania, Serbia and Ukraine. In fiscal 2013, no single customer accounted for more than 1.0% of our Agriculture revenue.

Our Construction customers include a wide range of construction contractors, public utilities, municipalities and maintenance contractors, primarily in the states of Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming. They vary from small, single machine owners to large contracting firms. In fiscal 2013, no single customer accounted for more than 1.0% of our Construction revenue.

Our stores enable us to closely service local and regional customers. We believe the Titan Operating Model enables us to satisfy customer requirements and increase revenue through cross-selling opportunities presented by the various products and services that we offer. Our U.S. customers primarily finance their equipment purchases through CNH Capital.

## **Floorplan Financing**

We attempt to maintain at each store, or have readily available at other stores in our network, sufficient inventory to satisfy customer needs. Inventory levels fluctuate throughout the year and tend to increase before the primary sales seasons for agricultural equipment. The cost of financing our inventory is an important factor affecting our financial results.

### *CNH Capital*

CNH Capital offers floorplan financing to CNH dealers to finance the purchase of inventory from both CNH and other suppliers. CNH Capital provides this financing in part to enable dealers to carry representative inventories of equipment and encourage the purchase of goods by dealers in advance of seasonal retail demand. CNH Capital charges variable market rates of interest based on the prime rate on balances outstanding after any interest-free periods and retains a security interest in all of our assets, including inventories, which it inspects periodically. The interest-free periods, which CNH offers periodically in the form of additional incentives or special offers, typically average four months for new and used agriculture equipment and new construction equipment. CNH Capital also provides financing for used equipment accepted in trade, repossessed equipment and approved equipment from other suppliers, and receives a security interest in such equipment.

### *Other Financing Sources for Equipment*

In addition to the financing provided by CNH Capital, financing also may be available through floorplan financing programs offered by our other suppliers, which may be financed by such suppliers themselves or through third party lenders.

### *Other Financing*

We have a Credit Agreement with the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate, which includes a \$375.0 million wholesale floorplan line of credit to finance equipment inventory purchases.

## **Sales and Marketing**

As part of the Titan Operating Model, we have centralized sales support and marketing management. All of our stores benefit from our centralized media buys, strategic planning, sales support and training. At the same time, however, we provide our store managers and their sales teams with flexibility to localize sales and marketing.

We currently market our products and services through:

- field marketers, our direct sales representatives who operate out of our network of local stores and call on customers in the markets surrounding each store;
- parts and service managers, who provide our customers with comprehensive after-market support;
- local and national advertising efforts, including broadcast, cable, print and web-based media; and
- our remarketing division, which trades and sells used equipment through our outlet store and website.

### *Field Marketers*

Our field marketers perform a variety of functions, such as servicing customers at our stores, calling on existing customers and soliciting new business at farming, construction and industrial sites. These field marketers target customers in specific areas, and we develop customized marketing programs for our sales force by analyzing each customer group for profitability, buying behavior and product selection. All members of our sales force are required to attend frequent in-house training sessions to develop product and application knowledge, sales techniques and financial acumen. Our sales force is supported by our corporate marketing department.

### *Parts and Service Managers*

Our parts and service managers are involved in our uptime service efforts, taking advantage of our seasonal marketing campaigns in parts and service sales. As a group, they have won multiple awards from our suppliers for their efforts benefiting both our customers and our key strategic partners.

### *Print, Broadcast and Web-Based Advertising Campaigns*

Each year we initiate several targeted direct mail, print and broadcast advertising and marketing campaigns. CNH and other suppliers periodically provide us with advertising funds, which we primarily use to promote new equipment, parts and financing programs. We will continue to explore and launch additional sales channels as appropriate, including, for example, new internet-based efforts.

### *Remarketing Division*

Our remarketing division capitalizes on sales opportunities for aged used equipment transferred out of our retail stores. We have opened two outlet stores that sell used equipment. In addition, we are actively engaged in marketing equipment through our website.

## **Competition**

The agricultural and construction equipment sales and distribution industries are highly competitive and fragmented, with large numbers of companies operating on a regional or local scale. Our competitors range from multi-location, regional operators to single-location, local dealers and include dealers and distributors of competing equipment brands, including Deere, Caterpillar and the AGCO family of brands, as well as other dealers and distributors of the CNH family of brands. Competition among equipment dealers, whether they offer agricultural or construction products or both, is primarily based on the price, value, reputation, quality and design of the products offered by the dealer, the customer service and repair and maintenance service provided by the dealer, the availability of equipment and parts and the accessibility of stores. While we believe we compete favorably on each of the identified competitive factors, our sales and margins may be impacted depending on (i) the extent of aggressive pricing competition through manufacturer discount programs or other competitive pricing tactics, (ii) our ability to obtain higher service gross margins based on our service quality and reputation and (iii) our ability to attract new and maintain existing customers based on the availability and quality of the products we offer and our local relationships and reputation.

The number of agricultural and construction equipment dealers operating on a regional scale is limited and we are one of the principal regional-scale agricultural and construction equipment dealers in the U.S. The primary regional-scale equipment dealers with whom we compete in the U.S. include RDO Equipment Co., Butler Machinery, Ziegler Inc. and Brandt Holdings Co. RDO Equipment Co. is a Deere and Vermeer agricultural and construction equipment dealer with 60 dealerships in nine states, including North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Arizona and Montana. Butler Machinery is a Caterpillar construction and AGCO agriculture equipment dealer with 13 locations in North Dakota and South Dakota. Ziegler Inc. is a Caterpillar construction and AGCO agriculture equipment dealer



with 23 locations in four states, including Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin. Brandt Holdings owns Deere, Vermeer and Bobcat construction and agricultural equipment dealers with 24 locations in eight states including Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

### **Information Technology Systems**

We are in the process of implementing a new enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system supported by JDEdwards that will replace our previous management reporting system, which was developed and supported by Dealer Information Systems Corporation. We have been implementing our new ERP system in stages and anticipate having all of our U.S. stores operating on it by the end of Fiscal 2014. Our information system enables us to closely monitor our performance and actively manage our business on a consolidated and segment basis and includes features that were enhanced to support the Titan Operating Model, including detailed store-based financial reporting, inventory management and customer relationship management.

Through our information system we maintain a complete database on inventory of parts and equipment and a centralized inventory control system for each segment. Our system enables each store to access the available inventory of our other stores before ordering additional parts or equipment from our suppliers. We are also able to monitor inventory levels and mix at each store and make adjustments in accordance with our operating plan. Finally, our system is externally connected to CNH, enabling us to locate CNH equipment and parts inventories, and communicate with other CNH dealers.

Our customer relationship management system provides sales and customer information and other organizational tools to assist our sales force. We maintain an extensive customer database that allows us to monitor the status and maintenance history of our customers' equipment and enables us to more effectively provide parts and services to meet their needs. We also use our relationship management information system and customer database to monitor sales information and customer demand.

The data we store in our information system is backed-up on a daily basis and stored at an off-site location. Thus, if our system were to become inoperable, we would be able to continue operations through an off-site data center. Further, we own the software and hardware necessary to operate this system and have employees trained to manage and maintain the software without reliance on external support.

### **Corporate Information**

We are incorporated as a Delaware corporation. Our executive offices are located at 644 East Beaton Drive, West Fargo, ND 58078-2648. Our telephone number is (701) 356-0130. We maintain a web site at [www.titanmachinery.com](http://www.titanmachinery.com).

### **Intellectual Property**

We have registered trademarks for certain names and designs used in our business and have trademark applications pending for certain others. We generally operate each of our stores under the Titan Machinery name. Case IH, Case and New Holland are registered trademarks of CNH, which we use in connection with advertisements and sales as authorized under our dealership agreements. We license trademarks and trade names of new equipment from other suppliers of equipment to us.

### **Product Warranties**

Product warranties for new equipment and parts are provided by our suppliers. The term and scope of these warranties vary greatly by supplier and by product. At the time equipment is purchased, we also offer customers the option of purchasing extended warranty protection provided by our suppliers. Suppliers pay us for repairs we perform to equipment under warranty. We generally sell used

equipment "as is" and without manufacturer's warranty, although manufacturers sometimes provide limited warranties if the supplier's original warranty is transferable and has not expired. Typically, we provide no additional warranties on used equipment.

### **Seasonality**

Our quarterly operating results are subject to fluctuation due to varying weather patterns, which may impact the timing and amount of equipment purchases, rentals, and after-sales parts and service purchases by our Agriculture and Construction customers.

### **Employees**

As of April 1, 2013, we employed 2,447 full-time and 336 part-time employees. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We believe our relations with our employees are good.

### **Governmental Regulation**

We are subject to numerous federal, state, and local rules and regulations, including regulations promulgated by the Environmental Protection Agency and similar state agencies, with respect to storing, shipping, disposing, discharging and manufacturing hazardous materials and hazardous and non-hazardous waste. These activities are associated with the repair and maintenance of equipment at our stores. Currently, none of our stores or operations exceeds small quantity generation status. Compliance with these rules and regulations has not had any material effect on our operations, nor do we expect it to in the future. Further, we have not made, and do not anticipate making, any material capital expenditures related to compliance with environmental regulations. However, there can be no assurance that these expectations are accurate, particularly if regulations change, unforeseen incidents occur or unknown past contamination or non-compliance is discovered, among other similar events.

## **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

### ***We are substantially dependent upon our relationship with CNH.***

The majority of our business involves the distribution and servicing of equipment manufactured by CNH. In fiscal 2013, CNH supplied approximately 82% of the new agricultural equipment and 64% of the new construction equipment we sold and represented a significant portion of our parts revenue. We also distribute equipment purchased from certain other equipment manufacturers. Our business depends on the continued market acceptance of our manufacturers' products. We also depend on our manufacturers for the timely supply of parts and equipment to fulfill our deliveries to customers.

CNH's ability to match new product offerings to diverse customers' anticipated preferences for different types and sizes of equipment and various equipment features and functionality, at affordable prices, is important to CNH maintaining its industry market share and to our continued success in the agricultural and construction equipment distributor markets. While we believe that CNH has excellent brand recognition and customer support and will continue to do so, there can be no assurance that CNH will be able to maintain its reputation and market positions in the future.

In addition to product offerings and support, we also depend on CNH or its affiliated entities for other programs and support including the following:

- CNH Capital provides floorplan financing for the purchase of a substantial portion of our inventory.
- CNH Capital provides a significant percentage of the financing used by our customers to purchase CNH equipment from us.

- CNH provides incentive programs and discount programs from time to time that enable us to price our products more competitively.
- CNH conducts promotional and marketing activities on national, regional and local levels.

Moreover, our acquisition strategy contemplates the acquisition of additional CNH geographic areas of responsibility and store locations in both the Agriculture and Construction segments, which acquisitions require the consent of CNH.

Due to our substantial dependence on CNH, our success depends, in significant part, on (i) the overall reputation and success of CNH; (ii) the availability and terms of floorplan financing and customer financing from CNH Capital; (iii) the incentive and discount programs provided by CNH and its promotional and marketing efforts for its agricultural and construction products; (iv) the goodwill associated with CNH trademarks; (v) the introduction of new and innovative products by CNH; (vi) the manufacture and delivery of competitively-priced, high quality equipment and parts by CNH in quantities sufficient to meet our customers' requirements on a timely basis; (vii) the quality, consistency and management of the overall CNH dealership system; and (viii) the ability of CNH to manage its risks and costs, including those associated with being a multinational company. If CNH does not provide, maintain or improve any of the foregoing, or if CNH were sold or reduced or ceased operations, there could be a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

***We are dependent on satisfactory Dealership Agreements with CNH.***

In the equipment dealership industry, relationships with equipment manufacturers are generally governed by dealership agreements. These agreements generally impose a number of restrictions and obligations on the dealer.

Under our dealership agreements with CNH America, LLC, CNH has the right to terminate these agreements immediately in certain circumstances, and, in some cases, for any reason 90 days following written notice. Furthermore, CNH entities may change the terms of their agreements with us to, among other things, change our sales and service areas and/or the product, pricing or delivery terms. CNH routinely conducts evaluations of dealership standards, customer satisfaction surveys and market share studies, the results of which can impact the relationships with its dealers. CNH uses the evaluation results to increase or decrease the monetary rewards to dealers, or limit or expand the availability of financing, warranty reimbursements or other marketing incentives. If CNH were to change the terms of any or all of these agreements or its operating policies in a manner that adversely affects us, our business may be harmed, and if CNH were to terminate all or any of its dealer agreements with us, our business would be severely harmed.

These dealership agreements impose a number of restrictions and obligations on us with respect to our operations, including our obligations to actively promote the sale of CNH equipment within our designated geographic areas of responsibility, fulfill the warranty obligations of CNH, provide services to our customers, maintain sufficient parts inventory to service the needs of our customers, maintain inventory in proportion to the sales potential in each sales and service geographic area of responsibility, maintain adequate working capital and maintain stores only in authorized locations.

***Restrictions in our CNH dealership agreements may significantly affect our growth and prevent a change in control of our company.***

Prior consent of CNH is required for the acquisition by another party of 20% or more of our outstanding stock and for our acquisition of other CNH dealerships; otherwise, CNH may terminate our dealership agreements. The restrictions and obligations in our CNH dealership agreements limit our flexibility in operating our current stores and acquiring new stores, which could have an adverse

effect on our operations and growth. Furthermore, the requirement that CNH consent to the acquisition by any party of 20% or more of our outstanding stock may have the effect of discouraging transactions involving a change in our control, including transactions that stockholders might deem to be in their best interests. There can be no assurances that CNH will give its consent for such change of ownership or acquisitions.

***Our CNH equipment dealer appointments do not grant exclusivity for the geographic areas we serve.***

CNH could appoint other equipment dealers in close proximity to our existing stores. The sales and service geographic areas of responsibility assigned to our stores can be enlarged or reduced by CNH upon 30 days' prior written notice. CNH and other equipment dealers can also sell in our sales and service geographic areas of responsibility. To the extent CNH appoints other equipment dealers within our markets, enlarges or reduces the sales and service geographic areas of responsibility relating to our stores, amends the dealership agreements or imposes new or different terms or conditions under the dealer agreements, our operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

***Our operating results will be adversely impacted if our suppliers are unable to provide us with a reliable supply of equipment to satisfy the needs of our customers, or in the event of industry "over-supply" inventory situations.***

If our suppliers (principally CNH) cannot continue to provide us a reliable supply of new equipment, we may not be able to meet our customers' demand and our operating results could be negatively impacted.

In times of heightened global demand for equipment, which is often driven by numerous external factors (e.g., net farm income often drives demand for agricultural equipment and infrastructure development/ construction activities often drives construction equipment demand), equipment suppliers may experience difficulty providing all dealerships a reliable supply of new equipment, which could adversely impact our results of operations. Further, an under-supply of our suppliers' equipment may cause prices for such equipment to increase. To the extent we cannot pass on any increased costs of equipment to our customers, based on current market conditions for our various stores, our operating results may suffer. Conversely, an industry over-supply of equipment would be an indicator of general weakness in market demand for our products, and a cause for concern for both distributors and manufacturers.

Though manufacturers typically manage production of new equipment in response to demand, there may be short-term under-supplies or over-supplies of new equipment as manufacturers adjust to industry demand fluctuations.

For used and rental equipment, short-term lease programs and commercial rental agencies for construction and agricultural equipment have expanded significantly in North America. Nationwide rental conglomerates have become sizeable purchasers of new equipment and can have a significant impact on industry sales and margins. When equipment comes off of lease or is replaced with newer equipment by rental agencies, there may be a significant increase in the availability of late-model used equipment. An over-supply of used equipment could adversely affect demand for, or the market prices of, new and used equipment. In addition, a decline in used equipment prices could have an adverse effect on residual values for rental equipment, which could adversely affect our financial performance.

***Adverse changes in the agricultural industries could result in decreases in purchases of agricultural equipment and harm our revenue and profitability.***

Our business depends to a great extent upon general activity levels in the agricultural industries. Changes in net farm income and farmland value, the level of worldwide farm output and demand for farm products, commodity prices, animal diseases and crop pests, limits on agricultural exports/imports,

and legislative changes, including changes to government regulations and programs promoting the ethanol and biofuels industries, are all material factors that could adversely affect the agricultural industries and result in a decrease in the amount of agricultural equipment that our customers purchase. The nature of the agricultural equipment industries is such that a downturn in demand can occur suddenly, resulting in excess inventories, un-utilized production capacity and reduced prices for new and used equipment. Such downturns may be prolonged and our revenue and profitability would be harmed.

***Adverse changes in the construction industry could result in decreased demand for construction equipment and harm our revenue and profitability.***

Our construction customers generally operate in the resource development, construction, transportation, manufacturing, industrial processing and utilities industries. Those industries generally are capital intensive and cyclical in nature. As a result, customer demand for our products and services may be affected by economic conditions at both a global and a local level. The uncertainties created by events in the sub-prime mortgage market and their impact on the overall mortgage market, including the tightening of credit standards, could adversely affect the ability of consumers to obtain financing, thus reducing demand for new construction and in turn reducing our customers' demand for our construction equipment. The construction industry in our geographical areas has experienced a prolonged economic down cycle as a result of the macroeconomic environment, and the residential construction downturn in many of our markets, which negatively impacts sales of light construction equipment. Reduced demand for our construction equipment could negatively affect our financial performance and cash flow.

***Economic events, particularly in the credit markets, may adversely affect our business and results of operations.***

The agricultural and construction equipment industries are affected by macroeconomic factors, including changes in international, national, regional, and local economic conditions. Current global economic conditions pose a risk to our business as customers may postpone spending in response to tighter credit, negative financial news, downturns in agricultural commodity prices, downturns in the housing market and/or declines in income or asset values, which could have a material negative effect on the demand for our products and services. Our business is also particularly dependent on our access to the capital and credit markets to finance acquisitions and manage inventory. Tight credit markets, a low level of liquidity in many financial markets, and extreme volatility in fixed income, credit, currency and equity markets have the potential to adversely affect our business. Such disruptions in the overall economy and financial markets and the related reduction in consumer confidence in the economy, slow activity in the capital markets, negatively affect access to credit on commercially acceptable terms, and may adversely impact the access of us or our customers to credit and the terms of any such credit. The nature of the agricultural and construction equipment industries is such that a downturn in demand can occur suddenly, due to tightening credit markets, decreasing commodity prices or demand, decreasing infrastructure and housing development, adverse weather conditions or other circumstances, resulting in excess inventory, un-utilized production capacity and reduced prices for equipment, which would harm our revenue and profitability. Uncertainty about current global economic conditions, agricultural commodity prices and demand and the housing market could also continue to increase the volatility of our stock price.

***Adverse changes in governmental policies including tax incentives, farm programs, and government spending, may reduce demand for agricultural and construction equipment and cause our revenue to decline.***

Customers in our Agriculture and Construction segments currently benefit from various tax incentives related to equipment purchases, including bonus depreciation and accelerated depreciation.

To the extent that changes in these tax incentives are reduced or eliminated, our customers may correspondingly delay or reduce future equipment purchases, and our revenue and profitability would be harmed.

Changes in governmental agricultural policy could adversely affect sales of agricultural equipment. Government programs and subsidies that reduce economic volatility and enhance farm income, positively influence farmers' demand for agricultural equipment. Future farm bills and USDA budgets may reduce the benefit of these programs. We cannot predict the outcome of such changes to agricultural policies and to the extent that future funding or farm programs available to individual farmers are reduced, these changes could reduce demand for agricultural equipment and we could experience a decline in revenue.

Changes in government spending on infrastructure projects could adversely affect the demand for construction equipment and we could experience a decline in revenue.

***Weather conditions may negatively impact the agricultural and construction equipment markets and harm our sales.***

Weather conditions, particularly severe floods and droughts, can have a significant impact on the success of regional agricultural and construction markets and, therefore, the economic conditions of the regions in which we operate stores. Accordingly, our financial condition and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected by any adverse cyclical trends or weather conditions. Our quarterly operating results are subject to fluctuation due to varying weather patterns, which may impact the timing and amount of equipment, parts and service purchases by our customers. A significant increase in the severity of weather cycles could increase the volatility of our results of operations and impact our financial condition. If we acquire businesses in geographic areas other than where we currently have operations, we may be affected more by the above-mentioned or other seasonal and equipment buying trends.

***Our results of operations may fluctuate from period to period due to interest rate adjustments.***

The ability to finance affordable purchases, of which the interest rate charged is a significant component, is an important part of a customer's decision to purchase agricultural or construction equipment. Volatility in the credit markets may have a negative impact on our business by making it more difficult for certain of our customers to obtain financing to purchase agricultural or construction equipment. Interest rate increases may make equipment purchases less affordable for customers and, as a result, our revenue and profitability may decrease as we manage excess inventory and reduce prices for equipment. Conversely, any decrease in interest rates may positively affect a customer's decision to purchase agricultural or construction equipment. Partially as a result of the foregoing, our results of operations have in the past and in the future are expected to continue to fluctuate from quarter to quarter and year to year. We are unable to anticipate the timing and impact of interest rate adjustments.

***Our operating results will be adversely impacted if we incur costs associated with our rental fleet that we are unable to pass along to our customers.***

We recognize annual depreciation expense on our rental fleet in accordance with our fixed asset policies, rather than based on actual usage. Thus, our operating results will be adversely impacted if the utilization of our rental fleet is lower than expected. In addition, the market value of any given piece of rental equipment could be less than its depreciated value at the time it is sold. In addition, if our rental equipment ages, the costs of maintaining such equipment, if not replaced within a certain period of time, will likely increase. The costs of maintenance may materially increase in the future and could lead to material adverse effects on our results of operations. The cost of new equipment for use in our

rental fleet could also increase due to increased material costs for our suppliers or other factors beyond our control. Such increases could materially adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations in future periods if we are not able to pass such cost increases through to our customers. Furthermore, changes in customer demand could cause certain of our existing equipment to become obsolete and require us to purchase new equipment at increased costs.

***An adverse change in commodity prices could adversely affect our results of operations and profitability.***

Many of our customers are directly and indirectly affected by fluctuations in commodity prices in the agriculture, forestry, metals and minerals, petroleum and natural gas industries and, as a result, we are also indirectly affected by fluctuations in those prices. An adverse change in commodity prices or the regulatory, tax or operating environments for customers in those industries may adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows and profitability.

***Aggressive pricing competition could adversely affect our results of operation and growth.***

The agricultural and construction equipment sales, distribution and rental industries are highly competitive and fragmented, with large numbers of companies operating on a regional or local scale. Historically, our competitors have competed aggressively on the basis of pricing or inventory availability, resulting in decreased margins on our sales to the extent we choose to match our competitors' downward pricing. To the extent we choose not to match or remain within a reasonable competitive distance from our competitors' pricing, it could also have an adverse impact on our results of operations, as we may lose sales volume. In addition, to the extent CNH's competitors provide their dealers with more innovative or higher quality products, better customer financing, or have more effective marketing efforts, our ability to compete and financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

***Failure to properly manage our equipment inventory, our largest asset, would have a significant adverse effect on our operations.***

The sale of agricultural and construction equipment requires substantial inventories of equipment and parts to be maintained at each store to facilitate sales to customers on a timely basis. Our equipment inventory has traditionally represented 50% or more of our total assets.

Our purchases of parts and new equipment are based in large part on projected market demand. If actual market sales are materially less than forecasted sales for our products, we would experience an over-supply of inventory. An over-supply of inventory may cause negative financial consequences for us including a write down of the book value of our inventory due to certain items of inventory becoming obsolete, a write down of inventory due to adjustments based on a reduction in the estimated market value of certain aged inventory, downward pressure on our product prices, and increases to our floorplan financing expenses.

External factors such as adverse weather, economic downturns, aggressive manufacturer incentives to influence dealers' purchases of new equipment, and legislative/regulatory changes, both in the areas we service and elsewhere, can result in material increases in the inventory supply for our industry. For instance, a prolonged period of adverse weather conditions such as drought or flood, even if it occurs in an area in which we do not operate, may cause inventory levels across our entire industry to increase. Such an over-supply of inventory in the industry may in turn result in sustained downward pressure on our product prices. As a result, we would not be able to realize expected revenues and cash flows from such inventory, which may negatively affect our results from operations, cash flows and profitability.

The pricing of equipment can be highly volatile and subject to negotiation, particularly in the used equipment market. Pricing for and sales of used equipment can be significantly affected by the limited

market for such equipment. Further, liquidation prices of used agricultural and construction equipment can have significant fluctuations due to economic cycles, utilization trends and degree of specialization.

We are dependent upon the ability of our management to maintain a proper balance of new and used equipment to assure satisfactory inventory turnover and to reduce floor-plan financing costs. A prolonged period where we have an over-supply of inventory could materially adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

***Substantial inventory financing required for the equipment we sell may not be available, which could adversely affect our growth and results of operations.***

We generally purchase our inventories of equipment with the assistance of floorplan financing programs through CNH Capital and other lenders. As we grow, whether internally or through acquisitions, our inventory requirements will increase and, as a result, our financing requirements also will increase. In the event that our available financing sources are not maintained or are insufficient to satisfy our future requirements, we would be required to obtain financing from other sources. There can be no assurance that additional or alternative financing could be obtained or obtained on commercially reasonable terms. To the extent additional financing cannot be obtained or obtained on commercially reasonable terms, our growth and results of operations could be adversely affected.

***If our acquisition plans are unsuccessful, we may not achieve our planned revenue growth.***

We believe a significant portion of our future growth will depend on our ability to acquire additional dealerships. Our ability to continue to grow through the acquisition of additional CNH geographic areas of responsibility and store locations or other businesses will be dependent upon the availability of suitable acquisition candidates at acceptable costs, our ability to compete effectively for available acquisition candidates and the availability of capital to complete the acquisitions. We may not successfully identify suitable targets, or if we do, we may not be able to close the transactions, or if we close the transactions, they may not be profitable. In addition, CNH's consent is required for the acquisition of any CNH dealership, and the consent of our lenders may be required for certain acquisitions. CNH typically evaluates management, performance and capitalization of a prospective acquirer in determining whether to consent to the sale of a CNH dealership. There can be no assurance that CNH or the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate will consent to any or all acquisitions of dealerships that we may propose.

***If we are not able to successfully integrate newly-acquired dealerships, our financial performance may be adversely affected.***

Once an acquisition is completed, we face many other risks commonly encountered with growth through acquisitions. These risks include incurring significantly higher than anticipated capital expenditures and operating expenses; failing to assimilate the operations and personnel of the acquired dealerships; disrupting our ongoing business; dissipating our management resources; failing to maintain uniform standards, controls and policies; and impairing relationships with employees and customers as a result of changes in management. Fully integrating an acquired dealership into our operations and realization of the full benefit of our strategies, operating model and systems may take several years. We may not be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered with such acquisitions. To the extent we do not successfully avoid or overcome the risks or problems related to acquisitions, our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected. Future acquisitions also will have a significant impact on our financial position and capital needs, and could cause substantial fluctuations in our quarterly and yearly results of operations. Acquisitions could include significant goodwill and intangible assets, which may result in future impairment charges that would reduce our stated earnings.



We have grown significantly through acquisitions in recent years and expect to continue to grow through acquisitions. Management has expended, and expects to continue to expend, significant time and effort in evaluating, completing and integrating acquisitions and opening new stores. Our systems, procedures and controls may not be adequate to support our expanding operations. Any future growth will also impose significant added responsibilities on our executives, including the need to identify, recruit and integrate new senior level managers and executives. We may not be able to identify and retain such additional management. If we are unable to manage growth efficiently and effectively, or are unable to attract and retain additional qualified management, there could be a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

***International operations expose us to additional risks.***

Operations in countries outside the U.S. are accompanied by certain risks and potential costs, including:

- difficulties implementing our business model in foreign markets;
- costs and diversion of management attention related to oversight of international operations;
- fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- tariffs, quotas, and other regulations of international trade;
- import and export licensing requirements;
- compliance with multiple, and potentially conflicting, foreign laws, regulations and policies that are subject to change;
- compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other U.S. laws that apply to the international operations of U.S. companies;
- lesser intellectual property protection in some foreign countries than exists in the U.S.;
- changing economic conditions in the international markets in which we operate;
- labor practices that differ from those in the U.S.; and
- political and economic instability, including occasional disruption in foreign financial markets.

These factors, in addition to others that we have not anticipated, may negatively impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Our international operations expose us to risks regarding fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and our related hedging activities cannot eliminate all risk to which we are exposed.***

The functional currency for most of our international subsidiaries is the applicable local currency. When the U.S. dollar strengthens or weakens against a foreign currency, the relative value of revenue recognized and the operating results of our international subsidiaries decreases or increases, respectively. As a result, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, which we cannot predict, may adversely affect the results of our operations, the value of our foreign assets and liabilities and our cash flows.

To protect the value of the our investments in our foreign operations against adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates, we may, from time to time, hedge a portion of our net investment in one or more of our foreign subsidiaries through the use of derivative instruments. In addition, we may use derivative instruments to hedge the effects of fluctuations in exchange rates on outstanding intercompany loans. However, our hedging activities may not fully eliminate all foreign currency risk to which we are exposed.

The use of derivative instruments exposes us to counterparty credit risk whereby our results of operations and cash flows may be negatively impacted if the counterparties to our derivative instruments are not able to satisfy their obligations to us.

***We are exposed to customer credit risks.***

We extend credit to our customers, generally on an unsecured basis. Although we are not substantially dependent on any one customer and we have a system of credit management in place, the failure to collect a large receivable would have an adverse effect on our profitability. Additionally, one of the reasons some of our rental customers find it more attractive to rent equipment than own that equipment is the need to deploy their capital elsewhere. This has been particularly true in industries with high growth rates such as the construction industry. However, some of our rental customers may have liquidity issues and ultimately may not be able to fulfill the terms of their rental agreements with us. If we are unable to manage credit risk issues adequately, or if a large number of customers should have financial difficulties at the same time, our credit losses could increase above historical levels and our operating results would be adversely affected. Further, delinquencies and credit losses generally would be expected to increase if there was a slowdown in the economic recovery or worsening of economic conditions.

***We may lease store locations from related parties, and if we are unable to obtain commercially reasonable terms and conditions from these related parties or unrelated third parties in the future, our growth and financial condition may be adversely affected.***

As of January 31, 2013, we leased 49 of our store locations from parties related to our affiliates and we expect that we may lease future store locations from parties related to our affiliates. There is no guarantee that related parties will offer us commercially reasonable terms and conditions or that unrelated third parties will provide alternate store locations on commercially reasonable terms and conditions. If we cannot obtain commercially reasonable terms and conditions on leases for our current or future store locations from related parties, or from unrelated third parties, our growth and financial condition may be adversely affected.

***We are substantially dependent on our Chief Executive Officer and President/Chief Operating Officer, the loss of either of whom could have a material adverse effect on our business.***

We believe our success will depend to a significant extent upon the efforts and abilities of David Meyer, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and Peter Christianson, our President and Chief Operating Officer. The employment relationships with both Mr. Meyer and Mr. Christianson are terminable by us or each of them at any time for any reason. The loss of the services of one or both of these persons and other key employees could have a material adverse effect on our operating results.

***Our outstanding convertible notes may cause dilution to our existing stockholders and may negatively affect our financial position and liquidity.***

On April 24, 2012, we issued \$150 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Senior Convertible Notes due 2019 (the "Convertible Notes") pursuant to an indenture between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "Indenture"). The Convertible Notes will be convertible at the option of the holders under certain conditions. Upon conversion, we will pay cash up to the aggregate principal amount of converted notes and pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination thereof, at our election, for any conversion obligation in excess thereof. Additionally, in the event of a fundamental change, as defined in the Indenture, the holders of the Convertible Notes may require us to purchase all or a portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of notes to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

The Indenture provides for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, cross acceleration to certain other indebtedness of us and our subsidiaries. In the case of an event of default, all outstanding Convertible Notes may become due and payable immediately without further action or notice.

If we issue shares of our common stock to satisfy conversion obligations under the Convertible Notes, our existing stockholders will experience dilution of their holdings of our stock. Repayment of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes in cash and, if applicable, satisfaction of our conversion obligations in cash may have a significant negative effect on our available capital resources and liquidity which may require us to borrow additional amounts pursuant to terms that are not favorable to us.

In addition, even if holders do not elect to convert their Convertible Notes, we could be required under applicable accounting rules to reclassify all or a portion of the outstanding principal balance of the Convertible Notes as a current rather than long-term liability, which would result in a material reduction of our net working capital.

***Selling and renting agricultural and construction equipment and selling parts subject us to product liability risks that could adversely affect our financial condition and reputation.***

Products sold, rented or serviced by us may expose us to potential liabilities for personal injury or property damage claims relating to the use of such products. Our product liability insurance may not be adequate to cover product liability claims. Such insurance may not continue to be available on economically reasonable terms. An uninsured or partially insured claim for which indemnification is not provided could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition. Furthermore, if any significant claims are made against us or against CNH or any of our other suppliers, our business may be adversely affected by any resulting negative publicity.

***Being a public company has substantially increased our legal and financial compliance costs, which could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

Compliance with regulations applicable to publicly-traded companies adversely impacts our resources. As a publicly-traded company, we are subject to rules and regulations that increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more time-consuming and costly, and divert our management's attention away from the operation of our business. These rules and regulations may make it more difficult and more expensive for us to maintain director and officer liability insurance and we may be required to accept reduced policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain the same or similar coverage. As a result, we may experience more difficulty attracting and retaining qualified individuals to serve on our board of directors or as executive officers. We cannot predict or estimate the amount of additional costs we may incur as a result of these requirements or the timing of these costs. The costs of being a publicly-traded company and the attendant diversion of management's time and attention may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Our internal control over financial reporting may not be effective and our independent registered public accounting firm may not be able to certify as to its effectiveness, which could have a significant and adverse effect on our business and reputation.***

We are required to comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal control over financial reporting, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended from time to time, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404. We cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of our evaluation, testing and any remedial actions or their

impact on our operations. If we are not able to comply with the requirements of Section 404, our independent registered public accounting firm may not be able to certify as to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, we may be unable to report our financial results accurately or in a timely manner and we may be subject to sanctions or investigation by regulatory authorities, such as the SEC. As a result, there could be a negative reaction in the financial markets due to a loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements. In fiscal 2010, we began implementing a new ERP system. Unforeseen problems with or any difficulties encountered integrating the new ERP system could result in internal control deficiencies.

*Any disruption to or failure of our information systems may negatively affect our ability to monitor and control our operations.*

Our business processes, including marketing of equipment and support services, inventory and logistics, and finance largely depend upon the integrity of our information systems. We use an integrated business system for dealers in the construction or agriculture equipment business. Any disruptions to our information systems or the failure of such systems to operate as expected may adversely affect our operating results by limiting our ability to effectively monitor and control our operations.

## ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

## ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

### *Equipment Stores*

We currently operate 120 agricultural and construction equipment stores in the United States and Europe, including two outlet stores, in the following locations. Certain stores (those designated with an \*) are included in the Agriculture segment but also sell some construction equipment.

### **Agriculture Segment (69 in United States, 14 in Europe)**

<b>North Dakota (14 stores)</b>		<b>Minnesota (14 stores, including 1 outlet)</b>	
Arthur	Lidgerwood	Ada	Moorhead
Casselton	Lisbon	Albert Lea	Moorhead (outlet)
Grand Forks*	Mandan*	Crookston*	Pipestone
Jamestown	Mayville	Elbow Lake	Redwood Falls
Kintyre	Wahpeton (2 stores)	Fergus Falls	Roseau
Kulm	Wishek	Graceville	Thief River Falls
Lamoure		Marshall*	Winger

<b>Nebraska (13 stores)</b>		<b>South Dakota (13 stores)</b>	
Broken Bow	Kearney	Aberdeen (2 stores)*	Miller
Fremont	Lexington	Bowdle	Pierre
Grand Island (2 stores)	McCook	Britton	Platte
Hastings	North Platte	Highmore	Redfield
Holdrege	Ord	Huron	Sioux Falls
Imperial	Wahoo	Milbank	Watertown

Iowa (15 stores, including 1 outlet)		Europe (14 stores)	
Anthon	Jewell	Burgas, Bulgaria	Bucharest, Romania
Avoca	Kingsley	Dobrich, Bulgaria	Cluj Napoca, Romania
	Le Mars	Montana, Bulgaria	Oradea, Romania
Blairstown			
Center Point*	Oskaloosa	Pleven, Bulgaria	Roman, Romania
Cherokee	Pella	Ruse, Bulgaria	Timisoara, Romania
Greenfield	Sioux City (outlet)	Sofia, Bulgaria	Novi Sad, Serbia
Grundy Center	Waverly	Stara Zagora, Bulgaria	Kiev, Ukraine
Iowa Falls			
Construction Segment (37 in United States)			
North Dakota (6 stores)		Montana (7 stores)	
Bismarck	Minot	Big Sky	Great Falls
Dickinson	Williston	Billings (2 stores)	Helena
Fargo (2 stores)		Bozeman	Missoula
Minnesota (4 stores)		Iowa (4 stores)	
Duluth	Rosemount	Clear Lake	Des Moines
Rogers	Shakopee	Davenport	Sioux City
Colorado (4 stores)		Wyoming (3 stores)	
Colorado Springs	Fort Collins	Casper	Gillette
Denver	Windsor	Cheyenne	
Arizona (3 stores)		Nebraska (2 stores)	
Flagstaff	Tucson	Lincoln	Omaha
Phoenix			
South Dakota (2 stores)		Wisconsin (1 store)	
Rapid City	Sioux Falls	La Crosse	
New Mexico (1 store)			
Albuquerque			

Our Agriculture stores are generally located in rural areas on property zoned for commercial use and typically range from 10,000 to 60,000 square feet with three to 20 acres of land. Our Construction stores are generally located within city limits in designated industrial parks or areas of similar use and typically range from 10,000 to 25,000 square feet with three to ten acres of land. We fully utilize the leased space for each of our stores and believe the respective square footage and related acreage is adequate to meet our current and anticipated needs.

#### Store Lease Arrangements

During the year ended January 31, 2013, we leased buildings from Dealer Sites, LLC ("Dealer Sites"), an entity in which a minority position was owned by an entity affiliated with David Meyer, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, an entity affiliated with Tony Christianson, one of our directors, Peter Christianson, our President and Chief Operating Officer, and other Meyer and Christianson family members. As of January 31, 2013, total related party ownership in Dealer Sites was less than 10%. We leased buildings pursuant to 48 different operating lease agreements from Dealer Sites and one building pursuant to operating leases from C.I. Farm Power, Inc., a company affiliated with Peter

Christianson, as of January 31, 2013. We leased 61 additional properties for stores and storage facilities under operating lease agreements with unrelated parties as of January 31, 2013. The leases for our store locations generally expire between 2012 and 2028, other than those leases which are currently automatically renewed on a year-to-year-basis until either we or the lessor terminate them. We do not intend to own significant amounts of real estate. Therefore, we anticipate that when we need real estate, including as part of acquiring dealerships, we will lease such real estate from third parties, which may include affiliates of our investors, directors or management. We intend for the terms of all of our leases to be commercially reasonable. We do not believe the terms of our leases with entities affiliated with Messrs. Meyer, Tony Christianson and Peter Christianson are any less favorable to us than could be obtained in an arm's length transaction with an unrelated party.

Our store lease agreements contain lease periods primarily ranging from automatically renewable month-to-month terms to 15 years in length. Many of the lease agreements either give us the option to purchase the property at fair value at the time of purchase, renew or extend the lease for an additional period at the conclusion of the original lease term or automatically renew the lease term at the conclusion of the original lease period on a month-to-month or year-to-year basis. A majority of the leases provide for fixed monthly rental payments and require us to pay the real estate taxes on the properties for the lease periods. All of the leases require that we maintain public liability and personal property insurance on each of the leased premises, and a majority of the leases require us to indemnify the lessor in connection with any claims arising from the leased premises during our occupation of the property. Most of the leases prohibit us from assigning the lease agreements or subletting the leased premises without the prior written consent of the lessor. In most of our leases, we have been granted a right of first refusal or other options to purchase the property.

As part of our due diligence review prior to a dealership acquisition, we evaluate the adequacy, suitability and condition of the related real estate. Our evaluation typically includes a Phase I environmental study, and if deemed necessary, a Phase II environmental study, of the real property to determine whether there are any environmental concerns. If any environmental concerns exist, we generally require that such concerns be addressed prior to acquisition of the dealership.

#### *Headquarters*

We currently lease and occupy approximately 48,000 square feet in West Fargo, North Dakota for our headquarters, which lease expires on January 31, 2028. We continually review our location needs, including the adequacy of our headquarters space, to ensure our space is sufficient to support our operations. We believe there is ample opportunity for expansion in the West Fargo area if necessary.

### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We are, from time to time, subject to claims and suits arising in the ordinary course of business. Such claims have, in the past, generally been covered by insurance. Management believes the resolution of other legal matters will not have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operation, although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of any such actions. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that our insurance will be adequate to cover all liabilities that may arise out of claims brought against us. We are not currently a party to any material litigation.

### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

None

**EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT**

The names, ages and positions of our executive officers are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
David Meyer	59	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Peter Christianson	56	President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
Mark Kalvoda	41	Chief Financial Officer

**David Meyer** is our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Meyer was a founder of our Company in 1980 and has been a director of our Company since its creation. From 1976 to 1980, Mr. Meyer was a partner in a Case and New Holland dealership with locations in Lisbon and Wahpeton, North Dakota.

**Peter Christianson** has been our President and a director since January 2003, became our Chief Operating Officer in April 2011, and was our Chief Financial Officer from August 2007 to April 2011. Prior to joining us and since 1988, he was a partner and owner of C.I. Farm Power, Inc., the operator of two of the dealership locations acquired by Titan Machinery LLC in 2002. Peter Christianson and Tony Christianson, one of our directors, are brothers.

**Mark Kalvoda** became our Chief Financial Officer in April 2011 and previously served as our Chief Accounting Officer since September 2007. Prior to joining us, he held various positions between 2004 and 2007 at American Crystal Sugar Co., including Corporate Controller, Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer. Prior to working for American Crystal Sugar Co., he served in various financial positions within Hormel Foods Corporation.

**PART II****ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES****Market Information**

Our common stock began trading on December 6, 2007 on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "TITN" in connection with our initial public offering and began trading on the Nasdaq Global Select Market in January 2009. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sale prices of our common stock as reported by the Nasdaq Global Select Market.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
<b>Fiscal 2013</b>		
First Quarter	\$ 36.92	\$ 23.58
Second Quarter	36.70	25.01
Third Quarter	30.32	19.07
Fourth Quarter	29.87	19.77
<b>Fiscal 2012</b>		
First Quarter	\$ 32.03	\$ 23.39
Second Quarter	31.97	24.30
Third Quarter	27.69	15.58
Fourth Quarter	26.54	18.50

As of April 1, 2013, there were approximately 822 record holders of our common stock, excluding holders whose stock is held either in nominee name and/or street name brokerage accounts.

**DIVIDENDS**

We have not historically paid any dividends on our common stock and do not expect to pay cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Payment of future cash dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors after taking into account various factors, including our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs, outstanding indebtedness and plans for expansion and restrictions imposed by lenders, if any. Currently, our Credit Agreement with the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate restricts our ability to make certain cash payments, including cash dividends, except that we are permitted to pay cash dividends in an amount not to exceed 50% of consolidated net income for the then trailing four quarters, so long as no default or event of default exists prior to or immediately following such action or otherwise results from such action.

**UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

We did not have any unregistered sales of equity securities during the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2013.

**SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS**

For information on our equity compensation plans, refer to Item 12, "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters."

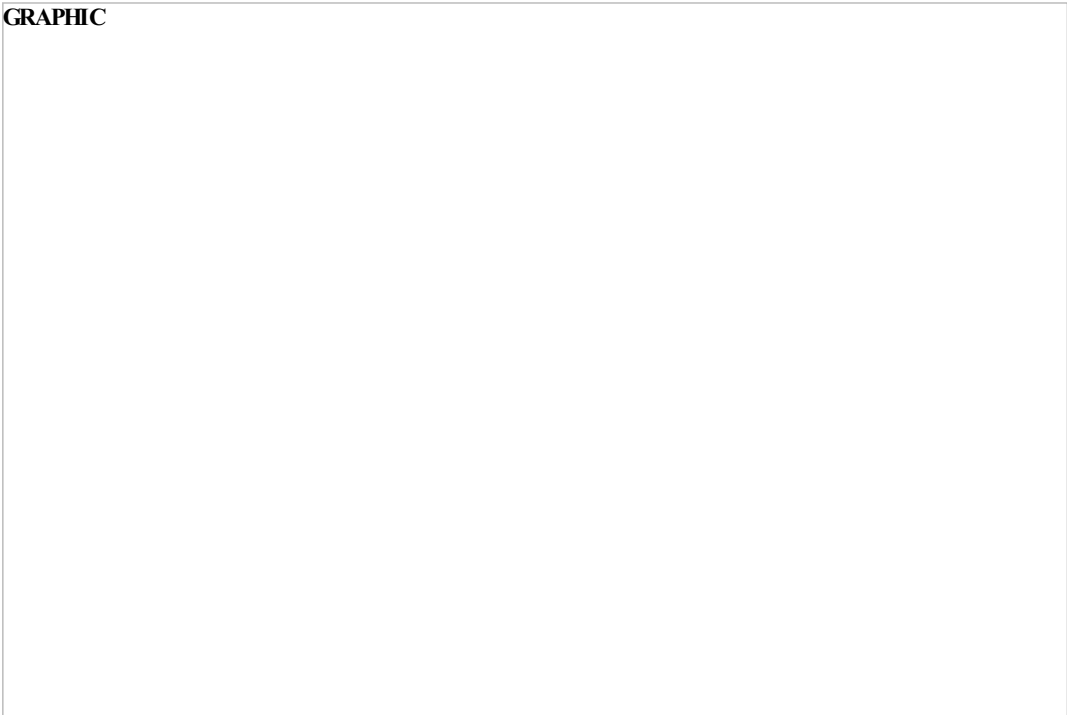
**REPURCHASES**

We did not engage in any repurchases of our Common Stock during the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2013.



STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following graph compares the cumulative total return for the last trading day of our last five fiscal years on a \$100 investment (assuming dividend reinvestment) on January 31, 2008, the last trading day before our fifth preceding fiscal year, in each of our Common Stock, the Russell 2000 Stock Index and the S&P Retailing Group Index.



	January 31,					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Titan Machinery Inc.	\$ 100.00	\$ 61.59	\$ 66.87	\$ 147.03	\$ 150.12	\$ 175.42
Russell 2000 Index	100.00	62.18	84.40	109.53	111.15	126.47
S&P 500 Retail Index	100.00	61.37	93.86	117.60	130.94	164.86

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The data given below as of and for each of the five years in the period ended January 31, 2013, has been derived from our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements. In order to understand the effect of accounting policies and material uncertainties that could affect our presentation of financial information, such data should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included under Item 8 to this Form 10-K and in conjunction with Management's

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation included under Item 7 to this Form 10-K.

	Year Ended January 31,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	(in thousands, except per share data)				
Statement of Operations Data:					
Revenue					
Equipment	\$ 1,763,877	\$ 1,303,900	\$ 855,443	\$ 643,186	\$ 540,307
Parts	242,368	201,404	140,982	119,509	94,984
Service	127,779	103,474	74,506	58,983	44,224
Rental and other	64,396	50,214	23,558	17,103	10,922
	<u>2,198,420</u>	<u>1,658,992</u>	<u>1,094,489</u>	<u>838,781</u>	<u>690,437</u>
Cost of revenue					
Equipment	1,600,233	1,171,618	773,060	578,411	478,324
Parts	169,164	140,096	100,281	83,219	67,270
Service	45,748	37,236	27,767	21,615	16,729
Rental and other	43,914	34,581	18,813	14,441	8,245
	<u>1,859,059</u>	<u>1,383,531</u>	<u>919,921</u>	<u>697,686</u>	<u>570,568</u>
Gross Profit	339,361	275,461	174,568	141,095	119,869
Operating expenses	<u>247,557</u>	<u>193,860</u>	<u>130,541</u>	<u>108,998</u>	<u>86,940</u>
Income from operations	91,804	81,601	44,027	32,097	32,929
Other income (expense)					
Interest and other income	1,654	1,643	1,794	1,843	1,545
Interest expense	<u>(22,762)</u>	<u>(9,670)</u>	<u>(8,584)</u>	<u>(6,948)</u>	<u>(3,969)</u>
Income before income taxes	70,696	73,574	37,237	26,992	30,505
Provision for income taxes	<u>(28,137)</u>	<u>(29,429)</u>	<u>(14,895)</u>	<u>(11,255)</u>	<u>(12,430)</u>
Net income including noncontrolling interest	42,559	44,145	22,342	15,737	18,075
Adjustment to income:					
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest	86	(15)	—	—	—
Net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc.					

	<u>\$ 42,473</u>	<u>\$ 44,160</u>	<u>\$ 22,342</u>	<u>\$ 15,737</u>	<u>\$ 18,075</u>
Net income available to common stockholders	<u>\$ 42,030</u>	<u>\$ 43,751</u>	<u>\$ 22,110</u>	<u>\$ 15,613</u>	<u>\$ 17,979</u>
Earnings per share					
Basic	\$ 2.02	\$ 2.21	\$ 1.25	\$ 0.89	\$ 1.10
Diluted	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.18	\$ 1.23	\$ 0.88	\$ 1.08
Weighted average shares outstanding					
Basic	20,787	19,809	17,658	17,593	16,291
Diluted	20,987	20,110	17,961	17,828	16,692
	30				

	January 31,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	(in thousands)				
Balance Sheet Data:					
Cash	\$ 124,360	\$ 79,842	\$ 76,112	\$ 76,185	\$ 41,047
U.S. treasury bills	—	—	—	—	44,994
Receivables	121,786	82,518	44,945	22,254	19,626
Inventories	929,216	748,047	429,844	347,580	241,094
Prepaid expense	8,178	2,108	1,003	1,009	533
Income tax receivable	503	3,140	—	1,595	1,433
Deferred income taxes	8,357	5,370	3,247	2,266	1,426
Goodwill and intangibles, net	44,992	35,197	23,125	15,057	12,830
Property and equipment	194,641	126,282	65,372	46,604	45,269
Other assets	12,041	5,568	5,198	2,262	1,996
Total Assets	\$ 1,444,074	\$ 1,088,072	\$ 648,846	\$ 514,812	\$ 410,248
Accounts payable	\$ 28,282	\$ 28,424	\$ 15,957	\$ 12,352	\$ 18,652
Floorplan notes payable(1)	689,410	552,428	320,801	249,872	166,481
Current maturities of long-term debt	10,568	4,755	4,207	7,218	7,623
Customer deposits	46,775	49,540	28,180	12,974	15,158
Accrued expenses	29,590	26,735	16,816	9,870	8,308
Income taxes payable	310	—	2,093	—	—
Total current liabilities	804,935	661,882	388,054	292,286	216,222
Long-term liabilities	239,220	88,851	46,235	32,002	20,259
Total stockholders' equity	399,919	337,339	214,557	190,524	173,767
	\$ 1,444,074	\$ 1,088,072	\$ 648,846	\$ 514,812	\$ 410,248

(1) Approximately 61% of floorplan notes payable were interest bearing at January 31, 2013.

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our financial statements and the related notes appearing under Item 8. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this annual report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business and expected financial results, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" under Item 1A for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.*

### BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

We own and operate a network of full service agricultural and construction equipment stores in the United States and Europe. Based upon information provided to us by CNH Global N.V. or its U.S. subsidiary CNH America, LLC, collectively referred to in this annual report as CNH, we are the largest retail dealer of Case IH Agriculture equipment in the world, the largest retail dealer of Case Construction equipment in North America and a major retail dealer of New Holland Agriculture and New Holland Construction equipment in the U.S. We operate our business through two reportable segments, Agriculture and Construction. Within each segment, we have four principal sources of revenue, new and used equipment sales, parts sales, service, and equipment rental and other activities.

The agricultural equipment we sell and service includes machinery and attachments for uses ranging from large-scale farming to home and garden use. The construction equipment we sell and service includes heavy construction and light industrial machinery for commercial and residential construction, road and highway construction and mining applications. We offer our customers a one-stop solution for their equipment needs through:

- new and used equipment sales;
- parts sales;
- repair and maintenance services; and
- equipment rental and other activities.

The new equipment and parts we sell are supplied primarily by CNH. According to public reports filed by CNH, CNH is a leading manufacturer and supplier of agricultural and construction equipment based on the number of units sold, primarily through the Case IH Agriculture, New Holland Agriculture, Case Construction and New Holland Construction brands. Sales of new CNH products accounted for approximately 79% of our new equipment revenue in fiscal 2013, with our single largest manufacturer other than CNH representing approximately 2% of our total new equipment sales. We acquire used equipment for resale through trade-ins from our customers and selective purchases. We sell parts and provide in-store and on-site repair and maintenance services. We rent equipment and provide other ancillary services such as equipment transportation, GPS signal subscriptions and finance and insurance products.

Throughout our 33-year operating history we have built an extensive, geographically contiguous network of 106 stores, including two outlet stores, located in the United States and 14 stores in Europe. We have a history of growth through acquisitions, including 51 acquisitions consisting of 109 stores operating in eleven states and four European countries since January 1, 2003. We expect that acquisitions will continue to be an important component of our growth.

## **Certain External Factors Affecting our Business**

We are subject to a number of factors that affect our business as discussed in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements." Certain of the external factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

### *Industry Factors*

Our Agriculture business is primarily driven by the demand for agricultural equipment for use in the production of food, fiber, feed grain and renewable energy; home and garden applications; and the maintenance of commercial, residential and government properties. Based on USDA data, we believe farmers have recently experienced historically strong economic fundamentals, driven by growing global demand for agricultural commodities in part due to growth in renewable energy and the economies of developing countries. This strong farm economy contributed significantly to our results of operations in fiscal 2013, 2012 and 2011. We believe our large and diverse customer base within our geographic footprint of five states and four European countries limits our exposure to negative events that may occur in a particular area or crop. Additionally, we believe that acquisition opportunities will continue to be strong.

Our Construction business is primarily impacted by the demand for construction equipment for use in private and government commercial, residential and infrastructure construction; demolition; maintenance; mining; energy and forestry operations. CNH and industry reports show that demand for construction equipment in our markets is driven by several factors, one of which is public infrastructure spending, including roads and highways, sewer and water. Any growth in federal allocations to public infrastructure spending over the next few years should positively impact our future results of operations. Likewise, any decline in federal allocations to public infrastructure spending over the next few years should negatively impact our future results of operations. To address the uncertainty of the construction industry, we expect to continue our focus on the agriculture industry and acquisition opportunities to establish additional locations in the markets where we believe the local construction industry will maintain its current level or grow.

### *Seasonality*

Our quarterly operating results are subject to fluctuation due to varying weather patterns, which may impact the timing and amount of equipment purchases, rentals, and after-sales parts and service purchases by our Agriculture and Construction customers.

### *Economic Cyclicity*

Sales of agricultural equipment historically have fluctuated with general farm economic trends, primarily driven by net farm income. Sales of construction equipment historically have fluctuated with general economic cycles. During economic downturns, construction equipment retailers tend to experience similar periods of decline and recession as the general economy.

### *Credit Market Changes*

Changes in credit markets can affect our customers' ability and willingness to make capital expenditures, including purchasing our equipment. Creditors tightened their lending standards following the collapse of the sub-prime mortgage market and these conditions may still be continuing in some areas. These tightened lending standards may have a negative impact on our business if our customers are unable to obtain financing for equipment purchases. However, if retail interest rates remain low, our business may be positively affected by customers who find financing purchases of our equipment more attractive due to lower borrowing costs. Our business is also particularly dependent on our access to credit markets to finance acquisitions and manage inventory. Continued tightened lending standards

may make it more difficult for us to obtain financing on commercially reasonable terms. We cannot predict what future changes will occur in credit markets or how these changes will impact our business.

### *Inflation*

Inflation has not had a material impact upon operating results and we do not expect it to have such an impact in the future. To date, in those instances in which we have experienced cost increases, we have been able to increase selling prices to offset such increases. However, our business may be affected by inflation and we may not be able to continue to increase our selling prices to offset increased costs and remain competitive.

### **Acquisitions**

We have a successful history of growth through acquisitions. Since January 1, 2003, we have completed 51 acquisitions consisting of 109 stores operating in 11 states and four European countries. These acquisitions have been the most significant factor affecting our results of operations and liquidity over the last several years, as noted in the period-to-period comparisons below. We expect that acquisitions will continue to be an important component of our growth. Acquisitions are typically financed with floorplan debt, long-term debt and cash from operations. Although we cannot quantify the impact of any such potential acquisitions, we believe the nature of their impact on our financial statements to be similar to that experienced with our prior acquisitions as noted in our discussions of period comparisons.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

During the preparation of our financial statements, we are required to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect reported amounts. These estimates, assumptions and judgments include those related to realization of inventory, initial valuation and impairment analyses of goodwill and other intangible assets, collectability of receivables and income taxes. We update these estimates, assumptions and judgments as appropriate, which in most cases is at least quarterly. We use our technical accounting knowledge, cumulative business experience, judgment and other factors in the selection and application of our accounting policies. While we believe the estimates, assumptions and judgments we use in preparing our financial statements are appropriate, they are subject to factors and uncertainties regarding their outcome and therefore, actual results may materially differ from these estimates. We believe the following are our primary critical accounting policies and estimates.

#### *Revenue Recognition*

Equipment revenue is recognized upon receipt of a signed contract and delivery of product to customers. However, in certain circumstances, and upon the customer's written request, equipment revenue is recognized before delivery occurs. Under these bill and hold arrangements, the equipment is available for shipment, the Company has fulfilled all of its performance obligations and received a signed sales contract, and the customer has completed and signed a bill and hold agreement. Credit terms on bill and hold arrangements are consistent with credit terms on all other equipment sales. Parts revenue is recognized upon delivery of product to customers. Service revenue is recognized at the time the related services are provided. Rental revenue is recognized over the period of the related rental agreement. In addition to outright sales of new and used equipment, certain rental agreements may include rent-to-purchase options. Under these agreements, customers are given a period of time to exercise an option to purchase the related equipment, with a portion of the rental payments being applied to reduce the purchase price. Payments received during the rental period are recorded as rental revenue. Any such equipment is included in inventory until the purchase option is exercised, and the carrying value of the equipment is reduced in accordance with our Inventories policies. Equipment revenue is recognized upon the exercise of the purchase option.

## *Inventories*

New and used equipment are stated at the lower of cost (specific identification) or market value with adjustments for decreases in market value on inventory rented but available for sale, estimated as a percentage of the rental income received on such inventory. All new and used equipment inventories, including that which has been rented, are subject to periodic lower of cost or market evaluation that considers various factors including aging of equipment and market conditions. Equipment inventory values are adjusted whenever the estimated market value exceeds the carrying amount. Parts inventories are valued at the lower of average cost or market value. An estimate of parts inventories not expected to be sold in the next year has been reported separately, which is based on historical sales of parts on hand. We estimate a reserve on our parts inventories based on various factors including aging and sales of each type of parts inventory. Work in process is valued at the retail rates of labor incurred and retail parts inventories used on service work in process at year end.

## *Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets, including identifiable intangible assets, of the businesses acquired. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently upon the occurrence of certain events or when circumstances indicate that impairment may be present. We perform our annual impairment test as of the end of our fiscal year.

Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level. A reporting unit is defined as an operating segment or one level below an operating segment (referred to as a component). A component of an operating segment is a reporting unit if the component constitutes a business for which discrete financial information is available and segment management regularly reviews the operating results of that component. We have identified four reporting units which carry a goodwill balance.

The goodwill impairment analysis is performed under a two-step impairment model, in which under step one, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, goodwill of the reporting unit is considered not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is unnecessary. However, if the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the impairment test is performed to measure the amount of impairment, if any.

We estimate the fair value of our reporting units based primarily on a discounted cash flow analysis, an income approach, which includes a five-year forecast of future operating performance for each of the reporting units and a terminal value estimate for all periods beyond the five-year forecast period. The estimated future cash flow streams of each of the reporting units is discounted to arrive at the present value of the estimated future cash flows, which represents the estimated fair value of the reporting unit. The discount rate applied reflects our estimate of the weighted-average cost of capital of companies similar in nature and size to us.

We performed our annual impairment test as of the end of our fiscal year and concluded that no impairment existed in any of our reporting units. Further, for each reporting unit which carries a material amount of goodwill, the estimated fair value significantly exceeded the carrying value.

Our estimates of the fair value of our reporting units incorporated certain key assumptions, including estimated revenue growth, gross margin and operating expense levels, working capital investments required to support anticipated revenue growth, capital spending trends, our estimate of long-term sustained growth, and the discount rate applied to the estimated future cash flows. Our estimates inherently include a degree of uncertainty, and these estimates could be significantly impacted



by factors such as general macroeconomic or industry conditions, changes in the competitive environment and changes in customer behaviors.

We believe that our estimates and assumptions used in deriving the fair values of our reporting units are reasonable and are based on the best information available. However, deterioration in macroeconomic or industry conditions, a prolonged decrease in the price of our common stock, or adverse changes in expectations of future performance could result in an impairment charge in a future period which could materially impact our results of operations and financial position.

#### *Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets*

Intangible assets with an indefinite life consist of distribution rights with manufacturers. We classify distribution rights as an indefinite-lived intangible asset because our distribution agreements continue indefinitely by their terms, or are routinely awarded or renewed without substantial cost to us or material modifications to the underlying agreements. As such, we believe that our distribution rights intangible assets will contribute to our cash flows for an indefinite period; therefore, the carrying amount of distribution rights is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently upon the occurrence of certain events or when circumstances indicate that impairment may be present. We perform our annual impairment test as of December 31st of each year. The impairment test is performed by comparing the carrying value to its estimated fair value.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment at the lowest level in which identifiable cash flows can be attributed to the asset. For our distribution rights intangible assets, we have determined that the lowest level of cash flows which can be attributed to the asset is equal to the store, or complex of stores, acquired in the business combination which resulted in the initial recognition of the intangible asset, plus any additional store locations operating within the geographical area of the distribution rights.

Under the impairment test, we estimate the fair value of our distribution rights intangible assets based on a multi-period excess earnings model, an income approach. The multi-period excess earnings model allocates future forecasted earnings of the store(s) amongst working capital, fixed assets and other intangible assets of store(s) and any remaining earnings (the "excess earnings") are allocated to the distribution rights intangible assets. The earnings allocated to the distribution rights are then discounted to arrive at the present value of the future estimated excess earnings, which represents the estimated fair value of the distribution rights intangible asset. The discount rate applied reflects our estimate of the weighted-average cost of capital of companies similar in nature and size to us, plus an additional risk premium to reflect the additional risk inherent in the distribution right asset.

We performed our annual impairment test as of December 31, 2012 and concluded that no impairment existed for any distribution rights intangible assets.

Our estimate of the fair values of our distribution rights intangible assets incorporated certain key assumptions, including estimated revenue growth, gross margin derived from equipment revenue, operating expense levels, the required rates of return on working capital, fixed assets and other intangible assets, and the discount rate applied to the estimated future earnings. Our estimates inherently include a degree of uncertainty, and these estimates could be significantly impacted by factors such as general macroeconomic or industry conditions, conditions specific to the store(s) supporting the distribution right assets including prolonged negative weather patterns, and changes in the competitive environment.

We believe that our estimates and assumptions used in deriving the fair value of each of the distribution rights assets are reasonable and based on the best information available. However, adverse changes in macroeconomic or industry conditions or adverse changes in our expectations about the future operating performance of the store(s) supporting the distribution rights assets could result in an

impairment charge in a future period which could materially impact our results of operations and financial position.

#### *Collectability of Receivables*

The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management reviews aged receivable balances and estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. Account balances are charged off after all appropriate means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

#### *Income Taxes*

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of receivables, inventory, property and equipment, intangible assets, stock-based compensation, senior convertible notes and accrued expenses for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Our policy is to recognize interest expense and penalties related to income tax matters within our provision for income taxes. We perform a comprehensive review of our portfolio of uncertain tax positions in accordance with the requirements and recognition standards established by the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740, *Income Taxes*. Pursuant to this guidance, an uncertain tax position represents our expected treatment of a tax position taken, or expected to be taken, in a tax return, that has not been reflected in measuring income tax expense for financial reporting purposes.

#### *Business Combinations*

The accounting for business combinations requires the purchase price to be allocated amongst the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, and liabilities assumed based on the fair values of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. Estimating the fair value of certain assets and liabilities requires extensive use of estimates and assumptions, including estimates of future cash flows to be generated by the acquired assets, the expected useful life of the acquired assets and the discount rate applied to the future cash flow streams. The accounting for business combinations allows the acquirer to finalize the acquisition accounting during the measurement period, which may not exceed one year from the date of acquisition. During the measurement period, the accounting for the business combination transactions may be based on estimates due to various unknown factors present at the date of acquisition.

#### **Key Financial Metrics**

In addition to tracking our sales and expenses to evaluate our operational performance, we also monitor certain key financial metrics, including dollar utilization, absorption and same-store sales.

#### *Dollar Utilization*

Dollar utilization is a measurement of asset performance and profitability used in the rental industry. We calculate the dollar utilization of our rental fleet equipment by dividing the rental revenue earned on our rental fleet by the average gross carrying value of our rental fleet for that period. Our dollar utilization rate was 31.3%, 35.3% and 29.1% for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### *Absorption*

Absorption is an industry term that refers to the percentage of an equipment dealer's fixed operating expense covered by the combined gross margin from our parts and service and rental fleet activity. Absorption in a given period is calculated by dividing our gross profit from sales of parts, service and rental fleet activity in the period by the difference between (i) our operating expenses (including interest on floorplan notes payable and rental fleet debt) and (ii) our variable expense of sales commissions on equipment sales and incentive compensation in the same period. We believe that absorption is an important management metric because during economic down cycles our customers tend to postpone new and used equipment purchases while continuing to run, maintain and repair their existing equipment. Thus, operating at a high absorption rate enables us to operate profitably throughout economic down cycles. We measure and track absorption on a company-wide basis as well as on a per store basis. Our company-wide absorption rate was 77.3%, 83.5% and 75.9% for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### *Same-Store Sales*

Same-store sales for any period represent sales by stores that were part of our company for the entire comparable period in the preceding fiscal year. We do not distinguish relocated or newly-expanded stores in this same-store analysis. Closed stores are excluded from the same-store analysis. We believe that tracking this metric is important to evaluating the success of the Titan Operating Model on a comparable basis.

## **Key Financial Statement Components**

### *Revenue*

*Equipment.* We derive equipment revenue from the sale of new and used agricultural and construction equipment.

*Parts.* We derive parts revenue from the sale of parts for equipment that we sell, as well as for other equipment makes. Our parts sales provide us with a relatively stable revenue stream that is less sensitive to the economic cycles that affect our equipment sales.

*Service.* We derive services revenue from repair and maintenance services to our customers' equipment. Our repair and maintenance services provide a high-margin, relatively stable source of revenue through changing economic cycles.

*Rental and other.* We derive other revenue from equipment rentals and ancillary equipment support activities such as equipment transportation, GPS signal subscriptions and reselling finance and insurance products.

### *Cost of Revenue*

*Equipment.* Cost of equipment revenue is the lower of the acquired cost or the market value of the specific piece of equipment sold.

*Parts.* Cost of parts revenue is the lower of the acquired cost or the market value of the parts sold, based on average costing.

*Service.* Cost of service revenue represents costs attributable to services provided for the maintenance and repair of customer-owned equipment and equipment then on-rent by customers.

*Rental and other.* Costs of other revenue represent costs associated with equipment rental, such as depreciation, maintenance and repairs, as well as costs associated providing transportation, hauling,

parts freight, GPS subscriptions and damage waivers, including, among other items, drivers' wages, fuel costs, shipping costs and our costs related to damage waiver policies.

#### *Operating Expenses*

Our operating expenses include sales and marketing expenses, sales commissions (which generally are based upon equipment gross profit margins), payroll and related benefit costs, insurance expenses, professional fees, property rental and related costs, property and other taxes, administrative overhead, and depreciation associated with property and equipment (other than rental equipment).

#### *Floorplan Interest*

The cost of financing inventory is an important factor affecting our results of operations. Floorplan financing from CNH Capital and our Credit Agreement represent the primary sources of financing for equipment inventories. CNH regularly offers interest-free periods as well as additional incentives and special offers. As of January 31, 2013, approximately 39% of our floorplan notes payable was non-interest bearing.

#### *Other Interest Expense*

Interest expense represents the interest on our outstanding debt instruments, including our senior convertible notes issued in April 2012 (the "Convertible Notes"), other than floorplan financing facilities.

### **Results of Operations**

Comparative financial data for each of our four sources of revenue for fiscal 2013, 2012, and 2011 are expressed below. The results of these periods include the operating results of the acquisitions made during these periods. The period-to-period comparisons included below are not necessarily indicative of future results. Information regarding segment revenue and income (loss) before income taxes is

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presented for each period following our discussion of the consolidated results of operations. Additional information regarding our segments is included in Note 18 of our audited financial statements.

	Year Ended January 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(dollars in thousands)		
Equipment			
Revenue	\$ 1,763,877	\$ 1,303,900	\$ 855,443
Cost of revenue	1,600,233	1,171,618	773,060
Gross profit	\$ 163,644	\$ 132,282	\$ 82,383
Gross profit margin	9.3%	10.1%	9.6%
Parts			
Revenue	\$ 242,368	\$ 201,404	\$ 140,982
Cost of revenue	169,164	140,096	100,281
Gross profit	\$ 73,204	\$ 61,308	\$ 40,701
Gross profit margin	30.2%	30.4%	28.9%
Service			
Revenue	\$ 127,779	\$ 103,474	\$ 74,506
Cost of revenue	45,748	37,236	27,767
Gross profit	\$ 82,031	\$ 66,238	\$ 46,739
Gross profit margin	64.2%	64.0%	62.7%
Rental and other			
Revenue	\$ 64,396	\$ 50,214	\$ 23,558
Cost of revenue	43,914	34,581	18,813
Gross profit	\$ 20,482	\$ 15,633	\$ 4,745
Gross profit margin	31.8%	31.1%	20.1%

The following table sets forth our statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated.

	Year Ended January 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Revenue			
Equipment			

	80.3%	78.6%	78.2%
Parts	11.0%	12.2%	12.9%
Service	5.8%	6.2%	6.7%
Rental and other	2.9%	3.0%	2.2%
Total revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total cost of revenue	84.6%	83.4%	84.1%
Gross profit	15.4%	16.6%	15.9%
Operating expenses	11.2%	11.7%	11.9%
Income from operations	4.2%	4.9%	4.0%
Other income (expense)	(1.0)%	(0.5)%	(0.6)%
Income before income taxes	3.2%	4.4%	3.4%
Provision for income taxes	(1.3)%	(1.7)%	(1.4)%
Net income including noncontrolling interest	1.9%	2.7%	2.0%
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc.	1.9%	2.7%	2.0%

Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012

## Consolidated Results

### Revenue

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Equipment	\$ 1,763,877	\$ 1,303,900	\$ 459,977	35.3%
Parts	242,368	201,404	40,964	20.3%
Service	127,779	103,474	24,305	23.5%
Rental and other	64,396	50,214	14,182	28.2%
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 2,198,420</u>	<u>\$ 1,658,992</u>	<u>\$ 539,428</u>	<u>32.5%</u>

The increase in revenue was primarily due to same-store sales growth and acquisitions contributing to fiscal 2013 revenue. Same-store sales growth contributed \$301.8 million, an increase of 19.3% over the prior year, while the acquired stores contributed \$237.6 million in additional total revenue. Revenue growth was across all revenue sources and in both our Agriculture and Construction segments. The increase in equipment revenue was primarily due to a strong Agriculture equipment market caused by strong net farm income for calendar year 2012.

### Gross Profit

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
<b>Gross Profit</b>				
Equipment	\$ 163,644	\$ 132,282	\$ 31,362	23.7%
Parts	73,204	61,308	11,896	19.4%
Service	82,031	66,238	15,793	23.8%
Rental and other	20,482	15,633	4,849	31.0%
Total Gross Profit	<u>\$ 339,361</u>	<u>\$ 275,461</u>	<u>\$ 63,900</u>	<u>23.2%</u>

### Gross Profit Margin

Equipment	9.3%	10.1%	(0.8)%	(7.9)%
Parts	30.2%	30.4%	(0.2)%	(0.7)%
Service	64.2%	64.0%	0.2%	0.3%
Rental and other	31.8%	31.1%	0.7%	2.3%
Total Gross Profit Margin	15.4%	16.6%	(1.2)%	(7.2)%

### Gross Profit Mix

Equipment	48.2%	48.0%	0.2%	0.4%
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Parts	21.6%	22.3%	(0.7)%	(3.1)%
Service	24.2%	24.0%	0.2%	0.8%
Rental and other	6.0%	5.7%	0.3%	5.3%
Total Gross Profit Mix	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	0.0%	0.0%

The increase in gross profit was primarily due to increased revenue, partially offset by a decrease in gross profit margin for equipment. Acquisitions contributed \$35.1 million of the increase in total gross profit, while same-store sale gross profit provided the remaining \$28.8 million. The decrease in gross profit margin from 16.6% in fiscal 2012 to 15.4% in fiscal 2013 was primarily due to the decrease in gross profit margin for equipment and change in sales mix, in which our equipment business



contributed a larger percentage of our total gross profit, as compared to the prior year. The gross profit margin on equipment was negatively impacted by competitive Agriculture and Construction equipment retail environments in the regions in which we operate. Due to these factors, we were able to maintain sales activity but experienced a compression in our overall equipment margins and in particular our used equipment margins.

#### *Operating Expenses*

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Operating expenses	\$ 247,557	\$ 193,860	\$ 53,697	27.7%
Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue	11.2%	11.7%	(0.5)%	(4.3)%

The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to the additional costs associated with acquisitions, such as compensation, rent, travel and depreciation. As a percentage of total revenue, operating expenses decreased to 11.2% in fiscal 2013 compared to 11.7% in fiscal 2012, primarily due to improved fixed operating cost leverage resulting from higher revenue.

#### *Other Income (Expense)*

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Interest and other income	\$ 1,654	\$ 1,643	\$ 11	0.7%
Floorplan interest expense	(13,297)	(8,323)	4,974	59.8%
Other interest expense	(9,465)	(1,347)	8,118	602.7%

The increase in floorplan interest expense of \$5.0 million and other interest expense of \$8.1 million, as compared to the prior year, was due to the increase in floorplan notes payable balances and our Convertible Notes issued in April 2012.

#### *Provision for Income Taxes*

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Provision for income taxes	\$ 28,137	\$ 29,429	\$ (1,292)	(4.4)%

Our effective tax rate decreased slightly from 40.0% in fiscal 2012 to 39.8% in fiscal 2013.

## Segment Results

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2013</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Agriculture	\$ 1,899,534	\$ 1,441,294	\$ 458,240	31.8%
Construction	380,295	279,152	101,143	36.2%
Segment revenues	2,279,829	1,720,446	559,383	32.5%
Eliminations	(81,409)	(61,454)	(19,955)	(32.5)%
Total	<u>\$ 2,198,420</u>	<u>\$ 1,658,992</u>	<u>\$ 539,428</u>	<u>32.5%</u>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes</b>				
Agriculture	\$ 83,797	\$ 74,411	\$ 9,386	12.6%
Construction	(4,708)	5,461	(10,169)	(186.2)%
Segment income (loss) before income taxes	79,089	79,872	(783)	(1.0)%
Shared Resources	(6,902)	(5,993)	(909)	(15.2)%
Eliminations	(1,491)	(305)	(1,186)	(388.9)%
Total	<u>\$ 70,696</u>	<u>\$ 73,574</u>	<u>\$ (2,878)</u>	<u>(3.9)%</u>

### *Agriculture*

Agriculture segment revenue for fiscal 2013 increased 31.8% compared to fiscal 2012. The revenue increase was primarily due to acquisitions and an Agriculture same-store sales increase of 19.3% over fiscal 2012. The same-store sales growth was positively impacted by a strong equipment market primarily caused by strong net farm income for calendar year 2012.

Agriculture segment income before income taxes increased 12.6% in fiscal 2013 primarily due to higher revenues. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in gross profit margin for equipment, which was negatively impacted by increased equipment availability in the market resulting in a competitive equipment retail environment, and an increase in floorplan interest expense resulting from higher floorplan notes payable balances, as compared to the same period in the prior year.

### *Construction*

Construction segment revenue for fiscal 2013 increased 36.2% compared to fiscal 2012. The revenue increase was primarily due to acquisitions and a Construction same-store sales increase of 19.6% as compared to fiscal 2012. The same-store sales growth was positively impacted by a growing construction industry in a portion of the region in which we do business and an increase in our rental business, reflecting our initiative to expand this growth platform through strategic acquisitions, new store openings, and an increase in the size of our rental fleet.

Construction segment income (loss) before income taxes decreased \$10.2 million in fiscal 2013 primarily due to a lower gross profit margin on equipment, a decrease in the dollar utilization of our rental fleet from 35.3% in fiscal 2012 to 31.3% in fiscal 2013, and an increase in floorplan interest expense and other interest expense, as compared to the prior year. The decrease in the gross profit margin on equipment was primarily due to competitive markets in the regions in which we operate, caused by an increase in equipment supply in the construction industry and the associated competitive pricing pressures, especially affecting some of our stores in larger metro areas. The increase in floorplan interest expense and other interest expense resulted from an increase in floorplan notes payable balances and rental fleet debt, respectively, as compared to the prior year.

*Shared Resources/Eliminations*

We incur centralized expenses/income at our general corporate level, which we refer to as "Shared Resources," and then allocate these net expenses to our segments. Since these allocations are set early in the year, unallocated balances may occur.

Eliminations remove any inter-company revenues or income before income taxes residing in our segment results.

*Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011*

**Consolidated Results***Revenue*

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Equipment	\$ 1,303,900	\$ 855,443	\$ 448,457	52.4%
Parts	201,404	140,982	60,422	42.9%
Service	103,474	74,506	28,968	38.9%
Rental and other	50,214	23,558	26,656	113.2%
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 1,658,992</u>	<u>\$ 1,094,489</u>	<u>\$ 564,503</u>	51.6%

The increase in revenue was primarily due to same-store sales growth and acquisitions contributing to fiscal 2012 revenue. Same-store sales growth contributed \$312.5 million, an increase of 29.0% over the prior year, while the acquired stores contributed \$252.0 million in additional total revenue. This revenue growth was achieved in both our Agriculture and Construction segments and resulted from the continuation of a strong agriculture equipment market, an improved construction equipment market in the region in which we do business, and growth in the rental business in our Construction segment. The increase in the rental business reflected our initiative to expand this growth platform through strategic acquisitions, including the purchase of ABC Rental & Equipment Sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2012, new store openings, and an increase in the size of our rental fleet.

### Gross Profit

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
<b>Gross Profit</b>				
Equipment	\$ 132,282	\$ 82,383	\$ 49,899	60.6%
Parts	61,308	40,701	20,607	50.6%
Service	66,238	46,739	19,499	41.7%
Rental and other	15,633	4,745	10,888	229.5%
Total Gross Profit	<u>\$ 275,461</u>	<u>\$ 174,568</u>	<u>\$ 100,893</u>	57.8%
<b>Gross Profit Margin</b>				
Equipment	10.1%	9.6%	0.5%	5.2%
Parts	30.4%	28.9%	1.5%	5.2%
Service	64.0%	62.7%	1.3%	2.1%
Rental and other	31.1%	20.1%	11.0%	54.7%
Total Gross Profit Margin	16.6%	15.9%	0.7%	4.4%
<b>Gross Profit Mix</b>				
Equipment	48.0%	47.2%	0.8%	1.7%
Parts	22.3%	23.3%	(1.0)%	(4.3)%
Service	24.0%	26.8%	(2.8)%	(10.4)%
Rental and other	5.7%	2.7%	3.0%	111.1%
Total Gross Profit Mix	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	0.0%	0.0%

The increase in gross profit was primarily due to increased revenue and improved gross profit margins. Acquisitions contributed \$47.9 million of the increase in total gross profit, while same-store sale gross profit provided the remaining \$53.0 million. The increase in gross profit margin from 15.9% in fiscal 2011 to 16.6% in fiscal 2012 was primarily due to the increase in gross profit margin for equipment and rental and other. The increase in equipment gross profit margin was primarily reflective of an improved construction equipment market in the region in which we do business. The increase in gross profit margin on rental and other was due to an increase in the size and utilization of our rental fleet.

### Operating Expenses

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
	(dollars in thousands)			
Operating Expenses	\$ 193,860	\$ 130,541	\$ 63,319	48.5%
Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue	11.7%	11.9%	(0.2)%	(1.7)%

The increase in operating expenses was primarily due to the additional costs associated with acquisitions, such as compensation, rent, travel and depreciation. As a percentage of total revenue, operating expenses decreased slightly to 11.7% in fiscal 2012 as compared to 11.9% in fiscal 2011. The slight decrease was primarily due to improved fixed operating cost leverage resulting from higher revenues more than offsetting an increase in our sales commissions, which are calculated based on equipment gross profits rather than revenues, and a larger portion of our business coming from our Construction segment, which require higher operating expenses and included additional expenses in fiscal 2012 associated with growing the rental business.

### Other Income (Expense)

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
		(dollars in thousands)		
Interest and other income	\$ 1,643	\$ 1,794	\$ (151)	(8.4)%
Floorplan interest expense	(8,323)	(7,223)	1,100	15.2%
Other interest expense	(1,347)	(1,361)	(14)	(1.0)%

Interest and other income for the year ended January 31, 2012 was positively impacted by an increased manufacturer incentive as compared to the prior year. The increase in floorplan interest expense of \$1.1 million was due to the increase in floorplan notes payable balances as compared to fiscal 2011, offset by reductions in interest rates associated with our Credit Agreement entered into on October 31, 2010.

### Provision for Income Taxes

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
		(dollars in thousands)		
Provision for income taxes	\$ 29,429	\$ 14,895	\$ 14,534	97.6%

The increase in our provision for income taxes was due to our income before income taxes growing 97.6% as compared to fiscal 2011. Our effective tax rate was 40.0% in fiscal 2012 and fiscal 2011.

### Segment Results

	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2012</u>	<u>Fiscal Year Ended January 31, 2011</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
		(dollars in thousands)		
<b>Revenues</b>				
Agriculture	\$ 1,441,294	\$ 979,016	\$ 462,278	47.2%
Construction	279,152	152,646	126,506	82.9%
Segment revenues	1,720,446	1,131,662	588,784	52.0%
Eliminations	(61,454)	(37,173)	(24,281)	(65.3)%
Total	\$ 1,658,992	\$ 1,094,489	\$ 564,503	51.6%
<b>Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes</b>				
Agriculture	\$ 74,411	\$ 44,083	\$ 30,328	68.8%
Construction	5,461	(3,451)	8,912	258.2%
Segment income (loss) before income taxes	79,872	40,632	39,240	96.6%
Shared Resources	(5,993)	(3,133)	(2,860)	(91.3)%
Eliminations	(305)	(262)	(43)	(16.4)%
Total	\$ 73,574	\$ 37,237	\$ 36,337	97.6%

### Agriculture

Agriculture segment revenues for fiscal 2012 increased 47.2% compared to fiscal 2011. The revenue increase was primarily due to acquisitions and an Agriculture same-store sales increase of 27.0% over fiscal 2011. The same-store sales growth primarily reflected a strong equipment market driven by increased net farm income for calendar years 2010 and 2011.

Agriculture segment income before income tax increased 68.8% in fiscal 2012 primarily due to higher revenues and slightly higher gross profit margins for equipment, parts and service.

#### *Construction*

Construction segment revenue for fiscal 2012 increased 82.9% compared to fiscal 2011. The revenue increase was primarily due to acquisitions, a Construction same-store sales increase of 41.8% as compared to fiscal 2011, and growth in the rental business. The same-store growth was positively impacted by an improved construction equipment market in the region in which we do business and results from ongoing operational improvements. The increase in our rental business reflects our initiative to expand this growth platform through strategic acquisitions, including the purchase of ABC Rental & Equipment Sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2012, new openings, and an increase in the size of our rental fleet.

The Construction segment earned segment income before income taxes of \$5.5 million in fiscal 2012, compared to a segment loss before income taxes of \$3.5 million in fiscal 2011. This improvement was primarily caused by an increase in Construction segment revenue, an increase equipment gross profit margin resulting from the aforementioned improvements in market conditions, an increase in service gross profit margins, and an increase in gross profit margin on rental and other resulting from increased utilization of our rental fleet.

#### *Shared Resources/Eliminations*

We incur centralized expenses/income at our general corporate level, which we refer to as "Shared Resources," and then allocate these net expenses to our segments. Since these allocations are set early in the year, unallocated balances may occur.

Eliminations remove any inter-company revenues or income before income taxes residing in our segment results.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### *Cash Flow Used For Operating Activities*

During fiscal 2013, cash used for operating activities was \$115.3 million. Our cash used for operating activities was primarily the result of an increase in net cash for inventories of \$144.0 million and an increase in receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets of \$41.6 million. This amount was principally offset by our reported net income including noncontrolling interest of \$42.6 million and non-cash adjustments to net income for depreciation and amortization of \$23.5 million. The increase in inventories primarily resulted from the growth in our business, which was both organic and through acquisitions. We evaluate our cash flow from operating activities net of all floorplan activity. Taking this adjustment into account, our non-GAAP cash used for operating activities was \$1.2 million for fiscal 2013. For reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure, please see the Non-GAAP Cash Flow Reconciliation below.

During fiscal 2012, cash used for operating activities was \$182.2 million. Our cash used for operating activities was primarily the result of an increase in net cash for inventories of \$261.6 million. This amount was principally offset by our reported net income including noncontrolling interest of \$44.1 million and non-cash adjustments to net income for depreciation and amortization of \$15.3 million and deferred income taxes of \$16.0 million. The increase in inventories primarily reflects new equipment stocking to support forecasted equipment sales.

During fiscal 2011, cash used for operating activities was \$35.0 million. Our cash used for operating activities was primarily the result of an increase in net cash for inventories of \$63.1 million, a net increase in receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets of \$19.9 million and a net decrease in



floorplan notes payable of \$13.0 million. This amount was principally offset by our reported net income of \$22.3 million, non-cash adjustments to net income for depreciation and amortization of \$9.0 million and a net increase in accounts payable, customer deposits, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities of \$23.2 million. The increase in inventories was primarily the result of our growth through acquisitions and inventory balances that reflect historical stocking levels.

#### *Cash Flow Used For Investing Activities*

During fiscal 2013, cash used for investing activities was \$64.1 million. Our cash used for investing activities primarily consisted of purchases of equipment dealerships (net of cash purchased) of \$31.9 million, purchases of rental fleet of \$13.4 million and property and equipment purchases (excluding rental fleet) of \$26.5 million.

During fiscal 2012, cash used for investing activities was \$66.6 million. Our cash used for investing activities primarily consisted of purchases of equipment dealerships (net of cash purchased) of \$48.4 million and property and equipment purchases of \$18.8 million.

During fiscal 2011, cash used for investing activities was \$48.4 million. Our cash used for investing activities primarily consisted of purchases of equipment dealerships (net of cash purchased) of \$32.3 million and property and equipment purchases of \$13.3 million.

#### *Cash Flow Provided By Financing Activities*

During fiscal 2013, cash provided by financing activities was \$224.2 million. Cash provided by financing activities was primarily the result of an increase in our non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable of \$108.4 million and \$145.2 million in net proceeds from our Convertible Notes offering. These amounts were principally offset by principal payments exceeding proceeds on our long-term debt by \$31.5 million.

During fiscal 2012, cash provided by financing activities was \$252.6 million. Cash provided by financing activities was primarily the result of an increase in our non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable of \$168.1 million, \$74.9 million in net proceeds from our follow-on offering, and proceeds exceeding principal payments on long-term debt by \$7.8 million.

During fiscal 2011, cash provided by financing activities was \$83.4 million. Cash provided by financing activities was primarily the result of an increase in our non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable of \$82.4 million. During fiscal 2011, the increase in floorplan financing with non-manufacturers resulted from borrowings under our Credit Agreement.

#### *Non-GAAP Cash Flow Reconciliation*

We consider our cash flow from operating activities to include all equipment inventory financing activity regardless of whether we obtain the financing from a manufacturer or other source. We consider equipment inventory financing with both manufacturers and other sources to be part of the normal operations of our business and use the adjusted cash flow analysis in the evaluation of our equipment inventory and inventory flooring needs. Non-GAAP cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities is a non-GAAP financial measure which is adjusted for the following:

- Non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable: The adjustment is equal to the net change in non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable, as shown on the consolidated statements of cash flows. GAAP categorizes non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable as financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.
- Impact of senior convertible notes: We issued \$150.0 million of Convertible Notes in April 2012. We used a significant amount of the proceeds from the Convertible Notes to reduce our

floorplan notes payable balances, resulting in a higher level of equity in our equipment inventory than we have historically maintained. To analyze the impact of this fluctuation of equity in our equipment inventory, we use this adjustment to maintain a constant level of equipment financing. The adjustment is equal to the difference between our actual equity in inventory at the balance sheet date and our historical average level of equity in inventory of 15%. GAAP categorizes proceeds from our Convertible Notes offering as financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

We believe that the presentation of non-GAAP cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities is relevant and useful to our investors because it provides information on activities we consider normal operations of our business, regardless of financing source. The following table reconciles net cash provided by (used for) operating activities, a GAAP measure, to non-GAAP cash flow provided by (used for) operating activities and net cash provided by (used for) financing activities, a GAAP measure, to non-GAAP cash flow provided by (used for) financing activities (in thousands):

	<u>As Reported</u>	<u>Adjustment(1)</u>	<u>Adjustment(2)</u>	<u>Non-GAAP</u>
	(in thousands)			Measures
Fiscal 2013:				
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (115,325)	\$ 108,417	\$ 5,725	\$ (1,183)
Net cash provided by financing activities	224,227	(108,417)	(5,725)	110,085
Fiscal 2012:				
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (182,185)	\$ 168,118	\$ 13,130	\$ (937)
Net cash provided by financing activities	252,573	(168,118)	(13,130)	71,325
Fiscal 2011:				
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (35,008)	\$ 82,371	\$ (4,495)	\$ 42,868
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	83,383	(82,371)	4,495	5,507

(1)—Net change in non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable

(2)—Impact of Convertible Notes

#### Debt Facilities

**Senior Secured Credit Facility.** We currently have a Credit Agreement with the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate that provides for a \$375.0 million wholesale floorplan line of credit (the "Floorplan Line") and a \$75.0 million working capital line of credit (the "Working Capital Line"). The amount available under the Floorplan Line is reduced by adjustments based on borrowing base calculations and various standby letters of credit denominated in Euros and U.S. dollars used to guarantee equipment purchases from CNH by our foreign subsidiaries. The Credit Agreement has a variable interest rate on outstanding balances of LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 1.5% to 2.625% per annum, depending upon our consolidated leverage ratio, has a 0.3% to 0.4% non-usage fee on the average monthly unused amount and requires monthly payments of accrued interest. The Credit Agreement is secured by all our assets and contains certain financial covenants that impose a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum debt to tangible net worth ratio, and requires prior approval of acquisitions exceeding certain thresholds. The Credit Agreement also restricts our ability to make certain cash payments without prior approval, including payments for stock repurchases and cash dividends, except that it permits paying cash dividends in an amount not to exceed 50% of consolidated net income for the then trailing four quarters, so long as no default or event of default exists prior to or immediately following such action or otherwise results from such action. The Credit Agreement, as amended, expires March 30, 2016.

The Floorplan Line is used to finance equipment inventory purchases. Amounts outstanding are recorded as floorplan notes payable, within current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets as we intend to repay amounts borrowed within one year. As of January 31, 2013 we had \$289.1 million outstanding on the Floorplan Line.

The Working Capital Line is used to finance our working capital requirements. Amounts outstanding are recorded as long-term debt, within long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, as we do not have the intention or obligation to repay amounts borrowed within one year. As of January 31, 2013 we had \$7.1 million outstanding on the Working Capital Line.

*CNH Capital Credit Facility.* We currently have a credit facility with CNH Capital that provides for an aggregate principal balance of up to \$450.0 million for floorplan financing, the availability of which is reduced by outstanding floorplan notes payable, rental fleet financing and other acquisition-related financing arrangements with CNH Capital, as described below. Interest rates are currently equal to the prime rate plus 4% on new borrowings, subject to any interest-free periods offered by CNH Capital. The CNH Capital term loans and loans for certain purposes also have interest rates equal to the prime rate plus 4% per annum. Cumulative and unpaid balance of advances under the CNH Capital credit facility accrues interest each month and requires monthly payments. The CNH Capital credit facility automatically renews on August 31 of each year, unless earlier terminated by either party. The CNH Capital credit facility is secured by the financed assets. Repayment terms vary by individual notes, but generally payments are made from sales proceeds or rental revenue from the related inventories. As of January 31, 2013, we had approximately \$247.7 million outstanding on the CNH Capital credit facility, of which approximately \$243.9 million related to floorplan notes payable. The CNH Capital credit facility contains certain financial covenants that impose maximum levels of adjusted debt to tangible net worth and debt service ratios. It also contains various restrictive covenants that require the prior consent of CNH Capital if we desire to engage in any acquisition of, or consolidation or merger with, any other business entity in which we are not the surviving company; create subsidiaries; move any collateral outside of the U.S.; or sell, rent, lease or otherwise dispose or transfer any of the collateral, other than in the ordinary course of business. CNH's consent is also required for the acquisition of any CNH dealership. In addition, the CNH Capital credit facility restricts our ability to incur any liens upon any substantial part of our assets.

*Other Indebtedness with CNH Capital.* CNH Capital periodically provides term loans for fixed asset financing in connection with acquisitions. CNH Capital also provides variable rate note at the prime rate plus 4% per annum, which are secured by our rental fleet. There were no amounts outstanding on the term loans or rental fleet notes as of January 31, 2013.

*Agricredit Credit Facility.* We currently have a credit facility with Agricredit Acceptance LLC ("Agricredit") that provides for an aggregate principal balance of up to \$175.0 million. As of January 31, 2013 we had \$96.8 million outstanding on the Agricredit credit facility. The Agricredit credit facility may be used to purchase or refinance new and used equipment inventory. The interest rate on borrowings under the Agricredit credit facility is equal to the three-month LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin of 4.75% to 5.25% per annum, depending upon the our average daily outstanding balance. The Agricredit credit facility allows for increase, decrease or termination of the credit facility by Agricredit on 90 days notice. Under covenants of the Agricredit credit facility, we have agreed, among other things, to maintain various financial ratio levels, to submit certain financial information, and to obtain prior consent from Agricredit if we desire to engage in any acquisition meeting certain financial thresholds. The balances outstanding with Agricredit are secured by the related inventory. Repayment terms vary by individual notes, but generally payments are made from sales proceeds or rental revenue from the related inventories.

## **Sources of Liquidity**

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash reserves, cash flow from operations, proceeds from our public stock offerings, proceeds from the issuance of debt and our Convertible Notes, and borrowings under our credit facilities. We expect that ongoing requirements for debt service and capital expenditures will be funded from these sources.

## **Adequacy of Capital Resources**

Our primary uses of cash have been to fund our strategic acquisitions, finance the purchase of inventory, meet debt service requirements and fund operating activities, working capital, payments due under building space operating leases and manufacturer floorplan notes payable. The primary factors affecting our ability to generate cash and to meet existing, known or reasonably likely cash requirements are the timing and extent of acquisitions and our operating performance as impacted by (i) industry factors, (ii) competition, (iii) general economic conditions and (iv) other business factors as identified in Item 1A "Risk Factors."

For fiscal 2013 and 2012, our cash expenditures on property and equipment (excluding rental fleet) were \$26.5 million and \$18.8 million, respectively, exclusive of acquisitions, transfers between equipment inventory and our rental fleet, and property and equipment purchased with long-term debt. We expect our property and equipment expenditures, exclusive of acquisitions and rental fleet, for fiscal 2014 to be approximately \$22.0 to \$27.0 million. The actual amount of our fiscal 2014 property and equipment expenditures will depend upon factors such as general economic conditions, growth prospects for our industry and our acquisition activity. We currently expect to finance property and equipment purchases with borrowings under the existing credit facilities, with available cash or with cash flow from operations. We may need to incur additional debt if we pursue any future acquisitions.

Our ability to service our debt will depend upon our ability to generate the necessary cash. This will depend on our future acquisition activity, operating performance, general economic conditions, and financial, competitive, business and other factors, some of which are beyond our immediate control. Based on our current operational performance, we believe our cash flow from operations, available cash and available borrowings under the existing credit facilities will adequately provide our liquidity needs for, at a minimum, the next 12 months.

We cannot assure you, however, that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available under the credit facilities with the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate and CNH Capital in amounts sufficient to allow us to service our indebtedness and to meet our other commitments. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow from operations or to obtain sufficient future borrowings, we may be required to seek one or more alternatives such as refinancing or restructuring our indebtedness, selling material assets or operations or seeking to raise additional debt or equity capital. We cannot assure you that we will be able to succeed with one of these alternatives on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. In addition, if we pursue strategic acquisitions, we may require additional equity or debt financing to consummate the transactions, and we cannot assure you that we will succeed in obtaining this financing on favorable terms or at all. If we incur additional indebtedness to finance any of these transactions, this may place increased demands on our cash flow from operations to service the resulting increased debt. Our existing debt agreements contain restrictive covenants that may restrict our ability to adopt any of these alternatives. Any non-compliance by us under the terms of our debt agreements could result in an event of default which, if not cured, could result in the acceleration of our debt.

## **Certain Information Concerning Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of January 31, 2013, we did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which

would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. We are, therefore, not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in these relationships. In the normal course of our business activities, we lease rental equipment under operating leases.

### Contractual and Commercial Commitment Summary

Our contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of January 31, 2013 are summarized below:

Contractual Obligations	Total	Payments Due By Period			
		Less Than 1 Year	1 to 3 Years (in thousands)	3 to 5 Years	More Than 5 Years
Long-term debt obligations(1)	\$ 75,609	\$ 12,960	\$ 24,131	\$ 35,387	\$ 3,131
Convertible debt obligations(2)	185,156	5,625	11,250	11,250	157,031
Operating lease(3)	170,792	18,996	32,860	27,624	91,312
Purchase obligations	926	344	582	—	—
Other long-term liabilities(4)	8,879	—	8,879	—	—
Total	<u>\$ 441,362</u>	<u>\$ 37,925</u>	<u>\$ 77,702</u>	<u>\$ 74,261</u>	<u>\$ 251,474</u>

- (1) Includes obligations under notes payable issued in favor of our lenders and estimates of interest payable.
- (2) Includes coupon payments of interest on the contractual payment dates and payment of the principal balance on the maturity date of May 2019.
- (3) Includes minimum lease payment obligations under operating leases related to our stores. Amounts do not include insurance or tax, which we include in our operating expenses and which we estimate will be approximately \$1.8 million for the less than 1 year period, \$3.3 million for the 1-3 year period, \$3.3 million for the 3-5 year period, and \$11.2 million for the more than 5 years period for a total of approximately \$19.6 million. See Note 11 to our audited financial statements for a description of our operating lease obligations.
- (4) Includes long-term portion of trade payables.

### New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on the parent's accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment upon derecognition of certain subsidiaries or groups of assets within a foreign entity or of an investment in a foreign entity, codified in ASC 830, *Foreign Currency Matters*. The amendments require an entity that ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity to apply the guidance in ASC 830-30, *Translation of Financial Statements*, to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, the partial sale guidance in ASC 830-30-40, *Derecognition*, still applies. As such, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. The guidance is effective for derecognition events occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted. We will adopt this guidance on February 1, 2014. Its adoption is not expected to have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on reporting of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, codified in ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income*. The amended guidance did not change existing disclosure requirements, but requires presentation of information about significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income in one place within the financial statements, or cross-referenced to related footnote disclosures. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012, with early adoption permitted. We adopted this guidance on February 1, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities, codified in ASC 210, *Balance Sheet*. The amended guidance clarified that the scope of the disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities include derivatives accounted for in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and certain securities borrowing and securities lending transactions. The guidance is effective for the interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. We adopted this guidance on February 1, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2012, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on impairment testing for indefinite-lived intangible assets, codified in ASC 350, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other*. The amended guidance provides an entity the option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity determines that the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset is not more likely than not impaired, then the entity is not required to perform a quantitative assessment. However, if an entity concludes that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is more likely than not impaired, it is required to perform the impairment test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. An entity also has the option to bypass the qualitative assessment for any indefinite-lived intangible asset in any period and proceed directly to performing the quantitative impairment test. The guidance is effective for the interim and annual periods beginning after September 15, 2012, with early adoption permitted. We adopted this guidance on July 31, 2012 and utilized it in our annual indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment testing as of January 31, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

### **Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Such "forward-looking" information is included in this Form 10-K, including this Item 7, as well as in other materials filed or to be filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by us).

This Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the following words: "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "ongoing," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "will," "would," or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology, although not all forward-looking statements contain these words. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of performance. These statements are based on our management's beliefs and

assumptions, which in turn are based on currently available information. Our forward-looking statements in this Form 10-K generally relate to the following:

- our beliefs and intentions with respect to our growth strategy, including growth through acquisitions, the profitability of expansion, the types of acquisition targets we intend to pursue, our ability to identify such targets, and the industry climate for dealer consolidation;
- our beliefs with respect to our competitors and our competitive advantages;
- our beliefs with respect to the impact of government subsidies on the agriculture economy;
- our beliefs with respect to the benefit of natural resource exploration in our operating region on our operating results;
- our beliefs with respect to the impact of government regulations;
- our beliefs with respect to ERP implementation and continued operations in the event of information system inoperability;
- our beliefs with respect to our business strengths, including the Titan Operating Model and the growth rate of our shared resources expenditures and our marketing efforts;
- our plans and beliefs with respect to real property used in our business;
- our beliefs with respect to our employee relations and the impact of employee training and management strength on our revenues;
- our assumptions, beliefs and expectations with respect to past and future market conditions, including interest rates, lending standards and public infrastructure spending and the impact these conditions will have on our operating results;
- our beliefs with respect to the impact of our Credit Agreement on future interest expense;
- our beliefs with respect to the adequacy of our capital resources and the funding of debt service obligations and capital expenditures;
- our plans for future capital expenditures and dividend payments;
- our cash needs and the adequacy of our working capital; and
- our expectations regarding the impact of inflation.

Forward-looking statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of performance. These statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions, which in turn are based on currently available information. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding demand for our products, the expansion of product offerings geographically, the timing and cost of planned capital expenditures, competitive conditions and general economic conditions. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. Forward-looking statements also involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results that differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- incorrect assumptions regarding our cash needs;
- general economic conditions and construction activity in the markets where we operate;
- our relationships with equipment suppliers;
- our substantial leverage;
- the risks associated with the expansion of our business;

- our possible inability to integrate any businesses we acquire;
- competitive pressures;
- compliance with laws and regulations; and
- other factors discussed under "Risk Factors" or elsewhere in this Form 10-K.

You should read the risk factors and the other cautionary statements made in this Form 10-K as being applicable to all related forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this Form 10-K. We cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this Form 10-K will prove to be accurate. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, if at all. Other than as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even though our situation may change in the future.

#### **ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

We are exposed to various market risks, including changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates.

*Interest Rate Risk:* Exposure to changes in interest rates results from borrowing activities used to fund operations. For fixed rate debt, interest rate changes affect the fair value of financial instruments but do not impact earnings or cash flows. Conversely, for floating rate debt, interest rate changes generally do not affect the fair market value but do impact future earnings and cash flows, assuming other factors are held constant. We have both fixed and floating rate financing. Some of our floating rate credit facilities contain minimum rates of interest to be charged. Based upon balances and interest rates as of January 31, 2013, holding other variables constant, a one percentage point increase in interest rates for the next 12-month period would decrease pre-tax earnings and cash flow by approximately \$4.3 million. Conversely, a one percentage point decrease in interest rates for the next 12-month period would result in an increase to pre-tax earnings and cash flow of approximately \$4.3 million. At January 31, 2013, we had variable rate floorplan notes payable of \$689.4 million, of which approximately \$421.1 million was interest-bearing, variable notes payable and long-term debt of \$12.0 million, and fixed rate notes payable and long-term debt of \$79.2 million.

*Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk:* Foreign currency exposures arise as the result of our foreign operations. The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk, as our net investment in our foreign operations is exposed to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. In addition, the Company is exposed to the translation of foreign currency earnings to the U.S. dollar, whereby the results of our operations and cash flows may be adversely impacted by fluctuating foreign currency exchange rates. The Company is also exposed to foreign currency transaction risk as the result of certain intercompany financing transactions. The Company attempts to manage its foreign currency exchange rate risk through the use of derivative financial instruments, primarily foreign exchange forward contracts. Based upon balances and exchange rates as of January 31, 2013, holding other variables constant, we believe that a hypothetical 10% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rates would not have a material impact on our results of operations or cash flows.



**ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

The Consolidated Balance Sheets of the Company as of January 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related Consolidated Statements of Operations, Other Comprehensive Income, Stockholders' Equity, and Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013, and the notes thereto have been audited by Eide Bailly LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm.

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Titan Machinery Inc.  
West Fargo, North Dakota

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Titan Machinery Inc. as of January 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended January 31, 2013, and the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15. Titan Machinery Inc.'s management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Titan Machinery Inc. as of January 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended January 31, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Titan Machinery Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated April 10, 2013, expressed an unqualified opinion.

/s/ Eide Bailly LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota  
April 10, 2013

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Titan Machinery Inc.  
West Fargo, North Dakota

We have audited Titan Machinery Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Titan Machinery Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Titan Machinery Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2013, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows of Titan Machinery Inc., and our report dated April 10, 2013, expressed an unqualified opinion.

/s/ Eide Bailly LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota  
April 10, 2013

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**JANUARY 31, 2013 AND 2012**  
(in thousands, except per share data)

	<u>January 31, 2013</u>	<u>January 31, 2012</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 124,360	\$ 79,842
Receivables, net	121,786	82,518
Inventories	929,216	748,047
Prepaid expenses and other	8,178	2,108
Income taxes receivable	503	3,140
Deferred income taxes	8,357	5,370
Total current assets	<u>1,192,400</u>	<u>921,025</u>
INTANGIBLES AND OTHER ASSETS		
Noncurrent parts inventories	3,507	2,792
Goodwill	30,633	24,404
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	14,359	10,793
Other	8,534	2,776
Total intangibles and other assets	<u>57,033</u>	<u>40,765</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>194,641</u>	<u>126,282</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,444,074</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,088,072</u></u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 28,282	\$ 28,424
Floorplan notes payable	689,410	552,428
Current maturities of long-term debt	10,568	4,755

Customer deposits	46,775	49,540
Accrued expenses	29,590	26,735
Income taxes payable	310	—
Total current liabilities	804,935	661,882
<b>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</b>		
Senior convertible notes	125,666	—
Long-term debt, less current maturities	56,592	57,405
Deferred income taxes	47,411	28,592
Other long-term liabilities	9,551	2,854
Total long-term liabilities	239,220	88,851
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, par value \$.00001 per share; 45,000 shares authorized, 21,092 shares issued and outstanding at January 31, 2013; 25,000 shares authorized, 20,911 shares issued and outstanding at January 31, 2012	—	—
Additional paid-in-capital	236,521	218,156
Retained earnings	160,724	118,251
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(735)	(70)
Total Titan Machinery Inc. stockholders' equity	396,510	336,337
Noncontrolling interest	3,409	1,002
Total stockholders' equity	399,919	337,339
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 1,444,074</b>	<b>\$ 1,088,072</b>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013, 2012 AND 2011**  
(in thousands, except per share data)

	2013	2012	2011
REVENUE			
Equipment	\$ 1,763,877	\$ 1,303,900	\$ 855,443
Parts	242,368	201,404	140,982
Service	127,779	103,474	74,506
Rental and other	64,396	50,214	23,558
TOTAL REVENUE	2,198,420	1,658,992	1,094,489
COST OF REVENUE			
Equipment	1,600,233	1,171,618	773,060
Parts	169,164	140,096	100,281
Service	45,748	37,236	27,767
Rental and other	43,914	34,581	18,813
TOTAL COST OF REVENUE	1,859,059	1,383,531	919,921
GROSS PROFIT	339,361	275,461	174,568
OPERATING EXPENSES	247,557	193,860	130,541
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	91,804	81,601	44,027
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)			
Interest and other income	1,654	1,643	1,794
Floorplan interest expense	(13,297)	(8,323)	(7,223)
Other interest expense	(9,465)	(1,347)	(1,361)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	70,696	73,574	37,237
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(28,137)	(29,429)	(14,895)
NET INCOME INCLUDING NONCONTROLLING INTEREST			

	42,559	44,145	22,342
LESS: NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST			
	86	(15)	—
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO TITAN MACHINERY INC.	<u>\$ 42,473</u>	<u>\$ 44,160</u>	<u>\$ 22,342</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE—NOTE 1			
EARNINGS PER SHARE—BASIC	<u>\$ 2.02</u>	<u>\$ 2.21</u>	<u>\$ 1.25</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE—DILUTED	<u>\$ 2.00</u>	<u>\$ 2.18</u>	<u>\$ 1.23</u>
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES—BASIC	20,787	19,809	17,658
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES—DILUTED	20,987	20,110	17,961

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013, 2012 AND 2011**  
**(in thousands)**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
NET INCOME INCLUDING NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	\$ 42,559	\$ 44,145	\$ 22,342
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(299)	(94)	—
Unrealized loss on net investment hedge derivative instruments (net of tax of \$325)	(509)	—	—
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	(808)	(94)	—
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	41,751	44,051	22,342
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	(57)	(39)	—
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO TITAN MACHINERY INC.	<u>\$ 41,808</u>	<u>\$ 44,090</u>	<u>\$ 22,342</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013, 2012 AND 2011**  
(in thousands)

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</u>	<u>Total Titan Machinery Inc. Stockholders' Equity</u>	<u>Noncontrolling Interest</u>	<u>Total Stockholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Shares Outstanding</u>	<u>Amount</u>						
BALANCE, JANUARY 31, 2010	17,777	\$ —	\$ 138,775	\$ 51,749	\$ —	\$ 190,524	\$ —	\$ 190,524
Common stock issued on grant of restricted stock, exercise of stock options and warrants, and tax benefits of equity awards	140	—	534	—	—	534	—	534
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	1,157	—	—	1,157	—	1,157
Net income	—	—	—	22,342	—	22,342	—	22,342
BALANCE, JANUARY 31, 2011	17,917	—	140,466	74,091	—	214,557	—	214,557
Common stock issued in follow-on offering	2,760	—	74,898	—	—	74,898	—	74,898
Common stock issued on grant of restricted stock, exercise of stock options and warrants, and tax benefits of equity awards	234	—	1,663	—	—	1,663	—	1,663
Issuance of subsidiary shares to noncontrolling interest holders	—	—	(239)	—	—	(239)	1,041	802
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	1,368	—	—	1,368	—	1,368
Comprehensive income:								
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	44,160	—	44,160	(15)	44,145
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(70)	(70)	(24)	(94)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	44,090	(39)	44,051
BALANCE, JANUARY 31, 2012								

	20,911	—	218,156	118,251	(70)	336,337	1,002	337,339
Senior convertible notes offering								
	—	—	15,546	—	—	15,546	—	15,546
Common stock issued on grant of restricted stock, exercise of stock options and warrants, and tax benefits of equity awards								
	181	—	1,189	—	—	1,189	—	1,189
Issuance of subsidiary shares to noncontrolling interest holders								
	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,464	2,464
Stock-based compensation expense								
	—	—	1,630	—	—	1,630	—	1,630
Comprehensive income:								
Net income								
	—	—	—	42,473	—	42,473	86	42,559
Other comprehensive loss								
	—	—	—	—	(665)	(665)	(143)	(808)
Total comprehensive income (loss)								
	—	—	—	—	—	41,808	(57)	41,751
BALANCE, JANUARY 31, 2013								
	<u>21,092</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 236,521</u>	<u>\$ 160,724</u>	<u>\$ (735)</u>	<u>\$ 396,510</u>	<u>\$ 3,409</u>	<u>\$ 399,919</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**YEARS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2013, 2012 AND 2011**  
**(in thousands)**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$ 42,559	\$ 44,145	\$ 22,342
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used for operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	23,464	15,263	8,969
Deferred income taxes	6,108	16,029	1,675
Stock-based compensation expense	1,630	1,368	1,157
Noncash interest expense	3,440	535	126
Other, net	(1,171)	(233)	(237)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of purchase of equipment dealerships assets and assumption of liabilities			
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	(41,598)	(32,695)	(19,873)
Inventories	(144,021)	(261,597)	(63,108)
Floorplan notes payable	(5,709)	4,195	(12,992)
Accounts payable, customer deposits, accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities	(2,739)	36,428	23,245
Income taxes	2,712	(5,623)	3,688
<b>NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<u>(115,325)</u>	<u>(182,185)</u>	<u>(35,008)</u>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Rental fleet purchases	(13,358)	(2,642)	(3,429)
Property and equipment purchases (excluding rental fleet)	(26,474)	(18,780)	(13,303)
Net proceeds from sale of property and equipment	8,422	3,342	892
Purchase of equipment dealerships, net of cash purchased	(31,877)	(48,448)	(32,312)
Other, net	(825)	(99)	(296)
<b>NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<u>(64,112)</u>	<u>(66,627)</u>	<u>(48,448)</u>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			

Proceeds from senior convertible notes offering, net of direct issuance costs of \$4,753	145,247	—	—
Proceeds from follow-on offering of common stock, net of underwriting discount of \$4,166 and other direct costs of \$286	—	74,898	—
Net change in non-manufacturer floorplan notes payable	108,417	168,118	82,371
Proceeds from long-term debt borrowings	113,967	37,832	23,259
Principal payments on long-term debt	(145,509)	(30,067)	(20,385)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary shares to noncontrolling interest holders	2,464	802	—
Other, net	(359)	990	(1,862)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	224,227	252,573	83,383
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH EQUIVALENTS	(272)	(31)	—
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	44,518	3,730	(73)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	79,842	76,112	76,185
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 124,360</u>	<u>\$ 79,842</u>	<u>\$ 76,112</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Cash paid during the period			
Income taxes, net of refunds	<u>\$ 18,625</u>	<u>\$ 18,733</u>	<u>\$ 9,226</u>
Interest	<u>\$ 17,733</u>	<u>\$ 9,004</u>	<u>\$ 9,103</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net property and equipment financed with long-term debt	<u>\$ 36,482</u>	<u>\$ 9,755</u>	<u>\$ 2,980</u>
Net transfer of assets to property and equipment from inventories	<u>\$ 15,374</u>	<u>\$ 36,377</u>	<u>\$ 3,219</u>
Net transfer of financing to long-term debt from floorplan notes payable	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,696</u>	<u>\$ 3,084</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

*Nature of Business*

Titan Machinery Inc. (the "Company") is engaged in the retail sale, service and rental of agricultural and construction machinery through stores in the United States and Europe. The Company's North American stores are located in Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, and its European stores are located in Bulgaria, Romania, Serbia and Ukraine. Subsequent to the Company's year ended January 31, 2013, the Company began operating in the state of New Mexico.

*Seasonality*

The Company's quarterly operating results are subject to fluctuation due to varying weather patterns, which may impact the timing and amount of equipment purchases, rentals, and after-sales parts and service purchases by its Agriculture and Construction customers.

*Principles of Consolidation*

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant accounts, transactions and profits between the consolidated companies have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accounts of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are consolidated as of December 31 of each year. No events occurred related to these subsidiaries in January 2013 that would have materially affected the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

*Reclassifications*

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements to maintain consistency and comparability between periods presented.

*Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly related to realization of inventory, initial valuation and impairment analyses of intangible assets, collectability of receivables, and income taxes.

*Concentrations of Credit Risk*

The Company's sales are to agricultural and construction equipment customers principally in the states and European countries in which its stores are located. The Company extends credit to its customers in the ordinary course of business and monitors its customers' financial condition to minimize its risks associated with trade receivables; however, the Company does not generally require collateral on trade receivables.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

A portion of the Company's cash balances are maintained in bank deposit accounts, which are in excess of federally insured limits.

*Concentrations in Operations*

The Company currently purchases new and rental equipment and related parts from a limited number of manufacturers. Although no change in suppliers is anticipated, the occurrence of such a change could cause a possible loss of sales and adversely affect operating results. The Company is the holder of authorized dealerships granted by CNH America, LLC and CNH International SA (collectively referred to "CNH") whereby it has the right to act as an authorized dealer for the entities' equipment. The dealership authorizations and floorplan facilities can be cancelled by the respective entity if the Company does not observe certain established guidelines and covenants.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less on their acquisition date to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents outstanding on January 31, 2013 or 2012.

*Receivables and Credit Policy*

Trade accounts receivable due from customers are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. Balances unpaid after 30 days are considered past due and begin to accrue interest. Payments of trade receivables are allocated to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid invoices. Trade accounts receivable due from manufacturers relate to discount programs, incentive programs and repair services performed on equipment with a remaining factory warranty. Trade accounts receivable due from finance companies primarily consist of contracts in transit with finance companies and balances due from credit card companies. These receivables do not generally have established payment terms but are collected in relatively short time periods.

The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management reviews aged receivable balances and estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. Account balances are charged off after all appropriate means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

*Inventories*

New and used equipment are stated at the lower of cost (specific identification) or market value with adjustments for decreases in market value on inventory rented but available for sale, estimated as a percentage of the rental income received on such inventory. All new and used equipment inventories, including that which has been rented, are subject to periodic lower of cost or market evaluation that considers various factors including aging of equipment and market conditions. Equipment inventory values are adjusted whenever the estimated market value exceeds the carrying amount. Parts inventories are valued at the lower of average cost or market value. An estimate of parts inventories not expected to be sold in the next year has been reported separately, which is based on historical sales of parts on hand. The Company estimates a reserve on its parts inventories based on various factors including

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

aging and sales of each type of parts inventory. Work in process is valued at the retail rates of labor incurred and parts inventories used on service work in process at year end.

*Property and Equipment*

Property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset, as summarized below:

Buildings and leasehold improvements	Lesser of 10 - 40 years or lease term
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Rental fleet	3 - 10 years

Depreciation for income tax reporting purposes is computed using accelerated methods.

*Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets, including identifiable intangible assets, of the businesses acquired. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently upon the occurrence of certain events or when circumstances indicate that impairment may be present. We perform our annual impairment test as of the end of our fiscal year.

Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level. A reporting unit is defined as an operating segment or one level below an operating segment (referred to as a component). A component of an operating segment is a reporting unit if the component constitutes a business for which discrete financial information is available and segment management regularly reviews the operating results of that component. We have identified four reporting units which carry a goodwill balance.

An entity may assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Alternatively, an entity has an unconditional option to bypass the qualitative assessment for any reporting unit in any period and proceed directly to performing the quantitative impairment analysis. The quantitative impairment analysis is performed under a two-step impairment model, in which under step one, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, goodwill of the reporting unit is considered not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is unnecessary. However, if the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the impairment test is performed to measure the amount of impairment, if any.

In 2012, for all reporting units, we elected to analyze qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of each reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Based on this assessment, we concluded that this condition, for all reporting units, did not exist, and thus goodwill was not impaired. For 2013, we performed the quantitative goodwill impairment test comparing the estimated fair value of each reporting unit to its carrying value. We estimated the fair

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

value of our reporting units based primarily on a discounted cash flow analysis, an income approach. Based on our analyses, we concluded that goodwill was not impaired.

*Intangible Assets*

Intangible assets with a finite life consist of customer relationships and covenants not to compete, and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. The Company amortizes the cost of identified intangible assets on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit, which is three years for customer relationships and the contractual term for covenants not to compete, which range from three to ten years.

Intangible assets with an indefinite life consist of distribution rights with manufacturers. We classify distribution rights as an indefinite-lived intangible asset because our distribution agreements continue indefinitely by their terms, or are routinely awarded or renewed without substantial cost to us or material modifications to the underlying agreements. As such, we believe that our distribution rights intangible assets will contribute to our cash flows for an indefinite period; therefore, the carrying amount of distribution rights is not amortized, but is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently upon the occurrence of certain events or when circumstances indicate that impairment may be present. We perform our annual impairment test as of December 31st of each year. The impairment test is performed by comparing the carrying value to its estimated fair value.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment at the lowest level in which identifiable cash flows can be attributed to the asset. For our distribution rights intangible assets, we have determined that the lowest level of cash flows which can be attributed to the asset is equal to the store, or complex of stores, acquired in the business combination which resulted in the initial recognition of the intangible asset, plus any additional store locations operating within the geographical area of the distribution rights.

Under the impairment test, we estimated the fair value of our distribution rights intangible assets based on a multi-period excess earnings model, an income approach. Based on our annual impairment tests performed as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, we concluded that our distribution rights intangible assets were not impaired.

*Impairment of Long-Lived Assets*

Our long-lived assets consist of our property and equipment and intangible assets. In accordance with the guidance for the impairment of long-lived assets, we review these assets for potential impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows of such assets to their carrying values to determine if an adjustment is necessary. If necessary, we measure impairment losses based on the amount by which the carrying amounts of these assets exceed their fair values. No impairment was recognized during the years ended January 31, 2013 and 2012.

*Derivative Instruments*

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to risk from adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company manages its foreign currency exposure through a program that includes the use of derivative instruments, primarily foreign exchange forward contracts.



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The Company's objective in managing its exposure to foreign currency risk is to minimize the impact on earnings, cash flows and the consolidated balance sheet. The Company does not use derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

All outstanding derivative instruments are recognized in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value. The effect on earnings from recognizing the fair value of the derivative instrument depends on its intended use, the hedge designation, and the effectiveness in offsetting the exposure of the underlying hedged item. Changes in fair values of instruments designated to reduce or eliminate fluctuations in the fair values of recognized assets and liabilities and unrecognized firm commitments are reported currently in earnings along with the change in the fair value of the hedged items. Changes in the effective portion of the fair values of derivative instruments used to reduce or eliminate fluctuations in cash flows of forecasted transactions are reported in other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity. Amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to earnings when the related hedged items affect earnings or the anticipated transactions are no longer probable. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated to reduce or eliminate fluctuations in the net investment of a foreign subsidiary are reported in other comprehensive income. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments that are not designated as hedging instruments or do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment are reported currently in earnings.

For derivative instruments accounted for as hedging instruments, the Company formally designates and documents, at inception, the instrument as a hedge of a specific underlying exposure, the risk management objective and the manner by which the effectiveness of the hedging instrument will be evaluated. At each reporting period after inception, the Company evaluates the hedging instrument's effectiveness in reducing or eliminating the underlying hedged exposure. Any hedge ineffectiveness is recognized in earnings immediately.

*Fair Value Measurements*

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1—Values derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2—Values derived from observable inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

Level 3—Values derived from unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data available, thereby requiring the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

In instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

As of January 31, 2013, the Company had recognized a derivative liability for outstanding foreign currency forward contracts which are recorded at fair value in an amount equal to \$0.1 million. Fair value was determined based on Level 2 inputs which include observable, market-based pricing components. No instruments measured at fair value were outstanding as of January 31, 2012.

*Customer Deposits*

Customer deposits consist of advance payments from customers, in the form of cash or equipment to be traded-in, for revenue to be recognized in the following year.

*Income Taxes*

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the basis of receivables, inventory, property and equipment, intangible assets, stock-based compensation, senior convertible notes and accrued expenses for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. The Company's policy is to recognize interest expense and penalties related to income tax matters within its provision for income taxes. The Company performs a comprehensive review of its portfolio of uncertain tax positions in accordance with the requirements and recognition standards established by Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740, *Income Taxes*. Pursuant to this guidance, an uncertain tax position represents the Company's expected treatment of a tax position taken, or expected to be taken, in a tax return, that has not been reflected in measuring income tax expense for financial reporting purposes.

*Earnings Per Share*

The Company uses the two-class method to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share. Unvested restricted stock awards are considered participating securities because they entitle holders to non-forfeitable rights to dividends during the vesting term. Under the two-class method, basic earnings per share were computed by dividing net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. after allocation of income to participating securities by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share were computed by dividing net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. after allocation of income to participating securities by the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding after adjusting for potential dilution related to the conversion of all dilutive securities into common stock. All potentially dilutive securities were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. There were approximately 10,000, 119,000 and 131,000 stock options outstanding as of January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were anti-dilutive. None of the approximately 3,474,000 shares underlying our Convertible Notes were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the Company's average stock price was less than the conversion price of \$43.17.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	(in thousands, except per share data)		
<b>Numerator</b>			
Net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc.	\$ 42,473	\$ 44,160	\$ 22,342
Net income allocated to participating securities	<u>(443)</u>	<u>(409)</u>	<u>(232)</u>
Net income attributable to Titan Machinery Inc. common stockholders	<u>\$ 42,030</u>	<u>\$ 43,751</u>	<u>\$ 22,110</u>
<b>Denominator</b>			
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	20,787	19,809	17,658
Plus: Incremental shares from assumed conversions of stock options and warrants	<u>200</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>303</u>
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	<u>20,987</u>	<u>20,110</u>	<u>17,961</u>
Earnings per share—basic	<u>\$ 2.02</u>	<u>\$ 2.21</u>	<u>\$ 1.25</u>
Earnings per share—diluted	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.18	\$ 1.23

*Revenue Recognition*

Equipment revenue is generally recognized upon receipt of a signed sales contract and delivery of product to customers. However, in certain circumstances, and upon the customer's written request, equipment revenue is recognized before delivery occurs. Under these bill and hold arrangements, the equipment is available for shipment, the Company has fulfilled all of its performance obligations and received a signed sales contract, and the customer has completed and signed a bill and hold agreement. Credit terms on bill and hold arrangements are consistent with credit terms on all other equipment sales. Parts revenue is recognized upon delivery of product to customers. Service revenue is recognized at the time the related services are provided. Rental revenue is recognized over the period of the related rental agreement. In addition to outright sales of new and used equipment, certain rental agreements may include rent-to-purchase options. Under these agreements, customers are given a period of time to exercise an option to purchase the related equipment, with a portion of the rental payments being applied to reduce the purchase price. Payments received during the rental period are recorded as rental revenue. Any such equipment is included in inventory until the purchase option is exercised, and the carrying value of the equipment is reduced in accordance with the Company's aforementioned policy. Equipment revenue is recognized upon the exercise of the purchase option.

*Sales, Excise and Value Added Taxes*

The Company has customers in states and municipalities in which those governmental units impose a sales tax on certain sales. The U.S. federal government imposes excise taxes on certain sales. Certain governments of the foreign countries in which we operate impose value added taxes on certain sales. The Company collects those sales and excise taxes from its customers and remits the entire amount to the various governmental units. The Company's accounting policy is to exclude the tax collected and remitted from revenue and cost of revenue.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)***Shipping and Handling Costs*

Shipping and handling costs are recorded as cost of revenue and amounts billed to customers for shipping and handling costs are recorded in revenue.

*Lessor Accounting*

The Company leases equipment from its rental fleet and equipment inventory to customers on operating leases over periods primarily less than one year. These leases require a minimum rental payment and contingent rental payment based on machine hours. Rental revenue totaled \$54.6 million, \$42.0 million and \$18.2 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of January 31, 2013, the Company had \$105.7 million of rental fleet included in property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$16.8 million. As of January 31, 2012, the Company had \$62.4 million of rental fleet included in property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$7.7 million.

*Manufacturer Incentives and Discounts*

The Company receives various manufacturer incentives and discounts, which are based on a variety of factors. The Company accounts for such programs in accordance with the provisions of ASC 605-50, *Customer's Accounting for Certain Consideration Received from a Vendor*. Discounts and incentives related to the purchase of inventory are recognized as a reduction of inventory prices and recognized as a reduction of cost of revenue when the related inventory is sold. Sales-related discounts and incentives are recognized as a reduction of cost of revenue when the related inventory is sold. Financing-related incentives are recognized as other income when earned. Other incentives, reflecting reimbursement of qualifying expenses, are recognized as a reduction of the related expense when earned.

*Advertising Costs*

Costs incurred for producing and distributing advertising are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense amounted to \$5.6 million, \$4.3 million and \$3.0 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

*Comprehensive Income and Foreign Currency Matters*

For the Company, comprehensive income represents net income adjusted for foreign currency items, including foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains or losses on net investment hedge derivative instruments. For its foreign subsidiaries in which their local currency is their functional currency, assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at the balance sheet date exchange rate. Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year. Foreign currency translation adjustments are recorded directly as other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity. For its foreign subsidiaries in which the local currency is not the functional currency, prior to translation into U.S. dollars, amounts must first be remeasured from the local currency into the functional currency. Nonmonetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical exchange rates and monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the balance sheet date exchange rate. Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the year. Foreign currency remeasurement adjustments are included in the statement of operations.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The Company recognized a net foreign currency transaction gain of \$0.9 million for the year ended January 31, 2013, exclusive of the loss recognized on the foreign exchange contracts disclosed in Note 9. The impact of foreign currency transactions was immaterial for the year ended January 31, 2012.

*Stock-Based Compensation*

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation—Stock Compensation*. This guidance requires that stock-based compensation, which includes stock options and restricted stock, be accounted for at the fair value of the applicable equity instrument. Additional information regarding stock-based compensation is summarized in Note 14.

*Business Combinations*

The Company accounts for business combinations in accordance with the provisions of ASC 805, *Business Combinations*, which requires the purchase price to be allocated amongst the assets acquired, including identifiable intangible assets, and liabilities assumed based on the fair values of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. This guidance allows the acquirer to finalize the acquisition accounting during the measurement period, which may not exceed one year from the date of acquisition. During the measurement period the Company's accounting for the business combination transaction may be based on estimates due to various unknown factors present at the date of acquisition.

*Segment Reporting*

The Company operates its business in two reportable segments, the Agriculture segment and Construction segment, in accordance with the provisions of ASC 280, *Segment Reporting*. Information regarding these segments is summarized in Note 18.

*Recent Accounting Guidance*

In March 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on the parent's accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment upon derecognition of certain subsidiaries or groups of assets within a foreign entity or of an investment in a foreign entity, codified in ASC 830, *Foreign Currency Matters*. The amendments require an entity that ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity to apply the guidance in ASC 830-30, *Translation of Financial Statements*, to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. For an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, the partial sale guidance in ASC 830-30-40, *Derecognition*, still applies. As such, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. The guidance is effective for derecognition events occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company will adopt this guidance on February 1, 2014. Its adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 1—BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

In February 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on reporting of amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, codified in ASC 220, *Comprehensive Income*. The amended guidance did not change existing disclosure requirements, but requires presentation of information about significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income in one place within the financial statements, or cross-referenced to related footnote disclosures. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this guidance on February 1, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities, codified in ASC 210, *Balance Sheet*. The amended guidance clarified that the scope of the disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities include derivatives accounted for in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and certain securities borrowing and securities lending transactions. The guidance is effective for the interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. The Company adopted this guidance on February 1, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In July 2012, the FASB amended authoritative guidance on impairment testing for indefinite-lived intangible assets, codified in ASC 350, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other*. The amended guidance provides an entity the option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity determines that the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset is not more likely than not impaired, then the entity is not required to perform a quantitative assessment. However, if an entity concludes that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is more likely than not impaired, it is required to perform the impairment test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. An entity also has the option to bypass the qualitative assessment for any indefinite-lived intangible asset in any period and proceed directly to performing the quantitative impairment test. The guidance is effective for the interim and annual periods beginning after September 15, 2012, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this guidance on July 31, 2012 and utilized it in the Company's annual indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment testing as of January 31, 2013. Its adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 2—RECEIVABLES**

	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Trade accounts receivable		
Due from customers	\$ 45,222	\$ 28,251
Due from finance companies	47,967	31,181
Due from manufacturers	29,909	23,082
Total trade accounts receivable	123,098	82,514
Other receivables	1,025	724
	124,123	83,238
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,337)	(720)
	<u>\$ 121,786</u>	<u>\$ 82,518</u>

**NOTE 3—INVENTORIES**

	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
New equipment	\$ 542,180	\$ 445,513
Used equipment	275,626	219,849
Parts and attachments	103,456	76,073
Work in process	7,954	6,612
	<u>\$ 929,216</u>	<u>\$ 748,047</u>

In addition to the above amounts, the Company has estimated that a portion of its parts inventory will not be sold in the next year. Accordingly, these balances have been classified as noncurrent assets.

**NOTE 4—PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Rental fleet equipment	\$ 105,681	\$ 62,440
Machinery and equipment	21,086	17,562
Vehicles	38,742	28,277
Furniture and fixtures	27,766	19,097
Land, buildings, and leasehold improvements	56,845	34,705
	<u>250,120</u>	<u>162,081</u>

Less accumulated depreciation	(55,479)	(35,799)
	<u>\$ 194,641</u>	<u>\$ 126,282</u>

Depreciation expense amounted to \$22.7 million, \$14.7 million and \$8.9 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 5—INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL**

The following is a summary of intangible assets with finite lives as of January 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization (in thousands)</u>	<u>Net</u>
Balance, January 31, 2013			
Covenants not to compete	\$ 2,280	\$ (1,008)	\$ 1,272
Customer relationships	1,467	(703)	764
	<u>\$ 3,747</u>	<u>\$ (1,711)</u>	<u>\$ 2,036</u>
Balance, January 31, 2012			
Covenants not to compete	\$ 2,007	\$ (652)	\$ 1,355
Customer relationships	1,054	(298)	756
	<u>\$ 3,061</u>	<u>\$ (950)</u>	<u>\$ 2,111</u>

The Company acquired intangible assets with finite lives, consisting of covenants not to compete totaling \$0.3 million with a weighted-average amortization period of 3.7 years and customer relationships totaling \$0.4 million with a weighted-average amortization period of 3.0 years, as part of the business combinations during the year ended January 31, 2013. The Company acquired intangible assets with finite lives, consisting of covenants not to compete totaling \$0.9 million with a weighted-average amortization period of 5.0 years and customer relationships totaling \$0.6 million with a weighted-average amortization period of 2.9 years, as part of the business combinations completed during the year ended January 31, 2012. Amortization expense was \$0.8 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Future amortization expense, as of January 31, 2013, is expected to be as follows:

<u>Years ending January 31,</u>	<u>Amount (in thousands)</u>
2014	\$ 843
2015	606
2016	418
2017	100
2018	30
Thereafter	39
	<u>\$ 2,036</u>

Indefinite lived intangible assets consisted of distribution rights totaling \$12.3 million and \$8.7 million as of January 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Company acquired distribution rights of \$3.6 million and \$5.1 million as part of business combinations during the years ended January 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

# TITAN MACHINERY INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### NOTE 5—INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL (Continued)

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the years ended January 31, 2013 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

	<u>Agriculture</u>	<u>Construction</u> (in thousands)	<u>Total</u>
Balance, January 31, 2011	\$ 16,330	\$ 2,061	\$ 18,391
Arising in completed business combinations	2,404	1,706	4,110
Adjustments to business combinations completed in prior years	1,923	—	1,923
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(20)	—	(20)
Balance, January 31, 2012	20,637	3,767	24,404
Arising in completed business combinations	1,432	1,500	2,932
Adjustments to business combinations completed in prior years	3,277	—	3,277
Foreign currency translation adjustment	20	—	20
Balance, January 31, 2013	<u>\$ 25,366</u>	<u>\$ 5,267</u>	<u>\$ 30,633</u>

The adjustment to goodwill arising from business combinations completed in prior years is the result of additional consideration earned and paid pursuant to business combinations accounted for under the purchase method of accounting which required that additional consideration be recognized once all contingencies have been resolved and that such consideration be included as an additional cost of the entity and therefore recognized as goodwill.

### NOTE 6—LINES OF CREDIT/FLOORPLAN NOTES PAYABLE

#### *Senior Secured Credit Facility—Operating and Floorplan Lines of Credit*

As of January 31, 2013, the Company had an amended and restated credit agreement with a group of banks led by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (the "Wells Fargo"), which provided for a \$375.0 million wholesale floorplan line of credit (the "Floorplan Line") and a \$75.0 million working capital line of credit (the "Working Capital Line"). The amount available under the Floorplan Line is reduced by adjustments based on borrowing base calculations and various standby letters of credit denominated in Euros and U.S. dollars used to guarantee equipment purchases from CNH by the Company's foreign subsidiaries. The credit agreement has a variable interest rate on outstanding balances of LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 1.5% to 2.625% per annum, depending upon the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, has a 0.3% to 0.4% non-usage fee on the average monthly unused amount and requires monthly payments of accrued interest. The credit agreement is secured by all assets of the Company and contains certain financial covenants that impose a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio and a maximum debt to tangible net worth ratio, and requires prior approval of acquisitions exceeding certain thresholds. The credit agreement also restricts the Company's ability to make certain cash payments without prior approval, including payments for stock repurchases and cash dividends, except that it permits paying cash dividends in an amount not to exceed 50% of consolidated net income for the then trailing four quarters, so long as no default or event of default exists prior to or immediately following such action or otherwise results from such action. The credit agreement expires March 30, 2016. As of January 31, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 6—LINES OF CREDIT/FLOORPLAN NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)**

The Floorplan Line is used to finance equipment inventory purchases. Amounts outstanding are recorded as floorplan notes payable, within current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, as the Company intends to repay amounts borrowed within one year.

The Working Capital Line is used to finance working capital requirements of the Company. Amounts outstanding are recorded as long-term debt, within long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets, as the Company does not have the intention or obligation to repay amounts borrowed within one year. The balances outstanding on the Working Capital Line as of January 31, 2013 and 2012 are disclosed in Note 8.

*Floorplan Lines of Credit*

As of January 31, 2013, the Company had discretionary floorplan lines of credit for equipment purchases totaling approximately \$1.0 billion with various lending institutions, including the aforementioned \$375.0 million Floorplan Line with Wells Fargo, a \$450.0 million credit facility with CNH Capital and \$175.0 million credit facility with Agrico Credit Acceptance LLC ("Agrico Credit"). Floorplan notes payable relating to these credit facilities totaled approximately \$629.8 million of the total floorplan notes payable balance of \$689.4 million outstanding as of January 31, 2013 and \$505.6 million of the total floorplan notes payable balance of \$552.4 million outstanding as of January 31, 2012. As of January 31, 2013, the Company had approximately \$307.1 million in available borrowings remaining under these lines of credit (net of adjustments based on borrowing base calculations and standby letters of credit under the aforementioned credit agreement, and rental fleet financing and other acquisition-related financing arrangements under the CNH Capital credit facility). These floorplan notes carried various interest rates primarily ranging from 2.83 to 7.25% as of January 31, 2013, subject to interest-free periods offered by CNH Capital. As of January 31, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all floorplan financial covenants.

The available borrowings under the CNH Capital credit facility are reduced by outstanding floorplan notes payable, rental fleet financing and other acquisition-related financing arrangements with CNH Capital. The CNH Capital credit facility has interest rates equal to the prime rate plus 4% on new borrowings, subject to any interest-free periods offered by CNH Capital, and automatically renews on August 31 of each year unless earlier terminated by either party. The CNH Capital credit facility contains certain financial covenants that impose maximum levels of adjusted debt to tangible net worth and debt service ratios.

It also contains various restrictive covenants that require prior consent of CNH Capital if the Company desires to engage in any acquisition of, consolidation or merger with any other business entity in which the Company is not the surviving company; create subsidiaries; move any collateral outside of the U.S.; or sell, rent, lease or otherwise dispose or transfer any of the collateral, other than in the ordinary course of business. CNH Capital's consent is also required for the acquisition of any CNH dealership. In addition, the CNH Capital credit facility restricts the Company's ability to incur any liens upon any substantial part of its assets. The balances outstanding with CNH Capital are secured by the related inventory. Repayment terms vary by individual notes, but generally payments are made from sales proceeds or rental revenue from the related inventories.

The Agrico Credit credit facility may be used to purchase or refinance new and used equipment inventory and has a variable interest rate on outstanding balances of LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 4.75% to 5.25% per annum, depending upon the Company's average daily outstanding balance. The

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 6—LINES OF CREDIT/FLOORPLAN NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)**

Agricredit credit facility allows for increase, decrease or termination of the credit facility by Agricredit on 90 days notice. Under covenants of the Agricredit credit facility, the Company had agreed, among other things, to maintain various financial ratio levels, to submit certain financial information, and to obtain prior consent from Agricredit if the Company desired to engage in any acquisition meeting certain financial thresholds. The balances outstanding with Agricredit are secured by the related inventory. Repayment terms vary by individual notes, but generally payments are made from sales proceeds or rental revenue from the related inventories.

**NOTE 7—SENIOR CONVERTIBLE NOTES**

On April 24, 2012, the Company issued through a private offering \$150 million of 3.75% Senior Convertible Notes (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing on November 1, 2012. The Convertible Notes mature on May 1, 2019, unless earlier purchased by the Company, redeemed or converted.

The Convertible Notes are unsecured and unsubordinated obligations; rank equal in right of payment to the Company's existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not subordinated; are effectively subordinated in right of payment to the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness; and are structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries.

The Convertible Notes are initially convertible into the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of 23.1626 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of convertible notes, representing an initial effective conversion price of \$43.17 per share of common stock. The conversion rate may be subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain specified events as provided in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes, dated April 24, 2012 between the Company and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee (the "Indenture"), but will not be adjusted for accrued but unpaid interest. Upon conversion of a Convertible Note, the Company will settle the conversion obligation in cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Note being converted, and any conversion obligation in excess thereof will be settled in cash, shares of the Company's common stock, or a combination thereof, at the Company's election, subject to certain limitations as defined in the Indenture.

Holders of the Convertible Notes may convert their notes at the applicable conversion rate under the following circumstances:

- i. During any fiscal quarter commencing after July 31, 2012, if for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during the 30 consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock on such trading day is greater than or equal to 120% of the applicable conversion price on such trading day.
- ii. During the five consecutive business day period immediately following any five consecutive trading day period in which, for each trading day of that period, the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes is less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock on such trading day and the applicable conversion rate on such trading day.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 7—SENIOR CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)**

- iii. If the Company calls any or all of the Convertible Notes for redemption at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the redemption date.
- iv. Upon the occurrence of corporate transactions specified in the Indenture.
- v. At any time on and after February 1, 2019 until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Holders of the Convertible Notes who convert their Convertible Notes in connection with a make-whole fundamental change, as defined in the Indenture, may be entitled to a make-whole premium in the form of an increase to the conversion rate. In addition, upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, as defined in the Indenture, holders of the Convertible Notes may require the Company to purchase all or a portion of their Convertible Notes for cash at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be purchased plus any accrued but unpaid interest.

The number of shares the Company may deliver upon conversion of the Convertible Notes will be subject to certain limitations, and the Company is subject to certain other obligations and restrictions related to such share caps, as described in the Indenture. On or after May 6, 2015, the Company may redeem for cash all or a portion of the Convertible Notes if the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock has been at least 120% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides notice of redemption.

The Indenture provides for customary events of default, including, but not limited to, cross acceleration to certain other indebtedness of the Company and its subsidiaries. In the case of an event of default arising from specified events of bankruptcy or insolvency, all outstanding Convertible Notes will become due and payable immediately without further action or notice. If any other event of default under the Indenture occurs or is continuing, the trustee or holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Convertible Notes may declare all of the Convertible Notes to be due and payable immediately.

In accounting for the Convertible Notes, the Company segregated the liability component of the instrument from the equity component. The liability component was measured by estimating the fair value of a non-convertible debt instrument that is similar in its terms to the Convertible Notes. Fair value was estimated through discounting future interest and principal payments, an income approach, due under the Convertible Notes at a discount rate of 7.00%, an interest rate equal to the estimated borrowing rate for similar non-convertible debt. The excess of the aggregate face value of the Convertible Notes over the estimated fair value of the liability component is recognized as a debt discount which will be amortized over the expected life of the Convertible Notes using the effective interest rate method. Amortization of the debt discount is recognized as non-cash interest expense.

The equity component of the Convertible Notes is measured as the residual difference between the aggregate face value of the Convertible Notes and the estimated aggregate fair value of the liability component. The equity component will not be remeasured in subsequent periods provided that the component continues to meet the conditions necessary for equity classification.

The transaction costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Convertible Notes were allocated to the liability and equity components based on their relative values. Transaction costs

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 7—SENIOR CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)**

allocated to the liability component are being amortized using the effective interest rate method and recognized as non-cash interest expense over the expected term of the Convertible Notes. Transaction costs allocated to the equity component reduced the value of the equity component recognized in stockholders' equity.

Proceeds upon issuance of the Convertible Notes were as follows:

	<u>April 24, 2012</u> (in thousands)
Principal value	\$ 150,000
Less: transaction costs	(4,753)
Net proceeds, senior convertible notes	<u>\$ 145,247</u>
Amounts recognized at issuance:	
Senior convertible notes, net	\$ 123,319
Additional paid-in capital	15,546
Transaction costs allocated to the liability component	(3,907)
Long-term deferred tax liability	10,289
Net proceeds, senior convertible notes	<u>\$ 145,247</u>

As of January 31, 2013, the Convertible Notes consisted of the following:

	<u>January 31, 2013</u> (in thousands except conversion rate and conversion price)
Principal value	\$ 150,000
Unamortized debt discount	(24,334)
Carrying value of senior convertible notes	\$ 125,666
Carrying value of equity component, net of deferred taxes	\$ 15,546
Conversion rate (shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes)	23.1626
Conversion price (per share of common stock)	\$ 43.17

The unamortized debt discount is amortized over a seven-year period. The if-converted value as of January 31, 2013 does not exceed the principal balance of the Convertible Notes. For the year ended January 31, 2013, the Company recognized coupon interest expense of \$4.3 million, and non-cash interest expense of \$2.3 million related to the amortization of the debt discount and \$0.4 million related to the amortization of the liability-allocated transaction costs. The effective interest rate of the liability component for the period ended January 31, 2013 was equal to 7.00%.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 8—LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of long-term debt as of January 31, 2013 and 2012:

	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Fixed rate notes payable to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.50%, varying monthly installments including interest and various maturity dates through October 2017, secured by rental fleet equipment	\$ 42,634	\$ 17,832
Fixed rate notes payable to various finance companies, interest rates primarily ranging from 3.24% to 7.25%, due in monthly installments including interest and various maturity dates through January 2018, secured by fixed assets	12,403	10,278
Working Capital Line payable to the Wells Fargo Bank Syndicate (see details in Note 6)	7,138	33,934
Variable rate notes payable to GE Commercial Distribution Finance Corporation, interest rate of LIBOR + 4.1%, monthly installment payments including interest, due October 2017, secured by rental fleet equipment	4,869	—
Other	116	116
	67,160	62,160
Less current maturities	(10,568)	(4,755)
	<u>\$ 56,592</u>	<u>\$ 57,405</u>

Long-term debt maturities are as follows:

Years Ending January 31,	Amount (in thousands)
2014	\$ 10,568
2015	9,793
2016	10,695
2017	21,833
2018	12,096
Thereafter	2,175
	<u>\$ 67,160</u>

**NOTE 9—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The Company holds derivative instruments for the purpose of minimizing exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates to which the Company is exposed in the normal course of its operations.

## TITAN MACHINERY INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## NOTE 9—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

*Net Investment Hedges*

To protect the value of the Company's investments in its foreign operations against adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates, the Company may, from time to time, hedge a portion of its net investment in one or more of its foreign subsidiaries. Gains and losses on derivative instruments that are designated and effective as a net investment hedge are included in other comprehensive income and only reclassified into earnings in the period during which the hedged net investment is sold or liquidated. Any hedge ineffectiveness is recognized in earnings immediately.

As of January 31, 2013, no foreign currency forward contracts designated as net investment hedges were outstanding. For the year ended January 31, 2013, the maximum notional amount outstanding at any point during the period was approximately \$31.8 million. No derivative instruments designated as net investment hedges were outstanding as of or for the year ending January 31, 2012.

*Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedging Instruments*

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge the effects of fluctuations in exchange rates on outstanding intercompany loans. The Company does not formally designate and document such derivative instruments as hedging instruments; however, the instruments are an effective economic hedge of the underlying foreign currency exposure. Both the gain or loss on the derivative instrument and the offsetting gain or loss on the underlying intercompany loan are recognized in earnings immediately, thereby eliminating or reducing the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on net income.

As of January 31, 2013, the notional amount of foreign currency forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments was approximately \$4.0 million. For the year ended January 31, 2013, the maximum notional amount outstanding at any point during the period was approximately \$21.1 million. No derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments were outstanding as of or during the year ended January 31, 2012.

The following table sets forth the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments outstanding as of January 31, 2013. No derivative instruments were outstanding as of January 31, 2012.

	<u>Fair Value as of:</u> <u>January 31,</u> <u>2013</u> <u>(in thousands)</u>	<u>Balance Sheet</u> <u>Location</u>
Liability Derivatives:		
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:		
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 86	Accrued expenses



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 9—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (Continued)**

The following table sets forth the gains and losses recognized on the Company's derivative instruments for the year ended January 31, 2013. No derivative instruments were outstanding during the years ended January 31, 2012 or 2011, respectively.

	<u>Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in</u>		<u>Income Statement Classification</u>
	<u>Other Comprehensive Income</u>	<u>Income</u>	
	<u>(in thousands)</u>		
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments:			
Net investment hedges:			
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ (509)	\$ (365)	Interest and other income
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments:			
Foreign exchange contracts	—	(1,430)	Interest and other income
Total Derivatives	\$ (509)	\$ (1,795)	

**NOTE 10—ACCRUED EXPENSES**

	<u>January 31, 2013</u>	<u>January 31, 2012</u>
	<u>(in thousands)</u>	
Compensation	\$ 18,025	\$ 16,872
Sales, payroll, real estate and value added taxes	4,930	3,620
Interest	2,389	808
Health insurance claims liability	1,087	871
Deferred revenue	1,067	3,494
Other	2,092	1,070
	<u>\$ 29,590</u>	<u>\$ 26,735</u>

**NOTE 11—OPERATING LEASES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended January 31, 2013, the Company leased buildings from Dealer Sites, LLC ("Dealer Sites"), an entity in which a minority position was owned by an entity affiliated with David Meyer, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, an entity affiliated with Tony Christianson, one of the Company's directors, Peter Christianson, the Company's President and Chief Operating Officer, and other Meyer and Christianson family members. As of January 31, 2013, total related party ownership in Dealer Sites was less than 10%. The Company leased buildings pursuant to 48 different operating lease agreements from Dealer Sites, LLC ("Dealer Sites") and one building pursuant to operating leases from C.I. Farm Power, Inc., a company affiliated with Peter Christianson, as of January 31, 2013. Rent expense for leases with related parties totaled \$7.0 million, \$6.3 million and \$5.3 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The leases expire on various dates between July 2013 and January 2028, contain purchase options based on fair values at the time of purchase, and provide that the lessee pay all property taxes, utilities, insurance and all

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 11—OPERATING LEASES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)**

expenses necessary for the general maintenance of the respective buildings. The Company also entered into sale-leaseback agreements with Dealer Sites from which the Company received \$1.3 million and \$6.8 million for the years ended January 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Company also leases 84 additional buildings under operating lease agreements with unrelated parties and leases office equipment and vehicles under various operating lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through January 2028. Rent and lease expense under all operating leases totaled \$17.3 million, \$13.1 million and \$9.8 million during the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Certain leases have fluctuating minimum lease payments. The Company recognizes lease expense on a straight-line basis over the expected term of the lease.

Approximate minimum future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Years ending January 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>(in thousands)</u>
2014	\$ 18,996
2015	17,472
2016	15,388
2017	14,138
2018	13,486
Thereafter	91,312
	<u>\$ 170,792</u>

The Company utilizes C.I. Construction, an entity owned by the brother-in-law of Peter Christianson and Tony Christianson, to perform construction management services for its building and leasehold improvement projects. Payments to C.I. Construction, which include cost reimbursements of certain building supplies and other construction costs, totaled \$6.7 million, \$3.2 million and \$0.7 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. During the year ended January 31, 2013, the Company also paid a total of \$0.2 million to Cherry Tree & Associates, LLC, an entity affiliated with Tony Christianson, primarily for services related to the Convertible Notes offering.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 12—INCOME TAXES**

Net deferred tax assets and liabilities consist of the following components as of January 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
	<u>(in thousands)</u>	
Current deferred tax assets:		
Inventory allowances	\$ 5,146	\$ 3,412
Accrued liabilities and other	1,682	1,360
Stock-based compensation	630	311
Receivables	899	287
	<u>\$ 8,357</u>	<u>\$ 5,370</u>
Non-current deferred tax assets (liabilities):		
Property and equipment	\$ (36,124)	\$ (26,870)
Convertible debt	(9,391)	—
Intangibles	(2,452)	(1,808)
Other, net	556	86
	<u>\$ (47,411)</u>	<u>\$ (28,592)</u>

The provision for income taxes charged to income for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 consists of the following:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	<u>(in thousands)</u>		
Currently payable (receivable)			
Federal	\$ 17,588	\$ 9,342	\$ 10,676
Foreign	287	(10)	—
State	4,154	4,068	2,544
Deferred	6,108	16,029	1,675
	<u>\$ 28,137</u>	<u>\$ 29,429</u>	<u>\$ 14,895</u>

The reconciliation of the statutory federal income tax rate to the Company's effective rate is as follows:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
U.S. statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
Foreign statutory rates	(0.4)	—	—
State taxes on income net of federal tax benefit			

	4.7	4.9	5.1
All other, net			
	0.5	0.1	(0.1)
	<u>39.8%</u>	<u>40.0%</u>	<u>40.0%</u>

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states and foreign countries. It is no longer subject to income tax examinations by U.S. federal tax authorities for fiscal years ended on or prior to January 31, 2009 and state tax authorities for fiscal years ended on or prior to January 31, 2008.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 13—CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The Company amended its certificate of incorporation on June 1, 2012, providing the Company with the authority to issue 50,000,000 shares of \$0.00001 par value stock, consisting of 45,000,000 shares of common stock and 5,000,000 shares classified as undesignated. Prior to June 1, 2012, the Company had the authority to issue 30,000,000 shares of \$0.00001 par value stock, consisting of 25,000,000 shares of common stock and 5,000,000 shares classified as undesignated.

**NOTE 14—STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION**

*Stock Award Plans*

The Company implemented the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, a stock-based compensation plan (the "Plan"), during the year ended January 31, 2006. In August 2007, the Plan was amended to increase the number of shares available under the Plan from 500,000 to 1,000,000 shares. The Plan was again amended in June 2011 to increase the number of shares available under the Plan from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000. The purpose of the Plan is to provide incentive compensation to participants for services that have been or will be performed for continuing as employees or members of the Board of Directors of the Company. Under the Plan, the Company may grant incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options and restricted stock for up to 1,500,000 shares of common stock under all forms of awards. The Company accounts for stock options and restricted stock using the fair value method under ASC 718, *Compensation—Stock Compensation*. Shares issued for stock-based awards consist of authorized but unissued shares. The Company has approximately 429,000 shares authorized and available for future equity awards under the Plan as of January 31, 2013.

Compensation cost charged to operations under the Plan was \$1.6 million, \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The related income tax benefit (net) was \$0.5 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

*Stock Options*

The Company granted stock options as part of its long-term incentive compensation to employees and members of the Board of Directors of the Company. The fair value of each stock option granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Stock options vest over a period of four to six years for employees and immediately for members of the Board of Directors, and have contractual terms of five to ten years. The Company recognizes the fair value of stock options as compensation expense ratably over the vesting period of the award.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 14—STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)**

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the year ended January 31, 2013:

	Number of Options (in thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
Outstanding at January 31, 2012	445	\$ 11.72	\$ 5,817	5.8
Granted	—	—		
Exercised	(57)	11.83		
Forfeited	(2)	22.21		
Outstanding at January 31, 2013	386	\$ 11.64	\$ 6,665	4.8
Exercisable at January 31, 2013	306	\$ 10.46	\$ 5,638	4.7

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised was \$1.1 million, \$2.4 million and \$0.2 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of January 31, 2013 there was \$0.4 million of unrecognized compensation cost on non-vested stock options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years.

The following is a summary of information related to options outstanding and exercisable at January 31, 2013:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Number (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number (in thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$ 4.00 - 4.50	58	3.3	\$ 4.46	58	3.3	\$ 4.46
7.50 - 10.20	205	4.8	8.35	178	4.8	8.35
11.15 - 14.69	24	5.8	12.01	12	5.8	12.18
21.21 - 26.84	99	5.5	22.47	58	5.5	22.63
	386	4.8	\$ 11.64	306	4.7	\$ 10.46

**Restricted Stock**

The Company grants restricted stock awards in addition to stock options as part of its long-term incentive compensation to employees and members of the Board of Directors of the Company. The fair value of the restricted stock is determined based on the closing market price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. The restricted stock primarily vests over a period of three to six years for employees and over one year for members of the Board of Directors. The Company recognizes compensation expense ratably over the vesting period of the restricted stock.

# TITAN MACHINERY INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### NOTE 14—STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

The following table summarizes restricted stock activity for the year ended January 31, 2013:

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Nonvested at January 31, 2012	206	\$ 18.10	2.7
Granted	100	26.83	
Forfeited	(5)	18.05	
Vested	(46)	15.06	
Nonvested at January 31, 2013	255	\$ 22.09	3.0

The weighted-average grant date fair value of restricted stock granted was \$26.83, \$24.45 and \$14.94 during the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The total fair value of restricted stock vested was \$1.3 million, \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million during the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of January 31, 2013, there was \$3.9 million of unrecognized compensation cost on non-vested restricted stock that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.0 years.

### NOTE 15—EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has a 401(k) profit-sharing plan for full-time employees at least 19 years of age. The Company makes matching contributions of 50% of qualifying employee elective contributions to the plan. The Company's matching contributions to the plan of \$3.6 million, \$3.0 million and \$2.4 million were charged to expense for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. In addition, the Company may make a discretionary contribution to the plan as determined by the Board of Directors, with a maximum amount equal to the amount allowed under the IRS regulations. The Company did not make any discretionary contributions to the plan for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

### NOTE 16—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The Company continued to implement its strategy of consolidating dealerships in desired market areas. Below is a summary of the acquisitions completed for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011. In certain of the business combination transactions the Company recognized goodwill. Factors contributing to the recognition of goodwill include an evaluation of future and historical financial performance, the value of the workforce acquired and proximity to other existing and future planned Company locations. Pro forma results are not presented as the acquisitions are not considered material, individually or in aggregate, to the Company. The results of operations have been included in the Company's consolidated results of operations since the date of each respective business combination.

#### *Fiscal 2013*

On February 27, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of the Colorado division of Adobe Truck & Equipment, LLC. The acquired entity consisted of three construction equipment stores in

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 16—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)**

Denver, Colorado Springs, and Loveland, Colorado. The acquisition establishes the Company's first construction equipment stores in Colorado and allows the Company to have the exclusive Case Construction contract for all of Colorado east of the Rocky Mountains. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$3.4 million.

On March 5, 2012, the Company acquired, through its subsidiary, Titan Machinery Bulgaria AD, certain assets of Rimex 1-Holding EAD. The acquired entity consisted of seven agricultural equipment stores in the following cities in Bulgaria: Sofia, Dobrich, Burgas, Pleven, Ruse, Montana, and Stara Zagora. The acquisition expands the Company's operations in Europe and provides a significant opportunity to leverage its domestic operating model and dealership experience into an additional growth platform. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$2.6 million. Subsequent to the acquisition, Titan Machinery Bulgaria AD issued a 30% ownership interest to the former owner of the acquired entity for \$2.5 million. The 30% ownership interest is included in the consolidated financial statements as a noncontrolling interest.

On March 30, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of Haberer's Implement, Inc. The acquired entity consisted of one agricultural equipment store in Bowdle, South Dakota which is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Aberdeen, Redfield and Highmore, South Dakota and Wishek, North Dakota. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$1.2 million.

On April 2, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of East Helena Rental, LLC. The acquired entity consisted of one construction equipment rental store in Helena, Montana which is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Missoula, Great Falls, Bozeman and Big Sky, Montana. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$0.6 million.

On July 2, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of Curly Olney's, Inc. The acquired entity consisted of two agricultural equipment stores in McCook and Imperial, Nebraska and expands the Company's agriculture presence in Nebraska. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$5.5 million.

On November 1, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of Toner's, Inc. The acquired entity consisted of three agricultural equipment stores in Grand Island, Broken Bow and Ord, Nebraska which are contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Kearney, Lexington, North Platte and Hastings, Nebraska. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$13.9 million. As of January 31, 2013, the final valuation of the intangible assets acquired was not complete. The amounts recorded are provisional estimates based on the best information available; however, these provisional estimates of fair value are subject to change based on the final valuation.

On November 1, 2012, the Company acquired certain assets of Falcon Power Inc. The acquired entity consisted of two construction equipment stores in Phoenix and Flagstaff, Arizona and expands the Company's presence into Arizona. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$1.4 million.

On December 12, 2012, the Company acquired, through its subsidiary, Titan Machinery D.o.o., certain assets of VAIT D.o.o. The acquired entity consisted of one agricultural equipment store in the Vojvodina region of Serbia which is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Romania and Bulgaria, and expands the Company's Eastern European operations into Serbia. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$2.3 million.



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 16—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)**

***Fiscal 2012***

*Tri-State Implement, Inc.*

On February 28, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Tri-State Implement, Inc. The acquisition consisted of one agricultural equipment store located in Sioux Falls, South Dakota which is contiguous to the Company's existing construction equipment location in Sioux Falls. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$1.0 million.

*Schoffman's Inc.*

On March 31, 2011, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Schoffman's Inc., which included the real estate of this entity, and subsequently merged the acquired entity into the Company. The acquisition consisted of one agricultural equipment store in Redwood Falls, Minnesota which is contiguous to the Company's existing location in Marshall, Minnesota. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$5.8 million.

*ABC Rental & Equipment Sales*

On April 1, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of ABC Rental & Equipment Sales. The acquisition consisted of four construction equipment rental stores located in Williston, North Dakota, and Bozeman, Missoula, and Big Sky, Montana. This acquisition expands the Company's opportunity to capitalize on increased rental activity of the surrounding oil, coal and natural gas exploration and extraction areas in North Dakota and Montana. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$5.4 million.

*Carlson Tractor & Equipment, Inc.*

On May 13, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Carlson Tractor & Equipment, Inc. The acquisition consisted of two construction equipment stores in Rogers and Rosemount, Minnesota and expands the Company's construction presence in Minnesota. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$2.9 million.

*St. Joseph Equipment Inc.*

On May 31, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of St. Joseph Equipment Inc. The acquisition consisted of four construction equipment stores in Shakopee, Hermantown and Elk River, Minnesota, and La Crosse, Wisconsin. The acquisition establishes the Company's first construction equipment store in Wisconsin and allows the Company to have the exclusive Case Construction contract for the entire state of Minnesota and 11 counties in western Wisconsin. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$17.0 million.

*Virgl Implement Inc.*

On September 2, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Virgl Implement Inc. The acquisition consisted of one agricultural equipment store in Wahoo, Nebraska. The acquisition expands the Company's agriculture presence in Nebraska. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was approximately \$5.7 million.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**NOTE 16—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)**

*Victors Inc.*

On September 2, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Victors Inc. The acquisition consisted of one agricultural equipment store in Fremont, Nebraska. The acquisition expands the Company's agriculture presence in Nebraska. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was approximately \$7.5 million.

*Van Der Werff Implement, Inc.*

On November 1, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Van Der Werff Implement, Inc. The acquisition consisted of one agriculture equipment store in Platte, South Dakota. The store is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Sioux Falls, Huron, Miller, Highmore and Pierre, South Dakota. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was approximately \$4.3 million.

*Jewell Implement Company, Inc.*

On December 1, 2011, the Company acquired certain assets of Jewell Implement Company, Inc. The acquisition consisted of one agriculture equipment store in Jewell, Iowa. The store is contiguous to the Company's existing location in Iowa Falls, Iowa. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was approximately \$1.5 million.

*AgroExpert Capital S.R.L.*

On December 23, 2011, the Company, through a newly formed subsidiary, Titan Machinery Romania, S.R.L., acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of AgroExpert Capital S.R.L. The acquisition consisted of two agriculture equipment stores in Bucharest and Timisoara, Romania. The acquisition expands the Company's operations into Europe and provides a significant opportunity to leverage its domestic operating model and dealership experience into an additional growth platform. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred was \$2.8 million. Subsequent to the acquisition, Titan Machinery Romania, S.R.L. issued a 30% ownership interest to two management members of this entity for a combined \$0.8 million. This transfer of ownership resulted in a \$0.2 million decrease to Titan Machinery, Inc.'s stockholders' equity. The 30% ownership interest in Titan Machinery Romania, S.R.L. is included in the consolidated financial statements as a non-controlling interest.

***Fiscal 2011***

*Hubbard Implement, Inc.*

On June 1, 2010, the Company acquired certain assets of Hubbard Implement, Inc. The acquired entity consisted of one agricultural equipment store located in Iowa Falls, Iowa which is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Grundy Center and Waverly, Iowa. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$1.5 million.

*Fairbanks International, Inc.*

On December 31, 2010, the Company acquired certain assets of Fairbanks International, Inc. ("Fairbanks"), Fairbanks's wholly-owned subsidiary, Fairbanks Leasing, Inc., and an affiliated entity of

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 16—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)**

Fairbanks, GuideNet Systems, LLC. The acquisition consists of six agricultural equipment stores in Grand Island, Kearney, Lexington, Holdrege, Hastings, and North Platte, Nebraska and expands the Company's agricultural presence in the Midwest. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the stores was \$29.7 million.

The allocations of the purchase prices in the above business combinations are presented in the following table:

	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2013</u>	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2012</u>	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2011</u>
	(in thousands)		
Cash	\$ 3	\$ 99	\$ 4
Receivables	2,804	5,362	2,812
Inventories	29,120	49,818	21,241
Prepaid expenses and other	352	694	—
Deferred income taxes	—	13	—
Property and equipment	4,831	11,238	5,512
Intangible assets	4,299	6,653	4,387
Goodwill	6,209	6,033	3,629
	<u>\$ 47,618</u>	<u>\$ 79,910</u>	<u>\$ 37,585</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 3,119	\$ 1,120	\$ —
Floorplan notes payable	7,572	17,389	2,737
Customer deposits	1,586	1,143	1,868
Accrued expenses	21	37	207
Income taxes payable	—	390	—
Long-term debt	—	585	—
Deferred income taxes	—	1,440	—
	<u>\$ 12,298</u>	<u>\$ 22,104</u>	<u>\$ 4,812</u>
Cash consideration	31,880	48,547	32,316
Non-cash consideration: liabilities incurred	<u>3,440</u>	<u>9,259</u>	<u>457</u>
Total consideration	<u>\$ 35,320</u>	<u>\$ 57,806</u>	<u>\$ 32,773</u>
Goodwill related to the Agriculture operating segment	\$ 4,709	\$ 4,327	\$ 3,629

Goodwill related to the Construction operating segment	\$	1,500	\$	1,706	\$	—
Goodwill expected to be deductible for tax purposes	\$	6,107	\$	4,730	\$	3,629

**NOTE 17—FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The fair value of a financial instrument is generally defined as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation sale. Quoted market prices are generally not available for the Company's financial instruments. Accordingly, fair values are based on judgments regarding anticipated cash flows, future expected loss

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****NOTE 17—FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)**

experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments and other factors. These estimates involve uncertainties and matters of judgment, and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates. As explained in Note 1, actual results could differ from the estimates.

The carrying amount of cash, receivables, payables, short-term debt and other current liabilities approximates fair value because of the short maturity and/or frequent repricing of those instruments, which are Level 3 fair value inputs. The carrying amount of derivative instruments is equal to the fair value. Based upon current borrowing rates with similar maturities, which are Level 3 fair value inputs, the carrying value of long-term debt approximates the fair value as of January 31, 2013 and 2012. As of January 31, 2013, the fair value of senior convertible notes was approximately \$152.8 million. The face value of these notes is \$150.0 million and the carrying value as of January 31, 2013 was approximately \$125.7 million. The difference between the face value and the carrying value of these notes is the result of the allocation between the debt and equity components (see Note 7). Fair value of the senior convertible notes was estimated based on Level 2 fair value inputs.

**NOTE 18—SEGMENT INFORMATION AND OPERATING RESULTS**

The Company owns and operates a network of full service agricultural and construction equipment stores in the United States and Europe. The Company's two reportable segments, Agriculture and Construction, each offer different products. Management of the Company's operations are organized by segment and the operating results for each segment are reported separately to the Company's senior management to make decisions regarding the allocation of resources, to assess the Company's operating performance and to make strategic decisions.

The Company's Agriculture segment sells, services, and rents machinery, and related parts and attachments, for uses ranging from large-scale farming to home and garden use. This segment also includes ancillary sales and services related to agricultural activities and products such as equipment transportation, Global Positioning System ("GPS") signal subscriptions, hardware merchandise and finance and insurance products.

The Company's Construction segment sells, services, and rents machinery, and related parts and attachments, for uses ranging from heavy construction to light industrial machinery use. This segment also includes ancillary sales and services related to construction activities such as equipment transportation, GPS signal subscriptions and finance and insurance products.

Revenue generated from sales to customers outside of the United States was \$72.5 million, \$5.9 million and \$2.5 million for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of January 31, 2013 and 2012, \$5.4 million and \$2.1 million of the Company's long-lived assets were held in its European subsidiaries, respectively.

Revenues, income before income tax and total assets at the segment level are reported before eliminations. The Company retains various unallocated income/(expense) items and assets at the general corporate level, which the Company refers to as "Shared Resources" in the table below. Shared Resource assets primarily consist of cash and property and equipment. Intersegment revenues are immaterial. For information regarding goodwill by segment, see Note 5.

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 18—SEGMENT INFORMATION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

Certain financial information for each of the Company's business segments is set forth below.

	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2013</u>	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2012</u> (in thousands)	<u>January 31,</u> <u>2011</u>
<b>Revenues</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 1,899,534	\$ 1,441,294	\$ 979,016
Construction	<u>380,295</u>	<u>279,152</u>	<u>152,646</u>
Segment revenues	2,279,829	1,720,446	1,131,662
Eliminations	<u>(81,409)</u>	<u>(61,454)</u>	<u>(37,173)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,198,420</u>	<u>\$ 1,658,992</u>	<u>\$ 1,094,489</u>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 83,797	\$ 74,411	\$ 44,083
Construction	<u>(4,708)</u>	<u>5,461</u>	<u>(3,451)</u>
Segment income (loss) before income taxes	79,089	79,872	40,632
Shared Resources	<u>(6,902)</u>	<u>(5,993)</u>	<u>(3,133)</u>
Eliminations	<u>(1,491)</u>	<u>(305)</u>	<u>(262)</u>
Income before income taxes	<u>\$ 70,696</u>	<u>\$ 73,574</u>	<u>\$ 37,237</u>

**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 18—SEGMENT INFORMATION AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2012 (in thousands)	January 31, 2011
<b>Interest Income</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 181	\$ 117	\$ 111
Construction	510	299	129
Segment interest income	691	416	240
Shared Resources	13	—	119
Total	\$ 704	\$ 416	\$ 359
<b>Interest Expense</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 14,281	\$ 10,606	\$ 8,140
Construction	8,634	3,267	3,188
Segment interest expense	22,915	13,873	11,328
Shared Resources	(153)	(4,203)	(2,744)
Total	\$ 22,762	\$ 9,670	\$ 8,584
<b>Depreciation and Amortization</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 7,396	\$ 5,497	\$ 4,034
Construction	13,546	7,568	3,855
Segment depreciation and amortization	20,942	13,065	7,889
Shared Resources	2,522	2,198	1,080
Total	\$ 23,464	\$ 15,263	\$ 8,969
<b>Capital Expenditures</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 8,540	\$ 6,145	\$ 3,395
Construction	16,175	9,447	4,221

Segment capital expenditures	24,715	15,592	7,616
Shared Resources	<u>15,117</u>	<u>5,830</u>	<u>9,116</u>
Total	<u>\$ 39,832</u>	<u>\$ 21,422</u>	<u>\$ 16,732</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>			
Agriculture	\$ 900,514	\$ 781,098	\$ 514,049
Construction	<u>346,554</u>	<u>250,474</u>	<u>98,535</u>
Segment assets	1,247,068	1,031,572	612,584
Shared Resources	199,849	57,882	37,340
Eliminations	<u>(2,843)</u>	<u>(1,382)</u>	<u>(1,078)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,444,074</u>	<u>\$ 1,088,072</u>	<u>\$ 648,846</u>



**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**
**NOTE 19—SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (Unaudited)**

The following reflects selected quarterly financial information for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Gross Profit</u>	<u>Net Income Attributable to Titan Machinery Inc.</u>	<u>Earnings per Share—Basic</u>	<u>Earnings per Share—Diluted</u>
	(in thousands, except per share data)				
<b>2013</b>					
First quarter	\$ 421,723	\$ 70,409	\$ 7,597	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.36
Second quarter	410,071	70,364	5,209	0.25	0.25
Third quarter	582,112	94,059	14,061	0.67	0.66
Fourth quarter	784,514	104,529	15,606	0.74	0.73
<b>2012</b>					
First quarter	\$ 318,165	\$ 52,803	\$ 7,268	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.40
Second quarter	310,849	55,851	6,291	0.31	0.30
Third quarter	422,960	73,997	12,800	0.62	0.61
Fourth quarter	607,018	92,810	17,801	0.86	0.84

**NOTE 20—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On February 16, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets of Tucson Tractor Company. The acquired entity consisted of one construction equipment store in Tucson, Arizona which is contiguous to the Company's existing locations in Phoenix and Flagstaff, Arizona and expands the Company's construction presence in Arizona. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$4.1 million.

On March 1, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets of Adobe CE, LLC. The acquired entity consisted of one construction equipment store Albuquerque, New Mexico and expands the Company's presence into New Mexico. The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred for the store was \$1.2 million.

**Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves****Titan Machinery Inc.**

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions Charged to Expenses</u>	<u>Deductions for Write-offs, Net of Recoveries</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
(in thousands)				
Valuation reserve deduction from receivables:				
Year ended January 31, 2013	\$ 720	\$ 3,218	\$ (1,601)	\$ 2,337
Year ended January 31, 2012	429	1,245	(954)	720
Year ended January 31, 2011	333	805	(709)	429

## **ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

None.

### **ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* After evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") as of the end of the period covered by this annual report, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the participation of the Company's management, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) are effective.

*Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting* Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"). Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of January 31, 2013.

Eide Bailly LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm that audited the consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, has also audited our internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2013, as stated in their attestation report included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* There has not been any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during its most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

### **ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION**

On March 6, 2013, the Company entered into amended and restated employment agreements with its Chief Executive Officer, David J. Meyer, and President and Chief Operating Officer, Peter J. Christianson (each, an "Officer"), which amended and restated employment agreements replaced in their entirety the prior amended and restated employment agreements entered into with the Officers on October 1, 2010. Under the terms of each agreement, each Officer will receive a base salary of \$500,000 per year, which may be adjusted upward, but not downward, from time to time at the discretion of the Company's compensation committee. Each Officer also receives an incentive bonus award opportunity of 0% to 200% of base salary, pursuant to terms and conditions established by the compensation committee and based upon a target of 100% of base salary. Each Officer is also entitled to receive a restricted stock award each fiscal year, the share amount of which is determined by dividing the Officer's base salary by the closing price of the Company's stock on the date of grant. The risks of forfeiture on such restricted stock awards will be determined by the Company's compensation committee from time to time. Each Officer is also eligible to participate in the Company's employee benefit plans. The term of each Officer's employment agreement is February 1, 2013 to January 31, 2016, which end date is automatically extended by one year on each anniversary of the effective date, February 1, 2013.

The amended and restated employment agreements with the Officers each contain a restrictive covenant prohibiting them from owning, operating or being employed by competing agricultural or

construction equipment stores during their employment with us and for 24 months following termination of their employment with us. Each agreement is terminable by either us or the Officer at any time upon 60 days written notice for any reason, or immediately by us for cause. If the Officer is terminated by us without cause prior to the expiration of the term or if the Officer resigns for good reason, we are obligated to pay severance in an amount equal to two times the sum of the annual base salary then in effect, plus the annual incentive bonus last paid prior to the termination. These severance payments would be made in 24 equal monthly installments. If such termination occurs we would also be required to allow the Officer to continue to participate in our group medical and dental plans at our expense for a period of 24 months. In order to receive the severance and continued benefits, each Officer would be required to sign a release of claims against us, fulfill his non-competition obligations, cooperate with transitioning his duties and execute a non-disparagement agreement with us.

The amended and restated employment agreements for Mr. Meyer and Mr. Christianson are attached as exhibits 10.2 and 10.3, respectively, to this Annual Report.

### **PART III**

#### **ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Other than the information included in Part I of this Form 10-K under the heading "Executive Officers of the Registrant," the information required by Item 10 is incorporated by reference to the sections labeled "Election of Directors," "Corporate Governance" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," all of which will appear in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 Annual Meeting.

#### **ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

The information required by Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference to the sections entitled "Executive Compensation," "Non-Employee Director Compensation," "Compensation Committee," "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" and "Compensation Committee Report," all of which will appear in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 Annual Meeting.

#### **ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

The information required by Item 12 is incorporated herein by reference to the sections entitled "Principal Stockholders and Management Stockholdings" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information," both of which will appear in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 Annual Meeting.

#### **ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

The information required by Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference to the sections entitled "Corporate Governance—Independence" and "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions," both of which will appear in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 Annual Meeting.

#### **ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES**

The information required by Item 14 is incorporated herein by reference to the section entitled "Fees of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm," which will appear in our definitive proxy statement for our 2013 Annual Meeting.

**PART IV**

**ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

(a) Documents filed as part of this report.

(1) Financial Statements. The following financial statements are included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

Report of Eide Bailly LLP on Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedule as of January 31, 2013 and 2012 and for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013

Report of Eide Bailly LLP on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting as of January 31, 2013

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of January 31, 2013 and 2012

Consolidated Statements of Operations for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended January 31, 2013

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(2) Financial Statement Schedules. The following consolidated financial statement schedule is included in Item 8:

Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves

All other financial statement schedules have been omitted, because they are not applicable, are not required, or the information is included in the Financial Statements or Notes thereto

(3) Exhibits. See the Exhibit Index to our Form 10-K immediately following the signature page to this Annual Report on Form 10-K

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: April 10, 2013

TITAN MACHINERY INC.

By	/s/ DAVID J. MEYER	By	/s/ MARK P. KALVODA
	_____ David J. Meyer, <i>Chairman and Chief Executive Officer</i>		_____ Mark P. Kalvoda, <i>Chief Financial Officer</i>

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

Each person whose signature appears below constitutes DAVID J. MEYER and MARK P. KALVODA his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, each acting alone, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, each acting alone, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all said attorneys-in-fact and agents, each acting alone, or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue thereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signatures</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<div style="text-align: center;">/s/ DAVID J. MEYER</div> <div style="text-align: center;">_____ David J. Meyer</div>	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)	April 10, 2013
<div style="text-align: center;">/s/ PETER J. CHRISTIANSON</div> <div style="text-align: center;">_____ Peter J. Christianson</div>	President and Chief Operating Officer, Director	April 10, 2013
<div style="text-align: center;">/s/ MARK P. KALVODA</div> <div style="text-align: center;">_____ Mark P. Kalvoda</div>	Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer and principal accounting officer)	April 10, 2013
<div style="text-align: center;">/s/ TONY CHRISTIANSON</div> <div style="text-align: center;">_____ Tony Christianson</div>	Director	April 10, 2013

<u>Signatures</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<hr/> <div>James Williams</div>	Director	April 10, 2013
<div>/s/ JAMES IRWIN</div> <hr/> <div>James Irwin</div>	Director	April 10, 2013
<div>/s/ JOHN BODE</div> <hr/> <div>John Bode</div>	Director	April 10, 2013
<div>/s/ THEODORE WRIGHT</div> <hr/> <div>Theodore Wright</div>	Director	April 10, 2013
<div>/s/ STANLEY DARDIS</div> <hr/> <div>Stanley Dardis</div>	Director	April 10, 2013

**EXHIBIT INDEX**  
**TITAN MACHINERY INC.**  
**FORM 10-K**

No.	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of the registrant, as amended (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on September 10, 2012).
3.2	Bylaws of the registrant, as amended (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 16, 2009).
4.1	Specimen Certificate representing shares of common stock of Titan Machinery Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the registrant's Amendment No. 6 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on December 5, 2007).
4.2	Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated April 7, 2003, in favor of Cherry Tree Securities, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
4.3	Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated August 1, 2004, in favor of Cherry Tree Securities, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
4.4	Form of Director Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.6 of the registrant's Amendment No. 6 to Registration Statement Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on December 3, 2007).
4.5	Indenture, dated as of April 24, 2012, by and between the registrant and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on April 24, 2012).
10.1	2005 Equity Incentive Plan** (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.2*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated March 6, 2013, between David Meyer and the registrant**
10.3*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated March 6, 2013, between Peter Christianson and the registrant**
10.4	[Reserved]
10.5	Agricultural Equipment Sales & Service Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, between Case, LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.6	Construction Equipment Sales & Service Agreement, dated effective April 8, 2003, between Case, LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).



No.	Description
10.7	Dealer Agreement, dated April 14, 2003, between New Holland North America, Inc. and the registrant, as amended December 27, 2005 and December 9, 2006 (incorporated herein by reference to the Exhibit 10.7 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.8	Construction Equipment Sales & Service Agreement, dated effective June 15, 2006, between CNH America, LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.9	Dealer Agreement, effective February 20, 2007, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.10	Dealer Agreement, dated effective June 22, 2006, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.11	Dealer Agreements, dated effective April 1, 2006, between CNH America and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.12	Dealer Agreement, dated April 1, 2005, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.13	Dealer Agreement, dated effective January 1, 2000 between New Holland North America, Inc. and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.13 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.14	Dealer Security Agreements between New Holland North America, Inc. and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.15	Dealer Security Agreements between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.16	Lease by and between Rocking Horse Farm, LLC and the registrant, dated August 2, 2004, and Addendum No. 1 thereto dated September 13, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.17	Wholesale Floor Plan Credit Facility and Security Agreement, dated as of February 21, 2006, between CNH Capital America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.17 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).

No.	Description
10.18	Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on June 6, 2011).
10.19	Letter Agreement with CNH Capital America, LLC dated February 19, 2010 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.43 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 15, 2010).
10.20	Shareholder Rights Agreement, dated April 7, 2003, by and between the registrant and the individuals listed on Schedule A (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.20 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.21	Amendment No. 1 to Shareholder Rights Agreement, dated January 31, 2006, by and between the registrant and the individuals listed on Schedule A (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.22	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan** (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.22 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.23	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan** (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.24	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan** (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of the registrant's Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on October 10, 2007).
10.25	Amended and Restated Wholesale Floorplan Credit Facility and Security Agreement, dated November 13, 2007, between CNH Capital America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.26	Consent and Agreement, dated November 13, 2007, between CNH Capital America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.26 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.27	Amendment to Case IH Agricultural Equipment Sales and Service Agreement, dated November 14, 2007, between CNH America LLC and Red Power International, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.27 in the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.28	Amendment to Case IH Agricultural Equipment Sales and Service Agreements, dated November 14, 2007, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).

No.	Description
10.29	Amendment to Case Construction Equipment Sales and Service Agreements, dated November 14, 2007, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.29 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.30	Amendment to Kobelco Construction Machinery America LLC Dealer Agreement, dated November 14, 2007, between Kobelco Construction Machinery America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.30 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.31	Amendment to CNH America LLC Dealer Agreement for New Holland Construction Products, dated November 14, 2007, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.31 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.32	Amendment to CNH America LLC Dealer Agreement for New Holland Agricultural Equipment, dated November 14, 2007, between CNH America LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.32 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.33	Recapitalization Agreement, dated effective August 16, 2007, among the registrant, David J. Meyer, C.I. Farm Power, Inc., Peter Christianson, Adam Smith Growth Partners, L.P., Adam Smith Companies, LLC, Tony J. Christianson, Adam Smith Activist Fund, LLC, David Christianson and Earl Christianson (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.33 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.34	Form of Director and Officer Indemnification Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 11, 2012).
10.35	Agreement, dated July 17, 2007, between Cherry Tree Securities, LLC and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.35 of the registrant's Amendment No. 5 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, Reg. No. 333-145526, filed with the Commission on November 27, 2007).
10.36	[Reserved]
10.37*	Titan Machinery Inc. Fiscal 2014 Non-Employee Director Compensation Plan**
10.38	Titan Machinery Inc. Executive Bonus Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.38 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 11, 2012)**
10.39*	Compensation Arrangements for Executive Officers**
10.40	[Reserved]
10.41	Letter Agreement with CNH Capital America, LLC dated November 25, 2009 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on December 10, 2009).

No.	Description
10.42	Second Amended and Restated Agreement for Wholesale Financing, dated March 12, 2010, between GE Commercial Distribution Finance Corporation and the registrant (incorporated herein by reference to the Exhibit 10.42 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 15, 2010).
10.43	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 30, 2012 by and among the registrant, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and the Financial Institutions Party Thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.43 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 11, 2012).
10.44	Amended and Restated Security Agreement dated as of March 30, 2012 by and between the registrant and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on April 11, 2012).
10.45	Amendment dated October 27, 2011 to Amended and Restated Wholesale Floor Plan Credit Facility and Security Agreement, by and between the registrant and CNH Capital America LLC (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on December 9, 2011).
10.46	Letter Agreement with CNH Capital America, LLC dated September 30, 2011 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on December 9, 2011).
10.47	Letter Agreement with CNH Capital America, LLC dated November 20, 2012 (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on December 6, 2012).
10.48	First Amendment, dated as of December 4, 2012, to Amended and Restated Credit Agreement by and among the registrant, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and the Financial Institutions Party Thereto (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on December 6, 2012).
10.49*	Letter Agreement with CNH Capital America, LLC dated February 15, 2013
10.50	Purchase Agreement, dated April 18, 2012, by and among the registrant and certain initial purchasers (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on April 24, 2012).
21.1*	Subsidiaries of Titan Machinery Inc.
23.1*	Consent of Eide Bailly, LLP
24.1*	Power of Attorney (Included on Signature Page)
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

No.	Description
101+	The following materials from Titan Machinery Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2013 are furnished herewith, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of January 31, 2013 and 2012, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended January 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.
*	Filed herewith
+	Furnished herewith
**	Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.



David J. Meyer  
 c/o Titan Machinery Inc.  
 644 East Beaton Drive  
 West Fargo, ND 58078-2648

Dear David:

This letter agreement amends and restates the letter agreement dated October 1, 2010, confirming our discussions regarding your continuing as Chief Executive Officer of Titan Machinery Inc. (the “*Company*”), and sets out the terms and conditions of your employment with the Company, as follows:

**Title:** You will serve as the Company’s Chief Executive Officer.

**Term:** Unless terminated by either party as provided in this letter agreement, the term of your employment as Chief Executive Officer of the Company under this letter agreement shall be for a rolling three-year period (the “*Term*”) as follows: the initial term shall commence on February 1, 2013 (“*Effective Date*”) and end on January 31, 2016, which end date shall be automatically extended by one year on each anniversary of the Effective Date. Thus, for example, on February 1, 2014, the end date shall be extended to January 31, 2017, and on February 1, 2015, the end date shall be extended to January 31, 2018. Such automatic extensions shall continue unless either party provides the other with written notice terminating the automatic extensions prior to August 1 of any year.

**Responsibilities:** During your employment with the Company as Chief Executive Officer, you will report to the Board of Directors of the Company (the “*Board*”) and will be responsible for the overall operations and direction of the Company. You agree to serve the Company faithfully and to the best of your ability, and to devote your full working time, attention and efforts to the business of the Company. You further agree to make yourself available as needed, in a timely manner, to address business issues that may arise. You may, to a reasonable extent, participate in charitable activities, personal investment activities and outside businesses that are not competitive with the business of the Company and serve on boards of directors, so long as such activities and directorships do not interfere with the performance of your duties and responsibilities to the Company; provided, that you shall report on all such activities and directorships to the Board at least annually.

**Representations:** By signing below, you represent and confirm that you are under no contractual or legal commitments that would prevent you from fulfilling your duties and responsibilities to the Company as Chief Executive Officer.

**Initial Base Salary:** You will be paid a base salary at the rate of \$500,000 per year for services performed, in accordance with the regular payroll practices of the Company with annual review by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the “*Committee*”). Your performance and base salary will be reviewed by the Committee annually and may be adjusted upward from time to time in the discretion of the Committee, but will not be reduced during the Term.

**Incentive Bonus:** For each full fiscal year of the Company that you are employed during the Term, you will be eligible for an incentive award opportunity payable from 0% to 200% of your base salary at the rate in effect at the end of such fiscal year, pursuant to the terms and conditions established by the Committee from time to time, based upon a target equal to 100% of your annual base salary at the rate in effect at such time. Objectives will be established during each fiscal year. Any annual incentive bonus earned for a fiscal year will be paid to you within two and one-half (2½) months after the end of such fiscal year.

**Long-Term Equity** Upon execution of this letter agreement and on each anniversary thereafter, you will be

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**Incentive:** entitled to receive a restricted stock award. Each award shall be granted in accordance with the terms of the Company’s Equity Grant Policy. The number of shares under each award shall be determined by dividing your annual base salary in effect on the date of grant by the closing sale price of the Company’s stock on the date of grant. The risks of forfeiture to which the restricted stock under each such award will be subject shall be as determined by the Company’s Compensation Committee from time to time.

**Benefits:** During your employment with the Company, you will be eligible to participate in the employee benefit plans and programs generally available to other executive officers of the Company, and in such other employee benefit plans and programs to the extent that you meet the eligibility requirements for each individual plan or program and subject to the provisions, rules and regulations applicable to each such plan or program as in effect from time to time. The plans and programs of the Company may be modified or terminated by the Company in its discretion.

**Vacation:** During your employment with the Company, you will receive vacation time off in accordance with the policies and practices of the Company, except that your annual accrual rate shall be not less than four weeks paid vacation off per year. Vacation time shall be taken at such times so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the Company. While away from the office during vacation time or otherwise, you agree that business issues may arise that require your attention, whether remotely or in person.

**Office Location:** Your employment will be based at the Company’s headquarters in Fargo, North Dakota. Of course, regular travel will be required in the course of performing your duties and responsibilities as Chief Executive Officer. Pursuant to the Company’s applicable policies, this travel may include use of aircraft in which the Company has an ownership interest.

**Confidential Information:** You have had and will continue to have access to and familiarity with the confidential and proprietary information of the

Company. You agree that all Confidential Information, whether or not in writing, concerning the Company is and shall be the exclusive property of the Company. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "Confidential Information" means information that is not generally known and that is proprietary to the Company or that has been made available to the Company in a manner reasonably understood to require confidential treatment, including, without limitation, trade secret information about the Company and its products; information relating to the business of the Company or anticipated to be conducted by the Company; any of the Company's past, current or anticipated products; information about the Company's research, development, manufacturing, purchasing, accounting, engineering, marketing, selling, leasing, servicing, discoveries, improvements, inventions, designs, graphs, drawings, methods, techniques, plans, strategies, customer lists, licensee lists, marketing plans, pricing and other policies, forecasts, budgets, customer information, financial data, personnel data; and any other material relating to Confidential Information, however documented. All information that you have a reasonable basis to consider Confidential Information or that is treated by the Company as being Confidential Information shall be presumed to be Confidential Information, without regard to the manner in which you obtain access to such information.

During the time you are employed with the Company and for a period of ten (10) years following the date your employment with the Company ends for any reason (except with respect to trade secrets, which you agree to keep confidential for so long as such information remains a trade secret), and except (i) in the ordinary course of performing your employment duties for the Company, (ii) as expressly authorized in writing by the Board, or (iii) as compelled to disclose Confidential Information by judicial or governmental authority, you agree not to disclose any Confidential Information to persons or entities outside the Company, or to use any Confidential Information for any other purpose, either during or after your employment, unless and until such Confidential Information has become public knowledge without fault by you. You also agree to deliver

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all written, electronic, magnetic, computer or other recorded or tangible material and copies thereof containing Confidential Information to the Company upon the earlier of a request by the Company or the date your employment with the Company ends. You further agree to treat all confidential information and know-how of any affiliate, employee, customer, contractor, vendor, or supplier of the Company, as applicable, in the same manner as the Confidential Information.

Noncompetition:

In consideration of you and the Company entering into this letter agreement, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and to protect the reasonable business interests of the Company, you agree that while you are an employee of the Company, and for a period of 24 months after termination of your employment for any reason, you will not directly or indirectly, whether on your own behalf or that of a third party (other than the Company), engage in the business (whether as an owner of, or as employee, director or officer of or consultant to any business, other than the Company, that is engaged in the business), of owning or operating agricultural or construction equipment stores in any state in which the Company or its subsidiaries owns or operates any agricultural or construction equipment stores during the term of your employment. You agree that the Company will be entitled to equitable relief without the requirement of posting a bond to enforce the terms of such noncompetition restriction, in addition to any other rights or remedies that the Company may have. In the event that any provision of this noncompetition clause (or any other provision contained in this letter agreement) shall be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable, such provision shall be interpreted to extend only over the maximum period of time for which it may be enforceable and/or over the maximum geographical area as to which it may be enforceable and/or to the maximum extent in all other respects as to which they may be enforceable, all as determined by such court in such action so as to be enforceable to the extent consistent with then applicable law. This noncompetition clause shall survive the termination of your employment, and shall apply whether the termination of your employment is voluntary or involuntary and regardless of the reason for such termination.

Non-Solicitation of  
Employees:

You agree that for a period of three (3) years following your employment with the Company, you will, not directly or indirectly, either for yourself or any other person or entity solicit, induce, or attempt to induce any employee of the Company to leave the employ of the Company.

Termination:

You may terminate the employment relationship during the Term with at least 60 days' written notice. The Company may terminate the employment relationship during the Term for Cause at any time with written notice or without Cause with at least 60 days' written notice. Upon termination of your employment by either party for any reason, you will promptly resign any and all positions you then hold as officer or director of the Company or any of its affiliates.

Severance:

In case of involuntary termination of your employment by the Company without Cause prior to the expiration of the Term or in the case of voluntary resignation of your employment for Good Reason prior to the expiration of the Term (each a "Qualifying Termination"), the Company will pay you as severance pay an amount equal to two (2) times the sum of (a) your annual base salary at the rate in effect on your last day of employment plus (b) the annual incentive bonus last paid to you preceding the Qualifying Termination. In addition, upon a Qualifying Termination the Company will, for a period of 24 months following the effective date of termination of your employment, allow you to continue to participate in the Company's group medical and dental plans at the Company's expense (with premiums payable on a monthly basis), to the extent you were a participant as of your last day of employment; however, if your participation in any such plan is barred or not permitted under the terms thereof, the Company will arrange to provide you with substantially similar coverage at its expense up to the expense. Benefits provided by the Company may be reduced if you become eligible for comparable benefits from another

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employer or third party.



Payment by the Company of any severance pay or premium reimbursements under this paragraph will be conditioned upon you (1) signing and not revoking a full release of all claims against the Company, its affiliates, officers, directors, employees, agents and assigns, substantially in the form attached to this letter agreement as Exhibit A, (2) complying with your obligations under the Noncompetition Agreement or any other agreement between you and the Company then in effect, (3) cooperating with the Company in the transition of your duties, and (4) agreeing not to disparage or defame the Company, its affiliates, officers, directors, employees, agents, assigns, products or services.

Any severance payable will be paid to you over 24 months in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices commencing on the first day of the month following the Qualifying Termination, but not earlier than expiration of any rescission periods. All payments under this severance clause are subject to applicable withholding for income and FICA taxes and any other proper deductions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any of the payments described in this severance clause are subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the "*Code*"), and the Company determines that you are a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, such payments shall not commence earlier than the first day of the seventh month following your "separation from service" as determined under Section 409A of the Code.

For purposes of this letter agreement, "Cause" and "Good Reason" have the following definitions:

"*Cause*" means a determination in good faith by the Board of the existence of one or more of the following: (i) commission by you of any act constituting a felony; (ii) any intentional and/or willful act of fraud or material dishonesty by you related to, connected with or otherwise affecting your employment with the Company, or otherwise likely to cause material harm to the Company or its reputation; (iii) the willful and/or continued failure, neglect, or refusal by you to perform in all material respects your duties with the Company as an employee, officer or director, or to fulfill your fiduciary responsibilities to the Company, which failure, neglect or refusal has not been cured within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to you from the Company; or (iv) a material breach by you of the Company's material policies or codes of conduct or of your material obligations under and other agreement between you and the Company.

"*Good Reason*" means any one or more of the following occur without your consent: (i) the assignment to you of material duties inconsistent with your status or position as Chief Executive Officer, or other action that results in a substantial diminution in your status or position, which has not been cured by the Company within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to the Company from you; (ii) the relocation of your principal office for Company business to a location more than forty (40) miles from the Company's current headquarters; or (iii) material breach by the Company of any terms or conditions of this letter agreement, which breach has not been caused by you and which has not been cured by the Company within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to the Company from you.

In the event of termination of your employment by the Company for Cause, resignation by you other than for Good Reason, or termination due to your death or any disability for which you are qualified for benefits under the Company's group long-term disability program, the Company's only obligation hereunder shall be to pay such compensation and provide such benefits as are earned by you through the date of termination of employment.

Indemnification:

The Company will indemnify you in connection with your duties and responsibilities for the Company in accordance with the Company's bylaws and as set forth in any indemnification agreement between you and the Company from time to time.

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Taxes:

The Company may withhold from any compensation payable to you in connection with your employment such federal, state and local income and employment taxes as the Company shall determine are required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation.

Remedies:

You acknowledge that your covenants and obligations hereunder are of special, unique, and intellectual character, which gives them a peculiar value, the actual or threatened breach of which may result in substantial injuries and damages, for which monetary relief may fail to provide an adequate remedy at law. Accordingly, if the Company institutes any action or proceeding to enforce the provisions hereof, seeking injunctive relief or specific performance, you hereby waive the claim or defense that the Company has an adequate remedy at law, and you will not urge in any such action or proceeding the claim or defense that the Company has an adequate remedy at law. Nothing in this provision limits the parties' rights to seek any and all remedies available under North Dakota law, including equitable and legal relief, either separately or cumulatively, for breach or threatened breach of contract.

Applicable Law:

This letter agreement shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

Construction:

Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Agreement shall be prohibited by or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity without invalidating the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement.

Entire Agreement:

This letter agreement and the documents referenced herein constitute the entire agreement between the parties, and supersedes all prior discussions, agreements, including but not limited to the letter agreement dated October 1, 2010, and negotiations between us. No amendment or modification of this letter agreement will be effective unless made in writing and signed by you and an authorized director of the Company.

[signature page follows]

Sincerely,

TITAN MACHINERY INC.

By: /s/ Stanley Dardis  
Stanley Dardis,  
Chair of the Compensation Committee

I accept and agree to the terms and conditions of employment with Titan Machinery Inc. as set forth above.

/s/ David J. Meyer 3-6-13  
David J. Meyer Dated

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### Exhibit A

#### FORM OF RELEASE BY DAVID J. MEYER

**Definitions.** I intend all words used in this Release to have their plain meanings in ordinary English. Specific terms that I use in this Release have the following meanings:

- A. I, me, and my include both me (David J. Meyer) and anyone who has or obtains any legal rights or claims through me.
- B. Titan means Titan Machinery Inc., any company related to Titan Machinery Inc. in the present or past (including without limitation, its predecessors, parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, joint venture partners, and divisions), and any successors of Titan Machinery Inc.
- C. Company means Titan; the present and past officers, directors, committees, shareholders, and employees of Titan; any company providing insurance to Titan in the present or past; the present and past fiduciaries of any employee benefit plan sponsored or maintained by Titan (other than multiemployer plans); the attorneys for Titan; and anyone who acted on behalf of Titan or on instructions from Titan.
- D. Agreement means the letter agreement between me and Titan dated February 1, 2013, including all of the documents attached to such agreement.
- E. My Claims mean all of my rights that I now have to any relief of any kind from the Company, whether I now know about such rights or not, including without limitation:
  - 1. all claims arising out of or relating to my employment with Titan or the termination of that employment;
  - 2. all claims arising out of or relating to the statements, actions, or omissions of the Company;
  - 3. all claims for any alleged unlawful discrimination, harassment, retaliation or reprisal, or other alleged unlawful practices arising under any federal, state, or local statute, ordinance, or regulation, including without limitation, claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1981, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, the Equal Pay Act, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, the North Dakota Human Rights Act, N.D. Stat. § 14.02-4-01 et seq., the North Dakota Equal Pay Act, N.D. Stat. § 34-06.1-01 et seq., the North Dakota Age Discrimination Act, N.D. Stat. § 34-01-17, and workers' compensation non-interference or non-retaliation statutes;
  - 4. all claims for alleged wrongful discharge; breach of contract; breach of implied contract; failure to keep any promise; breach of a covenant of good faith and fair dealing; breach of fiduciary duty; estoppel; my activities, if any, as a "whistleblower"; defamation; infliction of emotional distress; fraud; misrepresentation; negligence; harassment; retaliation or reprisal; constructive discharge; assault; battery; false imprisonment; invasion of privacy; interference with contractual or business relationships; any other wrongful employment practices; and violation of any other principle of common law;
  - 5. all claims for compensation of any kind, including without limitation, bonuses, commissions, stock-based compensation or stock options, vacation pay and paid time off, perquisites, and expense reimbursements;
  - 6. all claims for back pay, front pay, reinstatement, other equitable relief, compensatory damages, damages for alleged personal injury, liquidated damages, and punitive damages; and
  - 7. all claims for attorneys' fees, costs, and interest.

However, My Claims do not include any claims that the law does not allow to be waived; any claims that may arise after the date on which I sign this Release; any rights I may have to indemnification from Titan as a

current or former officer, director or employee of Titan; any claims for payment of severance benefits under the Agreement; any rights I have to severance pay or benefits under the Agreement; or any claims I may have for earned and accrued benefits under any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company in which I am a participant as of the date of termination of my employment with Titan.

**Consideration.** I am entering into this Release in consideration of Titan's obligations to provide me certain severance benefits as specified in the Agreement. I will receive consideration from Titan as set forth in the Agreement if I sign and do not rescind this Release as provided below. I understand and acknowledge that I would not be entitled to the consideration under the Agreement if I did not sign this Release. The consideration is in addition to anything of value that I would be entitled to receive from Titan if I did not sign this Release or if I rescinded this Release. I acknowledge and represent that I have received all payments and benefits that I am entitled to receive (as of the date of this Release) by virtue of any employment by the Company.

**Agreement to Release My Claims.** In exchange for the consideration described in the Agreement, I give up and release all of My Claims. I will not make any demands or claims against the Company for compensation or damages relating to My Claims. The consideration that I am receiving is a fair compromise for the release of My Claims.

**Cooperation.** Upon the reasonable request of the Company, I agree that I will (i) timely execute and deliver such acknowledgements, instruments, certificates, and other ministerial documents (including without limitation, certification as to specific actions performed by me in my capacity as an officer of the Company) as may be necessary or appropriate to formalize and complete the applicable corporate records; (ii) reasonably consult with the Company regarding business matters that I was involved with while employed by the Company; and (iii) be reasonably available, with or without subpoena, to be interviewed, review documents or things, give depositions, testify, or engage in other reasonable activities in connection with any litigation or investigation, with respect to matters that I may have knowledge of by virtue of my employment by or service to the Company. In performing my obligations under this paragraph to testify or otherwise provide information, I will honestly, truthfully, forthrightly, and completely provide the information requested, volunteer pertinent information and turn over to the Company all relevant documents which are or may come into my possession.

**My Continuing Obligations.** I understand and acknowledge that I must comply with all of my post-employment obligations under the Agreement. I will not defame or disparage the reputation, character, image, products, or services of Titan, or the reputation or character of Titan's directors, officers, employees and agents, and I will refrain from making public comment about the Company except upon the express written consent of an officer of Titan.

**Additional Agreements and Understandings.** Even though Titan will provide consideration for me to settle and release My Claims, the Company does not admit that it is responsible or legally obligated to me. In fact, the Company denies that it is responsible or legally obligated to me for My Claims, denies that it engaged in any unlawful or improper conduct toward me, and denies that it treated me unfairly.

**Advice to Consult with an Attorney.** I understand and acknowledge that I am hereby being advised by the Company to consult with an attorney prior to signing this Release and I have done so. My decision whether to sign this Release is my own voluntary decision made with full knowledge that the Company has advised me to consult with an attorney.

**Period to Consider the Release.** I understand that I have 21 days from the date I received this Release (or 21 days after the last day of my employment with Titan, if later) to consider whether I wish to sign this Release. If I sign this Release before the end of the 21-day period, it will be my voluntary decision to do so because I have decided that I do not need any additional time to decide whether to sign this Release. I understand and agree that if I sign this Release prior to my last day of employment with Titan it will not be valid and Titan will not be obligated to provide the consideration described in the Release.

**My Right to Rescind this Release.** I understand that I may rescind this Release at any time within 7 days after I sign it, not counting the day upon which I sign it. This Release will not become effective or enforceable unless and until the 7-day rescission period has expired without my rescinding it. I understand that if I rescind this Release Titan will not be obligated to provide the consideration described in the Release.

**Procedure for Accepting or Rescinding the Release.** To accept the terms of this Release, I must deliver the Release, after I have signed and dated it, to Titan by hand or by mail within the 21-day period that I have to consider this Release. To rescind my acceptance, I must deliver a written, signed statement that I rescind my acceptance to Titan by hand or by mail within the 7-day rescission period. All deliveries must be made to Titan at the following address:

Chief Financial Officer

If I choose to deliver my acceptance or the rescission by mail, it must be postmarked within the period stated above and properly addressed to Titan at the address stated above.

**Interpretation of the Release.** This Release should be interpreted as broadly as possible to achieve my intention to resolve all of My Claims against the Company. If this Release is held by a court to be inadequate to release a particular claim encompassed within My Claims, this Release will remain in full force and effect with respect to all the rest of My Claims. I agree that the provisions of this Release may not be amended, waived, changed or modified except by an instrument in writing signed by an authorized representative of Titan and by me.

**My Representations.** I am legally able and entitled to receive the consideration being provided to me in settlement of My Claims. I have not been involved in any personal bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings at any time since I began my employment with Titan. No child support orders, garnishment orders, or other orders requiring that money owed to me by Titan be paid to any other person are now in effect.

I have read this Release carefully. I understand all of its terms. In signing this Release, I have not relied on any statements or explanations made by the Company except as specifically set forth in the Agreement. I am voluntarily releasing My Claims against the Company. I intend this Release and the

Agreement to be legally binding.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
David J. Meyer

Peter Christianson  
c/o Titan Machinery Inc.  
644 East Beaton Drive  
West Fargo, ND 58078-2648

Dear Peter:

This letter agreement amends and restates the letter agreement dated October 1, 2010, confirming our discussions regarding your continuing as President and Chief Operating Officer of Titan Machinery Inc. (the “*Company*”), and sets out the terms and conditions of your employment with the Company, as follows:

Title:	You will serve as the Company’s President and Chief Operating Officer.
Term:	Unless terminated by either party as provided in this letter agreement, the term of your employment as President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company under this letter agreement shall be for a rolling three-year period (the “ <i>Term</i> ”) as follows: the initial term shall commence on February 1, 2013 (“ <i>Effective Date</i> ”) and end on January 31, 2016, which end date shall be automatically extended by one year on each anniversary of the Effective Date. Thus, for example, on February 1, 2014, the end date shall be extended to January 31, 2017, and on February 1, 2015, the end date shall be extended to January 31, 2018. Such automatic extensions shall continue unless either party provides the other with written notice terminating the automatic extensions prior to August 1 of any year.
Responsibilities:	During your employment with the Company as President and Chief Operating Officer, you will report to the Board of Directors of the Company (the “ <i>Board</i> ”) and will be responsible for the overall operations and direction and financial matters of the Company. You agree to serve the Company faithfully and to the best of your ability, and to devote your full working time, attention and efforts to the business of the Company. You further agree to make yourself available as needed, in a timely manner, to address business issues that may arise. You may, to a reasonable extent, participate in charitable activities, personal investment activities and outside businesses that are not competitive with the business of the Company and serve on boards of directors, so long as such activities and directorships do not interfere with the performance of your duties and responsibilities to the Company; provided, that you shall report on all such activities and directorships to the Board at least annually.
Representations:	By signing below, you represent and confirm that you are under no contractual or legal commitments that would prevent you from fulfilling your duties and responsibilities to the Company as President and Chief Operating Officer.
Initial Base Salary:	You will be paid a base salary at the rate of \$500,000 per year for services performed, in accordance with the regular payroll practices of the Company with annual review by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the “ <i>Committee</i> ”). Your performance and base salary will be reviewed by the Committee annually and may be adjusted upward from time to time in the discretion of the Committee, but will not be reduced during the Term.
Incentive Bonus:	For each full fiscal year of the Company that you are employed during the Term, you will be eligible for an incentive award opportunity payable from 0% to 200% of your base salary at the rate in effect at the end of such fiscal year, pursuant to the terms and conditions established by the Committee from time to time, based upon a target equal to 100% of your annual base salary at the rate in effect at such time. Objectives will be established during each fiscal year. Any annual incentive bonus earned for a fiscal year will be paid to you within two and one-half (2½) months after the end of such fiscal year.

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Long-Term Equity Incentive:	Upon execution of this letter agreement and on each anniversary thereafter, you will be entitled to receive a restricted stock award. Each award shall be granted in accordance with the terms of the Company’s Equity Grant Policy. The number of shares under each award shall be determined by dividing your annual base salary in effect on the date of grant by the closing sale price of the Company’s stock on the date of grant. The risks of forfeiture to which the restricted stock under each such award will be subject shall be as determined by the Company’s Compensation Committee from time to time.
Benefits:	During your employment with the Company, you will be eligible to participate in the employee benefit plans and programs generally available to other executive officers of the Company, and in such other employee benefit plans and programs to the extent that you meet the eligibility requirements for each individual plan or program and subject to the provisions, rules and regulations applicable to each such plan or program as in effect from time to time. The plans and programs of the Company may be modified or terminated by the Company in its discretion.
Vacation:	During your employment with the Company, you will receive vacation time off in accordance with the policies and practices of the Company, except that your annual accrual rate shall be not less than four weeks paid vacation off per year. Vacation time shall be taken at such times so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the Company. While away from the office during vacation time or otherwise, you agree that business issues may arise that require your attention, whether remotely or in person.
Office Location:	Your employment will be based at the Company’s headquarters in Fargo, North Dakota. Of course, regular travel will be required in the course of performing your duties and responsibilities as President and Chief Operating Officer. Pursuant to the Company’s applicable policies, this travel may include use of aircraft in which the Company has an ownership interest.
Confidential Information:	You have had and will continue to have access to and familiarity with the confidential and proprietary information of the Company. You agree that all Confidential Information, whether or not in writing, concerning the Company is and shall be the

exclusive property of the Company. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "Confidential Information" means information that is not generally known and that is proprietary to the Company or that has been made available to the Company in a manner reasonably understood to require confidential treatment, including, without limitation, trade secret information about the Company and its products; information relating to the business of the Company or anticipated to be conducted by the Company; any of the Company's past, current or anticipated products; information about the Company's research, development, manufacturing, purchasing, accounting, engineering, marketing, selling, leasing, servicing, discoveries, improvements, inventions, designs, graphs, drawings, methods, techniques, plans, strategies, customer lists, licensee lists, marketing plans, pricing and other policies, forecasts, budgets, customer information, financial data, personnel data; and any other material relating to Confidential Information, however documented. All information that you have a reasonable basis to consider Confidential Information or that is treated by the Company as being Confidential Information shall be presumed to be Confidential Information, without regard to the manner in which you obtain access to such information.

During the time you are employed with the Company and for a period of ten (10) years following the date your employment with the Company ends for any reason (except with respect to trade secrets, which you agree to keep confidential for so long as such information remains a trade secret), and except (i) in the ordinary course of performing your employment duties for the Company, (ii) as expressly authorized in writing by the Board, or (iii) as compelled to disclose Confidential Information by judicial or governmental authority, you agree not to disclose any Confidential Information to persons or entities outside the Company, or to use any Confidential Information for any other purpose, either during or after your employment, unless and until such Confidential Information has become public

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knowledge without fault by you. You also agree to deliver all written, electronic, magnetic, computer or other recorded or tangible material and copies thereof containing Confidential Information to the Company upon the earlier of a request by the Company or the date your employment with the Company ends. You further agree to treat all confidential information and know-how of any affiliate, employee, customer, contractor, vendor, or supplier of the Company, as applicable, in the same manner as the Confidential Information.

Noncompetition:

In consideration of you and the Company entering into this letter agreement, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and to protect the reasonable business interests of the Company, you agree that while you are an employee of the Company, and for a period of 24 months after termination of your employment for any reason, you will not directly or indirectly, whether on your own behalf or that of a third party (other than the Company), engage in the business (whether as an owner of, or as employee, director or officer of or consultant to any business, other than the Company, that is engaged in the business), of owning or operating agricultural or construction equipment stores in any state in which the Company or its subsidiaries owns or operates any agricultural or construction equipment stores during the term of your employment. You agree that the Company will be entitled to equitable relief without the requirement of posting a bond to enforce the terms of such noncompetition restriction, in addition to any other rights or remedies that the Company may have. In the event that any provision of this noncompetition clause (or any other provision contained in this letter agreement) shall be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable, such provision shall be interpreted to extend only over the maximum period of time for which it may be enforceable and/or over the maximum geographical area as to which it may be enforceable and/or to the maximum extent in all other respects as to which they may be enforceable, all as determined by such court in such action so as to be enforceable to the extent consistent with then applicable law. This noncompetition clause shall survive the termination of your employment, and shall apply whether the termination of your employment is voluntary or involuntary and regardless of the reason for such termination.

Non-Solicitation of Employees:

You agree that for a period of three (3) years following your employment with the Company, you will, not directly or indirectly, either for yourself or any other person or entity solicit, induce, or attempt to induce any employee of the Company to leave the employment of the Company.

Termination:

You may terminate the employment relationship during the Term with at least 60 days' written notice. The Company may terminate the employment relationship during the Term for Cause at any time with written notice or without Cause with at least 60 days' written notice. Upon termination of your employment by either party for any reason, you will promptly resign any and all positions you then hold as officer or director of the Company or any of its affiliates.

Severance:

In case of involuntary termination of your employment by the Company without Cause prior to the expiration of the Term or in the case of voluntary resignation of your employment for Good Reason prior to the expiration of the Term (each a "Qualifying Termination"), the Company will pay you as severance pay an amount equal to two (2) times the sum of (a) your annual base salary at the rate in effect on your last day of employment plus (b) the annual incentive bonus last paid to you preceding the Qualifying Termination. In addition, upon a Qualifying Termination the Company will, for a period of 24 months following the effective date of termination of your employment, allow you to continue to participate in the Company's group medical and dental plans at the Company's expense (with premiums payable on a monthly basis), to the extent you were a participant as of your last day of employment; however, if your participation in any such plan is barred or not permitted under the terms thereof, the Company will arrange to provide you with substantially similar coverage at its expense up to the expense. Benefits provided by the Company may be reduced if you become eligible for comparable benefits from another employer or third party.

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Payment by the Company of any severance pay or premium reimbursements under this paragraph will be conditioned upon you (1) signing and not revoking a full release of all claims against the Company, its affiliates, officers, directors, employees,

agents and assigns, substantially in the form attached to this letter agreement as Exhibit A, (2) complying with your obligations under the Noncompetition Agreement or any other agreement between you and the Company then in effect, (3) cooperating with the Company in the transition of your duties, and (4) agreeing not to disparage or defame the Company, its affiliates, officers, directors, employees, agents, assigns, products or services.

Any severance payable will be paid to you over 24 months in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices commencing on the first day of the month following the Qualifying Termination, but not earlier than expiration of any rescission periods. All payments under this severance clause are subject to applicable withholding for income and FICA taxes and any other proper deductions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any of the payments described in this severance clause are subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the "Code"), and the Company determines that you are a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, such payments shall not commence earlier than the first day of the seventh month following your "separation from service" as determined under Section 409A of the Code.

For purposes of this letter agreement, "Cause" and "Good Reason" have the following definitions:

"Cause" means a determination in good faith by the Board of the existence of one or more of the following: (i) commission by you of any act constituting a felony; (ii) any intentional and/or willful act of fraud or material dishonesty by you related to, connected with or otherwise affecting your employment with the Company, or otherwise likely to cause material harm to the Company or its reputation; (iii) the willful and/or continued failure, neglect, or refusal by you to perform in all material respects your duties with the Company as an employee, officer or director, or to fulfill your fiduciary responsibilities to the Company, which failure, neglect or refusal has not been cured within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to you from the Company; or (iv) a material breach by you of the Company's material policies or codes of conduct or of your material obligations under and other agreement between you and the Company.

"Good Reason" means any one or more of the following occur without your consent: (i) the assignment to you of material duties inconsistent with your status or position as President and Chief Operating Officer, or other action that results in a substantial diminution in your status or position, which has not been cured by the Company within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to the Company from you; (ii) the relocation of your principal office for Company business to a location more than forty (40) miles from the Company's current headquarters; or (iii) material breach by the Company of any terms or conditions of this letter agreement, which breach has not been caused by you and which has not been cured by the Company within fifteen (15) days after written notice thereof to the Company from you.

In the event of termination of your employment by the Company for Cause, resignation by you other than for Good Reason, or termination due to your death or any disability for which you are qualified for benefits under the Company's group long-term disability program, the Company's only obligation hereunder shall be to pay such compensation and provide such benefits as are earned by you through the date of termination of employment.

Indemnification: The Company will indemnify you in connection with your duties and responsibilities for the Company in accordance with the Company's bylaws and as set forth in any indemnification agreement between you and the Company from time to time.

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Taxes: The Company may withhold from any compensation payable to you in connection with your employment such federal, state and local income and employment taxes as the Company shall determine are required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable law or regulation.

Remedies: You acknowledge that your covenants and obligations hereunder are of special, unique, and intellectual character, which gives them a peculiar value, the actual or threatened breach of which may result in substantial injuries and damages, for which monetary relief may fail to provide an adequate remedy at law. Accordingly, if the Company institutes any action or proceeding to enforce the provisions hereof, seeking injunctive relief or specific performance, you hereby waive the claim or defense that the Company has an adequate remedy at law, and you will not urge in any such action or proceeding the claim or defense that the Company has an adequate remedy at law. Nothing in this provision limits the parties' rights to seek any and all remedies available under North Dakota law, including equitable and legal relief, either separately or cumulatively, for breach or threatened breach of contract.

Applicable Law: This letter agreement shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware.

Construction: Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Agreement shall be prohibited by or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity without invalidating the remainder of such provision or the remaining provisions of this Agreement.

Entire Agreement: This letter agreement and the documents referenced herein constitute the entire agreement between the parties, and supersedes all prior discussions, agreements, including but not limited to the letter agreement dated October 1, 2010, and negotiations between us. No amendment or modification of this letter agreement will be effective unless made in writing and signed by you and an authorized director of the Company.

[signature page follows]

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However, My Claims do not include any claims that the law does not allow to be waived; any claims that may arise after the date on which I sign this Release; any rights I may have to indemnification from Titan as a current or former officer, director or employee of Titan; any claims for payment of severance benefits under the Agreement; any rights I have to severance pay or benefits under the Agreement; or any claims I may have for earned and accrued benefits under any employee benefit plan sponsored by the Company in which I am a participant as of the date of termination of my employment with Titan.



**Consideration.** I am entering into this Release in consideration of Titan's obligations to provide me certain severance benefits as specified in the Agreement. I will receive consideration from Titan as set forth in the Agreement if I sign and do not rescind this Release as provided below. I understand and acknowledge that I would not be entitled to the consideration under the Agreement if I did not sign this Release. The consideration is in addition to anything of value that I would be entitled to receive from Titan if I did not sign this Release or if I rescinded this Release. I acknowledge and represent that I have received all payments and benefits that I am entitled to receive (as of the date of this Release) by virtue of any employment by the Company.

**Agreement to Release My Claims.** In exchange for the consideration described in the Agreement, I give up and release all of My Claims. I will not make any demands or claims against the Company for compensation or damages relating to My Claims. The consideration that I am receiving is a fair compromise for the release of My Claims.

**Cooperation.** Upon the reasonable request of the Company, I agree that I will (i) timely execute and deliver such acknowledgements, instruments, certificates, and other ministerial documents (including without limitation, certification as to specific actions performed by me in my capacity as an officer of the Company) as may be necessary or appropriate to formalize and complete the applicable corporate records; (ii) reasonably consult with the Company regarding business matters that I was involved with while employed by the Company; and (iii) be reasonably available, with or without subpoena, to be interviewed, review documents or things, give depositions, testify, or engage in other reasonable activities in connection with any litigation or investigation, with respect to matters that I may have knowledge of by virtue of my employment by or service to the Company. In performing my obligations under this paragraph to testify or otherwise provide information, I will honestly, truthfully, forthrightly, and completely provide the information requested, volunteer pertinent information and turn over to the Company all relevant documents which are or may come into my possession.

**My Continuing Obligations.** I understand and acknowledge that I must comply with all of my post-employment obligations under the Agreement. I will not defame or disparage the reputation, character, image, products, or services of Titan, or the reputation or character of Titan's directors, officers, employees and agents, and I will refrain from making public comment about the Company except upon the express written consent of an officer of Titan.

**Additional Agreements and Understandings.** Even though Titan will provide consideration for me to settle and release My Claims, the Company does not admit that it is responsible or legally obligated to me. In fact, the Company denies that it is responsible or legally obligated to me for My Claims, denies that it engaged in any unlawful or improper conduct toward me, and denies that it treated me unfairly.

**Advice to Consult with an Attorney.** I understand and acknowledge that I am hereby being advised by the Company to consult with an attorney prior to signing this Release and I have done so. My decision whether to sign this Release is my own voluntary decision made with full knowledge that the Company has advised me to consult with an attorney.

**Period to Consider the Release.** I understand that I have 21 days from the date I received this Release (or 21 days after the last day of my employment with Titan, if later) to consider whether I wish to sign this Release. If I sign this Release before the end of the 21-day period, it will be my voluntary decision to do so because I have decided that I do not need any additional time to decide whether to sign this Release. I understand and agree that if I sign this Release prior to my last day of employment with Titan it will not be valid and Titan will not be obligated to provide the consideration described in the Release.

**My Right to Rescind this Release.** I understand that I may rescind this Release at any time within 7 days after I sign it, not counting the day upon which I sign it. This Release will not become effective or enforceable unless and until the 7-day rescission period has expired without my rescinding it. I understand that if I rescind this Release Titan will not be obligated to provide the consideration described in the Release.

**Procedure for Accepting or Rescinding the Release.** To accept the terms of this Release, I must deliver the Release, after I have signed and dated it, to Titan by hand or by mail within the 21-day period that I have to consider this Release. To rescind my acceptance, I must deliver a written, signed statement that I rescind my acceptance to Titan by hand or by mail within the 7-day rescission period. All deliveries must be made to Titan at the following address:

Chief Operating Officer

If I choose to deliver my acceptance or the rescission by mail, it must be postmarked within the period stated above and properly addressed to Titan at the address stated above.

**Interpretation of the Release.** This Release should be interpreted as broadly as possible to achieve my intention to resolve all of My Claims against the Company. If this Release is held by a court to be inadequate to release a particular claim encompassed within My Claims, this Release will remain in full force and effect with respect to all the rest of My Claims. I agree that the provisions of this Release may not be amended, waived, changed or modified except by an instrument in writing signed by an authorized representative of Titan and by me.

**My Representations.** I am legally able and entitled to receive the consideration being provided to me in settlement of My Claims. I have not been involved in any personal bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings at any time since I began my employment with Titan. No child support orders, garnishment orders, or other orders requiring that money owed to me by Titan be paid to any other person are now in effect.

I have read this Release carefully. I understand all of its terms. In signing this Release, I have not relied on any statements or explanations made by the Company except as specifically set forth in the Agreement. I am voluntarily releasing My Claims against the Company. I intend this Release and the Agreement to be legally binding.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_



**Titan Machinery Inc. Fiscal 2014 Non-Employee Director Compensation Plan**

Each non-employee director of Titan Machinery Inc. shall receive:

- an annual cash retainer of \$50,000;
- an annual grant of \$70,000 worth of restricted stock on the first trading day of the second month of the second quarter (1) (per the terms of the Company's equity awards grant policy) which provides for the lapse of restrictions on the first anniversary of the date of grant;
- an additional retainer of \$25,000 for the Audit Committee Chair;
- an additional retainer of \$10,000 to each of the Chairs of the Governance and Compensation Committees;
- an additional retainer of \$15,000 to the lead independent director; and
- reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in connection with their services as directors.

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(1) The fair market value of the Company's common stock shall be equal to the closing price of the Company's common stock on the Nasdaq stock market on the date of determination, or if such date is not a trading date on the Nasdaq Global Select market, the nearest preceding trading date.

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**TITAN MACHINERY INC.  
COMPENSATION ARRANGEMENTS FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS  
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014**

The Titan Machinery Inc. Board of Directors approved the 2014 fiscal year base salaries for the executive officers as set forth below.

<b>Executive Officer and Title</b>	<b>2014 Annual Base Salary</b>
David J. Meyer Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	\$ 500,000
Peter J. Christianson President and Chief Operating Officer	\$ 500,000
Mark P. Kalvoda Chief Financial Officer	\$ 255,000

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Steven C. Bierman  
*President*  
*CNH Capital America, LLC*

February 15, 2013

**VIA ELECTRONIC AND OVERNIGHT DELIVERY**

Titan Machinery, Inc.  
644 E. Beaton Dr.  
West Fargo, ND 58078  
Attn: Mr. David Meyer

Re: Confirmation of Extension of Credit

Dear Mr. Meyer:

This letter is to confirm that effective August 31, 2012, the term of the Amended and Restated Wholesale Floor Plan Credit Facility and Security Agreement, dated November 13, 2007 (the "Agreement") by and between Titan Machinery, Inc. and CNH Capital America LLC was extended, in accordance with Section 2.03, for an additional twelve (12) month period and thereafter, will automatically renew for successive twelve month periods unless ninety (90) days' prior written notice is given to the other party of the Agreement's termination.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (262) 636-6105.

Sincerely,

/s/ Steven C. Bierman

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Steven C. Bierman  
President  
CNH Capital America, LLC

Acknowledged:

Titan Machinery, Inc.

By: /s/ David J. Meyer  
David J. Meyer

Title: CEO

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**SUBSIDIARIES OF  
TITAN MACHINERY INC.**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Ownership</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Incorporation/ Organization</u>
Transportation Solutions, LLC	100%	North Dakota
NW Property Solutions LLC	100%	North Dakota
Titan European Holdings S.a.r.l.	100%	Luxembourg
Titan Machinery SRC GmbH	100%	Austria
Titan Machinery Ukraine LLC	100%	Ukraine
Titan Machinery D.o.o. Novi Sad	100%	Serbia
Titan Machinery Austria GmbH*	70%	Austria
Titan Machinery Romania S.R.L. *	70%	Romania
Titan Machinery Bulgaria EAD*	70%	Bulgaria

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\* Majority-owned subsidiaries of Titan European Holdings S.a.r.l.

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QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 21.1](#)

[SUBSIDIARIES OF TITAN MACHINERY INC.](#)

[QuickLinks](#) -- Click here to rapidly navigate through this document

**EXHIBIT 23.1**

**Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Form 10-K of Titan Machinery Inc., of our reports dated April 10, 2013, related to the consolidated financial statements and internal control over financial reporting, which appear in Titan Machinery Inc.'s Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2013.

We also consent to the incorporation by reference of the above referenced reports in the Registration Statement of Titan Machinery Inc. on Form S-8 (File No. 333-149426, effective February 28, 2008; and File No. 333-177982, effective November 15, 2011) and Form S-3 (File No. 333-171063, effective January 21, 2011).

/s/ Eide Bailly LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota  
April 10, 2013

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QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 23.1](#)

[Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm](#)

**CERTIFICATION  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT**

I, David J. Meyer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Titan Machinery Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 10, 2013

/s/ DAVID J. MEYER

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David J. Meyer  
*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

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QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 31.1](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT](#)

**CERTIFICATION  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT**

I, Mark P. Kalvoda, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Titan Machinery Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 10, 2013

/s/ MARK P. KALVODA

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Mark P. Kalvoda  
*Chief Financial Officer*

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[EXHIBIT 31.2](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Titan Machinery Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, David J. Meyer, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 10, 2013

/s/ DAVID J. MEYER

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David J. Meyer  
*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

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[EXHIBIT 32.1](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Titan Machinery Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2013 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Mark P. Kalvoda, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: April 10, 2013

/s/ MARK P. KALVODA

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Mark P. Kalvoda  
*Chief Financial Officer*

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QuickLinks

[EXHIBIT 32.2](#)

[CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002](#)