CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL POLICY MANUAL

Adopted 9/8/09 School Year 2018-2019 Mayflower School District 23-05

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8.1—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SALARY SCHEDULE

The classified salary schedule is attached to this policy. A copy can also be found on the School District website (http://www.mayflower.school)

For the purposes of this policy, an employee must work two thirds (2/3) of the number of their regularly assigned annual work days to qualify for a step increase.

The superintendent has the authority, when recommending an applicant and his/her placement on the District's salary schedule to the Board for its approval, to consider the applicant's previous work experience with similar duties, responsibilities, and skill sets to those job duties and responsibilities the applicant would assume for the District.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-2301

A.C.A. § 6-17-2203

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.2— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL EVALUATIONS

It shall be the policy of the Mayflower School Board to require that periodic evaluation of all employees is made, keeping the following principles in mind:

- 1. The primary purpose of evaluation is to improve work.
- 2. Any employee who is being evaluated should be kept informed about the results of such evaluation; he/she should be advised of his/her strong points as well as his/her weak points, and suggestions for the improvements of his/her work should be made if improvement is needed.
- 3. Evaluation of the work of the employee shall be primarily the responsibility of the person in charge of the building or buildings you are assigned to.
- 4. Any employee who feels that his/her work is being evaluated unfairly or incorrectly shall have the right to appeal.
- 5. Evaluation records shall be treated as confidential and shall be accessible to only those members of the administrative staff designated by the Superintendent.
- 6. Employees will be continuously evaluated on the following code of conduct with the maximum penalties listed in sequence.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-2301

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

Last Revised:

8.3—EVALUATION OF CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL BY RELATIVES

No person shall be employed in, or assigned to, a position which would require that he be evaluated by any relative, by blood or marriage, including spouse, parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or first cousin.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

Last Revised:

8.4M—CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES DRUG TESTING (Replaces 8.4)

Overview

The conduct of district staff plays a vital role in the safety, social and behavioral development of our students. It is equally important that the staff have a safe, healthful, and professional environment in which to work. To help promote both interests, the district shall have a drug testing policy.

Purpose

The purpose of this policy is:

- . to establish, promote and maintain a safe healthy working and learning environment for employees and students
 - . to eliminate substance abuse problems, tardiness and apathetic job performance
 - . to provide a clear standard of job performance for Mayflower School District employees
 - . to provide a consistent model of substance free behavior for students
 - . to ensure a fully functional staff to ensure the safety of students in times of crisis
 - . to ensure a fully functional staff to ensure the safety of students being transported
 - . to ensure a fully functional staff to maximize learning

I. Mayflower School District

A. Program Overview

The Mayflower School District (MSD) is committed to providing a drug free work environment for the safety of students and employees. The safety and security of the Mayflower School District's students shall always be a priority. The untimely use of drugs or alcohol is capable of threatening the safety of our students and will not be tolerated. The possession, use, transfer, or sale of any illegal drug is strictly prohibited. Being under the influence of alcohol while on duty also is strictly prohibited.

B. Scope of Program

- 1. All MSD employees are subject to pre-employment, probable cause or reasonable suspicion drug testing.
- 2. All MSD employees shall be subject to the provisions of the Mayflower School District Drug Testing Program. In addition to this program, all MSD transportation department employees shall be subject to applicable United States Department of Transportation regulations.

3. All employees who drive a vehicle owned or leased by the Mayflower School District shall pass pre-employment drug testing as required in U.S. Department of Transportation (Federal Highway Administration, 49 C.F.R Part 382.301).

II. Definitions

A. Abuse and/or untimely use of alcohol

Having an alcohol concentration in the blood or breath of 0.02% or greater; or having an alcohol concentration in the blood or breath in any amount or degree that impairs an employee's ability to safely, properly, and effectively perform his or her assigned duties.

B. Drug

Any substance (other than alcohol) that has known mind or function altering effects on a human being including any psychoactive or controlled substances.

C. Controlled Substance

Has the meaning assigned by Arkansas Criminal Statute 5-64-101 and Department of Transportation regulations as they may be revised.

- D. Abuse and/or untimely use of controlled substances and/or drugs
 - 1. Testing positive for the presence of any controlled substance in the body in any amount or degree; or
 - 2. Any employee who tests positive for alcohol or controlled substances as outlined in the Omnibus Transportation Employee Test Act of 1991.

E. Drug Screener/Collector

The person responsible for collection of specimens under this program

F. Drug Program Coordinator (DPC)

This is the person responsible for administration of this program.

G. National Institute on DugAbuse (NIDA)

H. On Duty

The time beginning when an employee reports for work until the employee finishes work and leaves District property (including any rest and lunch breaks) or is traveling on MSD business.

I. Reasonable Suspicion

As used herein, shall include, but not be limited to 1he following:

- 1. Observation by a supervisor of an on-duty employee behaving in a manner which gives reason to suspect the employee is under the influence of alcohol or drugs (i.e. slurred speech, smell of alcohol, abnormal actions, irrational behavior);
- 2. Any employee who apparently caused or contributed to an onthe-job accident, including acts of commission as well as omission.
- 3. Arrest of an employee for any alcohol or drug related crime.

J. Specimen

A urine sample in the amount required for testing under Department of Transportation *Procedures for Transportation Work Place Drug and Alcohol Testing*, part 40.

K At Fault

The person who is responsible for or who caused the accident. Fault may be determined by law enforcement and/or MDS investigation.

L. Medical Review Officer (MRO)

A licensed physician who has knowledge of substance abuse and has appropriate medical training to interpret and evaluate positive and suspicious negative drug test results.

- M. Breath Alcohol Technician (BAT)
- N. Department of Transportation (DOT)

An agency of the United States Department of Transportation administering regulations requiring alcohol and/or drug testing (14 CFR parts 61, 63, 65,

121 and 135; 49 CFR parts 199, 219, 382, 653 and 654), in accordance with part 40 of this title

III. Pre-employment/Job Applicant Testing

- A. To maintain the District's priority of assuring the safety, health and well-being of students, all applicants for jobs will be required to undergo drug and/or alcohol tests prior to their employment and conform to Mayflower School District's Drug Testing Program.
- B. Applicants will be informed in writing prior to any drug and/or alcohol test that such tests are required and that their employment is conditioned upon passing such tests. Applicants will be informed of the District's Drug Testing Program, and a copy of the program will be made available upon request
- C. If an applicant's initial drug or alcohol test is positive for alcohol or illegal drugs, the applicant will not be employed.
- D. On written request by the applicant, a copy of the confirmation test will be supplied to the applicant

IV. Random Employee Testing

- A. To maintain the District's priority of assuring the safety, health and well-being of students, MSD retains the right to randomly test for alcohol and illegal drugs all District employees.
- B. Employees randomly selected will proceed immediately after notification to the collection site.
- C. Each employee selected for random testing will be assured that his or her selection does not mean that MSD suspects usage of alcohol or illegal drugs. The process by which employees will be selected for random testing is as follows:
 - I. All employees subject to this program will be assigned a code number by the testing laboratory.
 - The testing laboratory will assign each employee a code number monthly.
 During the random selection, each employee will have an equal chance of being selected.
 - 3. When the employee's number corresponds with the code number for the month in which tests are being conducted, the employee will be tested. Because each employee is assigned a different number each month, employees are subject to multiple selections for screening during the year.
 - 4. If the employee's confirmation test is positive for abuse and/or untimely use of alcohol or abuse and/or untimely use of controlled substances and/or drugs, he or she shall be terminated.

V. Employee Testing for Cause (reasonable suspicion)

- A. Any MSD employee who is guilty of abuse and/or untimely use of alcohol or controlled substances may be required to undergo a drug and/or alcohol test Reasonable suspicion may be based, among other things, on an employee's observed behavior, which is indicative of drug or alcohol use, reports from a reliable source of suspected drug use or possession, or the employee's admission of possession or use of drugs and/or alcohol.
- B. An administrator will follow the following process in cases where there is reasonable suspicion that an employee has abused alcohol or controlled substances.
 - I. Solicit an explanation from the employee for any behavior which creates a reasonable suspicion of a violation of this program.
 - 2. If the employee cannot satisfactorily explain the behavior, the supervisor may request that the employee undergo drug and alcohol tests.
 - 3. If the employee agrees to be tested, he or she will complete the waiver form and a specimen will be obtained.
 - 4. If an employee is to be tested for drugs and alcohol offsite, the employee will be taken to the testing site by the School District or immediate supervisor.
 - 5. After testing, arrangements will be made to transport the employee home or

- back to work depending on the outcome of the tests.
- 6. If the tests are negative for alcohol or controlled substances, the employee will be transported back to his or her work assignment.
- 7. If the test is positive or undetermined for alcohol or controlled substances, arrangements will be made to transport the employee home.
- 8. If the employee refuses to undergo all required tests or refuses to complete the Waiver Form, he or she will be advised that such refusal constitutes a ground for immediate termination. If the employee still refuses to cooperate, he or she will be relieved of duty pending appropriate disciplinary action.
- 9. If the employee confirmation test is positive for abuse and/or untimely use of alcohol or controlled substances and/or drugs, he or she shall be recommended for termination.
- 10. If the employee is found not to have violated this program and is otherwise medically fit for duty, the employee will be returned to duty.

VI. Procedures During Collection

- A To ensure that a chain of custody and specimen control is maintained, the collection of urine specimens shall proceed as follows:
 - 1. Upon employee's arrival at the collection site, the collector will require the employee to present photo identification or other similar official identification. If the employee does not have proper identification, the employee will not be tested. The collector shall notify the Drug Program Coordinator (DPC) immediately. The DPC shall then contact the employee's immediate supervisor. A supervisor at the testing site can verify the employee's identification, if necessary.
 - 2. The employee will be required to complete an information form, which serves as an identification document for the specimen collected.
 - 3. The collector shall be of the same gender as the employee when direct observation is required.
- 4. The employee will be required to remove any unnecessary outer garments and to leave outside the collection area any purses, briefcases, or similar items.
- 5. The employee will be required to wash and dry his or her hands before the test is administered. The employee will then remain in the presence of the collector and not have access to water fountains, faucets, soap dispensers, cleaning agents or any other material, which could be used to adulterate the specimen.
- 6. To deter the dilution of specimens at the collection site, toilet-bluing agents may be placed in the toilet bowl. There should not be any other active source of water (e.g. shower, sink, etc.) in the enclosure where the sample is taken.
- 7. Any transfer of the specimen from the collection container to another specimen bottle

- will be observed by the donor.
- 8. No information shall be released concerning the collection of the specimen unless it is in accordance with this policy.
- 9. Any employee covered under the Random Employee Testing, Section Nor Employee Testing for Cause, Section V shall be required to submit to a drug/alcohol test before being relieved of duty. Employees covered under these two sections who do not produce an adequate specimen shall be in violation of Drug Testing Policy as stated in Section X, Failure of Employee to Provide Specimen.
- 10. Immediately after collection, the collector shall measure the temperature of the specimen (avoiding cross contamination of specimen) and inspect the specimen for signs of contaminants. Any unusual findings resulting from the inspection shall be noted on the chain of custody form. The time from when the specimen is collected to delivery of the sample for temperature measurements is critical and in no case shall exceed four (4) minutes. The individual giving the specimen will be asked to observe the reading of the temperature and the recording of the reading on the control form. He or she may then be asked to initial in the proper block on the chain of custody form. If the temperature of the specimen is outside the range of 32.5-37.7 degrees C/90.5-99.8 degrees F., another specimen shall be collected, under direct observation, and both specimens forwarded to the laboratory. Any specimen suspected to be adulterated will be forwarded for testing. Direct observation will be initiated in any case of suspected adulteration of urine sample.
- 11. Both the employee being tested and the collector shall keep the specimen in view at all times until it has been packaged and sealed for shipment. If the specimen is transferred to a second container, the collector shall request the individual to observe the transfer of the specimen and the placement of the tamper-proof seal over the bottle cap and down the sides of the bottle.
- 12. The identification label shall contain the date of collection, name of collection official, and required identifying information. The individual shall initial the label on the specimen bottle, using initials corresponding with the name on the chain of custody form.
- 13. The individual shall be asked to read and sign a certification statement certifying that the urine in the bottle came from his or her body at the time of collection. Refusal to sign this statement shall be noted on the certification statement form by the collector. Refusal to sign this statement, without justification, will result in disciplinary action.
- 14. The collector shall complete the chain of custody form for the collection process.
- 15. All procedures shall be conducted in a detached and objective manner.

16. In the event a specimen is collected by the DPC, the specimen and chain of custody form with certification statement will be shipped immediately to the contractor laboratory. Reasonable suspicion specimens shall be shipped, in all cases, to the testing laboratory the same day of collection.

VII. Failure of Employee to Report to Designated Collection Site

- A. Upon notification by the DPC that an employee has failed to appear for a scheduled collection, the supervisor shall discuss with the employee the reason(s) for failing to appear. If the employee provided a legitimate reason for failing to report, no disciplinary action will be taken. The employee will immediately be rescheduled for a drug and/or alcohol test.
- B. If the employee fails to report for a drug test and cannot give a legitimate reason, the supervisor shall document the failure in writing and the employee will be recommended for termination.

VIII. Employee Refusal to Provide Specimen at the Collection Site

- A. In the event an employee refuses to provide a specimen, the following procedures shall apply.
 - 1. The DPC and the Administrator of the employee's school/department will be contacted.
 - 2. The employee shall be advised by the Administrator of the school/department, or his or her representative, that refusal to provide a specimen will result in a recommendation for termination.
 - 3. The Administrator of the school/department shall initiate appropriate disciplinary action against an employee if the employee still refuses to provide a specimen.

IX. Employee Fails to Provide Specimen at Collection Site

- A. This section sets forth the procedures to follow if an employee fails to provide an adequate urine sample for controlled substance testing, without a genuine inability to provide a specimen, after receiving notice of the requirement for urine testing.
- B. The collection site person will instruct the employee to remain at the collection site, drink water or other appropriate liquid until the employee is able to provide a specimen. The time of each attempt and the amount of urine provided will be documented by the collection site person.
- C. If the employee attempts a second time and still cannot provide an adequate urine sample, the DPC and the employee's supervisor will be notified. They will meet with the employee and determine if the employee has a legitimate (non-medical) reason for not providing a specimen.

- D. If the reason is legitimate and non-medical, the employee will be given a twenty-four hour period in which to return to the collection site and provide a specimen. The employee will notify his or her immediate supervisor when he or she is en route to the collection site. The supervisor will meet the employee at the collection site.
- E. If after returning to the collection site, the employee still is unable to provide an adequate sample for testing, the employee will be considered to have refused to provide a specimen and the Director/Principal of the department shall initiate appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including recommendation for termination, against an employee.
- F. If the employee has a medical reason for failure to provide an adequate sample, a licensed physician, who is acceptable to the employer, will evaluate the employee as soon as practical and an alternate means of conducting the drug screen will be determined.
- G. At no time during the waiting period for a specimen will an employee be allowed to perform safety sensitive functions.

X. Employee Fails to Provide Adequate Breath at Collection Site

- A. This section sets forth procedures to be followed in case an employee is unable, or alleges that he or she is unable, to provide an amount of breath sufficient to permit a breath test.
- B. The employee will be instructed again to provide an adequate amount of breath. If this attempt fails, the Breath Alcohol Technician shall make a note of the time of occurrence and contact the DPC (Drug Program Coordinator). Employees not under DOT (Department of Transportation) regulations may be required to give a urine or blood sample for testing. If the employee being drug tested is under DOT Rules and Regulations and is unable to provide a sufficient amount of breath for an alcohol test Section 40.265 of the Alcohol Testing Program of the Department of Transportation will be enforced and followed. The employee under DOT regulation will be referred to Occupational Health Services, 1st floor of the Arkansas Baptist Health Rehabilitation Institute, 9501 Lile Drive, Little Rock, AR., for medical evaluation.
- C. If the employee refuses a blood alcohol test, the Director/Principal of the department will initiate a recommendation for termination against the employee.

XI. Right of Refusal

All applicants and employees have the right to refuse to undergo drug testing. Applicants who refuse to undergo such testing will be denied employment. Employees who refuse to undergo such testing will be recommended for termination.

Xll. Test Results

A. Employees who are tested for alcohol, marijuana, cocaine, amphetamines, morphine,

heroin, and phencyclidine (PCP) may be provided with test results within 24 hours after notification from the drug testing laboratory on a negative drug and alcohol test, and employee may be provided results for a positive drug and alcohol test 48 hours after the District has obtained the results from the drug testing laboratory.

- B. The DPC will inform the designated school/department administrator of the test results in all cases. At no time will anyone other than the DPC or his/her designee contact the Testing Laboratory for any information regarding a drug test.
- C. Applicants whose test results are positive will be notified by their supervisor informing the employee of which controlled substance(s) were verified as positive. Written test results may be provided to the applicant, if the applicant submits a written request within 60 calendar days of notification.

XIII. Employee Notification

All covered employees and job applicants will be advised of the Mayflower School District Drug Testing Program. Notice of the program will be posted on employee bulletin boards, and copies of the program will be conveniently available for job applicants and employees to review.

XIV. Employee Appeal

- A. Any employee may appeal his or her discharge or other disciplinary action taken under this policy to the extent and in the manner such appeal is authorized by Board policy or appropriate law.
- B. If the employee requests a second confirmation test, a split sample maintained by the testing facility will be forwarded to a Department of Transportation (DOT)/Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) certified laboratory at the employee's own expense for the second confirmation test.

XV. Testing Time for Employee

- A. All employees who are subject to drug and/or alcohol testing will be allowed to take the test on work time when possible. Job applicants will receive no compensation for testing.
- B. After hours, weekends, and holiday drug screening of employees will be conducted by the emergency room staff at the test laboratory. The DPC will be notified as soon as practical and will provide a copy of the screening the next workday.

XVI. Self-Referral Substance Abuse Option

Employees who voluntarily advise MSD of an alcohol, narcotic, or substance abuse problem prior to being selected or identified for testing for alcohol and illegal drugs shall be eligible for a leave of absence without pay or benefits for the purpose of treatment and rehabilitation for a period not to exceed six (6) months. Upon completion of the leave, MSD may require the employee to provide certification that he or she is capable of performing his or her duties and is free from the effects of his or her prior drug or alcohol use. Return to service is conditioned on the employee being

willing to submit to monthly drug testing for one calendar year, in addition to other tests required by the MSD Drug Testing Program. Should such employee test positive at any time, recommendation for immediate termination shall result.

XVII. Confidentiality

- A. MSD recognizes the legal need for strict confidentiality as it relates to test results. Confidentiality applies to all information relating to the employee drug testing, results, and/or treatment, and no person other than necessary management will have access to drug testing results.
- B. An employee may waive the confidentiality of the drug test. To waive confidentiality of the drug-screening test the employee must give a written letter of authorization to the MSD.

XVIII. Record Maintenance

- A. It shall be the responsibility of the DPC to see that all drug and/or alcohol test records generated are properly stored.
- B. Records resulting from the testing of MSD employees or applicants for drug and/or alcohol abuse (e.g., chain of custody form, negative test results, confirmed positive test result, waiver forms, etc.) shall be maintained by the Drug Program Coordinator.

XIX. Responsibility

A. It shall be the responsibility of the DPC to administer the Drug/Alcohol Test Program for the Mayflower School District.

XX. Job Description

A. Drug Screener/Collector

The MSD shall select a laboratory with the necessary experience, knowledge and background to do the drug testing. The laboratory shall be certified by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and shall be equipped to meet the requirements of the MSD Drug Test Program and the standards required by the DOT and the ADE.

B. Drug Program Coordinator (DPC)

The DPC will be a qualified school nurse. The DPC will coordinate, organize and manage the drug/alcohol program for the MSD. All information and documents required to be submitted to the DPC will be accomplished during normal working hours.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 20, 2013

8.5— CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES SICK LEAVE

Definitions

- 1. "Employee" is an employee of the District working 20 or more hours per week who is not required to have a teaching license as a condition of his employment.
- 2. "Sick Leave" is absence from work due to illness, whether by the employee or a member of the employee's immediate family, or due to a death in the family. The principal or assigned supervisor shall determine whether sick leave will be approved on the basis of a death outside the immediate family of the employee.
- 3. "Current Sick Leave" means those days of sick leave for the current contract year, which leave is granted at the rate of one day of sick leave per month worked, or major part thereof.
- 4. "Accumulated Sick Leave" is the total of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of one hundred twenty (120) days accrued from previous contract, but not used. Accumulated sick leave also includes the sick leave transferred from an employee's previous public school employment.
- 5. "Immediate family" means an employee's spouse, child, parent, or any other relative provided the other relative lives in the same household as the employee.

Sick Leave

The principal/director has the discretion to approve sick leave for an employee to attend the funeral of a person who is not related to the employee, under circumstances deemed appropriate by the principal.

Employees who are adopting or seeking to adopt a minor child or minor children may use up to fifteen (15) sick leave days in any school year for absences relating to the adoption, including time needed for travel, time needed for home visits, time needed for document translation, submission or preparation, time spent with legal or adoption agency representatives, time spent in court, and bonding time. See also, 8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE, which also applies. Except for bonding time, documentation shall be provided by the employee upon request.

Pay for sick leave shall be at the employee's daily rate of pay, which is that employee's hourly rate of pay times the number of hours normally worked per day. Absences for illness in excess of the employee's accumulated and current sick leave shall result in a deduction from the employee's pay at the daily rate as defined above.

At the discretion of the principal (or Superintendent), and, if FMLA is applicable, subject to the certification or recertification provisions contained in policy 8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE the District may require a written statement from the employee's physician documenting the employee's illness. Failure to provide such documentation of illness may result in sick leave not being paid, or in discipline up to and including termination.

If the employees absences are not subject to the FMLA or are in excess of what is protected under the FMLA, excessive absenteeism, to the extent that the employee is not carrying out his assigned duties to the

degree that the education of students or the efficient operation of a school or the district is substantially adversely affected (at the determination of the principal or Superintendent) may result in termination.

Sick Leave and Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) Leave

When an employee takes sick leave, the District shall determine if the employee is eligible for FMLA leave and if the leave qualifies for FMLA leave. The District may request additional information from the employee to help make the applicability determination. If the employee is eligible for FMLA leave and if the leave qualifies under the FMLA, the District will notify the employee in writing, of the decision within two workdays. If the circumstances for the leave as defined in policy 8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE don't change, the District is only required to notify the employee once of the determination regarding the applicability of sick leave and/or FMLA leave within any applicable twelve (12) month period. To the extent the employee has accumulated sick leave, any sick leave taken that qualifies for FMLA leave shall be paid leave and charged against the employee's accumulated leave including vacation or personal leave, once an employee exhausts his/her accrued sick leave. See 8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE.

Sick Leave and Outside Employment

Sick leave related absence from work (e.g. sick leave for personal or family illness or accident, Workers Comp, and FMLA) inherently means the employee is also incapable of working at any source of outside employment. Except as provided in policy 8.36, if an employee who works a non-district job while taking district sick leave for personal or family illness or accident, Workers Comp, or FMLA shall be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Cross References: 8.12—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE 8.36—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES AND

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1301 et seq.

29 USC §§ 2601 et seq. 29 CFR 825.100 et seq.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.5M(a)—BUS DRIVERS' SICK LEAVE/PERSONAL LEAVE

A bus driver shall acquire sick leave at the rate of five (5) days a year (one-half day for each month or part of month worked). This leave may be accumulated to a maximum not to exceed ten (10) days.

A bus driver may use accumulated sick leave only in case of personal illness or illness in his immediate family which includes husband, wife, child, parent, parent-in-law, or other members of the family living in the household of the employee. In any contract year, two sick days may be substituted as personal leave days.

A reasonable number of sick leave days may be used in the event of a death in the immediate family.

If a driver must miss his/her run for any reason, the supervisor must be notified as soon as the driver realizes he/she is not going to drive. The substituted hired to make the run shall be paid by the Superintendent's office at the same rate of pay as the regular driver for whom they are substituting.

For absences other than those mentioned above, deductions for each day's absence shall be made from regular driver's salary based on their daily rate of pay.

If a driver is subpoenaed to appear in any type of court, he/she shall be allowed to serve without loss of pay.

For activity trips, drivers will be paid from start to finish of the trip, at an hourly rated determined each year.

Any employee desiring to take personal leave may do so by making a written request to his supervisor at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time of the requested leave. The twenty-four hour requirement may be waived by the supervisor in an emergency when the supervisor deems it appropriate. Personal leave will not be granted if a suitable substitute driver cannot be found. Priority for available substitute drivers will be given to those who request sick leave. Personal leave may not be taken the day before or the day after a holiday unless an emergency exists.

Adopted: May 13, 2008 Revised: June 17, 2010

8.6—LICENSED PERSONNEL SICK LEAVE BANK

The purpose of the Sick Leave Bank is to permit employees, upon approval by the Sick Leave Bank Committee, to obtain in excess of accumulated and current sick leave, when the employee has exhausted all such leave. Only those employees who contribute to the Sick Leave Bank shall be eligible to withdraw from the leave bank.

This program in no way alters or modifies existing district sick leave policy. It is intended to provide additional leave in serious or catastrophic circumstances where none currently exists or all other is exhausted.

A. Eligibility

- 1. Employee of the Mayflower School District
- 2. Employed at least one (1) full year in the Mayflower School District
- 3. Shall have accumulated a minimum of nine (9) sick leave days

B. **Enrollment**

- 1. Application must be made in writing to superintendent's office
- 2. Must enroll by September 1
- 3. Each new member will be assessed one (1) sick leave day
- 4. Membership continues until cancellation is made as stated in Section "E"
- 5. Membership is voluntary and withdrawal shall result in forfeiture of all days contributed

C. Maintenance

- 1. Assessment of the number of days in the sick leave bank will be made at the beginning of each school year
- 2. No more than one (1) sick leave day for the sick leave bank will be assessed per year
- 3. The bank shall have a minimum of eighty (80) sick leave days at the beginning of each year
- 4. Unused days in the sick leave bank will carry forward into the next fiscal year

D. Utilization

- 1. Used only by participating employees
- 2. Used only after participating employees' sick and personal leave have been exhausted
- 3. Used only for catastrophic illness or disability of immediate family members (defined as spouse, child, parent, or any other relative provided the other relative lives in the same household as the teacher.)

- 4. Shall be eligible to draw the following number of days per year:
 - a. 1-10 years of membership......10 days
 - b. 11-20 years of membership......15 days
 - c. 21+ years of membership......20 days
- 5. Each request will be made in writing to the superintendent's office along with a physician's statement
- 6. Alleged misuse of sick leave bank shall be investigated and upon finding of wrongdoing, the employee shall repay all benefits drawn from the bank
- 7. If a member is incapacitated, the committee may transact necessary sick leave action
 - 8. Sick leave bank days shall NOT be used for the customary absences associated with childbirth and child rearing

E. Cancellation of Membership

- 1. Made in writing to the superintendent's office by September 1
- 2. Shall not be eligible to withdraw sick leave days contributed
- 3. After cancellation, enrollment procedures as described in section "B" above must be followed by re-enrollment

F. Administrative

- 1. Must be a participating employee
- 2. Elected for three (3) year term
- 3. One (1) voting member will be appointed by the superintendent
- 4. Shall elect a chairperson and vice chairperson
- 5. The chairperson shall call a meeting of the committee within five (5) school days when a request is received
- 6. A quorum must be present
- 7. Responsibilities of committee:
 - a. Establish procedure for approving application
 - b. Monitor sick leave bank
 - c. Establish the assessment each year
 - d. Investigate alleged misuse
 - e. Perform other duties as necessary
- 8. The Sick Bank Committee will consist of two (2) licensed staff participating members from each campus, two (2) classified staff participating members from the district, and one (1) participating member that will be selected by the Superintendent
- 9. As positions become available (move from district, retirement, etc.), positions will be filled according to the guidelines stated above

G. Withdrawals

If the information provided to the committee is deemed by a majority of the committee to be insufficient, the committee may require additional information or deny the employee's request, at its discretion.

The committee shall have the authority to grant, reduce or deny any request; however, the committee may grant no request, nor may any granted time may be withdrawn, when the employee accepts retirement; is eligible for Social Security Disability; or other disability insurance or the employee returns to work.

Spousal Donations

District employees who are a legally married couple are eligible to utilize each other's sick leave once all eligible sick bank leave has been exhausted. Written permission from the spouse and committee approval must be received for each day of the donated sick leave. Both employees must be a member of the Sick Bank. If the employees are paid at different rates of pay, the lesser rate of pay shall be used for the purpose of the donated sick leave days.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1208

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: November 7, 2016

8.7--CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LEAVE

For the district to function efficiently and have the necessary personnel present to effect a high achieving learning environment, employee absences need to be kept to a minimum. The district acknowledges that there are times during the school year when employees have personal business that needs to be addressed during the school day. Each full-time employee shall receive two (2) days of personal leave per contract year. The leave may be taken in hourly increments.

Employees shall take personal leave or leave without pay for those absences which are not due to attendance at school functions which are related to their job duties and do not qualify for other types of leave (for sick leave see Policy 8.5, for professional leave see below).

School functions, for the purposes of this policy, means:

- 1. Athletic or academic events related to a public school district; and
- 2. Meetings and conferences related to education.

The determination of what activities meet the definition of a school function shall be made by the employee's immediate supervisor or designee. In no instance shall paid leave in excess of allotted vacation days and/or personal days be granted to an employee who is absent from work while receiving remuneration from another source as compensation for the reason for their absence.

Any employee desiring to take personal leave may do so by making a written request to his supervisor at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time of the requested leave. The twenty-four hour requirement may be waived by the supervisor when the supervisor deems it appropriate.

Employees who fail to report to work when their request for a personal day has been denied or who have exhausted their allotted personal days, shall lose their daily rate of pay for the day(s) missed (leave without pay). While there are instances where personal circumstances necessitate an employee's absence beyond the allotted days of sick and/or personal leave, any employee who requires leave without pay must receive advance permission (except in medical emergencies and/or as permitted by policy 8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE) from their immediate supervisor. Failure to report to work without having received permission to be absent is grounds for discipline, up to and including termination.

Personal leave does not accumulate from one contract year to the next.

Personal leave may not be taken the day before or the day after a holiday unless an emergency exists.

Professional Leave

"Professional Leave" is leave granted for the purpose of enabling an employee to participate in professional activities (e.g., workshops or serving on professional committees) which can serve to improve the school district's instructional program or enhances the employee's ability to perform his duties. Professional leave will also be granted when a school district employee is subpoenaed for a matter arising out of the employee's employment with the school district. Any employee seeking professional leave must make a written request to his immediate supervisor, setting forth the information necessary for the supervisor to make an informed decision. The supervisor's decision is subject to review and overruling by the superintendent. Budgeting concerns and the potential benefit for the district's students will be taken into consideration in reviewing a request for professional leave.

Applications for professional leave should be made as soon as possible following the employee's discerning a need for such leave, but, in any case, no less than two (2) weeks before the requested leave is to begin, if possible.

If the employee does not receive or does not accept remuneration for his/her participation in the professional leave activity and a substitute is needed for the employee, the District shall pay the full cost of the substitute. If the employee receives and accepts remuneration for his/her participation in the professional leave activity, the employee shall forfeit his/her daily rate of pay from the District for the time the employee misses. The cost of a substitute, if one is needed, shall be paid by the employee/ District

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-211

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 4, 2012

8.7M —CLASSIFIED SPECIAL FAMILY LEAVE

Definitions

"Employee" is a full-time employee of the District.

"Special Family Leave" is to enable employees to attend events with their family members.

"Family Event" is any event that involves participation with a family member on a special occasion or activity. Examples would include field trips, college days, student competition, student performance, or spouse presented with an award. This leave does not include family vacation time.

"Current Sick Leave" means those days of sick leave for the current contract year, which leave is granted at the rate of one day of sick leave per contracted month or the major portion thereof that the teacher is contracted at full pay.

"Accumulated Sick Leave" is the total of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 120 days accrued from previous contract, but not used.

"Personal Leave" is for those absences which do not qualify for other types of leave except special family leave.

"Accumulated Personal Leave" is the total amount of unused personal leave, up to a maximum of 5 days accrued from previous contract, but not used.

"Immediate family" means an employee's spouse, child, parent, or any other relative provided the other relative lives in the same household as the employee.

Special Family Leave

All classified employees shall be allowed the opportunity to change accumulated sick leave to special family leave. The following criteria must be met:

- 1. The employee requesting the leave must have more than ten (10) accumulated sick days at the beginning of the school year.
- 2. A maximum of four (4) days of current sick leave can be converted to special family leave in a school year.
- 3. Must be to attend a special family event.
- 4. The Principal or immediate supervisor (as designated by the Superintendent) has the discretion to approve the special family leave application.
- 5. Applications must be applied for (7) days or more in advance. The Principal may decline the application if in their opinion will interfere with the normal operation of the School or School District or is not a special family event or activity.
- 6. Approval must be obtained before the leave can be taken.
- 7. Available accumulated Personal Leave is to be used before this leave can be taken.
- 8. The leave may be taken in hourly increments.

Legal References: None

Date Adopted: October 6, 2014

Last Revised:

8.8—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES IN DEALING WITH SEX OFFENDERS ON CAMPUS

Individuals who have been convicted of certain sex crimes must register with law enforcement as sex offenders. Arkansas law places restrictions on sex offenders with a Level 1 sex offender having the least restrictions (lowest likelihood of committing another sex crime), and Level 4 sex offenders having the most restrictions (highest likelihood of committing another sex crime).

While Levels 1 and 2 place no restrictions prohibiting the individual's presence on a school campus, Levels 3 and 4 have specific prohibitions. These are specified in Policy 6.10—SEX OFFENDERS ON CAMPUS (MEGAN'S LAW) and it is the responsibility of district staff to know and understand the policy and, to the extent requested aid school administrators in enforcing the restrictions placed on campus access to Level 3 and Level 4 sex offenders.

It is the intention of the board of directors that district staff not stigmatize students whose parents or guardians are sex offenders while taking necessary steps to safeguard the school community and comply with state law. Each school's administration should establish procedures so attention is not drawn to the accommodations necessary for registered sex offender parents or guardians.¹

Cross Reference: 6.10—SEX OFFENDERS ON CAMPUS (MEGAN'S LAW)

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 12-12-913 (g) (2)

Arkansas Department of Education Guidelines for "Megan's Law"

A.C.A. § 5-14-132

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012

Last Revised:

8.9—PUBLIC OFFICE - CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL

An employee of the District who is elected to the Arkansas General Assembly or any elective or appointive public office (not legally constitutionally inconsistent with employment by a public school district) shall not be discharged or demoted as a result of such service.

No-sick leave will be granted for the employee's participation in such public office. The employee may taken personal leave or vacation (if applicable), if approved in advance by the Superintendent, during his absence.

Prior to taking leave, and as soon as possible after the need for such leave is discerned by the employee, he must make written request for leave to the Superintendent, setting out, to the degree possible, the dates such leave is needed.

An employee who fraudulently requests sick leave for the purpose of taking leave to serve in public office may be subject to nonrenewal or termination of his employment contract.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-115

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 4, 2012

8.10—JURY DUTY - CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL

Employees are not subject to discharge, loss of sick leave, loss of vacation time or any other penalty due to absence from work for jury duty, upon giving reasonable notice to the District through the employee's immediate supervisor.

The employee must present the original (not a copy) of the summons to jury duty to his supervisor in order to confirm the reason for the requested absence.

Employees shall receive their regular pay from the district while serving jury duty.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 16-31-106

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 4, 2012

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8.11—OVERTIME, COMPTIME, and COMPLYING WITH FLSA

The Mayflower School District shall comply with those portions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) that relate to the operation of public schools. The FLSA requires that covered employees receive compensation for each hour worked at greater than or equal to the applicable minimum wage for workweeks of less than or equal to forty (40) hours. It also requires that employees be compensated for workweeks of greater than forty (40) hours at one and a half (1 ½) times their regular hourly rate of pay, either monetarily or through compensatory time off.

Definitions

"Covered Employees" (also defined as non-exempt employees) are those employees who are not exempt, generally termed classified, and include bus drivers, clerical workers, maintenance personnel, custodians, transportation workers, receptionists, paraprofessionals, food service workers, secretaries, and bookkeepers.

"Exempt Employees" are those employees who are not covered under the FLSA because the employee's

- A. Primary job duties are considered to be exempt eligible due to being administrative or professional in nature. Examples include teachers, counselors, registered nurses, and supervisors; and B. Salary meets or exceeds a minimum weekly/annual amount.
- Any employee who is unsure of their coverage status should consult with the District's Administration.

"Overtime" is hours worked in excess of forty (40) per workweek. Compensation given for hours **not** worked such as for holidays or sick days do **not** count in determining hours worked per workweek.

"Regular Rate of Pay" includes all forms of remuneration for employment and shall be expressed as an hourly rate. For those employees previously paid on a salary basis, the salary shall be converted to an hourly equivalent. Employees shall be paid for each and every hour worked.

"Straight time pay" is the amount of hourly compensation an employee receives for each hour worked during that week.

"Workweek" is the seven day consecutive period of time from 12:00AM on Sunday to midnight on the following Saturday. Each workweek is independent of every other workweek for the purpose of determining the number of hours worked and the remuneration entitled to by the employee for that week.

Employment Relationships

The District does not have an employment relationship in the following instances:

- 1. Between the District and student teachers;
- 2. Between the District and its students; and
- 3. Between the District and individuals who as a public service volunteer or donate their time to the District without expectation or promise of compensation.

The District does not have a joint employment relationship in the following instances:

- a. Between the District and off-duty policemen or deputies who are hired on a part-time basis for security purposes or crowd control. The District is separate from and acts independently of other governmental entities.
- b. Between the District and any agency contracted with to provide transportation services, security services, substitute teachers or other temporary employees, or other services.

Hours Worked

Employees shall be compensated for all the time they are required to be on duty and shall be paid for all hours worked each workweek. Employees shall accurately record the hours they work each week.

The District shall determine the manner to be used by employees to accurately record the hours they work. Each employee shall record the exact time they commence and cease work including meal breaks. Employees arriving early may socialize with fellow workers who are off the clock, but shall not commence working without first recording their starting time.

Employees shall sign in/clock in where they start work and sign out/clock out at the site where they cease working. Employees who do not start and end their workday at the same site shall carry a time card or sheet with them to accurately record their times. They shall turn in their time sheets or cards to their immediate supervisor no later than the following Monday morning after reviewing them to be sure that they accurately reflect their hours worked for that week.

Each employee is to personally record his or her own times. Any employee who signs in or out (or who punches a time clock) for another employee or who asks another employee to do so for him or her will be dismissed.

Employees whose normal workweek is less than forty (40) hours and who work more than their normal number of hours in a given workweek may, at the District's option, be given compensatory time for the hours they worked in excess of their normal workweek in lieu of their regular rate pay. Compensatory time given in this manner shall be subject to the same conditions regarding accumulation and use as compensatory time given in lieu of overtime pay. Prior approval must be obtained by the immediate supervisor. This can be overturned by the Superintendent

Breaks and Meals

Each employee working more than twenty (20) hours per week shall be provided two (2), paid, fifteen (15) minute duty free breaks per workday.

Meal periods that are less than thirty (30) minutes in length or in which the employee is not relieved of duty are compensable. Employees with a bona fide meal period shall be completely relieved of their duty to allow them to eat their meal, which they may do away from their work site, in the school cafeteria, or in a break area.

The employee shall not engage in any work for the District during meal breaks except in rare and infrequent emergencies.

Overtime

Covered employees shall be compensated at not less than one and a half (1.5) times his or her regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in a workweek. Overtime compensation shall be computed on the basis of the hours worked in each week and may not be waived by either the employee or the District. Overtime compensation shall be paid on the next regular payday for the period in which the overtime was earned.

The rate of overtime pay for employees who work two (2) or more jobs for the District at different rates of pay shall be determined by creating a weighted average of the different rates (a.k.a. blended rate). The weighted average will be calculated by multiplying the number of hours worked during that week for each position by the position's rate of pay, combining the resulting amounts for each position (straight time pay), and dividing the straight time pay by the total number of hours the employee worked in that week. The weighted average will then be multiplied by one half (0.5), which will then be multiplied by the number of hours the employee worked that week over forty (40).

Provided the employee and the District have a written agreement or understanding before the work is performed, compensatory time off may be awarded in lieu of overtime pay for hours worked over forty (40) in a workweek and shall be awarded on a one-and-one-half (1 1/2) time basis for each hour of overtime worked. The District reserves the right to determine if it will award compensatory time in lieu of monetary pay for the overtime worked. The maximum number of compensatory hours an employee may accumulate at a time is twenty (20). The employee must be able to take the compensatory time off within a reasonable period of time that is not unduly disruptive to the District.

An employee whose employment is terminated with the District, whether by the District or the employee shall receive monetary compensation for unused compensatory time. Of the following methods, the one that yields the greatest money for the employee shall be used.

- 1. The average regular rate received by the employee during the last 3 years of employment. Or
- 2. The final regular rate received by the employee.

Overtime Authorization

There will be instances where the district's needs necessitate an employee to work overtime. It is the Board's desire to keep overtime worked to a minimum. To facilitate this, employees shall receive authorization from their supervisor in advance of working overtime except in the rare instance when it is unforeseen and unavoidable.

All overtime worked will be paid in accordance with the provisions of the FLSA, but unless the overtime was preapproved or fit into the exceptions noted previously, disciplinary action shall be taken for failure to follow District policy. In extreme and repeated cases, disciplinary action could include the termination of the employee.

Leave Requests

All covered employees shall submit a leave request form prior to taking the leave if possible. If a request for leave was not possible in advance due to unforeseen or emergency circumstances, the leave form shall be turned in the day the employee returns to work. Unless specifically granted by the Board for special circumstances, the reason necessitating the leave must fall within District policy.

Payment for leave could be delayed or not occur if an employee fails to turn in the required leave form. Leave may be taken in a minimum of four (4) hour increments.

Record Keeping and Postings

The District shall keep and maintain records as required by the FLSA for the period of time required by the act.

The District shall display minimum wage posters where employees can readily observe them.

Cooperation with Enforcement Officials

All records relating to the FLSA shall be available for inspection by, and District employees shall cooperate fully with, officials from the Department of Labor (DOL) and/or its authorized representatives in the performance of their jobs relating to:

- a. Investigating and gathering data regarding the wages, hours, and other conditions and practices of employment;
- b. Entering, inspecting, and/or transcribing the premises and its records;
- c. Questioning employees and investigating such facts as the inspectors deem necessary to determine whether any person has violated any provision of the FLSA.

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<sup>A</sup>: 29 USC § 206(a), ACA § 6-17-2203
Legal References:
                      B: 29 USC § 207(a)(1), 29 CFR § 778.100
                      <sup>C</sup>: 29 USC § 207(o), 29 CFR § 553.50
                      D: 29 USC § 213(a), 29 CFR §§ 541 et seq.
                      E: 29 CFR § 778.218(a)
                      F: 29 USC § 207(e), 29 CFR § 778.108
                      G: 29 CFR § 778.105
                      H: 29 CFR §§ 785.9, 785.16
                      <sup>I</sup>: 29 CFR § 516.2(7)
                      <sup>J</sup>: 29 CFR §§ 785.1 et seq.
                      K: A.C.A. § 6-17-2205 and 2207
                      L: 29 CFR §§ 785.19
                      M: 29 USC § 207(a), 29 CFR § 778.100, 29 USC § 207(o), 29 CFR §§ 553.20 –
                      553.32
                      N: 29 CFR § 778.106
                      o: 29 USC § 207(g)(2), 29 CFR § 778.115
                      P: 29 USC § 207(o)(2)(A), 29 CFR § 553.23
                      Q: 29 CFR § 553.20
                      R: 29 USC § 207(o)(4), 29 CFR § 553.27
                      s: 29 USC § 211(c), 29 CFR §§ 516.2, 516.3, 553.50
                      T: 29 CFR § 516.4
                      <sup>U</sup>: 29 CFR §§ 516.5, 516.6
                      v: 29 USC § 211(a)(b)
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Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 5, 2017

8.12— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

An employee of the District may not be employed in any other capacity during regular working hours.

An employee may not accept employment outside of his district employment which will interfere, or otherwise be incompatible with the District employment, including normal duties outside the regular work day; nor shall an employee accept other employment which is inappropriate for an employee of a public school.

The Superintendent, or his designee(s), shall be responsible for determining whether outside employment is incompatible, conflicting, or inappropriate.

When a classified employee is additionally employed by the District by a contract for a second classified position or to perform supplementary duties for a stipend or multiplier, the duties, expectations, and obligations of the primary position employment contract shall prevail over all other employment duties unless the needs of the district dictate otherwise. If there is a conflict between the expectations of the primary position and any other contracted position, the employee shall notify the employee's building principal as far in advance as is practicable. The Building principal shall verify the existence of the conflict by contacting the supervisor of the secondary contracted position. The building principal shall determine the needs of the district on a case-by-case basis and rule accordingly. The principal's decision is final with no appeal to the Superintendent or the School Board. Frequent conflicts or scheduling problems could lead to the non-renewal or termination of the conflicting contract of employment or the contract to perform the supplementary duties.

For employees who work two or more jobs for the District, the superintendent or designee shall specify which is the employee's primary job. If circumstances change, the determination can be changed to reflect the current needs of the District. Furthermore, if on any given day, one of the employee's jobs requires more hours worked than is customary, the District reserves the right to lessen the number of hours the employee may work in his/her other job such that the employee does not exceed forty (40) hours worked in that week.¹

Sick Leave and Outside Employment

Sick leave related absence from work (e.g. sick leave for personal or family illness or accident, Workers Comp, and FMLA) inherently means the employee is also incapable of working at any source of outside employment. Except as provided in policy 8.26, if an employee who works a non-district job while taking district sick leave for personal or family illness or accident, Workers Comp, or FMLA shall be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Cross References: 8.5—CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES SICK LEAVE

8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

8.36—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES AND WORKERS'

COMPENSATION

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-24-106, 107, 111

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.13—CLASSIFIED EMPLOYMENT

All prospective employees must fill out an application form provided by the District, in addition to any resume provided; all of the information provided is to be placed in the personnel file of those employed.

If the employee provides false or misleading information, or if he/she withholds information to the same effect, it may be grounds for dismissal. In particular, it will be considered a material misrepresentation and grounds for termination of contract of employment if an employee's application information is discovered to be other than as was represented by the employee, either in writing on application materials or in the form of representations made to the school district.

It is grounds for termination of contract of employment if an employee fails a criminal background check or receives a true report on the Child Maltreatment Central Registry check.

An employee who receives notification of a failure to pass a criminal background check or a true result on the Child Maltreatment Central Registry check shall have thirty (30) days following the notification to submit to the superintendant, or designee, a written request for a hearing before the Board to request a waiver. The written request should include any documentation, such as police reports, or other materials that are related to the event giving rise to the failed background check or true result on the Child Maltreatment Registry as well as information supporting your request for the waiver. Employees requesting a board hearing to request a waiver should be aware that this hearing is subject to the Arkansas Freedom of Information Act and it must be fully open to the public as a result.

Before the superintendent may make a recommendation to the Board that an individual be hired by the District, the superintendent shall check the Arkansas Educator Licensure System to determine if the individual has a currently suspended or revoked teaching license or a current Level 3 or Level 4 public notification of ethics violation. An individual with a currently suspended license or whose license has been revoked by the State Board of Education is not eligible to be employed by the District; this prohibition includes employment as a substitute teacher, whether directly employed by the District or providing substitute teaching services under contract with an outside entity. An individual with a current Level 3 or Level 4 public notification of ethics violation shall not be recommended for employment by the District.

The District is an equal opportunity employer and shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, age, disability, or genetic information.

Inquiries on non-discrimination may be directed to Superintendent Office for referral to the appropriate officer at 501-470-0506.

For further information on notice of non-discrimination or to file a complaint, visit http://wdcrobcolp01.ed.gov/CFAPPS/OCR/contactus.cfm; for the address and phone number of the office that serves your area, or call 1-800-421-3481.

In accordance with Arkansas law, the District provides a veteran preference to applicants who qualify for one of the following categories:

- 1. a veteran without a service-connected disability;
- 2. a veteran with a service-connected disability; and
- 3. a deceased veteran's spouse who is unmarried throughout the hiring process;

For purposes of this policy, "veteran" is defined as:

- a. A person honorably discharged from a tour of active duty, other than active duty for training only, with the armed forces of the United States; or
- b. Any person who has served honorably in the National Guard or reserve forces of the United States for a period of at least six (6) years, whether or not the person has retired or been discharged.

In order for an applicant to receive the veteran's preference, the applicant must be a citizen and resident of Arkansas, be substantially equally qualified as other applicants and do all of the following:

- 1. Indicate on the employment application the category the applicant qualifies for;
- 2. Attach the following documentation, as applicable, to the employment application:
 - Form DD-214 indicating honorable discharge;
 - A letter dated within the last six months from the applicant's command indicating years of service in the National Guard or Reserve Forces as well as the applicant's current status;
 - Marriage license;
 - Death certificate:
 - Disability letter from the Veteran's Administration (in the case of an applicant with a service-related disability).

Failure of the applicant to comply with the above requirements shall result in the applicant not receiving the veteran preference; in addition, meeting the qualifications of a veteran or spousal category does not guarantee either an interview or being hired.

Legal References: Arkansas Department of Education Rules Governing Background Checks

Arkansas Department of Education Rules Governing the Code of Ethics for

Arkansas Educators

A.C.A. § 6-17-301

A.C.A. § 6-17-414

A.C.A. § 6-17-428

A.C.A. § 6-17-429

A.C.A. § 21-3-302

A.C.A. § 21-3-303

A.C.A. § 25-19-101 et seq.

28 C.F.R. § 35.106

29 C.F.R. part 1635

34 C.F.R. § 100.6

34 C.F.R. § 104.8

34 C.F.R. § 106.9

34 C.F.R. § 108.9

34 C.F.R. § 110.25

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 7, 2018

8.14— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL EXPENSES

Employees shall be reimbursed for personal and/or travel expenses incurred while performing duties or attending workshops or other employment-related functions, provided that <u>prior written approval</u> for the activity for which the employee seeks reimbursement has been received from the Superintendent, principal (or other immediate supervision with the authority to make school approvals), or the appropriate designee of the Superintendent.

It is the responsibility of the employee to determine the appropriate supervisor from which he must obtain approval.

Reimbursement claims must be made on forms provided by the District and must be supported by appropriate, original receipts. Copies of receipts or other documentation are not acceptable, except in extraordinary circumstances.

The provisions of policy 7.12—EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT are incorporated by reference into this policy.

Cross Reference: Policy 7.12—EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: June 4, 2012

8.15— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL TOBACCO USE

Smoking or the use of tobacco, or products containing tobacco in any form, in or on any property owned or leased by the district, including buses or other school vehicles, is prohibited.

Violation of this policy by employees shall be grounds for disciplinary action up to, and including, dismissal.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-21-609

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.16—DRESS OF CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES

Employees shall ensure that their dress and appearance are professional and appropriate to their positions. This is determined by their immediate supervisor and Superintendent.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.17— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Employees are free to engage in political activity outside of work hours and to the extent that it does not affect the performance of their duties or adversely affect important working relationships.

It is specifically forbidden for employees to engage in political activities on the school grounds or during work hours. The following activities are forbidden on school property:

- 1. Using students for preparation or dissemination of campaign materials;
- 2. Distributing political materials;
- 3. Distributing or otherwise seeking signatures on petitions of any kind;
- 4. Posting political materials; and
- 5. Discussing political matters with students, in or out of the classroom, in other than circumstances appropriate to the employee's responsibilities to the students and where a legitimate pedagogical reason exists.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.18(a)—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL DEBTS

For the purposes of this policy, "garnishment" of a district employee is when the employee has lost a lawsuit to a judgment creditor who brought suit against a school district employee for an unpaid debt, has been awarded money damages as a result, and these damages are recoverable by filing a garnishment action against the employee's wages. For the purposes of this policy, the word "garnishment" excludes such things as child support, student loan or IRS liens or deductions levied against an employee's wages.

All employees are expected to meet their financial obligations. If an employee writes "hot" checks or has his income garnished by a judgment creditor, dismissal may result.

An employee will not be dismissed for having been the subject of one (1) garnishment. However, a second or third garnishment may result in dismissal.

At the discretion of the Superintendent, he or his designee may meet with an employee who has received a second garnishment for the purpose of warning the employee that a third garnishment will result in a recommendation of dismissal to the School Board.

At the discretion of the Superintendent, a second garnishment may be used as a basis for a recommended dismissal. The Superintendent may take into consideration other factors in deciding whether to recommend dismissal based on a second garnishment. Those factors may include, but are not limited to, the amount of the debt, the time between the first and the second garnishment, and other financial problems which come to the attention of the District.

Date Adopted: May 4, 2015

8.18(b) — CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL GRIEVANCES

The purpose of this policy is to provide an orderly process for employees to resolve, at the lowest possible level, their concerns related to the personnel policies or salary payments of this district.

Definitions

<u>Grievance</u>: a claim or concern related to the interpretation, application, or claimed violation of the personnel policies, including salary schedules, federal or state laws and regulations, or terms or conditions of employment, raised by an individual employee of this school district. Other matters for which the means of resolution are provided or foreclosed by statute or administrative procedures shall not be considered grievances. Specifically, no grievance may be entertained against a supervisor for directing, instructing, reprimanding, or "writing up" an employee under his/her supervision. A group of employees who have the same grievance may file a group grievance.

<u>Group Grievance</u>: A grievance may be filed as a group grievance if it meets the following criteria: (meeting the criteria does not ensure that the subject of the grievance is, in fact, grievable)

- 1. More than one individual has interest in the matter; and
- 2. The group has a well-defined common interest in the facts and/or circumstances of the grievance; and
- 3. The group has designated an employee spokesperson to meet with administration and/or the board; and
- 4. All individuals within the group are requesting the same relief.

Employee: any person employed under a written contract by this school district.

<u>Immediate Supervisor</u>: the person immediately superior to an employee who directs and supervises the work of that employee.

<u>Working day</u>: Any weekday other than a holiday whether or not the employee under the provisions of their contract is scheduled to work or whether they are currently under contract.

Process

<u>Level One</u>: An employee who believes that he/she has a grievance shall inform that employee's immediate supervisor that the employee has a potential grievance and discuss the matter with the supervisor within five working days of the occurrence of the grievance. The supervisor shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. (The five-day requirement does not apply to grievances concerning back pay.) If the grievance is not advanced to Level Two within five working days following the conference, the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

If the grievance cannot be resolved by the immediate supervisor, the employee can advance the grievance to Level Two. To do this, the employee must complete the top half of the Level Two Grievance Form within five working days of the discussion with the immediate supervisor, citing the manner in which the specific personnel policy was violated that has given rise to the grievance, and submit the Grievance Form to his/her immediate supervisor. The supervisor will have ten working days to respond to the grievance using the bottom

half of the Level Two Grievance Form which he/she will submit to the building principal or, in the event that the employee's immediate supervisor is the building principal, the superintendent.

Level Two (when appeal is to the building principal): Upon receipt of a Level Two Grievance Form, the building principal will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The principal shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the principal will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee. If the grievance is not advanced to Level Three within five working days the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

<u>Level Two (when appeal is to the superintendent):</u> Upon receipt of a Level Two Grievance Form, the superintendent will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The superintendent shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the superintendent will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee.

<u>Level Three</u>: If the proper recipient of the Level Two Grievance was the building principal, and the employee remains unsatisfied with the written response to the grievance, the employee may advance the grievance to the superintendent by submitting a copy of the Level Two Grievance Form and the principal's reply to the superintendent within five working days of his/her receipt of the principal's reply. The superintendent will have ten working days to schedule a conference with the employee filing the grievance. The superintendent shall offer the employee an opportunity to have a witness or representative who is not a member of the employee's immediate family present at their conference. After the conference, the superintendent will have ten working days in which to deliver a written response to the grievance to the employee.

Appeal to the Board of Directors: An employee who remains unsatisfied by the written response of the superintendent may appeal the superintendent's decision to the Board of Education within five working days of his/her receipt of the Superintendent's written response by submitting a written request for a board hearing to the superintendent. If the grievance is not appealed to the Board of Directors within five working days of his/her receipt of the superintendent's response, the matter will be considered resolved and the employee shall have no further right with respect to said grievance.

The school board will address the grievance at the next regular meeting of the school board, unless the employee agrees in writing to an alternate date for the hearing. After reviewing the Level Two Grievance Form and the superintendent's reply, the board will decide if the grievance, on its face, is grievable under district policy. If the grievance is presented as a "group grievance," the Board shall first determine if the composition of the group meets the definition of a "group grievance." If the Board determines that it is a group grievance, the Board shall then determine whether the matter raised is grievable. If the Board rules the composition of the group does not meet the definition of a group grievance, or the grievance, whether group or individual, is not grievable, the matter shall be considered closed. (Individuals within the disallowed group may choose to subsequently refile their grievance as an individual grievance beginning with Level One of the process.) If the Board rules the grievance to be grievable, they shall immediately commence a hearing on the grievance. All parties have the right to representation by a person of their own choosing who is not a member of the employee's immediate family at the appeal hearing before the Board of Directors. The employee shall have no less than 90 minutes to present his/her grievance and both parties shall have the opportunity to present and question witnesses. The hearing shall be open

to the public unless the employee requests a private hearing. If the hearing is open, the parent or guardian of any student under the age of eighteen years who gives testimony may elect to have the student's testimony given in closed session. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the hearing was closed, the Board of Directors may excuse all parties except board members and deliberate, by themselves, on the hearing. At the conclusion of an open hearing, board deliberations shall also be in open session unless the board is deliberating the employment, appointment, promotion, demotion, disciplining, or resignation of the employee. A decision on the grievance shall be announced no later than the next regular board meeting.

Records

Records related to grievances will be filed separately and will not be kept in, or made part of, the personnel file of any employee.

Reprisals

No reprisals of any kind will be taken or tolerated against any employee because he/she has filed or advanced a grievance under this policy.

Legal Reference: ACA § 6-17-208, 210

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.19M(a)—LEVEL TWO GRIEVANCE FORM - CLASSIFIED

Name:	
Date submitted to supervisor:	
CLASSIFIED Personnel Policy grievance is based upon:	
Grievance (be specific):	_
What would resolve your grievance?	
Supervisor's Response	
Date submitted to recipient:	

45

Date Adopted:

Last Revised:

May 13, 2008

8.20— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Mayflower School District is committed to providing an academic and work environment that treats all students and employees with respect and dignity. Student achievement and amicable working relationships are best attained in an atmosphere of equal educational and employment opportunity that is free of discrimination. Sexual harassment is a form of discrimination that undermines the integrity of the educational and work environment and will not be tolerated.

The District believes the best policy to create an educational and work environment free from sexual harassment is prevention; therefore, the District shall provide informational materials and training to students, parents/legal guardians/other responsible adults, and employees on sexual harassment. The informational materials and training on sexual harassment shall be age appropriate and, when necessary, provided in a language other than English or in an accessible format. The informational materials and training shall include, but are not limited to: the nature of sexual harassment; the District's written grievance procedures for complaints of sexual harassment; that the district does not tolerate sexual harassment; that students and employees can report inappropriate behavior of a sexual nature without fear of adverse consequences; the redress that is available to the victim of sexual harassment; and the potential discipline for perpetrating sexual harassment.

"Sexual harassment" means conduct that is:

- 1. Of a sexual nature, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Sexual advances;
 - b. Requests for sexual favors;
 - c. Sexual violence; or
 - d. Other personally offensive verbal, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature;
 - 2. Unwelcome; and
 - 3. denies or limits a student's or employee's ability to participate in or benefit from any of the District's educational programs or activities or employment environment through any or all of the following methods:
 - a. Submission to the conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of an individual's education or employment;
 - b. Submission to, or rejection of, such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for academic or employment decisions affecting that individual; and/or
 - c. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive academic environment.

The terms "intimidating," "hostile," and "offensive" include conduct of a sexual nature that has the effect of humiliation or embarrassment and is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it limits the student's or employees ability to participate in, or benefit from, an educational program or activity or employment environment.

Within the educational or work environment, sexual harassment is prohibited between any of the following: students; employees and students; non-employees and students; employees; employees and non-employees.

Actionable sexual harassment is generally established when an individual is exposed to a pattern of objectionable behaviors or when a single, serious act is committed. What is, or is not, sexual harassment will depend upon all of the surrounding circumstances and may occur regardless of the sex(es) of the individuals involved. Depending upon such circumstances, examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to:

- Making sexual propositions or pressuring for sexual activities;
- Unwelcome touching;
- Writing graffiti of a sexual nature;
- Displaying or distributing sexually explicit drawings, pictures, or written materials;
- Performing sexual gestures or touching oneself sexually in front of others;
- Telling sexual or crude jokes;
- Spreading rumors related to a person's alleged sexual activities;
- Discussions of sexual experiences;
- Rating other students as to sexual activity or performance;
- Circulating or showing e-mails or Web sites of a sexual nature;
- Intimidation by words, actions, insults, or name calling; and
- Teasing related to sexual characteristics or the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether or not the student selfidentifies as homosexual or transgender.

Employees who believe they have been subjected to sexual harassment are encouraged to file a complaint by contacting their immediate supervisor, an administrator, or the Title IX coordinator who will provide assistance on the complaint process. Under no circumstances shall an employee be required to first report allegations of sexual harassment to a school contact person if that person is the individual who is accused of the harassment.

Complaints will be treated in a confidential manner to the extent possible. Limited disclosure may be provided to: individuals who are responsible for handling the District's investigation to the extent necessary to complete a thorough investigation; the extent necessary to submit a report to the child maltreatment hotline; the Professional Licensure Standards Board for complaints alleging sexual harassment by an employee towards a student; or the extent necessary to provide the individual accused in the complaint due process during the investigation and disciplinary processes. Individuals who file a complaint have the right to request that the individual accused of sexual harassment not be informed of the name of the accuser; however, individuals should be aware that making such a request may substantially limit the District's ability to investigate the complaint and may make it impossible for the District to discipline the accused.

Employees who file a complaint of sexual harassment shall not be subjected to retaliation or reprisal in any form, including threats, intimidation, coercion, or discrimination. The District shall take steps to prevent retaliation and shall take immediate action if any form of retaliation occurs regardless of whether the retaliatory acts are by District officials, students, or third parties.

Following the completion of an investigation of a complaint, the District will inform the employee who filed the complaint:

- The final determination of the investigation;
- Remedies the District will make available to the employee; and

• The sanctions, if any, imposed on the alleged harasser relevant to the employee.

Following the completion of an investigation of a complaint, the District will inform the alleged perpetrator, or the parents/legal guardian/other responsible adult of the alleged perpetrator if the alleged perpetrator is under the age of eighteen (18):

- The final determination of the investigation; and
 - o The sanctions, if any, the District intends to impose on the alleged perpetrator.

It shall be a violation of this policy for any student or employee to be subjected to, or to subject another person to, sexual harassment. Following an investigation, any employee who is found by the evidence to more likely than not have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to, and including, termination.

Employees who knowingly fabricate allegations of sexual harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Individuals who withhold information, purposely provide inaccurate facts, or otherwise hinder an investigation of sexual harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Legal References: Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 USC 1681, et seq.

34 CFR part 106

A.C.A. § 6-15-1005 (b) (1)

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 7, 2018

8.21— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SUPERVISION OF STUDENTS

All District personnel are expected to conscientiously execute their responsibilities to promote the health, safety, and welfare of the District's students under their care. The Superintendent shall direct all principals to establish regulations ensuring adequate supervision of students throughout the school day and at extracurricular activities.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.22— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL COMPUTER USE POLICY

The Mayflower School District provides computers and/or computer Internet access for many employees, to assist employees in performing work related tasks. Employees are advised that they enjoy **no expectation of privacy** in any aspect of their computer use, including email, and that under Arkansas law, both email and computer use records maintained by the district are subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Consequently, no employee or student-related reprimands or other disciplinary communications should be made through email.

Passwords or security procedures are to be used as assigned, and confidentiality of student records is to be maintained at all times. Employees must not disable or bypass security procedures, compromise, attempt to compromise, or defeat the district's technology network security, alter data without authorization, disclose passwords to other staff members or students, or grant students access to any computer not designated for student use. It is the policy of this school district to equip each computer with Internet filtering software designed to prevent users from accessing material that is harmful to minors. The District Information Technology Security Officer or designee may authorize the disabling of the filter to enable access by an adult for a bona fide research or other lawful purpose.

Employees who misuse district-owned computers in any way, including excessive personal use, using computers for personal use during work or instructional time, using computers to violate any other policy, knowingly or negligently allowing unauthorized access, or using the computers to access or create sexually explicit or pornographic text or graphics, will face disciplinary action, up to and including termination or non-renewal of the employment contract.

Legal References: (Children's Internet Protection Act; PL 106-554)

20 USC 6777 47 USC 254(h) A.C.A. § 6-21-107 A.C.A. § 6-21-111

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: March 6, 2017

8.22M(a)—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL INTERNET USE AGREEMENT

Name (Please Print)	
School	Date
	School District agrees to allow the employee identified above ("Employee") to use the to access the Internet under the following terms and conditions:

- 1. <u>Conditional Privilege</u>: The Employee's use of the district's access to the Internet is a privilege conditioned on the Employee's abiding by this agreement.
- 2. <u>Acceptable Use</u>: The Employee agrees that in using the District's Internet access he/she will obey all federal and state laws and regulations. Internet access is provided as an aid to employees to enable them to better perform their job responsibilities. Under no circumstances shall an Employee's use of the District's Internet access interfere with, or detract from, the performance of his/her job-related duties.
- 3. <u>Penalties for Improper Use</u>: If the Employee violates this agreement and misuses the Internet, the Employee shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.
- 4. "Misuse of the District's access to the Internet" includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. using the Internet for any activities deemed lewd, obscene, vulgar, or pornographic as defined by prevailing community standards;
 - b. using abusive or profane language in private messages on the system; or using the system to harass, insult, or verbally attack others;
 - c. posting anonymous messages on the system;
 - d. using encryption software other than when required by the employee's job duties;
 - e. wasteful use of limited resources provided by the school including paper;
 - f. causing congestion of the network through lengthy downloads of files other than when required by the employee's job duties;
 - g. vandalizing data of another user;
 - h. obtaining or sending information that could be used to make destructive devices such as guns, weapons, bombs, explosives, or fireworks;
 - i. gaining or attempting to gain unauthorized access to resources or files;
 - j. identifying oneself with another person's name or password or using an account or password of another user without proper authorization;
 - k. using the network for financial or commercial gain without district permission;
 - 1. theft or vandalism of data, equipment, or intellectual property;
 - m. invading the privacy of individuals other than when required by the employee's job duties;
 - n. using the Internet for any illegal activity, including computer hacking and copyright or intellectual property law violations;
 - o. introducing a virus to, or otherwise improperly tampering with, the system;
 - p. degrading or disrupting equipment or system performance;
 - q. creating a web page or associating a web page with the school or school district without proper authorization;

- r. attempting to gain access or gaining access to student records, grades, or files of students not under their jurisdiction;
- s. providing access to the District's Internet Access to unauthorized individuals; or
- t. taking part in any activity related to Internet use that creates a clear and present danger of the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the district or any of its schools;
- u. Making unauthorized copies of computer software-;
- v. personal use of computers during instructional time-; or
- w. Installing software on district computers without prior approval of the Information Technology Security Officer or his/her designee except for District technology personnel as part of their job duties.
- 5. <u>Liability for debts</u>: Staff shall be liable for any and all costs (debts) incurred through their use of the District's computers or the Internet including penalties for copyright violations.
- 6. <u>No Expectation of Privacy</u>: The Employee signing below agrees that in using the Internet through the District's access, he/she waives any right to privacy the Employee may have for such use. The Employee agrees that the district may monitor the Employee's use of the District's Internet Access and may also examine all system activities the Employee participates in, including but not limited to e-mail, voice, and video transmissions, to ensure proper use of the system.
- 7. <u>Signature</u>: The Employee, who has signed below, has read this agreement and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

Employee's Signature:	Date

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: March 6, 2017

8.23—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE*

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) offers job protection for leave that might otherwise be considered excessive absences. Employees need to carefully comply with this policy to ensure they do not lose FMLA protection due to inaction or failure to provide the District with needed information. The FMLA provides up to twelve (12) work weeks (or, in some cases twenty-six (26) weeks) of jobprotected leave to eligible employees with absences that qualify under the FMLA. While an employee can request FMLA leave and has a duty to inform the District, as provided in this policy, of foreseeable absences that may qualify for FMLA leave, it is the District's ultimate responsibility to identify qualifying absences as FMLA or non-FMLA. FMLA leave is unpaid, except to the extent that paid leave applies to any given absence as governed by the FMLA and this policy.

SECTION ONE - FMAL LEAVE GENERALLY

Definitions:

"Eligible Employee" is an employee who has:

- 1. Been employed by the District for at least twelve (12) months, which are not required to be consecutive; and
- 2. Performed at least 1250 hours of service during the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave.

"FMLA" is the Family and Medical Leave Act

"Health Care Provider" means:

- a. A doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery (as appropriate) by the State in which the doctor practices;
- b. Podiatrists, dentists, clinical psychologists, optometrists, and chiropractors (limited to treatment consisting of manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation as demonstrated by X–ray to exist) authorized to practice in the State and performing within the scope of their practice as defined under State law;
- c. Nurse practitioners, nurse-midwives, clinical social workers and physician assistants who are authorized to practice under State law and who are performing within the scope of their practice as defined under State law;
- d. Christian Science Practitioners listed with the First Church of Christ, Scientist in Boston, Massachusetts. Where an employee or family member is receiving treatment from a Christian Science practitioner, an employee may not object to any requirement from an employer that the employee or family member submit to examination (though not treatment) to obtain a second or third certification from a health care provider other than a Christian Science practitioner except as otherwise provided under applicable State or local law or collective bargaining agreement; or
- e. Any other person determined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor to be capable of providing health care services.

"Instructional Employee" is an employee whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group, or an individual setting and includes athletic coaches, driving instructors, preschool teachers, and special education assistants such as signers for the hearing impaired. The term does not

include, and the special rules related to the taking of leave near the end of a semester do not apply to: teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal job actual teaching or instructing, administrators, counselors, librarians, psychologists, and curriculum specialists.

"Intermittent leave" is FMLA leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single qualifying reason. A reduced leave schedule is a leave schedule that reduces an employee's usual number of working hours per workweek, or hours per workday. A reduced leave schedule is a change in the employee's schedule for a period of time, normally from full-time to part-time.

"Next of Kin", used in respect to an individual, means the nearest blood relative of that individual.

"Parent" is the biological parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a son or a daughter. This term does not include parents "in-law."

"Serious Health Condition" is an injury, illness, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical facility or continuing treatment by a health care provider.

"Son or daughter", for numbers 1, 2, or 3 below, is a biological, adopted, or foster child, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is either under age eighteen (18), or age eighteen (18) or older and "incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability" at the time that FMLA leave is to commence.²

"Year" the twelve (12) month period of eligibility shall begin on July first of each school-year.

Policy

The provisions of this policy are intended to be in line with the provisions of the FMLA. If any conflict(s) exist, the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, shall govern.

Leave Eligibility

The District will grant up to twelve (12) weeks of leave in a year in accordance with the FMLA, as amended, to its eligible employees for one or more of the following reasons:

- 1. Because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for such son or daughter;
- 2. Because of the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care;
- 3. To care for the spouse, son, daughter, or parent, of the employee, if such spouse, son, daughter, or parent has a serious health condition;
- 4. Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of the position of such employee; and
- 5. Because of any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee is on covered active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty) in the Armed Forces. (See Section Two)
- 6. To care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury. (See Section Two)

The entitlement to leave for reasons 1 and 2 listed above shall expire at the end of the twelve (12) month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

A legally married couple who are both eligible employees employed by the District may not take more than a combined total of twelve (12) weeks of FMLA leave for reasons 1, 2, or to care for a parent under number 3.

Provisions Applicable to both Sections One and Two

District Notice to Employees

The District shall post, in conspicuous places in each school within the District where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted, a notice explaining the FMLA's provisions and providing information about the procedure for filing complaints with the Department of Labor.⁴

Designation Notice to Employee

When an employee requests FMLA leave or the District determines that an employee's absence may be covered under the FMLA, the District shall provide written notice within five (5) business days (absent extenuating circumstances) to the employee of the District's determination of his/her eligibility for FMLA leave. ⁵ If the employee is eligible, the District may request additional information from the employee and/or certification from a health care provider to help make the applicability determination. After receiving sufficient information as requested, the District shall provide a written notice within five (5) business days (absent extenuating circumstances) to the employee of whether the leave qualifies as FMLA leave and will be so designated.

If the circumstances for the leave don't change, the District is only required to notify the employee once of the determination regarding the designation of FMLA leave within any applicable twelve (12) month period.

Employees who receive notification that the leave request does not qualify under the FMLA are expected to return to work; further absences that are not otherwise excused could lead to discipline for excessive absences, or termination for job abandonment.

Concurrent Leave Under the FMLA

All FMLA leave is unpaid unless substituted by applicable accrued leave. The District requires employees to substitute any applicable accrued leave (in the order of sick, personal, or vacation leave as may be applicable) for any period of FMLA leave.⁶

An employee who does not have enough accrued leave to cover the number of days of FMLA leave taken shall not have his/her number of contract days altered because some of the FMLA leave taken was unpaid.

Working at another Job while Taking FMLA for Personal or Family Serious Medical Condition

No employee on FMLA leave for their own serious medical condition may perform work at another, non-district job while on FMLA leave. Except as provided in policy 8.36, employees who do perform

work at another, non-district job while on FMLA leave for their own serious medical condition will be subject to discipline, which could include termination or nonrenewal of their contract of employment.

No employee on FMLA leave for the serious medical condition of a family member may perform work at another, non-district job while on FMLA leave. Employees who do perform work at another, non-district job while on FMLA leave for the serious medical condition of a family member will be subject to discipline, which could include termination or nonrenewal of their contract of employment.

Health Insurance Coverage

The District shall maintain coverage under any group health plan for the duration of FMLA leave the employee takes at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in active employment with the District. Additionally, if the District makes a change to its health insurance benefits or plans that apply to other employees, the employee on FMLA leave must be afforded the opportunity to access additional benefits and/or the same responsibility for changes to premiums. Any changes made to a group health plan that apply to other District employees, must also apply to the employee on FMLA leave. The District will notify the employee on FMLA leave of any opportunities to change plans or benefits. The employee remains responsible for any portion of premium payments customarily paid by the employee. When on unpaid FMLA leave, it is the employee's responsibility to submit his/her portion of the cost of the group health plan coverage to the district's business office on or before it would be made by payroll deduction.

The District has the right to pay an employee's unpaid insurance premiums during the employee's unpaid FMLA leave to maintain the employee's coverage during his/her leave. The District may recover the employee's share of any premium payments missed by the employee for any FMLA leave period that the District maintains health coverage for the employee by paying his/her share. Such recovery shall be made by offsetting the employee's debt through payroll deductions or by other means against any monies owed the employee by the District.

An employee who chooses to not continue group health plan coverage while on FMLA leave, is entitled to be reinstated on the same terms as prior to taking the leave, including family or dependent coverages, without any qualifying period, physical examination, exclusion of pre-existing conditions, etc.

If an employee gives unequivocal notice of an intent not to return to work, or if the employment relationship would have terminated if the employee had not taken FMLA leave, the District's obligation to maintain health benefits ceases.

If the employee fails to return from leave after the period of leave the employee was entitled has expired, the District may recover the premiums it paid to maintain health care coverage unless:

- 1. The employee fails to return to work due to the continuation, reoccurrence, or onset of a serious health condition that entitles the employee to leave under reasons 3 or 4 listed above; and/or
- 2. Other circumstances exist beyond the employee's control.

Circumstances under "a" listed above shall be certified by a licensed, practicing health care provider verifying the employee's inability to return to work.

Reporting Requirements During Leave

Unless circumstances exist beyond the employee's control, the employee shall inform the district every two (2) weeks during FMLA leave of his/her current status and intent to return to work.

Return to Previous Position

An employee returning from FMLA leave is entitled to be returned to the same position the employee held when leave commenced, or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment. An equivalent position must involve the same or substantially similar duties and responsibilities, which must entail substantially equivalent skill, effort, and authority.

The employee's right to return to work and/or to the same or an equivalent position does not supersede any actions taken by the District, such as conducting a RIF, that the employee would have been subject to had the employee not been on FMLA leave at the time of the District's actions.

Provisions Applicable to Section One

Employee Notice to District

Foreseeable Leave

When the need for leave is foreseeable for reasons 1 through 4 listed above, the employee shall provide the District with at least thirty (30) days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave for the specified reason. An eligible employee who has no reasonable excuse for his/her failure to provide the District with timely advance notice of the need for FMLA leave may have his/her FMLA coverage of such leave delayed until thirty (30) days after the date the employee provides notice.

If there is a lack of knowledge of approximately when the leave will be required to begin, a change in circumstances, or an emergency, notice must be given as soon as practicable. As soon as practicable means as soon as both possible and practical, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances in the individual case.

When the need for leave is for reasons 3 or 4 listed above, the eligible employee shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the District subject to the approval of the health care provider of the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee.

If the need for FMLA leave is foreseeable less than thirty (30) days in advance, the employee shall notify the District as soon as practicable. If the employee fails to notify as soon as practicable, the District may delay granting FMLA leave for the number of days equal to the difference between the number of days in advance that the employee should have provided notice and when the employee actually gave notice.

Unforeseeable Leave

When the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, an employee shall provide the District notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable given the facts and circumstances of the particular case.

Ordinarily, the employee shall notify the District within two (2) working days of learning of the need for leave, except in extraordinary circumstances where such notice is not feasible. Notice may be provided in person, by telephone, fax, email, or other electronic means. If the eligible employee fails to notify the District as required, unless the failure to comply is justified by unusual circumstances, the FMLA leave may be delayed or denied.

Medical Certification

Second and Third Opinions: In any case where the District has reason to doubt the validity of the initial certification provided, the District may require, at its expense, the employee to obtain the opinion of a second health care provider designated or approved by the employer. If the second opinion differs from the first, the District may require, at its expense, the employee to obtain a third opinion from a health care provider agreed upon by both the District and the employee. The opinion of the third health care provider shall be considered final and be binding upon both the District and the employee.

Recertification: The District may request, either orally or in writing, the employee obtain a recertification in connection with the employee's absence, at the employee's expense, no more often than every thirty (30) days unless one or more of the following circumstances apply:

- The original certification is for a period greater than thirty (30) days. In this situation, the District may require a recertification after the time of the original certification expires, but in any case, the District may require a recertification every six (6) months.
- The employee requests an extension of leave;
- Circumstances described by the previous certification have changed significantly; and/or
- The district receives information that casts doubt upon the continuing validity of the certification.

The employee must provide the recertification within fifteen (15) calendar days after the District's request.

No second or third opinion on a recertification may be required.

The District may deny FMLA leave if an eligible employee fails to provide a requested certification.

Substitution of Paid Leave

When an employee's leave has been designated as FMLA leave for reasons 1 (as applicable), 2, 3, or 4 above, the District requires employees to substitute accrued sick, vacation, or personal leave for the period of FMLA leave.¹¹

To the extent the employee has accrued paid vacation or personal leave, any leave taken that qualifies for FMLA leave for reasons 1 or 2 above shall be paid leave and charged against the employee's accrued leave.

Workers Compensation: FMLA leave may run concurrently with a workers' compensation absence when the injury is one that meets the criteria for a serious health condition. To the extent that workers compensation benefits and FMLA leave run concurrently, the employee will be charged for any paid leave accrued by the employee at the rate necessary to bring the total amount of combined income up to 100% of usual contracted daily rate of pay. If the health care provider treating the employee for the workers compensation injury certifies the employee is able to return to a "light duty job," but is unable

to return to the employee's same or equivalent job, the employee may decline the District's offer of a "light duty job." As a result, the employee may lose his/her workers' compensation payments, but for the duration of the employee's FMLA leave, the employee will be paid for the leave to the extent that the employee has accrued applicable leave.

Return to Work

If the District's written designation determination that the eligible employee's leave qualified as FMLA leave under reason 4 above stated that the employee would have to provide a "fitness-for-duty" certification from a health care provider for the employee to resume work, the employee must provide such certification prior to returning to work. The employee's failure to do so voids the District's obligation to reinstate the employee under the FMLA and the employee shall be terminated.

If the District's written designation determination that the eligible employee's leave qualified as FMLA leave under reason 4 above stated that the employee would have to provide a "fitness-for-duty" certification from a health care provider for the employee to resume work **and** the designation determination listed the employee's essential job functions, the employee must provide certification that the employee is able to perform those functions prior to returning to work. The employee's failure to do so or his/her inability to perform his/her job's essential functions voids the District's obligation to reinstate the employee under the FMLA and the employee shall be terminated.

Failure to Return to Work

In the event that an employee is unable or fails to return to work within FMLA's leave timelines, the superintendent will make a determination at that time regarding the documented need for a severance of the employee's contract due to the inability of the employee to fulfill the responsibilities and requirements of his/her contract.

Intermittent or Reduced Schedule Leave

To the extent practicable, employees requesting intermittent or reduced schedule leave shall provide the District with not less than thirty (30) days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave.

Eligible employees may only take intermittent or reduced schedule leave for reasons 1 and 2 listed above if the District agrees to permit such leave upon the request of the employee. If the District agrees to permit an employee to take intermittent or reduced schedule leave for such reasons, the agreement shall be consistent with this policy's requirements governing intermittent or reduced schedule leave. The employee may be transferred temporarily during the period of scheduled intermittent or reduced leave to an alternative position that the employee is qualified for and that better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position. The alternative position shall have equivalent pay and benefits but does not have to have equivalent duties.

Eligible employees may take intermittent or reduced schedule FMLA leave due to reasons 3 or 4 listed above when the medical need is best accommodated by such a schedule. The eligible employee shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the health care provider.

When granting leave on an intermittent or reduced schedule for reasons 3 or 4 above that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the District may temporarily transfer eligible employees for the period of scheduled intermittent or reduced leave to an alternative position that the employee is qualified for and that better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position. The alternative position shall have equivalent pay and benefits but does not have to have equivalent duties. When the employee is able to return to full-time work, the employee shall be placed in the same or equivalent job as he/she had when the leave began. The employee will not be required to take more FMLA leave than necessary to address the circumstances requiring the need for the leave.

Special Provisions relating to Instructional Employees as Defined in This Policy

The FMLA definition of "instructional employees" covers a small number of classified employees. Any classified employee covered under the FMLA definition of an "instructional employee" and whose FMLA leave falls under the FMLA's special leave provisions relating to "instructional employees" shall be governed by the applicable portions of policy 3.32—LICENSED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE.

SECTION TWO - FMLA LEAVE CONNECTED TO MILITARY SERVICE

Leave Eligibility

The FMLA provision of military associated leave is in two categories. Each one has some of its own definitions and stipulations. Therefore, they are dealt with separately in this Section of the policy. Definitions different than those in Section One are included under the respective reason for leave. Definitions that are the same as in Section One are NOT repeated in this Section.

Qualifying Exigency

An eligible employee may take FMLA leave for any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee is on covered active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty) in the Armed Forces. Examples include issues involved with short-notice deployment, military events and related activities, childcare and school activities, the need for financial and legal arrangements, counseling, rest and recuperation, post-deployment activities, and other activities as defined by federal regulations.¹³

Definitions

"Covered active duty" means:

- in the case of a member of a **regular** component of the Armed Forces, duty during deployment of the member with the armed forces to a foreign country; and
- in the case of a member of a **reserve** component of the Armed Forces, duty during deployment of the member with the armed forces to a foreign country under a call to order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

"Son or daughter on active duty or call to active duty status" means the employee's biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child for whom the employee stood in loco parentis, who is on active duty or call to active duty status, and who is of any age.

Certification

The District may require the eligible employee to obtain certification to help the district determine if the requested leave qualifies for FMLA leave for the purposes of a qualifying exigency. The District may deny FMLA leave if an eligible employee fails to provide the requested certification.

Employee Notice to District

Foreseeable Leave

When the necessity for leave for any qualifying exigency is foreseeable, whether because the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee is on covered active duty, or because of notification of an impending call or order to covered active duty, the employee shall provide such notice to the District as is reasonable and practicable regardless of how far in advance the leave is foreseeable. As soon as practicable means as soon as both possible and practical, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances in the individual case.

Unforeseeable Leave

When the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, an employee shall provide the District notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable given the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Ordinarily, the employee shall notify the District within two (2) working days of learning of the need for leave, except in extraordinary circumstances where such notice is not feasible. Notice may be provided in person, by telephone, fax, email, or other electronic means. If the eligible employee fails to notify the District as required unless the failure to comply is justified by unusual circumstances, the FMLA leave may be delayed or denied.

Substitution of Paid Leave

When an employee's leave has been designated as FMLA leave for any qualifying exigency, the District requires employees to substitute accrued vacation, or personal leave for the period of FMLA leave.

Intermittent or Reduced Schedule Leave

Eligible employees may take intermittent or reduced schedule leave for any qualifying exigency. The employee shall provide the district with as much notice as is practicable.

Special Provisions relating to Instructional Employees as Defined in This Policy

The FMLA definition of "instructional employees" covers a small number of classified employees. Any classified employee covered under the FMLA definition of an "instructional employee" and who's FMLA leave falls under the FMLA's special leave provisions relating to "instructional employees" shall be governed by the applicable portions of policy 3.32—LICENSED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE.

Serious Illness

An eligible employee is eligible for leave to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury under the following conditions and definitions.

Definitions

"Covered Service Member" is:

- 1. a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness; or
- 2. a veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) at any time during the period of five (5) years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes that medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy.

"Outpatient Status", used in respect to a covered service member, means the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to:

- a. A military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or
- b. A unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

"Parent of a covered service member" is a covered service member's biological, adoptive, step or foster father or mother, or any other individual who stood in loco parentis to the covered service member. This term does not include parents "in law."

"Serious Injury or Illness":

- A. In the case of a member of the Armed Forces, including the National Guard or Reserves, it means an injury or illness incurred by the member in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces (or existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces) and that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank, or rating; and
- B. In the case of a veteran who was a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard of Reserves, at any time during a period as a covered service member defined in this policy, it means a qualifying (as defined by the U.S. Secretary of Labor) injury or illness that was incurred by the member in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces (or existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces) and that manifested itself before or after the member became a veteran.

"Son or daughter of a covered service member" means a covered service member's biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or a child for whom the covered service member stood in loco parentis, and who is of any age.

"Year", for leave to care for the serious injury or illness of a covered service member, the twelve (12) month period begins on the first day the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for a covered service member and ends twelve (12) months after that date.

An eligible employee who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of a covered service member shall be entitled to a total of twenty-six (26) weeks of leave during one twelve (12) – month period to care for the service member who has a serious injury or illness as defined in this policy. An eligible employee who cares for such a covered service member continues to be limited for reasons 1

through 4 in Section One and for any qualifying exigency to a total of twelve (12) weeks of leave during a year as defined in this policy. For example, an eligible employee who cares for such a covered service member for sixteen (16) weeks during a twelve (12) month period could only take a total of ten (10) weeks for reasons 1 through 4 in Section One and for any qualifying exigency. An eligible employee may not take more than twelve (12) weeks of FMLA leave for reasons 1 through 4 in Section One and for any qualifying exigency regardless of how little leave the eligible employee may take to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury.

If a legally married couple are both eligible employees employed by the District, the legally married couple are entitled to a combined total of twenty-six (26) weeks of leave during one twelve (12) month period to care for their spouse, son, daughter, parent, or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious injury or illness, as defined in this policy. The leave taken by a legally married couple who care for such a covered service member continues to be limited to a total of twelve (12) weeks of FMLA leave for reasons 1 through 4 in Section One and for any qualifying exigency during a year, as defined in this policy, regardless of whether or not the legally married couple uses less than a combined total of fourteen (14) weeks to care for a covered service member with a serious injury or illness; moreover, the legally married couple's twelve (12) weeks are combined when taken for reasons 1, 2, or to care for a parent under reason 3 in Section One.

- . For example, a legally married couple who are both eligible employees and who care for such a covered service member for sixteen (16) weeks during a twelve (12) month period could:
- 1. Each take up to ten (10) weeks for reason 4 in section 1 or a qualifying exigency;
- 2. Take a combined total of ten (10) weeks for reasons 1, 2, or to care for a parent under reason 3 in Section One; or
- 3. Take a combination of numbers 1 and 2 that totals ten (10) weeks of leave.

Medical Certification

The District may require the eligible employee to obtain certification of the covered service member's serious health condition to help the District determine if the requested leave qualifies for FMLA leave. The District may deny FMLA leave if an eligible employee fails to provide the requested certification.

Employee Notice to District

Foreseeable Leave

When the need for leave to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury is clearly foreseeable at least thirty (30) days in advance, the employee shall provide the District with no less than thirty (30) days' notice before the date the employee intends for the leave to begin for the specified reason. An eligible employee who has no reasonable excuse for his/her failure to provide the District with timely advance notice of the need for FMLA leave may have his/her FMLA coverage of such leave delayed until thirty (30) days after the date the employee provides notice.

If the need for FMLA leave is foreseeable less than thirty (30) days in advance, the employee shall notify the District as soon as practicable. If the employee fails to notify as soon as practicable, the District may delay granting FMLA leave for an amount of time equal to the difference between the length of time that the employee should have provided notice and when the employee actually gave notice.

When the need for leave is to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury, the employee shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the district subject to the approval of the health care provider of the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee.

Unforeseeable Leave

When the approximate timing of the need for leave is not foreseeable, an employee shall provide the District notice of the need for leave as soon as practicable given the facts and circumstances of the particular case. Ordinarily, the employee shall notify the District within two (2) working days of learning of the need for leave, except in extraordinary circumstances where such notice is not feasible. Notice may be provided in person, by telephone, fax, email, or other electronic means. If the eligible employee fails to notify the District as required, unless the failure to comply is justified by unusual circumstances, the FMLA leave may be delayed or denied.

Substitution of Paid Leave

When an employee's leave has been designated as FMLA leave to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury, the District requires employees to substitute accrued sick, vacation, or personal leave for the period of FMLA leave.

Intermittent or Reduced Schedule Leave

To the extent practicable, employees requesting intermittent or reduced schedule leave to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury shall provide the District with at least thirty (30) days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave.

Eligible employees may take intermittent or reduced schedule FMLA leave to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury when the medical need is best accommodated by such a schedule. The eligible employee shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the health care provider.

When granting leave on an intermittent or reduced schedule to care for a spouse, child, parent or next of kin who is a covered service member with a serious illness or injury that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the District may temporarily transfer eligible employees for the period of scheduled intermittent or reduced leave to an alternative position that the employee is qualified for and that better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position. The alternative position shall have equivalent pay and benefits but does not have to have equivalent duties. When the employee is able to return to full-time work, the employee shall be placed in the same or equivalent job as he/she had when the leave began.

Special Provisions relating to Instructional Employees (as defined in this policy)

The FMLA definition of "instructional employees" covers a small number of classified employees. Any classified employee covered under the FMLA definition of an "instructional employee" and whose FMLA leave falls under the FMLA's special leave provisions relating to "instructional employees" shall

be governed by the applicable portions of policy 3.32—LICENSED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE.

Cross References: 8.5—CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES SICK LEAVE

8.12—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT 8.36—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES AND

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Legal References: 29 USC §§ 2601 et seq.

29 CFR part 825

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.24—SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS' USE OF CELL PHONES

"School Bus" is a motorized vehicle that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Is privately owned and operated for compensation, or which is owned, leased or otherwise operated by, or for the benefit of the District; and
- 2. Is operated for the transportation of students from home to school, from school to home, or to and from school events.

Any driver of a school bus shall not operate the school bus while using a device to browse the internet, make or receive phone calls or compose or read emails or text messages.² If the school bus is safely off the road with the parking brake engaged, exceptions are allowed to call for assistance due to a mechanical problem with the bus, or to communicate with any of the following during an emergency:

- An emergency system response operator or 911 public safety communications dispatcher;
- A hospital or emergency room;
- A physician's office or health clinic;
- An ambulance or fire department rescue service;
- A fire department, fire protection district, or volunteer fire department; or
- A police department.

In addition to statutorily permitted fines, violations of this policy shall be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Legal References: A.C.A. $\S 6-19-120$

A.C.A. § 27-51-1504 A.C.A. § 27-51-1609

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.25— CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL CELL PHONE USE

Use of cell phones or other electronic communication devices by employees during their designated work time for other than District approved purposes is strictly forbidden unless specifically approved in advance by the superintendent, building principal, or their designees.

District staff shall not be given cell phones or computers for any purpose other than their specific use associated with school business. School employees who use a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by District policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination. School employees who are issued District cell phones due to the requirements of their position may use the phone for personal use on an "as needed" basis provided it is not during designated work time.

All employees are forbidden from using school issued cell phones while driving any vehicle at any time. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

No employee shall use any device for the purposes of browsing the internet; composing or reading emails and text messages; or making or answering phone calls while driving a motor vehicle which is in motion and on school property. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Cross References: 4.47— POSSESSION AND USE OF CELL PHONES AND OTHER ELECTRONIC DEVICES

7.14—USE OF DISTRICT CELL PHONES AND COMPUTERS

Legal References: IRS Publication 15 B

A.C.A. § 27-51-1602 A.C.A. § 27-51-1609

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2105

8.26—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES GOVERNING BULLYING

School employees who have witnessed, or are reliably informed that, a student has been a victim of bullying as defined in this policy, including a single action which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, shall report the incident(s) to the principal, or designee. The principal, or his/her designee, shall be responsible for investigating the incident(s) to determine if disciplinary action is warranted.

The person or persons reporting behavior they consider to be bullying shall not be subject to retaliation or reprisal in any form.

District staff is required to help enforce implementation of the district's anti-bullying policy. The district's definition of bullying is included below. Students who bully another person are to be held accountable for their actions whether they occur on school grounds; off school grounds at a school-sponsored or school-approved function, activity, or event; or going to or from school or a school activity. Students are encouraged to report behavior they consider to be bullying; including a single action which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, to their teacher, staff member, or the building principal. The report may be made anonymously.

A school principal, or his or her designee, who receives a credible report or complaint of bullying shall promptly investigate the complaint or report and make a record of the investigation and any action taken as a result of the investigation.

District employees are held to a high standard of professionalism, especially when it comes to employee-student interactions. Actions by a District employee towards a student that would constitute bullying if the act had been performed by a student shall result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination. This policy governs bullying directed towards students and is not applicable to adult on adult interactions. Therefore, this policy does not apply to interactions between employees. Employees may report workplace conflicts to their supervisor. In addition to any disciplinary actions, the District shall take appropriate steps to remedy the effects resulting from bullying.

Definitions:

"Attribute" means an actual or perceived personal characteristic including without limitation race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, socioeconomic status, academic status, disability, gender, gender identity, physical appearance, health condition, or sexual orientation;

"Bullying" means the intentional harassment, intimidation, humiliation, ridicule, defamation, or threat or incitement of violence by a student against another student or public school employee by a written, verbal, electronic, or physical act that may address an attribute of the other student, public school employee, or person with whom the other student or public school employee is associated and that causes or creates actual or reasonably foreseeable:

• Physical harm to a public school employee or student or damage to the public school employee's or student's property;

- Substantial interference with a student's education or with a public school employee's role in education;
- A hostile educational environment for one (1) or more students or public school employees due to the severity, persistence, or pervasiveness of the act; or
- Substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment;

"Electronic" act means without limitation a communication or image transmitted by means of an electronic device, including without limitation a telephone, wireless phone or other wireless communications device, computer, or pager that results in the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment.

Electronic acts of bullying are prohibited whether or not the electronic act originated on school property or with school equipment, if the electronic act is directed specifically at students or school personnel and maliciously intended for the purpose of disrupting school, and has a high likelihood of succeeding in that purpose;

"Harassment" means a pattern of unwelcome verbal or physical conduct relating to another person's constitutionally or statutorily protected status that causes, or reasonably should be expected to cause, substantial interference with the other's performance in the school environment; and

"Substantial disruption" means without limitation that any one or more of the following occur as a result of the bullying:

- Necessary cessation of instruction or educational activities;
- Inability of students or educational staff to focus on learning or function as an educational unit because of a hostile environment;
- Severe or repetitive disciplinary measures are needed in the classroom or during educational activities; or
- Exhibition of other behaviors by students or educational staff that substantially interfere with the learning environment.

Examples of "Bullying" may include but are not limited to a pattern of behavior involving one or more of the following:

- 1. Sarcastic "compliments" about another student's personal appearance,
- 2. Pointed questions intended to embarrass or humiliate,
- 3. Mocking, taunting or belittling,

- 4. Non-verbal threats and/or intimidation such as "fronting" or "chesting" a person,
- 5. Demeaning humor relating to a student's race, gender, ethnicity or personal characteristics,
- 6. Blackmail, extortion, demands for protection money or other involuntary donations or loans,
- 7. Blocking access to school property or facilities,
- 8. Deliberate physical contact or injury to person or property,
- 9. Stealing or hiding books or belongings, and/or
- 10. Threats of harm to student(s), possessions, or others.
- 11. Sexual harassment, as governed by policy 8.20, is also a form of bullying, and/or
- 1. Teasing or name-calling related to sexual characteristics or the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether the student self-identifies as homosexual or transgender (Examples: "Slut", "You are so gay.", "Fag", "Queer").

12.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-18-514

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 7, 2018

8.27—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL LEAVE — INJURY FROM ASSAULT

Any staff member, who, while in the course of their employment, is injured by an assault or other violent act; while intervening in a student fight; while restraining a student; or while protecting a student from harm, shall be granted a leave of absence for up to one (1) year from the date of the injury, with full pay.

A leave of absence granted under this policy shall not be charged to the staff member's sick leave.

In order to obtain leave under this policy, the staff member must present documentation of the injury from a physician, with an estimate for time of recovery sufficient to enable the staff member to return to work, and written statements from witnesses (or other documentation as appropriate to a given incident) to prove that the incident occurred in the course of the staff member's employment.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-1308

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.28— DRUG FREE WORKPLACE - CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL

The conduct of district staff plays a vital role in the social and behavioral development of our students. It is equally important that the staff have a safe, healthful, and professional environment in which to work. To help promote both interests, the district shall have a drug free workplace. It is, therefore, the district's policy that district employees are prohibited from the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of controlled substances, illegal drugs, inhalants, alcohol, as well as inappropriate or illegal use of prescription drugs. Such actions are prohibited both while at work or in the performance of official duties while off district property; violations of this policy will subject the employee to discipline, up to and including termination.

To help promote a drug free workplace, the district shall establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace, the district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace, any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance abuse programs, and the penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations.

Should any employee be found to have been under the influence of, or in illegal possession of, any illegal drug or controlled substance or under the influence of alcohol, whether or not engaged in any school or school-related activity, and the behavior of the employee, if under the influence, is such that it is inappropriate for a school employee in the opinion of the superintendent, the employee may be subject to discipline, up to and including termination. This policy also applies to those employees who are under the influence of alcohol while on campus or at school-sponsored functions, including athletic events. (Refer to policy 8.4)

An employee living on campus or on school owned property is permitted to possess alcohol in his/her residence. The employee is bound by the restrictions stated in this policy while at work or performing his/her official duties.

Possession, use or distribution of drug paraphernalia by any employee, whether or not engaged in school or school-related activities, may subject the employee to discipline, up to and including termination. Possession in one's vehicle or in an area subject to the employee's control will be considered to be possession as though the substance were on the employee's person.

It shall not be necessary for an employee to test at a level demonstrating intoxication by any substance in order to be subject to the terms of this policy. Any physical manifestation of being under the influence of a substance may subject an employee to the terms of this policy. Those physical manifestations include, but are not limited to: unsteadiness; slurred speech; dilated or constricted pupils; incoherent and/or irrational speech; or the presence of an odor associated with a prohibited substance on one's breath or clothing.

Should an employee desire to provide the District with the results of a blood, breath or urine analysis, such results will be taken into account by the District only if the sample is provided within a time range that could provide meaningful results and only by a testing agency chosen or approved by the District. The District shall not request that the employee be tested, and the expense for such voluntary testing shall be borne by the employee.

Any incident at work resulting in injury to the employee requiring medical attention shall require the

employee to submit to a drug test, which shall be paid at the District's worker's compensation carrier's expense. Failure for the employee to submit to the drug test or a confirmed positive drug test indicating the use of illegal substances or the misuse of prescription medications shall be grounds for the denial of worker's compensation benefits in accordance with policy 8.36—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

Any employee who is charged with a violation of any state or federal law relating to the possession, use or distribution of illegal drugs, other controlled substances or alcohol, or of drug paraphernalia, must notify his immediate supervisor within five (5) week days (i.e., Monday through Friday, inclusive, excluding holidays) of being so charged. The supervisor who is notified of such a charge shall notify the Superintendent immediately.

If the supervisor is not available to the employee, the employee shall notify the Superintendent within the five (5) day period.

Any employee so charged is subject to discipline, up to and including termination. However, the failure of an employee to notify his supervisor or the Superintendent of having been so charged shall result in that employee being recommended for termination by the Superintendent.

Any employee convicted of any criminal drug statute violation for an offense that occurred while at work or in the performance of official duties while off district property shall report the conviction within 5 calendar days to the superintendent. Within 10 days of receiving such notification, whether from the employee or any other source, the district shall notify federal granting agencies from which it receives funds of the conviction. Compliance with these requirements and prohibitions is mandatory and is a condition of employment.

Any employee convicted of any state or federal law relating to the possession, use or distribution of illegal drugs, other controlled substances or alcohol, or of drug paraphernalia, shall be recommended for termination.

Any employee who must take prescription medication at the direction of the employee's physician, and who is impaired by the prescription medication such that he cannot properly perform his duties shall not report for duty. Any employee who reports for duty and is so impaired, as determined by his supervisor, will be sent home. The employee shall be given sick leave, if owed any. The District or employee will provide transportation for the employee, and the employee may not leave campus while operating any vehicle. It is the responsibility of the employee to contact his physician in order to adjust the medication, if possible, so that the employee may return to his job unimpaired. Should the employee attempt to return to work while impaired by prescription medications, for which the employee has a prescription, he will, again, be sent home and given sick leave, if owed any. Should the employee attempt to return to work while impaired by prescription medication a third time the employee may be subject to discipline, up to and including a recommendation of termination.

Any employee who possesses, uses, distributes or is under the influence of a prescription medication obtained by a means other than his own current prescription shall be treated as though he was in possession, possession with intent to deliver, or under the influence, etc. of an illegal substance. An illegal drug or other substance is one which is (a) not legally obtainable; or (b) one which is legally obtainable, but which has been obtained illegally. The District may require an employee to provide proof from his physician and/or pharmacist that the employee is lawfully able to receive such medication. Failure to provide such proof, to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, may result in discipline, up to and including a recommendation of termination.

A report to the appropriate licensing agency shall be filed within seven (7) days of:

- 1) A final disciplinary action taken against an employee resulting from the diversion, misuse, or abuse of illicit drugs or controlled substances; or
- 2) The voluntary resignation of an employee who is facing a pending disciplinary action resulting from the diversion, misuse, or abuse of illicit drugs or controlled substances.

The report filed with the licensing authority shall include, but not be limited to:

- The name, address, and telephone number of the person who is the subject of the report; and
- A description of the facts giving rise to the issuance of the report.

When the employee is not a healthcare professional, law enforcement will be contacted regarding any final disciplinary action taken against an employee for the diversion of controlled substances to one (1) or more third parties.

Legal References: 41 U.S.C. § 8101, 8103, and 8104

A.C.A. § 11-9-102 A.C.A. § 17-80-117

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.28M(a)—DRUG FREE WORKPLACE POLICY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

CERTIFICATION

I, hereby certify that I have been presented with a copy of the policy, that I have read the statement, and that I will abide by its terms as a condition.	District's drug-free workplace ondition of my employment with
Signature	
Date	

8.29—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL VIDEO SURVEILLANCE

The board has a responsibility to maintain discipline, protect the safety, security, and welfare of its students, staff, and visitors while at the same time safeguarding district facilities, vehicles, and equipment. As part of fulfilling this responsibility, the board authorizes the use of video/audio surveillance cameras. The placement of video/audio surveillance cameras shall be based on the presumption and belief that students, staff and visitors have no reasonable expectation of privacy anywhere on or near school property, facilities, vehicles, or equipment, with the exception of places such as rest rooms or dressing areas where an expectation of privacy is reasonable and customary.

Signs shall be posted on district property and in or on district vehicles to notify students, staff, and visitors that video cameras may be in use. Violations of school personnel policies or laws caught by the cameras may result in disciplinary action.

The district shall retain copies of video recordings until they are erased which may be accomplished by either deletion or copying over with a new recording.

Videos containing evidence of a violation of district personnel policies and/or state or federal law shall be retained until the issue of the misconduct is no longer subject to review or appeal as determined by board policy or staff handbook; any release or viewing of such records shall be in accordance with current law.

Staff who vandalize, damage, defeat, disable, or render inoperable (temporarily or permanently) surveillance cameras and equipment shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action and referral to appropriate law enforcement authorities.

Video recordings may become a part of a staff member's personnel record.

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012

8.30—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL REDUCTION IN FORCE

SECTION ONE

The School Board acknowledges its authority to conduct a reduction in force (RIF) when a decrease in enrollment or other reason(s) make such a reduction necessary or desirable. A RIF will be conducted when the need for a reduction in the work force exceeds the normal rate of attrition for that portion of the staff that is in excess of the needs of the district as determined by the superintendent.

In effecting a reduction in force, the primary goals of the school district shall be: what is in the best interests of the students; to maintain accreditation in compliance with the Standards of Accreditation for Arkansas Public Schools and/or the North Central Association; and the needs of the district. A reduction in force will be implemented when the superintendent determines it is advisable to do so and shall be effected through non-renewal, termination, or both. Any reduction in force will be conducted by evaluating the needs and long- and short-term goals of the school district in relation to the staffing of the district.

If a reduction in force becomes necessary, the RIF shall be conducted separately for each occupational category of classified personnel identified within the district on the basis of each employee's years of service. The employee within each occupational category with the least years of experience will be laid off first. The employee with the most years of employment in the district as compared to other employees in the same category shall be laid off last. In the event that employees within a given occupational category have the same length of service to the district the one with the earlier hire date, based on date of board action, will prevail.

When the District is conducting a RIF, all potentially affected classified employees shall receive a listing of the personnel within their category with corresponding totals of years of service. Upon receipt of the list, each employee has ten (10) working days within which to appeal his or her total years of service to the superintendent whose decision shall be final. Except for changes made pursuant to the appeals process, no changes will be made to the list that would affect an employee's total after the list is released.

Total years of service to the district shall include non-continuous years of service; in other words, an employee who left the district and returned later will have the total years of service counted, from all periods of employment. Working fewer than 160 days in a school year shall not constitute a year. Length of service in a licensed position shall not count for the purpose of length of service for a classified position. There is no right or implied right for any employee to "bump" or displace any other employee. This specifically does not allow a licensed employee who might wish to assume a classified position to displace a classified employee.

Pursuant to any reduction in force brought about by consolidation or annexation and as a part of it, the salaries of all employees will be brought into compliance, by a partial RIF if necessary, with the receiving district's salary schedule. Further adjustments will be made if length of contract or job assignments change. A Partial RIF may also be conducted in conjunction with any job reassignment whether or not it is conducted in relation to an annexation or consolidation.

For a period of up to two (2) years from the date of board action on the classified employee's non-renewal or termination recommendation under this policy, a classified employee shall be offered an opportunity to fill a classified vacancy comparable as to pay, responsibility and contract length to the

position from which the employee was non-renewed, and for which he or she is qualified. The non-renewed employee shall be eligible to be recalled for a period of two (2) years in reverse order of the non-renewal to any position for which he or she is qualified. No right of recall shall exist for non-renewal from a stipend, or non-renewal or reduction of a stipend, or non-renewal to reduce contract length.

Notice of vacancies to non-renewed employees shall be by first class mail to all employees reasonably believed to be both qualified for and subject to rehire for a particular position and they shall have 10 working days from the date the notification is mailed in which to conditionally accept or reject the offer of a position with the actual offer going to the qualified employee with the most years of service who responds within the 10 day time period. A lack of response, as evidenced by a teacher's failure to respond within 10 working days, or a non-renewed employee's express refusal of an offer of a position or an employee's acceptance of a position but failure to sign an employment contract within two business days of the contract being presented to the employee shall constitute a rejection of the offered position and shall end the district's obligation to rehire the non-renewed employee. No further rights to be rehired because of the reduction in force shall exist.

SECTION TWO

The employees of any school district which annexes to, or consolidates with, the Mayflower District will be subject to dismissal or retention at the discretion of the school board, on the recommendation of the superintendent, solely on the basis of need for such employees on the part of the Mayflower District, if any, at the time of the annexation or consolidation, or within ninety (90) days after the effective date of the annexation or consolidation. The need for any employee of the annexed or consolidated school district shall be determined solely by the superintendent and school board of the Mayflower District.

Such employees will not be considered as having any seniority within the Mayflower District and may not claim an entitlement under a reduction in force to any position held by a Mayflower District employee prior to, or at the time of, or prior to the expiration of ninety (90) days after the consolidation or annexation, if the notification provision below is undertaken by the superintendent.

The superintendent shall mail or have hand-delivered the notification to such employee of his intention to recommend non-renewal or termination pursuant to a reduction in force within ninety (90) days of the effective date of the annexation or consolidation in order to effect the provisions of this section of the Mayflower District's reduction-in-force policy. Any such employees who are non-renewed or terminated pursuant to Section Two are not subject to recall. Any such employees shall be paid at the rate for each person on the appropriate level on the salary schedule of the annexed or consolidated district during those ninety (90) days and/or through the completion of the reduction-in-force process.

This subsection of the reduction-in-force policy shall not be interpreted to provide that the superintendent must wait ninety (90) days from the effective date of the annexation or consolidation in order to issue notification of his intention to recommend dismissal through reduction-in-force, but merely that the superintendent has that period of time in which to issue notification so as to be able to invoke the provisions of this section.

The intention of this section is to ensure that those Mayflower District employees who are employed prior to the annexation or consolidation shall not be displaced by employees of the annexed or consolidated district by application of the reduction-in-force policy.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-2407

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2012

8.31—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL TERMINATION AND NON-RENEWAL

For procedures relating to the termination and non-renewal of classified employees, please refer to the Public School Employee Fair Hearing Act A.C.A. § 6-17-1701 through 1705. The Act specifically is not made a part of this policy by this reference.

A copy of the code is available in the office of the principal of each school building.

Legal reference: A.C.A. § 6-17-2301

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.32—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL ASSIGNMENTS

Appointments, insofar as possible, shall be made for specific positions with the concurrence of the Superintendent, Principal, and supervisors concerned.

The Board of Education reserves the right to assign or re-assign an employee to any position within the system provided the employee has the training, experience, and qualifications to make a worthwhile contribution to his/her assigned field. The employee's preference shall be taken into consideration whenever feasible.

Transfers may be necessary in the interest of efficiency and economy. Transfers may originate with the administration, principal, or the employee. The primary consideration for transfers shall be the needs of the school district.

Date Adopted:

May 13, 2008

8.33—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SCHOOL CALENDAR

The superintendent shall present to the personnel policies committee (PPC) a school calendar which the board has adopted as a proposal. The Superintendent, in developing the calendar, shall accept and consider recommendations from any staff member or group wishing to make calendar proposals. The PPC shall have the time prescribed by law and/or policy in which to make any suggested changes before the board may vote to adopt the calendar.

The District shall not establish a school calendar that interferes with any STATE scheduled testing that might jeopardize or limit the valid testing and comparison of student learning gains.

The Mayflower School District shall operate by the calendar adopted by the School Board and is located on the school web site.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-15-2907(f)

A.C.A. § 6-17-2301 State testing requirements

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.34—CLASSIFIFED PERSONNEL WHO ARE MANDATORY REPORTERS DUTY TO REPORT CHILD ABUSE, MALTREATMENT OR NEGLECT

It is the statutory duty of noncertified school district employees **who are mandatory reporters** and who have reasonable cause to suspect child abuse or maltreatment to directly and personally report these suspicions to the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline, by calling 1-800-482-5964. Failure to report suspected child abuse, maltreatment or neglect by calling the Hotline can lead to criminal prosecution and individual civil liability of the person who has this duty. Notification of local or state law enforcement does not satisfy the duty to report; only notification by means of the Child Abuse Hotline discharges this duty.

The duty to report suspected child abuse or maltreatment is a direct and personal duty for statutory mandatory reporters, and cannot be assigned or delegated to another person. There is no duty to investigate, confirm or substantiate statements a student may have made which form the basis of the reasonable cause to believe that the student may have been abused or subjected to maltreatment by another person; however, a person with a duty to report may find it helpful to make a limited inquiry to assist in the formation of a belief that child abuse, maltreatment or neglect has occurred, or to rule out such a belief². Employees and volunteers who call the Child Abuse Hotline in good faith are immune from civil liability and criminal prosecution.

By law, no school district or school district employee may prohibit or restrict an employee or volunteer **who is a mandatory reporter** from directly reporting suspected child abuse or maltreatment, or require that any person notify or seek permission from any person before making a report to the Child Abuse Hotline.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 12-18-107

A.C.A. § 12-18-201 et seq.

A.C.A. § 12-18-402

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012

8.34M(a) —CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL MILITARY LEAVE

Military leave shall be granted to any classified person who is inducted into or who enlists for active military service in time of war or other national emergency in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress requiring universal military service for meeting such emergency. Leave shall be granted without pay or benefits.

Military leave shall be granted to any classified person who is a member of a National Guard or Reserve Unit ordered to active duty by a proper authority in accordance with current lay. Leave shall be granted without pay or benefits.

Military leave shall be granted to any classified person serving short term assignments for a reserve unit or the National Guard provide the classified person submits evidence that the short term assignment is mandatory and the other than on contracted school time. Leave shall be granted without pay or benefits.

In addition to any and all other days off provided for school district employees, up to two (2) additional days with pay will be available for those employees with immediate family who are under deployment orders for any overseas or war-time military assignment. These days will be named Military Deployment Days.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008

8.35— OBTAINING and RELEASING STUDENT'S FREE AND REDUCED PRICE MEAL ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

Obtaining Eligibility Information

A fundamental underpinning of the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs (Programs) is that in their implementation, there will be no physical segregation of, discrimination against, or overt identification of children who are eligible for the Program's benefits. While the requirements of the Programs are defined in much greater detail in federal statutes and pertinent Code of Federal Regulations, this policy is designed to help employees understand prohibitions on how the student information is obtained and/or released through the Programs. Employees with the greatest responsibility for implementing and monitoring the Programs should obtain the training necessary to become fully aware of the nuances of their responsibilities.

The District is required to inform households with children enrolled in District schools of the availability of the Programs and of how the household may apply for Program benefits. However, the District and anyone employed by the district is **strictly forbidden** from **requiring** any household or student within a household from submitting an application to participate in the program. There are NO exceptions to this prohibition and it would apply, for example, to the offer of incentives for completed forms, or disincentives or negative consequences for failing to submit or complete an application. Put simply, federal law requires that the names of the children shall not be published, posted or announced in any manner.

In addition to potential federal criminal penalties that may be filed against a staff member who violates this prohibition, ¹ the employee shall be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Releasing Eligibility Information

As part of the district's participation in the National School Lunch Program and the School Breakfast Program, the district collects eligibility data from its students. The data's confidentiality is very important and is governed by federal law. The district has made the determination to release student eligibility status or information² as permitted by law. Federal law governs how eligibility data may be released and to whom. The district will take the following steps to ensure its confidentiality:

Some data may be released to government agencies or programs authorized by law to receive such data without parental consent, while other data may only be released after obtaining parental consent. In both instances, allowable information shall only be released on a need to know basis to individuals authorized to receive the data. The recipients shall sign an agreement with the district specifying the names or titles of the persons who may have access to the eligibility information. The agreement shall further specify the specific purpose(s) for which the data will be used and how the recipient(s) shall protect the data from further, unauthorized disclosures.

The superintendent shall designate the staff member(s) responsible for making eligibility determinations. Release of eligibility information to other district staff shall be limited to as few individuals as possible

who shall have a specific need to know such information to perform their job responsibilities. Principals, counselors, teachers, and administrators shall not have routine access to eligibility information or status.

Each staff person with access to individual eligibility information shall be notified of their personal liability for its unauthorized disclosure and shall receive appropriate training on the laws governing the restrictions of such information.

Legal References: Commissioner's Memos IA-05-018, FIN 09-041, IA 99-011, and FIN 13-018

ADE Eligibility Manual for School Meals Revised July 2008-2012 7 CFR 210.1 – 210.31

7 CFR 220.1 – 220.22 7 CFR 245.5, 245.6, 245.8 42 USC 1758(b) (6)

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.35M(a)—CLASSIFIED VACATION TIME

All full-time twelve month employees shall be allowed vacation time with full pay at the rate of one (1) day per contracted month, beginning with the first day of employment to a maximum of ten (10) days.

Vacation time earned for a school year must be taken by August 15th of each year with the exception of the custodians whose vacation time must be taken the second and third weeks following the close of school in the summer. The Superintendent has the right to reschedule these at his/her discretion and in the best interest of the school. There shall be no accumulation of vacation time beyond this date.

Any employee whose job responsibility involves direct contact with the students will not be allowed to be on vacation during the days students are in school.

Permission for vacation shall be obtained by submitting a written request through the employee's immediate supervisor to the Superintendent.

The Superintendent may deny an employee's request for a vacation day if such absence would, in the Superintendent's opinion, be disruptive to the educational process or hinder the operation of the school.

Adopted: May 13, 2008

Revised:

8.36—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WORKPLACE INJURIES and WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The district provides Workers' Compensation Insurance, as required by law. Employees who sustain **any** injury at work must immediately notify their immediate supervisor, or in the absence of their immediate supervisor notify Human Resources Director. An injured employee must fill out a Form N and the employee's supervisor will determine whether to report the claim or to file the paperwork if the injury requires neither medical treatment or lost work time. While many injuries will require no medical treatment or time lost at work, should the need for treatment arise later, it is important that there be a record that the injury occurred. All employees have a duty to provide information and make statements as requested for the purposes of the claim assessment and investigation.

For injuries requiring medical attention, the district will exercise its right to designate the initial treating physician and an injured employee will be directed to seek medical attention, if necessary, from a specific physician or clinic. In addition, the employee shall submit to a drug test, which shall be paid at district expense. Failure for the employee to submit to the drug test or a confirmed positive drug test indicating the use of illegal substances or the misuse of prescription medications shall be grounds for the denial of worker's compensation benefits.

A Workers' Compensation absence may run concurrently with FMLA leave (policy 8.23) when the injury is one that meets the criteria for a serious health condition. To the extent that workers compensation benefits and FMLA leave run concurrently, the employee will be charged for any paid leave accrued by the employee at the rate necessary to bring the total amount of combined income up to 100% of usual contracted daily rate of pay. If the health care provider treating the employee for the workers compensation injury certifies the employee is able to return to a "light duty job," but is unable to return to the employee's same or equivalent job, the employee may decline the District's offer of a "light duty job." As a result, the employee may lose his/her workers' compensation payments, but for the duration of the employee's FMLA leave, the employee will be paid for the leave to the extent that the employee has accrued applicable leave.

Employees who are absent from work in the school district due to a Workers' Compensation claim may not work at a non-district job until they have returned to full duties at their same or equivalent district job; those who violate this prohibition may be subject to discipline up to and including termination. This prohibition does NOT apply to an employee whose has been cleared by his/her doctor to return to "light duty" but the District has no such position available for the employee and the employee's second job qualifies as "light duty".

To the extent an employee has accrued sick leave and a WC claim has been filed, an employee:

- Will be charged for a day's sick leave for the all days missed until such time as the WC claim has been approved or denied;
- Whose WC claim is accepted by the WC insurance carrier as compensable and who is absent for eight or
 more days shall be charged sick leave at the rate necessary, when combined with WC benefits, to bring the
 total amount of combined income up to 100% of the employee's usual contracted daily rate of pay;
- Whose WC claim is accepted by the WC insurance carrier as compensable and is absent for 14 or more days will be credited back that portion of sick leave for the first seven (7) days of absence that is not necessary to have brought the total amount of combined income up to 100% of the employee's usual contracted gross pay.

Cross Reference: 3.32—CERTIFIED PERSONNEL FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

Legal References: Ark. Workers Compensation Commission RULE 099.33 - MANAGED

CARE

A.C.A. § 11-9-102

A.C.A. § 11-9-508(d)(5)(A) A.C.A. § 11-9-514(a)(3)(A)(i)

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.37—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL SOCIAL NETWORKING AND ETHICS

District staff are encouraged to use educational technology, the Internet, and professional/education social networks to help raise student achievement and to improve communication with parents and students. However, technology and social networking websites also offer staff many ways they can present themselves unprofessionally and/or interact with students inappropriately.

It is the duty of each staff member to appropriately manage all interactions with students, regardless of whether contact or interaction with a student occurs face-to-face or by means of technology, to ensure that the appropriate staff/student relationship is maintained. This includes instances when students initiate contact or behave inappropriately themselves.

Public school employees are, and always have been, held to a high standard of behavior. Staff members are reminded that whether specific sorts of contacts are permitted or not specifically forbidden by policy, they will be held to a high standard of conduct in all their interactions with students. Failure to create, enforce and maintain appropriate professional and interpersonal boundaries with students could adversely affect the District's relationship with the community and jeopardize the employee's employment with the district.

Definitions:

Social networking websites are online groups of Internet users allowing communication between multiple individuals. The fundamental purpose of social networking websites is to socialize. Examples include, but are not limited to, Facebook, MySpace, and Twitter. Staff members are discouraged from creating personal social networking sites to which they invite students to be friends or followers. Employees taking such action do so at their own risk and are advised to monitor the site's privacy settings regularly.

Professional/education social networks are education oriented websites designed to allow and encourage staff and students to communicate and collaborate around school subjects and projects. District employees may set up blogs and other professional/education social networking accounts using District resources and following District guidelines¹ to promote communications with students, parents, and the community concerning school-related activities and for the purpose of supplementing classroom instruction. Accessing professional/education social networks during school hours is permitted.

Blogs are a type of networking and can be either social or professional in their orientation. Professional blogs, approved by the principal or his/her designee, are encouraged and can provide a place for staff to inform students and parents on school related activities. Social blogs are discouraged to the extent they involve staff and students in a non-education oriented format.

Staff is reminded that the same relationship, exchange, interaction, information, or behavior that would be unacceptable in a non-technological medium, is unacceptable when done through the use of technology. In fact, due to the vastly increased potential audience digital dissemination presents, extra caution must be exercised by staff to ensure they don't cross the line of acceptability. A good rule of thumb for staff to use is, "if you wouldn't say it face-to-face in a group, don't say it online."

Whether permitted or not specifically forbidden by policy, or when expressed in an adult-to-adult, face-to-face context, what in other mediums of expression could remain private opinions, when expressed by staff on a social networking website, have the potential to be disseminated far beyond the speaker's desire or intention.

This could undermine the public's perception of the individual's fitness to interact with students, thus undermining the employee's effectiveness. In this way, the expression and publication of such opinions, could potentially lead to disciplinary action being taken against the staff member, up to and including termination or nonrenewal of the contract of employment.

Accessing social networking websites for personal use during school hours is prohibited, except during breaks or preparation periods. Staff is discouraged from accessing social networking websites on personal equipment during their breaks and/or preparation periods because, while this is not prohibited, it may give the public appearance that such access is occurring during instructional time. Staff shall not access social networking websites using district equipment at any time, including during breaks or preparation periods, except in an emergency situation or with the express prior permission of administration. All school district employees who participate in social networking websites shall not post any school district data, documents, photographs, logos, or other district owned or created information on any website. Further, the posting of any private or confidential school district material on such websites is strictly prohibited.

Specifically, the following forms of technology based interactivity or connectivity are expressly permitted or forbidden:²

² What is and is not acceptable staff/student interaction on social networking websites is an education community decision, and will vary from district to district. As a general rule, the greater the degree of real-life connections and interactivity between staff and students that normally occur in the community, the greater the tolerance will be for virtual connections and interactivity. Use the following list to help guide discussions with staff to determine which items should be included in the policy and with what modifications/stipulations. It is as important to include in the policy what **is** permitted as what **is not** permitted. Your discussions may elicit additional bullets to include in the policy.

- Sharing personal landline or cell phone numbers with students;
- Text messaging students;
- Emailing students other than through and to school controlled and monitored accounts;
- Soliciting students as friends or contacts on social networking websites;

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012

8.37M(a)—CLASSIFIED SICK LEAVE REIMBURSEMENT AT RETIREMENT

Personnel who have been employed the last ten (10) continual, full years in the Mayflower School District and who retire under the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System shall be eligible to receive payment for unused sick leave that has been accumulated.

The reimbursement rate will be calculated at the licensed substitute teacher daily rate of pay times the number of unused sick days, up to a maximum of 120 days. They are also eligible to be paid for sick leave over 120 days as per 8.41M(a)--- ANNUAL PAY FOR UNUSED SICK LEAVE

Adopted: May 13, 2008 Revised: June 5, 2017

8.38—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL VACATIONS

240 day contracted employees are credited with 10 days of vacation at the beginning of each fiscal year. This is based on the assumption that a full contract year will be worked. If an employee fails to finish the contract year due to resignation or termination, the employee's final check will be reduced at the rate of .833 days per month, or major portion of a month, for any days used but not earned.

All vacation time must be approved, in advance to the extent practicable, by the superintendent or designee who shall consider the staffing needs of the district in making his/her determination. If vacation is requested, but not approved, and the employee is absent from work in spite of the vacation denial, disciplinary action will be taken against the employee, which may include termination or nonrenewal.

No employee shall be entitled to more than 15 days of vacation as of the first day of each fiscal year. The permissible carry forward includes the 10 days credited upon the start of the fiscal year. Employees having accrued vacation totaling more than 15 days as of the date this policy is implemented shall not be eligible to increase the number of days carried forward during their employment with the district.³ Earned but unused vacation will be paid upon resignation, retirement, termination, or nonrenewal at the employee's current daily rate of pay.

Date Adopted: June 4, 2012 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.38M(a)—CLASSIFIED BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

In addition to sick/personal leave, any full-time employee shall be allowed 5 days bereavement leave upon suffering the death of a spouse, your or your spouse's child, grandchild, parent, grandparent, or sibling without loss of pay or sick leave.

Adopted: May 13, 2008 Revised: June 19, 2008

8.38M(b)—CLASSIFIED RETIREMENT

All CLASSIFIED employees including secretaries, aides, tutors, custodians, bus drivers, maintenance and lunch room personnel shall be members of the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System as required by law.

The choice to being a contributory member (with current rate of gross salary being contributed to the system) or that of being a non-certified member is provided to each CLASSIFIED employee.

Adopted: May 13, 2008

Revised:

8.39—DEPOSITING COLLECTED FUNDS

(Part of this policy is already covered in 7.7 Cash in classrooms.)

Staff that uses any funds collected in the course of their employment for personal purposes, or who deposit such funds in a personal account, may be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Date adopted: June 4, 2012 Last Revised: May 4, 2015

8.40—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL WEAPONS ON CAMPUS

Firearms

Except as permitted by this policy, no employee of this school district, including those who may possess a "concealed carry permit" (except as allowed by ACT 1078 of 2015), shall possess a firearm on any District school campus or in or upon any school bus or at a District designated bus stop.

Employees who meet one or more of the following conditions are permitted to bring a firearm onto school property.

- He/she is participating in a school-approved educational course or program involving the use of firearms such as ROTC programs, hunting safety or military education, or before or after-school hunting or rifle clubs;
- The firearms are securely stored and located in an employee's on-campus personal residence and/or immediately adjacent parking area;²
- He/she is a registered, commissioned security guard acting in the course and scope of his/her duties.
- He/she has a valid conceal carry license and leaves his/her handgun in his/her locked vehicle in the district parking lot.

Possession of a firearm by a school district employee who does not fall under any of the above categories anywhere on school property, including parking areas and in or upon a school bus, will result in disciplinary action being taken against the employee, which may include termination or nonrenewal of the employee.

Other Weapons

An employee may possess a pocket knife which for the purpose of this policy is defined as a knife that can be folded into a case and has a blade or blades of less than three (3) inches or less each. An employee may carry, for the purpose of self-defense, a small container of tear gas, mace or pepper spray which for the purpose of this policy is defined as having a capacity of 150cc or less. Employees are expected to safeguard such items in such as way as to ensure they are not possessed by students. Such items are not to be used against students, parents or other school district employees. Possession of weapons, knives or self-defense items that do not comply with the limits contained herein, the failure of an employee to safeguard such items, or the use of such items against students, parents or other school district employees may result in disciplinary action being taken against the employee, which may include termination or nonrenewal of the employee.

Employees who are participating in a Civil War reenactment may bring a Civil War era weapon onto campus with prior permission of the building principal. If the weapon is a firearm, the firearm must be unloaded.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 5-73-119

A.C.A. § 5-73-120

A.C.A. § 5-73-124(a)(2)

A.C.A. § 5-73-301 A.C.A. § 5-73-306

A.C.A. § 6-5-502

Date Adopted: May 4, 2015 Last Revised:

8.40M(a)—PAY PERIODS

Employees shall be employed for an appropriate number of days based on the job description and need of the School District. Bus drivers will be employed for a number of days to be determined annually.

The annual salaries of personnel shall be paid in twenty-four (24) equal installments to be paid on the 10th and 25th of each month excluding bus drivers which will be paid nineteen (19) equal installments. In the event of an employee's contract being terminated due to death, change in family residence, or other personal reasons, proper adjustment will be made to carry out requirements of the contract in regard to amount due to the employee.

In the event of the death of an employee who is under contract, compensation will be made in the amount to be determined based on accumulated sick leave the employee has to his/her credit and his/her daily rate of pay.

Date Adopted: May 13, 2008 Last Revised: May 9, 2011

8.41(a)—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL HEALTH CARE COVERAGE REPORTING

Definitions

"ACA" is the Affordable Care Act

"Full-time employee", for purposes of this policy, means a classified employee who is in a position requiring on average thirty (30) hours of actual performance per week.

"Responsible individual" means a primary insured employee who, as a parent or spouse, enrolls one or more individuals in a district's health care plan.

"Tax Identification Number (TIN)" means an individual's social security account number. 1

"Variable hour employee", for the purposes of this policy, means an individual who has no base minimum number of hours required per week. A variable hour employee is not eligible for health insurance through the District.

TIN Reporting

All classified employees are required to complete and return 8.41F-Health Care Coverage and TIN Report Form² by no later than October 1³ of each year. All employees that meet the **above** definition of a responsible individual are required to include the name, date of birth, and TIN of any dependent that receives health insurance through a District offered health care plan. Due to very significant penalties and sanctions contained within the ACA that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) could levy against the District for the failure to submit required information to the IRS, the failure of any employee to submit a completed copy of 8.41F-Health Care Coverage and TIN Report Form by October 1³ shall be grounds for disciplinary action against the employee up to and including termination or non-renewal of contract.

Statement of Return

Under provisions of the ACA, the District is required to file information with the IRS pertaining to each employee. The District is also required to send each full time employee a Statement of Return (Statement). Each full-time employee shall receive a Statement from the District by January 31 of each year. The Statement contains information the District provided to the IRS, as required by law, regarding the employee's health insurance coverage. Each Statement consists of important District identification and contact information and a copy of the documents the District filed with the IRS concerning the employee's health care coverage. As with other tax documents, the information contained in the Statements covers the immediately preceding calendar year. Only one statement will be provided to a household with an employee who meets the **above** definition of a responsible individual. The employee shall receive a paper copy of the Statement unless the employee completes and returns 7.23F-Electronic Receipt of Statements Consent Form.

Cross References: 7.23-Health Care Coverage and the Affordable Care Act

7.23F-Electronic Receipt of Statements Consent Form 8.41F-Health Care Coverage and TIN Report Form

Legal References: A.C.A. § 21-5-410

26 U.S.C. § 6055 26 U.S.C. § 6056 26 U.S.C. § 6109

Date Adopted: May 4, 2015 Last Updated:

8.41(b)— WRITTEN CODE OF CONDUCT FOR EMPLOYEES INVOLVED IN PROCUREMENT WITH FEDERAL FUNDS

For purposes of this policy, "Family member" includes:

- An individual's spouse;
- Children of the individual or children of the individual's spouse;
- The spouse of a child of the individual or the spouse of a child of the individual's spouse;
- Parents of the individual or parents of the individual's spouse;
- Brothers and sisters of the individual or brothers and sisters of the individual's spouse;
- Anyone living or residing in the same residence or household with the individual or in the same residence or household with the individual's spouse; or
- Anyone acting or serving as an agent of the individual or as an agent of the individual's spouse.
- 1. No District employee, administrator, official, or agent shall participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by Federal funds, including the District Child Nutrition Program funds, if a conflict of interest exists, whether the conflict is real or apparent. Conflicts of interest arise when one or more of the following has a financial or other interest in the entity selected for the contract:
- 2. The employee, administrator, official, or agent;
- 3. Any family member of the District employee, administrator, official, or agent;
- 4. The employee, administrator, official, or agent's partner; or
- 5. An organization that currently employs or is about to employ one of the above.

Employees, administrators, officials, or agents shall not solicit or accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors, potential contractors, or parties to sub-agreements including, but not limited to:

- a) Entertainment;
- b) Hotel rooms;
- c) Transportation;
- d) Gifts;
- e) Meals; or
- f) Items of over the value of \$50.00.

Violations of the Code of Conduct shall result in discipline, up to and including termination. The District reserves the right to pursue legal action for violations.

All District personnel involved in purchases with Federal funds, including child nutrition personnel, shall receive training on the Code of Conduct. Training should include guidance about how to respond when a gratuity, favor, or item with monetary value is offered.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-24-101 et seq.

Arkansas Department of Education Rules Governing the Ethical Guidelines And Prohibitions For Educational Administrators, Employees, Board Members And Other Parties

Commissioner's Memo FIN 09-036 Commissioner's Memo FIN-10-048 Commissioner's Memo FIN 15-074 2 C.F.R. § 200.318 7 C.F.R. § 3016.36 7 C.F.R. § 3019.42

Date Adopted: May 4, 2015

8.41F—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL HEALTH CARE COVERAGE AND TIN REPORT FORM

The District requires all classified employees to complete the following form **each year** and return it to the District's administrative office by October 1. In accordance with Arkansas law, the District shall not use, display, release, or print any of the information on this form for any other purpose than to comply with IRS regulations.

Definition

Health Insurance Information

"Tax Identification Number (TIN)" means an individual's social security account number.

Name:			
TIN:	Date of Birth:		
Please select the box that most accurately describes your health insurance coverage for the current year :			
Neither I nor any of my insurance plans during the curr	•	nealth insurance through one of the District's health to coverage through District)	
I alone received health calendar year. (Employee only		of the District's health insurance plans during the current District)	
Both I and my dependant(s) received health insurance through a District's family or spousal health insurance plan during the current calendar year . A spouse is included in the definition of a dependent. (Employee plus children, Employee plus spouse, Employee plus spouse and children)			
If you had a family or spousal health care plan during the current year, please complete the following:			
Dependant 1: Name:	TIN:	Date of Birth:	
Dependant 2: Name:	TIN:	Date of Birth:	
Dependant 3: Name:	TIN:	Date of Birth:	
Dependant 4: Name:	TIN:	Date of Birth:	
Signature:		Date:	

8.41M(a)—ANNUAL PAY FOR UNUSED SICK LEAVE

Maximum sick leave is one (1) day per month, ordinarily ten (10) days per year. It may accumulate to a maximum of one hundred twenty (120) days, if not fully used. At the end of each school year, employees will be paid a bonus of \$65.00 per day for any unused sick leave after reaching the 120 day maximum accumulation, with the maximum bonus being for ten (10) days or one (1) day per month of employment in any given year.

Date Adopted: June 7, 2010 Last Revised: April 6, 2015

8.42—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL BUS DRIVER END of ROUTE REVIEW

Each bus driver shall walk inside the bus from the front to the back to make sure that all students have gotten off the bus after each trip. If a child is discovered through the bus walk, the driver will immediately notify the central office and make arrangements for transporting the child appropriately. If children are left on the bus after the bus walk through has been completed and the driver has left the bus for that trip, the driver shall be subject to discipline up to and including termination.

Date Adopted: May 4, 2015

8.42M(a)—STAFF ATTENDANCE POLICY

Objective: To improve staff attendance as this has a direct impact on student learning. Goals:

- 1. To provide incentives for staff to attend work.
- 2. To provide a professional and acceptable work environment for all staff.
- 3. Encourage staff to save leave for unexpected medical emergencies.
- 4. To ensure high quality substitutes when staff are absent.

Actions:

- 1. Staff are to provide evidence of their leave (either full or part day) on return to work when acceptable and/or requested. This can take the form of professional notes or documentation suitable to the type of leave. This is to verify the length of leave. The immediate supervisor is responsible for determining this evidence. In areas of uncertainty the Superintendent will make the final decision.
- 2. Staff members who take 3days or less leave (not to include school business) a semester will be paid \$200.00 as an incentive for good attendance. Part time staff will receive half of this entitlement: i.e. 1.5 days or less leave a semester will be paid \$100.00.
- 3. To ensure quality substitute staff the following will occur:
 - 1. Substitutes are required to take training before they work.
 - 2. Training is to be updated annually for each substitute.
 - 3. Video training is acceptable for substitutes who want to start work during the year.
 - 4. Administrators are to certify that the training has occurred.
- 4. Staff is to avoid professional development activities during school hours. Professional development that can be completed during the summer is to be done at this time.
 - . No classroom teacher can be absent more than five school days for Professional Development unless required by ADE or the School District.
 - . Out of State Professional Development is only permitted outside of the school year unless required by ADE or the School District

Conclusion:

This policy addresses the issue of teacher attendance and provides for incentives to attend. It also provides guidelines for the professional development and quality substitutes.

Date Adopted: May 9, 2011 Last Revised: April 6, 2015

8.43—CLASSIFIED PERSONNEL USE OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Employees whose job duties require the use or wearing of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) shall use or wear the prescribed PPE at all times while performing job duties that expose employees to potential injury or illness. Examples of PPE include, but are not limited to:¹

- Head and face protection:
 - Hard hat;
 - o Bump cap;
 - Welding helmet;
 - Safety goggles;
 - Safety glasses;
 - o Face shield;
- Respiratory protection:
 - Dust/mist mask;
 - Half-face canister respirators;
- Hearing protection:
 - Ear plugs;
 - Ear muffs;
- Hand protection, which is based on hazard exposure(s) and type(s) of protection needed:
 - Leather;
 - Latex;
 - o Rubber;
 - o Nitrile;
 - Kevlar;
 - o Cotton;
- Body protection:
 - Welding apron;
 - Welding jackets;
 - Coveralls/Tyvek suits;
- Foot Protection:
 - Metatarsal protection;
 - Steel toed boots/shoes;
 - Slip resistant shoes;
- Fall Protection:
 - o Belts, harnesses, lanyards;
 - Skylight protection;
 - Safe ladders;
 - Scissor lifts.

Employees operating a school-owned vehicle that is equipped with seat belts for the operator shall be secured by the seat belt at all times the employee is operating the vehicle. If the vehicle is equipped with seat belts for passengers, the employee operating the vehicle shall not put the vehicle into motion until all passengers are secured by a seat belt. Employees traveling in, but not operating, a school owned vehicle that is equipped with seat belts for passengers shall be secured by a seat belt at all times the vehicle is in motion.

Employees who fail to use or wear the prescribed PPE required by their job duties put themselves and co-workers at risk of sustaining personal injuries. Employees who are found to be performing job duties without using or wearing the necessary PPE required by the employee's job duties may be disciplined, up to and including termination.

A supervisor may be disciplined, up to and including termination, if the supervisor:

- 1. Fails to ensure the employee has the prescribed PPE before the employee assumes job duties requiring such equipment;
- 2. Fails to provide an employee replacement PPE when necessary in order for the employee to continue to perform the job duties that require the PPE; or
- 3. Instructs the employee to perform the employee's job duties without the prescribed PPE required by those job duties.

An employee shall **not** be disciplined for refusing to perform job duties that require the employee to use/wear PPE if:

- a. The employee has not been provided the prescribed PPE; or
- b. The PPE provided to the employee is damaged or worn to the extent that the PPE would not provide adequate protection to the employee.

An employee's immediate Supervisor is responsible for providing the employee training on the proper use, care, and maintenance of any and all PPE that the employee may be required to use.

Cross Reference: 8.11—OVERTIME, COMPTIME, and COMPLYING WITH FLSA

Date Adopted: May 7, 2018

8.44(M2) Time Sheet Procedures

Mayflower School District will utilize a time sheet for classified staff. This is the official time record for employee compensation. To provide uniformity the following shall apply.

TIME CALCULATIONS

Every employee has assigned working hours. Sign in at the beginning of the work day/shift and sign out at the end of the assigned work day/shift. Employees are required to sign in accurately at the correct time of starting and finishing work.

Sign out at the beginning of your lunch period and sign in at the end of your lunch period.

Employees are to utilize the sign in sheets provided.

Any deviation from the assigned working hours MUST be approved **in advance** by the employee's supervisor.

Continual and/or repeat deviations from assigned working hours will be grounds for disciplinary action. These deviations may include, but are not limited to, time changes that did not have prior approval, tardiness, and signing in/out early or late.

In the event an occasional infraction of the assigned working hours occurs there will be a 7-minute grace period. More than the 7-minute grace period will be counted at 15-minute increments. Infractions resulting in Over Time will be paid only when Over Time has been authorized.

Any time an employee leaves the campus during the workday, on other than work related business, the employee must "sign-out." Upon returning to work, the employee must "sign-in."

If the calculations result in the loss of any time then the policies and procedures for Leave of Absence reporting do apply. An Employee Leave Request must be completed and approved. (NOTE: Vacation time, compensatory time and leave must be approved in advance as per leave policy.)

It is not acceptable to sign in/out another employee. Falsification of records or documents is a violation of this policy and will result in both employees receiving disciplinary action in accordance with policy. The first offense will result in termination.

Employees may be allowed the opportunity to work early or late to complete their assigned workday to prevent a loss of pay. They must have permission of their supervisor in advance. This opportunity will be allowed only occasionally (not more than 2 times per month). Time made up must not interfere with scheduled events or adversely impact the work schedules or the needs of the School District. The time missed and made up must occur in the same pay week as the lost time. The time cannot be more than two hours per occurrence. This opportunity is at the digression of the supervisor and can be denied if it interferes with the needs of the School District.

TIME SHEET PROCEDURES

The Time Sheet Procedures to be followed are as follows:

- A) Sign in at the beginning of the work day/shift and sign out at the end of the assigned work day/shift.
- B) Sign out at the beginning of your lunch period and sign in at the end of your lunch period.
- C) It will not be necessary to sign in and out for the morning and afternoon 15 minute breaks.
- D) Employees are to clock in and out at on their assigned time sheet.
- E) Should you forget, lose or otherwise fail to sign in or out, you are required to notify your immediate supervisor as soon as possible.
- F) Failure to sign in or out and failure to notify your immediate supervisor more than once in a continuous three (3) month period, will result in disciplinary action being taken.
- G) Continuous failure to sign in or out even if the immediate supervisor is notified may be considered abuse of these procedures and will result in disciplinary action being taken.
- H) Sign in and sign out is required for regularly scheduled work time, overtime and emergency call out.
 - When called out for an emergency the employee should sign in and out as they do for a normal work day once they report for work.
 - Less than one (1) hour, then the maximum compensation time received is one (1) hour.
 - When called out for an emergency is more than one (1) hour, then the maximum compensation time received is the actual time from sign in to sign out. If you fail to sign out proof of departure time will be required to substantiate hours worked.
 - The employee can only be called out for an emergency by his/her supervisor, an Assistant Principal, Athletic Director, Principal, Assistant Superintendent or Superintendent.
 - Compensatory time is to be used instead of paid over time and be taken the week the emergency occurred. Overtime will only be paid with the Superintendent approval.
 - Normal policies and practices for overtime will be followed. If an employee is scheduled to work (not an emergency), then the employee's work schedule may be adjusted not to exceed 40 hours per workweek, if possible. A workweek is Sunday through Saturday. (Example: If you schedule work to be done on a Sunday, then time off should be granted before Sunday so it will be within the same work week to avoid overtime.)

Date Adopted: June 25, 2012 Last Revised: December, 1, 2015

8.44(M) Bus Driver Mandatory Meeting Compensation

Bus Drivers will receive compensation for attending mandatory meetings held outside their contracted hours. Compensation shall be paid at a rate of Minimum Wage plus 75 cents per hour (minimum of 2 hours).

Date Adopted: April 4, 2012