# SECTION 7—BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- 7.1—FISCAL YEAR (10/11/04)
- 7.2—ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET (5/12/14)
- 7.3—MILLAGE RATE (10/11/04)
- 7.4—GRANTS AND SPECIAL FUNDING (10/11/04)
- 7.5—PURCHASES OF COMMODITIES (4/13/15)
- 7.5F—COMMODITIES BIDDER AFFADAVID (10/11/04)
- **7.6—ACTIVITY ACCOUNT (10/11/04)**
- 7.7—CASH IN CLASSROOMS (10/11/04)
- **7.8—PERSONAL PROPERTY**(10/11/04)
- **7.9—PROPERTY INSURANCE** (10/11/04)
- 7.10—PUBLIC USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS (10/11/04)
- 7.11—USE OF SCHOOL FUNDS FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES (10/11/04)
- 7.12—EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT (6/9/11)
- 7.13—FEDERAL GOVERNMENT GRANT FUNDS(3/12/07)
- 7.14—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION (4/13/15)
- 7.15—MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF DISTRICT PROPERTY (5/18/15)
- 7.16—DISPOSAL OF NON-NEGOTIATED CHECKS OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY (5/24/10)
- 7.17—USE OF DISTRICT CELL PHONES AND COMPUTERS (6/2810)
- 7.18—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY (6/2810)
- 7.19—SERVICE ANIMALS IN DISTRICT FACILITIES (5/12/14)
- 7.20—ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS (8/12/13)
- 7.21—NAMING SCHOOL FACILITIES (8/12/13)
- 7.23— HEALTH CARE COVERAGE AND THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT (4/13/15)
- 7.23F— LICENSED PERSONNEL ELECTRONIC RECEIPT OF STATEMENTS CONSENT FORM
- (5/12/14)
- 7.24 ADVERTISING ON SCHOOL BUSES
- 7.25 FOOD SERVICE PREPAYMENT
- 7.25.1 EXCESS FOOD

# 7.1—FISCAL YEAR

The District's fiscal year shall begin July 1 and end on the following June 30.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-20-410

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.2—ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET

The Superintendent shall be responsible for the preparation of the annual operating budget for the District. The Superintendent shall present the budget to the Board for its review, modification, and approval.

The budget shall be prepared in the electronic format as prescribed by the State Board of Education and filed with the Arkansas Department of Education no later than September 30 of each year.

The approved budget shall provide for expenditures that are within anticipated revenues and reserves. The District Treasurer shall present monthly reconciliation reports and a statement on the general financial condition of the District monthly to the Board.

Any changes made to the budget shall be in accordance with District policy and state law.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-914

A.C.A. § 6-13-701(e)(3) A.C.A. § 6-20-2202

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004 Last Revised: May 12, 2014

# 7.3—MILLAGE RATE

The Board shall publish, at least sixty (60) days in advance of the school election at which the annual ad valorem property tax for the district is decided by the electors, the District's proposed budget, together with a millage rate sufficient to provide the funds necessary for the District's operation.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-13-622

Arkansas Constitution: Article 14 Section 3 (c) as amended by Amendment 74

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.4—GRANTS AND SPECIAL FUNDING

The Superintendent or his/her designee may apply for grants or special funding for the District. Any grants or special funding that require matching District resources shall receive Board approval prior to the filing of the grant's or special resource's application.

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

#### 7.5—PURCHASES AND PROCUREMENT

Purchases shall be made in accordance with State laws and procurement procedures governing school purchases that are deemed to be in the best interest of the District and are the result of fair and open competition between qualified bidders and suppliers. No bids shall be taken for professional services.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

"Commodities" are all supplies, goods, material, equipment, computers, software, machinery, facilities, personal property, and services, other than personal and professional services, purchased on behalf of the District.

"micro-purchases" are purchases with a value of less than three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) when purchased with Federal funds.

"Professional services" are legal, financial advisory, architectural, engineering, construction management, and land surveying professional consultant services.

"Specifications" means a technical description or other description of the physical and/or functional characteristics of a commodity.

#### **Commodities**

The superintendent shall develop procedures for the procurement of micro-purchases that provide for the distribution of purchases between eligible vendors to the extent possible.

Purchases of commodities with a purchase price of more than \$20,500 require prior Board approval; however, if an emergency exists, the Superintendent may waive this requirement.

The district shall notify in writing all actual or prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors who make a written request to the district for notification of opportunities to bid. The notification shall be made in sufficient time to allow actual or prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors to submit a bid or other appropriate response. The board shall accept bids submitted electronically by email or fax for any and all district purchases, unless specified to be submitted by other means or methods, and except those bids which have been specified to have a designated date upon which the bids shall be opened. The superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring submitted bids, whether written, faxed, or emailed, are retained in accordance with policy 7.15—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION.

The district will not solicit bids or otherwise contract for a sum greater than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) with vendors that are on the "excluded parties list" if the contract is to be paid from federal grant funds.

All purchases for a Federal program with an estimated purchase price between three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) and twenty thousand five hundred dollars (\$20,500) and all purchases of commodities with an estimated purchase price that equals or exceeds twenty thousand five hundred dollars (\$20,500) shall be procured by soliciting bids. Specifications shall be devised for all commodities to be bid that are specific enough to ensure uniformity of the bid and yet not so restrictive that it would prevent competitive bidding. The bid specifications shall

not include the name or identity of any specific vendor. The Board reserves the right to reject all bids and to purchase the commodity by negotiating a contract. In such an instance, each responsible bidder who submitted a bid shall be notified and given a reasonable opportunity to negotiate.

Bids shall be awarded after careful examination of the details of the bid to determine the best overall value to the District. In instances where the low bid was not accepted, a statement of the reasons the low bid was not accepted shall be attached to the bid. Bidders submitting written bids shall be notified in writing of the bid award.

Whenever possible, a preference will be given to minority and women owned businesses.

The following commodities may be purchased without soliciting bids provided that the purchasing official determines in writing that it is not practicable to use other than the required or designated commodity or service, and a copy of the written determination is attached to the purchase order:

- 1. Commodities in instances of an unforeseen and unavoidable emergency;
- 2. Commodities available only from the federal government;
- 3. Utility services;
- 4. Used equipment and machinery; and
- 5. Commodities available only from a single source.

The District may purchase a new motor vehicle, other than a school bus, without soliciting bids if, at the time of the purchase, the:

- a. Purchase is from a motor vehicle dealer licensed in Arkansas;
- b. Purchase price of the motor vehicle does not exceed the fleet price awarded by the Office of State Procurement; and
- c. Motor vehicle to be purchased is the same make and model motor vehicle as the make and model the fleet price was awarded for by the Office of State Procurement.

Prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors may appeal to the district's superintendent if they believe the district failed to follow district bidding and purchasing policy or state law.

Any award of a contract shall be subject to revocation for ten (10) working days from:

- The initial awarding of the contract; or
- o If an appeal is received, resolution of the appeal.

The intent is to provide prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors the opportunity to appeal the bid award if they believe the facts warrant an appeal. Any appeal shall be **in writing by certified mail** and received by the district office, "attention to the superintendent" within seven (7) calendar days following the initial and revocable award of the contract.

If the district receives an appeal of a bid award, they shall notify, in writing, those prospective bidders, offerors, or contractors who have made a written request to the district for notification of opportunities to bid that an appeal has been submitted. The notification shall state:

- that the contract award has been halted pending resolution of the appeal and could be revoked;
- the reasons for the appeal;
- that the recipient of the letter may respond to the protested issues identified in the appeal;

- the date the decision on the appeal will be made and notification sent;
- that if the appeal is upheld, the bidding process will-be re-opened;
- that if the bidding is re-opened, changes will be made to the request for bids as necessary to satisfy the reasons for upholding the appeal.

The sole authority to resolve any appeal made relating to this policy shall rest with the superintendent. The superintendent's decision shall be final and conclusive. In the event the district upholds an appeal, the sole responsibility of the district to the aggrieved bidder(s) shall be the re-opening of the bidding process.

The District reserves the right to extend or renew a contract that was previously awarded under the process governed by this policy and law, provided the extension or renewal meet the following criteria:

- 1. The equipment and services provided under the extended or renewed contract meets or exceeds the specifications of the original bid.
- 2. The extended or renewed contract agreement complies with the state of Arkansas's documentation requirements.
- 3. The cost of the extended or renewed contract is the same or less than the original contract.
- 4. The extension or renewal is approved by the local school board.

#### **Professional Services**

The District does not use a bidding process when procuring professional services. Instead, when the District needs to procure professional services, the District shall:

- 1. Select three (3) qualified firms;
- 2. Determine the most qualified firm by considering, at a minimum, the:
  - Specialized experience and technical competence of the firm with respect to the type of professional services required;
  - Capacity and capability of the firm to perform the work in question, including specialized services, within the time limitations fixed for the completion of the project;
  - Past record of performance of the firm with respect to such factors as control of costs, quality of work, and ability to meet schedules and deadlines; and
  - Firm's proximity to and familiarity with the area in which the project is located;
- 3. Negotiate a contract for the project with the most qualified firm.

When negotiating a contract, the District and the selected firm shall jointly prepare a detailed, written description of the scope of the proposed services. If the District is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the firm selected, negotiations with that firm shall be terminated and the District shall negotiate a contract with the next most qualified firm. In the event the District is unable to negotiate a contract with any of the original selected firms, the District shall reevaluate the necessary professional services, including the scope and reasonable fee requirements, and return to step one.

The District encourages firms who provide professional services to submit annual statements of qualifications and performance data to the District. The District shall request any additional information as needed for a particular public project.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-21-301, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307

A.C.A. § 6-24-101 et seq. A.C.A. § 19-11-801 et seq. 2 C.F.R. § 200.67 2 C.F.R. § 200.319 2 C.F.R. § 200.320 2 C.F.R. § 200.321 2 C.F.R. § 200.324 48 C.F.R. § 2.101

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

Last Revised: June 13, 2015; July 13, 2017; August 13, 2018

#### 7.5F—FOOD SERVICE COMMODITIES BIDDER AFFIDAVIT

Subscribed and sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

# NAME OF SCHOOL DISTRICT NAME OF COUNTY I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby state: (1) I am the duly authorized agent of , the bidder submitting the competitive bid which is attached to this statement. I certify the facts as detailed below pertaining to the non-existence of collusion among and between bidders and state officials, as well as to the facts pertaining to the giving or offering of things of value to government personnel in return for special consideration in the awarding of any contract pursuant to the bid to which this statement is attached. (2) I am fully aware of the facts and circumstances surrounding the making of the bid to which this statement is attached and have been personally and directly involved in the proceedings leading to the submission of the bid. (3) Neither the bidder nor anyone subject to the bidder's direction or control has been a party: (A) To any collusion among bidders in restraint of freedom of competition by agreement to bid at a fixed price or to refrain from bidding; (B) To any collusion with any state official or employee as to quantity, quality, or price in the prospective contract, or as to any other terms of the prospective contract; or (C) In any discussions between bidders and any state official concerning exchange of money or other thing of value for special consideration in the awarding of a contract. (4) I hereby guarantee that the specifications outlined in the bid shall be followed as specified and that deviations from the specifications shall occur only as part of a formal change process approved by the Board of Directors of the school district. (5) I hereby certify that the bid, unless specifically exempted by the USDA, is for agricultural commodities that have been produced in the U.S. or if the bid contains food products that at least 51% of food in the product was produced in the U.S. I understand that the district shall not accept any product that does not meet this requirement and is not liable for any loss I may incur as a result of such refusal to accept. Signature

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004 Last Revised: August 12, 2013

Notary Public

# 7.6—ACTIVITY ACCOUNT

The District shall maintain an account of activity funds. The funds for the account are those revenues derived from the sale of tickets to athletic contests or other school sponsored activities; the sale of food other than that sold in the cafeteria; the sale of soft drinks, school supplies, and books; and fees charged by clubs and organizations.

Activity funds shall be maintained and accounted for according to guidelines and procedures established by the General Education Division of the Department of Education.

The Superintendent shall be the custodian of all activity funds and shall be responsible and accountable for the funds. The Superintendent may appoint a co-custodian for each school in the District who shall also be responsible for the activity funds he/she maintains.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-13-701 (e)

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.7—CASH IN CLASSROOMS

Teachers shall deposit daily to the principal's office all activity funds collected in their classrooms. No cash or checks are to be left in any classroom overnight.

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.8—PERSONAL PROPERTY

To avoid confusion and the potential for misunderstandings, District staff who bring personal property to school to use in the performance of their jobs should label the items with their names. Any such items should be removed from the school at the close of school each year. The District assumes no responsibility for damage to, or the loss of, personal property brought to District facilities by District staff.

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.9—PROPERTY INSURANCE

The Superintendent shall be responsible, with approval of the Board, for maintaining adequate insurance coverage for all District properties.

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.10—PUBLIC USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS

It is the policy of the Board that District school buildings may be used by citizens of the District to conduct lawful meetings for social, civic, or recreational purposes provided such meetings do not interfere with the regular school work. The Superintendent shall be responsible, with Board approval, for establishing procedures governing such use of school buildings. The governing procedures shall be viewpoint neutral. Building principals shall be consulted to determine if there exists any conflict with planned school activities prior to other groups being allowed to use school facilities.

The District shall establish a fee schedule for the use of school facilities. Charges made for the use of school facilities shall reflect the actual costs (e.g. labor, utility, and materials) incurred by the District.

Organizations using school facilities assume full and complete responsibility for the conduct of all persons, regardless of age, associated with their use of the facility while they are in or about the facility. Smoking or the use of tobacco or products containing tobacco in any form or the use of drugs or intoxicants is prohibited. Firearms of any kind are not allowed on school property unless the person carrying the firearm is permitted to do so by law as defined in A.C.A. § 5-73-120.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 6-21-101

A.C.A. § 5-73-120

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004

# 7.11—USE OF SCHOOL FUNDS FOR NON-SCHOOL RELATED PURPOSES

School funds shall not be used for political, charitable, or humanitarian purposes.

No employee of the District shall use school time, school property, school personnel, or school equipment for the purpose of furthering the interests of any political party, the campaign of any political candidate or the advocacy of any political issue or ballot issue whether partisan or non-partisan. School employees may participate as part of a community organization which is renting a school facility for political purposes.

Any school employee found guilty or who pleads guilty, or nolo contendere to the use of District funds to support any ballot measure shall be immediately suspended, and recommended for termination by the superintendent.

The Board of Directors is not prohibited from expressing an opinion on a ballot measure through the passage of resolution or proclamation. School employees are allowed to verbally express their views on a ballot measure other than in an attempt to persuade a student to the employee's point of view.

District employees and members of the Board of Directors may incur incidental expenditure of District funds for travel costs when speaking at an event in which a ballot measure is discussed if the subject matter of the speaking engagement is within the scope of the person's official duties and responsibilities.

District funds may be used to disseminate public information at a public speaking engagement. The incidental use of District resources may be used to prepare an analysis of the public information if such information is within the scope of the person's official duties and responsibilities.

Legal References: Arkansas Constitution Article 14 § 2

A.C.A. § 7-1-103 A.C.A. § 7-1-111 A.C.A. § 21-8-402

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004 Last Revised: August 12, 2013

#### 7.12—EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT

The requirements of this policy shall govern reimbursement for expenses related to travel and/or attendance at conferences and professional development activities incurred by district employees and/or members of the Board of Directors on behalf of the district. Employees are only eligible for reimbursement for travel expenses for travel which has been approved in advance. Original receipts must accompany all requests for reimbursement to the extent that such receipts are customarily available. For a receipt to be valid it should contain the name of the issuing company, the date, the itemized amount and reflect only the individual employee's expenses. No cash advances shall be made for travel. Mileage, lodging, and meal expenses will not be reimbursed when incurred for the personal convenience of the employee and not required by the reason for the travel. Reimbursement for travel shall be for the lesser of the cost between travel by air or by car with some consideration allowed for length of time of the method of travel.

To the extent practicable, employees shall have the district pay initial conference and professional development registration fees and associated necessary materials. In the occasional circumstances where this is not practical, the district shall reimburse the employee for such fees if they were authorized in advance and are supported with proper receipts. Professional development hours in addition to the sixty (60) hours required by the district plan will not be reimbursed unless specifically requested and/or authorized by the administration in advance.

The district will not reimburse expenses of any non-school board member or non-employee who accompanies the school board member or employee during his/her school related travel.

# Reimbursable Expenses

Mileage that is driven for a district sanctioned purpose in an employee's personal vehicle shall be reimbursed provided appropriate documentation is submitted establishing the date and time, place and purpose of the travel. Mileage shall be reimbursed at the rate authorized by the IRS and shall be based on the shortest, most reasonable route available. The district has established a mileage chart based on MapQuest for the most common destinations for district employees. If the destination is not listed on the chart, MapQuest is to be used to determine mileage from city to city.

Meals may be reimbursed for travel which necessitates an overnight stay when submitted according to the dictates of this policy. Reimbursement shall be prorated based on the percent of a day the employee is away on travel. For example, if an employee returns from his/her travel in the afternoon, he/she is only eligible for reimbursement for breakfast and lunch expenditures. Meals shall be reimbursed for the actual expense to the extent that they are not lavish and are reasonable based on circumstances. Meals shall be reimbursed for the actual expense up to the IRS per diem limits. If a meal is provided by the professional development offering and the attendee chooses to eat elsewhere, the meal will not be reimbursed. Except as otherwise specified by this policy, meals are only reimbursable in conjunction with travel requiring an overnight stay.

Meal expenses incurred by the superintendent or other administrators as necessary, in the performance of their duties when meeting with state officials or consultants may be reimbursed on a prorated, per person basis in line with the mandates of this policy. Such expenses shall only be reimbursed when the expenditure is likely to result in a tangible benefit to the district.

Travel necessitating overnight lodging shall be reimbursed to the extent that it is not lavish and is reasonable based on circumstances of the expenditure. Proper documentation establishing the date and time, place and purpose of the

travel must be submitted along with a receipt for the overnight accommodations. To the extent practicable, employees shall receive assistance from administrators or their designee in arranging travel plans to help keep expenses to a minimum. Lodging shall be reimbursed for the actual expense up to the IRS per diem limits unless at least one of the following conditions is met:

- The location of the conference or other approved reason for travel is located in a hotel which does not offer rates within the IRS rate schedule. In such an instance, the employee shall be reimbursed at the "special conference rate" if available. If such a rate is not offered, or no longer available, the employee shall be reimbursed for lodging costs that are reasonable for single occupancy rates at the hotel in which the conference is held.
- The hotel in which the conference is held has no rooms available. In such an instance, the employee shall be reimbursed for reasonable single occupancy lodging costs in another hotel located near the conference.
- The conference or other approved reason for travel is held in a location other than one that is part of a hotel. If
  the rates of the hotels located near the conference or other approved reason for travel are not within the IRS rate
  schedule, the employee shall be reimbursed for reasonable single occupancy lodging costs in a hotel located
  near the conference.

# **Expenses not covered**

The district shall not reimburse the following items/categories of expenses.

- Alcoholic beverages;
- Entertainment expenses including sports or sporting events or pay per view or game expenses at motels;
- Replacement due to loss or theft;
- Discretionary expenses for items such as clothing or gifts;
- Medical expenses incurred while on route to or from or at the destination of the reason for the travel;
- Optional or supplementary insurance obtained by the employee for the period covered during the travel; and
- Tips, other than those required by the source of the expense, e.g. a restaurant which adds a tip to the bill for all groups of six or more.

#### **Credit Cards**

Only those employees specifically issued credit cards to be used in the performance of their jobs to purchase goods, services, or supplies on behalf of the district shall be allowed to use such cards. The itemized receipt must be returned to the business office with any use of the district credit card. Employees who incur reimbursable expenses as defined in this policy are expected to pay for them initially by any means they choose and then submit their request for reimbursement. The district assumes no responsibility for the payment of any personal credit card charges incurred by a district employee.

#### **Airport Associated Expenses**

Receipts for airport associated expenses are required for reimbursement. This includes, but is not limited to, airline tickets, parking, taxi/shuttle or rental car. All airline flights shall be by coach/economy class. Upon arrival at his/her destination, the employee is expected to take the less expensive option between a taxi and an airport shuttle service to the hotel or meeting site. Receipts are necessary to be reimbursed. When circumstances dictate that a rental car is necessary and/or the most economical approach to the travel requirements, the least expensive car that will accomplish the job should be rented. A receipt is necessary to be reimbursed. The district shall not reimburse for any kind of rental car supplemental insurance.

#### **In-District Travel**

Reimbursement for employee daily travel required during the school day between buildings will be determined by the master schedule and the district mileage chart. This travel will be approved in advance by the administration.

# **Reimbursement Schedule**

All reimbursable expenses (i.e., travel, lodging, meals, workshops, etc.) must be turned in monthly or within 30 days of the professional development activity.

Cross References: 3:20 – LICENSED PERSONNEL REIMBURSEMENT OF TRAVEL EXPENSES

8:14 - NONLICENSED PERSONNEL REIMBUIRSEMNT OF TRAVEL EXPENSES

Date Adopted: October 11, 2004 Last Revised: June 28, 2010 June 9, 2011

# 7.13—FEDERAL GOVERNMENT GRANT FUNDS

The superintendent or his/her designee shall develop procedures governing the procurement, use, management, and disposal of goods, materials, and equipment purchased with federal grant funds. At a minimum, the procedures will cover the following topics.

- ensuring that expenditures of federal grant funds are done in accordance with the requirements placed on those funds by the federal government and/or the procurement requirements specified in Policy 7.5;
- labeling all goods, materials, and equipment purchased with federal funds;
- establishing adequate controls to account for their location, custody, and security;
- annually auditing the inventory of equipment purchased with Title I funds and updating a listing of such equipment to reconcile the audit with the district's inventory system. The audit will be documented and account for any transfers and/or disposals of equipment purchased with Title I funds.

Legal Reference: 34CFR80.3 through 80.52

Date Adopted: March 12, 2007

#### 7.14—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION

It is necessary to maintain district records in a manner that provides for efficient document storage and retrieval and is conducive to eliminating unnecessary record retention. Due to the variety of records that may need to be retained and accessed, the superintendent shall ensure that all staff receive appropriate training to understand this policy. Staff shall also understand the possible ramifications to the district and/or themselves for failure to properly maintain records and follow the requirements contained in this policy.

#### **Definitions**

"Directly or directly interested" (hereinafter "directly") means receiving compensation or other benefits personally or to an individual's household from the person, business, or entity contracting with the District.

"Indirectly or indirectly interested" (hereinafter "indirectly") means that a family member, business, or other entity in which the individual or a family member has a financial interest will receive compensation or benefits.

"Record" is defined for the purposes of this policy, as an item or items, whether electronic or material, that are created by, at the request of, or received by and purposefully retained by a board member, administrator, or employee in the ordinary course of District business. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Any kind of correspondence;
- Calendars:
- Computer files and documents (which may include drafts);
- Telephone logs;
- Expense records;
- Audio or video recordings that are created for the purpose of monitoring the security of District property or the safety of District students;
- Documentation related to transactions or contracts for:
  - Services with Board members, administrators, employees, or members of their families covered under the statutorily defined ethical restrictions associated with a contract for services provided for the District involving a Board member, administrator, or employee who "directly or indirectly" benefits from the contract;
  - An exemption granted by the Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) from the statutorily defined ethical restrictions associated with a contract for employment or for services provided for the District that involves a District administrator, board member, or employee.

The superintendent shall be responsible for establishing a schedule for the routine destruction of district records that accommodates the needs of the district. The schedule shall specify the length of retention for any records not specifically delineated by this policy and be distributed to staff on a need-to-know basis according to their respective employment duties and responsibilities. The schedule should accommodate the need for records to be stored as a blend of printed, bound and electronically recorded (e.g., audio tape, video tape, micro-fiche, computer disk) material. The superintendent or designee shall ensure the effective and efficient securing, cataloging, storing, and appropriate scheduled destruction of all records.

The following records categories shall be retained for the time specified.

- a. Board of Education Minutes forever
- b. Personnel files forever
- c. Student files until the student receives a high school diploma or its equivalent, or is beyond the age of compulsory school attendance
- d. Student records of attendance/graduation forever
- e. Financial Records five (5) years
- f. Documentation, including letters of approval, related to transactions or contracts for services covered by this policy and Arkansas statutes for Board members or members of their families or for waivers granted to District employees thirteen years
- g. Documentation relating to payments or reimbursements made by a vendor on behalf of a board member, administrator, or employee for travel, lodging, food, registration, entertainment, or other expenses Three (3) years
- h. Employment applications, including applicant lists, applicant interview evaluations, documentation in response to requests for reasons for a failure to be interviewed and/or hired, and hiring determinations five (5) years
- i. Expenditures made with federal grant monies governed by the terms of each grant
- j. Video Surveillance Recordings the timeline established in Policy 4.48—VIDEO SURVEILLANCE
- k. Emails whatever the district's policy is on this subject
- l. Documents filed with the IRS, including those required in Policy 7.23-Health Care Coverage and the Affordable Care Act four (4) years
- m. Statewide assessment security agreement Three (3) years

The superintendent or designee shall be responsible for determining when there is a need to interrupt the routine destruction of records. When the superintendent or designee makes the decision to cease the routine disposal of records, staff affected by the decision shall be promptly informed of the decision and of the nature of records that are to be retained. Such records shall be retained until the superintendent or designee has authorized their destruction. Employee training on the district's records retention schedule shall specifically include information on the records that may need to be retained due to pending disciplinary or legal actions which otherwise are subject to routine disposal. If an employee has doubt about the need to retain any record otherwise scheduled for destruction, he/she shall consult with the superintendent or designee prior to destroying such records.

The records' storage system devised by the superintendent and designee(s) shall be organized in a manner that enables the efficient retrieval of data and documents. The district shall have adequate backup of critical data which is stored electronically. The system shall be communicated to employees in a manner that enables them to understand and follow the system's requirements.

In retaining and destroying records, no employee shall:

- Destroy, alter, mutilate, conceal, cover up, falsify, or make a false entry in any record that may be connected to a disciplinary matter or lawsuit or to a matter within the jurisdiction of a federal or state agency, in violation of federal or state law or regulations.
- Alter, destroy or conceal a document, or attempt to do so, with the intent to impair the document's availability for use in a disciplinary matter, lawsuit or an official proceeding or otherwise obstruct, influence or impede any lawsuit or official proceeding, in violation of federal or state law or regulations.

• Retaliate or discriminate against an employee who refuses to violate this policy or to coerce or threaten an employee to violate this policy.

Failure to follow the requirements set forth in this policy may result in disciplinary action against the employee(s), up to and including termination. The district's board of directors prohibits and will not tolerate any form of reprisal, retaliation or discrimination against any employee who, in good faith, has attempted to comply with this policy.

Cross References: Policy 3.19—LICENSED PERSONNEL EMPLOYMENT

Policy 8.13—CLASSIFIED EMPLOYMENT

Legal References: A.C.A. § 5-1-109(c)(2), (g)

A.C.A. § 6-13-619

A.C.A. § 6-17-104 A.C.A. § 6-17-2301

A.C.A. § 6-18-901

A.C.A. § 6-24-102(8)(15)

A.C.A. § 6-24-105(d)

A.C.A. § 6-24-106(c)(6)

A.C.A. § 6-24-107(c)

A.C.A. § 6-24-115

A.C.A. § 21-3-302, 303

ADE Rules Governing Ethical Guidelines and Prohibitions for Educational

Administrators, Employees, Board Members, and Other Parties

ADE Rules Governing the Arkansas Educational Support and Accountability

Act

26 C.F.R. § 31.6001-1

34 C.F.R. § 99.2

Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Numbers 16, 26, 33, 34, 37, and 45

Date Adopted: June 11, 2009 Last Revised: May 12, 2014

April 13, 2015; August 13, 2018

#### 7.15—MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL OF DISTRICT PROPERTY

#### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

"Commodities" are all supplies, goods, material, computers, software, machinery and other equipment purchased on behalf of the district having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost of \$1,000 or more per unit.

"Surplus commodities" are those commodities that are no longer needed, obsolete, irreparable, or worn out.

"Real property" is land and whatever is erected or affixed to land, such as structures or buildings.

"Surplus real property" is real property that is not presently needed or foreseen to be needed by the District, and that has been authorized for sale as surplus real property by vote of the School Board.

"Trash" are those items that would otherwise belong to another category of goods or property defined in this policy, but which, due to the property's age or an act of God, have less value than it would cost to repair the item. Examples could include, but are not limited to, fire damage, vehicle accidents, extreme age and/or decline in value of the item.

The District's purchases of commodities shall be in accordance with Policy 7.5—PURCHASES OF COMMODITIES and, to the extent applicable, the procurement requirements of any granting source of funding used to purchase the commodity. The Superintendent shall develop procedures governing the use, management, and dispersal of commodities. At a minimum, the procedures will cover the following topics:

- labeling all commodities;
- establishing adequate controls to account for their location, custody, and security;
- annually auditing the inventory of commodities and updating a listing of such commodities to reconcile the audit with the district's inventory records. The audit will be documented and account for any transfer and/or disposal of a commodity.
- Disposing of surplus commodities and surplus real property, whether purchased in whole or in part with federal grant funds or with local funds.

# **Disposal of Surplus Commodities**

The Board of Directors recognizes that commodities sometimes become of no use to the District and thus meet this policy's definition of surplus commodities.

The Superintendent or designee(s) will determine the objective fair market value of surplus commodities. The District will strive to dispose of surplus commodities at or near their fair market value.<sup>2</sup>

The Superintendent may declare surplus any commodity with a fair market value of less than \$1000. Surplus commodities with a fair market value of less than \$1000 will be periodically sold by the most efficient, cost effective means that is likely to result in sales at or near fair market value.

The Superintendent may submit a list of surplus commodities deemed to have a fair market value of \$1,000 or greater to the Board of Directors for authorization to sell such surplus commodities. Once the Board of Directors has authorized the sale of such surplus commodities, the Superintendent or designee(s) may sell that surplus commodity as the need arises. Items with a fair market value of \$1,000 or greater will be sold by the most efficient, cost effective means that is likely to result in sales at or near fair market value. If the Superintendent chooses to dispose of the surplus items by bid, the Superintendent or designee may set a minimum or reserve price on any item, and may reject all bids. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to accept the high bid provided the high bid is at or near the fair market value without further Board action unless the high bid comes under the jurisdiction of Arkansas ethics legislation in which case the provisions of A.C.A. §§ 6-24-101–107 would apply.

If attempts at public sales fail to produce any interested buyers or bidders, such remaining unsold commodities may then, at the discretion of the Superintendent, be disposed of as scrap or junk or be donated to appropriate charitable or education related entities. Computer or technology equipment will be cleansed of data prior to disposal.

# **Disposal of Surplus Real Property**

The Board of Directors recognizes that real property it owns sometimes becomes no longer of use to the District and thus meets this policy's definition of surplus real property.

The Superintendent may submit a request to the Board of Directors for authorization to sell surplus real property. Once the Board of Directors has authorized the sale of such surplus real property, the Superintendent or designated individual(s) may sell that surplus real property as the need arises. The Superintendent or designee(s) shall be responsible for getting a determination of the objective fair market value of surplus real property. The district will strive to dispose of surplus items at or near their fair market value. The real property may be listed for sale with a real estate broker, and the Superintendent or designated individual may contract on behalf of the district to pay the usual and customary sales commission for such transactions, upon sale of the property.

Except when the District receives and accepts an offer to lease or purchase surplus real property from a purchaser for an amount that exceeds the fair market value through a bid process, an open-enrollment public charter school that draws its students from the District shall have a right of first refusal to purchase or lease for fair market value any of the District's surplus real property.

If the Superintendent chooses to dispose of the surplus items by bid, the Superintendent or designee(s) may set a minimum or reserve price on any item, and may reject all bids. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to accept the high bid provided the high bid is at or near the fair market value without further Board action unless the high bid comes under the jurisdiction of Arkansas ethics legislation in which case the provisions of A.C.A. §§ 6-24-101–107 would apply.

If attempts at public sales fail to produce any interested buyers or bidders, such remaining unsold real property may then, if agreed to by the Superintendent and Board of Directors, be donated to appropriate education related entities, not-for-profit organizations, the county city, or incorporated town in accordance with the provisions of state law.

Items obtained with federal funds shall be handled in accordance with applicable federal regulations, if any.

The disposal of school property must be for the benefit of the school district and consistent with good business principles.

Trash, as defined in this policy, may be disposed of in the most cost efficient or effective method available to the district.

# **Disposal of Surplus Real Property After Consolidation**

Real property of a consolidated school district that is no longer being used for educational purposes and has not been sold, preserved, leased, or donated two (2) years after the effective date of consolidation shall be made available for use by a publicly supported institution of higher education, a technical institute, a community college, a not-for-profit organization, a county, a city, or incorporated town by the Board of Directors for the following purposes:

- Having the real property preserved, improved, upgraded, rehabilitated, or enlarged by the donee;
- Holding of classes by statutorily authorized education related entities; or
- Providing community programs and beneficial educational services, social enrichment programs, or after-school programs.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-13-111

A.C.A. § 6-13-620 A.C.A. § 6-21-108 A.C.A. § 6-21-110 A.C.A. § 6-23-501 A.C.A. § 6-24-101-107 34 CFR § 80.3 – 80.52 34 CFR § 80.31

34 CFR § 80.32(d)(e)

Date Adopted: June 28, 2010 Last Revised: May 12, 2014 May 18, 2015

# 7.16 – DISPOSAL OF NON-NEGOTIATED CHECKS OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

State law specifies how the district is to dispose of retained funds in the form of issued but non-negotiated checks that have been not been presented for payment within one calendar year. The district shall dispose of these retained funds in accordance with the law and remit the amount of all non-negotiated checks to the Unclaimed Property Division of the Arkansas Auditor's Office.

The district shall make a good faith effort to return physical items that have been left on district property to their rightful owners. When contact information is known for the owner of an item of a non-perishable nature left at the district, the district shall use the information to attempt to contact the owner to inform him/her of the location of the item. Owners of such items shall be given at least three weeks<sup>1</sup> to pick up the item he/she left at the district. If the owner fails to pick up the item within the time allotted, the district may dispose of the item in a manner of its choosing.

The district is under no obligation to retain an abandoned, perishable item left on district property.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 18-28-201

A.C.A. § 18-28-202(11), (c), (d)

A.C.A. § 18-28-204 A.C.A. § 18-28-206 A.C.A. § 18-28-207 A.C.A. § 18-28-208(a) A.C.A. § 18-28-210(b)(c) A.C.A. § 18-28-217

A.C.A. § 18-28-221(a) A.C.A. § 18-28-224

Date Adopted: June 28, 2010

Last Revised:

#### 18-28-201. Definitions.

In this subchapter:

- (1) "Administrator" means the Auditor of State.
- (2) "Apparent owner" means a person whose name appears on the records of a holder as the person entitled to property held, issued, or owing by the holder.
- (3) "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock company, investment company, partnership, unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, business trust, trust company, land bank, safe deposit company, safekeeping depository, financial organization, insurance company, mutual fund, utility, or other business entity consisting of one (1) or more persons, whether or not for profit.
- (4) "Domicile" means the state of incorporation of a corporation and the state of the principal place of business of a holder other than a corporation.

- (5) "Financial organization" means a savings and loan association, building and loan association, savings bank, industrial bank, bank, banking organization, or credit union.
- (6) "Holder" means a person obligated to hold for the account of, or deliver or pay to, the owner property that is subject to this subchapter.
- (7) "Insurance company" means an association, corporation, or fraternal or mutual benefit organization, whether or not for profit, engaged in the business of providing life endowments, annuities, or insurance, including accident, burial, casualty, credit life, contract performance, dental, disability, fidelity, fire, health, hospitalization, illness, life, malpractice, marine, mortgage, surety, wage protection, and workers' compensation insurance.
- (8) "Mineral" means gas; oil; coal; other gaseous, liquid, and solid hydrocarbons; oil shale; cement material; sand and gravel; road material; building stone; chemical raw material; gemstone; fissionable and nonfissionable ores; colloidal and other clay; steam and other geothermal resource; or any other substance defined as a mineral by the law of this state.
- (9) "Mineral proceeds" means amounts payable for the extraction, production, or sale of minerals, or, upon the abandonment of those payments, all payments that become payable thereafter. The term includes amounts payable:
  - (i) for the acquisition and retention of a mineral lease, including bonuses, royalties, compensatory royalties, shut-in royalties, minimum royalties, and delay rentals;
  - (ii) for the extraction, production, or sale of minerals, including net revenue interests, royalties, overriding royalties, extraction payments, and production payments; and
  - (iii) under an agreement or option, including a joint operating agreement, unit agreement, pooling agreement, and farm-out agreement.
- (10) "Money order" includes an express money order and a personal money order, on which the remitter is the purchaser. The term does not include a bank money order or any other instrument sold by a financial organization if the seller has obtained the name and address of the payee.

  (11) "Owner" means a person who has a legal or equitable interest in property subject to this
- (11) "Owner" means a person who has a legal or equitable interest in property subject to this subchapter or the person's legal representative. The term includes a depositor in the case of a deposit, a beneficiary in the case of a trust other than a deposit in trust, and a creditor, claimant, or payee in the case of other property.
- (12) "Person" means an individual, business association, financial organization, estate, trust, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- (13) (A) "Property" means tangible property described in § 18-28-203 or a fixed and certain interest in intangible property that is held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's business, or by a government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, and all income or increments therefrom. The term includes property that is referred to as or evidenced by:
  - (i) Money, a check, draft, deposit, interest, or dividend;
  - (ii) Credit balance, customer's overpayment, security deposit, refund, credit memorandum, unpaid wage, unused ticket, mineral proceeds, or unidentified remittance;
  - (iii) Stock or other evidence of ownership of an interest in a business association or financial organization;
  - (iv) A bond, debenture, note, or other evidence of indebtedness;

- (v) Money deposited to redeem stocks, bonds, coupons, or other securities or to make distributions;
- (vi) An amount due and payable under the terms of an annuity or insurance policy, including policies providing life insurance, property and casualty insurance, workers' compensation insurance, or health and disability insurance; and
- (vii) An amount distributable from a trust or custodial fund established under a plan to provide health, welfare, pension, vacation, severance, retirement, death, stock purchase, profit sharing, employee savings, supplemental unemployment insurance, or similar benefits.
- **(B)** "Property" does not include:
  - (i) gift certificates, gift cards, in-store merchandise credits, or layaway accounts issued or maintained by any person in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail; or (ii) a patronage dividend, capital credit, customer deposit, or nonnegotiated payment check that does not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) held or owing by an agricultural farm supply cooperative association organized under the laws of this state.
- (14) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- (15) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- (16) "Utility" means persons and corporations, or their lessees, trustees, and receivers, owning or operating in this state equipment or facilities as provided in § 23-1-101(4).

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 1; 2009, No. 1174, § 1.

# 18-28-202. Presumptions of abandonment.

- (a) Property is presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner during the time set forth below for the particular property:
- (1) traveler's check, fifteen (15) years after issuance;
- (2) money order, seven (7) years after issuance;
- (3) stock or other equity interest in a business association or financial organization, including a security entitlement under § 4-8-101 et seq. (UCC Investment Securities), five (5) years after the earlier of (i) the date of the most recent dividend, stock split, or other distribution unclaimed by the apparent owner, or (ii) the date of the second mailing of a statement of account or other notification or communication that was returned as undeliverable or after the holder discontinued mailings, notifications, or communications to the apparent owner;
- (4) debt of a business association or financial organization, other than a bearer bond or an original issue discount bond, five (5) years after the date of the most recent interest payment unclaimed by the apparent owner;
- (5) a demand, savings, or time deposit, including a deposit that is automatically renewable, five (5) years after the earlier of maturity or the date of the last indication by the owner of interest in the property; but a deposit that is automatically renewable shall not be deemed matured for purposes of this section upon its initial date of maturity, unless the most recent correspondence

from the financial organization to the owner has been returned unclaimed or undelivered to the financial organization by the postal service;

- (6) money or credits owed to a customer as a result of a retail business transaction, three (3) years after the obligation accrued;
- (7) amount owed by an insurer on a life or endowment insurance policy or an annuity that has matured or terminated, three (3) years after the obligation to pay arose or, in the case of a policy or annuity payable upon proof of death, three (3) years after the insured has attained, or would have attained if living, the limiting age under the mortality table on which the reserve is based;
- (8) property distributable by a business association or financial organization in a course of dissolution, one (1) year after the property becomes distributable;
- (9) property received by a court as proceeds of a class action, and not distributed pursuant to the judgment, one (1) year after the distribution date;
- (10) property held by a court, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, one (1) year after the property becomes distributable;
- (11) wages or other compensation for personal services, one (1) year after the compensation becomes payable;
- (12) deposit or refund owed to a subscriber by a utility, one (1) year after the deposit or refund becomes payable;
- (13) property in an individual retirement account, defined benefit plan, or other account or plan that is qualified for tax deferral under the income tax laws of the United States, three (3)years after the earliest of the date of the distribution or attempted distribution of the property, the date of the required distribution as stated in the plan or trust agreement governing the plan, or the date, if determinable by the holder, specified in the income tax laws of the United States by which distribution of the property must begin in order to avoid a tax penalty;
- (14) all other property, five (5) years after the owner's right to demand the property or after the obligation to pay or distribute the property arises, whichever first occurs; and
- (15) unclaimed property payable or distributable in the course of a demutualization of an insurance company five (5) years after the earlier of:
  - (A) the date of last contact with the policy holder; or
  - **(B)** the date the property became payable or distributable.
  - (b) At the time that an interest is presumed abandoned under subsection (a), any other property right accrued or accruing to the owner as a result of the interest, and not previously presumed abandoned, is also presumed abandoned.
- (c) Property is unclaimed if, for the applicable period set forth in subsection (a), the apparent owner has not communicated in writing or by other means reflected in a contemporaneous record prepared by or on behalf of the holder, with the holder concerning the property or the account in which the property is held, and has not otherwise indicated an interest in the property. A communication with an owner by a person other than the holder or its representative who has not in writing identified the property to the owner is not an indication of interest in the property by the owner.

- (d) An indication of an owner's interest in property includes:
  - (i) the presentment of a check or other instrument of payment of a dividend or other distribution made with respect to an account or underlying stock or other interest in a business association or financial organization or, in the case of a distribution made by electronic or similar means, evidence that the distribution has been received;
  - (ii) owner-directed activity in the account in which the property is held, including a direction by the owner to increase, decrease, or change the amount or type of property held in the account:
  - (iii) the making of a deposit to or withdrawal from a bank account;
  - (iv) correspondence from the financial organization to the owner of the property by mail, which correspondence has not been returned unclaimed or undelivered to the financial organization by the postal service; and
  - (v) the payment of a premium with respect to a property interest in an insurance policy; but the application of an automatic premium loan provision or other nonforfeiture provision contained in an insurance policy does not prevent a policy from maturing or terminating if the insured has died or the insured or the beneficiary of the policy has otherwise become entitled to the proceeds before the depletion of the cash surrender value of a policy by the application of those provisions.
- (e) Property is payable or distributable for purposes of this subchapter notwithstanding the owner's failure to make demand or present an instrument or document otherwise required to obtain payment.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 2; 2001, No. 793, §§ 1, 2; 2003, No. 491, § 1.

#### 18-28-204. Rules for taking custody.

Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter or by other statute of this state, property that is presumed abandoned, whether located in this or another state, is subject to the custody of this state if:

- (1) the last known address of the apparent owner, as shown on the records of the holder, is in this state;
- (2) the records of the holder do not reflect the identity of the person entitled to the property and it is established that the last known address of the person entitled to the property is in this state;
- (3) the records of the holder do not reflect the last known address of the apparent owner and it is established that:
  - (i) the last known address of the person entitled to the property is in this state; or
  - (ii) the holder is domiciled in this state or is a government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state and has not previously paid or delivered the property to the state of the last known address of the apparent owner or other person entitled to the property;
- (4) the last known address of the apparent owner, as shown on the records of the holder, is in a state that does not provide for the escheat or custodial taking of the property and the holder is

domiciled in this state or is a government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state;

- (5) the last known address of the apparent owner, as shown on the records of the holder, is in a foreign country and the holder is domiciled in this state or is a government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state;
- (6) the transaction out of which the property arose occurred in this state, the holder is domiciled in a state that does not provide for the escheat or custodial taking of the property, and the last known address of the apparent owner or other person entitled to the property is unknown or is in a state that does not provide for the escheat or custodial taking of the property; or
- (7) the property is a traveler's check or money order purchased in this state, or the issuer of the traveler's check or money order has its principal place of business in this state and the issuer's records show that the instrument was purchased in a state that does not provide for the escheat or custodial taking of the property, or do not show the state in which the instrument was purchased.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 4.

# 18-28-206. Burden of proof as to property evidenced by record of check or draft.

A record of the issuance of a check, draft, or similar instrument is prima facie evidence of an obligation. In claiming property from a holder who is also the issuer, the administrator's burden of proof as to the existence and amount of the property and its abandonment is satisfied by showing issuance of the instrument and passage of the requisite period of abandonment. Defenses of payment, satisfaction, discharge, and want of consideration are affirmative defenses that must be established by the holder.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 6.

# 18-28-207. Report of abandoned property.

- (a) A holder of property presumed abandoned shall make a report to the administrator concerning the property.
- **(b)** The report must be verified and must contain:
  - (1) a description of the property;
  - (2) except with respect to a traveler's check or money order, the name, if known, and last known address, if any, and the social security number or taxpayer identification number, if readily ascertainable, of the apparent owner of property of the value of fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more;
  - (3) an aggregated amount of items valued under fifty dollars (\$50.00) each;
  - (4) in the case of an amount of fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more held or owing under an annuity or a life or endowment insurance policy, the full name and last known address of the annuitant or insured and of the beneficiary;
  - (5) in the case of property held in a safe deposit box or other safekeeping depository, an indication of the place where it is held and where it may be inspected by the administrator, and any amounts owing to the holder;

- (6) the date, if any, on which the property became payable, demandable, or returnable, and the date of the last transaction with the apparent owner with respect to the property; and (7) other information that the administrator by rule prescribes as necessary for the administration of this subchapter.
- (c) If a holder of property presumed abandoned is a successor to another person who previously held the property for the apparent owner or the holder has changed its name while holding the property, the holder shall file with the report its former names, if any, and the known names and addresses of all previous holders of the property.
- (d) The report must be filed before November 1 of each year and cover the twelve (12) months next preceding July 1 of that year, but a report with respect to a life insurance company, including the report and remittance of unclaimed insurance company demutualization proceeds made under § 18-28-202(a)(15), must be filed before May 1 of each year for the calendar year next preceding.
- (e) The holder of property presumed abandoned shall send written notice to the apparent owner, not more than one hundred twenty (120) days or less than sixty (60) days before filing the report, stating that the holder is in possession of property subject to this subchapter, if:
  - (1) the holder has in its records an address for the apparent owner which the holder's records do not disclose to be inaccurate;
  - (2) the claim of the apparent owner is not barred by a statute of limitations; and
  - (3) the value of the property is fifty dollars (\$50.00) or more.
- **(f)** Before the date for filing the report, the holder of property presumed abandoned may request the administrator to extend the time for filing the report. The administrator may grant the extension for good cause. The holder, upon receipt of the extension, may make an interim payment on the amount the holder estimates will ultimately be due, which terminates the accrual of additional interest on the amount paid.
- (g) The holder of property presumed abandoned shall file with the report an affidavit stating that the holder has complied with subsection (e).

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 7; 2003, No. 491, § 2.

#### 18-28-208. Payment or delivery of abandoned property.

(a) Except for property held in a safe deposit box or other safekeeping depository, upon filing the report required by § 18-28-207, the holder of property presumed abandoned shall pay, deliver, or cause to be paid or delivered to the administrator the property described in the report as unclaimed, but if the property is an automatically renewable deposit, and a penalty or forfeiture in the payment of interest would result, the time for compliance is extended until a penalty or forfeiture would no longer result. Tangible property held in a safe deposit box or other safekeeping depository may not be delivered to the administrator until one hundred twenty (120) days after filing the report required by § 18-28-207.

#### 18-28-210. Custody by state — Recovery by holder — Defense of holder.

(a) In this section, payment or delivery is made in "good faith" if:

- (1) payment or delivery was made in a reasonable attempt to comply with this subchapter;
- (2) the holder was not then in breach of a fiduciary obligation with respect to the property and had a reasonable basis for believing, based on the facts then known, that the property was presumed abandoned; and
- (3) there is no showing that the records under which the payment or delivery was made did not meet reasonable commercial standards of practice.
- **(b)** Upon payment or delivery of property to the administrator, the state assumes custody and responsibility for the safekeeping of the property. A holder who pays or delivers property to the administrator in good faith is relieved of all liability arising thereafter with respect to the property.
- (c) A holder who has paid money to the administrator pursuant to this subchapter may subsequently make payment to a person reasonably appearing to the holder to be entitled to payment. Upon a filing by the holder of proof of payment and proof that the payee was entitled to the payment, the administrator shall promptly reimburse the holder for the payment without imposing a fee or other charge. If reimbursement is sought for a payment made on a negotiable instrument, including a traveler's check or money order, the holder must be reimbursed upon filing proof that the instrument was duly presented and that payment was made to a person who reasonably appeared to be entitled to payment. The holder must be reimbursed for payment made even if the payment was made to a person whose claim was barred under § 18-28-219(a).

# 18-28-217. Election to take payment or delivery.

- (a) The administrator may decline to receive property reported under this subchapter which the administrator considers to have a value less than the expenses of notice and sale.
- **(b)** A holder, with the written consent of the administrator and upon conditions and terms prescribed by the administrator, may report and deliver property before the property is presumed abandoned. Property so delivered must be held by the administrator and is not presumed abandoned until it otherwise would be presumed abandoned under this subchapter.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 17.

#### 18-28-221. Retention of records.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a holder required to file a report under 18-28-207 shall maintain the records containing the information required to be included in the report for ten (10) years after the holder files the report, unless a shorter period is provided by rule of the administrator.
- (b) A business association or financial organization that sells, issues, or provides to others for sale or issue in this state, traveler's checks, money orders, or similar instruments other than third-party bank checks, on which the business association or financial organization is directly liable, shall maintain a record of the instruments while they remain outstanding, indicating the state and date of issue, for three (3) years after the holder files the report.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 21.

# 18-28-224. Interest and penalties.

- (a) A holder who fails to report, pay, or deliver property within the time prescribed by this subchapter shall pay to the administrator interest at the annual rate of two (2) percentage points above the bank prime loan rate as reported from time to time in the Federal Reserve Board Statistical Release H.15 (Selected Interest Rates) or any successor publication on the property or value thereof from the date the property should have been reported, paid or delivered.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a holder who fails to report, pay, or deliver property within the time prescribed by this subchapter, or fails to perform other duties imposed by this subchapter, shall pay to the administrator, in addition to interest as provided in subsection (a), a civil penalty of two hundred dollars (\$200) for each day the report, payment, or delivery is withheld, or the duty is not performed, up to a maximum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- (c) A holder who willfully fails to report, pay, or deliver property within the time prescribed by this subchapter, or willfully fails to perform other duties imposed by this subchapter, shall pay to the administrator, in addition to interest as provided in subsection (a), a civil penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day the report, payment, or delivery is withheld, or the duty is not performed, up to a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the value of any property that should have been but was not reported.
- (d) A holder who makes a fraudulent report shall pay to the administrator, in addition to interest as provided in subsection (a), a civil penalty of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day from the date a report under this subchapter was due, up to a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the value of any property that should have been but was not reported.
- (e) The administrator for good cause may waive, in whole or in part, interest under subsection (a) and penalties under subsections (b) and (c), and shall waive penalties if the holder acted in good faith and without negligence.

**History.** Acts 1999, No. 850, § 24; 2005, No. 175, § 4.

# 7.17—USE OF DISTRICT CELL PHONES and COMPUTERS

Board members, staff, and students shall not be given cell phones or computers for any purpose other than their specific use associated with school business. School employees who use a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination. Students who use a school issued cell phones and/or computers for non-school purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including suspension or expulsion.

All employees are forbidden from using school issued cell phones while driving any vehicle at any time. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Cross References: 3.34—LICENSED PERSONNEL CELL PHONE USE

4.47—POSSESSION AND USE OF CELL PHONES, BEEPERS, ETC.

8.25— NONLICENSED PERSONNEL CELL PHONE USE

Legal References: IRC § 132(d)

IRC § 274(d) IRC § 280F(d)(4) IRS Publication 15 B

Date Adopted: June 28, 2010

# 7.18—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SECURITY

The superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring the district has the necessary components in place to meet the district's needs and the state's requirements for information technology (IT) security. The district shall appoint an information technology security officer (ISO) who, along with other IT staff, the superintendent and district management appointed by the superintendent shall develop the necessary procedures to create a district—wide information technology security system meeting the requirements of this policy and the standards prescribed by the Arkansas Department of Education.

The IT security system shall contain the necessary components designed to accomplish the following.

- 1. Sensitive information shall be protected from improper denial, disclosure, or modification.
- Physical access to computer facilities, data rooms, systems, networks and data will be limited to those authorized personnel who require access to perform assigned duties.
- 3. Traffic between internal (district) resources and external (Internet) entities will be regulated by network perimeter controls. To the extent technologically feasible, network transmission of sensitive data should enforce encryption.
- 4. User access to the district's technology system and its applications shall be based on the least amount of access to data and programs necessary to perform the user's job duties.
- 5. Student or financial applications software developed for or by the district will be tested prior to implementation to ensure data security through proper segregation of programs.
- 6. Monitoring of internal and external networks and systems will be designed to provide early notification of events and rapid response and recovery from IT related incidents and/or attacks.
- 7. Continuity of critical IT services will be ensured through the development of a disaster recovery plan appropriate for the size and complexity of the district's IT operations.
- 8. Software protection of servers and workstations will be deployed to identify and eradicate malicious software attacks such as viruses, spyware, and malware.

Commissioner's Memo RT-15-010 Legal References:

A.C.A. § 4-110-101 et seq.

Date Adopted: June 28, 2010 Last Revised:

#### 7.19—SERVICE ANIMALS IN DISTRICT FACILITIES

In accordance with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act, service dogs and trained miniature horses (hereinafter referred to as *service animals*) are permitted for use by individuals with disabilities on district property and in district facilities provided the individuals and their animals meet the requirements and responsibilities covered in this policy.

When an individual with a disability seeks to bring a service animal into a district facility, the district is entitled to ask the individual if the animal is required because of a disability and what work or task the animal has been trained to perform. The district is not entitled to ask for documentation that the animal has been properly trained, but the individual bringing the animal into a district facility will be held accountable for the animal's behavior.

Any service animal brought into a district facility by an individual with a disability must have been trained to do work or perform tasks for the individual. The work or tasks performed by the service animal must be directly related to the handler's disability. Examples of work or tasks include, but are not limited to, assisting individuals who are blind or have low vision with navigation and other tasks, alerting individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing to the presence of people or sounds, providing non-violent protection, pulling a wheelchair, assisting an individual during a seizure, alerting individuals to the presence of allergens, retrieving items such as medicine, providing physical support and assistance with balance and stability to individuals with mobility disabilities, and helping persons with psychiatric and neurological disabilities by preventing or interrupting impulsive or destructive behaviors.

The crime deterrent effects of an animal's presence and the provision of emotional support, well-being, comfort, or companionship do **not** constitute work or tasks for the purposes of this policy; no animal brought solely for any of these reasons shall be permitted on school grounds.

Individuals with disabilities shall be permitted to be accompanied by their service animals in all areas of a public entity's facilities where members of the public, participants in services, programs or activities, or invitees, as relevant, are allowed to go.

A service animal shall be under the control of its handler. A service animal shall have a harness, leash, or other tether, unless either the handler is unable because of a disability to use a harness, leash, or other tether, or the use of a harness, leash, or other tether would interfere with the service animal's safe, effective performance of work or tasks, in which case the service animal must be otherwise under the handler's control by means of voice control, signals, or other effective means.

A service animal shall be groomed to prevent shedding and dander and shall be kept clean of fleas and ticks.

District staff (is there a better word) may ask an individual with a disability to remove a service animal from the premises if:

- (1) The animal is out of control and the animal's handler does not take effective action to control it; or
- (2) The animal is not housebroken.

If the district excludes a service animal due to the reasons listed above, the district shall give the individual with a disability the opportunity to participate in the service, program, or activity without having the service animal on the premises.

The District and its staff are not responsible for the care or supervision of a service animal brought onto district property or into district facilities by an individual with a disability. Students with service animals are expected to care for and supervise their animal. In the case of a young child or a student with disabilities who is unable to care for or supervise the service animal, the parent is responsible for providing care and supervision of the animal. Prior to working in the school, any person responsible for providing care and supervision of the animal must go through the same process for background checks as required of all employees of the school system.

The District shall not ask or require an individual with a disability to pay a surcharge, even if people accompanied by pets are required to pay fees, or to comply with other requirements generally not applicable to people without pets.

Legal References: 28 CFR § 35.104

28 CFR § 35.136 A.C.A. § 20-14-304 A.C.A. § 20-14-308

Date Adopted: April 21, 2011 Last Revised: May 12, 2014

# 7.20 – ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFERS

District funds shall only be disbursed by the district treasurer upon the receipt of checks or warrants signed by the District Board of Directors' Disbursing Officer and the Superintendent or through the electronic transfer of funds. Any electronic transfer of funds must be initiated by the District and authorized in writing by both the Disbursing Officer of the school district Board of Directors and the Superintendent.

For the purposes of this policy, "initiated by the District" means the District controls both the timing and the amount of the funds transfer.

The district treasurer shall maintain evidence of authority for the disbursement in the form of invoices, payrolls that conform with written contracts on file in his/her office, or other appropriate documentation indicating an authority to disburse District funds.

"Other appropriate documentation" includes one-time, signed authorization for recurring transactions. The Board of Directors Disbursing Officer must pre-authorize the electronic transfer of funds for non-recurring transactions which can be accomplished by a signed authorization or an email authorizing such a disbursement of funds. <sup>1</sup>

Cross Reference: 1.16—DUTIES OF BOARD DISBURSING OFFICER

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-13-701(e)

Commissioner's Memo Com-12-036

Date Adopted: August 12, 2013

Last Revised:

## 7.21—NAMING SCHOOL FACILITIES

Except as otherwise permitted in this policy or Arkansas law, the District shall not name any building, structure, or facility, paid for in whole or in part with District funds, for an individual living at the time of its completion who, in the ten (10) years preceding its construction, was elected, or held, a federal, state, county, or municipal office and received a salary for his/her service.

Exceptions to the preceding paragraph may be made when a building, structure, or facility is a constructed through the use of at least 50% private funds or, the name refers to:

- 1. an individual(s) living at the time of its completion and who has historical significance;
- 2. an individual who is or has been a prisoner of war; or
- 3. a living individual who is at least 75 years of age and is retired.

Legal Reference: A.C.A. § 25-1-121

Date Adopted: August 12, 2013

Last Revised:

# 7.23—HEALTH CARE COVERAGE AND THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT

#### **Definitions**

"Dependent", for purposes of this policy, means an employee's child(ren) and/or spouse who are enrolled by the employee in health care coverage through the District's health care plans.

"Full-time employee", for purposes of this policy, means an employee in a position requiring on average thirty (30) hours of actual performance per week during the annual school year.

"Responsible individual" means a primary insured employee who, as a parent or spouse, enrolls one or more individual(s) in health care coverage through the District's health care plans.

"Variable hour employee", for the purposes of this policy, means an individual who has no base minimum number of hours of performance required per week.

#### **Health Insurance Enrollment**

All full time District employees are eligible to enroll themselves; their spouse, so long as the spouse is not otherwise eligible for insurance through his/her employer's sponsored plan; and their child(ren) in one of the insurance plans through the Public School Employee Life and Health Insurance Program (PSELHIP). Variable hour employees are not eligible to enroll in a PSELHIP plan. If a variable hour employee's measurement period finds that the employee averaged thirty (30) or more hours per week, then the employee is treated as a full time employee rather than a variable hour employee and is eligible for health insurance. New full time employees have sixty (60) days following the start date of the employee's contract to elect to enroll in a PSELHIP plan; all new employees shall be informed in writing of the start date of the employee's contract and that the employee has sixty (60) days from that date to elect PSELHIP coverage. Coverage for new employees who choose to enroll in a PSELHIP plan shall take effect on the first of the month following the date on the enrollment application. Coverage shall be in effect until the end of the calendar year. Employees who experience a Qualifying Status Change Event have sixty (60) days from the date of the Qualifying Status Change Event to file an application to change coverage information. All employees who continue to be eligible may elect to continue coverage and make changes to their PSELHIP plan for the following plan year during the yearly open enrollment period.

The District shall ensure all employees are provided education annually on the advantages and disadvantages of a consumer-driven health plan option and effective strategies of using a Health Savings Account (HSA).

#### **District Contribution to Premiums**

At a minimum, the District shall distribute the statutorily required contribution rate to all employees who are enrolled in one of the PSELHIP plans, which shall include any mandatory increases to the contribution rate due to increases to the salary schedule. In accordance with the State Health Insurance Portability Rules (SHIP), the District shall continue to pay the premium contribution for an employee who transfers to another Arkansas school district that also participates in the SHIP through August 31 of the calendar year the employee leaves the district so long as the employee:

- 1. Completes his/her contract with the District;
- 2. Provides the District with notice that the employee is transferring to another district by no later than the Friday following the last student contact day;

- 3. Provides the District with proof of employment at another Arkansas district; and
- 4. Has the employee portion of the premium deducted from his/her end-of-year checks or pays the District business office the employee's portion of the premium by the 15th<sup>10</sup> of both July and August.

## **Measurement Method of Employee Hours**

Option 1: The District uses the look-back method for determining if an employee qualifies as a full-time employee.

Option 2: The District uses the monthly measurement method for determining if an employee qualifies as a full-time employee.

#### W-2

For all full-time employees who are enrolled in a PSELHIP plan, the District shall indicate in box twelve (12) of the employee's Form W-2 the cost of the employee's health care coverage by using code "DD".

#### **IRS Returns**

The District will electronically file with the IRS by March 31 of each year the forms required by the IRS on the health insurance coverage of each full-time employee for the previous calendar year, whether or not the full-time employee participates in a health insurance plan through the PSELHIP.

#### **Statement of Return**

The District shall send to each full-time employee a Statement of Return (Statement) regarding the IRS Return filed on the employee. The Statement shall contain: The District's name, address, and Employer Identification Number (EIN) as well as a copy of the IRS Return filed on the employee. The District shall send a copy of the Statement to the employee on or before January 31 of the calendar year following the calendar year the information in the Statement covers. The District shall send only one Statement to the household of an employee who meets the definition of a responsible individual that will include all requisite information for both the responsible individual and the responsible individual's dependent(s). The Statement will be mailed to the employee's address on record.

#### **Record Retention**

The District shall maintain copies of the Statements sent to employees in accordance with the requirements for documents transmitted to the IRS in Policy 7.15—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION.

Cross Reference: 7.15—RECORD RETENTION AND DESTRUCTION

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-17-1117

A.C.A. § 21-5-401 et seq. 26 C.F.R. § 54.4980h-0 et seq.

26 C.F.R. § 31.6001-1 26 C.F.R. § 301.6056-1

Date Adopted: May 12, 2014 Last Revised: April 13, 2015; May 14, 2018

# 7.23F—LICENSED PERSONNEL ELECTRONIC RECEIPT OF STATEMENTS CONSENT FORM

To receive an electronic copy of the statement concerning the tax information for your health insurance coverage, please complete the following information:

Name:			
E-mail address:			
Phone Number:		_	
Mailing Address:			
City:	State:	Zip Code:	

(The phone number and mailing address shall only be used for the purpose of acquiring a replacement e-mail address to send a copy of the Statement of Return (Statement) in the event the District receives an "unable to deliver" notification when the District sends an electronic copy of the Statement to the provided e-mail address.)

#### **Disclosures**

An individual who consents to receive an electronic copy of the Statement shall be deemed to be aware of, and agree to, the following disclosures:

- 1. I shall receive a paper copy of the Statement unless I consent to receive an electronic copy;
- 2. My consent to receive an electronic copy of the Statement shall be effective for all future Statements unless I withdraw my consent<sup>1</sup> or it is terminated in accordance with this agreement;
- 3. The District shall terminate the sending of electronic Statements upon the occurrence of any of the following:
  - Thirty (30) days<sup>2</sup> after the District receives a written request to withdraw consent;
  - There is a change in hardware or software that has a material impact on my ability to receive the electronic version of the Statement;
  - February 1 of the year following any of the following:
    - Termination of my employment;
    - o My retirement from employment;
    - o My death;
- 4. I may request a paper copy of the Statement even though I have consented to receive an electronic copy of the Statement. The request for a paper copy must be in writing, either electronically or on paper, and shall be delivered to the Human Resource <a href="majohmson@malvernleopards.org">njohmson@malvernleopards.org</a> 501-332-7500 Central Office.<sup>3</sup> A request to receive a paper copy shall not constitute a withdrawal of consent to receive an electronic copy of the Statement unless I affirmatively state that the request constitutes a withdrawal.<sup>4</sup>

- 5. I shall receive from the District through either mail or e-mail a confirmation of my withdrawal of consent and the date the withdrawal shall become effective;
- 6. A withdrawal of consent shall not apply to an electronic copy of the Statement that is sent prior to the effective date of the withdrawal;
- 7. I am responsible for making sure that the District has my current contact information. I may update any changes to my contact information by sending an amended copy of the Electronic Receipt of Statements Consent Form to the Human Resource <a href="mailto:njohmson@malvernleopards.org">njohmson@malvernleopards.org</a> 501-332-7500 Central Office.<sup>3</sup>
- 8. The District shall contact me with any changes in the District's contact information;
- 9. The District shall furnish electronic copies of the Statement in the Portable Document Format (PDF);<sup>5</sup>
- 10. Arkansas or Federal law could require the printing of a copy of the Statement to attach to a Federal, State, or local tax return;
- 11. The e-mail containing the electronic copy of the Statement shall have the subject line of "Important Tax Return Document Available" in all capital letters.

I certify that I ha	ave read the disclosu	ires and that I w	ish to affirmativ	ery consent to	receive my
copy of the State	ement in an electron	ic format.			

Signature:	Date:

#### 7.24—ADVERTISING ON SCHOOL BUSES

Under the authority granted by A.C.A. § 6-19-129 and the Commission for Arkansas Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation Rules Governing Advertising on School Buses:<sup>1</sup>

The District has chosen **NOT** to permit the selling of advertising space on District owned school buses and shall **NOT** use the space provided by law for any purpose.<sup>2</sup>

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for soliciting proposals for advertising, as well as guidelines for the review and acceptance of advertisements.<sup>3</sup>

The Board, or designee, shall approve each advertisement before it is displayed on a District bus. The Board reserves the right to reject any advertisement that it deems inappropriate for the school setting. If the District contracts with a third party for the solicitation of potential advertisers and the development of advertising programs, the District retains the final authority to accept or reject potential advertisers and proposed advertisements.

Advertising shall be accepted solely for the purpose of generating revenue for the District transportation program and not for the purpose of establishing a forum for communication. All revenue the District receives from advertisements shall only be used to reduce District transportation costs.

Regardless of the viewpoint expressed in the advertisements, advertisements shall not be approved that are:

- 1. For a political candidate, political party, the adoption of any bond/budget issues, or any public question submitted at any general, county, municipal, or school election as required by A.C.A. § 7-1-111;
- 2. Of an obscene or pornographic nature;
- 3. Promoting drugs, alcohol, tobacco, firearms, or similar products; or
- 4. Otherwise deemed to be inappropriate for minors.

The District shall also reserve the right to reject advertising that is inconsistent with:

- a. Federal laws and regulations or state laws and rules;
- b. Commissioner's memos;
- c. The First Amendment;
- d. Board policy;
- e. The District's mission, goals, standards, and curriculum; or
- f. Any content the District determines has a reasonable likelihood of exposing the District to controversy, litigation, or disruption.

A food or beverage advertisement shall not be permitted unless it satisfies the advertising requirements of Policy 5.29—WELLNESS POLICY.<sup>4</sup>

Acceptance of an advertisement on District school buses shall not constitute approval or endorsement of any product; service; issue; organization; activity; or position referenced in the advertisement, nor shall acceptance of advertising from a vendor determine whether the District will purchase goods or services from the vendor through the District's procurement process in Policy 7.5—PURCHASES AND PROCUREMENT.

The Board has the authority to terminate advertisements on school buses at any time. The Board may, at its sole discretion, cease to allow the display of any previously approved advertisement if it finds the advertisement to have become inappropriate due to changing circumstances.

Approved advertisements may be placed:5

- On the rear quarter-panels of the exterior of the bus,;
- At least three inches (3") behind the rear wheel and not closer than four inches (4") from the lower edge of the window line;
- At least three inches (3") from any required letter, lamp, wheel well, reflector, or emergency exit; and
- Within a block no larger than thirty inches (30") in height and sixty inches (60") in length.

Any reflective tape between the floorline and beltline of the bus that is covered by an advertisement will be replaced by placing reflective tape either above or below the advertisement. No brackets or hardware shall be applied to the bus to hold advertisements.<sup>5</sup>

Advertisements must be of a durable printed material. In order to not create a handhold or present a danger to pedestrians, the advertisement shall not:<sup>5</sup>

- o Intentionally extend from the body; or
- Extend from the body due to damage.

All advertisements shall contain the phrase "Paid advertisement" in a place, font, color, and size that it may be easily read from a distance of at least ten feet (10').

Cross References: 5.29—WELLNESS POLICY

6.9—MEDIA RELATIONS AND NEWS RELEASES

7.5—PURCHASES AND PROCUREMENT

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-19-129

A.C.A. § 7-1-111

Commission for Arkansas Public School Academic Facilities and Transportation Rules Governing Advertising on School Buses

7 C.F.R. § 210.31

Date Adopted: Last Revised:

# 7.25—FOOD SERVICE PREPAYMENT

# **Meal Charges**

The district does not provide credit for staff or students to charge for meals, a la carte, or other food and beverage items available for purchase in the school food service areas. Meals, a la carte, or other food and beverage items may be purchased by either providing payment for the items at the time of receipt or by having a prepaid account with the District that may be charged for the items. Staff and parents, or students choosing to do so, may pay in advance for meals, a la carte, or other food and beverage items through any of the following methods:

- Submitting cash or check payment at the food service office<sup>3</sup>;
- Depositing funds through the District's online service;

A student's parents will be contacted by authorized District personnel regarding a student's prepaid account balance at the following times:<sup>4</sup>

# Unpaid Meal Access<sup>6</sup>

In accordance with Arkansas law, the District allows students whose accounts do not have enough funds to purchase a meal to receive an unpaid reimbursable meal at no charge. The District will notify a student's parents:<sup>7</sup>

- When the student's prepaid account balance has dropped to the point that the student will begin receiving unpaid meals;
- Each time the student receives the first unpaid meal after money has been deposited into the student's prepaid account; and
- O After the student has received five (5) unpaid meals.

Students who have submitted proper documentation to receive a meal modification in accordance with Policy 4.50—SCHOOL MEAL MODIFICATIONS shall receive the same type of modification for an unpaid meal.

Legal References: Commissioner's Memo CNU-17-003

Commissioner's Memo CNU-17-024

A.C.A. § 6-18-715

Date Adopted: Last Revised:

#### 7.25.1—EXCESS FOOD

#### **Definition**

"Excess food" means any food that remains after the serving of breakfast and lunch to students during the school day; however, "excess food" does not include any food that has expired, been opened, or been consumed.

Excess food shall be handled in accordance with U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and Arkansas Department of Health rules.

#### Excess Food Sold a la carte<sup>1</sup>

Exess food may be sold a la carte no later than the day immediately following the day the excess food was served in the District's school meal service.

## **Donation of Excess Food**

When it is not feasible for the District to reuse excess food, excess food may be donated to a non-profit organization, such as a community food bank, homeless shelter, or other nonprofit charitable organization.

The District's Child Nutrition Director (Director), after consultation with and approval by the superintendent, may identify a nonprofit "partner" that will accept the District's excess food. Before the District may donate food to the nonprofit partner, the Director shall obtain a copy of the nonprofit partner's 501(c)(3) documentation and contact information for use when excess food is available for donation.

Whenever excess food is donated, the Director shall document all of the following on the form provided by the Child Nutrition Unit:

- 1. What, how much and when excess food donations are made;
- 2. Who picks up the excess food for the nonprofit partner, including a signature along with the date and time of the pick up; and
- 3. Signature of the child nutrition staff when excess food is donated to the nonprofit partner.

Following the donation of excess food, the Director shall:

- a. Monitor excess food donations;
- b. Report excess food cost to administration; and
- c. Revise planned production and menus to minimize excess food.

The nonprofit partner shall agree to provide the District's students the first opportunity to receive the donated excess food. The superintendent, Director, and

nonprofit partner shall work together to adopt procedures<sup>2</sup> for the providing of excess food to the District's students.

Legal References: A.C.A. § 6-18-716

Commissioner's Memo CNU-16-033

7 C.F.R. § 210.10 7 C.F.R. § 210.11

Date Adopted: Last Revised: