Words extracted directly from the standard and/or associated with the instruction of the content within the standard.

READINESS STANDARDS - Grade 2	
(2.5) Students understand new vocabulary and use it when reading a	and writing. Students are expected to:
(B) use context to determine the relevant meaning of unfamiliar words or multiplemeaning words	Context, Multiple-meaning, Relevant
(2.9) Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions at evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are	·
(B) describe main characters in works of fiction, including their traits, motivations, and feelings	Character, Trait, Motivation, Feeling
(2.10) Students understand, make inferences and draw conclusions of literary nonfiction and respond by providing evidence from te expected to distinguish between fiction and nonfiction.	·
	Fiction, Non-fiction
(Fig 19) Students use a flexible range of metacognitive reading skills understand an author's message. Students will continue to app more complex texts as they become self-directed, critical reade	ly earlier standards with greater depth in increasingly
(E) retell important events in stories in logical order	Retell, Event, Logical Order
(2.14) Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions abo evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are	
(B) locate the facts that are clearly stated in a text	Fact, Locate
(C) describe the order of events or ideas in a text	Describe, Order, Event

2 English Language Arts
egies as needed. Students are expected to:
Illustration, Title, Topic sentence, Key word, Foreshadow, Predictions
Relevant, Clarification
and writing. Students are expected to:
Prefix, Suffix, Base word
Opposite, Similar, Antonym, Synonym
t theme and genre in diff erent cultural, historical, and upport their understanding. Students are expected to:
Lesson, Theme, Fable, Legend, Myth
Folktale, Traditional, Contemporary, Character, Setting, Plot
rstand, make inferences and draw conclusions about n text to support their understanding. Students are to create images in poetry.
Rhyme, Rhythm, Repetition, Images, Poetry
bout the structure and elements of drama and ents are expected to identiy the elements of dialogue
Dialogue, Play
Dialogue, Play bout the structure and elements of fiction and provide expected to:
bout the structure and elements of fiction and provide
bout the structure and elements of fiction and provide expected to:
bout the structure and elements of fiction and provide expected to: Similar, Different, Plot, Setting about how an author's sensory language creates rt their understanding. Students are expected to
bout the structure and elements of fiction and provide expected to: Similar, Different, Plot, Setting about how an author's sensory language creates rt their understanding. Students are expected to eral meanings (e.g., take steps).

SUPPORTING STANDARDS - Grade 2 English Language Arts
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(Fig. 19) Students use a flexible range of metacognitive reading skills in both assigned and independent reading to understand an author's message. Students will continue to apply earlier standards with greater depth in increasingly more complex texts as they become self-directed, critical readers. The student is expected to:

(D) make inferences about text using textual evidence to support understanding

Inference, Textual Evidence

(2.14) Students analyze, make inferences and draw conclusions about and understand expository text and provide evidence from text to support their understanding. Students are expected to:

(A) identify the main idea in a text and distinguish it from the topic

(B) was text feetures (a.g., table of contents index, baselines) to get the feeture of contents index.

(D) use text features (e.g., table of contents, index, headings) to locate specifi c information in text

Text Feature, Table of contents, Index, Heading

(2.15) Students understand how to glean and use information in procedural texts and documents. Students are expected to:

(A) follow written multi-step directions

(B) use common graphic features to assist in the interpretation of text (e.g., captions, illustrations)

Direction, Procedural text

Graphic feature, Caption, Illustration

(2.16) Students use comprehension skills to analyze how words, images, graphics, and sounds work together in various forms to impact meaning.

Image, Graphic, Sound, Media

(A) recognize different purposes of media (e.g., informational, entertainment)

Purpose, Media, Informational, Entertainment