# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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## CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Kemp Independent School District	Kaurman	129-904	
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. Number	
We, the undersigned, certify that the attac	ched annual financial repo	orts of the above-named school	ol district
were reviewed and (check one) appr	roved disapproved	for the year ended June 30, 2	020, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such sch	nool district on the 16th da	y of November, 2020.	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	Many Holds are of Board President	
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the a (attach list as necessary)	auditors' report, the reason	n(s) for disapproving it is (are):	

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401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710

254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

AICPA AICPA

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, and pension and OPEB information, as presented in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2020 on our consideration of the Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas November 16, 2020



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Kemp Independent School District's, financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$4,170,320 at June 30, 2020. Of this amount, a deficit of \$1,667,711 represents unrestricted net position.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$337,776 less than the \$19,334,938 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs and other funding sources.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$7,826,938.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-1 and Exhibit B-1). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (Exhibit C-1 and Exhibit C-3) report the District's operating in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statement or the fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The combining statements for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

## Reporting the District as a Whole

### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations is shown on Exhibit A-1 and Exhibit B-1. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position include all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from student from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers of by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, one should consider non-financial factors as well, such as change in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the District is classified into one kind of activity:

• Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit C-1 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the Every Student Succeeds Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). Two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches. The District utilizes only the governmental funds.

Governmental funds – The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These uses
modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all
other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash) and report balances that are available
for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the
District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between
governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and
governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

### The District as Trustee

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money that is raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use them to support its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and the changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$337,776 this year from operations. Ending net position increased from \$3,832,544 on June 30, 2019 to a total of \$4,170,320 on June 30, 2020. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to financing day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was deficit \$1,689,670 on June 30, 2020 compared to deficit \$1,389,307 on June 30, 2019.

### **NET POSITION**

	Governmental		G	Governmental	
	Activities		Activities		
	2020			2019	
Assets:					
Current and other assets	\$	11,492,930	\$	10,112,037	
Capital assets	_	26,824,875	_	27,586,873	
Total assets		38,317,805	_	37,698,910	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred loss on bond refunding		495,099		751,695	
Deferred outflow related to pension		2,868,473		2,790,542	
Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefit		3,434,236		2,204,448	
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,797,808		5,746,685	
Liabilities:					
Net pension liability		5,044,046		4,770,963	
Net other post-employment benefit liability		7,348,524		6,743,952	
Long-term liabilities		22,250,226		24,056,784	
Other liabilities		2,301,537		1,647,314	
Total liabilities		36,944,333	_	37,219,013	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred resource inflow for TRS		821,879		261,438	
Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefit		3,179,081		2,132,600	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	4,000,960	_	2,394,038	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		5,299,867		4,794,195	
Restricted		538,164		427,656	
Unrestricted	(	1,667,711)	(	1,389,307)	
Total net position	\$	4,170,320	\$	3,832,544	

The District's total revenues increased \$3,662,003 over the previous year. This is largely due to the increase in property tax revenues and operating grants and contributions.

The District's total property tax rate for FY2020 decreased from FY2019 for a total tax rate of \$1.408, \$1.068 for M&O and \$0.340 for I&S. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$24,319,598 compared to \$14,594,884 last year.

Table 2
KEMP INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**CHANGES IN NET POSITION** 

	2020		2019	
Revenues:				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	187,809	\$	240,983
Operating Grants and Contributions		5,134,627		4,350,712
General revenues:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		5,336,854		4,591,721
Property taxes, levied for debt service		1,675,774		1,356,719
Grants and contributions not restricted		12,133,959		10,221,456
Investment earnings		107,935		122,794
Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue	_	80,416	_	110,986
Total Revenues	_	24,657,374	_	20,995,371
Expenses:				
Instruction		13,279,235		10,315,429
Instructional resources and media services		308,247		279,728
Curriculum and staff development		256,341		209,557
Instructional leadership		152,117		205,371
School leadership		1,257,516		1,053,676
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		781,323		526,987
Health services		349,685		332,168
Student transportation		1,298,546		1,085,038
Food service		1,028,082		1,106,837
Extracurricular activities		1,047,807		1,115,756
General administration		1,167,554		817,240
Facilities, maintenance and operations		1,840,270		1,760,524
Security and monitoring services		131,814		102,224
Data processing services		420,277		386,625
Interest on long-term debt		903,216		954,459
Bond issuance costs and fees		6,013		4,887
Other governmental charges	_	91,555	_	74,562
Total Expenses	_	24,319,598	_	20,331,068
Change in net position		337,776		664,303
Net position beginning	_	3,832,544	_	3,168,241
Net position ending	\$_	4,170,320	\$_	3,832,544

## THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet, Exhibit C-1) reported a combined fund balance of \$8,572,592 which is more than last year's total of \$7,888,907.

Over the course of a year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved during the year for occasional expenditures presented to the Board. The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs or areas that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resources needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$7,826,938 reported on Exhibit G-1 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$3,613,788 reported in the budgetary comparison. This is principally due to the district setting a very conservative budget and an increase in student enrollment.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

At the end of 2020, the District had \$26,824,875 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

As part of the effort to reduce spending, there were minimal capital improvements made during the 2019-2020 fiscal year. The following major capital improvements were made:

- Construction of a weight room for student athletics for a total cost spent thus far of \$1,175,863.
- Various equipment purchased for a combined purchase price of \$201,362.

### Long-term Liabilities

Outstanding bonded debt of the District was \$20,032,432 at the end of the fiscal year. The District has no plans to use additional debt for capital projects at this time. Loans payable of the District decreased over FY 2019. The outstanding loans payable of the District was \$2,217,794 at the end of the fiscal year. The overall change in bonds and loans payable decreased \$1,806,558 over FY 2019.

The TRS net pension liability increased \$273,083 over FY 2019. The outstanding net pension liability of the District was \$5,044,046 at the end of the fiscal year. The net OPEB liability, increased \$604,572 over FY 2019. The outstanding net OPEB liability of the District was \$7,348,524 at the end of the fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability is presented in notes to the financial statements.

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2019-2020 budget and tax rates. One of those factors is the local economy. Since the economy has shown some improvement and fuel prices have not increased dramatically, we are seeing a continued increase in enrollment since many families are returning to the area. Unemployment has increased from 4.7 in 2007 to where it now stands at 6.0 percent for Kaufman County. We are below the State's unemployment rate of 8.3 percent and below the national rate of 6.9 percent. Unemployment rates have improved slightly since last year.

The average daily student attendance is a determining factor in the state of funding formula. Average daily attendance (ADA) for Kemp I.S.D. is approximately 95% of student enrollment.

Year	Enrollment
2013-14	1,436
2014-15	1,455
2015-16	1,498
2016-17	1,542
2017-18	1,620
2018-19	1,663
2019-20	1,619

Our enrollment on the snapshot date in the fall of the 2019-2020 school year varied from the previous school year by 44 students. However, the final average daily attendance (ADA) increased by 44 students from the previous year. The Legislature has reduced the public school state funding and because state funding is not sufficient for our needs, we continue to rely on the only other major sources of revenue generation, that of property taxes. Property values in Kemp I.S.D. saw a slight increase for 2020; therefore, the I&S tax rate remained at \$0.340. The I&S Debt Service Fund maintains a fund balance which currently eliminates the need to transfer fund from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to cover the deficit. Management continues to analyze the enrollment and property value trends and will continue to seize every opportunity to cut costs while continuing to provide a quality education resulting in higher student achievement.

The District intends to follow current fiscal and budgetary policies and if the projections for 2019-2020 are realized, expects to continue seeing moderate increases in the current General Fund balance.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money is receives. If you have questions about this report of need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Kemp I.S.D., 905 S. Main Street, Kemp, Texas.

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# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

Data		1 Primary <u>Government</u>
Control Codes		Governmental Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 276,539
1120	Current investments	9,252,347
1220	Delinquent property taxes receivable	917,464
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	( 162,312)
1240	Due from other governments	796,367
1290	Other receivables (net)	350,597
1410	Prepaid Expenses Capital assets:	61,928
1510	Land	367,652
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	24,537,678
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	743,682
1580	Construction in progress	1,175,863
1000	Total assets	38,317,805
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred loss on bond refunding	495,099
1705	Deferred outflow related to pension	2,868,473
1706	Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefit	3,434,236
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources	6,797,808
2110	LIABILITIES	60.006
2110	Accounts payable	68,806
2140	Interest payable	282,301
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	350,970
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,184,024
2180 2200	Due to other governments	322,136
2200	Accrued expenses Noncurrent liabilities:	93,300
2501	Due within one year	1,714,128
2501	Due in more than one year	20,536,098
2540	Net pension liability	5,044,046
2545	Net other post-employment benefit liability	7,348,524
		36,944,333
2000	Total liabilities	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred inflow related to pension	821,879
2606	Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefit	3,179,081
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	4,000,960
2222	NET POSITION	5 000 0CT
3200	Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	5,299,867
3820	Federal and state programs	280,105
3850	Debt service	194,169
3870	Campus activities	63,890
3900	Unrestricted	( 1,667,711)
3000	Total net position	\$

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			1		Program Revenues 3
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	fo	Charges or Services
	Primary government:				
11	Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	13,279,235	\$	10,080
12	Instruction Instructional resources and media services	Ą	308,247	Ą	10,080
13	Curriculum and staff development		256,341		_
21	Instructional leadership		152,117		-
23	School leadership		1,257,516		-
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		781,323		-
33	Health services		349,685		-
34	Student transportation		1,298,546		-
35	Food service		1,028,082		148,657
36	Extracurricular activities		1,047,807		29,052
41	General administration		1,167,554		-
51	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,840,270		20
52 53	Security and monitoring services		131,814		-
53	Data processing services		420,277		-
72 73	Interest on long-term debt Bond issuance costs and fees		903,216		-
			6,013		-
99	Other governmental charges		91,555	.—	-
TP	Total primary government	\$	24,319,598	\$	187,809
	General reven	ues:			
	Taxes:				
MT			es, levied for ge		
DT			es, levied for de		
GC			ributions not res	stricted	
IE	Investmer		3	dia e a co	
MI			cal and interme	diate r	evenue
TR	Tot	al gen	ieral revenues		
CN	Change in net	positi	on		
NB	Net position -	begin	ning		
NE	Net position -	endin	g		

Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
4 Operating Grants and Contributions	6 Primary Government Governmental Activities
\$ 2,577,719 33,869 40,593 20,318 173,395 281,784 638,770 114,556 712,278 92,039 115,883 120,340 10,293 43,907 158,883	\$( 10,691,436) ( 274,378) ( 215,748) ( 131,799) ( 1,084,121) ( 499,539) 289,085) ( 167,147) ( 926,716) ( 1,051,671) ( 1,719,910) ( 121,521) ( 376,370) ( 744,333) ( 6,013) ( 91,555) ( 18,997,162)
	5,336,854 1,675,774 12,133,959 107,935 80,416 19,334,938 337,776 3,832,544 \$ 4,170,320

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020

<b>.</b> .		10		50	60
Data Control				Debt	Capital
Codes		General		Service	Projects
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	111,644	\$ -
1120	Current investments	8,695,623		430,059	126,665
1220	Delinquent property taxes receivable	699,381		218,083	-
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	( 123,730)	) (	38,582)	-
1240	Due from other governments	564,130		-	-
1260	Due from other funds	129,859		-	-
1290	Other receivables	273,195		77,402	-
1300	Inventory	-		-	-
1410	Prepaid expenditures	61,928			 
1000	Total assets	10,300,386		798,606	 126,665
				<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts payable	52,026		-	-
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	350,970		-	-
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,169,772		-	-
2170	Due to other funds	110,566		-	-
2180	Due to other governments	-		322,136	-
2200	Accrued expenditures	90,488			 
2000	Total liabilities	1,773,822	-	322,136	 
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	699,626		201,476	_
2602	Deferred inflows - commodities inventory	-		-	_
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	699,626		201,476	 
2000	rotal deferred filliows of resources	099,020		201,470	 
	FUND BALANCES				
2.420	Nonspendable	64.000			
3430	Prepaid items	61,928		-	-
3450	Restricted: Federal and state programs				
3480	Retirement of long-term debt	-		- 274,994	_
3400	Committed:	_		2/4,334	_
3510	Construction	_		_	126,665
3545	Other	-		-	-
00.0	Assigned:				
3590	Other assigned fund balance	2,989,412		_	-
3600	Unassigned	4,775,598		-	-
3000	Total fund balances	7,826,938		274,994	 126,665
2300	rotal falla balances				 
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
	resources and fund balances	\$ <u>10,300,386</u>	\$	798,606	\$ 126,665

 Other Governmental	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 164,895 - - - 232,237 159,859 - 26,233 - 583,224	\$ 276,539 9,252,347 917,464 ( 162,312) 796,367 289,718 350,597 26,233 61,928 11,808,881
16,780 - 14,252 179,152 - 2,812 212,996	68,806 350,970 1,184,024 289,718 322,136 93,300 2,308,954
26,233 26,233	901,102 26,233 927,335
- 280,105 -	61,928 280,105 274,994
- 63,890	126,665 63,890
- - 343,995	2,989,412 4,775,598 8,572,592
\$ 583,224	\$ <u>11,808,881</u>

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# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	8,572,592
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		26,824,875
2	Uncollected property taxes are reported as unavailable resources in the governmental funds balance sheet, but are recognized as a revenue in the statement of activities.		901,102
3	Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(	21,755,127)
4	Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(	282,301)
5	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$2,868,473, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$821,879, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$5,044,046. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(	2,997,452)
6	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,434,236, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$3,179,081, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$7,348,524. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	<u>(</u>	7,093,369)
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	4,170,320

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		10	50	60
Data Control <u>Codes</u>		General	Debt Service	Capital Projects
	REVENUES			_
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 5,483,514	\$ 1,680,432	\$ 682
5800	State program revenues	12,855,710	158,883	-
5900	Federal program revenues	648,550		
5020	Total revenues	18,987,774	1,839,315	682
	EXPENDITURES			
0011	Current:	0.540.604		
0011	Instruction	9,549,604	-	-
0012	Instructional resources and media services	235,365	-	-
0013	Curriculum and staff development	224,556	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	127,802	-	-
0023	School leadership	1,041,292	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation service		-	-
0033	Health services	272,923	-	-
0034	Student transportation	937,881	-	-
0035	Food service	12,812	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	804,012	-	-
0041	General administration	1,040,171	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	1,660,758	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	120,898	-	-
0053	Data processing services Debt service:	376,018	-	-
0071	Principal on long-term debt	542,639	1,115,000	_
0071	Interest on long-term debt	127,581	686,713	_
0072	Bond issuance costs and fees	127,301	6,013	_
0073	Capital outlay	16,399	0,013	738,925
		91,555	_	730,923
0099	Other intergovernmental charges		1 007 726	720.025
6030	Total expenditures	<u>17,658,056</u>	<u>1,807,726</u>	738,925
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,329,718	31,589	( 738,243)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
7915	Transfers in	-	-	433,969
8911	Transfers out	( 433,969)	-	<u>-</u>
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	( 433,969)		433,969
7000	Total other illianting sources (uses)	( 433,303)		
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	895,749	31,589	( 304,274)
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	6,931,189	243,405	430,939
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 7,826,938	\$ 274,994	\$ <u>126,665</u>

Other Governmental	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 205,389	\$ 7,370,017
349,705	13,364,298
1,694,438	2,342,988
2,249,532	23,077,303
1,096,741	10,646,345
-	235,365
-	224,556
6,115	133,917
-	1,041,292
192,322	668,112
15,741	288,664
-	937,881
807,187	819,999
43,130	847,142
-	1,040,171
27,675	1,688,433
-	120,898
-	376,018
-	1,657,639
-	814,294
-	6,013
-	755,324
-	91,555
2,188,911	22,393,618
60,621	683,685
- - -	433,969 ( 433,969)
60,621	683,685
283,374	7,888,907
\$ 343,995	\$ 8,572,592

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

( 637,993)

683,685

Miscellaneous transactions involving sales and disposals of capital assets result in changes to net position. This is the amount net position decreased as a result of these disposals.

124,005)

Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

24,271

Bond and tax note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and tax note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.

1,549,962

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

18,714

GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$353,698. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$285,810. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$823,481. The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.

755,593)

GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expanded and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$104,356. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$93,051. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by \$432,570. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.

421,265)

Change in net position of governmental activities

337,776

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds
ASSETS	+ 1070	+ 10C F02
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,979	\$ 106,503
Investments - current		5,580
Total assets	1,979	112,083
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups		112,083
Total liabilities		\$ <u>112,083</u>
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted net position	1,979	
Total net position	\$ <u>1,979</u>	

## **EXHIBIT E-2**

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ADDITIONS  Local and intermediate sources  Total additions	Private Purpose Trusts
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Other operating costs Total deductions	4,500 4,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	( 4,500)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	6,479
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 1,979

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

Kemp Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven- member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and any applicable component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The District has no component units which are required to be reported, discretely or blended, in combination with the primary government.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes, state foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to parties who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories – governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state foundation funds, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenue until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The agency fund has no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* – is used to account for funds that have been committed by the District's Board of Trustees for use in capital construction and other capital asset acquisitions. Additionally, this fund would be used to account for any long-term debt proceeds used for this same purpose in future years.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

**Special Revenue Funds** – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or committed for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a Special Revenue Fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Fiduciary Fund:

**Private-Purpose Trust Fund** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is the scholarship fund.

**Agency Fund** – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statement these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated.

# D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance</u>

### 1. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for its position in qualifying external investment pools that measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. The District's investment in pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

## 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Vehicles	10
Furniture and Equipment	10

#### 4. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. Vacation must be used within six months of year end, the amount for accrued vacation is immaterial to the financial statements.

### 5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### 6. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

### 8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are deferred charges on bond refunding's and deferred outflows related to both the TRS net pension liability and the TRS net OPEB liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District is reporting an item related to TRS represents the District's share of the unrecognized plan deferred outflow of resources which TRS uses in calculating the ending net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows or resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of inflows, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. The first item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also recognized their share of the unrecognized TRS plan deferred inflows of resources which TRS uses in calculating the ending net pension liability.

### 9. Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the
  use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws
  or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions
  or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the School Board or Superintendent.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The
  unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
  governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

### 10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or though external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

### 12. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

### 13. Program Revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

### 14. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 on property values assessed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

### 15. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base policy development and funding plans.

### 16. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is at least reasonably possible that the foundation revenue estimates as of June 30, 2020, will change.

#### II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The District's investment pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

The District's investments at June 30, 2020, are shown below:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 2,158,940	75
Certificate of Deposit	122,985	75
TexPool	3,344,887	33
First Public/Lone Star Investment Pool	1,567,320	35
Texas CLASS	 2,058,215	64
Total Investments	\$ 9,252,347	

Interest rate risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

*Credit risk*. It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

	Standard & Poor's
Investment Type	Rating
TexPool	AAAm
First Public/Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm
Texas CLASS	AAAm

Concentration of credit risk. The District's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity or specific user.

Custodial credit risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash deposits of the District include all amounts deposited at the District's depository bank, including demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### B. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenue is considered available (1) when it becomes due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when it is expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund and Debt Service Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

#### C. <u>Due From Other Governments</u>

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the state through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2020, are summarized below.

	General Other					
		Fund		Total		
State Entitlements	\$	564,130	\$	-	\$	564,130
Federal Grants				232,237		232,237
Total	\$	564,130	\$	232,237	\$	796,367

#### D. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Due to and due from other funds balances at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following amounts:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	110,566
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		129,859
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	_	49,293
Total		\$	289,718

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

# E. Other Receivables

Other receivables consisted of the following balances as of June 30, 2020:

				Debt			
		General					
	Fund			Fund		Total	
Penalty and interest	\$	322,823	\$	93,534	\$	416,357	
Allowance for penalties and interest	(	49,628)	(	16,132)	(	65,760)	
Total	\$	273,195	\$	77,402	\$	350,597	

# F. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Additions	Reti	irements		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	367,652	\$	-	\$	-	\$	367,652
Construction in progress		587,026		588,837				1,175,863
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated		954,678	_	588,837				1,543,515
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings & improvements		43,869,007		-		-		43,869,007
Furniture & equipment		3,084,908		201,362	(	591,431)	_	2,694,839
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	46,953,915		201,362	(	591,431)	_	46,563,846
Less accumulated deprecation for:								
Buildings & improvements	(	18,066,950)	(	1,264,379)		-	(	19,331,329)
Furniture and equipment	(	2,254,770)	(	163,813)		467,426	(	1,951,157)
Total accumulated depreciation	(	20,321,720)	(	1,428,192)		467,426	(	21,282,486)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	27,586,873	\$ <u>(</u>	637,993)	\$ <u>(</u>	124,005)	\$	26,824,875

Depreciation expense charges to governmental functions is as follows:

11	Instruction	\$ 704,614
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	42,679
23	School Leadership	37,862
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,573
33	Health Services	17,573
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	265,567
35	Food Services	202,382
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	101,543
41	General Administration	10,295
51	Plant Maintenance Operations	24,047
52	Security and Monitoring Services	359
53	Data Processing Services	 3,698
otal D	Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,428,192

#### G. Bonds Payable

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Original	Original Beginning		Retired/ Refunded	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year	
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2.0% - 4.00%	\$ 8,725,000	\$ 8,370,000	\$ -	\$ 70,000	\$ 8,300,000	\$ 70,000	
CAB Series 2014 Bonds CAB Premium Accreted interest		69,993 - -	69,993 552,193 81,472	- - 21,982	- - -	69,993 552,193 103,454	- - -	
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	3.0% - 4.00%	8,850,000	8,815,000		35,000	8,780,000	35,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.0% - 3.50%	4,235,000	2,240,000		1,010,000	1,230,000	1,045,000	
Total		\$ <u>21,879,993</u>	\$ <u>20,128,658</u>	\$ <u>21,982</u>	\$ <u>1,115,000</u>	\$ <u>19,035,640</u>	\$ <u>1,150,000</u>	

Debt service requirements are as follows:

General Obligations									
					Total				
	Principal		Interest	Re	Requirements				
•	_	<u> </u>	_						
\$	1,150,000	\$	653,963	\$	1,803,963				
	1,190,000		614,238		1,804,238				
	1,265,000		577,613		1,842,613				
	1,310,000		539,663		1,849,663				
	1,350,000		499,963		1,849,963				
	5,995,000		1,608,625		7,603,625				
	6,950,000		707,600		7,657,600				
	19,210,000	\$	5,201,665	\$	24,411,665				
	174,360								
	<u> </u>								
\$	19,035,640								
	_	\$ 1,150,000 1,190,000 1,265,000 1,310,000 1,350,000 5,995,000 6,950,000 19,210,000	\$ 1,150,000 \$ 1,190,000 1,265,000 1,310,000 5,995,000 6,950,000 \$ 174,360	Principal         Interest           \$ 1,150,000         \$ 653,963           1,190,000         614,238           1,265,000         577,613           1,310,000         539,663           1,350,000         499,963           5,995,000         1,608,625           6,950,000         707,600           19,210,000         \$ 5,201,665	Principal         Interest         Ref           \$ 1,150,000         \$ 653,963         \$           1,190,000         614,238         \$           1,265,000         577,613         \$           1,310,000         539,663         \$           1,350,000         499,963         \$           5,995,000         1,608,625         \$           6,950,000         707,600         \$           19,210,000         \$ 5,201,665         \$				

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2020.

The District's outstanding bonds payable contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts will be paid from the corpus of the Texas Permanent School Fund. The District's outstanding tax notes contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due.

# Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds

A portion of the bonds sold in the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014 were capital appreciation bonds. The obligations have par values of \$70,000 and maturity values of \$900,000. The interest on these obligations will be paid upon maturity in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027. The accreted value of these bonds at June 30, 2020, is approximately \$633,665 which has been allocated to the governmental activities.

#### H. Loans Payable

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the locally defined capital projects fund. Short-term debts include notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code Section 45. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources and Principal and interest payments are shown as debt service of the General Fund.

A Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2011 ("Qualified School Construction Bonds"), loan of \$2,448,000 was issued on April 12, 2011 for the purpose of providing funds to pay for the costs of the District's maintenance improvements as authorized by Texas Education Code section 45.106, as amended. The loan is to be repaid in annual payments beginning February 15, 2012. The interest rate is 6.75% which includes a Federal Tax Credit rate of 5.45% resulting in a net tax rate of 1.30% to the District.

A Public Property Finance Act Contract No. 7489, loan of \$1,505,981 was issued on August 15, 2016 for the purpose of refinancing the Public Property Finance Contract No. 6402. The original 2007 Contract was for the acquisition of personal property as authorized by Texas Education Code Section 45.108 as amended. The new loan is to be repaid in varying monthly payments beginning October 29, 2016, in accordance with the Schedule of Payments. The interest rate is 2.483%. The estimated savings to the District is \$21,380.

A Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2016, was issued on September 8, 2016 for the purpose of refinancing the Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2007, issued on March 30, 2007. The original 2007 Tax Note was for providing funds for the District's maintenance improvements as authorized by the Texas Education Code Section 45.108, as amended. The new loan is to be repaid in annual payments beginning September 8, 2017. The interest rate is 2.58%. The estimated savings to the District is \$33,530.

A summary of changes in loans payable for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Description/ Purpose	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Beginning Balance	Issued/ Additions	Retired/ Refinanced	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Maintenance Tax Notes Series 2011 "Qualified School Construction Bonds"	6.750%	\$ 2,448,000	\$ 1,437,000	\$ -	\$ 167,000	\$ 1,270,000	\$ 179,000
Maintenance Tax Notes Series 2016	2.580%	704,954	433,699	-	140,899	292,800	144,535
Public Property Finance Contract No. 7489	2.483%	1,505,981	889,693		234,699	654,994	240,593
Total		\$ <u>4,658,935</u>	\$2,760,392	\$	\$ 542,598	\$ 2,217,794	\$ 564,128

Debt service requirements are as follows:

					Fed	leral Interest	
					Rel	oate Amount	
 Principal		Interest	R	equirements	"QSCB"		
				_			
\$ 564,128	\$	106,820	\$	670,948	\$(	69,215)	
585,900		84,966		670,866	(	59,460)	
370,766		62,317		433,083	(	49,050)	
217,000		47,047		264,047	(	37,987)	
232,000		32,400		264,400	(	26,160)	
 248,000		16,741		264,741	(	13,516)	
\$ 2,217,794	\$	350,291	\$	2,568,085	\$(	255,388)	
_	\$ 564,128 585,900 370,766 217,000 232,000 248,000	\$ 564,128 \$ 585,900 370,766 217,000 232,000 248,000	\$ 564,128 \$ 106,820 585,900 84,966 370,766 62,317 217,000 47,047 232,000 32,400 248,000 16,741	\$ 564,128 \$ 106,820 \$ 585,900 84,966 370,766 62,317 217,000 47,047 232,000 32,400 248,000 16,741	\$ 564,128 \$ 106,820 \$ 670,948 585,900 84,966 670,866 370,766 62,317 433,083 217,000 47,047 264,047 232,000 32,400 264,400 248,000 16,741 264,741	Principal         Interest         Requirements           \$ 564,128         \$ 106,820         \$ 670,948         \$(           585,900         84,966         670,866         (           370,766         62,317         433,083         (           217,000         47,047         264,047         (           232,000         32,400         264,400         (           248,000         16,741         264,741         (	

# I. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Addition		Reductions/ Refundings		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities: Bonds payable:					<u> </u>					
General obligation bonds Premium (discount) on	\$ 20,128,658	\$	21,982	\$	1,115,000	\$	19,035,640	\$	1,150,000	
issuance of bonds: Premium/(discount) Loans payable:	1,167,734		-		170,942		996,792		-	
Various loans payable	 2,760,392	_		_	542,598	_	2,217,794	_	564,128	
Total governmental activities long-term										
liabilities	\$ 24,056,784	\$_	21,982	\$_	1,828,540	\$	22,250,226	\$	1,714,128	

# J. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned. The individual fund balances of the District are:

				Debt		Capital				
Fund		General		Service		Projects		Other		
Balance		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	61,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,928
Restricted:										
Federal Grants		-		-		-		280,105		280,105
Debt Service				274,994				_	_	274,994
Total Restricted				274,994		-		280,105	_	555,099
Committed:										
Construction		-		-		126,665		-		126,665
Campus Activity				-				63,890	_	63,890
Total Committed		-	_		_	126,665	_	63,890	_	190,555
Assigned:										
Subsequent year's budget		2,989,412		-		-		-		2,989,412
Unassigned:	_	4,775,598				-		-	_	4,775,598
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,826,938	\$	274,994	\$	126,665	\$	343,995	\$_	8,527,542

#### K. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

**Plan Description.** Kemp ISD participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf">https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

**Contributions.** Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

#### **Contribution Rates**

	2019	2020
Member	7.7%	 7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.5%
2019 Employer Contributions		\$ 380,720
2019 Member Contributions		797,570
2018 NECE On-behalf Contributions		483,391

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Accet Class	Target	New Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric
Asset Class Global Equity	Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Allocation <sup>2</sup>	Real Rate of Return <sup>3</sup>
U.S.	18.00%	18.00%	6.40%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	13.00%	6.30%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	9.00%	7.30%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	7.0070	7.3070
Private Equity	13.00%	14.00%	8.40%
Stable Value	.0.0070		3.1376
U.S. Treasuries <sup>4</sup>	11.00%	16.00%	3.10%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	5.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return(Including Credit			
Sensitive Investments)	-	-	-
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds <sup>4</sup>	3.00%	-	-
Real Estate	14.00%	15.00%	8.50%
Energy and Natural Resources and Ir	5.00%	6.00%	7.30%
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	8.00%	5.8%/(6.5%) <sup>5</sup>
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	-	
Cash	1.00%	2.00%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage	<del>-</del>	(%)	2.70%
Total	100.00%		7.23%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the net pension liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 7,753,432	\$	5,044,046	\$	2,848,921		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019.

<sup>3 10-</sup> Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatilty.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.** At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$5,044,046 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 5,044,046
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 7,179,528
Total	\$ 12,223,574

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0097032373% which was an increase of 0.0010354448% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.** The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's pension expense was \$1,515,962 and revenue of \$800,985 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2020, the District's proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	21,190	\$	175,137
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,564,911		646,695
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		50,648		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.		878,026		47
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		353,698		
Total	\$	2,868,473	\$	821,879

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	Pension		
Year Ended	Expense			
June 30:	Amount			
2021	\$ 419,50	8		
2022	360,40	2		
2023	405,47	9		
2024	366,28	4		
Thereafter	141,22	3		

#### L. <u>Health Care Coverage</u>

During the period ended June 30, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a state-wide health care plan, TRS Active Care. The District's participation in this plan is renewable annually. The District paid into the Plan \$300 per month per employee. Employees, at their option, pay premiums for any coverage above these amounts as well as for dependent coverage. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The Teachers Retirement System (TRS) manages TRS Active Care. The medical plan is administered by Aetna Life Insurance Company. Caremark administers the prescription drug plan. The latest financial information on the state-wide plan may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, www.trs.state.tx.us, under the TRS Publications heading.

# M. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

**Plan Description.** The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education services centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify to TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans.

TRS-Care Monthly Retirees January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2019 Medicare Non-Medicare Retiree or Surviving Spouse \$ 135 \$ 200 529 689 Retiree and Spouse Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children 468 408 999 Retiree and Family 1.020

**Contributions.** Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rate	S	
	2019	2020
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
2020 Employer Contributions		\$ 113,692
2020 Member Contributions		67,331
2019 NECE On-behalf Contributions		146,533

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the non-employer contributing entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019. The 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

#### Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August

31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Discount Rate 2.63% as of August 31, 2019

Aging Factors

Based on plan specific experience

Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care

benefits are included in the age-adjusted

claims costs.

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%

Healthcare Trend Rates 4.50% to 9.05%

Election Rates

Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than the discount rate that was used 3.69% in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.63%)		Discount Rate (2.63%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.63%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	\$ 8,872,027	\$	7,348,524	\$	6,156,687	

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in Current Single		19	1% Increase in			
	Healthcare Trend		H	Healthcare Trend		althcare Trend	
	Rate (7.5%)			Rate (8.5%)		Rate (9.5%)	
Proportionate share of net OPEB							
liability	\$	5,994,668	\$	7,348,524	\$	9,162,070	

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.* At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$7,348,524 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 7,348,524
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 9,764,545
Total	\$ 17,113,069

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0155388751% which was an increase of 0.0020323091% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.** The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered to 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the total OPEB Liability.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the total OPEB Liability.
- There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023 has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date. The 85<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- Allowed the system to provide other, appropriate health benefits plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting on the next enrollment period.

Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during plan years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$653,738 and revenue of \$254,353 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 360,508	\$ 1,202,508
Changes in actuarial assumptions	408,153	1,976,573
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	793	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.	2,560,426	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 104,356	 
Total	\$ 3,434,236	\$ 3,179,081

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		OPEB
Year Ended		Expense
June 30:		Amount
2021	\$(	61,496)
2022	(	61,496)
2023	(	61,753)
2024	(	61,900)
2025	(	61,863)
Thereafter		459,307

**Medicare Part D.** The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments of \$54,635 \$30,689, and \$27,619 were recognized for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively, as equal revenues and expenditures.

#### N. Construction and Other Commitments

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. The projects include constructing a weight room for student athletics. The amount encumbered at June 30, 2020 is \$295,268.

## O. Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Cost charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received many be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing to respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

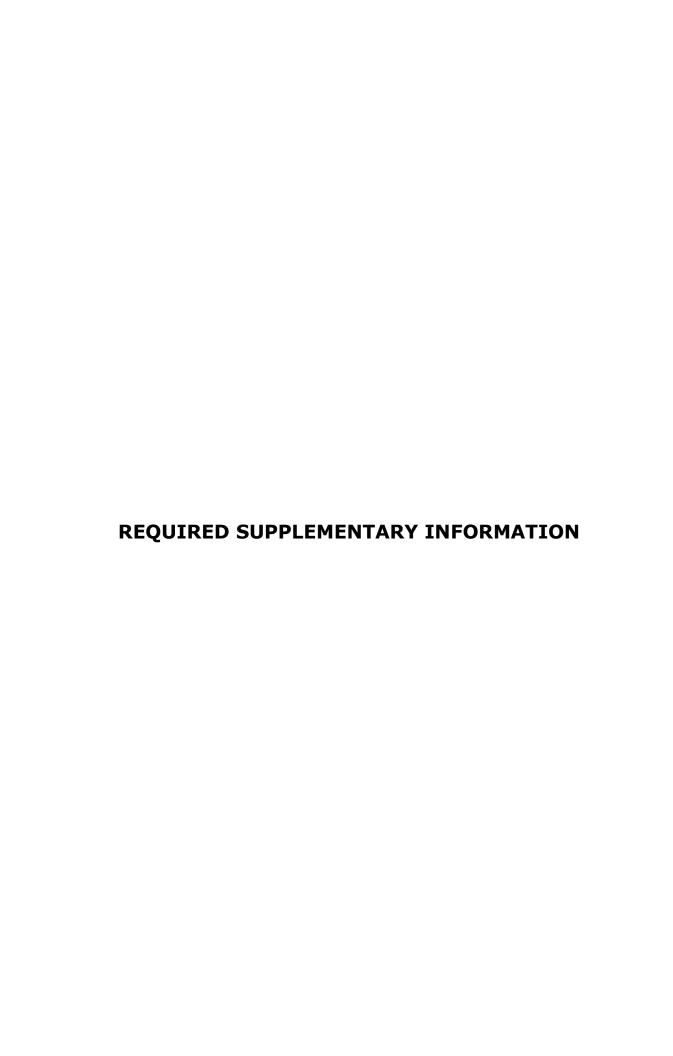
#### P. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### Q. Related Party Transactions

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District received paid construction services from a company owned by the spouse of a member of the Board of Trustees. Total payments to the vendor during the fiscal year were \$12,117. The contract with the vendor was approved by the Construction Subcommittee. The owner of the vendor served on the Construction Committee until October 21, 2019. He abstained from voting when the contract was approved by that committee.

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# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data Control		Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 5,453,013	\$ 5,692,396	\$ 5,483,514	\$( 208,882)
5800	State program revenues	10,260,744	12,122,951	12,855,710	732,759
5900	Federal program revenues	481,148	523,148	648,550	125,402
5020	Total revenues	16,194,905	18,338,495	18,987,774	649,279
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	8,025,758	10,657,691	9,549,604	1,108,087
0012	Instructional resources and media sources	227,840	243,384	235,365	8,019
0013	Curriculum and staff development	277,155	169,611	224,556	( 54,945)
0021	Instructional leadership	168,059	193,704	127,802	65,902
0023	School leadership	1,036,289	1,137,928	1,041,292	96,636
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	538,662	653,969	475,790	178,179
0033	Health services	287,718	304,418	272,923	31,495
0034	Student transportation	806,921	1,057,356	937,881	119,475
0035	Food service	10,000	37,281	12,812	24,469
0036	Extracurricular activities	821,354	933,335	804,012	129,323
0041	General administration	735,890	1,028,179	1,040,171	( 11,992)
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	1,678,000	2,108,173	1,660,758	447,415
0052	Security and monitoring services	203,225	172,903	120,898	52,005
0053	Data processing services	355,818	465,946	376,018	89,928
0071	Principal on long-term debt	552,642	555,019	542,639	12,380
0072	Interest on long-term debt	127,581	127,581	127,581	- -
0081	Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	16,399	3,601
0099	Other governmental charges	102,000	102,000	91,555	10,445
6030	Total expenditures	15,974,912	19,968,478	17,658,056	2,310,422
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	219,993	( 1,629,983)	1,329,718	2,959,701
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
8911	Transfers out	-	( 1,687,418)	( 433,969)	1,253,449
	Total other financing sources (uses)		( 1,687,418)	( 433,969)	1,253,449
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	219,993	( 3,317,401)	895,749	4,213,150
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	6,931,189	6,931,189	6,931,189	
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>7,151,182</u>	\$_3,613,788	\$ <u>7,826,938</u>	\$4,213,150

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Measurement year ended August 31,		2019	2018		
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0097037%		0.0086678%	
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	5,044,046	\$	4,770,963	
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		7,179,528	_	8,092,935	
Total	\$_	12,223,574	\$_	12,863,898	
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	8,162,275	\$	9,671,175	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll		61.80%		49.33%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.24%		73.74%	

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

	2017		2016		2015		2014
	0.0080615%		0.0076405%		0.0074563%		0.0042480%
\$	2,577,634	\$	2,887,219	\$	2,635,703	\$	1,134,700
_	4,467,647	_	5,268,150	_	4,873,767	_	4,206,723
\$_	7,045,281	\$_	8,155,369	\$_	7,509,470	\$_	5,341,423
\$	8,827,028	\$	8,318,607	\$	7,648,046	\$	7,382,594
	29.20%	34.71%			34.46%		15.37%
	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Fiscal year ended June 30,		2020		2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	380,720	\$	333,726
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>(</u>	380,720)	<u>(</u>	333,726)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	8,023,047	\$	9,703,681
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		4.75%		3.44%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

	2018	2017		2016	2015			
\$	295,965	\$	260,739	\$	235,290	\$	118,788	
<u>(</u>	295,965)	(	260,739)	<u>(</u>	235,290)	<u>(</u>	118,788)	
\$_		\$		\$	_	\$	-	
\$	9,591,450	\$	8,737,258	\$	8,195,000	\$	7,556,976	
	3.09%		2.98%		2.87%		1.57%	

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Measurement year ended August 31,	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0155389%	0.0135066%	0.0105164%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 7,348,524	\$ 6,743,952	\$ 4,573,198
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	9,764,545	8,100,579	6,877,925
Total	\$ <u>17,113,069</u>	\$ <u>14,844,531</u>	\$ <u>11,451,123</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,152,275	\$ 9,671,175	\$ 8,827,028
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	90.14%	69.73%	51.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only three years of data are presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

scal year ended June 30,		2020		2019	2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	113,692	\$	109,678	\$	88,863
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(	113,692)	(	109,678)	(	88,863)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$\$				
District's Covered Payroll	\$	8,023,047	\$	9,693,681	\$	9,591,450
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		1.42%		1.13%		0.93%

Note: Only three years of data are presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Budgetary Information**

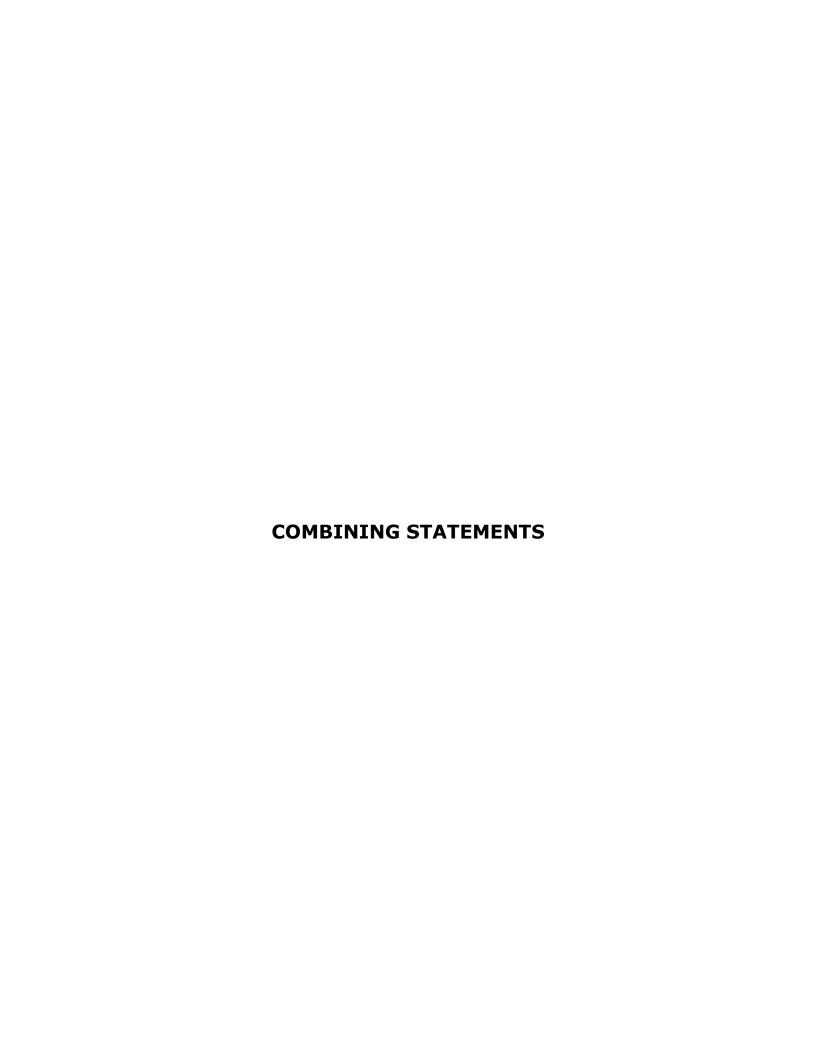
The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund which is included as a Special Revenue Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibits J-4 and J-5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least 10 days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. The budget was amended as necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the organizational level by the administration, appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- 5. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

### **Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations**

In the current year, the District's expenditures exceeded appropriations in Functions 13 and 41 in the amounts of \$54,945 and \$11,992, respectively. The overages will be funded with existing fund balance or greater than anticipated revenues.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020

ESEA I, A Head Improving Start Basic Program	IDEA- Part B Formula
ASSETS	
	\$ -
Due from other governments 46,162 5,000	73,667
Due from other funds	-
Inventory	
Total assets <u>46,162</u> <u>5,000</u>	73,667
LIABILITIES Assourts payable	
Accounts payable	- 12,778
Accrued expenditures	2,050
Due to other funds 46,162 5,000	58,839
Total liabilities 46,162 5,000	73,667
	73,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows - commodities inventory	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted	-
Committed	
Total fund balances	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	
·	\$ <u>73,667</u>

	225 IDEA- Part B Preschool	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program		244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		
\$ 	- 11,241 - - 11,241	\$ 89,504 23,091 110,566 26,233 249,394	\$ _ _	3,102 - - 3,102	\$	- 41,154 - - - 41,154	\$ 	11,379 - - 11,379	
	- - - 11,241 11,241	16,780 1,474 762 - 19,016	<u>-</u>	- - - 3,102 3,102	-	- - - 41,154 41,154		- - - 11,379 11,379	
_	<u>-</u>	26,233 26,233	<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
_ _	<u> </u>	204,145 - 204,145	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	-	- - -			
\$	11,241	\$ <u>249,394</u>	\$_	3,102	\$_	41,154	\$	11,379	

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2020

	270 ESEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income			272 edicaid inistrative aiming		289 Title IV, Part A Fund
ASSETS			_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	-	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>
Due from other funds		_		_		-
Inventory		-		-		-
Total assets		-		_		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		-		-		-
Accrued wages payable		-		-		-
Accrued expenditures Due to other funds		-		-		_
	-					
Total liabilities	-		-		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - commodities inventory				-		
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		-		-		-
Committed						
Total fund balances						
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	_	\$		\$	

410 State Instructional Materials		461 Campus Activity Funds			486 Kemp Education oundation	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	5,196 17,441 49,293 - 71,930	\$ 66,111 - - - - 66,111		\$	4,084 - - - - 4,084	\$	164,895 232,237 159,859 26,233 583,224		
_	- - - - -		- - 2,221 2,221	_	- - - 54		16,780 14,252 2,812 179,152 212,996		
	<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>	_	-		26,233 26,233		
	71,930 - 71,930		- 63,890 63,890		4,030 - 4,030		280,105 63,890 343,995		
\$	71,930	\$	66,111	\$	4,084	\$	583,224		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		205	_	211		224	
	Head Start		In	ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program		IDEA- Part B Formula	
REVENUES				•			
Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State program revenues		-		-		-	
Federal program revenues		80,006		371,577		363,999	
Total revenues		80,006		371,577		363,999	
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		80,006		371,577		181,303	
Instructional leadership		-		-		6,115	
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		_		-		176,581	
Health services						•	
Food services		-		-		-	
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-	
Facilities maintenance and operations				_			
Total expenditures		80,006		371,577		363,999	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		_		_		_	
OVER EXILIBITIONES			-				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	-				-	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	_	\$		\$	-	

	225 IDEA- Part B Preschool	National DEA- Part B Breakfast and		244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		
\$	- - 11,241 11,241	\$ 149,453 4,648 732,919 887,020	\$	- - 19,751 19,751	\$ _	- - 41,154 41,154	\$	- - 11,379 11,379		
	11,241 - -	- - -		19,751 - -		41,154 - -		11,379 - -		
<del>-</del>	- - - 11,241	807,187 - 27,675 834,862	-	- - - - 19,751	<del>-</del>	41,154	-	- - - 11,379		
-	<u>-</u>	52,158	-		-		-			
\$_		151,987 \$ 204,145	<b>\$</b> _		<b>-</b> \$_		\$	<del>-</del>		

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	270 ESEA VI, Pt B Rural & Low Income		272 Medicaid Administrative Claiming		289 Title IV, Part A Fund	
REVENUES	<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>	
Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State program revenues		- 29,594		31,482		1,336
Federal program revenues  Total revenues		29,594		31,482	_	1,336
Total revenues		25,354		31,402		1,550
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction		29,594		-		1,336
Instructional leadership		-		-		-
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		-		15,741		-
Health services		-		15,741		-
Food services		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-
Facilities maintenance and operations						
Total expenditures		29,594		31,482		1,336
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES					_	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

	410 State Instructional Materials		461 Campus Activity Funds	486 Kemp Education Foundation			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$ _	345,057 - 345,057	\$	50,436 - - - 50,436	\$ _ _	5,500 - - - 5,500	\$ -	205,389 349,705 1,694,438 2,249,532			
	345,057 - - - - - - 345,057	_	- - - - 43,130 - 43,130		4,343 - - - - - - - 4,343	-	1,096,741 6,115 192,322 15,741 807,187 43,130 27,675 2,188,911			
_			7,306	_	1,157	_	60,621			
_	71,930		56,584	_	2,873	=	283,374			
\$_	71,930	\$	63,890	\$_	4,030	\$_	343,995			

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#### SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT RECEIVABLE

	1	2	3 Net Assessed/	10
Last Ten Years Ended June 30,	Tax R Maintenance	lates  Debt Service	Appraised Value for School Tax Purpose	Beginning Balance 7/1/2019
2011 and prior years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 99,756
2012	1.170000	0.290000	\$ 326,323,064	21,351
2013	1.170000	0.400000	320,547,610	25,105
2014	1.170000	0.400000	323,683,851	36,295
2015	1.170000	0.400000	318,138,599	49,643
2016	1.170000	0.400000	310,957,389	60,794
2017	1.170000	0.400000	319,351,019	95,153
2018	1.170000	0.400000	336,583,376	128,188
2019	1.170000	0.344000	390,595,971	361,715
2020 (School year under audit)  1000 Totals	1.068000	0.340000	463,662,145	<u> </u>

	20	31			32		40	50			
	Current Year's Total Levy	s Tota		Debt Service Total Collections		Ad	Entire Year's Adjustments		Year's		Ending Balance 6/30/2020
\$	-	\$	9,381	\$	2,116	\$(	16,291)	\$	71,968		
	-		1,981		491		-		18,879		
	-		3,286		1,123		-		20,696		
	-		6,642		2,271		-		27,382		
	-		11,007		3,763	(	106)		34,767		
	-		18,955		6,480		786		36,145		
	-		27,356		9,353		755		59,199		
	-		29,879		10,215	(	14,052)		74,042		
	-		155,607		45,751	(	28,536)		131,821		
_	6,528,363	_	4,834,378	_	1,539,035		287,615	_	442,565		
\$_	6,528,363	\$	5,098,472	\$	1,620,598	\$	230,171	\$	917,464		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FUND

Data Control Codes			Budgeted Original	d Am	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	232,005	\$	224,475	\$	149,453	\$(	75,022)
5800	State program revenues		4,781		4,700		4,648	(	52)
5900	Federal program revenues		823,203	_	849,080	_	732,919	(	116,161)
5020	Total revenues		1,059,989	_	1,078,255	_	887,020	(	191,235)
	EXPENDITURES Current:								
0035	Food service		1,000,188		1,137,655		807,187		330,468
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	_	39,800	_	39,800	_	27,675		12,125
6030	Total expenditures	_	1,039,988	_	1,177,455	_	834,862		342,593
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		20,001	(	99,200)		52,158		151,358
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	151,987	_	151,987	_	151,987		
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	171,988	\$_	52,787	\$_	204,145	\$	151,358

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

									ariance with	
Data								Fi	inal Budget	
Control			Budgeted	nounts		Actual	Positive			
Codes			Original Final Amounts				Amounts	(Negative)		
	REVENUES									
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	1,600,525	\$	1,802,236	\$	1,680,432	\$(	121,804)	
5800	State program revenues		351,475	_	11,729	_	158,883		147,154	
5020	Total revenues	_	1,952,000	_	1,813,965	_	1,839,315		25,350	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Debt Service:									
0071	Principal on long-term debt		1,115,000		1,115,000		1,115,000		-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt		686,713		686,713		686,713		-	
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees	_	8,600	_	12,252		6,013		6,239	
6030	Total expenditures	_	1,810,313	_	1,813,965	_	1,807,726		6,239	
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
1100	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	141,687	_		_	31,589		31,589	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		141,687				31,589		31,589	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		141,007		-		31,309		31,369	
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	243,405	_	243,405	_	243,405			
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	385,092	\$_	243,405	\$_	274,994	\$	31,589	

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2020.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kemp Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

November 16, 2020

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Board of Trustees** Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Kemp Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kemp Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Kemp Independent School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Kemp Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Kemp Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Kemp Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

November 16, 2020

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(1) Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Grantor/Program Title	(2) Federal CFDA Number	(2A) Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Texas Education Agency: School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program - Summer Seemless Option - COVID-19 School Breakfast Program - Summer Seemless Option - COVID-19 Subtotal CFDA 10.553	10.553 10.553 10.553 10.553	71401901 71402001 71402001 52402001	\$ 29,592 108,507 29,832 8,912 176,843
National School Lunch Program  National School Lunch Program  National School Lunch Program - Summer Seemless Option - COVID 19  National School Lunch Program - Summer Seemless Option - COVID 19  Total passed through Texas Education Agency	10.555 10.555 10.555 10.555	71401901 71402001 71402001 52302001	94,035 338,892 47,460 14,179
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program - Non Cash Assistance Subtotal CFDA 10.555  Total passed through Texas Department of Agriculture Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster  Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.555	00684	671,409  61,510  556,076  61,510  732,919  732,919
U. S. Department of Education Passed through Texas Education Agency: ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Subtotal Title I, Part A	84.010A	19-610101129904	371,577 371,577
IDEA Part- B, Formula IDEA Part- B, Formula Subtotal CFDA 84.027A	84.027A 84.027A	18-6600011299046000 19-6600011299046000	46,361 317,638 363,999
IDEA Part- B, Preschool Subtotal IDEA, Part-B Cluster	84.173A	19-6610011299046610	11,241 375,240
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	19-420006129904	19,751
ESEA Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	19-696001129904	29,594
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training ESEA Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic	84.365A 84.367A	19-671001057950 18-694501057950	11,379 41,154
Enrichment Grants Total passed through Texas Education Agency	84.424A	19-680101129904	1,336 850,031
Total U. S. Department of Education			850,031
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Texas Department of Education: Head Start Total passed through State Department of Education	93.600	06CH7092	80,006 80,006
Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC Subtotal Medicaid Cluster Total passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission	93.778	529-11-0033-00014	31,482 31,482 31,482
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			111,488
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,694,438

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

JUNE 30, 2020

#### 1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Kemp Independent School District. The District's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note I of the financial statements.

#### 3. PASS-THROUGH EXPENDITURES

None of the federal programs expended by the District were provided to subrecipients.

## 4. RECONCILIATION OF FEDERAL REVENUES AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal revenues per the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-3) \$ 2,342,988

QSCB bond interest reimbursement ( 71,583)
School health and related services ( 576,967)

Federal expenditures per the Schedule of
Expenditures of Federal Awards
(Exhibit K-1) \$ 1,694,438

#### 5. INDIRECT COSTS

The District has not elected to apply the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate to the federal expenditures included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR 200.516(a)? None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)

Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

#### **Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Funds**

None

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

None