# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



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# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Kemp Independent School District Name of School District	Kaufman County	129-904 Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financia	al reports of the above-named school	district were reviewed and
(check one) approved disapproved for the year	ended June 30, 2018, at a meeting o	f the Board of Trustees of
such school district on the 15th day of October, 2018.		
	a/	0
A Si	Skeum !	Tanker.
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the (attach list as necessary)	ne reason(s) for disapproving it is (are)	):





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Kemp Independent School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note I to the financial statements, in 2018 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2018 on our consideration of the Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas October 15, 2018







#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of Kemp Independent School District's, financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$3,168,241 at June 30, 2018. Of this amount (\$737,739) (unrestricted net position) is unable to be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$3,122,974 less than the \$17,717,858 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs and other funding sources.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$5,870,699.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-1 and Exhibit B-1). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (Exhibit C-1 and Exhibit C-3) report the District's operating in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statement or the fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The combining statements for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

## Reporting the District as a Whole

## The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations is shown on Exhibit A-1 and Exhibit B-1. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position include all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from student from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers of by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, one should consider non-financial factors as well, such as change in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, the District is classified into one kind of activity:

• Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

## Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit C-1 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the Every Student Succeeds Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). Two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches. The District utilizes only the governmental funds.

Governmental funds – The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These
use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash
and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash) and report balances that are
available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term
view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the
differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the
Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of
the fund financial statements.

# **The District as Trustee**

## Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money that is raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use them to support its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and the changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$3,122,974 this year from operations. Ending net position increased from \$45,267, as restated, on June 30, 2017 to a total of \$3,168,241 on June 30, 2018. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to financing day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$737,739) on June 30, 2018 compared to \$4,877,755 on June 30, 2017.

Table 1
KEMP INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NET POSITION

		vernmental Activities 2018	G	overnmental Activities 2017
Current and other assets	\$	9,305,050	\$	8,740,435
Capital assets		28,437,142		29,538,391
Total assets		37,742,192	_	38,278,826
Deferred loss on bond refunding		1,008,291		1,264,888
Deferred outflow related to pension Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefit		1,159,168 80,108		1,380,222
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,247,567	_	2,645,110
Net pension liability		2,577,634		2,887,219
Net other post-employment benefit liability		4,573,198		-
Long-term liabilities		25,819,713		28,258,325
Other liabilities	-	1,543,770		1,533,447
Total liabilities		34,514,315		32,678,991
Deferred resource inflow for TRS		394,226		166,438
Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefit		1,912,977		
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,307,203		166,438
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		3,646,750		2,565,608
Restricted		259,230		635,144
Unrestricted	(	737,739)		4,877,755
Total net position	\$	3,168,241	\$	8,078,507

The District's total revenues decreased \$655,272 over the previous year. This is largely due to the recording of the other post-employment benefit.

The District's total property tax rate for FY2018 did not change from FY2017 for a total tax rate of \$1.57, \$1.17 for M&O and \$0.40 for I&S. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$14,594,884 compared to \$17,583,160 last year.

Table 2
KEMP INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		2018	2017			
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	255,374	\$	239,401		
Operating Grants and Contributions		929,153		3,410,041		
General revenues:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		4,362,329		3,651,748		
Property taxes, levied for debt service		1,484,511		1,254,211		
Grants and contributions not restricted		10,470,888		9,645,365		
Investment earnings		71,372		45,038		
Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue		144,231		127,326		
Total Revenues		17,717,858		18,373,130		
Expenses:						
Instruction		6,696,273		8,781,538		
Instructional resources and media services		164,495		257,059		
Curriculum and staff development		74,807		121,484		
Instructional leadership		159,129		208,809		
School leadership		644,234		939,055		
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		398,156		484,172		
Health services		220,465		263,909		
Student transportation		767,269		785,133		
Food service		1,109,451		1,037,866		
Extracurricular activities		850,015		912,674		
General administration		520,256		695,693		
Facilities, maintenance and operations		1,552,005		1,585,635		
Security and monitoring services		79,695		114,962		
Data processing services		275,090		323,308		
Community services		-		620		
Interest on long-term debt		998,088		992,394		
Bond issuance costs and fees		12,956		6,629		
Other governmental charges		72,500		72,220		
Total Expenses		14,594,884	_	17,583,160		
Change in net position		3,122,974		789,970		
Net position beginning		8,078,507		7,288,537		
Prior period adjustments	(	8,033,240)	_	<u>-</u>		
Net position ending	\$	3,168,241	\$	8,078,507		

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet, Exhibit C-1) reported a combined fund balance of \$7,134,065 which is more than last year's total of \$6,771,199.

Over the course of a year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved during the year for occasional expenditures presented to the Board. The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs or areas that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resources needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$5,870,699 reported on Exhibit G-1 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$4,953,861 reported in the budgetary comparison. This is principally due to the district setting a very conservative budget and an increase in student enrollment.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2018, the District had \$28,437,142 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

As part of the effort to reduce spending, there were minimal capital improvements made during the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The following major capital improvements were made:

- Construction of a weight room for student athletics for a total cost spent thus far of \$166,351.
- Five vehicles were purchased for a combined purchase price of \$72,993.
- The District purchased a piece of land for \$14,305.

#### Debt

Outstanding bonded debt of the District was \$22,536,016 at the end of the fiscal year. The District has no plans to use additional debt for capital projects at this time. Loans payable of the District decreased over FY 2018. The outstanding loans payable of the District was \$3,283,697 at the end of the fiscal year. The overall change in long-term liabilities decreased \$2,438,612 over FY 2018.

The TRS net pension liability decreased \$309,585 over FY 2018. The outstanding net pension liability of the District was \$2,577,634 at the end of the fiscal year. The net OPEB liability, after restatement due to the change in accounting principle, decreased \$3,500,552 over FY 2018. The outstanding net OPEB liability of the District was \$4,573,198 at the end of the fiscal year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability is presented in notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2017-2018 budget and tax rates. One of those factors is the local economy. Since the economy has shown some improvement and fuel prices have not increased dramatically, we are seeing a continued increase in enrollment since many families are returning to the area. Unemployment has decreased from 4.7 in 2007 to where it now stands at 3.7 percent for Kaufman County. We are below the State's unemployment rate of 4 percent and below the national rate of 3.9 percent. Unemployment rates have improved slightly since last year.

The average daily student attendance is a determining factor in the state of funding formula. Average daily attendance (ADA) for Kemp I.S.D. is approximately 95% of student enrollment.

Year	Enrollment
2012-13	1,457
2013-14	1,436
2014-15	1,455
2015-16	1,498
2016-17	1,542
2017-18	1,620

Our enrollment on the snapshot date in the fall of the 2017-2018 school year varied from the previous school year by 78 students. However, the final average daily attendance (ADA) increased by 50 students from the previous year. The Legislature has reduced the public school state funding and because state funding is not sufficient for our needs, we continue to rely on the only other major sources of revenue generation, that of property taxes. Property values in Kemp I.S.D. saw a slight increase for 2018; therefore, the I&S tax rate decreased to \$0.344. The I&S Debt Service Fund maintains a fund balance which currently eliminates the need to transfer fund from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund to cover the deficit. Management continues to analyze the enrollment and property value trends and will continue to seize every opportunity to cut costs while continuing to provide a quality education resulting in higher student achievement.

The District intends to follow current fiscal and budgetary policies and if the projections for 2018-2019 are realized, expects to continue seeing moderate increases in the current General Fund balance.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money is receives. If you have questions about this report of need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Kemp I.S.D., 905 S. Main Street, Kemp, Texas.







# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2018**

			1
Data			Government
Control			rnmental
Codes	•	Act	tivities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	610,509
1120	Current investments		5,641,850
1220	Delinquent property taxes receivable		957,873
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(	198,529)
1240	Due from other governments		1,920,752
1267	Due from fiduciary funds		407
1290	Other receivables (net)		372,188
1510	Capital assets: Land		367,652
1520	Buildings and improvements, net		27,036,862
1530			
	Furniture and equipment, net		866,277
1580	Construction in progress	-	166,351
1000	Total assets		37,742,192
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1700	Deferred loss on bond refunding		1,008,291
1705	Deferred outflow related to pension		1,159,168
1706	Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefit		80,108
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources		2,247,567
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts payable		33,092
2140	Interest payable		319,754
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings		58,014
2160	Accrued wages payable		1,034,994
2200	Accrued expenses		97,916
	Noncurrent liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		1,578,305
2502	Due in more than one year		24,241,408
2540	Net pension liability		2,577,634
2545	Net other post-employment benefit liability		4,573,198
2000	Total liabilities		34,514,315
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred inflow related to pension		394,226
2606	Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefit		1,912,977
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		2,307,203
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net investment in capital assets		3,646,750
	Restricted for:		
3820	Federal and state programs		227,669
3850	Debt service		31,561
3900	Unrestricted	(	737,739)
3000	Total net position	\$	3,168,241



# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

					Program	Revenu	es	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position	
			1		3		4	6		
									Primary	
Data							perating		overnment	
Control					Charges	_	rants and		overnmental	
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	fc	or Services	Co	ntributions		Activities	
	Primary government: Governmental activities:									
11	Instruction	\$	6,696,273	\$	2,700	\$(	44,842)	\$(	6,738,415)	
12	Instructional resources and media services		164,495		-	(	65,304)	(	229,799)	
13	Curriculum and staff development		74,807		-	(	11,886)	(	86,693)	
21	Instructional leadership		159,129		-		2,609	(	156,520)	
23	School leadership		644,234		-	(	176,145)	(	820,379)	
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		398,156		-	(	59,915)	(	458,071)	
33	Health services		220,465		-		336,035		115,570	
34	Student transportation		767,269		-	(	111,677)	(	878,946)	
35	Food service		1,109,451		210,503		727,855	(	171,093)	
36	Extracurricular activities		850,015		41,261	(	79,363)	(	888,117)	
41	General administration		520,256		-	(	92,194)	(	612,450)	
51	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,552,005		910	(	72,295)	(	1,623,390)	
52	Security and monitoring services		79,695		-	(	11,439)	(	91,134)	
53	Data processing services		275,090		-	(	42,545)	(	317,635)	
72	Interest on long-term debt		998,088		-		630,259	(	367,829)	
73	Bond issuance costs and fees		12,956		-		-	(	12,956)	
99	Other governmental charges	_	72,500				-	(	72,500)	
TP	Total primary government	\$	14,594,884	\$	255,374	\$	929,153	(	13,410,357)	
	Data	a								

Control			
Codes	_		
	General revenues:		
	Taxes:		
MT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes		4,362,329
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt service		1,484,511
GC	Grants and contributions not restricted		10,470,888
ΙE	Investment earnings		71,372
MI	Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue		144,231
TR	Total general revenues		16,533,331
CN	Change in net position		3,122,974
NB	Net position - beginning		8,078,507
PA	Prior period adjustments	(	8,033,240)
NE	Net position - ending	\$	3,168,241

# **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# **JUNE 30, 2018**

		10		50		60				98	
Data											Total
Control					Debt		Capital		Other	G	overnmental
Codes			General		Service		Projects	Go	overnmental		Funds
	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,938	\$	5,616	\$	-	\$	524,955	\$	610,509
1120	Current investments		4,160,343		520,643		960,864		-		5,641,850
1220	Delinquent property taxes receivable		724,926		232,947		-		-		957,873
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(	150,248)	(	48,281)		-		-	(	198,529)
1240	Due from other governments		1,740,477		67,458		-		112,817		1,920,752
1260	Due from other funds		857,841		-		-		49,293		907,134
1290	Other receivables	_	291,256	_	80,932	_		_	-	_	372,188
1000	Total assets	_	7,704,533	_	859,315	_	960,864	_	687,065	_	10,211,777
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts payable		25,209		-		-		7,883		33,092
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings		58,014		-		-		-		58,014
2160	Accrued wages payable		940,924		-		-		94,070		1,034,994
2170	Due to other funds		-		508,000		117,431		281,296		906,727
2200	Accrued expenditures		81,294		-		-		16,622		97,916
2000	Total liabilities	_	1,105,441	_	508,000	_	117,431	_	399,871	_	2,130,743
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		728,393	_	218,576	_	-	_	-	_	946,969
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	_	728,393	_	218,576	_		_		_	946,969
	FUND BALANCES										
	Restricted:										
3450	Federal and state programs		-		-		-		227,669		227,669
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		132,739		-		-		132,739
	Committed:										
3510	Construction		-		-		843,433		-		843,433
3545	Other		-		-		-		59,525		59,525
3600	Unassigned		5,870,699	_	-	_		_	-	_	5,870,699
3000	Total fund balances		5,870,699	_	132,739	-	843,433	_	287,194	-	7,134,065
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			_				_			
	resources and fund balances	\$	7,704,533	\$_	859,315	\$_	960,864	\$	687,065	\$_	10,211,777

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	7,134,065
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		28,437,142
2	Uncollected property taxes are reported as unavailable resources in the governmental funds balance sheet, but are recognized as a revenue in the statement of activities.		946,969
3	Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(	24,811,422)
4	Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(	319,754)
5	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,159,168, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$394,226, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$2,577,634. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(	1,812,692)
6	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$80,108, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$1,912,977, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$4.573.198. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(	6,406,067)
	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,168,241

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			10		50		60				98
Data											Total
Control					Debt		Capital		Other	G	overnmental
Codes	_	_	General		Service		Projects	G	overnmental	,	Funds
	REVENUES										
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	4,391,690	\$	1,445,953	\$	12,705	\$	298,825	\$	6,149,173
5800	State program revenues		11,031,040		630,259		-		125,583		11,786,882
5900	Federal program revenues	_	476,873	_		_		_	1,715,044	_	2,191,917
5020	Total revenues		15,899,603	_	2,076,212		12,705	_	2,139,452	_	20,127,972
	EXPENDITURES										
	Current:										
0011	Instruction		7,595,377		-		-		988,894		8,584,271
0012	Instructional resources and media services		223,480		-		-		-		223,480
0013	Curriculum and staff development		110,930		-		-		2,370		113,300
0021	Instructional leadership		199,989		-		-		29,664		229,653
0023	School leadership		945,006		-		-		225		945,231
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		528,195		-		-		22,256		550,451
0033	Health services		279,153		-		-		3,284		282,437
0034	Student transportation		694,296		-		-		2,844		697,140
0035	Food service		1,469		-		-		953,808		955,277
0036	Extracurricular activities		810,139		-		-		90,576		900,715
0041	General administration		698,450		-		-		-		698,450
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,638,352		-		-		38,670		1,677,022
0052	Security and monitoring services		98,271		-		-		-		98,271
0053	Data processing services		342,692		-		-		-		342,692
0071	Principal on long-term debt		504,241		1,760,000		-		-		2,264,241
0072	Interest on long-term debt		166,499		762,863		-		-		929,362
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		3,500		9,456		-		-		12,956
0081	Capital outlay		70,226		-		117,431		-		187,657
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	_	72,500	_		_		_	-	_	72,500
6030	Total expenditures		14,982,765		2,532,319	_	117,431		2,132,591	_	19,765,106
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		916,838	(	456,107)	(	104,726)		6,861		362,866
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		916,838	(	456,107)	(	104,726)		6,861		362,866
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	4,953,861		588,846	_	948,159	<b> </b> _	280,333	_	6,771,199
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,870,699	\$	132,739	\$	843,433	\$	287,194	\$	7,134,065

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	
--	--

\$ 362,866

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

1.101.249)

Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

177,926

Bond and tax note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and tax note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.

2,182,015

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds

13,500

GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deterred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$252,128. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$221,047. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$170,338. The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.

139,257)

GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expanded and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$79,395. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$40,510. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by (\$1,588,288). The net result is an increase in the change in net position.

1,627,173

Change in net position of governmental activities

3,122,974

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

### **JUNE 30, 2018**

	Private	
	Purpose	Agency
	Trusts	Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,47	7 \$ 109,152
Investments - current	-	5,349
Total assets	6,47	114,501
LIABILITIES		
Due to student groups	-	114,094
Due to other funds	<u> </u>	407
Total liabilities	<del></del>	\$114,501
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted net position	6,47	<u>7</u>
Total net position	\$6,47	7 <u> </u>

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Local and intermediate sources Total additions	\$ <u>4,282</u> 4,282
DEDUCTIONS Other operating costs Total deductions	4,600 4,600
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	( 318)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	6,795
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$6,477



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

Kemp Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and any applicable component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government.

The District has no component units which are required to be reported, discretely or blended, in combination with the primary government.

## **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes, state foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to parties who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories – governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state foundation funds, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenue until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The agency fund has no measurement focus, but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* — The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* – is used to account for funds that have been committed by the District's Board of Trustees for use in capital construction and other capital asset acquisitions. Additionally, this fund would be used to account for any long-term debt proceeds used for this same purpose in future years.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

#### Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or committed for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a Special Revenue Fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

#### Fiduciary Fund:

**Private-Purpose Trust Fund** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is the scholarship fund.

Agency Fund – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statement these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated.

# D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for its position in qualifying external investment pools that measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. The District's investment in pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

## 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

All property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 21% of outstanding property taxes at June 30, 2018.

### 3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Vehicles	10
Furniture and Equipment	10

#### 4. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. Vacation must be used within six months of year end, the amount for accrued vacation is immaterial to the financial statements.

#### 5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### 6. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

## 8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are deferred charges on bond refundings and deferred outflows related to both the TRS net pension liability and the TRS net OPEB liability reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District is reporting an item related to TRS represents the District's share of the unrecognized plan deferred outflow of resources which TRS uses in calculating the ending net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows or resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two types of inflows, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. The first item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District also recognized their share of the unrecognized TRS plan deferred inflows of resources which TRS uses in calculating the ending net pension liability.

#### 9. Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's
  intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
  classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for
  a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed
  by the School Board or Superintendent.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.
  The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
  governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance
  amounts.

#### 10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or though external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 12. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### 13. Program Revenue

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### 14. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 on property values assessed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

#### 15. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide data base policy development and funding plans.

#### 16. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is at least reasonably possible that the foundation revenue estimates as of June 30, 2018, will change.

#### II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The District's investment pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

The District's investments at June 30, 2018, are shown below:

			Weighted Average
Investment Type	1	Fair Value	Maturity(Years)
Certificates of Deposit	\$	2,780,986	
TexPool		1,055,856	24
First Public/Lone Star Investment Pool		349,080	25
Texas CLASS	_	1,461,277	82
Total Investments	\$	5,647,199	

Interest rate risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase

*Credit risk*. It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

	Standard & Poor's
Investment Type	Rating
TexPool	AAAm
First Public/Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm
Texas CLASS	AAAm

Concentration of credit risk. The District's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity or specific user.

Custodial credit risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash deposits of the District include all amounts deposited at the District's depository bank, including demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### **B.** Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenue is considered available (1) when it becomes due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when it is expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund and Debt Service Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

#### C. <u>Due From Other Governments</u>

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the state through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2018, are summarized below.

		Debt				
	General	Service	Other			
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total		
State Entitlements	\$ 1,740,477	\$ 67,458	\$ -	\$ 1,807,935		
Federal Grants			112,817	112,817		
Total	\$ <u>1,740,477</u>	\$ 67,458	\$ 112,817	\$ 1,920,752		

## **D.** Interfund Balances and Transfers

Due to and due from other funds balances at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following amounts:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	\$ 232,003
Debt Service fund	General fund	508,000
Capital Projects fund	General fund	117,431
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	49,293
Agency fund	General fund	 407
Total		\$ 907,134

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

## E. Other Receivables

Other receivables consisted of the following balances as of June 30, 2018:

				Debt		
		General		Service		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Penalty and interest	\$	367,405	\$	102,092	\$	469,497
Allowance for penalties and inte	e <u>(</u>	76,149)	(	21,160)	(	97,309)
Total	\$	291,256	\$	80,932	\$	372,188

#### F. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

-		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Additions	Retir	ements		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated	l:							
Land	\$	353,347	\$	14,305	\$	-	\$	367,652
Construction in progress				166,351				166,351
Total capital assets, not being					·			
depreciated	_	353,347		180,656		-		534,003
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings & improvements		43,832,433		7,000		-		43,839,433
Furniture & equipment		2,875,962		147,230			_	3,023,192
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated	_	46,708,395		154,230		-		46,862,625
Less accumulated deprecation for:								
Buildings & improvements	(	15,542,626)	(	1,259,945)		-	(	16,802,571)
Furniture and equipment	(	1,980,725)	(	176,190)			(	2,156,915)
Total accumulated depreciation	(	17,523,351)	(	1,436,135)		-	(	18,959,486)
Governmental activities capital assets	,\$	29,538,391	\$ <u>(</u>	1,101,249)	\$		\$	28,437,142

Depreciation expense was charges to governmental functions as follows:

11	Instruction	\$ 703,250
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	42,756
23	School Leadership	37,729
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,511
33	Health Services	17,511
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation	273,717
35	Food Services	202,466
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	101,235
41	General Administration	11,073
51	Plant Maintenance Operations	24,617
52	Security and Monitoring Services	387
53	Data Processing Services	 3,883
Total	Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,436,135

## G. Bonds Payable

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2017	Additions/ Retired/ Issued Refunded		Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2018	Amount Due Within One Year
	1 tty tto 10	10040	7,1,201,	155404	Tteranded	0,20,2010	0.10 10.11
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	2.0% - 4.0% \$	2,825,000	\$ 710,000	\$ -	\$ 710,000	\$ -	\$ -
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2.0% - 4.00%	8,725,000	8,505,000	-	65,000	8,440,000	70,000
CAB Series 2014 Bonds CAB Premium Accreted interest		69,993 - -	69,993 552,193 39,484	- - 20,670	- - -	69,993 552,193 60,154	- - -
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	3.0% - 4.00%	8,850,000	8,850,000	-	-	8,850,000	-
CAB Series 2015 Bonds CAB Premium Accreted Interest		124,999 - -	9,457 19,508 675	360	9,457 19,508 1,035	- - -	- - -
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.0% - 3.50%	4,235,000	4,180,000		955,000	3,225,000	985,000
Total	\$	24,829,992	\$ 22,936,310	\$ 21,030	\$ 1,760,000	\$ 21,197,340	\$ 1,055,000

Debt service requirements are as follows:

			Gene	eral Obligations		
Year Ended						Total
June 30		Principal	Interest		Requirements	
2019	\$	1,090,000	\$	718,713	\$	1,808,713
2020		1,115,000		686,713		1,801,713
2021		1,150,000		653,963		1,803,963
2022		1,190,000		614,238		1,804,238
2023		1,265,000		577,613		1,842,613
2024-2028		7,065,000		2,310,625		9,375,625
2029-2033		8,540,000		1,045,225		9,585,225
Total		21,415,000	\$	6,607,090	\$	28,022,090
Less: accretion of					·	
interest on CAB's		217,660				
interest on CADS		217,000				
Par value of bonds						
	¢	21 107 240				
outstanding	\$	21,197,340				

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2018.

### Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds

A portion of the bonds sold in the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2014 were capital appreciation bonds. The obligations have par values of \$70,000 and maturity values of \$900,000. The interest on these obligations will be paid upon maturity in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027. The accreted value of these bonds at June 30, 2018, is approximately \$612,348 which has been allocated to the governmental activities.

#### H. Loans Payable

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the locally defined capital projects fund. Short-term debts include notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code Section 45. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources and Principal and interest payments are shown as debt service of the General Fund.

A Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2011 ("Qualified School Construction Bonds"), loan of \$2,448,000 was issued on April 12, 2011 for the purpose of providing funds to pay for the costs of the District's maintenance improvements as authorized by Texas Education Code section 45.106, as amended. The loan is to be repaid in annual payments beginning February 15, 2012. The interest rate is 6.75% which includes a Federal Tax Credit rate of 5.45% resulting in a net tax rate of 1.30% to the District.

A Public Property Finance Act Contract No. 7489, loan of \$1,505,981 was issued on August 15, 2016 for the purpose of refinancing the Public Property Finance Contract No. 6402. The original 2007 Contract was for the acquisition of personal property as authorized by Texas Education Code Section 45.108 as amended. The new loan is to be repaid in varying monthly payments beginning October 29, 2016, in accordance with the Schedule of Payments. The interest rate is 2.483%. The estimated savings to the District is \$21,380.

A Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2016, was issued on September 8, 2016 for the purpose of refinancing the Maintenance Tax Note, Series 2007, issued on March 30, 2007. The original 2007 Tax Note was for providing funds for the District's maintenance improvements as authorized by the Texas Education Code Section 45.108, as amended. The new loan is to be repaid in annual payments beginning September 8, 2017. The interest rate is 2.58%. The estimated savings to the District is \$33,530.

A summary of changes in loans payable for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Description/ Purpose	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/17	Issued/ Additions	Retired/ Refinanced	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/18	Amount Due Within One Year	
Maintenance Tax Notes Series 2011								
"Qualified School Construction Bonds"	6.750%	\$ 2,448,000	\$ 1,741,000	\$ -	\$ 147,000	\$ 1,594,000	\$ 157,000	
Maintenance Tax Notes Series 2016	2.580%	704,954	704,954	-	133,900	571,054	137,355	
Public Property Finance Contract No. 7489	2.483%	1,505,981	1,341,984	<u> </u>	223,341	1,118,643	228,950	
Total		\$ 4,658,935	\$ 3,787,938	\$	\$ 504,241	\$ 3,283,697	\$ 523,305	

Debt service requirements are as follows:

							Fed	eral Interest
Year Ended							Reb	ate Amount
June 30		Principal	_	Interest		quirements		"QSCB"
2019	\$	523,305	\$	147,513	\$	670,818	\$(	86,873)
2020		542,598		127,621		670,219	(	78,317)
2021		564,128		106,820		670,948	(	69,215)
2022		585,900		84,966		670,866	(	59,460)
2023		370,766		62,317		433,083	(	49,050)
2024-2028	_	697,000	_	96,188		793,188	(	77,663)
Total	\$	3,283,697	\$_	625,425	\$	3,909,122	\$ <u>(</u>	420,578)

## I. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

		Beginning			]	Reductions/	Ending	Due Within	
		Balance		Addition		Refundings	Balance	One Year	
Governmental activities:					_				
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds	\$	22,936,310	\$	21,030	\$	1,760,000	\$ 21,197,340	\$ 1,055,000	
Premium (discount) on issuance of bonds:									
Premium/(discount)		1,534,077		-		195,401	1,338,676	-	
Loans payable:									
Various loans payable	_	3,787,938	_		_	504,241	3,283,697	523,305	
Total governmental activities long-term									
liabilities	\$	28,258,325	\$_	21,030	\$	2,459,642	\$ 25,819,713	\$ <u>1,578,305</u>	

### J. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned. The individual fund balances of the District are:

		Debt	Capital		
Fund	General	Service	Projects	Other	
Balance	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Restricted:					
Federal Grants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 227,669	\$ 227,669
Debt Service		132,739			132,739
Total Restricted		132,739		227,669	360,408
Committed:					
Construction	-	-	843,433	-	843,433
Campus Activity				59,525	59,525
Total Committed			843,433	59,525	902,958
Unassigned	5,870,699	<u> </u>			5,870,699
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,870,699	9 \$ 132,739	\$ 843,433	\$ 287,194	\$ 7,134,065

### K. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Plan Description.** Kemp ISD participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 84<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2017 and 2018.

Contribution Rates						
	2017		2018			
Member	7.7%		7.7%			
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%		6.8%			
Employers	6.8%		6.8%			
2018 Employer Contributions		\$	295,965			
2018 Member Contributions			741,638			
2017 NECE On-behalf Contributions			456,976			

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the
  employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the
  state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100%
  of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	8/31/2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.5% to 9.5%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.50%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2017, are summarized below:

			Long-Term
			Expected Portfolio
	Target	Real Return	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Return*
Global Equity	Milocation	Geometric Dasis	Keturn
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Exception			2.2%
Alpha _		<u>.</u>	1.0%
Total	100%	=	8.7%

<sup>\*</sup> The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the net pension liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)		D	Discount Rate (8.0%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$	4,345,382	\$	2,577,634	\$	1,105,697	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$2,577,634 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,577,634
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	4,467,647
Total	\$ 7,045,281

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0080615% which was an increase of .000421% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's pension expense was \$732,159 and revenue of \$340,744 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2018, the District's proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	 eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	37,712	\$ 139,008
Changes in actuarial assumptions		117,415	67,218
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	187,853
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement		751,913	147
date		252,128	 -
Total	\$	1,159,168	\$ 394,226

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
June 30:	Amount
2019	\$ 91,464
2020	256,001
2021	78,821
2022	27,684
2023	45,019
Thereafter	13.825

#### L. Health Care Coverage

During the period ended June 30, 2018, employees of the District were covered by a state-wide health care plan, TRS Active Care. The District's participation in this plan is renewable annually. The District paid into the Plan \$282 per month per employee. Employees, at their option, pay premiums for any coverage above these amounts as well as for dependent coverage. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The Teachers Retirement System (TRS) manages TRS Active Care. The medical plan is administered by Aetna Life Insurance Company. Caremark administers the prescription drug plan. The latest financial information on the state-wide plan may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, www.trs.state.tx.us, under the TRS Publications heading.

#### M. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

*Plan Description.* The Kemp Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education services centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify to TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates

Effective Sept. 1, 2016 - Dec. 31, 2017						
	T	RS-	T	RS-	T	RS-
	Ca	re 1	Ca	are 2	Ca	are 3
	Basic		Optional		Op	tional
	P	lan	P	lan	P	lan
Retireee*	\$	-	\$	70	\$	100
Retiree and Spouse		20		175		255
Retiree* and Children		41		132		182
Retiree and Family		61		237		337
Surviving Children only		28		62		82
* or surviving spouse						

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Fund for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.0% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2017	 2018
Member	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.00%	1.25%
Employers	0.55%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.00%	1.25%
2018 Employer Contributions		\$ 88,863
2018 Member Contributions		62,607
2017 NECE On-behalf Contributions		82,229

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$15.6 million in fiscal year 2017 and \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018.

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

### Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation
Discount Rate

Aging Factors

Expenses

Payroll Growth Rate Projected Salary Increases Healthcare Trend Rates Election rates August 31, 2017 Individual Entry Age Normal

> 2.50% 3.42%

ased on plan specific experienc
Third-party administrative
expenses related ot the
delivery of health care
benefits are included in the
age-adjusted claims costs.

2.50% 3.50% to 9.50% 4.50% to 12.00% Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and

75% participation after age 65

None

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

*Other Information*. There was a significant plan change adopted in fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will be offered, and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. Assumption changes made for the August 31, 2017 valuation include a change to the assumption regarding the phase-out of the Medicare Part D subsidies and a change to the discount rate from 2.98% as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42% as of August 31, 2017.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.42% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of .44 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with a 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2017.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.42%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
_	(2.42%)	(3.42%)	(4.42%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net OPEB liability:	\$ 5,397,509	\$ 4,573,198	\$ 3,910,638

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is-one percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	19	6 Decrease		Current althcare Cost Frend Rate	1% Increase
Proportionate share of net			-		
OPEB liability	\$	3,807,644	\$	4,573,198	\$ 5,577,701

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.* At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$4,573,198 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 4,573,198
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 6,877,925
Total	\$ 11,451,123

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's portion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 thru August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0105164229%. Since this is the first year of implementation, the District does not have the proportion measured as of August 31, 2016. The Notes to the Financial Statements for August 31, 2016 for TRS stated that the change in proportion was immaterial and, therefore, disregarded this year.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$3,849,315) and revenue of (\$2,301,537) for support provided by the State.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.** The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- 1. Significant plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions, including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.
- 2. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part-D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment, and its impact was included as an assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- 3. The discount rate changed from 2.98% as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42% as of August 31, 2017. This changed lowered the total OPEB liability.

There were no changes of the benefit term that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(3,849,315) and revenue of \$(2,301,537) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	95,469	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		1,817,508	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		695		-	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement		18		-	
date		79,395			
Total	\$	80,108	\$	1,912,977	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		OPEB
Year Ended	E	Expense
June 30:	A	Mount
2019	\$(	252,325)
2020	(	252,325)
2021	(	252,325)
2022	(	252,325)
2023	(	252,499)
Thereafter	(	650,465)

*Medicare Part D*. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments of \$35,380, \$26,481, and \$32,812 were recognized for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively, as equal revenues and expenditures.

#### N. Construction and Other Commitments

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. The projects include constructing a weight room for student athletics. The amount the District has spent-to-date for the weight room totaled \$166,351.

#### O. Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Cost charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received many be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2018 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing to respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

### P. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### Q. Prior Period Adjustment

During fiscal year 2018, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75 for Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. With GASB 75, the District must assume their proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. Adoption of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment to report the effect of GASB 75 retroactively. The prior period adjustment totaled \$(8,033,240) which resulted in a restated beginning net position balance of \$45,267.

#### R. Negative Operating Grants and Contributions – Statement of Activities

Expense activity is required to be recorded by districts who are participants in cost-sharing pensions and OPEB benefit plans with a special funding situation where non-employer contributing entities (NECE) also participate in contributions to the plans. TRS-retirement and TRS-care benefit plans are both cost-sharing plans with special funding situations. Therefore, on-behalf expense activity of the NECE must be recorded at the government-wide level of reporting on the Statement of Activities in accordance with GASB 68 and 75.

During the year under audit, the NECE expense was negative due to changes in benefits within the TRS-care plan. The accrual for the proportionate share of that expense was a negative on-behalf revenue and negative on-behalf expense. This resulted in negative revenue for operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities. According to guidance provided directly from GASB, this is the correct reporting.

Following are the effects on the Statement of Activities as a result of the negative on-behalf accruals recorded:

**Operating Grants** 

						& Contributions -
						Statement of
					GASB 75	Activities
		Oper	rating Grants		Negative	(excluding the
		& Co	ntributions -		ernment-Wide	effects of GASB
Functional		Sta	ntement of	On-I	Behalf Accrual	75 negative
Allocation		A	ctivities		AJE #21	on-behalf accrual)
6011	Pension Expense - Instruction	\$(	44,842)	\$(	1,319,446)	\$ 1,274,604
	Pension Expense - Instructional					
6012	Resources and Media Services	(	65,304)	(	78,061)	12,757
	Pension Expense - Curriculum Development					
6013	and Instructional Staff Development	(	11,886)	(	17,041)	5,155
6021	Pension Expense - Instructional Leadership		2,609	(	32,340)	34,949
6023	Pension Expense - School Leadership	(	176,145)	(	210,827)	34,682
	Pension Expense - Guidance,					
6031	Counseling and Evaluation Services	(	59,915)	(	98,225)	38,310
6033	Pension Expense - Health Services		336,035	(	50,574)	386,609
6034	Pension Expense - Student (Pupil) Transportation	(	111,677)	(	136,894)	25,217
6035	Pension Expense - Food Services		727,855	(	2,047)	729,902
6036	Pension Expense - Extracurricular Activities	(	79,363)	(	94,869)	15,506
6041	Pension Expense - General Administration	(	92,194)	(	110,205)	18,011
	Pension Expense - Facilities					
6051	Maintenance and Operations	(	72,295)	(	86,421)	14,126
6052	Pension Expense - Security and Monitoring Services	(	11,439)	(	13,674)	2,235
6053	Pension Expense - Data Processing Services	(	42,545)	(	50,913)	8,368
6072	Interest on Long-term Debt		630,259			630,259
		\$	929,153	\$ <u>(</u>	2,301,537)	\$ 3,230,690







# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Data Control Codes		_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			,	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Fi	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Codes	REVENUES	_	Originar	_	1 11141		Busisy		(Troguityo)	
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	4,103,534	\$	4,103,534	\$	4,391,690	\$	288,156	
5800		Ф		Ф	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ф	, ,	Ф	,	
	State program revenues		10,398,726		10,817,026		11,031,040		214,014	
5900	Federal program revenues	-	363,242	_	363,242	_	476,873	_	113,631	
5020	Total revenues	-	14,865,502	_	15,283,802	_	15,899,603	_	615,801	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		7,382,972		7,620,972		7,595,377		25,595	
0012	Instructional resources and media sources		216,814		226,814		223,480		3,334	
0013	Curriculum and staff development		118,112		128,112		110,930		17,182	
0021	Instructional leadership		230,598		222,952		199,989		22,963	
0023	School leadership		956,648		984,294		945,006		39,288	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		533,181		553,181		528,195		24,986	
0033	Health services		279,308		294,308		279,153		15,155	
0034	Student transportation		711,896		739,696		694,296		45,400	
0035	Food service		5,000		5,000		1,469		3,531	
0036	Extracurricular activities		741,397		816,397		810,139		6,258	
0041	General administration		716,019		716,019		698,450		17,569	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,589,030		1,639,030		1,638,352		678	
0052	Security and monitoring services		93,079		120,379		98,271		22,108	
0053	Data processing services		326,135		351,335		342,692		8,643	
0071	Principal on long-term debt		680,743		504,242		504,241		1	
0072	Interest on long-term debt		-		166,501		166,499		2	
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		_		10,000		3,500		6,500	
0081	Capital outlay		210,570		110,570		70,226		40,344	
0099	Other governmental charges	_	74,000		74,000		72,500		1,500	
6030	Total expenditures	_	14,865,502		15,283,802	_	14,982,765		301,037	
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
	OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		_		_	916,838	_	916,838	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		916,838		916,838	
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	4,953,861	_	4,953,861		4,953,861			
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	4,953,861	\$_	4,953,861	\$	5,870,699	\$	916,838	

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,								
		2017		2016		2015		2014	
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0080615%		0.0076405%		0.0074563%		0.0042480%	
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,577,634	\$	2,887,219	\$	2,635,703	\$	1,134,700	
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	_	4,467,647	_	5,268,150	_	4,873,767	_	4,206,723	
Total	\$_	7,045,281	\$_	8,155,369	\$_	7,509,470	\$_	5,341,423	
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	8,827,028	\$	8,318,607	\$	7,648,046	\$	7,382,594	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll		29.20%		34.71%		34.46%		15.37%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%	

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 295,965	\$ 260,739	\$ 235,290	\$ 118,788
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	( 295,965)	( 260,739)	( 235,290)	( 118,788)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 9,591,450	\$ 8,737,258	\$ 8,195,000	\$ 7,556,976
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	3.09%	2.98%	2.87%	1.57%

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 surement Year led August 31, 2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0105164%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,573,198
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	 6,877,925
Total	\$ 11,451,123
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,827,028
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	51.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	0.91%

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		l Year Ended June 30,
		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	88,863
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		88,863)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u></u>	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	9,591,450
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		0.93%

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

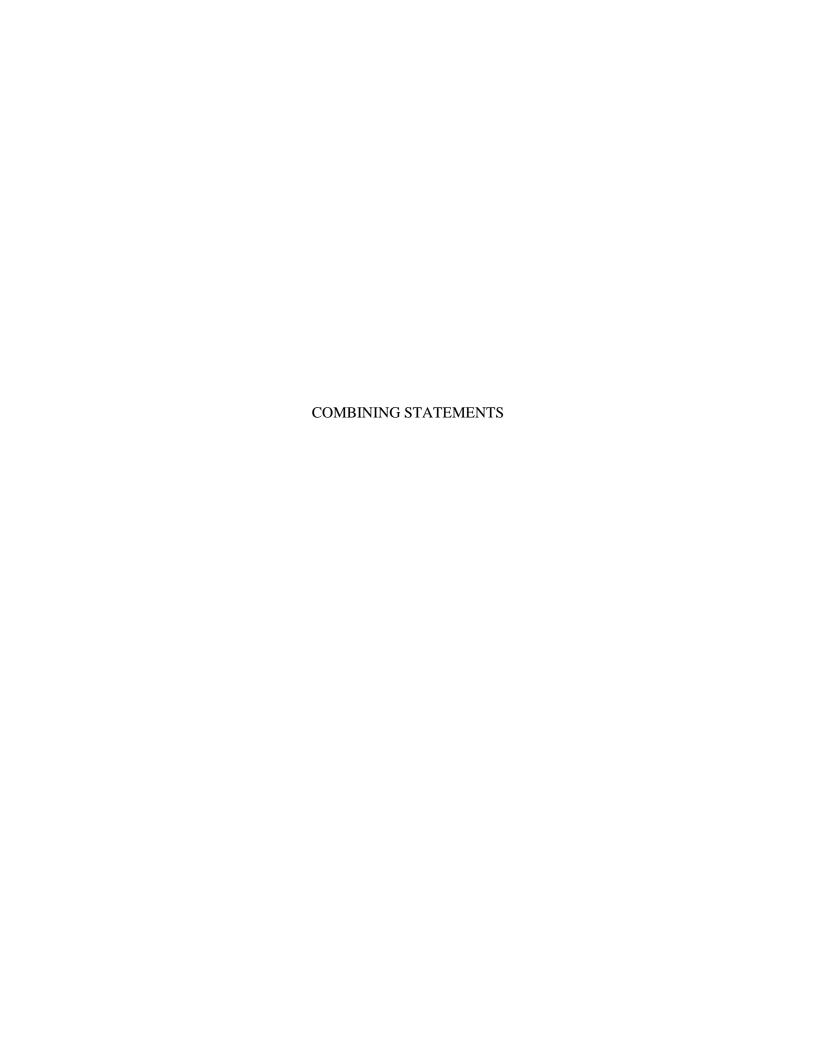
**JUNE 30, 2018** 

### **Budgetary Information**

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund which is included as a Special Revenue Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibits J-4 and J-5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least 10 days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. The budget was amended as necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the organizational level by the administration, appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- 5. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## **JUNE 30, 2018**

	205 211 ESEA I, A Head Improving Start Basic Program		SEA I, A nproving	224 EA- Part B Formula	225 A- Part B eschool	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	174,064	\$ 67,115	\$ 4,560
Due from other governments		38,626		-	39,989	-
Due from other funds		-		-	-	-
Total assets		38,626		174,064	107,104	 4,560
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		-		-	-	-
Accrued wages payable		8,326		42,919	40,123	-
Accrued expenditures		2,861		6,627	6,294	-
Due to other funds		27,439		124,518	60,687	4,560
Total liabilities		38,626	_	174,064	 107,104	 4,560
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		-		-	-	-
Committed					 	 -
Total fund balances		<u> </u>		-	-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	38,626	\$	174,064	\$ 107,104	\$ 4,560

EXHIBIT H-1 (continued)

	240	244	255	263	270	272	289	410	429
	National	Career and	ESEA II, A	Title III, A	ESEA VI, Pt B	Medicaid	Title IV,	State	State
Br	eakfast and	Technical -	Training and	English Lang.	Rural & Low	Administrative	Part A	Instructional	Supplemental
Lun	ch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	Income	Claiming	Fund	Materials	Funding
					•				
\$	179,544	\$ -	\$ 33,310	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,230	\$ -
	-	-	3,406	6,479	3,910	-	-	20,407	-
	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	49,293	-
	179,544	_	36,716	6,479	3,910			71,930	
_									-
	7,883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
	2,702	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
	840	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
	14,711	-	36,716	6,479	3,910	_	-	-	-
_	26,136		36,716	6,479	3,910				
_	<del></del>				<del></del> -			-	
	153,408	_	_	_	_	_	_	71,930	_
	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
_	153,408							71,930	
_	155,100				<del></del>			, 1,,,,,	
\$	179,544	\$ -	\$ 36,716	\$ 6,479	\$ 3,910	\$ -	\$ -	\$71,930	\$ -



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **JUNE 30, 2018**

	_	461 Campus Activity Funds		Campus Kemp M Activity Education Go		Kemp Education		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,747	\$	2,385	\$	524,955			
Due from other governments		-		-		112,817			
Due from other funds		-		-		49,293			
Total assets	_	61,747		2,385		687,065			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		-		-		7,883			
Accrued wages payable		-		-		94,070			
Accrued expenditures		-		-		16,622			
Due to other funds		2,222		54		281,296			
Total liabilities	_	2,222		54		399,871			
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted		-		2,331		227,669			
Committed	<u></u>	59,525				59,525			
Total fund balances	_	59,525		2,331		287,194			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	61,747	\$	2,385	\$	687,065			

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	205 211 ESEA I, A		224	225
	Head Start	Improving Basic Program	IDEA- Part B Formula	IDEA- Part B Preschool
REVENUES				
Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State program revenues	-	-	-	-
Federal program revenues	125,655	408,884	358,262	
Total revenues	125,655	408,884	358,262	
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	125,653	408,884	309,626	-
Curriculum and staff development	-	-	-	-
Instructional leadership	-	-	29,664	-
School leadership	-	-	-	-
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	-	-	18,972	-
Health services	-	-	-	-
Student transportation	-	-	-	-
Food services	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
Facilities maintenance and operations	2			
Total expenditures	125,655	408,884	358,262	<del>-</del>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	\$	\$	\$

EXHIBIT H-2 (continued)

	240	244	255	263	270	272	289	410	429
]	National	Career and	ESEA II, A	Title III, A	ESEA VI, Pt B	Medicaid	Title IV,	State	State
Bre	akfast and	Technical -	Training and	English Lang.	Rural & Low	Administrative	Part A	Instructional	Supplemental
Lun	ch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	Income	Claiming	Fund	Materials	Funding
	·								
Φ.	210 (25	ф	ф	Φ.	Ф	Ф	Ф	Φ.	Ф
\$	210,625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	5,382	17.562	12.026	- ( 170	12.702	-	11.040	119,169	963
	724,774	17,563	42,026	6,479	13,793	6,568	11,040		-
	940,781	17,563	42,026	6,479	13,793	6,568	11,040	119,169	963
	-	17,563	41,091	6,479	9,289	-	11,040	49,572	963
	-	-	710	-	1,660	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	225	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	3,284	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	3,284	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,844	-	-	-	-
	953,808	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	38,668								
_	992,476	17,563	42,026	6,479	13,793	6,568	11,040	49,572	963
(	51,695)	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,597	-
(	51,695)	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,597	-
	205,103							2,333	
\$	153,408	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,930	\$ -



# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		461 Campus Activity Funds		486 Kemp Education Foundation		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Local and intermediate sources	\$	78,918	\$	9,282	\$	298,825
State program revenues		69		-		125,583
Federal program revenues						1,715,044
Total revenues		78,987	-	9,282	_	2,139,452
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction		-		8,734		988,894
Curriculum and staff development		-		-		2,370
Instructional leadership		-		-		29,664
School leadership		-		-		225
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		-		-		22,256
Health services		-		-		3,284
Student transportation		-		-		2,844
Food services		-		-		953,808
Extracurricular activities		90,576		-		90,576
Facilities maintenance and operations						38,670
Total expenditures		90,576		8,734	_	2,132,591
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(	11,589)		548		6,861
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	11,589)		548		6,861
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		71,114		1,783	_	280,333
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	59,525	\$	2,331	\$	287,194





# SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	1	2	3 Net Assessed/	10		20	
Last Ten Years Ended	t Ten Years Ended Tax Rates		Appraised Value for School		Beginning Balance	Current Year's	
June 30,	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purpose		7/1/2017		Total Levy
2009 and prior years	Various	Various	Various	\$	118,929	\$	-
2010	1.040050	0.395000	327,157,772		27,268		-
2011	1.170000	0.265000	329,978,643		35,993		-
2012	1.170000	0.290000	326,323,064		39,690		-
2013	1.170000	0.400000	320,547,610		46,810		-
2014	1.170000	0.400000	323,683,851		67,262		-
2015	1.170000	0.400000	318,138,599		88,108		-
2016	1.170000	0.400000	310,957,389		134,441		-
2017	1.170000	0.400000	319,351,019		353,115		-
2018 ( School year under audit)	1.170000	0.400000	336,583,376				5,284,359
<b>1000</b> Totals				\$	911,616	\$	5,284,359

31	32		40		50
aintenance Total ollections	Г	Service Total lections	Entire Year's Adjustments		Ending Balance /30/2018
\$ 1,946	\$	375	\$(	32,399)	\$ 84,209
2,660		1,010	(	298)	23,300
5,935		1,344	(	298)	28,416
6,685		1,657	(	304)	31,044
24,945		8,528		25,607	38,944
44,974		15,376		42,191	49,103
50,025		17,103		41,706	62,686
78,914		26,979		52,666	81,214
188,824		64,555		34,409	134,145
 3,623,820	1	,238,913		3,186	 424,812
\$ 4,028,728	\$ <u>          1</u>	,375,840	\$	166,466	\$ 957,873

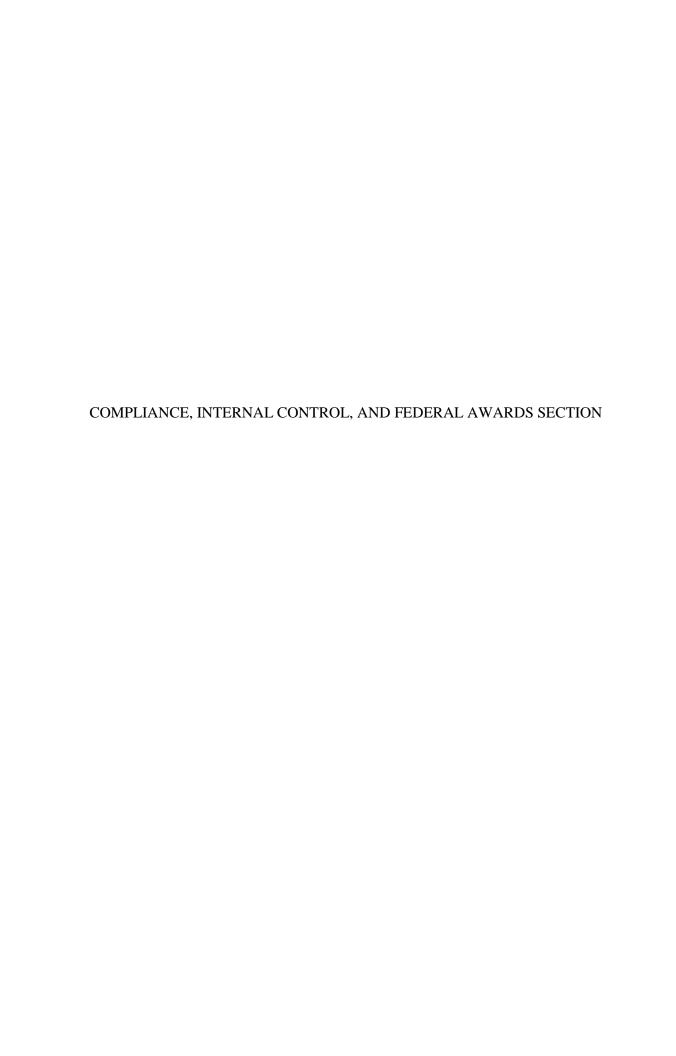
# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FUND

Data				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Control		Budgeted	l Amounts	(Budgetary	Positive	
Codes		Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 219,860	\$ 219,860	\$ 210,625	\$( 9,235)	
5800	State program revenues	5,954	5,954	5,382	( 572)	
5900	Federal program revenues	685,846	685,846	724,774	38,928	
5020	Total revenues	911,660	911,660	940,781	29,121	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current:					
0035	Food service	967,899	967,899	953,808	14,091	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	33,761	40,361	38,668	1,693	
6030	Total expenditures	1,001,660	1,008,260	992,476	15,784	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	( 90,000)	( 96,600)	( 51,695)	44,905	
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	205,103	205,103	205,103		
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>115,103</u>	\$ 108,503	\$ 153,408	\$ 44,905	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

Data Control			Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	(	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	1,408,467	\$	1,408,467	\$	1,445,953	\$	37,486
5800	State program revenues	_	690,309	_	690,309		630,259	(	60,050)
5020	Total revenues		2,098,776		2,098,776		2,076,212	(	22,564)
	EXPENDITURES Current:								
0071	Principal on long-term debt		1,755,393		1,760,000		1,760,000		-
0072	Interest on long-term debt		767,470		762,863		762,863		-
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		10,000	_	10,000		9,456		544
6030	Total expenditures	_	2,532,863	_	2,532,863		2,532,319		544
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(</u>	434,087)	<u>(</u>	434,087)	<u>(</u>	456,107)	<u>(</u>	22,020)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(	434,087)	(	434,087)	(	456,107)	(	22,020)
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	588,846		588,846	_	588,846	_	
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	154,759	\$	154,759	\$	132,739	\$ <u>(</u>	22,020)









## PATTILLO, BROWN & HILL, L.L.P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kemp Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Kemp Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2018.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Kemp Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kemp Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

October 15, 2018



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Board of Trustees** Kemp Independent School District Kemp, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Kemp Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Kemp Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Kemp Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Kemp Independent School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Kemp Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Kemp Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Kemp Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Kemp Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas October 15, 2018

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)		
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through			
Pass-through Grantor/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal		
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures		
U. S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through Texas Education Agency:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401801	\$ 170,832		
National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71301801	506,460		
Total passed through Texas Education Agency			677,292		
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:					
National School Lunch Program - Non Cash					
Assistance	10.555	00684	47,482		
Total passed through Texas Department of Agriculture			47,482		
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			724,774		
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>			724,774		
U. S. Department of Education Passed through Texas Education Agency:					
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	18-610101129904	388,884		
ESEA Title I, Part A - School Improvement	84.010A	18-610123129904	20,000		
Subtotal Title I, Part A			408,884		
IDEA Part- B, Formula	84.027A	18-6600011299046000	358,262		
Subtotal IDEA, Part-B Cluster			358,262		
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	18-420006129904	17,563		
ESEA Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	18-696001129904	13,793		
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	18-671001057950	6,479		
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367A	18-694501057950	42,026		
ESEA Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424A	18-680101129904	11,040		
Total passed through Texas Education Agency			858,047		
Total U. S. Department of Education			858,047		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through Texas Department of Human Services					
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	129904	6,568		
Subtotal Medicaid Cluster			6,568		
Total passed through Texas Department of Human Services			6,568		

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### (CONTINUED)

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through	
Pass-through Grantor/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Passed through Texas Department of Education: Head Start	93.600	06CH7092	\$ 125,655
Total passed through State Department of Education			125,655
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			132,223
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,715,044

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

**JUNE 30, 2018** 

#### 1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Kemp Independent School District. The District's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note I of the financial statements.

#### 3. PASS-THROUGH EXPENDITURES

None of the federal programs expended by the District were provided to subrecipients.

# 4. RECONCILIATION OF FEDERAL REVENUES AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal revenues per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -		
Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-3)	\$	2,191,917
Payments in lieu of taxes	(	13,191)
QSCB bond interest reimbursement	(	88,622)
School health and related services	(	375,060)
Federal expenditures per the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit K-1)	\$	1,715,044

#### 5. INDIRECT COSTS

The District has not elected to apply the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate to the federal expenditures included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### KEMP INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Summary of Auditors' Results**

Financial Statements:	
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	
for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required	
to be reported in accordance with	
2 CFR 200.516(a)?	None
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.010A	Title I, Part A
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	
and type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are	
Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally	

**Accepted Government Auditing Standards** 

None

**Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Funds** 

None

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None

