

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Sam Rayburn Independent School District Name of School District	Fannin County	074-917 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fina	ancial reports of the above	e-named school district were
reviewed and (check one)X approved	disapproved for the year	ended August 31, 2019 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district of	on the <u>9th</u> day of	<u>January</u> , 2020.
/s/ Jason Mussett	/s/ Chris Flippo	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' repo (attach list as necessary)	ort, the reason(s) for disap	oproving it is(are):

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information, and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Sam Rayburn Independent School District 9363 E. FM 273 Ivanhoe, Texas 75447

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sam Rayburn Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sam Rayburn Independent School District as of August 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-10 and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, & G-5 on pages 45-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Sam Rayburn Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2 on pages 56-59, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, on page 75 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2, & J-3. We have applied certain limited procedures to this supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted on inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019 on our consideration of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 27, 2019

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Sam Rayburn Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position increased by \$1,364,272 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,991,534 which represents the District's total combined net position. Of this amount, \$2,570,756 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- · As of August 31, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,343,314 compared to \$5,169,502 for the last fiscal year. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,113,803 this fiscal year compared to \$5,011,570 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2018-2019 school year was \$ 1.33 with \$ 1.17 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.16 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

· Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the ESSA Title I Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- · Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- · Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 21. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$7,627,262 last year to \$8,991,534 at August 31, 2019. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – increased from \$2,566,753 last year to \$2,570,756 at August 31, 2019.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$(1,377,328) decrease last year compared to a \$1,364,272 increase at August 31, 2019.

Table I
Sam Rayburn Independent School District
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 8/31/2019	Governmental Activities 8/31/2018	Net Change
	ΦΕ 020 024	Φ5 525 041	ф 2 0.4.002
Current and other assets	\$5,830,934	\$5,535,941	\$294,993
Capital assets	10,068,789	8,897,106	1,171,683
Total assets	\$15,899,723	\$14,433,047	\$1,466,676
Deferred Outflows	\$883,739	\$301,288	\$582,451
Current and other liabilities	\$342,989	\$242,000	\$100,989
Long-term liabilities	3,895,676	4,010,270	(114,594)
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	1,161,435	723,498	437,937
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	1,733,107	1,423,525	309,582
Total liabilities	\$7,133,207	\$6,399,293	\$733,914
Deferred Inflows	\$658,721	\$707,780	(\$49,059)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$6,173,113	\$4,886,836	\$1,286,277
Restricted	247,665	173,673	73,992
Unrestricted	2,570,756	2,566,753	4,003
Total net position	\$8,991,534	\$7,627,262	\$1,364,272

Table II Sam Rayburn Independent School District CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2019	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2018	Net Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$187,522	\$127,319	\$60,203
Operating grants and contributions	1,552,723	(313,538)	1,866,261
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	1,359,472	1,261,831	97,641
Debt service taxes	185,909	172,557	13,352
State aid - formula grants	4,167,927	4,152,805	15,122
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	104,007	75,613	28,394
Investment Earnings	124,967	70,401	54,566
Miscellaneous	29,593	15,167	14,426
Total Revenue	\$7,712,120	\$5,562,155	\$2,149,965
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$3,901,457	\$2,496,921	\$1,404,536
Instructional and school leadership	354,449	218,550	135,899
Student support services	373,883	216,395	157,488
Child nutrition	294,768	241,607	53,161
Co curricular activities	209,253	177,695	31,558
General administration	345,273	285,650	59,623
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	523,020	447,638	75,382
Community services	11,609	11,483	126
Debt services	137,981	140,981	(3,000)
Payments to fiscal agents	149,121	163,377	(14,256)
Other intergovernmental charges	47,034	46,253	781
Total Expenses	\$6,347,848	\$4,446,550	\$1,901,298
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	\$1,364,272	\$1,115,605	\$248,667
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items - Gain on Asset Sale	0	3,210	(3,210)
Net Position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	7,627,262	9,004,590	(1,377,328)
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB 75	0	(2,496,143)	2,496,143
Net Position at End of Fiscal Year	\$8,991,534	\$7,627,262	\$1,364,272

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$5,343,314 compared to \$5,169,502 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$102,233, ending the year with \$5,113,803. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$31,334, ending the year with \$41,144. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$40,245, ending the year with \$188,367.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2018) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the District invested \$1,600,758 in capital assets, consisting of construction in progress for the safe room project, roofing & miscellaneous improvements, maintenance equipment, a suburban, and a used bus.

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Land	\$346,398	\$0	\$0	\$346,398
Buildings & Improvements	11,888,460	388,330	0	12,276,790
Equipment	257,412	12,541	0	269,953
Vehicles	705,205	100,867	0	806,072
Construction in Progress	126,903	1,099,020	0	1,225,923
Totals at Historical Cost	13,324,378	1,600,758	0	14,925,136
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_
Buildings & Improvements	(3,656,417)	(359,052)	0	(4,015,469)
Equipment	(174,578)	(22,222)	0	(196,800)
Vehicles	(596,277)	(47,801)	0	(644,078)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,427,272)	(429,075)	0	(4,856,347)
				_
Capital Assets, Net	\$8,897,106	\$1,171,683	\$0	\$10,068,789

Debt:

At year-end August 31, 2019, the District had \$3,895,676 outstanding in bonds compared to \$4,010,270 last year. During the year, the District had no new borrowings.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2019 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$1,313,803. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2019 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Sam Rayburn Independent School District, 9363 East FM 273, Ivanhoe, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Primary Government
		Governmental
Codes	S	Activities
ASSI	EIS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 330,735
1120	Current Investments	4,555,542
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	160,143
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(5,783)
1240	Due from Other Governments	782,112
1290	Other Receivables, Net	8,185
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	346,398
1520	Buildings, Net	8,261,321
1530	Equipment, Net	73,153
1540	Vehicles, Net	161,994
1580	Construction in Progress	1,225,923
1000	Total Assets	15,899,723
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	628,934
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	254,805
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	883,739
	SILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	75,311
2140	Interest Payable	6,279
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	229,438
2180	Due to Other Governments	24,603
2200	Accrued Expenses	3,908
2300	Unearned Revenue	3,450
2300	Noncurrent Liabilities:	3,100
2501	Due Within One Year	100,000
2502	Due in More Than One Year	3,795,676
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	1,161,435
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	1,733,107
2000	Total Liabilities	7,133,207
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	110,671
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	548,050
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	658,721
NETI	POSITION	 -
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,173,113
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	271
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	206,521
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities	40,873
3900	Unrestricted Unrestricted	2,570,756
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 8,991,534
3000	I OLAI INCL FUSILIUII	\$ 0,991,334

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program	Revenues	Position
Control		1		3	4	6
Codes					Operating	Primary Gov.
Coues				narges for	Grants and	Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
11 Instruction	\$	3,829,387	\$	51,905	\$ 507,649	\$ (3,269,833)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Service	es	68,130		-	4,074	(64,056)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Develop	ment	3,940		-	-	(3,940)
23 School Leadership		354,449		-	23,258	(331,191)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Serv	ices	129,484		-	11,045	(118,439)
33 Health Services		728		-	-	(728)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		243,671		-	13,864	(229,807)
35 Food Services		294,768		80,873	169,043	(44,852)
36 Extracurricular Activities		209,253		47,024	7,227	(155,002)
41 General Administration		345,273		7,320	21,014	(316,939)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		522,221		400	20,455	(501,366)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		799		-	-	(799)
61 Community Services		11,609		-	1,235	(10,374)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	•	137,481		-	, -	(137,481)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fe		500		-	_	(500)
81 Capital Outlay		_		-	773,859	773,859
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrai	ngements	149,121		-	, -	(149,121)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	C	47,034		-	-	(47,034)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	6,347,848	\$	187,522	\$ 1,552,723	(4,607,603)
Data	=					
Control (General Reve	enues:				
Codes	Taxes:					
MT	Prope	erty Taxes, Lev	ied fo	r General Pu	moses	1,359,472
DT		erty Taxes, Lev				185,909
SF	-	l - Formula Grai				4,167,927
GC		nd Contribution		Restricted		104,007
IE		nt Earnings		11051110100		124,967
MI		neous Local an	d Inte	rmediate Re	venue	29,593
TR	Total Gene	eral Revenues				5,971,875
CN		Change in	Net P	osition		1,364,272
NB	Net Position	n - Beginning				7,627,262
NE	Net Position	n - Ending				\$ 8,991,534

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro Codes	pl		10 General Fund	F	EMA Hazard Mitigation Grant	Other Governmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
	ASSETS							
1110 1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current	\$	615,436 4,489,897	\$	(315,667) \$	5 27,581 65,645	\$	327,350 4,555,542
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		146,277		-	13,866		160,143
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(5,282)		-	(501)		(5,783)
1240	Due from Other Governments		320,945		314,678	146,489		782,112
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-	3,576		3,576
1290	Other Receivables		7,196		989			8,185
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,574,469	\$	- \$	256,656	\$	5,831,125
]	LIABILITIES	==						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	58,681	\$	- \$	-	\$	58,681
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		216,268		-	13,170		229,438
2170	Due to Other Funds		16,821		-	-		16,821
2180	Due to Other Governments		24,603		-	-		24,603
2200	Accrued Expenditures		3,298		-	610		3,908
2300	Unearned Revenue		3,035			415		3,450
2000	Total Liabilities		322,706			14,195		336,901
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		137,960		-	12,950		150,910
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		137,960		-	12,950		150,910
Ī	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:			-				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-	271		271
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-	188,367		188,367
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-	40,873		40,873
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3510	Construction		3,800,000		-	-		3,800,000
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		1,313,803					1,313,803
3000	Total Fund Balances		5,113,803			229,511		5,343,314
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	5,574,469	\$	- \$	256,656	\$	5,831,125

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	¢	5 242 214
Total Fund Dalances - Governmental Funds	\$	5,343,314
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase(decrease) net position.		-
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$13,324,378 and the accumulated depreciation was \$4,427,272. In addition, long-term liabilities including bonds payable of \$4,010,270, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$6,404 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), and long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to increase (decrease) net position.		4,880,432
3 Current year capital outlays of \$1,600,758 and long-term debt principal payments of \$100,000 are expenditures in the fund financial statements,but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Interest payable of \$125, and amortization of bond premiums of \$14,594, are recorded in the government wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.		1,715,477
4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$150,910 as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.		150,910
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	;	(429,075)
6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$1,161,435, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$110,671 and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$628,934. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	,	(643,172)
7 The District implemented GASB 75 reporting requirements for the OPEB benefit plan through TRS. The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the OPEB liability in the amount of \$1,733,107, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$548,050, a deferred resource outflow in the amount of of \$254,805. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.		(2,026,352)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	8,991,534
	====	· · ·

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Conti	rol	10 General	FEMA Hazard Mitigation	Go	Other	Total Governmental
Code	S	Fund	Grant		Funds	Funds
	REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,552,831	\$ -	\$	314,565	1,867,396
5800	State Program Revenues	4,291,825	-		129,118	4,420,943
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 69,197	773,859		353,231	1,196,287
5020	Total Revenues	 5,913,853	773,859		796,914	7,484,626
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	3,156,116	-		213,176	3,369,292
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	61,083	-		-	61,083
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	3,940	-		-	3,940
0023	School Leadership	300,122	-		-	300,122
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	112,155	-		-	112,155
0033	Health Services	728	-		-	728
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	275,595	-		-	275,595
0035	Food Services	-	-		263,661	263,661
0036	Extracurricular Activities	185,603	-		1,930	187,533
0041	General Administration	301,409	-		-	301,409
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	486,683	-		-	486,683
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	799	-		-	799
0061	Community Services Debt Service:	11,609	-		-	11,609
0071					100,000	100 000
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	-	-		100,000	100,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	-		152,200	152,200
0073		-	-		500	500
	Capital Outlay:	712 401	772.050			1 407 250
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:	713,491	773,859		-	1,487,350
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	149,121	-		-	149,121
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	47,034	-		-	47,034
6030	Total Expenditures	 5,805,488	773,859		731,467	7,310,814
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	 108,365	-		65,447	173,812
	Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 				
7915	Transfers In	_	_		6,132	6,132
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	(6,132)	_		-	(6,132
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (6,132)			6,132	-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	 102,233			71,579	172 912
			-			173,812
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 5,011,570	-		157,932	5,169,502
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 5,113,803	\$ -	\$	229,511	\$ 5,343,314

EXHIBIT C-4

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 173,812
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	-
Current year capital outlays of \$1,600,758 and long-term debt principal payments of \$100,000 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Interest payable of \$125, and amortization of bond premiums of \$14,594, are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	1,715,477
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$20,067 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	20,067
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(429,075)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$145,668, but also increased expenses in the amount of \$230,147. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(84,479)
The implementation of GASB 75 to report the District's share of the TRS OPEB plan resulted in current year increased revenues in the amount of \$61,759, but also increased expenses in the amount of \$93,289. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(31,530)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,364,272

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,385
Due from Other Funds	13,245
Total Assets	16,630
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	16,630
Total Liabilities	16,630

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 14,08
Total Operating Revenues	14,08
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Other Operating Costs	14,08
Total Operating Expenses	14,08

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		Governmental Activities -		
	Internal Service Fur			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	·	4,045 3,242)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		803		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		803		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,582		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,385		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
<u>Provided by Operating Activities:</u> Operating Income (Loss):	\$	-		
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		(43)		
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating		846		
Activities	\$	803		

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,040
Total Assets	\$ 20,040
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 20,040
Total Liabilities	\$ 20,040

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Note A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Sam Rayburn Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by Statements No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," and No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the District. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues normally support governmental activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The *Statement of Activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program revenues include (1) charges for services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Program revenues included in the *Statement of Activities* reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general activities. Taxes and other items not identifiable as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the *Statement of Activities*. Direct Expenses are those clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the program expenses of each function.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses). Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured principal and interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes, which are susceptible to accrual and considered available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available at the earnings date.

The special revenue funds, except for the Child Nutrition Fund, include programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that range from less than twelve months to in excess of two years. Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. When grant funds are received in advance of being earned, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earnings criteria are met.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements are accounted for on a *flow of economic resources* measurement focus. Within this focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund *Statement of Net Position*. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results or operations.

4. Fund Accounting

The District reports its financial activities through the use of "fund accounting". The activities of the District are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts to reflect results of activities. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purposes to assist management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through the governmental funds. The following are the District's **major** governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

<u>FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program</u> – This federal grant fund is part of the special revenue funds. The grant is funded by FEMA to construct a safe room. It is considered a major fund because it exceeds 10% of the District's resources.

Other non-major governmental funds consist of special revenue funds that account for resources that are legally restricted or locally committed to expenditures for specified purposes, debt service fund, and the capital projects fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in Special Revenue funds. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the retirement of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The Internal Service Fund is established to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's Internal Service Fund is for Workers Compensation Self-Insurance.

Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Agency Funds</u> – The Agency Funds are fiduciary funds that are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, and/or other funds. The Student Activity Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies from student activity organizations These organizations exist with the explicit approval of and are subject to revocation by, the District's Board of Trustees. This fund reflects the District agency relationship with the student activity organizations.

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows/Outflows

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The District's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents in the Internal Service fund was \$3,385 as of August 31, 2019.

Investments - Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. District management believes that the District adheres to the requirements of the State of Texas Public Funds Investment Act regarding investment practice, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Additionally, management believes that the investment practices of the District are in accordance with local policies for the current fiscal year.

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." All residual balances between governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	39-50 years
Building Improvements	15-40 years
Vehicles & Buses	5-10 years
Equipment	5-7 years

Vacation and Sick Leave – Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying basic financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, no liability exists for unused sick leave.

Long-term Liabilities – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the *Statement of Net Position*. Bond premiums and discounts are reported as a liability and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expenses as incurred. In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are also reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances and payments to bond refunding escrow agents are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits – The District records its proportionate share of the net pension & OPEB liabilities of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The fiduciary net position of TRS has been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions & OPEB, pension & OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS and TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. For the pension plan, investments are reported at fair value. For the TRS-Care OPEB plan, there are no investments as this is a pay as you go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* and governmental fund *Balance Sheet* report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits on the government-wide *Statement of Net Position*.

6. Fund Balances and Net Position

Net position on the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those capital assets.

<u>Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs</u> is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by bond covenants.

<u>Restricted for Campus Activities</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for campus activities.

<u>Restricted for Scholarships</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for scholarships.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purpose.

It is the District's policy to spend funds available from restricted sources prior to unrestricted sources.

Fund balances on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet include the following:

<u>Non-spendable fund balance</u> is the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable because it is either not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by the provider (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects bond funds are restricted by the bondholders for the specific purpose of capital projects and capital outlays. Federal & State grant resources are restricted pursuant to the mandates of the granting agency.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is committed to a specific purpose by the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by Board action. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the constraint by exercising the same type of action originally used to commit the funds.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the non-spendable, restrict, and committed fund balances and can be utilized for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first from committed funds, then unassigned funds, as need, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise it its commitment actions.

7. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

8. Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimations and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

9. Encumbrance Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting system in order to assign the portion of the applicable appropriation. This methodology is employed in the governmental fund financial statements Encumbrances are not liabilities and are therefore not recorded as expenditures until the receipt of the material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations laps at fiscal year-end, and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are re-appropriated in the next fiscal year. There were no encumbrances at year-end considered to be significant.

Note B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank places approved securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$330,735 in the depository bank and \$4,555,542 in Texpool investment accounts. At August 31, 2019, the District's combined deposits were fully insured, but during the year then ended, the District's combined deposits were not fully insured by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

Depository information required to be reported to the Texas Education Agency is as follows:

- a. Depository: Fannin Bank, Bonham, Texas
- b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$1,285,114, and occurred during the month of January, 2019.
- c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$284,372.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000.

The Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy, which must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments. The investments owned at fiscal year-end are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy, which address the following risks:

<u>Credit Risk</u> is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by nationally recognized agencies such as Standards and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investor Service. On August 31, 2019, Texpool's investment credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, value of its investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The PFIA, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments. The District's funds are deposited and invested under terms of a depository contract with amounts greater that the FDIC coverage protected by approved pledged securities held on behalf of the District.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> is the risk associated with holding investments that are not pools and full faith credit securities. These risks are controlled by limiting the percentages if these investments in the District's portfolio.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> is the risk that interest rates will rise and an investment in a fixed-income security will decrease in value. Interest rate risk is reduced by diversifying, investing in securities with different durations, and laddering maturity dates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> is the potential for loss due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The District's policy does not allow for any direct foreign investments, and therefore the District is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2019:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$330,735 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Investments in Texpool accounts of \$4,555,542 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

Note C. PROPERTY TAXES

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied on all real and business personal property located in the District. A lien exists on all property on January 1st of each year. Tax statements are mailed on October 1st each year or as soon thereafter as possible. Taxes are due upon receipt and become delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the following calendar year. The assessed value of the roll as of the end of the fiscal year was \$116,194,069.

The tax rates levied for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.17 and \$0.16 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.33 per \$100 valuation.

Current year tax collections, including delinquent taxes collected this year, for the period ended August 31, 2019, were 98.97% of the levy, compared to 99.00% in the prior fiscal year.

The ad valorem tax rate is allocated each year between the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The full amount estimated to be required for general obligation bond retirement is provided by the debt service tax together with any available state funding and interest earned within the Debt Service Fund.

Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are based on a historical experience. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note D. RECEIVABLES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Available School Fund.

Receivables due from other governments as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	State Grants	Federal Grants	Other Governments	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund	\$320,543	\$0	\$402	\$320,945
Debt Service Funds	4,174	0	55	4,229
Special Revenue Funds	0	456,938	0	456,938
Totals	\$324,717	\$456,938	\$457	\$782,112

Note E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following individual receivables & payables:

Due to Debt Service Fund from:

General Fund	\$3,576
Total to Debt Service Fund from Other Funds	\$3,576
Due to Internal Service Fund from:	
General Fund	\$13,245
Total to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds	\$13,245

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2019, consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from:

General Fund	\$6,132
Total Transfered to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from Other Funds	\$6,132

Note F. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Land	\$346,398	\$0	\$0	\$346,398
Buildings & Improvements	11,888,460	388,330	0	12,276,790
Equipment	257,412	12,541	0	269,953
Vehicles	705,205	100,867	0	806,072
Construction in Progress	126,903	1,099,020	0	1,225,923
Totals at Historical Cost	13,324,378	1,600,758	0	14,925,136
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(3,656,417)	(359,052)	0	(4,015,469)
Equipment	(174,578)	(22,222)	0	(196,800)
Vehicles	(596,277)	(47,801)	0	(644,078)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,427,272)	(429,075)	0	(4,856,347)
Capital Assets, Net	\$8,897,106	\$1,171,683	\$0	\$10,068,789

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	\$244,016
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	3,813
23 School Leadership	22,876
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	7,625
34 Student (Pupil) Transporation	59,239
35 Food Services	19,064
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	15,251
41 General Administration	22,876
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	34,315
Total Depreciation Expense	\$429,075

Note G. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

					Amounts Due
	Beginning				within One
	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	<u>Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$3,660,000	\$0	(\$100,000)	\$3,560,000	\$100,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums	350,270	0	(14,594)	335,676	_
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide	\$4,010,270	\$0	(\$114,594)	\$3,895,676	
					_
Total Governmental Activities	\$4,010,270	\$0	(\$114,594)	\$3,895,676	\$100,000

Bonds

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2019.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

				Beginning				
	Interest			Amounts				Ending Amounts
	Rates	Amounts of	Interest	Outstanding				Outstanding
<u>Description</u>	<u>Payable</u>	Original Issue	Current Year	9/01/18	<u>Issued</u>		Retired	8/31/19
Unlimited Tax School								
Building Bonds-Series 2015	2.00-5.00%	\$3,765,000	\$152,200	\$3,660,000		\$0	(\$100,000)	\$3,560,000
Total General Obligation			•					
Bonds			\$152,200	\$3,660,000		\$0	(\$100,000)	\$3,560,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums								
on GOBs				350,270		0	(14,594)	335,676
Total Bonds Payable,								
Government-Wide								
Financials				\$4,010,270		\$0	(\$114,594)	\$3,895,676

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements			
2020	\$100,000	\$149,200	\$249,200			
2021	105,000	146,125	251,125			
2022	105,000	142,975	247,975			
2023	110,000	139,750	249,750			
2024	110,000	136,450	246,450			
2025-2029	625,000	618,675	1,243,675			
2030-2034	760,000	481,350	1,241,350			
2035-2039	950,000	296,650	1,246,650			
2040-Maturity	695,000	53,375	748,375			
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$3,560,000	\$2,164,550	\$5,724,550			

Note H. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of August 31, 2019, the District had \$24,603 due to Texas Education Agency for 2018-2019 state foundation revenue settle-up. The Texas Education Agency will deduct this amount from the District's 2019-2020 state foundation revenue.

Note I. UNEARNED REVENUE & UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at August 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue	Debt Service	
	General Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Unearned Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$3,035	\$0	\$415	\$3,450
Total Unearned Revenue	\$3,035	\$0	\$415	\$3,450
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$137,960	\$0	\$12,950	\$150,910
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$137,960	\$0	\$12,950	\$150,910

Note J. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue	Debt Service	
	General Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Property Taxes	\$1,345,775	\$0	\$183,732	\$1,529,507
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax				
Related Income	21,803	0	4,680	26,483
Investment Income	120,560	3	4,404	124,967
Tuition	38,360	0	0	38,360
Food Service Sales	0	80,873	0	80,873
Athletics	5,599	0	0	5,599
Co-curricular	552	40,873	0	41,425
Other	20,182	0	0	20,182
Totals	\$1,552,831	\$121,749	\$192,816	\$1,867,396

Note K. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There are no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, all employees of the District were offered health care coverage under the TRS Active Care insurance plan (the Plan), which is a statewide health insurance coverage program for public education employees established by the 77th Texas Legislature. The District contributed \$340 per month per enrolled employee, which includes \$75 per month which is reimbursed by the State of Texas to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay the additional cost of the premiums for themselves and dependents.

Workers Compensation Coverage

The District is self-funded for workers compensation insurance and has an interlocal agreement with Claims Administration Services, Inc. (CAS) to serve as the District's third-party administrator. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund (the "Fund"), an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. Claims Administrative Services, Inc. obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended August 31, 2019, to \$350,000 for any individual participant. At August 31, 2019, the District's unpaid claims totaled \$16,630, which includes incurred but not reported claims. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which

requires that a liability for claims be reported if information obtained prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended August 31, 2018	Year Ended August 31, 2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$13,603	\$15,784
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	4,656	14,088
Claim payments	(2,475)	(13,242)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$15,784	\$16,630

Litigation and Contingencies

The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

State and Federal Programs

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2019 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Construction Commitments

The District was obligated at August 31, 2019, under a contract for construction of a safe room. The construction in progress for this project totaled \$1,225,923 as of August 31, 2019. The retainage payable for this project was \$58,681 as of August 31, 2019. The outstanding construction commitments associated with this project including retainage totaled approximately \$58,681 as of August 31, 2019.

Note L. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Sam Rayburn Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by TRS provides the following information regarding the components of the Net Pension Liability of the pension plan as of August 31, 2018:

Net Pension LiabilityTotalTotal Pension Liability\$ 209,611,328,793Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position154,568,901,833Net Pension Liability\$ 55,042,426,960Net position as a percentage of total pension liability73.74%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same. Contribution rates can be found in the TRS 2018 CAFR, Note 11, on page 76.

<u>Contribution</u>	<u>Rates</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2019 FY Employer Contribution	ns	\$ 79,612
District's 2019 FY Member Contributions		\$ 248,159
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 176,257

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

During a new member's first 90 days of employment

When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions

Roll Forward - A change was made in the measurement date of the total pension liability for the 2018 measurement year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using the roll forward procedures.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-term expected Rate	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August, 2018	3.69% - Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market
Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds	with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-
exempt municipal bonds as reported	in Fidelity index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in	
Projection Period (100 years)	2116
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three-year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July, 2018.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 (see page 52 of the TRS CAFR) are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return**	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	5.70%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00	6.90	0.90
Emerging Markets	9.00	8.95	0.80
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00	3.53	0.14

Private Equity	13.00	10.18	1.32
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.00%	1.11	0.12
Absolute Return	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hedge Funds (Stable Value)	4.00	3.09	0.12
Cash	1.00	(0.30)	0.00
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.00	0.70	0.02
Real Assets	14.00	5.21	0.73
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00	7.48	0.37
Commodities	0.00	0.00	0.00
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00	3.70	0.18
Inflation Expectations			2.30
Volatility Drag***			(0.79)
Total	100%		7.25%

^{*} Target Allocations are based on the FY 2016 policy model

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability. The discount rate can be found in the 2018 TRS CAFR, Note 11, page 78.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.907%)	Current Single Discount Rate (6.907%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.907%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 1,752,884	\$ 1,161,435	\$ 682,622

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District reported a liability of \$1,161,435 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Sam Rayburn Independent School District. The amount recognized by Sam Rayburn Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Sam Rayburn Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,161,435
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	2,881,685
Total	\$4,043,120

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000021100724% compared to the 0.000022627274% as of August 31, 2017. This was a decrease of 0.000001526550%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

^{**} Capital market assumptions some from Aon Hewitt (2017 Q4)

^{***}The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns,

Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the same experience study.

The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.

The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.

The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$285,210 and revenue of \$285,210 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 7,239	\$ 28,497
Changes in actuarial assumptions	418,753	13,086
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		22,037
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	123,330	47,051
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be	79,612	
calculated by employer]		
Total	\$628,934	\$110,671

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2020	\$ 123,526
2021	77,148
2022	64,193
2023	71,964
2024	61,174
Thereafter	40,646

Note M. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Sam Rayburn Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2018 are as follows:

Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	y	1.57%
Net OPEB liability	\$	49,930,915,470
Less: plan fiduciary net position	_	798,574,633
Total OPEB Liability	\$	50,729,490,103
Net OPEB Liability		<u>Total</u>

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in HB 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017. These are described below under the section "Changes in Benefit Terms".

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage. These new premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018. (See the TRS CAFR page 70 for plan rates effective from September 1, 2016 - December 31, 2017.)

TRS-Care Monthly Premium rates Effective January 1, 2018 - Dec. 31, 2018

	-,				
		Medicare	Non-Medicare		
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family		1,020		999	

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2018. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Co	nti	าต	uu	on	Kates

<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
0.65%	0.65
1.25%	1.25%
0.75%	0.75%
1.25%	1.25%
	\$ 25,340
	\$ 20,949
	\$ 37,740
	0.65% 1.25% 0.75%

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

With Senate Bill 1, 85th Legislature, Regular Session, TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. House Bill 30 of the 85th Legislature provided an additional \$212 million in a one-time supplemental funding for the FY 2018-2019 biennium. One-time supplemental contributions during fiscal 2018 totaled \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 Rolled forward to August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.69% Sourced from fixed Income municipal bonds with 20 years

to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA

Index" as of August 31, 2018.

Aging Factors Based on Plan Specific Experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75%

after age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of

health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% - 9.05%

Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.

Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.

There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2018 TRS CAFR on page 71. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate (3.69%)	Discount Rate
	(2.69%)		(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of the			
Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 2,062,992	\$ 1,733,107	\$ 1,472,146

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,439,373	\$ 1,733,107	\$ 2,119,960

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District reported a liability of \$1,733,107 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Sam Rayburn Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,733,107
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	2,735,434
Total	\$ 4,468,541

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.000034710089% compared to the 0.000032735071% as of August 31, 2017. This is an increase of 0.000001975018%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.

Changes in Benefit Terms: The 85th Legislature, Regular Session passed the following statutory changes which became effective on September 1, 2017:

Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.

Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.

Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.

Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.

Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$99,499 and revenue of \$99,499 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, Sam Rayburn Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 91,970	\$ 27,351
Changes in actuarial assumptions	28,921	520,699
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	303	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	108,271	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be	25,340	
calculated by employer]		
Total	\$254,805	\$548,050

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2020	\$ (54,741)
2021	(54,741)
2022	(54,741)
2023	(54,798)
2024	(54,832)
Thereafter	(44,732)

Note N. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's employees were \$11,936, \$9,294, and \$8,958, respectively for fiscal years ended August 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

Note O. JOINT VENTURES - SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in shared services arrangements for Special Education Services, with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Sam Rayburn Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through December 27, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data						ctual Amounts GAAP BASIS)		iance With
Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts	(GAAP BASIS)		Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	(Original		Final				Negative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,544,275	\$	1,532,275	\$	1,552,831	\$	20,556
5800 State Program Revenues		4,304,108		4,389,803		4,291,825		(97,978)
5900 Federal Program Revenues		-		70,000		69,197		(803)
5020 Total Revenues		5,848,383		5,992,078		5,913,853		(78,225)
EXPENDITURES:						_		
Current:								
0011 Instruction		3,193,359		3,167,138		3,156,116		11,022
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		61,049		62,619		61,083		1,536
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		6,500		6,500		3,940		2,560
0023 School Leadership		288,830		302,271		300,122		2,149
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		115,690		121,650		112,155		9,495
0033 Health Services		500		728		728		-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		260,692		276,910		275,595		1,315
0036 Extracurricular Activities		167,006		214,852		185,603		29,249
0041 General Administration		307,152		315,162		301,409		13,753
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		481,827		486,825		486,683		142
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		6,000		1,300		799		501
0061 Community Services		11,950		12,622		11,609		1,013
Capital Outlay:								
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		714,839		713,491		1,348
Intergovernmental:				,		,		Ź
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	4	152,988		156,317		149,121		7,196
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		40,400		47,034		47,034		-
6030 Total Expenditures		5,093,943		5,886,767		5,805,488		81,279
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		754,440		105,311		108,365	-	3,054
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		-		(21,737)		(6,132)		15,605
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	<u></u>	754,440		83,574		102,233		18,659
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		5,011,570		5,011,570		5,011,570		-
	· <u> </u>					_		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	5,766,010	\$	5,095,144	\$	5,113,803	\$	18,659

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		_]	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017		FY 2017 Plan Year 2016
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000021101%		0.000022627%		0.000022673%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,161,435	\$	723,498	\$	856,781
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		2,881,685		1,636,306		1,939,870
Total	\$	4,043,120	\$	2,359,804	\$	2,796,651
District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,083,116	\$	2,970,463	\$	2,862,653
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		37.67%		24.44%		29.92%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

I	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	I	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.000021435%		0.000013845%
\$	757,699	\$	369,819
	1,846,234		1,510,972
\$	2,603,933	\$	1,880,791
\$	2,675,889	\$	2,598,989
	28.32%		14.23%
	78.43%		83.25%

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	2019		2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	79,612 \$	71,083	\$ 91,166
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		79,612	71,083	91,166
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$		\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,222,849 \$	3,083,116	\$ 2,970,463
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.47%	2.31%	3.07%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2016	 2015
\$ 88,287	\$ 80,064
88,287	80,064
\$ -	\$ -
\$ 2,862,653	\$ 2,675,889
3.08%	2.99%

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018	I	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.00003471%		0.000032735%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,733,107	\$	1,423,525
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		2,735,434		2,414,355
Total	\$	4,468,541	\$	3,837,880
District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,083,116	\$	2,970,463
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		56.21%		46.17%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	 2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 25,340 \$	23,945
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	25,340	23,945
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,222,849 \$	3,083,116
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.79%	0.78%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions.

Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- . The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017.
- . Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- . Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- . The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- . The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefit.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session passed the following statutory changes which became effective on September 1, 2017:

Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.

Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.

Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.

Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the net enrollment period.

Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.

Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.

There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			211	240 National			255		263
Data		ES	SSA I, A			ES	SSA II, A	Titl	e III, A
Contro	ol	Improving		Breakfast and		Training and		English Lang	
Codes		Basi	c Program	Lunch	Program	Re	ecruiting	Acq	uisition
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(65,175)	\$	_	\$	(7,744)	\$	_
1120	Investments - Current		-		-		-		-
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		-		-		-		-
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		-		-		-		-
1240	Due from Other Governments		70,596		8,630		7,744		-
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,421	\$	8,630	\$	-	\$	_
L	JABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	4,918	\$	8,252	\$	_	\$	_
2200	Accrued Expenditures		503		107		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		5,421		8,359		-		-
Γ	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				-				-
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_		271		_		_
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		_		-		=		_
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		_		_		_		_
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		271		_		-
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	5,421	\$	8,630	\$	-	\$	-

Ecc	270 A VI, Pt B		288 ESSA		410 uctional		461		499 Local	Total Nonmajor			599 Debt	N	Total	
	ral & Low	,	ESSA Title IV		terials		Campus Activity		olarship		Special		Service		Nonmajor Governmental	
	Income		Part A		otment		Funds		Funds		nue Funds		Fund		Funds	
	шеоте		1 41 71	71110	otment		1 unus		unus	Reve	nac i unas		Tuna		Tunus	
\$	(43,040)	\$	(12,250)	\$	-	\$	40,873	\$	_	\$	(87,336)	\$	114,917	\$	27,581	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		65,645		65,645	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		13,866		13,866	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		(501)		(501)	
	43,040		12,250		-		-		-		142,260		4,229		146,489	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,576		3,576	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,873	\$	-	\$	54,924	\$	201,732	\$	256,656	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,170	\$	_	\$	13,170	
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	610	Ψ	_	Ψ	610	
	_		-		_		_		_		-		415		415	
_					-	_			-		13,780	_	415	_	14,195	
	_		-		_		-		-		-		12,950		12,950	
			-		-		-		-		-	_	12,950		12,950	
	-		-		-		-		-		271		-		271	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		188,367		188,367	
			_				40,873		_		40,873		_		40,873	
	-		-		-		40,873		-		41,144		188,367	_	229,511	
\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	40,873	\$	-	\$	54,924	\$	201,732	\$	256,656	

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	211	240	255	263
Data	ESSA I, A	National	ESSA II, A	Title III, A
Control	Improving	Breakfast and	Training and	English Lang.
Codes	Basic Program	Lunch Program	Recruiting	Acquisition
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 80,873 \$	-	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	1,256	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	109,560	167,788	10,330	570
5020 Total Revenues	109,560	249,917	10,330	570
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	109,560	-	10,330	570
0035 Food Services	-	263,661	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees				
6030 Total Expenditures	109,560	263,661	10,330	570
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(13,744)	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In		6,132		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(7,612)	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,883	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ 271 \$	-	\$ -

Ru	270 SA VI, Pt B ral & Low Income	288 ESSA Title IV Part A	410 Instructional Materials Allotment	461 Campus Activity Funds	499 Local Scholarship Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	52,733 52,733	12,250 12,250	\$ - \$ 27,733 - 27,733	40,873 \$ - - 40,873	3 3	\$ 121,749 \$ 28,989 353,231 503,969	192,816 \$ 100,129 - 292,945	314,565 129,118 353,231 796,914
	52,733	12,250	27,733 - -	- - -	- - 1,930	213,176 263,661 1,930	- - -	213,176 263,661 1,930
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	100,000 152,200 500	100,000 152,200 500
	52,733	12,250	27,733	-	1,930	478,767	252,700	731,467
	-	-	-	40,873	(1,927)	25,202	40,245	65,447
	-	-	-	-	-	6,132	-	6,132
	-	-	-	40,873	(1,927)	31,334	40,245	71,579
	-	-	-	-	1,927	9,810	148,122	157,932
\$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	40,873 \$	_	\$ 41,144 \$	188,367	\$ 229,511

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REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Apprais		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax F	Tax Rates			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes		
2010 and prior years	\$ 1.170000	\$ 0.040000	\$	78,881,273	
011	1.170000	0.042000		78,744,677	
012	1.170000	0.033900		81,173,870	
013	1.170000	0.038400		82,603,147	
014	1.170000	0.033600		92,057,452	
015	1.170000	0.035000		95,560,937	
016	1.170000	0.160000		93,225,946	
017	1.170000	0.160000		102,313,154	
018	1.170000	0.160000		107,848,702	
019 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.160000		116,194,069	
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2018	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2019
\$ 25,584 \$	-	\$ 106	\$ 4	\$ (201)	\$ 25,273
6,939	-	149	5	(71)	6,714
6,699	-	140	4	(76)	6,479
7,925	-	188	6	(77)	7,654
8,010	-	796	23	(77)	7,114
8,820	-	1,488	44	245	7,533
10,881	-	2,388	327	279	8,445
24,084	-	6,653	910	(693)	15,828
48,455	-	23,488	3,212	(2,457)	19,298
-	1,545,381	1,310,379	179,197	-	55,805
\$ 147,397 \$	1,545,381	\$ 1,345,775	\$ 183,732	\$ (3,128)	\$ 160,143

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	(Original	Final		Positive or (Negative)	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	70,500 1,300 138,750	\$ 76,250 1,300 166,874	\$ 80,873 1,256 167,788	\$	4,623 (44) 914
5020 Total Revenues		210,550	244,424	249,917		5,493
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0035 Food Services		210,550	 266,161	263,661		2,500
6030 Total Expenditures		210,550	 266,161	263,661		2,500
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		-	(21,737)	(13,744)		7,993
7915 Transfers In			 21,737	6,132		(15,605)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	(7,612)		(7,612)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,883	 7,883	7,883		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,883	\$ 7,883	\$ 271	\$	(7,612)

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control	ol Budgeted Amounts			ıts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	variance with	
Codes		Original Final					
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	180,142	\$	191,342 96,000	\$ 192,816 100,129	\$	1,474 4,129
5020 Total Revenues		180,142		287,342	292,945		5,603
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:							
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		100,000		100,000	100,000		-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		152,200		152,200	152,200		-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		500	500		-
6030 Total Expenditures		252,200		252,700	252,700		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(72,058)		34,642	40,245		5,603
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		148,122		148,122	148,122		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	76,064	\$	182,764	\$ 188,367	\$	5,603

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Sam Rayburn Independent School District 9363 E. FM 273 Ivanhoe, Texas 75447

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sam Rayburn Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sam Rayburn Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as *Item* 2019-001.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 27, 2019

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Sam Rayburn Independent School District 9363 E. FM 273 Ivanhoe, Texas 75447

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sam Rayburn Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. Sam Rayburn Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sam Rayburn Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Sam Rayburn Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Sam Rayburn Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal

program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sam Rayburn Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Sam Rayburn Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

December 27, 2019

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Summary of Auditor's Results:

The type of report we issued on whether the financial statements of Sam Rayburn Independent School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP as an unmodified opinion.

With respect to internal control over financial reporting, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

We noted no noncompliance material to the financial statements,

With respect to internal control over major federal programs, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

The type of report we issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.

We disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

We identified the following major programs:

FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, CFDA # 97.039

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee does not qualify as a low risk auditee.

Financial Statements Findings:

The following findings related to financial statements of Sam Rayburn Independent School District are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*:

Item 2019-001 Insufficient Deposit Collateral

Criteria: District deposits at the depository bank should be adequately collateralized at all times.

Condition Found: In January 2019, the District had \$1,285,114 on deposit at the depository bank. Securities pledged by the

bank were \$284,372 and FDIC insurance coverage was \$500,000 leaving an insufficient coverage amounting

to \$500,742.

Questioned Cost: None

Effect: The District should take steps to properly monitor deposits at the depository bank on an ongoing basis to

adequately protect those deposits at all times.

Status: The District was in compliance as of August 31, 2019.

District Response: The District is now obtaining monthly securities pledged reports from the depository bank and is

monitoring the status each month.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

There are no findings or questioned costs related to federal awards which are required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior year audit findings which required corrective action.

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

Item 2019-001 Insufficient Deposit Collateral

Contact Person: Cole McClendon, Superintendent

Corrective Action: The District was in compliance as of August 31, 2019. We have taken steps to monitor

depository bank balances on an ongoing basis and are obtaining monthly pledge reports

from the depository bank.

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through			
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	CFDA Entity Identifying		Federal	
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures		
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY					
Passed Through Texas Division of Emergency Mgmt					
FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	DR-4223-061	\$ 773,8	<u> 359</u>	
Total Passed Through Texas Division of Emergency Mgmt			773,8	359	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			773,8	359	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
ESSA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	19610101057950	104,1	139	
ESSA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	20610101057950		121	
Total CFDA Number 84.010A			109,5	560	
ESSA, Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	S258A172169	52,7		
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESSA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.365A 84.367A	19615002057950 19694501057950	5 10,3	570	
ESSA Title IV, Part A	84.424A	19680101057950	10,3		
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			185,4	143	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			185,4	143	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	19074917	40,9	920	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	19074917	109,7	782	
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	19074917	17,0		
Total CFDA Number 10.555			126,8	368	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			167,7	788	
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			167,7	788	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			167,7	788	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,127,0)90	

SAM RAYBURN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

- 1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance is generally accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund that is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred expenditures until earned.
- 3. The District participates in numerous Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, in any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2019, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The period performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance Compliance Statement.
- 5. CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 6. The District did not receive any indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year.
- 7. The General Fund had SHARS program revenue of \$69,197 that is not considered federal financial assistance and is not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Sam I	Fiscal Year 2019	
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	1,161,435
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	