

**BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT
SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL
REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED**

AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Burkeville Independent School District
Name of School District

Newton
County

176-901
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) X approved disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2019 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 19th of November 2019.


Signature of Board Secretary


Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is(are):
(attach list as necessary)

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

November 19, 2019

Independent Auditor's Report

Burkeville Independent School District
Burkeville, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burkeville Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Burkeville Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burkeville Independent School District, as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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MITCHELL@MTFCPAS.COM

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 38, 49-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019, on our consideration of the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, TX

In this section of the Annual Financial Report, we, the managers of the Burkeville Independent School District (the District), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 2, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$4,698,910 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$343,587 more than the \$4,746,737 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$3,707,088. Of this amount, \$3,707,088 is for unrestricted use by the District.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements include three components: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities that provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds, *not* the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The Texas Education Agency also requires the District to present a budgetary comparison statement for one of its special revenue funds (food service) and the debt service fund.

- **Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 16.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-37 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on page 38-46 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and Changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

The District's combined net position were \$4,698,910 at August 31, 2019. (See Table I)

Table I
Burkeville Independent School District
Net Position

	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,682,709	\$ 5,047,634
Capital Assets	3,691,197	3,669,285
Total Assets	<u>8,373,906</u>	<u>8,716,919</u>
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	958,703	435,360
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	107,348	17,770
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>1,066,051</u>	<u>453,130</u>
Long-term Liabilities	3,697,071	3,224,901
Other Liabilities	234,380	181,776
Total Liabilities	<u>3,931,451</u>	<u>3,406,677</u>
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	107,640	144,250
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	701,956	563,239
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	<u>809,596</u>	<u>707,489</u>
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,681,197	2,481,876
Restricted for Federal and State Programs	951	683
Restricted for Debt Service	359,910	314,116
Restricted for Campus Activity	-	13,386
Unrestricted	1,656,852	2,245,822
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 4,698,910</u>	<u>\$ 5,055,883</u>

Approximately \$2.7 million of the District's net position represent investments in capital assets net of related debt. The \$1.6 million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$4.7 million. A portion, 51 percent, of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes, 26 percent comes from grants and contributions, while only 20 percent relates to charges for services and operating grants, and the remaining 3 percent relates to investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenue.

Total Cost of all programs and services was \$5,090,324. The net position of the District's governmental activities for the current year decreased by \$392,917 (see Table II on page 7 of this report).

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
AUGUST 31, 2019

Key elements of the governmental activities of the District are reflected in the following table.

Table II
Burkeville Independent School District
Changes in Net Position

	<u>August 31, 2019</u>	<u>August 31, 2018</u>
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 222,945	\$ 42,779
Operating Grants and Contributions	716,928	543,308
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	2,209,625	2,293,232
Debt Service Taxes	224,659	256,822
State Aid - Formula Grants	1,018,368	1,200,573
Grants and Contributions - Not Restricted to Specific Functions	192,569	475,117
Investment Earnings	14,234	14,214
Miscellaneous	147,409	80,333
Total Revenue	<u>4,746,737</u>	<u>4,906,378</u>
Expenses:		
Instruction	2,011,009	1,906,081
Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,000	-
Curriculum/Instructional Development	106,339	95,976
Instructional Leadership	177,310	197,323
School Leadership	353,983	169,328
Guidance and Counseling Services	80,820	72,724
Health Services	28,280	24,009
Student (Pupil) Transportation	234,369	241,809
Food Services	281,355	255,198
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	182,197	169,985
General Administration	666,181	392,945
Plant Maintenance and Operations	557,413	535,261
Security and Monitoring Services	25,031	4,527
Data Processing Services	74,949	76,342
Community Services	100,857	8,813
Debt Services - Interest on Long-Term Debt	65,678	51,854
Other Intergovernmental Charges	142,553	139,997
Total Expenses Governmental Activities	<u>5,090,324</u>	<u>4,342,172</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>(343,587)</u>	<u>564,206</u>
Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	5,055,883	6,852,739
Prior Period Adjustment	(13,386)	(2,361,062)
Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	<u>\$ 4,698,910</u>	<u>\$ 5,055,883</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$3.7 million, which is an increase from last year.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget a number of times. These budget items fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were provided shortly after the school year began. The second category involved moving funds from program areas that did not need or use all of the resources originally appropriated to them. The third category involved changes in state program revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were budget amendments for the 2018-2019 school year required to meet various needs throughout the District approved by the Board of Trustees.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Capital Assets. At August 31, 2019 the District had \$3.69 million (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment used for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$21,912 (including additions and deductions) over last year.

**Burkeville Independent School District
Capital Assets
Governmental Activities**

	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018
Land	\$ 214,767	\$ 203,718
Buildings and Improvements	7,815,658	7,796,183
Equipment	1,526,662	1,303,512
Totals at Historical Cost	9,557,087	9,303,413
Less Accumulated Depreciation:		
Buildings and Improvements	(4,653,811)	(4,460,249)
Equipment	(1,212,079)	(1,173,879)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,865,890)	(5,634,128)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,691,197	\$ 3,669,285

Long-Term Debt. At year-end, the District had \$1.01 million in general obligation debt at a coupon interest rate of 4.0% outstanding at year-end. The District's general obligation bonds carried the highest possible rating, according to national rating agencies.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEW YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2019 budget and tax rate. One of those factors continues to be the economy and the unknown election results and the increasing of the local homestead exemption that will decrease the district's property value. The District's student population has stayed the same from students enrolled in 2018-2019 to students enrolled in 2019-2019. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$3.96 million. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to stay the same by the close of 2019-2019 school year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Superintendent, PO Box 218, Burkeville, TX 75932 or by calling (409) 565-2201.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2019

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 697,511
1120 Current Investments	3,470,150
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	468,465
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(70,270)
1240 Due from Other Governments	116,853
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	214,767
1520 Buildings, Net	3,161,847
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	314,583
1000 Total Assets	8,373,906
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	958,703
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	107,348
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,066,051
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	1,687
2140 Interest Payable	2,409
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	39,610
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	179,356
2200 Accrued Expenses	5,322
2300 Unearned Revenue	5,996
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year	185,000
2502 Due in More Than One Year	825,000
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	1,413,352
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	1,273,719
2000 Total Liabilities	3,931,451
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	107,640
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	701,956
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	809,596
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,681,197
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	951
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	359,910
3900 Unrestricted	1,656,852
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 4,698,910

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Data		Program Revenues		
Control	1	3	4	6
Codes			Operating	Primary Gov.
	Expenses	Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
		Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 2,011,009	\$ 196,863	\$ 348,089	\$ (1,466,057)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,000	-	-	(2,000)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	106,339	-	7,923	(98,416)
21 Instructional Leadership	177,310	-	7,922	(169,388)
23 School Leadership	353,983	-	27,387	(326,596)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	80,820	-	4,821	(75,999)
33 Health Services	28,280	-	1,907	(26,373)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	234,369	19,881	13,682	(200,806)
35 Food Services	281,355	6,201	238,867	(36,287)
36 Extracurricular Activities	182,197	-	6,582	(175,615)
41 General Administration	666,181	-	21,446	(644,735)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	557,413	-	30,203	(527,210)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	25,031	-	1,027	(24,004)
53 Data Processing Services	74,949	-	-	(74,949)
61 Community Services	100,857	-	7,072	(93,785)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	65,678	-	-	(65,678)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	142,553	-	-	(142,553)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 5,090,324	\$ 222,945	\$ 716,928	(4,150,451)
Data				
Control				
Codes				
	General Revenues:			
	Taxes:			
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes			2,209,625
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service			224,659
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants			1,018,368
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted			192,569
IE	Investment Earnings			14,234
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue			147,408
TR	Total General Revenues			3,806,864
CN	Change in Net Position			(343,587)
NB	Net Position - Beginning			5,055,883
PA	Prior Period Adjustment			(13,386)
NE	Net Position--Ending			\$ 4,698,910

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 409,018	\$ 288,493	\$ 697,511
1120 Investments - Current	3,440,753	29,397	3,470,150
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	426,867	41,598	468,465
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(64,030)	(6,240)	(70,270)
1240 Due from Other Governments	44,325	72,528	116,853
1260 Due from Other Funds	39,241	548	39,789
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 4,296,174</u>	<u>\$ 426,324</u>	<u>\$ 4,722,498</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 1,187	\$ 500	\$ 1,687
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	39,610	-	39,610
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	157,789	21,567	179,356
2170 Due to Other Funds	38,017	1,772	39,789
2200 Accrued Expenditures	3,592	1,730	5,322
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	5,996	5,996
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>240,195</u>	<u>31,565</u>	<u>271,760</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	348,891	33,898	382,789
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>348,891</u>	<u>33,898</u>	<u>382,789</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	951	951
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	359,910	359,910
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	3,707,088	-	3,707,088
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>3,707,088</u>	<u>360,861</u>	<u>4,067,949</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 4,296,174</u>	<u>\$ 426,324</u>	<u>\$ 4,722,498</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,067,949
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$9,303,413 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$5,634,128). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	2,481,876
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	428,674
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. At the beginning of the year, the net position related to TRS was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$435,360, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of \$144,250 and a net pension liability in the amount of \$693,411. The impact of this on Net Position is (\$209,318). Changes from the current year reporting of the TRS plan resulted in a decrease in net position in the amount of (\$402,301). The combination of the beginning of the year amounts and the changes during the year resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position in the amount of (\$611,619) .	(611,619)
4 The District participates in the TRS-Care plan for retirees through TRS. The District's share of the TRS plan resulted in a net OPEB liability of \$1,273,719, a deferred outflow of \$701,956 and a deferred inflow of \$107,348. This resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position of (\$1,868,327).	(1,868,327)
5 The 2019 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(231,762)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	382,789
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,649,580

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,730,730	\$ 279,119	\$ 3,009,849
5800 State Program Revenues	1,157,515	41,199	1,198,714
5900 Federal Program Revenues	17,114	484,095	501,209
5020 Total Revenues	<u>3,905,359</u>	<u>804,413</u>	<u>4,709,772</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	1,501,251	242,032	1,743,283
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	1,903	-	1,903
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	92,825	-	92,825
0021 Instructional Leadership	156,220	-	156,220
0023 School Leadership	301,341	-	301,341
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	67,896	-	67,896
0033 Health Services	25,497	-	25,497
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	356,309	2,038	358,347
0035 Food Services	-	280,710	280,710
0036 Extracurricular Activities	162,931	-	162,931
0041 General Administration	592,258	-	592,258
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	543,326	13,238	556,564
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	32,032	-	32,032
0053 Data Processing Services	71,300	-	71,300
0061 Community Services	85,551	-	85,551
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	1,667	175,000	176,667
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	19,361	44,650	64,011
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	11,049	-	11,049
Intergovernmental:			
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	142,553	-	142,553
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>4,165,270</u>	<u>757,668</u>	<u>4,922,938</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(259,911)</u>	<u>46,745</u>	<u>(213,166)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7915 Transfers In	683	-	683
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	-	(683)	(683)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>683</u>	<u>(683)</u>	<u>-</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(259,228)	46,062	(213,166)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	3,966,316	328,185	4,294,501
1300 Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-	(13,386)	(13,386)
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	<u>\$ 3,707,088</u>	<u>\$ 360,861</u>	<u>\$ 4,067,949</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (213,166)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	428,674
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(231,762)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(190,977)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$166,059 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$375,377. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a decrease in the amount of (\$209,318).	(209,318)
.	
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$61,883 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$38,251. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was an increase in the amount of \$23,632.	23,632
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (392,917)</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2019

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 18,559
Total Assets	<u>\$ 18,559</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 18,559
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 18,559</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Burkeville Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in **GASB Statement No. 76**, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's ***Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*** (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of August 31, 2017, Burkeville Independent School District retrospectively/prospectively applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Burkeville Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. **The General Fund** – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
2. **Debt Service Funds** – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
3. **Capital Projects Funds** – The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.
4. **Permanent Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the District's programs. The District has no Permanent Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

5. **Enterprise Funds** – The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The District has no enterprise funds.
6. **Internal Service Funds** – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

7. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.
8. **Agency Funds** – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is list.

Student Activities - The student activities fund is used to record funds held for student organizations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20-40
Building Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	10
Office Equipment	5-25
Computer Equipment	5-25

4. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's Board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's Superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

5. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
6. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to TRS.
7. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. The District reports deferred inflows related to TRS.
8. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the ***Financial Accountability System Resource Guide***. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.
9. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J4 and J5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY Cont'd

3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Foreign Currency Risk The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by limiting all deposits denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all deposits.

As of August 31, 2019, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents with respective maturities and credit rating:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Cash	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,310,241	100.00%
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			<u>\$ 4,310,241</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Burkeville Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Burkeville Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2019, the district's investments were rated AAA.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%.

Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by limiting all investments denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all investments.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. the hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

As of August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District did not have any investments subject to the fair value measurement.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

As of August 31, 2019, the District's interfund balances were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Description
General Fund	Special Revenue	1,772	Short-term loan
Special Revenue	General Fund	563	Short-term loan
General Fund	General	37,454	Short-term loan
		<u>\$ 39,789</u>	

As of August 31, 2019, the District's transfers were as follows:

Transfer From	Transfer To
Agency Fund	General Fund
	<u>\$ 683</u>
	<u>\$ 683</u>

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AUGUST 31, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
	9/1/2018	Additions	Retirements	8/31/2019
Governmental Activities				
Land	\$ 203,718	\$ 11,049	\$ -	\$ 214,767
Building and Facilities	7,796,183	19,475	-	7,815,658
Furniture and Equipment	1,303,512	223,150	-	1,526,662
Total Historical Cost	\$ 9,303,413	\$ 253,674	\$ -	\$ 9,557,087
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Facilities	\$ (4,460,249)	\$ (193,562)	\$ -	\$ (4,653,811)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,173,879)	(38,200)	-	(1,212,079)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(5,634,128)	(231,762)	-	(5,865,890)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,669,285	\$ 21,912	\$ -	\$ 3,691,197

Depreciation was allocated as follows:

Function Description	Amount
Instruction	89,216
Curriculum	97
Instructional Leadership	4,750
School Leadership	7,995
Guidance	15,422
Health Services	3,475
Transportation	1,305
Administration	18,339
Food Services	14,366
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	8,338
General Admin	30,310
Plant Maintenance	28,483
Security and Monitoring	1,639
Data Processing	3,649
Community Services	4,378
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 231,762

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

F. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Amounts Original Issue	Balance 9/1/2017	Issued	Retired	Balance 8/31/2018	Due in One Year
Unlimited Refunding Bond, Series 2015	4.00%	\$ 2,205,000	\$ 1,185,000	\$ -	\$ (175,000)	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 185,000
Total			\$ 1,185,000	\$ -	\$ (175,000)	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 185,000
Total District Obligations			\$ 1,185,000	\$ -	\$ (175,000)	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 185,000

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2019.

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	185,000	20,200	205,200
2021	195,000	16,500	211,500
2022	200,000	12,800	212,800
2023	210,000	8,600	218,600
2024	220,000	4,400	224,400
Total	\$ 1,010,000	\$ 62,500	\$ 1,072,500

G. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

The District does not accrue unpaid sick leave benefits.

H. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Burkeville Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension benefits are based on statutory provisions of the plan effective for fiscal year 2018. The annual standard annuity is based on the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries multiplied by the years of credited service multiplied by 2.3 percent. For members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used in the benefit formula. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on the date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2018 CAFR, Note 11, on page 76.

	<u>Contribution Rates</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2018 FY Employer Contributions	\$151,402	
District's 2018 FY Member Contributions	\$170,490	
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$102,623	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions.

Roll Forward - A change was made in the measurement date of the total pension liability for the 2018 measurement year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using the roll forward procedures.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-term expected Rate	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August, 2018	3.69% - Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in	
Projection Period (100 years)	2116
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July, 2018.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Sysems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 (see page 52 of the TRS CAFR) are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	5.7%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	6.9%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.95%	0.8%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.53%	0.14%
Private Equity	13%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	1.11%	0.12%
Absolute Return	0%	0.0%	0.0%
Hedge Funds (Stable Value)	4%	3.09%	0.12%
Cash	1%	-0.3%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.7%	0.0%
Real Assets	14%	5.21%	.73%
Energy and Natural Resources	5%	7.48%	0.37%
Commodities	0%	0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	3.7%	0.18%
Inflation Expectations			2.3%
Volatility Drag***			-.79%
Total	100%		7.25%

* Target Allocations are based on the FY 2016 policy model

** Capital market assumptions some from Aon Hewitt (2017 Q4)

***The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns,

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability. The discount rate can be found in the 2018 TRS CAFR, Note 11, page 78.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.907%)	Current Single Discount Rate (6.907%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.907%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 2,133,087	\$ 1,413,352	\$ 830,684

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District reported a liability of \$1,413,352 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Burkeville Independent School District. The amount recognized by Burkeville Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Burkeville Independent School District were as follows:

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AUGUST 31, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,413,352
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>1,677,817</u>
Total	<u>\$3,091,169</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000025677500% which was a decrease of 0.000003991211% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$166,059 and revenue of \$102,623 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	8,810	34,678
Changes in actual assumptions	509,581	15,924
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	26,817
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	384,026	30,221
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	56,286	-
Total	\$ 958,703	\$ 107,640

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended August 31:</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
2020	194,478
2021	138,045
2022	122,398
2023	137,951
2024	132,321
Thereafter	69,585

I. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Burkeville Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2018 are as follows:

<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 50,729,490,103	
Less: plan fiduciary net position	<u>798,574,633</u>	
Net OPEB liability	\$ <u>49,930,915,470</u>	
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		1.57%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in HB 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017. These are described below under the section "Changes in Benefit Terms".

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage. These new premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018. (See the TRS CAFR page 70 for plan rates effective from September 1, 2016 - December 31, 2017.)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

TRS-Care Monthly Premium rates Effective January 1, 2018 - Dec. 31, 2018			
		<u>Medicare</u>	<u>Non-Medicare</u>
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse		529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468	408
Retiree and Family		1,020	999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2018. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

<u>Contribution Rates</u>		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2018 FY Employer Contributions	\$	16,329
District's 2018 FY Member Contributions	\$	14,151
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$	23,472

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

With Senate Bill 1, 85th Legislature, Regular Session, TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. House Bill 30 of the 85th Legislature provided an additional \$212 million in a one-time supplemental funding for the FY 2018-2019 biennium. One-time supplemental contributions during fiscal 2018 totaled \$394.6 million.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability Incidence	

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 Rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.69% Sourced from fixed Income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.
Aging Factors	Based on Plan Specific Experience
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% - 9.05%
Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2018 TRS CAFR on page 71. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.42%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.69%)	Discount Rate (3.69%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.69%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,516,167	\$ 1,273,719	\$ 1,081,930

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 1,057,845	\$ 1,273,719	\$ 1,558,031

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District reported a liability of \$1,273,719 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Burkeville Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 1,273,719
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>1,701,294</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,975,013</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.000025509632% compared to the 0.000030963580% as of August 31, 2017. This is an decrease of 0.00000000790%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Changes in Benefit Terms: The 85th Legislature, Regular Session passed the following statutory changes which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$61,883 and revenue of \$23,472 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, Burkeville Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	67,592	20,101
Changes in actual assumptions	21,255	382,680
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	223	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	3	299,175
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	18,275	-
Total	\$ 107,348	\$ 701,956

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year ended August 31:</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
2020	(87,347)
2021	(87,347)
2022	(87,347)
2023	(87,390)
2024	(87,414)
Thereafter	(176,040)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

J. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service	Total
Property Taxes	348,891	33,898	382,789
Total Unavailable	<u>\$ 348,891</u>	<u>\$ 33,898</u>	<u>\$ 382,789</u>

K. DUE FROM STATE AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2017, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Total
General Fund	44,325	-	44,325
Special Revenue	-	72,528	72,528
Total	<u>\$ 44,325</u>	<u>\$ 72,528</u>	<u>\$ 116,853</u>

L. LITIGATION

None.

M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 19, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

N. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-Spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District has \$0 classified as Non Spendable
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has \$360,861 classified as Restricted.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. The district has \$0 classified as Committed.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The District has \$0 classified as Assigned.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds. The District has \$3,707,088 classified as Unassigned.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The elected board of trustees, for the entity, has the authority to commit, assign, and restrict fund balances. In some instances a restriction is a result of meeting contractual or otherwise legal requirements, for example debt service requirements contained in the bond covenant.

P. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

An adjustment was made on the non-major governmental funds recognize correction of cash from special revenue fund 461 to student activities. The net effect of this adjustment is the decrease fund balance by \$13,386.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,413,131	\$ 2,569,831	\$ 2,730,730	\$ 160,899
5800 State Program Revenues	1,048,820	1,053,896	1,157,515	103,619
5900 Federal Program Revenues	60,000	60,000	17,114	(42,886)
5020 Total Revenues	3,521,951	3,683,727	3,905,359	221,632
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	1,603,285	1,565,187	1,501,251	63,936
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,000	2,000	1,903	97
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	93,901	93,901	92,825	1,076
0021 Instructional Leadership	182,618	182,618	156,220	26,398
0023 School Leadership	283,070	301,487	301,341	146
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	69,389	69,467	67,896	1,571
0033 Health Services	25,645	25,665	25,497	168
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	243,114	401,513	356,309	45,204
0036 Extracurricular Activities	172,242	182,814	162,931	19,883
0041 General Administration	460,092	628,672	592,258	36,414
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	591,365	592,066	543,326	48,740
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	41,454	41,608	32,032	9,576
0053 Data Processing Services	84,770	84,770	71,300	13,470
0061 Community Services	86,805	86,805	85,551	1,254
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	21,117	1,756	1,667	89
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	19,361	19,361	-
Capital Outlay:				
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	11,049	(11,049)
Intergovernmental:				
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	140,000	142,553	142,553	-
6030 Total Expenditures	4,100,867	4,422,243	4,165,270	256,973
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(578,916)	(738,516)	(259,911)	478,605
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	683	683
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(578,916)	(738,516)	(259,228)	479,288
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	3,966,316	3,966,316	3,966,316	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 3,387,400	\$ 3,227,800	\$ 3,707,088	\$ 479,288

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.000025677%	0.002168629%	0.0014756%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,413,352	\$ 693,411	\$ 557,589
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	1,677,817	946,282	1,226,014
Total	<u>\$ 3,091,169</u>	<u>\$ 1,639,693</u>	<u>\$ 1,783,603</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,226,507	\$ 2,061,662	\$ 1,807,742
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	63.00%	33.63%	30.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only five years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

FY 2016 Plan Year 2015		FY 2015 Plan Year 2014	
0.0017476%		0.008984%	
\$	617,753	\$	239,975
1,137,489		1,061,831	
\$	1,755,242	\$	1,301,806
\$	1,661,133	\$	1,238,864
37.19%		19.37%	
78.43%		83.25%	

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 56,286	\$ 58,933	\$ 71,075
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(56,286)	(58,933)	(71,075)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,226,507	\$ 2,061,662	\$ 1,886,019
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.53%	2.86%	3.81%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding years.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, the years of data presented this reporting period are those for which data is available. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

2016		2015	
\$	46,796	\$	51,746
	(46,796)		(51,746)
\$	-	\$	-
\$	1,807,742	\$	1,661,133
	2.59%		3.12%

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.00002551%	0.000030964%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,273,719	\$ 1,346,490
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	1,701,294	1,414,470
Total	<u>\$ 2,975,013</u>	<u>\$ 2,760,960</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,226,507	\$ 2,061,662
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	57.00%	65.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	1.57%	0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 18,275	\$ 17,561
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(18,275)	(17,561)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,226,507	\$ 2,061,662
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.82%	0.85%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions.

Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefit.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session passed the following statutory changes which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the net enrollment period.
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
AUGUST 31, 2019

- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

- C. The following is a reconciliation for the budgeted revenues and expenditures from budgetary basis to GAAP basis:

	<u>General Fund</u>
Sources/Inflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 3,683,727
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
None	-
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 3,683,727</u>
Uses/outflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 4,422,243
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Expenditures for debt payments that are recognized for budgetary purposes but are reductions in liabilities for GAAP statements	(1,756)
Capital purchases that are expenditures for budgetary purposes but are additions to capital assets for GAAP statements	-
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 4,420,487</u>

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Last 10 Years Ended August 31	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2010 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ 153,648,098
2011	1.040000	0.143500	148,382,285
2012	1.040000	0.143500	166,252,387
2013	1.170000	0.013500	180,176,146
2014	1.146900	0.036600	267,369,075
2015	1.146900	0.036600	234,730,207
2016	1.170000	0.110900	208,140,838
2017	1.170000	0.132700	190,737,008
2018	1.170000	0.130200	193,514,257
2019 (School year under audit)	1.068400	0.088300	221,047,119
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2018	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2019
\$ 178,518	\$ -	\$ 26,851	\$ 2,722	\$ (16,912)	\$ 132,033
24,301	-	3,790	384	(1,900)	18,227
28,086	-	5,997	608	(2,502)	18,979
50,092	-	6,243	633	(22,752)	20,464
59,063	-	7,807	791	(23,244)	27,221
59,899	-	8,992	912	(20,853)	29,142
72,615	-	16,070	1,629	(22,764)	32,152
84,822	-	21,804	2,210	(20,976)	39,832
117,624	-	41,131	4,170	(18,713)	53,610
-	2,556,695	2,269,596	187,539	(2,755)	96,805
<u>\$ 675,020</u>	<u>\$ 2,556,695</u>	<u>\$ 2,408,281</u>	<u>\$ 201,598</u>	<u>\$ (153,371)</u>	<u>\$ 468,465</u>

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 40,820	\$ 40,820	\$ 19,881	\$ (20,939)
5800 State Program Revenues	7,194	7,194	5,514	(1,680)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	157,110	158,393	256,266	97,873
5020 Total Revenues	205,124	206,407	281,661	75,254
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	238,536	275,472	280,710	(5,238)
6030 Total Expenditures	238,536	275,472	280,710	(5,238)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(33,412)	(69,065)	951	70,016
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ (33,412)	\$ (69,065)	\$ 951	\$ 70,016

BURKEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 227,800	\$ 227,800	\$ 259,238	\$ 31,438
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	6,206	6,206
5020 Total Revenues	227,800	227,800	265,444	37,644
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	220,700	175,000	175,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	45,700	44,650	1,050
6030 Total Expenditures	220,700	220,700	219,650	1,050
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	7,100	7,100	45,794	38,694
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	314,116	314,116	314,116	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 321,216	\$ 321,216	\$ 359,910	\$ 38,694

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

November 19, 2019

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Burkeville Independent School District
Burkeville, Texas 77657

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burkeville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Burkeville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Burkeville Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Burkeville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Burkeville Independent School District

Fiscal Year 2019

SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	1413352
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	