Harrisburg High School



Student Handbook 2022-2023

HARRISBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY

The Harrisburg School District assumes the responsibility of providing students attending its schools a high quality education that challenges each student to achieve their maximum potential. The District shall endeavor to create the environment within the schools necessary to attain this goal.

The creation of the necessary climate shall be based on the following core beliefs:

- 1. The District's vision statement will be developed with input from students, parents, business leaders, and other community members.
- 2. All students can be successful learners.
- 3. Students learn at different rates and in different ways.
- A primary goal shall be to give students the skills they need to be life-long learners.
- The education of all citizens is basic to our community's wellbeing.
- 6. Student achievement is affected positively by the involvement of parents and the community in the schools.
- 7. The District is responsible for helping cultivate good citizenship skills in its students.
- 8. Students reflect the moral and ethical values of their environment.
- 9. All people have a right to a safe environment.
- 10. Each person is responsible for his/her own actions.
- 11. Innovation involves taking risks.
- 12. Schools are responsible for creating the conditions that promote success.
- 13. Each person is entitled to retain his/her dignity.
- 14. All people have the right to be treated with respect and the responsibility to treat others respectfully.
- 15. For teachers to succeed in cultivating high student achievement, they need to be given the materials, training, and environment necessary to produce such results.

Harrisburg High School Mission

We will ensure a strong culture of academic and behavioral excellence for all students.

Harrisburg High School Vision

We will work collaboratively to define, measure, intervene, and extend essential academic and behavioral skills.

Harrisburg High School Student Goals

- Our students will meet 70% mastery on the essential standards and be exposed to all the academic standards set by the Arkansas Board of Education.
- 2. Our students will show educational growth [mastering at least 70% essential skills assessed] on the Common Formative Assessments (CFA) by the end of the school year the ultimate goal is to achieve 70% mastery and be on grade level.
- 3. Our students will improve our overall building attendance by 10% by the end of the school year.
- 4. Our students will decrease truancy referrals by 10% by the end of the school year.

Student Handbook

It shall be the policy of the Harrisburg School District that the most recently adopted version of the Student Handbook be incorporated by reference into the policies of this district. In the event that there is a conflict between the student handbook and a general board policy or policies, the more recently adopted language will be considered binding and controlling on the matter provided the parent(s) of the student, or the student if 18 years of age or older have acknowledged receipt of the controlling language.

Principals shall review all changes to student policies and ensure that such changes are provided to students and parents, either in the Handbook or, if changes are made after the handbook is printed, as an addendum to the handbook.

Principals and counselors shall also review Policies 4.45—SMART CORE CURRICULUM AND GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS and the current DESE Standards for Accreditation Rules to ensure that there is no conflict. If a conflict exists, the Principal and/or Counselor shall notify the Superintendent and Curriculum Coordinator immediately, so that corrections may be made and notice of the requirements given to students and parents.

2021-2022 HHS Student Handbook Committee

Mack Skelton	Principal
Nicole Geniesse	
Brooklynne Rapert	Assistant Principal
Dave Schulz	Counselor
Amy Wallace	10-12 Teacher
Lauren Curtis	7-9 Teacher
Samantha Brown	HHS Parent
Katherine Calaway	HHS Parent

Cindy Coleman	.HHS Parent
Bridgette Loggains	
Sarah Leyenaar	. HHS Parent
Elexis Brock	. 10-12 Student Council
Jilliynne Rapert	. 10-12 Student Council
Hannah Johns	. 10-12 Student Council
Kaley Wake	. 10-12 Student Council
Maegan Householder	
Chloe Whitman	
Callie Caldwell	
William Rowton	
Claire Caldwell	. 7-9 Student Council
Gwynie Zimmerman	7-9 Student Council
Emma Wimpy	
Evey Mink	
Miley Lacy	
Jessie Dale	
Noah Lacy	. 7-9 Student Council

Student Handbook Committee Process

A formal announcement was sent out to Community Stakeholders on December 15, 2021 via all District social media. Potential revisions were sent out to HHS students and interested Community Stakeholders on December 15, 2021 with a deadline to respond by January 31, 2022. The potential revisions were then sent out to HHS Faculty and Staff on February 11, 2022, with a deadline to review by April 1, 2022. All suggestions by all stakeholders were taken into consideration and final decisions were made by the building and district administration. The HHS Student Handbook was finalized on April 15, 2022.

Note: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the policies in this handbook may be updated at any time. Please check the Harrisburg School District Website for updates.

Foreword

Harrisburg High School is a community in which all students are citizens. To live together in the school community so that everyone may receive the greatest benefit from his/her school citizenship, it is necessary that each person abide by the regulations set up by the school administration. When a student accepts the privileges of citizenship, the student also accepts the responsibility of abiding by these rules.

One of the primary aims of the school is to train young people in citizenship. Harrisburg High School operates with as few regulations as possible. It is a well-known fact that an attitude of cooperation brings

about few restrictions, and that a lack of cooperation creates a need for more regulations. Teamwork is necessary if students are to make the most of their high school days.

This handbook of information has been prepared for students, teachers, and parents in order that all may know the spirit, ideals, and objectives of HHS. It is hoped that this book may be utilized and carefully kept by every student as a source of accurate and ready information. Failure to read and know the contents herein is no excuse for violation of any of the regulations.

It is the policy of Harrisburg School District not to discriminate on the basis of sex, race, color, national origin, creed, age or disability in its educational programs, activities or employment practices as required by Title IX of the 1972 Educational Amendments, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, Executive Order 11246 as amended, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. If any student's Individual Education Program (IEP), 504, or LPAC Plan conflicts with the following policies, the requirements of the student's IEP, 504, or LPAC Plan take precedence.

Inquiries regarding compliance with equal opportunity laws and regulations may be directed to the Superintendent of Schools at the District Office in Harrisburg.

SECTION 1: DISTRICT ATTENDANCE POLICIES

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS

Every parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the child, or person standing in loco parentis of any child age five (5) through seventeen (17) years on or before August 1 of that year who resides, as defined by policy (4.1—RESIDENCE REQUIREMENTS), within the District shall enroll the child and ensure the attendance of the child at a District school with the following exceptions:

- 1. The child is enrolled in private or parochial school.
- 2. The child is being home-schooled and the conditions of policy (4.6—HOMESCHOOLING) have been met.
- 3. The child will not be age six (6) on or before August 1 of that particular school year and the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the child, or person standing in loco parentis of the child elects not to have him/her attend kindergarten. A kindergarten waiver form prescribed by regulation of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education must be signed and on file with the District administrative office.

- 4. The child has received a high school diploma or its equivalent as determined by the State Board of Education.
- 5. The child is age sixteen (16) or above and is enrolled in a postsecondary vocational-technical institution, a community college, or a two-year or four-year institution of higher education.
- 6. The child is age sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) and has met the requirements to enroll in an adult education program as defined by A.C.A. § 6-18-201 (b).

ABSENCES

If any student's Individual Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan conflicts with this policy, the requirements of the student's IEP or 504 Plan take precedence.

Education is more than the grades students receive in their courses. Important as that is, students' regular attendance at school, whether in person or digitally, is essential to their social and cultural development and helps prepare them to accept responsibilities they will face as an adult. Interactions with other students and participation in the instruction within the classroom enrich the learning environment and promote a continuity of instruction, which results in higher student achievement.

Absences for students enrolled in synchronous digital courses shall be determined in the same manner as for District students attending courses in person.

Excused Absences

Excused absences are those where the student was on official school business or when the absence was due to one of the following reasons:

- The student's illness or when attendance could jeopardize the health of other students. A maximum of three (3) such days are allowed per semester unless the condition(s) causing such absences is of a chronic or recurring nature, is medically documented, and approved by the principal.
- 2. Death or serious illness in their immediate family;
- Observance of recognized holidays observed by the student's faith.
- 4. Attendance at an appointment with a government agency;
- 5. Attendance at a medical appointment;
- 6. Exceptional circumstances with prior approval of the principal;
- 7. Participation in an FFA, FHA, or 4-H sanctioned activity;
- 8. Participation in the election poll workers program for high school students.
- 9. Absences granted to allow a student to visit his/her parent or legal guardian who is a member of the military and been called

- to active duty, is on leave from active duty, or has returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting. The number of additional excused absences shall be at the discretion of the superintendent or designee.
- Absences granted, at the Superintendent's discretion, to seventeen (17) year-old students who join the Arkansas National Guard while in eleventh grade to complete basic combat training between grades eleven (11) and (12).
- 11. Absences for students excluded from school by the Arkansas Department of Health during a disease outbreak because the student has an immunization waiver or whose immunizations are not up to date.

Students who serve as pages for a member of the General Assembly shall be considered on instructional assignment and shall not be considered absent from school for the day the student is serving as a page.

In order for the absence to be excused, the student must:

- 1. Bring a written statement to the principal or designee upon the student's return to school from the student's parent or legal guardian stating the reason for the student's absence; or
- If the student is attending the District's courses digitally, upload a
 written statement from the student's parent or legal guardian
 stating the reason for the student's absences through the
 District's digital course management platform for review by the
 principal or designee.

A written statement presented or uploaded for an absence having occurred more than five (5) school days prior to its presentation or upload will not be accepted.

Unexcused Absences

Absences that are not defined above; do not have an accompanying note from the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis, or have an accompanying note that is not presented or uploaded within the timeline required by this policy, shall be considered as unexcused absences.

Students with six (6) unexcused absences in a course in a semester may not receive credit for that course. At the discretion of the principal after consultation with persons having knowledge of the circumstances of the unexcused absences, the student may be denied promotion or graduation. Excessive absences shall not be a reason for expulsion or dismissal of a student.

When a student has three (3) unexcused absences, his/her parents, legal guardians, persons with lawful control of the student, or persons standing in loco parentis shall be notified⁶. Notification shall be by telephone by the end of the school day in which such absence occurred or by regular mail with a return address sent no later than the following school day.

Whenever a student exceeds five (5) unexcused absences in a semester, the District shall notify the prosecuting authority and the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or persons standing in loco parentis shall be subject to a civil penalty as prescribed by law.

It is the Arkansas General Assembly's intention that students having excessive absences be given assistance in obtaining credit for their courses. Therefore, at any time prior to when a student exceeds the number of unexcused absences permitted by this policy, the student, or his/her parent, legal guardian, person with lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis may petition the school or district's administration for special arrangements to address the student's unexcused absences. If formal arrangements are granted, they shall be formalized into a written agreement, which will include the conditions of the agreement and the consequences for failing to fulfill the agreement's requirements. The agreement shall be signed by the student, the student's parent; legal guardian; person having lawful control of the student; or person standing in loco parentis, and the school or district administrator or designee.

Students who attend in-school suspension shall not be counted absent for those days.

Days missed due to out-of-school suspension or expulsion shall be unexcused absences.

The District shall notify the Department of Finance and Administration whenever a student fourteen (14) years of age or older is no longer in school. The Department of Finance and Administration is required to suspend the former student's operator's license unless he/she meets certain requirements specified in the statute.

Applicants for an instruction permit or for a driver's license by persons less than eighteen (18) years old on October 1 of any year are required to provide proof of a high school diploma or enrollment and regular attendance in an adult education program or a public, private, or parochial school prior to receiving an instruction permit. To be issued a

driver's license, a student enrolled in school shall present proof of a "C" average for the previous semester or similar equivalent grading period for which grades are reported as part of the student's permanent record.

MAKE-UP WORK

Students who miss school due to an excused absence shall be allowed to make up the work they missed during their absence under the following rules:¹

- 1. Students are responsible for asking the teachers of the classes they missed what assignments they need to make up.²
- 2. Teachers are responsible for providing the missed assignments when asked by a returning student.²
- 3. Students are required to ask for their assignments on their first day back at school or their first class day after their return.²
- 4. Make-up tests are to be rescheduled at the discretion of the teacher, but must be aligned with the schedule of the missed work to be made up.
- 5. Students shall have one class day to make up their work for each class day they are absent.³
- 6. Make-up work which is not turned in within the make-up schedule for that assignment shall receive a zero.⁴
- 7. Students are responsible for turning in their make-up work without the teacher having to ask for it.²
- Students who are absent on the day their make-up work is due must turn in their work the day they return to school whether or not the class for which the work is due meets the day of their return.
- 9. As required/permitted by the student's Individual Education Program or 504 Plan.

Work may not be made up for credit for unexcused absences **unless** the unexcused absences are part of a signed agreement as permitted by policy 4.7—ABSENCES.⁵

Work for students serving an out-of-school suspension or expulsion shall be in accordance with the District's programs, measures, or alternative means and methods to continue student engagement and access to education during the student's period of suspension or expulsion, including offering an expelled student an opportunity for enrollment in digital learning courses or other alternative educational courses that result in the receipt of academic credit that is at least equal to credit the expelled student may have received from the District if the student had not been expelled.⁶

In lieu of the timeline above, assignments for students who are excluded from school by the Arkansas Department of Health during a disease outbreak are to be made up as set forth in Policy 4.57—IMMUNIZATIONS.

TARDIES

Promptness is an important character trait that District staff are encouraged to model and help develop in our schools' students. At the same time, promptness is the responsibility of each student. Students who are late to class show a disregard for both the teacher and their classmates which compromises potential student achievement.

CLOSED CAMPUS

All schools in the District shall operate closed campuses. Students are required to stay on campus from their arrival until dismissal at the end of the regular school day unless given permission to leave the campus by a school official. Students must sign out in the office upon their departure.

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND PARASITES

Students with communicable diseases or with human host parasites that are transmittable in a school environment shall demonstrate respect for other students by not attending school while they are capable of transmitting their condition to others. Students whom the school nurse determines are unwell or unfit for school attendance or who are believed to have a communicable disease or condition will be required to be picked up by their parent or guardian. Specific examples include, but are not limited to: Varicella (chicken pox), measles, scabies, conjunctivitis (Pink Eye), impetigo/MRSA (Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus), streptococcal and staphylococcal infections, ringworm, mononucleosis, Hepatitis A, B, or C, mumps, vomiting, diarrhea, and fever (100.4 F when taken orally). A student who has been sent home by the school nurse will be subsequently readmitted, at the discretion of the school nurse, when the student is no longer a transmission risk. In some instances, a letter from a health care provider may be required prior to the student being readmitted to the school.

To help control the possible spread of communicable diseases, school personnel shall follow the District's exposure control plan when dealing with any blood borne, foodborne, and airborne pathogens exposures. Standard precautions shall be followed relating to the handling, disposal, and cleanup of blood and other potentially infectious materials such as all body fluids, secretions and excretions (except sweat).

In accordance with 4.57—IMMUNIZATIONS, the District shall maintain a copy of each student's immunization record and a list of individuals with

exemptions from immunization which shall be education records as defined in policy 4.13. That policy provides that an education record may be disclosed to appropriate parties in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.

A student enrolled in the District who has an immunization exemption may be removed from school at the discretion of the Arkansas Department of Health during an outbreak of the disease for which the student is not vaccinated. The student may not return to school until the outbreak has been resolved and the student's return to school is approved by the Arkansas Department of Health.

The parents or legal guardians of students found to have live human host parasites that are transmittable in a school environment will be asked to pick their child up at the end of the school day. The parents or legal guardians will be given information concerning the eradication and control of human host parasites. A student may be readmitted after the school nurse or designee has determined the student no longer has live human host parasites that are transmittable in a school environment. Each school may conduct screenings of students for human host parasites that are transmittable in a school environment as needed. The screenings shall be conducted in a manner that respects the privacy and confidentiality of each student.

SECTION 2: THE ACADEMIC PROGRAM

SMART CORE CURRICULUM AND GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLASSES OF 2023-2025

All students are required to participate in the Smart Core curriculum unless their parents or guardians, or the students if they are eighteen (18) years of age or older, sign a *Smart Core Waiver Form* to not participate. While Smart Core is the default option, a *Smart Core Information Sheet* and a *Smart Core Waiver Form*¹ will be sent home with students prior to their enrolling in seventh (7th) grade, or when a seventh (7th) through twelfth (12th) grade student enrolls in the district for the first time and there is not a signed waiver form in the student's permanent record. This policy is to be included in student handbooks for grades six (6) through twelve (12) and both students and parents must sign an acknowledgement they have received the policy. Those students not participating in the Smart Core curriculum will be required to fulfill the Core curriculum or the Alternate Pathway to Graduation when required by their IEP to be eligible for graduation. Counseling by trained personnel shall be available to students and their parents or legal

guardians prior to the deadline for them to sign and return the waiver form.

While there are similarities between the two curriculums, following the Core curriculum may not qualify students for some scholarships and admission to certain colleges could be jeopardized. Students initially choosing the Core curriculum may subsequently change to the Smart Core curriculum **providing** they would be able to complete the required course of study by the end of their senior year.² Students wishing to change their choice of curriculums must consult with their counselor to determine the feasibility of changing paths.

This policy, the Smart Core curriculum, and the courses necessary for graduation shall be reviewed by staff, students, and parents as part of the annual school district support plan development process to determine if changes need to be made to better serve the needs of the district's students. The superintendent, or his/her designee, shall select the composition of the review panel.

Sufficient information relating to Smart Core and the district's graduation requirements shall be communicated to parents and students to ensure their informed understanding of each. This may be accomplished through any or all of the following means:⁴

- 1. Inclusion in the student handbook of the Smart Core curriculum and graduation requirements;
- Discussion of the Smart Core curriculum and graduation requirements at the school's annual public meeting, PTA meetings, or a meeting held specifically for the purpose of informing the public on this matter;
- 3. Discussions held by the school's counselors with students and their parents; and/or
- 4. Distribution of a newsletter(s) to parents or guardians of the district's students.

Administrators, or their designees, shall train newly hired employees, required to be licensed as a condition of their employment, regarding this policy. The district's annual professional development shall include the training required by this paragraph.⁵

To the best of its ability, the District shall follow the requirements covering the transfer of course credit and graduation set forth in the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children and the Arkansas Military Child School Transitions Act of 2021 for all students who meet the definition of "eligible child" in Policy 4.2—ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS including the waiving of specific courses

that are required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed.

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

The number of units students must earn to be eligible for high school graduation is to be earned from the categories listed below. A minimum of twenty-two (22) units is required for graduation for a student participating in either the Smart Core or Core curriculum. There are some distinctions made between Smart Core units and Graduation units. Not all units earned toward graduation necessarily apply to Smart Core requirements.

All students must receive a passing score on the Arkansas Civics Exam in order to graduate.

Students shall be trained in quality psychomotor skill bases in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automated external defibrillators in order to graduate.

Digital Learning Courses

The District shall offer one or more digital learning course(s) through one or more District approved provider(s) as either a primary or supplementary method of instruction. The courses may be in a blended learning, online-based, or other technology-based format. In addition to the other graduation requirements contained in this policy, students are required to take at least one (1) digital learning course for credit while in high school.

Personal and Family Finance

All students shall receive credit in a course covering the Personal and Family Finance Standards in order to graduate.

SMART CORE: Sixteen (16) units

English: four (4) units - 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th

Oral Communications: one-half (1/2) unit

Mathematics: four (4) units (all students under Smart Core must take a mathematics course in grade 11 or 12 and complete Algebra II.)

- Algebra I or Algebra A & B* which may be taken in grades 7-8 or 8-9:
- Geometry or Geometry A & B* which may be taken in grades 8-9 or 9-10;

- * A two-year algebra equivalent or a two-year geometry equivalent may each be counted as two units of the four-unit requirement for the purpose of meeting the **graduation** requirement, but only serve as one unit each toward fulfilling the **Smart Core** requirement.
 - 3. Algebra II; and
 - 4. The fourth unit may be either:
 - a. A math unit approved by DESE beyond Algebra II; or
 - A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a fourth math credit.

Natural Science: three (3) units

- 1. DESE approved biology 1 credit;
- 2. DESE approved physical science 1 credit; and
- 3. A third unit that is either:
 - a. An additional science credit approved by DESE; or
 - A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a third science credit.

Social Studies: three (3) units

- 1. Civics one-half (1/2) unit
- 2. World History one unit
- 3. American History one unit
- 4. Other social studies one-half (1/2) Unit

Physical Education: one-half (1/2) unit

Note: While one-half (½) unit is required for graduation, no more than one (1) unit may be applied toward fulfilling the necessary units to graduate.

Health and Safety: one-half (1/2) unit

Economics – one half $(\frac{1}{2})$ unit – dependent upon the licensure of the teacher teaching the course, this can count toward the required three (3) social studies credits or the six (6) required Career Focus elective credits.⁸

Fine Arts: one-half (1/2) unit

CAREER FOCUS: - Six (6) units

All career focus unit requirements shall be established through guidance and counseling based on the student's contemplated work aspirations. Career focus courses shall conform to the curriculum policy of the district

and reflect state curriculum frameworks through course sequencing and career course concentrations where appropriate.

A student who enlists in a branch of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard through the military delayed entry program, the National Guard Split Training Option, or other similar early entry program and completes basic training before graduating from high school shall receive two (2) units of the Career Focus graduation requirements.

A student who completes at least seventy-five (75) clock hours of documented community service in grades nine (9) through twelve (12) at any certified service agency or a part of a service-learning school program shall receive one (1) Career Focus credit.⁹

CORE: Sixteen (16) units

English: four (4) units – 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th

Oral Communications: one-half (1/2) unit

Mathematics: four (4) units

- 1. Algebra or its equivalent* 1 unit
- 2. Geometry or its equivalent* 1 unit
- 3. All math units must build on the base of algebra and geometry knowledge and skills.
- 4. (Comparable concurrent credit college courses may be substituted where applicable)
- 5. A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a math credit beyond Algebra I and Geometry

*A two-year algebra equivalent or a two-year geometry equivalent may each be counted as two units of the four (4) unit requirement.

Science: three (3) units

- 1. DESE approved biology 1 credit;
- 2. DESE approved physical science 1 credit; and
- 3. A third unit that is either:
 - a. An additional science credit approved by DESE; or
 - A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a third science credit.

Social Studies: three (3) units

- 1. Civics one-half (1/2) unit
- 2. World history, one (1) unit
- 3. American History, one (1) unit
- 4. Other social studies one-half (1/2) unit

Physical Education: one-half (1/2) unit

Note: While one-half (½) unit is required for graduation, no more than one (1) unit may be applied toward fulfilling the necessary units to graduate.

Health and Safety: one-half (1/2) unit

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A student who completes at least seventy-five (75) clock hours of documented community service in grades nine (9) through twelve (12) at any certified service agency or a part of a service-learning school program shall receive one (1) Career Focus credit.⁹

SMART CORE CURRICULUM AND GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CLASS OF 2026 AND THEREAFTER

All students are required to participate in the Smart Core curriculum unless their parents or guardians, or the students if they are eighteen (18) years of age or older, sign a *Smart Core Waiver Form* to not participate. While Smart Core is the default option, a *Smart Core Information Sheet* and a *Smart Core Waiver Form*¹ will be sent home with students prior to their enrolling in seventh (7th) grade, or when a seventh (7th) through twelfth (12th) grade student enrolls in the district for the first time and there is not a signed waiver form in the student's permanent record. This policy is to be included in student handbooks for grades six (6) through twelve (12) and both students and parents must

sign an acknowledgement they have received the policy. Those students not participating in the Smart Core curriculum will be required to fulfill the Core curriculum or the Alternate Pathway to Graduation when required by their IEP to be eligible for graduation. Counseling by trained personnel shall be available to students and their parents or legal guardians prior to the deadline for them to sign and return the waiver form.

While there are similarities between the two curriculums, following the Core curriculum may not qualify students for some scholarships and admission to certain colleges could be jeopardized. Students initially choosing the Core curriculum may subsequently change to the Smart Core curriculum **providing** they would be able to complete the required course of study by the end of their senior year.² Students wishing to change their choice of curriculums must consult with their counselor to determine the feasibility of changing paths.

This policy, the Smart Core curriculum, and the courses necessary for graduation shall be reviewed by staff, students, and parents as part of the annual school district support plan development process to determine if changes need to be made to better serve the needs of the district's students. The superintendent, or his/her designee, shall select the composition of the review panel.

Sufficient information relating to Smart Core and the district's graduation requirements shall be communicated to parents and students to ensure their informed understanding of each. This may be accomplished through any or all of the following means:⁴

- 1. Inclusion in the student handbook of the Smart Core curriculum and graduation requirements;
- Discussion of the Smart Core curriculum and graduation requirements at the school's annual public meeting, PTA meetings, or a meeting held specifically for the purpose of informing the public on this matter;
- 3. Discussions held by the school's counselors with students and their parents; and/or
- Distribution of a newsletter(s) to parents or guardians of the district's students.

Administrators, or their designees, shall train newly hired employees, required to be licensed as a condition of their employment, regarding this policy. The district's annual professional development shall include the training required by this paragraph.⁵

To the best of its ability, the District shall follow the requirements covering the transfer of course credit and graduation set forth in the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children and the Arkansas Military Child School Transitions Act of 2021 for all students who meet the definition of "eligible child" in Policy 4.2—ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS including the waiving of specific courses that are required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed.

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

The number of units students must earn to be eligible for high school graduation is to be earned from the categories listed below. A minimum of twenty-two (22) units is required for graduation for a student participating in either the Smart Core or Core curriculum. There are some distinctions made between Smart Core units and Graduation units. Not all units earned toward graduation necessarily apply to Smart Core requirements.

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Students shall be trained in quality psychomotor skill bases in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automated external defibrillators in order to graduate.

Digital Learning Courses

The District shall offer one or more digital learning course(s) through one or more District approved provider(s) as either a primary or supplementary method of instruction. The courses may be in a blended learning, online-based, or other technology-based format. In addition to the other graduation requirements contained in this policy, students are required to take at least one (1) digital learning course for credit while in high school.

Personal and Family Finance

All students shall receive credit in a course covering the Personal and Family Finance Standards in order to graduate.

Computer Science

All students shall earn one (1) unit of credit in a computer science course in order to graduate.

SMART CORE: Sixteen (16) units

English: four (4) units – 9^{th} , 10^{th} , 11^{th} , and 12^{th}

Oral Communications: one-half (1/2) unit

Mathematics: four (4) units (all students under Smart Core must take a mathematics course in grade 11 or 12 and complete Algebra II.)

- Algebra I or Algebra A & B* which may be taken in grades 7-8 or 8-9:
- 2. Geometry or Geometry A & B* which may be taken in grades 8-9 or 9-10;

*A two-year algebra equivalent or a two-year geometry equivalent may each be counted as two units of the four-unit requirement for the purpose of meeting the **graduation** requirement, but only serve as one unit each toward fulfilling the **Smart Core** requirement.

- 3. Algebra II; and
- 4. The fourth unit may be either:
 - a. A math unit approved by DESE beyond Algebra II; or
 - A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a fourth math credit.

Natural Science: three (3) units

- 1. DESE approved biology 1 credit;
- 2. DESE approved physical science 1 credit; and
- 3. A third unit that is either:
 - a. An additional science credit approved by DESE; or
 - b. A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a third science credit.

Social Studies: three (3) units

- 1. Civics one-half (1/2) unit
- 2. World History one unit
- 3. American History one unit
- 4. Other social studies one-half (1/2) Unit

Physical Education: one-half (1/2) unit

Note: While one-half (½) unit is required for graduation, no more than one (1) unit may be applied toward fulfilling the necessary units to graduate.

Health and Safety: one-half (1/2) unit

Economics – one half $(\frac{1}{2})$ unit – dependent upon the licensure of the teacher teaching the course, this can count toward the required three (3)

social studies credits or the six (6) required Career Focus elective credits.8

Fine Arts: one-half (1/2) unit

CAREER FOCUS: - Six (6) units

All career focus unit requirements shall be established through guidance and counseling based on the student's contemplated work aspirations. Career focus courses shall conform to the curriculum policy of the district and reflect state curriculum frameworks through course sequencing and career course concentrations where appropriate.

A student who enlists in a branch of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard through the military delayed entry program, the National Guard Split Training Option, or other similar early entry program and completes basic training before graduating from high school shall receive two (2) units of the Career Focus graduation requirements.

A student who completes at least seventy-five (75) clock hours of documented community service in grades nine (9) through twelve (12) at any certified service agency or a part of a service-learning school program shall receive one (1) Career Focus credit.⁹

CORE: Sixteen (16) units

English: four (4) units - 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th

Oral Communications: one-half (1/2) unit

Mathematics: four (4) units

- 1. Algebra or its equivalent* 1 unit
- 2. Geometry or its equivalent* 1 unit
- 3. All math units must build on the base of algebra and geometry knowledge and skills.
- 4. A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a math credit beyond Algebra I and Geometry

*A two-year algebra equivalent or a two-year geometry equivalent may each be counted as two units of the four (4) unit requirement.

Science: three (3) units

- 1. DESE approved biology 1 credit;
- 2. DESE approved physical science 1 credit; and
- 3. A third unit that is either:
 - a. An additional science credit approved by DESE; or

 A computer science flex credit may be taken in the place of a third science credit.

Social Studies: three (3) units

- 1. Civics one-half (1/2) unit
- 2. World history, one (1) unit
- 3. American History, one (1) unit
- 4. Other social studies one-half (1/2) unit

Physical Education: one-half (1/2) unit

Note: While one-half $(\frac{1}{2})$ unit is required for graduation, no more than one (1) unit may be applied toward fulfilling the necessary units to graduate.

Health and Safety: one-half (1/2) unit

Economics – one half $(\frac{1}{2})$ unit – dependent upon the licensure of the teacher teaching the course, this can count toward the required three (3) social studies credits or the six (6) required Career Focus elective credits.⁸

Fine Arts: one-half (1/2) unit

CAREER FOCUS: - Six (6) units

All career focus unit requirements shall be established through guidance and counseling based on the student's contemplated work aspirations. Career focus courses shall conform to the curriculum policy of the district and reflect state curriculum frameworks through course sequencing and career course concentrations where appropriate.

A student who enlists in a branch of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard through the military delayed entry program, the National Guard Split Training Option, or other similar early entry program and completes basic training before graduating from high school shall receive two (2) units of the Career Focus graduation requirements.

A student who completes at least seventy-five (75) clock hours of documented community service in grades nine (9) through twelve (12) at any certified service agency or a part of a service-learning school program shall receive one (1) Career Focus credit.⁹

CONCURRENT CREDIT

A ninth (9th) through twelfth (12th) grade student who successfully completes a college course(s) from an institution approved by the

Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) shall be given credit toward high school grades and graduation at the rate of one (1) high school credit for each three (3) semester hours of college credit. Unless approved by the school's principal, prior to enrolling for the course, the concurrent credit shall be applied toward the student's graduation requirements as an elective.

As permitted by the DESE Rules Governing Grading and Course Credit, a student who takes a three (3) semester hour remedial/developmental education course shall receive a half (1/2) credit for a high school career focus elective. The remedial/developmental education course cannot be used to meet core subject area/unit requirements.

Participation in the concurrent high school and college credit program must be documented by a written agreement between:

- 1. The student:
- 2. The student's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) if the student is under the age of eighteen (18);
- 3. The District; and
- The publicly supported community college, technical college, four-year college or university, or private institution of higher education the student attends to take the concurrent credit course.

Students are responsible for having the transcript for the concurrent credit course(s) they've taken sent to their school in order to receive credit for the course(s). Credit for concurrent credit courses will not be given until a transcript is received. Students may not receive credit for the course(s) they took or the credit may be delayed if the transcripts are not received at all or in a timely manner; this may jeopardize students' eligibility for extracurricular activities or graduation.

Students will retain credit earned through the concurrent credit program that was applied toward a course required for high school graduation from a previously attended, accredited, public school.

A student eligible to receive free or reduced price meals shall not be responsible for any of the costs for the student's first six (6) concurrent credit hours so long as the concurrent credit courses are taught on the District grounds and by a teacher employed by the District.² Any and all costs of concurrent credit courses beyond the six (6) hours permitted, that are not taught on the District's campus, or are not taught by a teacher employed by the District are the responsibility of the student. Students who are not eligible to receive free or reduced price meals are

responsible for any and all costs associated with concurrent credit courses.

Early College Admission

Students who desire early college admission and meet the following guidelines will be presented with a diploma from Harrisburg High School after their normal date of graduation has been reached.

- 1. Application by the student to the counselor.
- 2. Applications must be made by July 1 at the beginning of the Junior year.
- There must be a written request by the parent/guardian of the student.
- 4. Applicants must have completed twelve (12) units of credit by the end of their sophomore year.
- 5. The applicant must meet all state requirements and have at least nineteen (19) units at the end of their junior year.
- 6. Senior English may be taken by attending college freshman English.
- 7. Early College admission must be for college bound students only.
- 8. A high school diploma would not be awarded until all requirements have been met and upon the graduation date of his/her class.
- 9. Early College Admission must have the approval of the school administration.
- 10. Students in grades 11 and 12, who successfully complete approved college courses, will earn the concurrent credit.

STUDENT ACCELERATION

The Board believes that acceleration is an effective and research-based intervention for the academic growth of students who are ready for an advanced or faster-paced curriculum. Acceleration can allow a student to move through the traditional educational setting more rapidly, based on assessed readiness, capability, and motivation. At the same time, the Board understands that acceleration is not a replacement for gifted education services or programs.

Generally, acceleration can occur through one of two broad categories: content based and grade based. Grade based acceleration shortens the number of years a student would otherwise spend in K-12 education, while content based acceleration occurs within the normal K-12 time span. Either form of acceleration can be triggered by either a parent/guardian, student, or community member's request or by the referral of school personnel. In either case, the process of determining the appropriateness of the request shall be under the direction of the

district/school¹ Gifted and Talented Program Coordinator. The district/school¹ Gifted and Talented Program Coordinator shall convene the Acceleration Placement Committee² and communicate with the individuals necessary for the Acceleration Placement Committee to make an informed decision, which shall include the student's parents or guardians.³

While the needs of the student should dictate when acceleration decisions are considered, the Board believes the optimal time for referrals is in the spring, which gives adequate time for working through the determination process and for preparing those concerned for a smooth transition to the acceleration beginning in the following school-year.

The District's Gifted and Talented (GT) Program Coordinator¹ will create a written format to govern the referral and determination process, which shall be made available to any parent or staff member upon request.

The parents/guardians of any student whose request for acceleration has been denied may appeal the decision, in writing to the District's GT Coordinator¹. The Districts GT Coordinator¹ and the Acceleration Placement Committee will again thoroughly review the case study that was completed on the student. Upon completion of the review, the Committee will either request additional new testing be conducted to help the Committee make its determination or it will uphold the initial decision. The Committee's decision may not be further appealed.

Early Graduation Act 275

Any student who is enrolled in a public high school in Arkansas and has earned the number of credits required by the local school district for graduation shall be eligible to graduate from high school without regard to the grade level the student is enrolled in at the time of such credits earned. Students may not take classes early without meeting established requirements.

Semester Exam Exemption Policy

Students will be able to qualify for semester test exemptions in grades 7-12. Students will be eligible for test exemptions in each class. In order to be exempt, students must meet the following criteria:

- 1. Hold a grade of "A" for the semester and have no more than 5 unexcused absences.
- 2. Hold a grade of "B" for the semester and have no more than 4 unexcused absences.
- 3. Hold a grade of "C" for the semester and have no more than 3 unexcused absences.

- 4. Students must have fewer than 5 tardies for the class.
- Students are not exempt from any semester test if they have received Saturday School, ISS, or OSS at any time during the semester.

Any student that falls into the above categories will have the option of exemption from semester tests. If a student chooses to take a semester test (even though they are eligible for exemption), the semester test grade will not lower his/her grade for the class.

Review Day

Students who are exempt for a test are not required to attend that class's review but if they are required to take the test, they are expected to be present for the review. If they are exempt, they are not to be counted absent in Eschool on review day.

STUDENT PROMOTION AND RETENTION

A disservice is done to students through social promotion and is prohibited by state law. The District shall, at a minimum, evaluate each student annually in an effort to help each student who is not performing at grade level. Parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of the student, or persons acting in loco parentis shall be kept informed concerning the progress of their student(s). Notice of a student's possible retention or required retaking of a course shall be included with the student's grades sent home to each parent/guardian or the student if 18 or older. Parent-teacher conferences are encouraged and may be held as necessary in an effort to improve a student's academic success.

At least once each semester, the Parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of the student, or persons acting in loco parentis, and teacher(s) of a student in kindergarten through eighth (8th) grade shall be notified in writing of the student's independent grade-level-equivalency in reading.

Any grades, course credits, and/or promotions received by a student while enrolled in the Division of Youth Services system of education shall be considered transferable in the same manner as those grades, course credits, and promotions from other accredited Arkansas public educational entities.

Promotion or retention of students, or their required retaking of a course shall be primarily based on the following criteria. If there is doubt concerning the promotion or retention of a student or his/her required retaking of a course, a conference shall be held before a final decision is made that includes the following individuals:

- 1. The building principal or designee;
- 2. The student's teacher(s);
- 3. School counselor;
- 4. A 504/special education representative (if applicable); and
- 5. The student's parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of the student, or persons standing in loco parentis.

The conference shall be held at a time and place that best accommodates those participating in the conference. The school shall document participation or non-participation in required conferences. If the conference attendees fail to agree concerning the student's placement or receipt of course credit, the final decision shall rest with the principal or the principal's designee.

Each student shall have a student success plan (SSP) developed by school personnel in collaboration with the student's parents and the student that is reviewed and updated annually. A student's SSP shall use multiple academic measures to personalize learning in order for students to achieve their grade-level expectations and individual growth. The SSP will identify if the student is in need of additional support or acceleration.

Academic measures to be used in creating and updating a student's SSP shall include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Statewide student assessment results;
- 2. Subject grades;
- 3. Student work samples; and
- 4. Local assessment scores.

By the end of grade eight (8), the student's SSP shall:³

- 1. Guide the student along pathways to graduation;
- 2. Address accelerated learning opportunities;
- 3. Address academic deficits and interventions: and
- 4. Include college and career planning components.

Based on a student's score on the college and career assessment:

- 1. The student's SSP will be updated in order to assist the student with college and career readiness skills, course selection in high school, and improved academic achievement; and
- 2. Provide a basis for counseling concerning postsecondary preparatory programs.

An SSP shall be created:

 By no later than the end of the school year for a student in grade eight (8) or below² who enrolls in the District during the school year; or As soon as reasonably possible for a student in grade nine (9) or above who enrolls in the District at the beginning or during the school year.

A student's individualized education program (IEP) may act in the place of the student's SSP if the IEP addresses academic deficits and interventions for the student's failure to meet standards-based academic goals at an expected rate or level and includes a transition plan that addresses college and career planning components. Promotion or retention of students with an IEP shall be based on their successful attainment of the goals set forth in their IEP.

Students who either refuse to sit for a Statewide assessment or attempt to boycott a Statewide assessment by failing to put forth a good faith effort on the assessment as determined by the assessment administrator/proctor, or whose parents do not send their student to school on the dates the assessments are originally administered or scheduled as make-up days shall not be permitted to participate in any non-curriculum related extracurricular activity, including school dances, prom, homecoming, senior events, and may be prevented from walking or participating in graduation exercises. The student shall remain ineligible to participate until the student takes the same or a following Statewide assessment, as applicable. The Superintendent or designee may waive this paragraph's provisions when the student's failure was due to exceptional or extraordinary circumstances. Students falling under the provisions of this paragraph shall be permitted to attend curriculum related field trips occurring during the school day.

Harrisburg High School students in grades 7-8 receiving four failing semester grades in their core classes (English, Math, Science, Social Studies) over the course of the year will be retained. Credit Recovery, Summer School and Alternative Education placement will be available to give students the opportunity to be promoted, if possible. 9th Grade students who do not complete 5.5 credits will be re-classified as 9th Graders. 10th Grade students who do not complete 11 credits will be re-classified as 10th graders. 11th Grade students who do not complete 16.5 credits will be re-classified as 11th Graders. 12th Grade students who do not complete 22 credits will be re-classified as a 12th Grader.

GRADING

Parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of a student, or persons standing in loco parentis shall be kept informed concerning the progress of their student. Parent-teacher conferences are encouraged and may be requested by parents, guardians, persons having lawful

control of a student, persons standing in loco parentis, or teachers. If the progress of a student is unsatisfactory in a subject, the teacher shall attempt to schedule a parent-teacher conference. In the conference, the teacher shall explain the reasons for difficulties and shall develop, cooperatively with the parents, a plan for remediation, which may enhance the probability of the student succeeding. The school shall also send timely progress reports and issue grades for each nine (9) week grading period¹ to keep parents/guardians informed of their student's progress.

The evaluation of each student's performance on a regular basis serves to give the parents/guardians, students, and the school necessary information to help affect academic improvement. Students' grades shall reflect only the extent to which a student has achieved the expressed educational objectives of the course.

The grades of a child in foster care shall not be lowered due to an absence from school due to:²

- 1. A change in the child's school enrollment;
- 2. The child's attendance at a dependency-neglect court proceeding; or
- 3. The child's attendance at court-ordered counseling or treatment.

The grading scale for all schools in the district shall be as follows:

A = 100 - 90 B = 89 - 80 C = 79 - 70 D = 69 - 60F = 59 and below

For the purpose of determining grade point averages, the numeric value of each letter grade shall be:

A = 4 points

B = 3 points

C = 2 points

D = 1 point

F = 0 points

The grade point values for Advanced Placement (AP), approved courses for weighted credit, International Baccalaureate (IB), approved honor courses, and approved Concurrent Credit courses shall be one (1) point greater than for regular courses with the exception that an F shall still be worth zero (0) points.

The final grades of students who transfer in for part of a semester will be determined by blending the grades earned in the district with those earned outside the district. Each final grade will be the sum of the percentage of days in the grading period transferred from outside the district times the transferred grade from outside the district plus the percentage of days in the grading period while in the district times the grade earned in the district.

For example: The grading period had forty (40) days. A student transferred in with a grade of eighty-three percent (83%) earned in ten (10) days at the previous school. The student had a grade of seventy-five percent (75%) in our district's school earned in the remaining thirty (30) days of the grading period. Ten (10) days is twenty-five percent (25%) of forty (40) days while thirty (30) days is seventy-five percent (75%) of forty (40) days. Thus the final grade would be $(0.25 \times 83) + (0.75 \times 75) = 77\%$.

HONOR ROLL AND HONOR GRADUATES

HONOR ROLL

Students in grades K-6 who maintain an A average (90-100) or an A-B average (80-100) for the grading period will be recognized as honor roll students for that grading period. Semester grades will determine the honor roll at the end of each semester.

Students in grades 7-12 who participate in the Smart Core Curriculum and maintain a 3.0 GPA for the grading period will be recognized as honor roll students for that grading period. Semester grades will determine the honor roll at the end of each semester.

HONOR GRADUATES

Students who have successfully completed the minimum core of courses recommended for preparation for college as defined by the Higher Education Coordinating Board and the State Board of Education and have a cumulative GPA of 3.5 or better will be designated as honor students. The GPA shall be derived from courses taken in public schools in grades nine (9) through twelve (12).

The levels of honor graduates will be recognized at graduation based on the following requirements:

- Summa Cum Laude Cumulative Grade Point Average of 4.0 or above.
- Magna Cum Laude Cumulative Grade Point Average of 3.75-3.99.
- 3. Cum Laude Cumulative Grade Point Average of 3.5-3.74.

All honor graduates must have completed a minimum of seven (7) honors classes of which two (2) must be Advanced Placement courses or Concurrent Credit courses. Averages will be rounded to the nearest hundredth by use on the thousandth's place (ex. 3.976 becomes 3.98).

In order for a senior to qualify to be an honor graduate, please refer to the following:

- Any course with a designation of Pre-AP or Advanced
- Any course with a designation of AP
- Any college course
- Pre-Calculus
- Chemistry
- Physics
- Anatomy and Physiology
- Computer Accounting
- Any second year foreign language

*Note: Early Graduates, as defined above, are eligible to graduate with honors.

VALEDICTORIAN AND SALUTATORIAN

The honor student with the highest GPA and who has been enrolled in public school in grades 9 through 12 and in Harrisburg High School for his/her entire senior year shall serve as the valedictorian of his/her graduating class.

The honor student with the second highest GPA and who has been enrolled in public school in grades 9 through 12 and in Harrisburg High School for his/her entire senior year shall serve as the salutatorian of his/her graduating class.

Parents or guardians of a student, or a student eighteen (18) years of age or older, who choose to not have the student publicly identified as an honor roll or honor graduate student must submit a written request that the student not be so identified.

ADVANCED PLACEMENT, INTERNATIONAL BACCALAUREATE, AND HONORS COURSES

Students in grades 7-12 who take advanced placement (AP) courses; International Baccalaureate (IB) courses; honors or concurrent credit college courses;¹ or other courses approved for weighted credit by the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) shall be graded according to the following schedule:

A = 100 - 90

B = 89 - 80 C = 79 - 70 D = 69 - 60F = 59 and below

For the purpose of determining grade point averages, the numeric value of each letter grade shall be:

A = 5 points B = 4 points C = 3 points D = 2 point F = 0 points

For a student to be eligible to receive weighted credit for an AP, or IB course:

- The course must be taught by an Arkansas licensed teacher who
 has received the appropriate training required by Arkansas
 statute and DESE Rule or, for an AP teacher, is in the process of
 completing an Additional Training Plan; and
- 2. The student takes the applicable AP or IB examination after completing the entire course. Credit shall be given for each grading period during the course of the year, but shall be retroactively removed from a student's grade for any course in which the student fails to take the applicable exam. Students who do not take the applicable exam shall receive the same numeric value for the grade he/she receives in the course as if it were a non-AP or IB course.²

"Honors Courses" are those courses that have been approved by DESE as honors courses. Honors courses must stress higher order learning and be offered in addition to curriculum offerings required by the Standards for Accreditation.

Students who transfer into the district will be given weighted credit for the AP courses; IB courses; honors or concurrent credit college courses; and other courses approved by DESE for weighted credit that were taken for weighted credit at his/her previous school(s) according to the preceding scale.

High School Honor Roll

The honor roll is made at the end of each 9 Week period and is based solely on academic achievement. The honor roll is based on the following two groups:

1. Students who have a 4.0 GPA or higher

2. Students who have a 3.0 GPA or higher

To qualify for an honor roll, a student cannot have a "C" or lower in any regular class.

HOMEWORK

Homework is considered to be part of the educational program of the District. Assignments shall be an extension of the teaching/learning experience that promotes the student's educational development. As an extension of the classroom, homework must be planned and organized and should be viewed by the students as purposeful.

Teachers should be aware of the potential problem students may have completing assignments from multiple teachers and vary the amount of homework they give from day to day.

Parents shall be notified of this policy at the beginning of each school year.

Special Education Services

The district will provide a free and appropriate public education (FAPE) and necessary related services to all children with disabilities residing within the district, as required under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of 2004.

The district will follow procedures for identification (Child Find), evaluation, placement, and delivery of services to children with disabilities provided in state and federal statutes, which govern special education.

The Board directs the superintendent to ensure procedures are in place for the implementation of special education services and that programs are developed to conform to the requirements of state and federal legislation. The superintendent is responsible for appointing a district coordinator for overseeing district fulfillment of its responsibilities regarding students with disabilities. Among the coordinator's responsibilities shall be ensuring district enforcement of the due process rights of students with disabilities and their parents.

Section 504 Services

It is the intent of the district to ensure that students who are disabled within the definition of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 are identified, evaluated, and provided with appropriate educational services. Students may be disabled within the meaning of Section 504 of the

Rehabilitation Act even though they do not require services pursuant to IDEA.

For students eligible for services under IDEA, the District shall follow procedures for identification, evaluation, placement, and delivery of services to children with disabilities provided in state and federal statutes, which govern special education.

Implementation of an Individualized Education Program (IEP) in accordance with IDEA satisfies the district's obligation to provide a free and appropriate education under Section 504.

Permanent Records

Permanent school records, as required by the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE), shall be maintained for each student enrolled in the District until the student receives a high school diploma or its equivalent or is beyond the age of compulsory school attendance. A copy of the student's permanent record shall be provided to the receiving school district within ten (10) school days after the date a request from the receiving school district is received.

SECTION 3: STUDENT ACTIVITIES/CLUBS/ORGANIZATIONS EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES – SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Definitions:

"Academic Courses" are those courses for which class time is scheduled, which can be credited to meet the minimum requirements for graduation, which is taught by a teacher required to have State licensure in the course or is otherwise qualified under Arkansas statute, and has a course content guide which has been approved by the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE). Any of the courses for which concurrent high school credit is earned may be from an institution of higher education recognized by DESE. If a student passes an academic course offered on a block schedule, the course can be counted twice toward meeting the requirement for students to pass four (4) academic courses per semester as required by this policy.

"Extracurricular activities" are defined as: any school sponsored program where students from one or more schools meet, work, perform, practice under supervision outside of regular class time, or are competing for the purpose of receiving an award, rating, recognition, or criticism, or qualification for additional competition. Examples include, but are not limited to, inter/interscholastic athletics, cheerleading, band, choral, math, or science competitions, field trips, and club activities.

"Field Trips" are when individual students or groups of students are invited to programs or events when there is no competition and the students are not interacting with each other for the purpose of planning, qualifying, or arranging for future programs or for the purpose of receiving recognition.

"Interscholastic Activities" means athletic or non-athletic/academic activities where students compete on a school vs. school basis.¹

"Interscholastic Activities" means athletic or non-athletic/academic activities where students compete with students from within the same school.¹

"Supplemental Improvement Program (SIP)" is an additional instructional opportunity for identified students outside of their regular classroom and meets the criteria outlined in the current Arkansas Activities Association (AAA) Handbook.

Extracurricular Eligibility

The Board believes in providing opportunities for students to participate in extracurricular activities that can help enrich the student's educational experience. At the same time, the Board believes that a student's participation in extracurricular activities cannot come at the expense of his/her classroom academic achievement. Interruptions of instructional time in the classroom are to be minimal and absences from class to participate in extracurricular activities shall not exceed one per week per extracurricular activity (tournaments excepted)². Additionally, a student's participation in, and the District's operation of, extracurricular activities shall be subject to the following policy. All students are eligible for extracurricular activities unless specifically denied eligibility on the basis of criteria outlined in this policy.

Any student who refuses to sit for a Statewide assessment or attempts to boycott a Statewide assessment by failing to put forth a good faith effort on the assessment as determined by the assessment administrator/proctor, or whose parents do not send their student to school on the dates the assessments are administered or scheduled as make-up days shall not be permitted to participate in any non-curriculum related extracurricular activity. The student shall remain ineligible to participate until the student takes the same or a following statewide assessment, as applicable. The superintendent or designee may waive this paragraph's provisions when the student's failure was due to exceptional or extraordinary circumstances.³ Students falling under the provisions of this paragraph shall be permitted to attend curriculum related field trips occurring during the school day.⁴

A student who enrolls in the district and meets the definition of "eligible child" in Policy 4.2—ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS shall be eligible to try out for an extracurricular activity regardless of the date the student enrolls in the District so long as the student meets all other eligibility requirements and the extracurricular activity is still ongoing.

A student and the parent or legal guardian of the student shall sign and return an acknowledgement of receipt and review of an information sheet regarding signs and symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest before the student may participate in an athletic activity and before each school year the student participates in an athletic activity.

No student shall be required to pay for individual or group instruction in order to participate in an extracurricular activity.

Interscholastic Activities

Each school in the District shall post on its website its schedule of interscholastic activities, including sign-up, tryout, and participation deadlines, at least one semester in advance of those activities. A hard copy of the schedule shall be available upon request.⁵

ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS: Junior High

A student promoted from the sixth to the seventh grade automatically meets scholarship requirements. A student promoted from the seventh to the eighth grade automatically meets scholarship requirements for the first semester. The second semester eighth-grade student meets the scholarship requirements for junior high if he/she has successfully passed four (4) academic courses the previous semester. The first semester ninth-grade student meets the scholarship requirements for junior high if he/she has successfully passed four (4) academic courses the previous semester.

The second semester ninth-grade student meets the scholarship requirements for junior high if he/she has successfully passed (4) academic courses the previous semester which count toward his/her high school graduation requirements.

Ninth-grade students must meet the requirements of the senior high scholarship rule by the end of the second semester in the ninth grade in order to be eligible to participate in the fall semester of their tenth-grade year.

ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS: Senior High

In order to remain eligible for competitive interscholastic activity, a student must have passed (4) academic courses the previous semester and either:

- 1. Have earned a minimum Grade Point Average (GPA) of 2.0 from all academic courses the previous semester; or
- If the student has passed four (4) academic courses the previous semester but does not have a 2.0 GPA the student must be enrolled and successfully participating in an SIP to maintain their competitive interscholastic extracurricular eligibility.

STUDENTS WITH AN INDIVIDUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

In order to be considered eligible to participate in competitive interscholastic activities, students with disabilities must pass at least four (4) courses per semester as required by their individual education program (IEP).

ARKANSAS ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATION

In addition to the foregoing rules, the district shall abide by the rules of AAA governing interscholastic activities. AAA provides catastrophic insurance coverage for students participating in AAA governed extracurricular activities who are enrolled in school. As a matter of District policy, no student may participate in a AAA governed extracurricular activity unless he or she is enrolled in a district school, to ensure all students are eligible for AAA catastrophic insurance.⁶

Interscholastic Activities

AAA Governed Activities

Students participating in interscholastic extracurricular activities that would be governed by AAA if they were to occur between students of different schools shall meet all interscholastic activity eligibility requirements to be eligible to participate in the comparable interscholastic activity. The District will abide by the AAA Handbook for such activities to ensure District students are not disqualified from participating in interscholastic activities.⁷

Non-AAA Governed Activities

Unless made ineligible by District policies, all students shall be eligible to participate in non-AAA governed interscholastic extracurricular activities. Interscholastic activities designed for a particular grade(s) or course(s) shall require the student to be enrolled in the grade(s) or course(s).

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITY ELIGIBILITY FOR HOME SCHOOLED STUDENTS

Home-schooled student means a student legally enrolled in an Arkansas home school and who meets or has met the criteria for being a home-schooled student, as established by A.C.A. § 6-15-503.

Interscholastic activity means an activity between schools subject to rules of the Arkansas Activities Association that is outside the regular curriculum of the school district, such as an athletic activity, fine arts program, or a special interest group or club.

Each school in the District shall post on its website its schedule of interscholastic activities, including sign-up, tryout, and participation deadlines, at least one semester in advance of those activities. A hard copy of the schedule shall be available upon request.¹

Home-schooled students whose parents or guardians are legal residents of the school district will be permitted to pursue participation in an interscholastic activity in the student's resident school zone² as permitted by this policy.

Home-schooled students whose parent or legal guardian are not residents of the school district will be permitted to pursue participation in an interscholastic activity in the District if the superintendent of the student's resident district and the superintendent of the District both agree in writing to allow the student to participate in interscholastic activities at the District.

Although not guaranteed participation in an interscholastic activity, home-school students who meet the provisions of this policy, AAA Rules, and applicable Arkansas statutes shall have an equal opportunity to try out and participate in interscholastic activities without discrimination. The District shall provide a reasonable alternative to any prerequisite for eligibility to participate in an interscholastic activity that the home-schooled student is unable to meet because of his or her enrollment in a home school.

No student shall be required to pay for individual or group instruction in order to participate in an interscholastic activity.

To be eligible to try out and participate in interscholastic activities, the student or the parent of a student shall mail or hand deliver the student's request to participate to the student's school's principal before the signup, tryout or participation deadline established for traditional students. Additionally, the student shall demonstrate academic eligibility

by obtaining a minimum test score of the 30th percentile or better in the previous 12 months on the Stanford Achievement Test Series, Tenth Edition; another nationally recognized norm-referenced test; or a minimum score on a test approved by the State Board of Education.

A student who meets the requirements for eligibility to participate in an interscholastic activity is required to register for no more than one course³ in the District's school where the student is intending to participate in an interscholastic activity.

The student shall regularly attend the class in which the student is registered beginning no later than the eleventh (11th) day of the semester in which the student's interscholastic activity participation is desired. The student must attend the practices for the interscholastic activity to the same extent as is required of traditional students.

A student and the parent or legal guardian of the student shall sign and return an acknowledgement of receipt and review of an information sheet regarding signs and symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest before the student may participate in an athletic activity and before each school year the student participates in an athletic activity.

A home-schooled student who has met the try out criteria; and who has been selected to participate in the interscholastic activity shall meet the following criteria that also apply to traditional students enrolled in the school:

- 1. Standards of behavior and codes of conduct:
- 2. Attend the practices for the interscholastic activity to the same extent as is required of traditional students;
- 3. Required drug testing;4
- 4. Permission slips, waivers, physical exams; and
- 5. Participation or activity fees.

A home-schooled student who is not a resident of the District may begin participating in interscholastic activities:

- 1. Immediately upon being approved for participation for all interscholastic activities other than athletic activities; and
- One (1) calendar year after being approved to participate in interscholastic activities that are athletic activities unless the approval is prior to July 1 of the school year the student would have been enrolled in seventh (7th) grade if the student were enrolled in public school.

A home-schooled student who is not a resident of the District and is prohibited under this policy from participating in an interscholastic activity

that is an athletic activity for one (1) calendar year may immediately participate in rehearsals, tryouts, practices, auditions, classes, or other endeavors associated with the interscholastic activity.

Students who participate in extracurricular or athletic activities under this policy will be transported to and from the interscholastic activities on the same basis as other students are transported.

A student who withdraws from an Arkansas Activities Association member school to be home-schooled shall not participate in an interscholastic activity in the resident school district for a minimum of three hundred sixty-five days after the student withdraws from the member school.

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS/EQUAL ACCESS

Non-curriculum-related secondary school student organizations wishing to conduct meetings on school premises during non-instructional time shall not be denied equal access on the basis of the religious, political, philosophical, or other content of the speech at such meetings. Such meetings must meet the following criteria.

- 1. The meeting is to be voluntary and student initiated;
- 2. There is no sponsorship of the meeting by the school, the government, or its agents or employees;
- 3. The meeting must occur during non-instructional time;
- 4. Employees or agents of the school are present at religious meetings only in a non-participatory capacity;
- The meeting does not materially and substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities within the school; and
- 6. Non-school persons may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend activities of student groups.

All meetings held on school premises must be scheduled and approved by the principal. The school, its agents, and employees retain the authority to maintain order and discipline, to protect the well-being of students and faculty, and to assure that attendance of students at meetings is voluntary.

Fraternities, sororities, and secret societies are forbidden in the District's schools. Membership to student organizations shall not be by a vote of the organization's members, nor be restricted by the student's race, religion, sex, national origin, or other arbitrary criteria. Hazing, as defined by law, is forbidden in connection with initiation into, or affiliation with, any student organization, extracurricular activity or sport program.

Students who are convicted of participation in hazing or the failure to report hazing shall be expelled.

SCHOOL ORGANIZATIONS

Harrisburg Public School has numerous social, sports and academic activities to promote initiative, leadership, school spirit and pride. The main objective of these activities is to instill in students responsibility and respect for fellow students through club participation. All school organizations are approved and regulated by the building principal or assistant in charge. Activities should be limited with controlled interruptions of instructional time in the classroom. It is advised to control the number of absences for such activities. The guidelines for school organizations are as follows:

- 1. Students are not restricted from membership on the basis of race, sex, national origin or arbitrary criteria.
- Students may, however, be restricted to membership on the basis of their sex, but only if the organization is entitled to Title IX exemption under the Bayh Amendment. This amendment gives exemption to organizations that are:
 - a. Voluntary youth service organizations;
 - b. Tax exempt under Section 501 (a) of the 1954 Internal Revenue Code (religious and charitable organizations);
 - c. Single sex by tradition; or
 - d. Principally composed of members under the age of 19.
- 3. School fraternities and secret societies are banned in Arkansas public schools. (See Chapter 20 of The School Laws of Arkansas, Act 171, 1929).

REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICIPATION IN SCHOOL ORGANIZATIONS

The following guidelines are to be used for participation in extracurricular activities. Students participating in extracurricular activities are required to meet Arkansas Activities Association regulations.

- 1. Student clubs may establish a minimum G.P.A. and/or other criteria for membership.
- 2. A student may hold two major and two minor club or organization offices during the school year.
- 3. A student having a G.P.A. below 3.00 may belong to a maximum of four clubs or organizations during the school year. (Athletics and music are excluded from this restriction.)
- 4. A student with 5 or more unexcused absences in a class or classes during a semester will not be excused from the class or classes to take part in an extracurricular activity. Excused absences will be defined as those absences related to illness or when attendance could jeopardize the health of other

- students, death or serious illness in the immediate family, observance of an appointment with a government agency, attendance at a medical appointment, exceptional circumstances with prior approval of the principal or participation in an FFA, FCCLA, or 4-H sanctioned activity.
- All clubs and organizations are to have a constitution and bylaws. The constitution is to be revised and updated every five years.
- 6. A list of club and organization members and their officers are to be submitted to the principal's office each year. (This is to be done as near to the beginning of school as possible.)

All students in Grades K-12 are eligible for extracurricular activities unless specifically denied eligibility on the basis of criteria outlined in this policy.

SECTION 4: GENERAL RULES OF BEHAVIOR: REWARDS AND CONSEQUENCES

STUDENT DISCIPLINE

The Harrisburg Board of Education has a responsibility to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the District's students and employees. To help maintain a safe environment conducive to high student achievement, the Board establishes policies necessary to regulate student behavior to promote an orderly school environment that is respectful of the rights of others and ensures the uniform enforcement of student discipline. Students are responsible for their conduct that occurs:

- 1. At any time on the school grounds;
- Off school grounds at a school sponsored function, activity, or event; and
- 3. Going to and from school or a school activity.

The District's administrators may also take disciplinary action against a student for off-campus conduct occurring at any time that would have a detrimental impact on school discipline, the educational environment, or the welfare of the students and/or staff. A student who has committed a criminal act while off campus and whose presence on campus could cause a substantial disruption to school or endanger the welfare of other students or staff is subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. Such acts could include, but are not limited to: a felony or an act that would be considered a felony if committed by an adult; an assault or battery; drug law violations; or sexual misconduct of a serious nature. Any disciplinary action pursued by the District shall be in accordance with the student's appropriate due process rights.¹

The District shall incorporate the District's implementation of positive behavioral supports in accordance with Policy 4.60 in the application of student discipline.

The District's personnel policy committees shall annually review the District's student discipline policies, including State and District student discipline data, and may recommend changes in the policies to the Harrisburg School Board. The Board has the responsibility of determining whether to approve any recommended changes to student discipline policies.

The District's student discipline policies shall be distributed to each student during the first week of school each year and to new students upon their enrollment. Each student's parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis shall sign and return to the school an acknowledgement form documenting that they have received the policies.

The District shall develop and provide programs, measures, or alternative means and methods for continued student engagement and educational access during periods of suspension or expulsion.

The superintendent is authorized to modify the penalties set forth in the District's student discipline policies on a case-by-case basis.

It is required by law that the principal or the person in charge report to the police any incidents the person has personal knowledge of or has received information leading to a reasonable belief that a person has committed or threatened to commit an act of violence or any crime involving a deadly weapon on school property or while under school supervision. If the person making the report is not the Superintendent, that person shall also inform the Superintendent of the incident. Additionally, the principal shall inform any school employee or other person who initially reported the incident that a report has been made to the appropriate law enforcement agency. The Superintendent or designee shall inform the Board of Directors of any such report made to law enforcement.

The superintendent shall make a report annually to the Board of Directors on student discipline data, which shall include, without limitation: the number of incidents of bullying reported and the actions taken regarding the reported incidents of bullying.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT

Students and staff require a safe and orderly learning environment that is conducive to high student achievement. Certain student behaviors are unacceptable in such an environment and are hereby prohibited by the Board.

Prohibited behaviors include, but shall not be limited to the following:

- Disrespect for school employees and failing to comply with their reasonable directions or otherwise demonstrating insubordination:
- 2. Disruptive behavior that interferes with orderly school operations;
- 3. Willfully and intentionally assaulting or threatening to assault or physically abusing any student or school employee;
- 4. Possession of any weapon that can reasonably be considered capable of causing bodily harm to another individual;
- 5. Possession or use of tobacco in any form on any property owned or leased by any public school;
- 6. Willfully or intentionally damaging, destroying, or stealing school property;
- Possession of any paging device, beeper, or similar electronic communication devices on the school campus during normal school hours unless specifically exempted by the administration for health or other compelling reasons;
- Possession, selling, distributing, or being under the influence of an alcoholic beverage, any illegal drug, unauthorized inhalants, or the inappropriate use or sharing of prescription or over the counter drugs, or other intoxicants, or anything represented to be a drug;
- 9. Sharing, diverting, transferring, applying to others (such as needles or lancets), or in any way misusing medication or any medical supplies in their possession;
- 10. Inappropriate public displays of affection;
- 11. Cheating, copying, or claiming another person's work to be his/her own;
- 12. Gambling:
- 13. Inappropriate student dress;
- 14. Use of vulgar, profane, or obscene language or gestures;
- 15. Truancy:
- 16. Excessive tardiness;
- 17. Engaging in behavior designed to taunt, degrade, or ridicule another person on the basis of race, ethnicity, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability;
- 18. Possess, view, distribute or electronically transmit sexually explicit or vulgar images or representations, whether electronically, on a data storage device, or in hard copy form;

- 19. Hazing, or aiding in the hazing of another student;
- 20. Gangs or gang-related activities, including belonging to secret societies of any kind, are forbidden on school property. Gang insignias, clothing, "throwing signs" or other gestures associated with gangs are prohibited;
- 21. Sexual harassment;
- 22. Bullying:
- 23. Operating a vehicle on school grounds while using a wireless communication device; and
- 24. Theft of another individual's personal property.

The Board directs each school in the District to develop implementation regulations for prohibited student conduct consistent with applicable Board policy, State and Federal laws, and judicial decisions.

Discipline for Children with Disabilities

Children with disabilities who engage in misbehavior are subject to normal school discipline rules and procedures so long as such treatment does not abridge the right to free and appropriate public education (FAPE).

The Individualized Education Plan (IEP) team for the child with a disability will consider whether particular discipline procedures should be adopted for the student and include those procedures within that child's IEP. A child with a disability may be suspended from school up to ten (10) days for misconduct of school policy. An IEP team meeting may be held at any time to address the child's misbehavior, discipline needs, continuation of services or any other matter concerning the child with a disability in relation to services.

Prohibited Conduct

Students and staff require a safe and orderly learning environment that is conducive to high student achievement. Certain student behaviors are unacceptable in such an environment and are hereby prohibited by the Board. Prohibited behaviors include, but shall not be limited to the following:

RULE 1: INSUBORDINATION

Disrespect for school employees and failing to comply with their reasonable directions or otherwise demonstrating insubordination.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

RULE 2: DISORDERLY CONDUCT

No student shall by the use of violence, force, noise, coercion, threat, intimidation, fear, passive resistance, or any other conduct, intentionally cause the disruption of any lawful mission, process, or function of the school, or engage in any such conduct for the purpose of causing disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process, or function. Nor shall any student encourage any other student to engage in such activities.

Disorderly activities by any student or group of students that adversely affect the school's orderly educational environment shall not be tolerated at any time on school grounds. Teachers may remove from class and send to the principal or principal's designated office a student whose behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with the teacher's ability to teach the students, the class, or with the ability of the student's classmates to learn. Students who refuse to leave the classroom voluntarily will be escorted from the classroom by the school administration.

Consequences:

Minimum: Detention

*Juvenile Authorities may be contacted.

RULE 3: THREAT/ASSAULT OF STUDENT/EMPLOYEE

Willfully and intentionally assaulting or threatening to assault or physically abusing any student or school employee.

Consequences:

Minimum: Out of School Suspension (Indefinitely)

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted. Students must be assessed by a mental health professional if a threat of death is made. Depending on the results, a recommendation for Homebound Services, Long-Term Suspension, or Expulsion for one calendar year will follow. Students will have the chance to receive credit via virtual learning if expelled per state law.

RULE 4: POSSESSION OF A WEAPON Definitions

"Firearm" means any device designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or any device readily convertible to that use.

"Possession" means having a weapon on the student's body or in an area under the student's control.

"Weapon" means any:

- 1. Firearm;
- 2. Knife;
- 3. Razor:
- 4. Ice pick;
- 5. Dirk:
- 6. Box cutter:
- 7. Nunchucks;
- 8. Pepper spray, mace, or other noxious spray;
- 9. Explosive;
- Taser or other instrument that uses electrical current to cause neuromuscular incapacitation; or
- 11. Any other instrument or substance capable of causing bodily harm.

No student, except for Military personnel (such as ROTC cadets) acting in the course of their official duties or as otherwise expressly permitted by this policy, shall possess a weapon, display what appears to be a weapon, or threaten to use a weapon before or after school while:

- 1. In a school building;
- 2. On or about school property;
- 3. At any school sponsored activity or event;
- 4. On route to or from school or any school sponsored activity; or
- 5. Off the school grounds at any school bus stop.

If a student discovers prior to any questioning or search by any school personnel that he/she has accidentally brought a weapon, other than a firearm, to school on his/her person, in a book bag/purse, or in his/her vehicle on school grounds, and the student informs the principal or a staff person immediately, the student will not be considered to be in possession of a weapon unless it is a firearm. The weapon shall be confiscated and held in the office until such time as the student's parent/legal guardian shall pick up the weapon from the school's office. Repeated offenses are unacceptable and shall be grounds for disciplinary action against the student as otherwise provided for in this policy.

Except as permitted in this policy, students found to be in possession on the school campus of a firearm shall be recommended for expulsion for a period of one (1) year. The superintendent shall have the discretion to modify such expulsion recommendation for a student on a case-by-case basis.¹

Parents or legal guardians of students expelled under this policy shall be given a copy of the current laws regarding the possibility of parental

responsibility for allowing a child to possess a firearm on school property.² Parents or legal guardians shall sign a statement acknowledging that they have read and understand said laws prior to readmitting the student. Parents or legal guardians of a student enrolling from another school after the expiration of an expulsion period for a firearm policy violation shall also be given a copy of the current laws regarding the possibility of parental responsibility for allowing a child to possess a firearm on school property. The parents or legal guardians shall sign a statement acknowledging that they have read and understand said laws prior to the student being enrolled in school.

The mandatory expulsion requirement for possession of a firearm does not apply to a firearm brought to school for the purpose of participating in activities approved and authorized by the district that include the use of firearms. Such activities may include ROTC programs; hunting safety or military education; or before or after-school hunting or rifle clubs. Firearms brought to school for such purposes shall be brought to the school employee designated to receive such firearms. The designated employee shall store the firearms in a secure location until they are removed for use in the approved activity.

The district shall report any student who brings a firearm to school to the criminal justice system or juvenile delinquency system by notifying local law enforcement.

Consequences:

Minimum: Out of School Suspension (Indefinitely)

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted. Students must be assessed by a mental health professional if a threat of death is made. Depending on the results, a recommendation for Homebound Services, Long-Term Suspension, or Expulsion will follow. Students will have the chance to receive credit via virtual learning if expelled per state law.

RULE 5: POSSESSION/USE OF TOBACCO

Smoking or use of tobacco or products containing tobacco in any form (including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, chewing tobacco, and snuff) in or on any real property owned or leased by a District school, including school buses owned or leased by the District, is prohibited. Students who violate this policy may be subject to legal proceedings in addition to student disciplinary measures.

With the exception of recognized tobacco cessation products, this policy's prohibition includes any tobacco or nicotine delivery system or product. Specifically, the prohibition includes any product that is

manufactured, distributed, marketed, or sold as e-cigarettes, e-cigars, e-pipes, or under any other name or descriptor.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted. Automatic 10 days of Out of School Suspension if CBD Oil or other synthetic equivalent.

RULE 6: DAMAGE/DESTRUCTION/STEALING SCHOOL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY

Willfully or intentionally damaging, destroying, or stealing school property.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted on the second offense.

RULE 7: POSSESSION OF ELECTRONIC DEVICE

Students are responsible for conducting themselves in a manner that respects the rights of others. Possession and use of any electronic device, whether district or student owned, that interferes with a positive, orderly classroom environment does not respect the rights of others and is expressly forbidden.

To protect the security of statewide assessments, no electronic device, as defined in this policy, shall be accessible by a student at any time during assessment administration unless specifically permitted by a student's individualized education program (IEP) or individual health plan; this means that when a student is taking an AESAA assessment, the student shall not have his/her electronic device in his/her possession. Any student violating this provision shall be subject to this policy's disciplinary provisions. As used in this policy, "electronic devices" means anything that can be used to transmit or capture images, sound, or data. Misuse of electronic devices includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Using electronic devices during class time in any manner other than specifically permitted by the classroom instructor;
- 2. Permitting any audible sound to come from the device when not being used for reason #1 above;
- 3. Engaging in academic dishonesty, including cheating, intentionally plagiarizing, wrongfully giving or receiving help during an academic examination, or wrongfully obtaining test copies or scores:
- Using the device to record audio or video or to take photographs in areas where a general expectation of personal privacy exists, including but not limited to locker rooms and bathrooms;

5. Creating, sending, sharing, viewing, receiving, or possessing an indecent visual depiction of oneself or another person.

Use of an electronic device is permitted to the extent it is approved in a student's IEP or it is needed in an emergency that threatens the safety of students, staff, or other individuals.

Before and after normal school hours, possession of electronic devices is permitted on the school campus. The use of such devices at school sponsored functions outside the regular school day is permitted to the extent and within the limitations allowed by the event or activity the student is attending. A parent shall obtain approval from the student's building principal before operating a student-tracking safety device at school or at a school-sponsored event if the device has recording or listen-in capability. The District requires the device's recording and listenin technology to be disabled while the device is on the campus or at the school-sponsored event because of student privacy concerns. The District prohibits unauthorized audio or visual recordings or transmission of audio or images of other students. The student's parent shall agree in writing to the requirement for the device's recording and listening-in technology to be disabled and that the District may prohibit future use of the device on campus or at a school-sponsored activity if it is determined that the device's recording or listening-in capabilities were used in violation of this policy before the student safety tracking device may be on campus or at a school sponsored event.

The student and/or the student's parents or guardians expressly assume any risk associated with students owning or possessing electronic devices. Students misusing electronic devices shall have them confiscated. Confiscated devices may be picked up at the school's administration office by the student's parents or guardians. Students have no right of privacy as to the content contained on any electronic devices that have been confiscated. A search of a confiscated device shall meet the reasonable individualized suspicion requirements of Policy 4.32—SEARCH, SEIZURE, AND INTERROGATIONS.

Students who use school issued cell phones and/or computers for nonschool purposes, except as permitted by the district's Internet/computer use policy, shall be subject to discipline, up to and including suspension or expulsion.

Students are forbidden from using school issued cell phones while driving any vehicle at any time. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. No student shall use any wireless communication device for the purposes of browsing the internet;

composing or reading emails and text messages; or making or answering phone calls while driving a motor vehicle that is in motion and on school property. Violation may result in disciplinary action up to and including suspension.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

*Phones will be returned to the parent at the end of the school day. If a parent cannot make it to the school, they may give the school permission via telephone to give the student the phone at the end of the school day.

RULE 8: POSSESSION/SELLING/DISTRIBUTION/UNDER INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR DRUGS

An orderly and safe school environment that is conducive to promoting student achievement requires a student population free from the deleterious effects of alcohol and drugs. Their use is illegal, disruptive to the educational environment, and diminishes the capacity of students to learn and function properly in our schools.

Therefore, no student in the Harrisburg School District shall possess, attempt to possess, consume, use, distribute, sell, buy, attempt to sell, attempt to buy, give to any person, or be under the influence of any substance as defined in this policy, or what the student represents or believes to be any substance as defined in this policy. This policy applies to any student who: is on or about school property; is in attendance at school or any school sponsored activity; has left the school campus for any reason and returns to the campus; or is on route to or from school or any school sponsored activity.

Prohibited substances shall include, but are not limited to: alcohol, or any alcoholic beverage; inhalants or any ingestible matter that alter a student's ability to act, think, or respond; LSD, or any other hallucinogen; marijuana; cocaine, heroin, or any other narcotic drug; PCP; amphetamines; steroids; "designer drugs"; look-alike drugs; or any controlled substance.

The sale, distribution, or attempted sale or distribution of over-the-counter (OTC) medications, dietary supplement or other perceived health remedy not regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration, or prescription drugs is prohibited. The possession or use of OTC medications, dietary supplement or other perceived health remedy not regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration, or prescription drugs is prohibited except as permitted under Policy 4.35—STUDENT MEDICATIONS.

*Note: This policy would also include any product that is manufactured, distributed, marketed, or sold as e-cigarettes, e-cigars, e-pipes, or under any other name or descriptor that contains or is believed to contain prohibited substances listed above.

Consequences:

Minimum: Out of School Suspension (Indefinitely)

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted. Depending on the results, a recommendation for Homebound Services, Long-Term Suspension, or Expulsion will follow. Students will have the chance to receive credit via virtual learning if expelled per state law.

RULE 9: MISUSE/POSSESSION OF MEDICATION OR MEDICAL SUPPLIES

Sharing, diverting, transferring, applying to others (such as needles or lancets), or in any way misusing medication or any medical supplies in their possession.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

*Juvenile Authorities may be contacted.

RULE 10: PUBLIC DISPLAYS OF AFFECTION

Inappropriate public displays of affection (i.e. kissing or anything that conveys a connotation that can be judged as sexually explicit).

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

RULE 11: ACADEMIC DISHONESTY

Cheating, copying, or claiming another person's work to be his/her own.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

*The student will be assigned a zero on the assignment and/or test.

RULE 12: GAMBLING

Engaging in a game of chance on school premises.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

RULE 13: DRESS CODE

The Harrisburg Board of Education recognizes that dress can be a matter of personal taste and preference. At the same time, the District

has a responsibility to promote an environment conducive to student learning. This requires limitations to student dress and grooming that could be disruptive to the educational process because they are immodest, disruptive, unsanitary, unsafe, could cause property damage, or are offensive to common standards of decency.

Students are prohibited from wearing, while on the school grounds during the school day and at school-sponsored events, clothing that exposes underwear, buttocks, or the breast of a female. This prohibition does not apply, however, to a costume or uniform worn by a student while participating in a school-sponsored activity or event.

The Superintendent shall establish student dress codes for the District's schools, to be included in the student handbook, and are consistent with the above criteria.

The following will not be permitted:

- 1. See-through shirts/blouses;
- 2. Students not wearing shoes;
- 3. Unbuttoned shirts/blouses;
- 4. Strapless blouses/tank tops/muscle shirts;
- 5. Clothing with undesirable lettering or decoration (such as sexual innuendos or promotion of prohibited substances);
- Emblems, badges, insignias, or any other attire not specifically identified above which cause disruption in the educational process;
- 7. Exposed cleavage, top or bottom;
- 8. Exposed undergarments;
- 9. Sagging pants;
- 10. Clothing with holes, rips, or tears above fingertips when standing straight with arms extended by side

Students will be required to change into appropriate apparel before readmission to class. All hems of shorts, dresses, and skirts must be no shorter than of the wearers' fingertips when standing straight with arms extended by side. The sleeves of all shirts, tops, blouses, and/or dresses shall reach to the point of the shoulder without gapping under the arm. Whenever a question arises, the wearer will be asked to place four fingers over the shoulder of the garment. The garment should be visible on both sides of the four fingers. Cheerleader uniforms may be worn to school on game days and special days as approved by the building Principal.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

*Parents will be contacted to bring a change of clothes if the student does not have a change of clothes.

RULE 14: VULGAR/PROFANE/OBSCENE LANGUAGE OR GESTURES

Use of vulgar, profane, or obscene language or gestures.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

RULE 15: TRUANCY

A student shall not be absent from school without parents' and/or school authorities prior knowledge and consent. After arrival on campus, a student absent from his/her assigned learning station without permission from school authorities shall be considered as truant.

Consequences:

Minimum: Saturday School

*A FINS will be filed on the second offense. Students cannot be assigned to OSS for Truancy per state law.

RULE 16: EXCESSIVE TARDINESS

Any student who arrives at school after the 8 am tardy bell rings must be signed in at the office. Students are allowed to sign themselves in. When students arrive at any other class after the tardy bell, the teacher will assign them a tardy in Teacher Access Center (TAC). When a student accumulates five (5) cumulative tardies from any combination of courses, they will be reported to the office for disciplinary action. If the student is tardy past the "Cut Point" of the period (or more than half of the period) they will receive an unexcused absence.

Consequences:

Minimum: Detention

*A FINS will be filed when a student accumulates the equivalency of

RULE 17: HARASSMENT/BULLYING

Definitions

"Complainant" means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Education program or activity" includes locations, events, or circumstances where the District exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs. "Formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting an investigation of the allegation of sexual harassment.

"Respondent" means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Sexual harassment" means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- 1. A District employee:
 - Conditions the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the District on an individual's participation in sexual conduct;² or
 - b. Uses the rejection of sexual conduct as the basis for academic decisions affecting that individual;²
- 2. The conduct is:
 - a. Unwelcome; and
 - Determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the District's education program or activity; or
- 3. Constitutes:
 - a. Sexual assault;
 - b. Dating violence
 - c. Domestic violence; or
 - d. Stalking.

"Supportive measures" means individualized services that are offered to the complainant or the respondent designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party. The supportive measures must be non-disciplinary and non-punitive in nature; offered before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed; and offered to either party as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge. Examples of supportive measures include, but are not limited to: measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the District's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment; counseling; extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments; modifications of work or class schedules; campus escort services; mutual restrictions on contact between the parties; changes in work or class locations; leaves of absence; and increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus.

Within the educational environment, sexual harassment is prohibited between any of the following: students; employees and students; and non-employees and students.

Actionable sexual harassment is generally established when an individual is exposed to a pattern of objectionable behaviors or when a single, serious act is committed. What is, or is not, sexual harassment will depend upon all of the surrounding circumstances and may occur regardless of the sex(es) of the individuals involved. Depending upon such circumstances, examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Making sexual propositions or pressuring for sexual activities;
- 2. Unwelcome touching;
- 3. Writing graffiti of a sexual nature;
- 4. Displaying or distributing sexually explicit drawings, pictures, or written materials;
- Performing sexual gestures or touching oneself sexually in front of others;
- 6. Telling sexual or crude jokes;
- 7. Spreading rumors related to a person's alleged sexual activities;
- 8. Discussions of sexual experiences;
- 9. Rating other students or employees as to sexual activity or performance;
- 10. Circulating or showing emails or Websites of a sexual nature;
- 11. Intimidation by words, actions, insults, or name calling; and
- 12. Teasing or name-calling related to sexual characteristics or the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether or not the individual self-identifies as homosexual or transgender.

Students who believe they have been subjected to sexual harassment, or the parent/legal guardian/other responsible adult of a student who believes their student has been subjected to sexual harassment, are encouraged to bring their concerns to **any** District staff member, including a counselor, teacher, Title IX coordinator, or administrator. If the District staff member who received a report of alleged sexual harassment is not the Title IX Coordinator, then the District staff person shall inform the Title IX Coordinator of the alleged sexual harassment. As soon as reasonably possible after receiving a report of alleged sexual harassment from another District staff member or after receiving a report directly through any means, the Title IX Coordinator shall contact the complainant to:

1. Discuss the availability of supportive measures;

- Consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures:
- 3. Inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint; and
- 4. Explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint.

Supportive Measures

The District shall offer supportive measures to the complainant and make supportive measures available so the respondent that are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. The District shall provide the individualized supportive measures to the complainant unless declined in writing by the complainant and shall provide individualized supportive measures that are non-disciplinary and non-punitive to the respondent. A complainant who initially declined the District's offer of supportive measures may request supportive measures at a later time and the District shall provide individualized supportive measures based on the circumstances when the subsequent request is received.

Formal Complaint

A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by email. Upon receipt of a formal complaint, a District shall simultaneously provide the following written notice to the parties who are known:

- 1. Notice of the District's grievance process and a copy of the procedures governing the grievance process;
- Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment including sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview. Sufficient details include:
 - The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known:
 - The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment;
 - c. The date and location of the alleged incident, if known:
- A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process;
- 4. That the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney;
- 5. That the parties may inspect and review evidence relevant to the complaint of sexual harassment; and

6. That the District's code of conduct prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.

If, in the course of an investigation, the District decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the previous notice, the District shall simultaneously provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

The District may consolidate formal complaints of allegations of sexual harassment where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances and the formal complaints are against more than one respondent; or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents; or by one party against the other party. When the District has consolidated formal complaints so that the grievance process involves more than one complainant or more than one respondent, references to the singular "party", "complainant", or "respondent" include the plural, as applicable.

When investigating a formal complaint and throughout the grievance process, a District shall:

- 1. Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rest on the District and not on the parties;
- 2. Not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege or access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to the party unless the District obtains the parent, legal guardian, or other responsible adult of that party's voluntary, written consent or that party's voluntary, written consent if the party is over the age of eighteen (18) to do so for the grievance process;
- 3. Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence;
- 4. Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence;
- 5. Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any grievance proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or

- proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the complainant or respondent in any meeting or grievance proceeding;
- Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;
- 7. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in the formal complaint so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to the conclusion of the investigation; this includes evidence:
 - a. Whether obtained from a party or other source;
 - The District does not intend to rely upon in reaching a determination regarding responsibility; and
 - c. That is either Inculpatory or exculpatory; and
- 8. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.

At least ten (10)³ days prior to completion of the investigative report, the District shall send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy. The parties shall have at least ten (10)³ days to submit a written response to the evidence. The investigator will consider the written responses prior to completion of the investigative report. All evidence subject to inspection and review shall be available for the parties' inspection and review at any meeting to give each party equal opportunity to refer to such evidence during the meeting.

After the investigative report is sent to the parties, the decision-maker shall:

- 1. Provide each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness;
- 2. Provide each party with the answers;
- Allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party; and
- 4. Provide an explanation to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant. Specifically, questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant,

or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent.

No earlier than than 10 (ten) days following the completion of the investigation period, the decision-maker, who cannot be the same person as the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator, shall issue a written determination regarding responsibility. The written determination shall include:

- Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment:
- 2. A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including:
- 3. Any notifications to the parties;
 - a. Interviews with parties and witnesses;
 - b. site visits:
 - c. Methods used to gather other evidence,; and
 - d. Hearings held;
- 4. Findings of fact supporting the determination;
- Conclusions regarding the application of the District's code of conduct to the facts;
- 6. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including:
 - a. A determination regarding responsibility;
 - Any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent;
 - c. Whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity will be provided by the District to the complainant; and
- 7. The procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal.

The written determination shall be provided to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility shall become final on the earlier of:

- 1. If an appeal is not filed, the day after the period for an appeal to be filed expires; or
- 2. If an appeal is filed, the date the written determination of the result of the appeal is provided to the parties.

The District shall investigate the allegations in a formal complaint. If the conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in this policy even if proved; did not occur in the District's education program or activity; or did not occur against a person in the United States, then the District shall dismiss the complaint as not

meeting the definition of sexual harassment under this policy. A dismissal for these reasons does not preclude action under another provision of the District's code of conduct.

The District may dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the grievance process:

- 1. The complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein;
- 2. The respondent is no longer enrolled at the District; or
- 3. Specific circumstances prevent the District from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

Upon the dismissal of a formal complaint for any reason, the District shall promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) for the dismissal simultaneously to the parties.

The District may hire an individual or individuals to conduct the investigation or to act as the determination-maker when necessary.

Appeals

Either party may appeal a determination regarding responsibility or from a dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:

- The existence of a procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter:
- Discovery of new evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter;
- The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter; or
- 4. An appeal of the disciplinary sanctions from the initial determination.⁴

For all appeals, the District shall:

- 1. Notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed;
- 2. Simultaneously Provide all parties a written copy of the District's procedures governing the appeal process;
- 3. Implement appeal procedures equally for both parties;
- 4. Ensure that the decision-maker⁵ for the appeal is not the same person as the decision-maker that reached the original

- determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investigator, or the Title IX Coordinator;
- 5. Provide all parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome:
- 6. Issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and
- 7. Provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

Confidentiality

Reports of sexual harassment, both informal reports and formal complaints, will be treated in a confidential manner to the extent possible. Limited disclosure may be provided to:

- 1. Individuals who are responsible for handling the District's investigation and determination of responsibility to the extent necessary to complete the District's grievance process;
- 2. Submit a report to the child maltreatment hotline;
- 3. Submit a report to the Professional Licensure Standards Board for reports alleging sexual harassment by an employee towards a student; or
- 4. The extent necessary to provide either party due process during the grievance process.⁵

Except as listed above, the District shall keep confidential the identity of:

- 1. Any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination;
- Any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment:
- 3. Any complainant;
- Any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination:
- 5. Any respondent; and
- 6. Any witness.

Any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent shall be kept confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality does not impair the ability of the District to provide the supportive measures.

Emergency Removal

The District may remove a respondent from the District's education program or activity on an emergency basis only after the completion of an individualized safety and risk analysis that determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal. A removed student will be provided with notice and an

opportunity to challenge the removal decision immediately following the removal.

Retaliation Prohibited

Students, or the parents/legal guardians/other responsible adult of a student, who submit a report or file a formal complaint of sexual harassment; testified; assisted; or participate or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing on sexual harassment shall not be subjected to retaliation or reprisal in any form, including threats; intimidation; coercion; discrimination; or charges for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or formal complaint of sex discrimination, and are made for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege under this policy. The District shall take steps to prevent retaliation and shall take immediate action if any form of retaliation occurs regardless of whether the retaliatory acts are by District officials, students, or third parties.

Disciplinary Sanctions

It shall be a violation of this policy for any student to be subjected to, or to subject another person to, sexual harassment. Following the completion of the District's grievance process, any student who is found by the evidence to more likely than not⁷ have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to, and including, expulsion. No disciplinary sanction or other action that is not a supportive measure may be taken against a respondent until the conclusion of the grievance process.

Students who knowingly fabricate allegations of sexual harassment or purposely provide inaccurate facts shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. A determination that the allegations do not rise to the level of sexual harassment alone is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a false allegation or materially false statement in bad faith.

Records

The District shall maintain the following records for a minimum of seven (7) years:

- 1. Each sexual harassment investigation including:
- 2. Any determination regarding responsibility;
- 3. Any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent;
- Any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity;
- 5. Any appeal and the result therefrom;

- 6. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, and decision-makers;
- 7. Any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, which must include:
 - a. The basis for the District's conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent; and
 - b. Document:
 - If supportive measures were provided to the complainant, the supportive measures taken designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity; or
 - If no supportive measures were provided to a complainant, document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

Definitions:

"Attribute" means an actual or perceived personal characteristic including without limitation race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, socioeconomic status, academic status, disability, gender, gender identity, physical appearance, health condition, or sexual orientation;

"Bullying" means the intentional harassment, intimidation, humiliation, ridicule, defamation, or threat or incitement of violence by a student against another student or public school employee by a written, verbal, electronic, or physical act that may address an attribute of the other student, public school employee, or person with whom the other student or public school employee is associated and that causes or creates actual or reasonably foreseeable:

- 1. Physical harm to a public school employee or student or damage to the public school employee's or student's property;
- 2. Substantial interference with a student's education or with a public school employee's role in education;
- A hostile educational environment for one (1) or more students or public school employees due to the severity, persistence, or pervasiveness of the act; or
- 4. Substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment;

Examples of "Bullying" include, but are not limited to, a pattern of behavior involving one or more of the following:

- 1. Cyberbullying;
- 2. Sarcastic comments "compliments" about another student's personal appearance or actual or perceived attributes,

- 3. Pointed questions intended to embarrass or humiliate,
- 4. Mocking, taunting or belittling,
- 5. Non-verbal threats and/or intimidation such as "fronting" or "chesting" a person.
- 6. Demeaning humor relating to a student's actual or perceived attributes,
- 7. Blackmail, extortion, demands for protection money or other involuntary donations or loans,
- 8. Blocking access to school property or facilities,
- 9. Deliberate physical contact or injury to person or property,
- 10. Stealing or hiding books or belongings,
- 11. Threats of harm to student(s), possessions, or others,
- 12. Sexual harassment, as governed by policy 4.27, is also a form of bullying, and/or
- 13. Teasing or name-calling related to sexual characteristics or the belief or perception that an individual is not conforming to expected gender roles or conduct or is homosexual, regardless of whether the student self-identifies as homosexual or transgender (Examples: "Slut", "You are so gay.", "Fag", "Queer").

"Cyberbullying" means any form of communication by electronic act that is sent with the purpose to:

- Harass, intimidate, humiliate, ridicule, defame, or threaten a student, school employee, or person with whom the other student or school employee is associated; or
- 2. Incite violence towards a student, school employee, or person with whom the other student or school employee is associated.

Cyberbullying of School Employees includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. Building a fake profile or website of the employee;
- 2. Posting or encouraging others to post on the Internet private, personal, or sexual information pertaining to a school employee;
- 3. Posting an original or edited image of the school employee on the Internet;
- Accessing, altering, or erasing any computer network, computer data program, or computer software, including breaking into a password-protected account or stealing or otherwise accessing passwords of a school employee;
- Making repeated, continuing, or sustained electronic communications, including electronic mail or transmission, to a school employee;
- 6. Making, or causing to be made, and disseminating an unauthorized copy of data pertaining to a school employee in

any form, including without limitation the printed or electronic form of computer data, computer programs, or computer software residing in, communicated by, or produced by a computer or computer network;

- 7. Signing up a school employee for a pornographic Internet site; or
- 8. Without authorization of the school employee, signing up a school employee for electronic mailing lists or to receive junk electronic messages and instant messages.

Cyberbullying is prohibited whether or not the cyberbullying originated on school property or with school equipment, if the cyberbullying results in the substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment or is directed specifically at students or school personnel and maliciously intended for the purpose of disrupting school and has a high likelihood of succeeding in that purpose.

"Harassment" means a pattern of unwelcome verbal or physical conduct relating to another person's constitutionally or statutorily protected status that causes, or reasonably should be expected to cause, substantial interference with the other's performance in the school environment; and

"Substantial disruption" means without limitation that any one or more of the following occur as a result of the bullying:

- 1. Necessary cessation of instruction or educational activities;
- 2. Inability of students or educational staff to focus on learning or function as an educational unit because of a hostile environment;
- 3. Severe or repetitive disciplinary measures are needed in the classroom or during educational activities; or
- 4. Exhibition of other behaviors by students or educational staff that substantially interfere with the learning environment.
- 5. Respect for the dignity of others is a cornerstone of civil society. Bullying creates an atmosphere of fear and intimidation, robs a person of his/her dignity, detracts from the safe environment necessary to promote student learning, and will not be tolerated by the Board of Directors. Students who bully another person shall be held accountable for their actions whether they occur on school equipment or property; off school property at a school sponsored or approved function, activity, or event; going to or from school or a school activity in a school vehicle or school bus; or at designated school bus stops.

Students are encouraged to report behavior they consider to be bullying, including a single action which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, to their teacher or the building principal. The report may be made anonymously.

Teachers and other school employees who have witnessed, or are reliably informed that, a student has been a victim of behavior they consider to be bullying, including a single action, which if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, shall report the incident(s) to the building principal, or designee, as soon as possible.

Parents or legal guardians may submit written reports of incidents they feel constitute bullying, or if allowed to continue would constitute bullying, to the building principal, or designee. The person or persons reporting behavior they consider to be bullying shall not be subject to retaliation or reprisal in any form.

A building principal, or designee, who receives a credible report or complaint of bullying shall:

- As soon as reasonably practicable, but by no later than the end of the school day following the receipt of the credible report of bullying:
- 2. Report to a parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of a student, or person standing in loco parentis of a student that their student is the victim in a credible report of bullying; and
- 3. Prepare a written report of the alleged incident of bullying;
- 4. Promptly investigate the credible report or complaint of bullying, which shall be completed by no later than the fifth (5th) school day following the completion of the written report.
- 5. Notify within five (5) days following the completion of the investigation the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of a student, or person standing in loco parentis of a student who was the alleged victim in a credible report of bullying whether the investigation found the credible report or complaint of bullying to be true and the availability of counseling and other intervention services.
- 6. Notify within five (5) days following the completion of the investigation the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person acting in loco parentis of the student who is alleged to have been the perpetrator of the incident of bullying:
 - a. That a credible report or complaint of bullying against their student exists:
 - b. Whether the investigation found the credible report or complaint of bullying to be true;
 - Whether action was taken against their student upon the conclusion of the investigation of the alleged incident of bullying; and

- Information regarding the reporting of another alleged incident of bullying, including potential consequences of continued incidents of bullying;
- e. Make a written record of the investigation, which shall include:
- f. A detailed description of the alleged incident of bullying, including without limitation a detailed summary of the statements from all material witnesses to the alleged incident of bullying;
- g. Any action taken as a result of the investigation; and
- Discuss, as appropriate, the availability of counseling and other intervention services with students involved in the incident of bullying.

Students found to be in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action, consideration may be given to other violations of the student handbook, which may have simultaneously occurred. In addition to any disciplinary actions, the District shall take appropriate steps to remedy the effects resulting from bullying.

Notice of what constitutes bullying, the District's prohibition against bullying, and the consequences for students who bully shall be conspicuously posted in every classroom, cafeteria, restroom, gymnasium, auditorium, and school bus.

Parents, legal guardians, person having lawful control of a student, persons standing in loco parentis, students, school volunteers, and employees shall be given copies of the notice annually.

The superintendent shall make a report annually to the Board of Directors on student discipline data, which shall include, without limitation, the number of incidents of bullying reported and the actions taken regarding the reported incidents of bullying.

Copies of this policy shall be available upon request.

A student shall not physically or verbally harass another student, employee, or campus visitor. Harassment is the communication of negative actions, words or demeaning behavior toward students, employees, or campus visitors.

Bullying creates an atmosphere of fear and intimidation, robs a person of his/her dignity, detracts from the safe environment necessary to promote

student learning, and will not be tolerated by the administration nor Board of Education.

Bullying means the intentional harassment, intimidation, humiliation, ridicule, defamation, or threat or incitement of violence by a student against another student or public school employee by a written, verbal, electronic or physical act that may address an attribute (personal characteristic, quality, origin, status, disability, gender, health condition, physical appearance, or sexual orientation) and that causes or creates actual or reasonably foreseeable physical harm, damage, substantial interference with the educational process, a hostile educational environment, or substantial disruption of the orderly operation of the school or educational environment.

The Harrisburg School District is committed to providing an academic environment that treats all students with respect and dignity. Student achievement is best attained in an atmosphere of equal educational opportunity that is free of discrimination. Sexual harassment is a form of discrimination that undermines the integrity of the educational environment and will not be tolerated.

The District believes the best policy to create an educational environment free from sexual harassment is prevention; therefore, the District shall provide informational materials and training to students, parents/legal guardians/other responsible adults, and employees on sexual harassment. The informational materials and training on sexual harassment shall be age appropriate and, when necessary, provided in a language other than English or in an accessible format. The informational materials and training shall include, but are not limited to:

- 1. The nature of sexual harassment;
- 2. The District's written procedures governing the formal complaint grievance process;¹
- 3. The process for submitting a formal complaint of sexual harassment;
- 4. That the district does not tolerate sexual harassment;
- 5. That students can report inappropriate behavior of a sexual nature without fear of adverse consequences;
- 6. The supports that are available to individuals suffering sexual harassment; and
- 7. The potential discipline for perpetrating sexual harassment.

Consequences:

Minimum: School-Issued No Contact Order

*Sexual or racial harassment will result in OSS on the first offense. A second harassment confirmation/Bullying will result in OSS. Both the

offender and victim's parents must be contacted per state law when a bullying claim has been substantiated.

RULE 18: POSSESSION/VIEWING/DISTRIBUTION/TRANSMISSION OF SEXUALLY EXPLICIT OR VULGAR IMAGES

Possess, view, distribute or electronically transmit sexually explicit or vulgar images or representations, whether electronically, on a data storage device, or in hard copy form.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension

*Juvenile Officer will be contacted if the images are thought to be of a minor.

RULE 19: HAZING

Hazing, or aiding in the hazing of another student. Hazing is defined by Arkansas Law as, the willful act on or off the property of any school when the conduct is directed against any other student and done for the purpose of intimidating the student attacked by threatening him or her with social or other ostracism or of submitting such student to ignominy, shame, or disgrace among his or her fellow students, and acts calculated to produce such results; the playing of abusive or truculent tricks on or off the property of any school upon another student to frighten or scare him or her; which is directed against any other student done for the purpose of humbling the pride, stifling the ambition, or impairing the courage of the student attacked or to discourage him or her from remaining in that school; or acting with others in striking, beating, bruising, or maiming; or seriously offering, threatening, or attempting to strike, beat, bruise, or maim: or to do or seriously offer, threaten, or attempt to do physical violence to any student of any such educational institution; or any assault upon any such student made for the purpose of committing any of the acts, or producing any of the results, to such student as defined in this section.

Consequences:

Minimum: Out of School Suspension (Indefinitely)

*Juvenile Authorities will be contacted. Students must be assessed by a mental health professional if a threat of death is made. Depending on the results, a recommendation for Homebound Services, Long-Term Suspension, or Expulsion will follow. Students will have the chance to receive credit via virtual learning if expelled.

RULE 20: GANGS OR GANG-RELATED ACTIVITIES

The Board is committed to ensuring a safe school environment conducive to promoting a learning environment where students and staff

can excel. An orderly environment cannot exist where unlawful acts occur causing fear, intimidation, or physical harm to students or school staff. Gangs and their activities create such an atmosphere and shall not be allowed on school grounds or at school functions.

The following actions are prohibited by students on school property or at school functions:

- Wearing or possessing any clothing, bandanas, jewelry, symbol, or other sign associated with membership in, or representative of, any gang;
- Engaging in any verbal or nonverbal act such as throwing signs, gestures, or handshakes representative of membership in any gang;
- Recruiting, soliciting, or encouraging any person through duress or intimidation to become or remain a member of any gang; and/or
- 4. Extorting payment from any individual in return for protection from harm from any gang.

Students found to be in violation of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion.

Students arrested for gang related activities occurring off school grounds shall be subject to the same disciplinary actions as if they had occurred on school grounds.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension *Juvenile Officer may be contacted.

RULE 21: THEFT

Theft of another individual's personal property.

Consequences:

Minimum: In School Suspension *Juvenile Officer may be contacted.

RULE 22: BUS CONDUCT

The District's Student Code of conduct applies to students while traveling to and from school or to and from a school activity to the same extent as if the students were on school grounds. Appropriate disciplinary actions may be taken against commuting students who violate the District's Student Code of Conduct.

The preceding paragraph also applies to student conduct while on school buses. Students shall be instructed in safe riding practices. The driver of a school bus shall not operate the school bus until every passenger is seated. In addition to other disciplinary measures provided for violations of the District's Student Code of Conduct, the student's bus transportation privileges may be suspended or terminated for violations of the Student Code of Conduct related to bus behavior.

In Arkansas, there is no requirement that the District provide bus transportation for any of its students. Bus transportation is a privilege and a service provided by the Harrisburg School District. Any student residing within the boundaries of the Harrisburg School District will be eligible for transportation unless transportation privileges have been suspended. The transportation to and from school of students who have lost their bus transportation privileges is the responsibility of the student's parent or quardian.

Students are eligible to receive District bus transportation if they meet the following requirements:

- Buses will run designated routes determined annually, within the District, and will not travel outside District boundaries to pick up or deliver students, unless express permission has been authorized by the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee.
- 2. All bus routes will have designated loading and unloading stops, determined annually, by the Superintendent or his/her designee. Students wishing to ride the bus to and from school must be at the designated stops before the bus arrives and follow the rules of safe school bus loading and unloading.
- All students using bus transportation will abide by the rules of safety provided by the Superintendent or his/her designee, principal, and/or bus driver.
- 4. Bus routes and/or stops may be modified for reasons due to safety or necessity, as determined by the Superintendent or his/her designee. Bus snow routes may be designed as needed and notification of such routes or medications will be given to students and parents.

Consequences:

Minimum: Bus Suspension

*SRO may be contacted to issue a citation.

RULE 23: CAFETERIA/LUNCH REGULATIONS

Students may not leave campus during lunch. Parents/guardians of high school students cannot drop off lunch for a student. Students can bring their lunch to school or use the school lunch program. Students arriving

at school at or around lunch time may not bring food into the school. The parent or guardian of a student may eat lunch with their student in the cafeteria but must sign in at the office and receive a visitor's pass, which must remain visible at all times.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

RULE 24: FIGHTING/ASSAULT

Fighting on school property during school hours or during extracurricular activities is prohibited. Any student who fights or commits any other act of violence may be reported to local authorities and may be charged with disturbing the peace, disorderly conduct, and/or assault and battery. The definition of a fight is to strike or attempt to strike another person with the intent of causing bodily harm.

Consequences:

Minimum: Out of School Suspension *Juvenile Officer may be contacted.

RULE 25: LASER POINTERS/FIDGET DEVICES/PROHIBITED ARTICLES

Students shall not possess any hand held laser pointer while in school; on or about school property, before or after school; in attendance at school or any school-sponsored activity; on route to or from school or any school-sponsored activity; off the school grounds at any school bus stop or at any school-sponsored activity or event. Unauthorized fidget devices or other items that create a classroom disruption are also prohibited. School personnel shall seize any laser pointer from the student possessing it and the student may reclaim it at the close of the school year, or when the student is no longer enrolled in the District. All other items may be picked up by a parent or guardian at the end of the school day.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

RULE 26: TRADING OR SELLING ITEMS AT SCHOOL

Only fund-raising items approved by the administration may be sold in school. Students simply should NOT SELL, TRADE, OR GIVE AWAY their personal belongings.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

RULE 27: STUDENT VEHICLES

A student, who has presented a valid driver's license and proof of insurance to the appropriate office personnel, may drive his/her vehicle to school. Vehicles driven to school shall be parked in the area designated for student parking. Parking on school property is a privilege, which may be denied to a student for any disciplinary violation, at the discretion of the student's building principal.

Students are not permitted to loiter in parking areas and are not to return to their vehicles during the school day for any reason unless given permission to do so by school personnel.

It is understood that there is no expectation of privacy in vehicles in parking areas. Drivers of vehicles parked on a school campus will be held accountable for illegal substances or any other item prohibited by District policy found in their vehicle. The act of a student parking a vehicle on campus is a grant of permission for school or law enforcement authorities to search that vehicle.

The school maintains a parking lot for students who drive vehicles to school. Only the designated area may be used for student parking. All students who drive an automobile to school must have a parking pass and pay an \$8.00 parking fee. Students will receive a parking tag that will be displayed so that it can be viewed from the outside of the vehicle. All students must present a valid driver's license, proof of insurance, and the registration papers for the vehicle to receive the parking pass. *All students who drive to school must sign a consent to be drug tested.* Any student who violates parking lot procedure could lose vehicle privileges. Parking lot violations include but are not limited to:

- 1. Hazardous driving (lot speeding limit is 10 mph).
- 2. Parking without a parking permit (tag).
- 3. Blocking any sidewalk or handicapped space.
- 4. Parking in the fire lane.
- 5. No proof of insurance.
- 6. Operating a vehicle on school grounds while using a wireless communication device.

Students are not to return to the vehicles during the school day for any reason unless given permission to do so by school personnel. The parking lot is considered off limits throughout the day. Under no circumstances can a student move the vehicle or be in the parking lot without permission from the principal's office or from a teacher. Students may not leave in any vehicle at any time during the school day unless the student has been properly checked out.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning

*SRO may be contacted to issue a citation.

RULE 28: NO ZERO POLICY

Students are expected to complete the homework assignments. Homework assignments will often be given over holiday and vacation periods that occur during the school year. School trips and school-sponsored activities do not excuse a student from completing homework assignments.

The No Zero Policy is an academic intervention to ensure that students are caught up with work and do not fall too far behind. Students who receive one NHI (Not Handed In) in any class, during any time during the year, will be referred and assigned to a No Zero Period by teachers under the No Zero Policy and remain there until the work is completed. This intervention allows the students to make the work up without missing valuable class time and additional instruction. These referrals will not be counted as part of the "Excessive Discipline Referrals" policy and will be, instead, counted as *Minor Incidents*.

Students must be provided all accommodations and modifications according to their IEP, 504, or other educational plan prior to being assigned to the No Zero Period. Students who were absent will have the opportunity to make up work in accordance with the *Make-Up Work* policy prior to being assigned to the No Zero Period.

Consequences:

Minimum: No Zero Period

*Students who refuse to attend No Zero Period will be written up for Insubordination and face Saturday School or In School Suspension. Students who refuse to attend Saturday School or In School Suspension will face Out of School Suspension. Those referrals will be counted as part of the "Excessive Discipline Referrals" policy.

RULE 29: BEHAVIOR NOT COVERED ABOVE

The Harrisburg School District reserves the right to pursue disciplinary or legal action for behavior, which is subversive to good order and discipline in the schools even though such behavior is not specified in the preceding written regulations.

Consequences:

Minimum: Verbal Warning Maximum: Expulsion

*Juvenile Authorities may be contacted.

Due Process

Every student is entitled to due process in every instance of disciplinary action for which a student may be subjected to penalties of suspension or expulsion. Due process is at a minimum:

- 1. Notice of the charge(s);
- 2. Opportunity for denial;
- 3. Evidence against him/her and (if denies);
- 4. Opportunity to tell his/her side;
- 5. Timely notice of the decision and an opportunity for a fair hearing.

The degree of due process required is directly proportional to the degree of loss to the student. Any penalty, which effectively denies a student's education, will require the greatest degree of due process. This means notice in writing at a time sufficient for the student to prepare for a full hearing before the local school board.

Consequences of Major or Minor Infractions

The preceding lists of rules are considered major infractions to avoid. Disregard for any of these rules will result in disciplinary action(s) as listed below. Violations could occur on the school grounds at any time, off the school grounds at any school-supervised activity, function, or event, or en route to or from school or an event.

Violations will be dealt with by school personnel on an individual basis and will include but are not limited to the list of punishments found below. The school official may use discretion in assignment of the appropriate punishment.

Students refusing a punishment (Example: Refusal of Detention, Saturday School, or ISS) will receive Out of School Suspension. A second refusal may result in a FINS petition being filed with the Poinsett County Court System.

Student Seating Change

Teachers are also encouraged to use proximity control as part of their classroom management. Teachers may assign students to a seat in a classroom or cafeteria to help control behaviors. Parents/Guardians may also request seating changes, when possible.

Parent/Guardian Contact

Teachers are encouraged to handle disciplinary actions inside the classroom. In minor incidents, teachers may ask a student to step out into the hall, and in their presence, allow them to call their

parent/guardian to discuss their behavior. With help from the parents, many issues can be taken care of without disciplinary action.

Counseling

Counseling is professional assistance or guidance provided by various staff. Counseling is not meant to be punitive in nature, but instead to help teach and/or model appropriate behavior. Students can be assigned to any school staff for counseling.

Verbal Warning

Verbal Warnings are assigned for lower level offenses in which it is the student's first offense and/or no other interventions/consequences have been attempted. Verbal Warnings may be followed up by a phone call to the parents in some cases.

Detention

Detention is a form of consequence that does not require students to miss class time. Lunch Detention will be held daily from during the student's designated lunch time. After School Detention will be held on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 3:05 - 4:05 p.m. and 3:05 - 5:05 p.m. Students will be required to do written work or a classroom assignment during the detention. Parent notification will be made on all Detention assignments via a student phone call to parents and/or a Disciplinary Referral Sheet.

Saturday School

Saturday School is another form of consequence that does not require students to miss class time. Saturday School will be held from 8 a.m. until 12 a.m. every other Saturday during the school year. Students will be required to do written work or a classroom assignment during Saturday School. Parent notification will be made on all Saturday School assignments via a student phone call to parents and/or a Disciplinary Referral Sheet.

In School Suspension (ISS)

In School Suspension will be held from 8:00 a.m. until 3:00 p.m. While serving In School Suspension, students will be treated as if they were at school regarding classroom work and assignments; however, since ISS functions as an alternative to Out of School Suspension, students will not be allowed to attend any school-sponsored activities during the school day during the imposed suspension, nor shall the student participate in any school-sponsored activities during the school day. Parent notification will be made on all In School Suspensions via a student phone call to parents and/or a Disciplinary Referral Sheet.

*Students with early dismissal times will be required to make up missed time if assigned to in school suspension).

SUSPENSION FROM SCHOOL

Students who are not present at school cannot benefit from the educational opportunities the school environment affords. Administrators, therefore, shall strive to find ways to keep students in school as participants in the educational process. There are instances, however, when the needs of the other students or the interests of the orderly learning environment require the removal of a student from school. The Board authorizes school principals or their designees to suspend students for disciplinary reasons for a period of time not to exceed ten (10) school days, including the day upon which the suspension is imposed. The suspension may be in school or out of school. Students are responsible for their conduct that occurs:

- 1. At any time on the school grounds;
- Off school grounds at a school-sponsored function, activity, or event; and
- 3. Going to and from school or a school activity.

A student may be suspended for behavior including, but not limited to, that:

- 1. Is in violation of school policies, rules, or regulations;
- 2. Substantially interferes with the safe and orderly educational environment;
- School administrators believe will result in the substantial interference with the safe and orderly educational environment; and/or
- 4. Is insubordinate, incorrigible, violent, or involves moral turpitude.

Out-of-school suspension (OSS) shall not be used to discipline a student in kindergarten through fifth (5th) grade unless the student's behavior:

- 1. Poses a physical risk to himself or herself or to others;
- 2. Causes a serious disruption that cannot be addressed through other means; or
- 3. Is the act of bringing a firearm on school campus.

OSS shall not be used to discipline a student for skipping class, excessive absences, or other forms of truancy.

The school principal or designee shall proceed as follows in deciding whether or not to suspend a student:

1. The student shall be given written notice or advised orally of the charges against him/her;

- 2. If the student denies the charges, he/she shall be given an explanation of the evidence against him/her and be allowed to present his/her version of the facts; and
- 3. If the principal finds the student guilty of misconduct, he/she may be suspended.

When possible, notice of the suspension, its duration, and any stipulations for the student's re-admittance to class will be given to the parent(s), legal guardian(s), person(s) with lawful control of the student, person(s) standing in loco parentis, or to the student if age eighteen (18) or older prior to the suspension. Such notice shall be handed to the parent(s), legal guardian(s), person(s) having lawful control of the student, person(s) standing in loco parentis, or to the student if age eighteen (18) or older or mailed to the last address reflected in the records of the school district.

Generally, notice and hearing should precede the student's removal from school, but if prior notice and hearing are not feasible, as where the student's presence endangers persons or property or threatens disruption of the academic process, thus justifying immediate removal from school, the necessary notice and hearing should follow as soon as practicable.

It is the responsibility of a student's parents, legal guardians, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis to provide current contact information to the district, which the school shall use to immediately notify the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of a student, or person standing in loco parentis upon the suspension of a student. The notification shall be by one of the following means, listed in order of priority:

- 1. A primary call number;
- 2. The contact may be by voice, voice mail, or text message.
- 3. An email address;
- 4. A regular first class letter to the last known mailing address.

The district shall keep a log of contacts attempted and made to the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis.

The District shall establish programs, measures, or alternative means and methods to continue student engagement and access to education during a student's period of OSS.

During the period of their suspension, students serving OSS are not permitted on campus except to attend a student/parent/administrator

conference or when necessary as part of the District's engagement or access to education program.

During the period of their suspension, students serving in-school suspension shall not attend or participate in any school-sponsored activities during the imposed suspension.

Suspensions initiated by the principal or his/her designee may be appealed to the Superintendent, but not to the Board.

Suspensions initiated by the Superintendent may be appealed to the Board.

Out of School Suspension (OSS)

The length of an out of school suspension may range from one (1) to ten (10) days as determined by the principal or his/her designee. Parent notification will take place on all Out of School Suspensions via a student phone call to parents and a Disciplinary Referral Sheet. Students will not be allowed to attend or participate in any school-sponsored activities during or after the school day during the imposed suspension.

Recommendation for Expulsion

The principal or his assistant in charge, may recommend that any student be expelled, for good cause, from the school and shall make said recommendation to the superintendent. The superintendent should include a written schedule for a hearing before the school board within ten (10) school days after receiving the recommendation of the principal in charge.

EXPULSION

The Board of Education may expel a student for a period longer than ten (10) school days for violation of the District's written discipline policies. The Superintendent may make a recommendation of expulsion to the Board of Education for student conduct:

- 1. Deemed to be of such gravity that suspension would be inappropriate;
- 2. Where the student's continued attendance at school would disrupt the orderly learning environment; or
- 3. Would pose an unreasonable danger to the welfare of other students or staff.

Expulsion shall not be used to discipline a student in kindergarten through fifth (5th) grade unless the student's behavior:

1. Poses a physical risk to himself or herself or to others;

- 2. Causes a serious disruption that cannot be addressed through other means; or
- 3. Is the act of bringing a firearm on school campus.

The Superintendent or his/her designee shall give written notice to the parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of the student, or persons standing in loco parentis (mailed to the address reflected on the District's records) that he/she will recommend to the Board of Education that the student be expelled for the specified length of time and state the reasons for the recommendation to expel. The notice shall give the date, hour, and place where the Board of Education will consider and dispose of the recommendation.

The hearing shall be conducted not later than ten (10) school days following the date of the notice, except that representatives of the Board and student may agree in writing to a date not conforming to this limitation.

The President of the Board, Board attorney, or other designated Board member shall preside at the hearing. The student may choose to be represented by legal counsel. Both the district administration and School Board also may be represented by legal counsel. The hearing shall be conducted in open session of the Board unless the parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, person standing in loco parentis, or student if age eighteen (18) or older, requests that the hearing be conducted in executive session. Any action taken by the Board shall be in open session.

During the hearing, the Superintendent, or designee, or representative will present evidence, including the calling of witnesses, who gave rise to the recommendation of expulsion. The student, or his/her representative, may then present evidence including statements from persons with personal knowledge of the events or circumstances relevant to the charges against the student. Formal cross-examination will not be permitted; however, any member of the Board, the Superintendent, or designee, the student, or his/her representative may question anyone making a statement and/or the student. The presiding officer shall decide questions concerning the appropriateness or relevance of any questions asked during the hearing.

Except as permitted by policy 4.22, the Superintendent shall recommend the expulsion of any student for a period of one (1) year for possession of any firearm prohibited on school campus by law. The Superintendent shall, however, have the discretion to modify the expulsion recommendation for a student on a case-by-case basis. Parents, legal

guardians, persons having lawful control of a student, or persons standing in loco parentis of a student enrolling from another school after the expiration of an expulsion period for a weapons policy violation shall be given a copy of the current laws regarding the possibility of parental responsibility for allowing a child to possess a weapon on school property.² The parents, legal guardians, persons having lawful control of the student, or persons standing in loco parentis shall sign a statement acknowledging that they have read and understand said laws prior to the student being enrolled in school.

The Superintendent and the Board of Education shall complete the expulsion process of any student that was initiated because the student possessed a firearm or other prohibited weapon on school property regardless of the enrollment status of the student.

The District shall establish programs, measures, or alternative means and methods to continue student engagement and access to education during a student's period of expulsion. The District's program shall include offering an expelled student an opportunity for enrollment in digital learning courses or other alternative educational courses that result in the receipt of academic credit that is at least equal to credit the expelled student may have received from the District if the student had not been expelled.

SEARCH, SEIZURE, AND INTERROGATIONS

The District respects the rights of its students against arbitrary intrusion of their person and property. At the same time, it is the responsibility of school officials to protect the health, safety, and welfare of all students enrolled in the District in order to promote an environment conducive to student learning. The Superintendent, principals, and their designees have the right to inspect and search school property and equipment.

They may also search students and their personal property in which the student has a reasonable expectation of privacy, when there is reasonable and individualized suspicion to believe such student or property contains illegal items or other items in violation of Board policy or dangerous to the school community. School authorities may seize evidence found in the search and disciplinary action may be taken. Evidence found which appears to be in violation of the law shall be reported to the appropriate authority.

School property shall include, but not be limited to, lockers, desks, and parking lots, as well as personal effects left there by students. When possible, prior notice will be given and the student will be allowed to be present along with an adult witness; however, searches may be done at

any time with or without notice or the student's consent. A personal search must not be excessively intrusive in light of the age and sex of the student and the nature of the infraction.

The Superintendent, principals, and their designees may request the assistance of law enforcement officials to help conduct searches. Such searches may include the use of specially trained dogs.

A school official of the same sex shall conduct personal searches with an adult witness of the same sex present.

State Law requires that Department of Human Services employees, local law enforcement, or agents of the Crimes Against Children Division of the Division of Arkansas State Police, may interview students without a court order for the purpose of investigating suspected child abuse. In instances where the interviewers deem it necessary, they may exercise a "72-hour hold" without first obtaining a court order. Other questioning of students by non-school personnel shall be granted only with a court order directing such questioning, with permission of the parents of a student (or the student if above eighteen [18] years of age), or in response to a subpoena or arrest warrant.

If the District makes a report to any law enforcement agency concerning student misconduct or if access to a student is granted to a law enforcement agency due to a court order, the principal or the principal's designee shall make a good faith effort to contact the student's parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis.

The principal or the principal's designee shall not attempt to make such contact if presented documentation by the investigator that notification is prohibited because a parent, guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis is named as an alleged offender of the suspected child maltreatment. This exception applies only to interview requests made by a law enforcement officer, an investigator of the Crimes Against Children Division of the Division of Arkansas State Police, or an investigator or employee of the Department of Human Services.

In instances other than those related to cases of suspected child abuse, principals must release a student to either a police officer who presents a subpoena for the student, or a warrant for arrest, or to an agent of state social services or an agent of a court with jurisdiction over a child with a court order signed by a judge. Upon release of the student, the principal or designee shall give the student's parent, legal guardian, person having

lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis notice that the student has been taken into custody by law enforcement personnel or a state's social services agency. If the principal or designee is unable to reach the parent, he or she shall make a reasonable, good faith effort to get a message to the parent to call the principal or designee, and leave both a day and an after-hours telephone number.

STUDENTS' VEHICLES

A student, who has presented a valid driver's license and proof of insurance to the appropriate office personnel, may drive his/her vehicle to school. Vehicles driven to school shall be parked in the area designated for student parking. Parking on school property is a privilege, which may be denied to a student for any disciplinary violation, at the discretion of the student's building principal.

Students are not permitted to loiter in parking areas and are not to return to their vehicles during the school day for any reason unless given permission to do so by school personnel.

It is understood that there is no expectation of privacy in vehicles in parking areas. Drivers of vehicles parked on a school campus will be held accountable for illegal substances or any other item prohibited by District policy found in their vehicle. The act of a student parking a vehicle on campus is a grant of permission for school or law enforcement authorities to search that vehicle.

STUDENT BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTION AND RESTRAINT

Definitions

"Aversive behavioral intervention" means a physical or sensory intervention program that is intended to modify behavior through the use of a substance or stimulus that the intervention implementer knows will cause physical trauma, emotional trauma, or both, to a student, even when the substance or stimulus appears to be pleasant or neutral to others.

Examples of aversive behavioral interventions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Hitting;
- 2. Pinching;
- 3. Slapping;
- 4. Using a water spray;
- 5. Using noxious fumes;
- 6. Requiring extreme physical exercise;

- 7. Using loud auditory stimulus;
- 8. Withholding meals; and
- 9. Denying reasonable access to toileting facilities.

"Behavioral intervention" means the implementation of a service, support, or strategy to teach and increase appropriate behavior or substantially decrease or eliminate behavior that is dangerous, inappropriate, or otherwise impedes the learning of a student.

"Behavior Intervention Plan" (BIP) means a written plan that:

- 1. Is developed by a problem-solving and intervention team and delineates emotional, social, or behavioral goals for a student and the steps that the school, student, parent of the student, and others will take to positively support the progress of the student towards the student's emotional, social, or behavioral goals;
- Is comprised of practical and specific strategies to increase or reduce a defined behavior or one (1) or more patterns of behavior exhibited by a student; and
- 3. Includes the following at a minimum:
 - A definition or description of the desired target behavior or outcome in specific measurable terms;
 - A plan for preventing and eliminating inappropriate student behavior by changing a condition that is triggering, motivating, underlying, or supporting that behavior as determined through a FBA;
 - c. A plan for teaching a student to demonstrate appropriate social, emotional, or behavioral self-management, or a new method to address or meet the student's needs:
 - d. A description of how a specific incentive or consequence will be used as needed to decrease or eliminate inappropriate student behavior and increase appropriate behavior:
 - e. A plan for managing a crisis situation;
 - f. A system to collect, analyze, and evaluate data about the student:
 - g. The school personnel, resources, and training needed before implementation of the BIP; and
 - h. The timeline for implementing different facets of an intervention, including without limitation when the intervention will be formally reviewed.

"Chemical restraint" means the use of a drug or medication to control the behavior of a student or restrict the free movement of the student; however, chemical restraint does not include the use of medication that is prescribed by a licensed physician, or other qualified health

professional acting within the scope of the individual's professional authority under state law, for the standard treatment of a medical or psychiatric condition of a student and is administered as prescribed by the licensed physician or other qualified health professional acting within the scope of the individual's professional authority under state law.

"Crisis" means a situation in which a student engages in a behavior that threatens the health and safety of the student or others and includes without limitation a situation in which the student becomes aggressive or violent at school and is unable to regain self-control without posing a danger of injury to himself or herself or others.

"Crisis intervention" means the implementation of a service, support, or strategy to immediately stabilize a crisis and prevent the crisis from recurring after the crisis ends.

"Dangerous behavior" means the behavior of a student that presents an imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others; however, dangerous behavior does not include the following:

- 1. Disrespect:
- 2. Noncompliance;
- 3. Insubordination; or
- 4. Destruction of property that does not create an imminent danger.

"De-escalation" means the use of a behavior management technique that helps a student increase the student's control over the student's emotions and behavior and results in a reduction of a present or potential level of danger that in turn reduces the level of imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others.

"Emergency" means a serious and unexpected situation that requires immediate action and which may be dangerous.

"Functional Behavior Assessment" (FBA) means a problem analysis step that:

- 1. Occurs within the context of data-based problem-solving and involves:
 - The review of existing records and other sources of information:
 - b. Diagnostic or historical interviews;
 - c. Structured academic or behavioral observations; and
 - d. Authentic, criterion-referenced, or norm-referenced tests; and
- 2. Is performed with the goal of determining why a specific problem or situation is occurring in order to directly link a strategic

intervention to an assessment and solve or resolve the specific problem or situation.

"Imminent danger" means an existing dangerous situation that could reasonably be expected to immediately cause death or serious physical harm.

"Mechanical restraint" means the use of a device or equipment to restrict the free movement of a student; however, mechanical restraint does not include a device that is used by trained school personnel or a student for a specific and approved therapeutic purpose or safety purpose for which the device was designed or prescribed or a vehicle safety restraint that is appropriately used in the manner for which it was designed during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle.

"Physical escort" means a temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back of a student for the purpose of redirecting or inducing the student to move to a safe location.

"Physical restraint" means a personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move the student's torso, arm, leg, or head freely; however, physical restraint does not include a physical escort.

"Positive behavioral support" means the application of behavior analysis that:

- 1. Is used to achieve socially important behavior change;
- 2. Occurs at the:
 - a. Prevention level for all students in a school:
 - b. Strategic intervention level for a student who is not responding, from a social-emotional and behavioral perspective, to the prevention level; and
 - c. Intensive service or crisis-management level for a student who needs multifaceted or comprehensive behavioral or mental health services; and
 - d. Involves a planned and collaborative school-wide approach that is implemented with a goal:
 - e. Of establishing a positive and supportive school environment that:
 - Teaches and reinforces prosocial behavior in a student:
 - Holds a student positively accountable for meeting an established behavioral expectation; and

- 3. Maintains a level of consistency throughout the implementation process; and
- f. That is accomplished by using positive behavioral programs, strategies, or approaches.

"Prone restraint" means restraining a student in a face-down position on the floor or another surface and applying physical pressure to the body of the student to keep the student in the prone position.

"Serious physical harm" means bodily injury that involves a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

"Supine restraint" means the restraint of a student in a face-up position on the student's back on the floor or another surface and with physical pressure applied to the body of the student to keep the student in the supine position.

Positive Behavioral Supports

The District shall implement positive behavioral supports to be used at the:

- 1. Prevention level for each student in a school;
- Strategic intervention level for a student who is not responding, from a social, emotional, or behavioral perspective, to the prevention level; and
- 3. Intensive service or crisis-management level for a student who needs multifaceted or comprehensive behavioral or mental health services.

The District's positive behavioral support shall include:

- 1. The teaching and reinforcing of interpersonal, social, problem solving, conflict resolution, and coping skills to a student;
- 2. Holding a student positively accountable for meeting an established behavioral expectation;
- 3. Maintaining a high level of consistency through the implementation of the positive behavioral support process; and
- 4. The following interrelated activities:
 - a. Providing a school-wide approach to the discipline and safety of each student rather than an approach to only the behavior problem of a single student;
 - b. Focusing on preventing the development and occurrence of problem behavior; Regularly reviewing

- behavior data to adapt the District's procedures to meet the needs of every student; and
- c. Providing a multitiered approach to academic and behavioral services and support to meet the academic and behavioral achievement needs of each student.

The following principles shall form the basis of the District's positive behavioral support system and conflict resolution or de-escalation approach:

- 1. A student has the right to be treated with dignity;
- 2. A student should receive necessary academic, social, emotional, and behavioral support that is provided in a safe and least-restrictive environment possible;
- 3. Positive and appropriate academic, social, emotional, or behavioral intervention, as well as mental health support, should be provided routinely to each student who needs the intervention or support;
- 4. Behavioral intervention should emphasize prevention as part of the District's system of positive behavioral support; and
- 5. Each student who exhibits an ongoing behavior that interferes with the student's learning or the learning of others, and who is nonresponsive to effectively implemented classroom or administrative intervention, should receive additional intensive behavioral intervention that is based on a FBA and data-based problem solving.

Problem Solving and Intervention Team

A problem-solving and intervention team shall be established for each student who exhibits social, emotional, or behavioral difficulty that may escalate, if not addressed, to potentially dangerous behavior. The problem-solving and intervention team shall include at least one (1) member who is an academic and behavioral assessment and intervention professional.

A student's problem-solving and intervention team shall:

- Work with the teachers of a student to complete a FBA of the student and an assessment of any problematic situations involving the student;
- Consider the need for a BIP with the goal of preventing or resolving the social, emotional, or behavioral difficulty of the student and developing a response that will de-escalate and stabilize a potential emergency situation that approaches the danger level; and

 Regularly review the data on incidents involving the use of physical restraint on the student and adjust, as necessary, the procedures concerning the use of physical restraint on the student.

Special education procedures shall be followed if a student is suspected of having a disability that relates to behavioral concerns.

Physical Restraint

Except in the case of a clearly unavoidable emergency situation in which a trained member of school personnel is not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency situation, the physical restraint of a student shall only be used by a member of school personnel who is appropriately trained to administer physical restraint.

When using physical restraint on a student, school personnel shall:

- 1. Use the least restrictive technique necessary to end imminent danger or serious physical harm to a student and others;
- 2. Use the safest method available and appropriate to the situation;
- 3. Consider the health and safety of a student, including without limitation whether the student has an existing medical condition that makes the use of physical restraint inadvisable;
- 4. Not restrict the ability of a student to communicate unless the use of a less restrictive technique will not prevent imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others;
- 5. Use only the amount of force that is reasonably necessary to protect a student or others from imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others;
- 6. Not verbally abuse, ridicule, humiliate, taunt, or engage in any other similar action towards the student; and
- 7. Continuously and visually observe and monitor the student while the student is under physical restraint.

Physical restraint of a student shall only be used for a limited period of time and shall not be used:

- 1. When imminent danger or serious physical harm to the student or others dissipates;
- 2. If a medical condition occurs that puts the student at risk of harm;
- Unless the behavior of the student poses an imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others;
- 4. After the threat of imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others dissipates; or
- 5. In the following manner:

- a. To punish or discipline the student;
- b. To coerce the student:
- c. To force the student to comply;
- d. To retaliate against the student;
- e. To replace the use of an appropriate educational or behavioral support;
- f. As a routine safety measure;
- g. As a planned behavioral intervention in response to behavior of the student that does not pose an imminent danger of serious physical harm to the student or others;
- h. As a convenience for school personnel; or
- To prevent property damage unless the act of damaging property committed by the student poses an imminent danger or serious physical harm to the student and others.

Even in an emergency, supine restraint shall not be used on a student except by a staff person who has been certified by a crisis intervention training program and the certified staff person determines that supine restraint is required to provide safety for the student and others.

At no time shall school personnel use the following on a student:

- 1. Mechanical restraint;
- 2. Chemical restraint;
- 3. Aversive behavioral interventions that compromise health and safety;
- 4. Physical restraint that is life-threatening or medically contraindicated; or
- Prone restraint or other restraint that restricts the breathing of a student.

Following the first incident of physical restraint used on a student, an FBA shall be conducted unless a previous FBA was conducted for the same behavior that was at issue when the physical restraint was used.

The use of physical restraint on a student as a planned behavioral intervention shall not be included in a student's IEP, 504 Plan, BIP, individual safety plan, or other individual planning document but may be considered as a crisis intervention if appropriate for the student. A student's IEP team or 504 Plan team shall consider whether an FBA should be performed; if a BIP should be developed for the student or if a student's existing BIP should be revised; and if additional behavioral goals and interventions should be included in the student's existing IEP or 504 Plan.

Parents may submit complaints regarding an incident involving the use of physical restraint on their student. A complaint shall be referred for review to the appropriate school personnel:

- 1. The student's problem-solving and intervention team:
- 2. The student's IEP team: or
- 3. The student's 504 Plan team.

A complaint by a parent shall be handled by the appropriate District staff in the same manner as a debrief following the use of physical restraint on a student.¹

Use of a physical restraint technique that is abusive shall be reported to the Child Abuse Hotline and law enforcement.

Reports and Debriefing

After the occurrence of an incident involving physical restraint of a student, the building principal, or the principal's designee, shall be notified of the incident as soon as possible but by no later than the end of the school day when the incident occurred.

The student's parent shall be notified of the incident of the use of physical restraint via verbal or electronic communication as soon as possible but by no later than the end of the school day when the incident occurred. In the event the student's parent is unable to be notified via verbal or electronic communication within twenty-four (24) hours after the incident occurred, then the parent shall be mailed written notification of the incident within forty-eight (48) hours after the incident occurred.

School personnel involved in the incident shall document the incident in a written report, which is to be completed within twenty-four (24) hours after the incident occurred. The written report of the incident shall:

- Include all information contained in the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) Physical Restraint or Seclusion Incident Record and Debriefing Report;
- 2. Be maintained in the student's education record; and
- 3. Be provided to the student's parent within one (1) school day of the completion of the report.

A debriefing meeting shall be held within two (2) school days after the incident occurred. The following school personnel shall be present at the debriefing meeting:²

1. A member of school personnel who was present during the incident;

- 2. A member of school personnel who was in the proximity of the student on whom physical restraint was used immediately before and during the time of the incident;
- 3. A school administrator; and
- 4. Any other member of school personnel determined to be appropriate by the District.

The purpose of the debriefing meeting shall be to:

- 1. Determine whether the procedures used during the incident were necessary;
- 2. Evaluate the use of any behavioral supports and de-escalation techniques by school personnel before and during the incident;
- 3. Evaluate the school district's positive behavioral supports system and prevention techniques in order to minimize future use of physical restraint; and
- If a trained member of school personnel was not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the emergency situation when the incident occurred:
 - a. Reevaluate the training needs of school personnel;
 - Reevaluate the physical restraint policy and practices; and
 - c. Develop a plan to prevent a future incident.

At a debriefing meeting, school personnel shall:

- 1. Consider relevant information in the student's education record, including without limitation:
 - a. The concerns of the student's parent;
 - b. The student's social and medical history;
 - c. The student's FBA, if one exists; and
 - d. The student's BIP, if one exists;
- Consider relevant information from the teachers, parents, and other District professionals;
 - a. Discuss whether positive behavior supports were appropriately implemented;
 - b. Discuss the duration and frequency of the use of physical restraint on the student;
 - c. Discuss appropriate action that may be taken to prevent and reduce the need for physical restraint;
 - d. Consider whether additional intervention and support is necessary for the student;
 - e. Consider whether additional intervention and support is necessary for school personnel; and
 - f. Consider how and when to debrief a person who was not present at the debriefing meeting, including without limitation:

- i. The student;
- ii. The student's parent; and
- iii. Other school personnel or students who witnessed the incident.

DESE's Physical Restraint or Seclusion Incident Record and Debriefing Report, or an alternative report that includes the same information, shall be completed during the debriefing meeting. A copy of the report shall be:

- 1. Submitted to the building principal;³
- 2. Mailed to the student's parent within two (2) days of the date on which the debriefing meeting was held; and
- 3. Maintained as part of the student's education record along with other documents consulted during the debriefing meeting.

STUDENT MEDICATIONS

Prior to the administration of any medication, including any dietary supplement or other perceived health remedy not regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration, to any student under the age of eighteen (18), written parental consent is required. The consent form shall include authorization to administer the medication and relieve the Board and its employees of civil liability for damages or injuries resulting from the administration of medication to students in accordance with this policy. All signed medication consent forms are to be maintained by the school nurse.

Unless authorized to self-administer or otherwise authorized by this policy, students are not allowed to carry any medications, including overthe-counter (OTC) medications or any dietary supplement or other perceived health remedy not regulated by the US Food and Drug Administration while at school. The parent or legal guardian shall bring the student's medication to the school nurse. The student may bring the medication if accompanied by a written authorization from the parent or legal guardian. When medications are brought to the school nurse, the nurse shall document, in the presence of the parent, the quantity of the medication(s). If the medications are brought by a student, the school nurse shall ask another school employee to verify, in the presence of the student, the quantity of the medication(s). Each person present shall sign a form verifying the quantity of the medication(s).

Medications, including those for self-administration, must be in the original container and be properly labeled with the student's name, the ordering provider's name, the name of the medication, the dosage, frequency, and instructions for the administration of the medication (including times). Additional information accompanying the medication

shall state the purpose for the medication, its possible side effects, and any other pertinent instructions (such as special storage requirements) or warnings. Schedule II medications that are permitted by this policy to be brought to school shall be stored in a double locked cabinet.

Students with an individualized health plan (IHP) may be given OTC medications to the extent that such medications are included in the student's IHP.

The district's supervising registered nurse is responsible for creating procedures for the administration of medications on and off campus.

The school shall not keep outdated medications or any medications past the end of the school year. Parents shall be notified ten (10) days in advance of the school's intention to dispose of any medication. Medications not picked up by the parents or legal guardians within the ten (10) day period shall be disposed of by the school nurse in accordance with current law and rules.¹

Schedule II Medications

Option 1: The only Schedule II medications that shall be allowed to be brought to the school are methylphenidate (e.g. Ritalin or closely related medications as determined by the school nurse), dextroamphetamine (Dexedrine), and amphetamine sulfate (e.g. Adderall or closely related medications as determined by the school nurse).

For the student's safety, no student will be allowed to attend school if the student is currently taking any other Schedule II medication than permitted by this policy.³ Students who are taking Schedule II medications which are not allowed to be brought to school shall be eligible for homebound instruction if provided for in their IEP or 504 plans.⁴

Students taking Schedule II medications methylphenidate (e.g. Ritalin or closely related medications as determined by the school nurse), dextroamphetamine (Dexedrine), and amphetamine sulfate (e.g. Adderall or closely related medications as determined by the school nurse) shall be allowed to attend school.

Students taking Schedule II medications not included in the previous sentence³ shall be allowed to bring them to school under the provisions of this policy and shall be permitted to attend and participate in classes **only** to the extent the student's doctor has specifically authorized such attendance and participation.⁵ A doctor's prescription for a student's Schedule II medication is **not** an authorization. Attendance authorization

shall specifically state the degree and potential danger of physical exertion the student is permitted to undertake in the student's classes and extracurricular activities. Without a doctor's written authorization, a student taking Schedule II medications, other than those specifically authorized in this policy, shall **not** be eligible to attend classes, but shall be eligible for homebound instruction if provided for in their IEP or 504 plans.⁴

Self-Administration of Medication

Students who have written permission from their parent or guardian and a licensed health care practitioner on file with the District may:

- 1. Self-administer either a rescue inhaler or auto-injectable epinephrine:
- 2. Perform his/her own blood glucose checks;
- 3. Administer insulin through the insulin delivery system the student uses;
- 4. Treat the student's own hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia; or
- 5. Possess on his or her person:
 - a. A rescue inhaler or auto-injectable epinephrine; or
 - b. The necessary supplies and equipment to perform his/her own diabetes monitoring and treatment functions.

A student may be authorized to self-administer a stress dose medication to treat the student's adrenal insufficiency with:

- 1. The written authorization of the student's parent, legal guardian, or person standing in loco parentis; and
- 2. A written order from the student's treating physician stating that the student:
 - a. Is capable of completing the proper method of selfadministration of the stress dose medication,; and
 - b. Has been instructed on the details of the student's medical condition and the events that may lead to an adrenal crisis.

The parent, legal guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of a student who is authorized to self-administer a stress dose medication shall sign an IHP developed by the school nurse for the school where the student is enrolled. The IHP shall include a requirement for the notification of appropriate staff following the self-administration of a stress dose medication, which shall include the school nurse, teacher of the classroom where the stress dose medication was administered, and a school administrator.

Students who have a current consent form on file shall be allowed to carry and self-administer such medication while:

- 1. In school;
- 2. At an on-site school sponsored activity;
- 3. While traveling to or from school; or
- 4. At an off-site school sponsored activity.

A student is prohibited from sharing, transferring, or in any way diverting his/her medications to any other person. The fact that a student with a completed consent form on file is allowed to carry a rescue inhaler, auto-injectable epinephrine, diabetes medication, stress dose medication, or combination does not require the student to have such on the student's person. The parent or guardian of a student who qualifies under this policy to self-carry a rescue inhaler, auto-injectable epinephrine, diabetes medication, stress dose medication or any combination on the student's person shall provide the school with the appropriate medication, which shall be immediately available to the student in an emergency.

Students may possess and use a topical sunscreen that is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for OTC use to avoid overexposure to the sun without written authorization from a parent, legal guardian, or healthcare professional while the student is on school property or at a school-related event or activity. The parent or guardian of a student may provide written documentation authorizing specifically named District employee(s), in addition to the school nurse, to assist a student in the application of sunscreen. The District employee(s) named in the parent or legal guardian's written authorization shall not be required to assist the student in the application of sunscreen.

Emergency Administration of Glucagon and Insulin

Students may be administered Glucagon, insulin, or both in emergency situations by the school nurse or, in the absence of the school nurse, a trained volunteer school employee designated as a care provider, provided the student has:

- 1. An IHP that provides for the administration of Glucagon, insulin, or both in emergency situations; and
- 2. A current, valid consent form on file from their parent or guardian.

When the nurse is unavailable, the trained volunteer school employee who is responsible for a student shall be released from other duties during:

- The time scheduled for a dose of insulin in the student's IHP; and
- 2. Glucagon or non-scheduled insulin administration once other staff have relieved him/her from other duties until a parent,

guardian, other responsible adult, or medical personnel has arrived.

A student shall have access to a private area to perform diabetes monitoring and treatment functions as outlined in the student's IHP.

Emergency Administration of Epinephrine

The school nurse or other school employees designated by the school nurse as a care provider who have been trained and certified by a licensed physician may administer an epinephrine auto-injector in emergency situations to students who have an IHP that provides for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in emergency situations.

The parent of a student who has an authorizing IHP, or the student if over the age of eighteen (18), shall annually complete and sign a written consent form provided by the student's school nurse authorizing the nurse or other school employee(s) certified to administer auto-injector epinephrine to administer auto-injector epinephrine to the student when the employee believes the student is having a life-threatening anaphylactic reaction.

Students with an order from a licensed health care provider to self-administer auto-injectable epinephrine and who have written permission from their parent or guardian shall provide the school nurse an epinephrine auto-injector. This epinephrine will be used in the event the school nurse, or other school employee certified to administer auto-injector epinephrine, in good faith professionally believes the student is having a life-threatening anaphylactic reaction and the student is either not self-carrying his/her /epinephrine auto-injector or the nurse is unable to locate it.

The school nurse for each District school shall keep epinephrine auto-injectors on hand that are suitable for the students the school serves. The school nurse or other school employee designated by the school nurse as a care provider who has been trained and certified by a licensed physician may administer auto-injector epinephrine to those students who the school nurse, or other school employee certified to administer auto-injector epinephrine, in good faith professionally believes is having a life-threatening anaphylactic reaction.

Emergency Administration of Albuterol

The school nurse or other school employees designated by the school nurse as a care provider who have been trained and certified by a licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant may administer albuterol in emergency situations to students

who have an IHP that provides for the administration of albuterol in emergency situations.

The parent of a student who has an authorizing IHP, or the student if over the age of eighteen (18), shall annually complete and sign a written consent form provided by the student's school nurse authorizing the nurse or other school employee(s) certified to administer albuterol to administer albuterol to the student when the employee believes the student is in perceived respiratory distress.

The school nurse for each District school shall keep albuterol on hand. The school nurse or other school employee designated by the school nurse as a care provider who has been trained and certified by a licensed physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant may administer albuterol to those students who the school nurse, or other school employee certified to administer albuterol, in good faith professionally believes is in perceived respiratory distress.

Emergency Administration of Anti-opioid

The school nurse for each District school shall keep anti-opioid injectors on hand. The school nurse, other school employee, volunteer, or student may administer anti-opioid in accordance with the District's procedures to a student who the school nurse, or other observer, in good faith believes is having an opioid overdose.

Emergency Administration of Emergency Adrenal Insufficiency Medication

The school nurse or other school employees designated by the school nurse as a care provider who have been trained and certified by a licensed physician may administer an injectable emergency dose medication in emergency situations to students who have an IHP that provides for the administration of an injectable emergency dose medication in emergency situations.

The parent of a student who has an authorizing IHP, or the student if over the age of eighteen (18), shall annually complete and sign a written consent form provided by the student's school nurse authorizing the nurse or other school employee(s) certified to administer an injectable emergency dose medication to administer an injectable emergency dose medication to the student when the employee believes the student is having an adrenal crisis due to adrenal insufficiency.

Students who have met the requirements to be authorized to self-administer a stress dose medication under this policy shall provide the

school nurse an emergency injectable dose of the student's medication. This emergency injectable dose will be used in the event the school nurse, or other school employee certified to administer an injectable emergency dose medication, in good faith professionally believes the student is having an adrenal crisis due to adrenal insufficiency.

FINS (Family in Need of Services) Petition

A FINS Petition is filed in court on a juvenile who is:

- 1. Habitually and without justification, absent from school while subject to compulsory school attendance.
- 2. Habitually disobedient to the reasonable and lawful commands of the parents, guardians, or school administration/staff.
- 3. Absent from home without sufficient cause, permission, or justification.
- 4. In need of counseling or other services.

Once FINS is filed, a judge can order family services, place the juvenile in a treatment facility, place the juvenile in the Juvenile Detention Center, and, in certain cases, transfer custody of the juvenile.

Excessive Discipline Referrals

Listed below are the guidelines that will be used with students who experience repeated discipline referrals to the principal's office:

- After the 5th referral (of any combination of offenses), a student will receive a minimum of one day of Saturday School or In School Suspension.
- 2. After the 10th referral (of any combination of offenses), a student will receive a minimum of three days of In School Suspension.
- 3. After the 15th referral (of any combination of offenses), a student will receive a minimum of one day of Out of School Suspension and parents will be required to meet with the Principal or his/her designee to discuss a FINS petition.
- 4. On the 20th referral (of any combination of offenses), a student will receive a minimum of three days of Out of School Suspension and a FINS petition will be filed for behavior problems while in school.

Note: This policy excludes academic interventions and all other minor incident referrals. If any student's Individual Education Program (IEP), 504, or LPAC Plan conflicts with the above policies, the requirements of the student's IEP, 504, or LPAC Plan take precedence.

SECTION 5: MISCELLANEOUS DISTRICT POLICIES

CONTACT WITH STUDENTS WHILE AT SCHOOL

CONTACT BY PARENTS

Parents wishing to speak to their children during the school day shall register first with the office and receive a visitor's pass. The visitor's pass must be visible at all times while visiting the school. When leaving the campus, visitors should report back to the office to sign out. No one shall be exempt from this requirement.

CONTACT BY NON-CUSTODIAL PARENTS

If there is any question concerning the legal custody of the student, the custodial parent shall present documentation to the principal or the principal's designee establishing the parent's custody of the student. It shall be the responsibility of the custodial parent to make any court ordered "no contact" or other restrictions regarding the non-custodial parent known to the principal by presenting a copy of a file-marked court order. Without such a court order on file, the school will release the child to either of his/her parents. Non-custodial parents who file with the principal a date-stamped copy of current court orders granting unsupervised visitation may eat lunch, volunteer in their child's classroom, or otherwise have contact with their child during school hours and the prior approval of the school's principal. Such contact is subject to the limitations outlined in Policy 4.16, Policy 6.5, and any other policies that may apply.

Arkansas law provides that, in order to avoid continuing child custody controversies from involving school personnel and to avoid disruptions to the educational atmosphere in the District's schools, the transfer of a child between his/her custodial parent and non-custodial parent, when both parents are present, shall not take place on the school's property on normal school days during normal hours of school operation. The custodial or non-custodial parent may send to/drop off the student at school to be sent to/picked up by the other parent on predetermined days in accordance with any court order provided by the custodial parent or by a signed agreement between both the custodial and non-custodial parents that was witnessed by the student's building principal. Unless a valid no-contact order has been filed with the student's principal or the principal's designee, district employees shall not become involved in disputes concerning whether or not that parent was supposed to pick up the student on any given day.

CONTACT BY LAW ENFORCEMENT, SOCIAL SERVICES, OR BY COURT ORDER

State Law requires that Department of Human Services employees, local law enforcement, or agents of the Crimes Against Children Division of the Division of Arkansas State Police may interview students without a court order for the purpose of investigating suspected child abuse. In

instances where the interviewers deem it necessary, they may exercise a "72-hour hold" without first obtaining a court order. Except as provided below, other questioning of students by non-school personnel shall be granted only with a court order directing such questioning, with permission of the parents of a student (or the student if above eighteen (18) years of age), or in response to a subpoena or arrest warrant.

If the District makes a report to any law enforcement agency concerning student misconduct or if access to a student is granted to a law enforcement agency due to a court order, the principal or the principal's designee shall make a good faith effort to contact the student's parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis. The principal or the principal's designee shall not attempt to make such contact if presented documentation by the investigator that notification is prohibited because a parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis is named as an alleged offender of the suspected child maltreatment. This exception applies only to interview requests made by a law enforcement officer, an investigator of the Crimes Against Children Division of the Division of Arkansas State Police, or an investigator or employee of the Department of Human Services.

In instances other than those related to cases of suspected child abuse, principals must release a student to either a police officer who presents a subpoena for the student, or a warrant for arrest, or to an agent of state social services or an agent of a court with jurisdiction over a child with a court order signed by a judge. Upon release of the student, the principal or designee shall give the student's parent, legal guardian, person having lawful control of the student, or person standing in loco parentis notice that the student has been taken into custody by law enforcement personnel or a state's social services agency. If the principal or designee is unable to reach the parent, he or she shall make a reasonable, good faith effort to get a message to the parent to call the principal or designee, and leave both a day and an after-hours telephone number.

CONTACT BY PROFESSIONAL LICENSURE STANDARDS BOARD INVESTIGATORS

Investigators for the Professional Licensure Standards Board may meet with students during the school day to carry out the investigation of an ethics complaint.

STUDENT VISITORS

The board strongly believes that the purpose of school is for learning. Social visitors, generally, disrupt the classroom and interfere with learning that should be taking place. Therefore, visiting with students at

school is strongly discouraged, unless approved by the principal and scheduled in advance. This includes visits made by former students, friends, and/or relatives of teachers or students. Any visitation to the classroom shall be allowed only with the permission of the school principal and all visitors must first register at the office and receive a visitor's pass. The visitor's pass must be visible at all times while visiting the school. When leaving the campus, visitors should report back to the office to sign out. No one shall be exempt from this requirement.

STUDENT ILLNESS/ACCIDENT

If a student becomes too ill to remain in class and/or could be contagious to other students, the principal or designee will attempt to notify the student's parent or legal guardian. The student will remain in the school's health room or a place where he/she can be supervised until the end of the school day or until the parent/legal guardian can check the student out of school.

If a student becomes seriously ill or is injured while at school and the parent/legal guardian cannot be contacted, the failure to make such contact shall not unreasonably delay the school's expeditious transport of the student to an appropriate medical care facility. The school assumes no responsibility for treatment of the student. When available, current, and applicable, the student's emergency contact numbers and medical information will be utilized. Parents are strongly encouraged to keep this information up to date.

EMERGENCY DRILLS

All schools in the District shall conduct fire drills at least monthly. Tornado drills shall also be conducted no fewer than three (3) times per year. Students who ride school buses shall also participate in emergency evacuation drills at least twice each school year.

The District shall annually conduct a lockdown drill at all schools in the District in collaboration with local law enforcement and emergency management personnel. The lockdown drill training will include use of the District's emergency communication method with law enforcement. Students will be included in the drills to the extent that is developmentally appropriate for the age of both the students and grade configuration of the school.

Drills may be conducted during the instructional day or during non-instructional time periods.

Other types of emergency drills may also be conducted to test the implementation of the District's emergency plans in the event of violence,

terrorist attack, natural disaster, other emergency, or the District's emergency communication with law enforcement methods. Students shall be included in the drills to the extent practicable.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

Each school in the District shall broadcast The Star-Spangled Banner at:

The commencement of each school-sanctioned sporting event; however, if two (2) or more school-sanctioned sporting events occur on the same day at the same school, then the broadcast of The Star-Spangled Banner may be performed at only one (1) of the events; and

At least one (1) time each week during school hours. The broadcast of The Star-Spangled Banner shall be selected from any recording that adheres to the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) Rules, or, when appropriate, performed from original sheet music that adheres to DESE rules by:

- 1. A school-sanctioned band program;
- 2. A school-sanctioned chorale program, vocal group, or vocalist; or
- 3. The attendees of a school-sanctioned event led by a vocalist selected by the principal of the school hosting the school-sanctioned event.

Students shall not be compelled to participate in the performance of The Star-Spangled Banner, but students who choose not to participate in the performance of The Star-Spangled Banner shall not disrupt those students choosing to participate in the performance of The Star-Spangled Banner. Students choosing not to participate in the performance of The Star-Spangled Banner who do not disrupt the participation of performance of The Star-Spangled Banner shall not be subject to any comments, retaliation, or disciplinary action.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE AND MOMENT OF SILENCE

The Pledge of Allegiance shall be recited:

- 1. During the first class period of each school day;
- 2. At the commencement of each school-sanctioned after-school assembly; and
- At the commencement of each school-sanctioned sporting event; however, if two (2) or more school-sanctioned sporting events occur on the same day at the same school, then the Pledge may be recited at only one (1) of the school-sanctioned sporting events.

Students choosing to participate in the recitation of the Pledge shall do so by facing the flag with their right hands over their hearts, or in an

appropriate salute if in uniform, while reciting the Pledge. Students choosing not to participate shall either stand or sit quietly while the other students recite the Pledge.

Students shall not be compelled to recite the Pledge, but students who choose not to recite the Pledge shall not disrupt those students choosing to recite the Pledge. Students choosing not to recite the Pledge who do not disrupt those students who choose to recite the Pledge shall not be subject to any comments, retaliation, or disciplinary action.

Following the recitation of the Pledge, there shall be an observance of one (1) minute of silence. During the one (1) minute of silence, each student may reflect, pray, meditate, or engage in any other silent activity that is not likely to interfere with or distract another student. Students who do not disrupt the one (1) minute of silence shall not be subject to any comments, retaliation, or disciplinary action.

VISITORS TO THE SCHOOLS

Parents, grandparents, legal guardians, business, and community members are welcome and encouraged to visit District schools. To minimize the potential for disruption of the learning environment, visitors, for a purpose other than to attend an activity open to the general public, are required to first report to the school's main office. No one shall be exempt from this requirement. Visitors who are Level 3 or Level 4 sex offenders may only enter a school campus under the provisions listed in Policy 6.10.

Parents and legal guardians are encouraged to participate in regularly scheduled visitation events such as school open houses and parent/teacher conferences. Additional conferences are best when scheduled in advance. Conferences shall be scheduled at a time and place to accommodate those participating in the conference. Visits to individual classrooms during class time are permitted on a limited basis with the principal's prior approval and the teacher's knowledge.

Visitors, including parents, wishing to speak with students during the school day shall register first with the office.

The District has the right to ask disruptive visitors to leave its school campuses. Principals are authorized to seek the assistance of law enforcement officers in removing any disruptive visitors who refuse to leave school property when requested to do so.¹

COMPLAINTS

It is a goal of the Board and the District to be responsive to the community it serves and to continuously improve the educational program offered in its schools. The Board or the District welcomes constructive criticism when it is offered with the intent of improving the quality of the system's educational program or the delivery of the District's services.

The Board formulates and adopts policies to achieve the District's vision and elects a Superintendent to implement its policies. The administrative functions of the District are delegated to the Superintendent, who is responsible for the effective administration and supervision of the District. Individuals with complaints concerning personnel, curriculum, discipline (including specific discipline policies), coaching, or the day-to-day management of the schools need to address those complaints according to the following sequence:

- 1. Teacher, coach, or other staff member against whom the complaint is directed
- 2. Principal
- 3. Superintendent

Other than in the few instances where statutorily allowed or required, student discipline and personnel matters may not be discussed in Board meetings. Individuals with complaints regarding such matters need to follow the sequence outlined above.

Unless authorized by the Board as a whole for a specific purpose, no individual Board member has any authority when acting alone. District constituents are reminded that the Board serves as a finder of fact, not unlike a jury, in matters such as student suspensions initiated by the Superintendent, expulsions, and personnel discipline. For this reason, the board may not be involved or informed prior to a board hearing on particular disciplinary matters.

Complaints that are related to district use or administration of federal funds generated through specific programs identified by the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) and authorized in the Elementary and Secondary Education Act¹ may be taken directly from a patron or by referral from DESE. If taken directly from a patron, the complaint may be submitted by either a signed statement or by a certified, recorded deposition or statement in which the complainant is identified. The complaints shall be addressed in the following manner:

The complaint shall be referred to the federal programs director,² who shall assemble a team of at least two (2) people to investigate the complaint.

- Throughout the investigation, sufficient notes and records will be taken and maintained to substantiate the position of the findings of the investigation.
- The team will interview the complainant and others as necessary
 to enable the team to make a determination of the validity of the
 complaint. The team may consult with individuals with
 knowledge or expertise in the matter, which is the subject of the
 complaint, including legal counsel.
- 4. The investigation of complaints referred by the DESE shall be completed within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, unless a longer time period has been approved by the DESE.³
- 5. The investigation of complaints made directly to the district shall be completed within forty (40) calendar days unless there are extenuating circumstances; in such a case, a preliminary report shall be made within forty (40) calendar days of receipt of the complaint, which shall include an explanation of the unusual circumstances requiring additional time to complete the investigation.⁴
- 6. The report of the conclusions of the investigation shall be given to the complainant. It shall contain:
 - a. A summary of the allegations of the complaint;
 - A summary of the investigative actions taken by the team:
 - c. A summary of the findings concerning each alleged violation or implied violation; and
 - d. A statement of corrective actions needed to resolve the issues involved in each allegation and finding of the complaint.