School Health Advisory Council North Lamar Wellness Plan



2016-2017 School Health Advisory Committee

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North Lamar ISD Wellness Policies on Physical Activity and Nutrition 2016-17

Preamble

Whereas, children need access to healthful foods and opportunities to be physically active in order to grow, learn, and thrive;

Whereas, good health fosters student attendance and education;

Whereas, obesity rates have doubled in children and tripled in adolescents over the last two decades, and physical inactivity and excessive calorie intake are the predominant causes of obesity;

Whereas, heart disease, cancer, stroke, and diabetes are responsible for two-thirds of deaths in the United States, and major risk factors for those diseases, including unhealthy eating habits, physical inactivity, and obesity, often are established in childhood;

Whereas, 33% of high school students do not participate in sufficient vigorous physical activity and 72% of high school students do not attend daily physical education classes;

Whereas, only 2% of children (2 to 19 years) eat a healthy diet consistent with the five main recommendations from the Food Guide Pyramid;

Whereas, nationally, the items most commonly sold from school vending machines, school stores, and snack bars include low-nutrition foods and beverages, such as soda, sports drinks, imitation fruit juices, chips, candy, cookies, and snack cakes;

Whereas, school districts around the country are facing significant fiscal and scheduling constraints; and

Whereas, community participation is essential to the development and implementation of successful school wellness policies;

Thus, North Lamar ISD is committed to providing school environments that promote and protect children's health, well-being, and ability to learn by supporting healthy eating and physical activity. Therefore, it is the policy of North Lamar ISD that:

- The school district will engage students, parents, teachers, food service professionals, health professionals, and other interested community members in developing, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing districtwide nutrition and physical activity policies.
- All students in grades K-12 will have opportunities, support, and encouragement to be physically active on a regular basis.

- Foods and beverages sold or served at school will meet the nutrition recommendations of the *U.S. Dietary Guidelines for Americans*.
- Qualified child nutrition professionals will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious, and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe, and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.
- To the maximum extent practicable, all schools in our district will participate in available federal school meal programs (including the School Breakfast Program, National School Lunch Program [including after-school snacks], Summer Food Service Program, Fruit and Vegetable Snack Program, and Child and Adult Care Food Program [including suppers]).
- Schools will provide nutrition education and physical education to foster lifelong habits of healthy eating and physical activity, and will establish linkages between health education and school meal programs, and with related community services.

TO ACHIEVE THESE POLICY GOALS:

I. School Health Councils and Wellness Team

The school district and/or individual schools within the district will create, strengthen, or work within existing school health councils to develop, implement, monitor, review, and, as necessary, revise school nutrition and physical activity policies. The councils also will serve as resources to school sites for implementing those policies. (A school health council consists of a group of individuals representing the school and community, and should include parents, students, and representatives of the school food authority, members of the school board, school administrators, teachers, health professionals, and members of the public.) The SHAC committee will publicize wellness events and provide nutrition information to parents. Information will be posted on the school website. The Food Service Director will lead the discussions concerning district nutrition.

II. Nutritional Quality of Foods and Beverages Sold and Served on Campus

School Meals

Meals served through the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs will:

be appealing and attractive to children;

- be served in clean and pleasant settings;
- meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by local, state, and federal statutes and regulations;
- offer a variety of fruits and vegetables;¹
- ensure that all grains served are whole grain.^{3,2}

Schools should engage students and parents, through taste-tests of new entrees and surveys, in selecting foods sold through the school meal programs in order to identify new, healthful, and appealing food choices. In addition, schools should share information about the nutritional content of meals with parents and students. Such information could be made available on menus, a website, on cafeteria menu boards, placards, or other point-of-purchase materials.

Water is made available in all North Lamar cafeterias for the duration of the school day.

<u>Breakfast</u>. To ensure that all children have breakfast, either at home or at school, in order to meet their nutritional needs and enhance their ability to learn:

- Schools will, to the extent possible, operate the School Breakfast Program.
- Schools will, to the extent possible, arrange bus schedules and utilize methods to serve school breakfasts that encourage participation.
- Schools that serve breakfast to students will notify parents and students of the availability of the School Breakfast Program.
- Schools will encourage parents to provide a healthy breakfast for their children through newsletter articles, take-home materials, or other means.

<u>Free and Reduced-priced Meals</u>. Schools will make every effort to eliminate any social stigma attached to, and prevent the overt identification of, students who are eligible for free and reduced-price school meals³. Toward this end, schools may utilize electronic identification and payment systems; provide meals at no charge to all children, regardless of income; promote the availability of school meals to all students; and/or use

² A whole grain is one labeled as a "whole" grain product or with a whole grain listed as the primary grain ingredient in the ingredient statement. Examples include "whole" wheat flour, cracked wheat, brown rice, and oatmeal.

¹ To the extent possible, schools will offer at least two non-fried vegetable and two fruit options each day and will offer five different fruits and five different vegetables over the course of a week. Schools are encouraged to source fresh fruits and vegetables from local farmers when practicable.

³ It is against the law to make others in the cafeteria aware of the eligibility status of children for free, reduced-price, or "paid" meals.

nontraditional methods for serving school meals, such as "grab-and-go" or classroom breakfast.

<u>Summer Food Service Program</u>. Schools in which more than 50% of students are eligible for free or reduced-price school meals will sponsor the Summer Food Service Program for at least six weeks between the last day of the academic school year and the first day of the following school year, and preferably throughout the entire summer vacation. Information on Lamar County summer feeding sites and times are available by dialing 211.

Meal Times and Scheduling. Schools:

- will provide students with at least 10 minutes to eat after sitting down for breakfast and 15 minutes after sitting down for lunch;
- should schedule meal periods at appropriate times, *e.g.*, lunch should be scheduled between 10:45 a.m. and 1 p.m.;
- should not schedule tutoring, club, or organizational meetings or activities during mealtimes, unless students may eat during such activities;
- will schedule lunch periods to follow recess periods (in elementary schools)when possible.
- will provide students access to handwashing or hand sanitizing before they eat meals or snacks; and
- should take reasonable steps to accommodate the tooth-brushing regimens of students with special oral health needs (*e.g.*, orthodontia or high tooth decay risk).

<u>Qualifications of School Food Service Staff</u>. Qualified nutrition professionals will administer the school meal programs. As part of the school district's responsibility to operate a food service program, we will provide continuing professional development for all nutrition professionals in schools. Staff development programs should include appropriate certification and/or training programs for child nutrition directors, school nutrition managers, and cafeteria workers, according to their levels of responsibility.⁴

<u>Sharing of Foods and Beverages</u>. Schools should discourage students from sharing their foods or beverages with one another during meal or snack times, given concerns about allergies and other restrictions on some children's diets.

Foods and Beverages Sold Individually (*i.e.,* foods sold outside of reimbursable school meals, such as through vending machines, cafeteria a la carte [snack] lines, fundraisers, school stores, etc.)

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⁴ School nutrition staff development programs are available through the USDA, School Nutrition Association, and National Food Service Management Institute.

<u>Elementary Schools.</u> The school food service program will approve and provide all food and beverage sales to students in elementary schools. Given young children's limited nutrition skills, food in elementary schools should be sold as balanced meals. North Lamar ISD will sell "smart snacks" at the Elementary Level.

<u>Middle/Junior High and High Schools.</u> In middle/junior high and high schools, all foods and beverages sold individually outside the reimbursable school meal programs (including those sold through a la carte [snack] lines, vending machines, student stores, or fundraising activities) during the school day

Smart Snacks guidelines will be followed. Middle/Jr. High drinks will be 100% fruit juice, 1% unflavored milk, fat free flavored milk and water.

High School level has no restriction on caffeine.

A choice of at least two fruits and/or non-fried vegetables will be offered for sale at any location on the school site where foods are sold. Such items could include, but are not limited to, fresh fruits and vegetables; 100% fruit or vegetable juice; fruit-based drinks that are at least 50% fruit juice and that do not contain additional caloric sweeteners; cooked, dried, or canned fruits (canned in fruit juice or light syrup); and cooked, dried, or canned vegetables (that meet the above fat and sodium guidelines).⁵

<u>Portion Sizes</u>: (subject to change depending on state and federal regulation changes from year to year. Changes will be reflected in the following year's wellness plan.)

- Limit portion sizes of foods and beverages sold individually to those listed below:
 - o One ounce for chips, crackers, popcorn, cereal, trail mix, nuts, seeds, dried fruit, or jerky;
 - o One ounce for cookies:
 - o Two ounces for cereal bars, granola bars, pastries, muffins, doughnuts, bagels, and other bakery items;
 - o Four fluid ounces for frozen desserts, including, but not limited to, low-fat or fat-free ice cream;
 - Eight ounces for non-frozen yogurt;
 - o Twelve fluid ounces for beverages, excluding water; and

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⁵ Schools that have vending machines are encouraged to include refrigerated snack vending machines, which can accommodate fruits, vegetables, yogurts, and other perishable items.

o The portion size of a la carte entrees and side dishes, including potatoes, will not be greater than the size of comparable portions offered as part of school meals. Fruits and non-fried vegetables are exempt from portion-size limits.

<u>Fundraising Activities</u>. To support children's health and school nutrition-education efforts, school fundraising activities must be limited to no more than 6/yr. that does not meet the nutrition standards. These events must be on the Principal's Calendar prior to the events. Schools will encourage fundraising activities that promote physical activity. The school district will make available a list of ideas for acceptable fundraising activities. The calculator guidelines will be sent to each Principal to be sure compliance is followed.

<u>Snacks</u>. Snacks served during the school day or in after-school care or enrichment programs will make a positive contribution to children's diets and health, with an emphasis on serving fruits and vegetables as the primary snacks and water as the primary beverage. Schools will assess if and when to offer snacks based on timing of school meals, children's nutritional needs, children's ages, and other considerations. The district will disseminate a list of healthful snack items to teachers, after-school program personnel, and parents.

• If eligible, schools that provide snacks through after-school programs will pursue receiving reimbursements through the National School Lunch Program.

<u>Rewards</u>. Schools are encouraged not to use foods or beverages, especially those that do not meet the nutrition standards for foods and beverages sold individually (above), as rewards for academic performance or good behavior, ⁶ and will not withhold food or beverages (including food served through school meals) as a punishment.

<u>Celebrations</u>. The district recommends that each party should include no more than one food or beverage that does not meet nutrition standards for foods and beverages sold individually (above).

<u>School-sponsored Events</u> (such as, but not limited to, athletic events, dances, or <u>performances</u>). Foods and beverages offered or sold at school-sponsored events outside the school day do not have to meet the nutrition standards for meals or for foods and beverages sold individually (above).

III. Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing

<u>Nutrition Education and Promotion</u>. North Lamar ISD aims to teach, encourage, and support healthy eating by students. Schools should provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that:

 is offered at each grade level as part of a sequential, comprehensive, standards-based program designed to provide

⁶ Unless this practice is allowed by a student's individual education plan (IEP).

students with the knowledge and skills necessary to promote and protect their health;

- is part of not only health education classes, but also classroom instruction in subjects such as math, science, language arts, social sciences, and elective subjects;
- includes enjoyable, developmentally-appropriate, culturallyrelevant, participatory activities, such as contests, promotions, taste testing, farm visits, and school gardens;
- promotes fruits, vegetables, whole grain products, low-fat and fatfree dairy products, healthy food preparation methods, and healthenhancing nutrition practices;
- emphasizes caloric balance between food intake and energy expenditure (physical activity/exercise);
- links with school meal programs, other school foods, and nutritionrelated community services;
- teaches media literacy with an emphasis on food marketing; and
- includes training for teachers and other staff.

<u>Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom Setting</u>: For students to fully embrace regular physical activity as a personal behavior, students need opportunities for physical activity beyond physical education class. Toward that end:

- classroom health education will complement physical education by reinforcing the knowledge and self-management skills needed to maintain a physically-active lifestyle and to reduce time spent on sedentary activities, such as watching television;
- opportunities for physical activity will be incorporated into other subject lessons; and
- classroom teachers will provide short physical activity breaks between lessons or classes, as appropriate.

Communications with Parents. The district/school will support parents' efforts to provide a healthy diet and daily physical activity for their children. The district/school will post nutrition tips ("Did You Know?") on school websites http://www.northlamar.net/page/fs.home, and provide nutrient analyses of school menus (on request). Schools should encourage parents to pack healthy lunches and snacks and to refrain from including beverages and foods that do not meet the above nutrition standards for individual foods and beverages. The district/school will provide parents a list of foods that meet the district's snack standards and ideas for healthy celebrations/parties, rewards, and fundraising activities upon request.

The district/school will provide information about physical education and other school-based physical activity opportunities before, during, and after the school day; and support parents' efforts to provide their children with opportunities to be physically active outside of school. Such supports will include sharing information about physical activity and physical education through a website, or other take-home materials, special events, or physical education homework. Grants are being researched to access opportunities for after school family participation.

<u>Food Marketing in Schools</u>. School-based marketing will be consistent with nutrition education and health promotion. As such, schools will limit food and beverage marketing to the promotion of foods and beverages that meet the nutrition standards for meals or for foods and beverages sold individually (above).⁷ School-based marketing of brands promoting predominantly low-nutrition foods and beverages⁸ is allowable. However, the promotion of healthy foods, including fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and low-fat dairy products is encouraged.

Examples of marketing techniques include the following: logos and brand names on/in vending machines, books or curricula, textbook covers, school supplies, scoreboards, school structures, and sports equipment; educational incentive programs that provide food as a reward; programs that provide schools with supplies when families buy low-nutrition food products; in-school television, such as Channel One; free samples or coupons; and food sales through fundraising activities. Marketing activities that promote healthful behaviors include: vending machine covers promoting water; pricing structures that promote healthy options in a la carte lines or vending machines; sales of fruit for fundraisers; and coupons for discount gym memberships.

<u>Staff Wellness</u>. North Lamar ISD highly values the health and well-being of every staff member and will plan and implement activities and policies that support personal efforts by staff to maintain a healthy lifestyle. The SHAC committee should develop, promote, and oversee a multifaceted plan to promote staff health and wellness. The plan should be based on input solicited from school staff and should outline ways to encourage healthy eating, physical activity, and other elements of a healthy lifestyle among school staff. Wellness events are posted on the Web, in local papers, and sent home with students.

IV. Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education

<u>Daily Physical Education (P.E.) K-12</u>. All students in grades K-12, including students with disabilities, special health-care needs, and in alternative educational settings, will receive daily physical education (or its equivalent of 150 minutes/week for elementary school students and 225 minutes/week for middle and high school students) for the

⁷ Advertising of low-nutrition foods and beverages is permitted in supplementary classroom and library materials, such as newspapers, magazines, the Internet, and similar media, when such materials are used in a class lesson or activity, or as a research tool.

⁸ Schools should not permit general brand marketing for food brands under which more than half of the foods or beverages do not meet the nutrition standards for foods sold individually or the meals are not consistent with school meal nutrition standards.

entire school year. All physical education will be taught by a certified physical education teacher. Student involvement in other activities involving physical activity

(e.g., interscholastic or intramural sports) will not be substituted for meeting the physical education requirement. Students will spend at least 50 percent of physical education class time participating in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

<u>Daily Recess</u>. All elementary school students will have at least 15 minutes a day of supervised recess, preferably outdoors, during which schools should encourage moderate to vigorous physical activity verbally and through the provision of space and equipment.

Schools should discourage extended periods (*i.e.*, periods of two or more hours) of inactivity. When activities, such as mandatory school-wide testing, make it necessary for students to remain indoors for long periods of time, schools should give students periodic breaks during which they are encouraged to stand and be moderately active.

Physical Activity Opportunities Before and After School. High school and middle school will offer interscholastic sports programs. Schools will offer a range of activities that meet the needs, interests, and abilities of all students, including boys, girls, students with disabilities, and students with special health-care needs.

<u>Safe Routes to School</u>. The school district will assess and, if necessary and to the extent possible, make needed improvements to make it safer and easier for students to walk and bike to school. When appropriate, the district will work together with local public works, public safety, and/or police departments in those efforts. The school district will explore the availability of federal "safe routes to school" funds, administered by the state department of transportation, to finance such improvements.

<u>Use of School Facilities Outside of School Hours</u>. School spaces and facilities should be available to students, staff, and community members before, during, and after the school day, on weekends, and during school vacations. These spaces and facilities also should be available to community agencies and organizations offering physical activity and nutrition programs. School policies concerning safety will apply at all times. These facilities are made available through the athletic department, contact Athletic Director Aaron Emeyabbi for scheduling of access.

V. Monitoring and Policy Review

Monitoring. The superintendent or designee will ensure compliance with established district-wide nutrition and physical activity wellness policies. In each school, the principal or designee will ensure compliance with those policies in his/her school and will report on the school's compliance to the school district superintendent or designee.

School food service staff, at the school or district level, will ensure compliance with nutrition policies within school food service areas and will report on this matter to the superintendent (or if done at the school level, to the school principal).

The superintendent or designee will develop a summary report every three years on district-wide compliance with the district's established nutrition and physical activity wellness policies, based on input from schools within the district. That report will be provided to the school board and also distributed to all school health councils, parent/teacher organizations, school principals, and school health services personnel in the district.

<u>Policy Review</u>. To help with the initial development of the district's wellness policies, each school in the district will conduct a baseline assessment of the school's existing nutrition and physical activity environments and policies. The results of those school-by-school assessments will be compiled at the district level to identify and prioritize needs.

Assessments will be repeated every three years to help review policy compliance, assess progress, and determine areas in need of improvement. As part of that review, the school district will review our nutrition and physical activity policies; provision of an environment that supports healthy eating and physical activity; and nutrition and physical education policies and program elements. The district, and individual schools within the district, will, as necessary, revise the wellness policies and develop work plans to facilitate their implementation.

⁹ Useful self-assessment and planning tools include the *School Health Index* from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), *Changing the Scene* from the Team Nutrition Program of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), and *Opportunity to Learn Standards for Elementary, Middle, and High School Physical Education* from the National Association for Sport and Physical Education.

VI. Resources for Local School Wellness Policies on Nutrition and Physical Activity

Crosscutting:

- School Health Index, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/
- Local Wellness Policy website, U.S. Department of Agriculture, http://www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/wellnesspolicy.html
- Fit, Healthy, and Ready to Learn: a School Health Policy Guide, National Association of State Boards of Education,
 www.nasbe.org/HealthySchools/fithealthy.mg
- Preventing Childhood Obesity: Health in the Balance, the Institute of Medicine of the National Academies, <www.iom.edu/report.asp?id=22596>
- The Learning Connection: The Value of Improving Nutrition and Physical Activity in Our Schools, Action for Healthy Kids,
 www.actionforhealthykids.org/docs/specialreports/LC%20Color%20 120204 fin al.pdf
- Ten Strategies for Promoting Physical Activity, Healthy Eating, and a Tobaccofree Lifestyle through School Health Programs, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/publications/pdf/ten_strategies.pdf>
- Health, Mental Health, and Safety Guidelines for Schools, American Academy of Pediatrics and National Association of School Nurses,
 http://www.nationalguidelines.org
- Cardiovascular Health Promotion in Schools, American Heart Association [link to pdf]

School Health Councils:

- Promoting Healthy Youth, Schools and Communities: A Guide to Community-School Health Councils, American Cancer Society [link to PDF]
- Effective School Health Advisory Councils: Moving from Policy to Action, Public Schools of North Carolina,
 www.nchealthyschools.org/nchealthyschools/htdocs/SHAC manual.pdf>

Nutrition:

General Resources on Nutrition

- Making it Happen: School Nutrition Success Stories, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and U.S. Department of Education,
 http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/nutrition/Making-It-Happen/
- Changing the Scene: Improving the School Nutrition Environment Toolkit,
 U.S. Department of Agriculture,
 www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/changing.html
- Dietary Guidelines for Americans 2005, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and U.S. Department of Agriculture,
 www.health.gov/dietaryquidelines/dga2005/document/
- Guidelines for School Health Programs to Promote Lifelong Healthy Eating, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
 www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/rr/rr4509.pdf>
- Healthy Food Policy Resource Guide, California School Boards Association and California Project LEAN, <<u>www.csba.org/ps/hf.htm</u>>
- Diet and Oral Health, American Dental Association, http://www.ada.org/public/topics/diet.asp

School Meals

- Healthy School Meals Resource System, U.S. Department of Agriculture, http://schoolmeals.nal.usda.gov/
- <u>School Nutrition Dietary Assessment Study–II.</u> a U.S. Department of Agriculture study of the foods served in the National School Lunch Program and the School Breakfast Program,
 www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/SNDAIIfind.pdf
- Local Support for Nutrition Integrity in Schools, American Dietetic Association, <www.eatright.org/Member/Files/Local.pdf>
- Nutrition Services: an Essential Component of Comprehensive Health Programs, American Dietetic Association,
 www.eatright.org/Public/NutritionInformation/92 8243.cfm>
- HealthierUS School Challenge, U.S. Department of Agriculture,
 www.fns.usda.gov/tn/HealthierUS/index.htm

- Breakfast for Learning, Food Research and Action Center,
 www.frac.org/pdf/breakfastforlearning.PDF>
- School Breakfast Scorecard, Food Research and Action Center,
 www.frac.org/School_Breakfast_Report/2004/>
- Arkansas Child Health Advisory Committee Recommendations [includes recommendation for professional development for child nutrition professionals in schools],
 www.healthyarkansas.com/advisory_committee/pdf/final_recommendations.pdf

Meal Times and Scheduling

- Eating at School: A Summary of NFSMI Research on Time Required by Students to Eat Lunch, National Food Service Management Institute (NFSMI) [Attach PDF file]
- Relationships of Meal and Recess Schedules to Plate Waste in Elementary Schools, National Food Service Management Institute,
 www.nfsmi.org/Information/Newsletters/insight24.pdf

Nutrition Standards for Foods and Beverages Sold Individually

- Recommendations for Competitive Foods Standards (a report by the National Consensus Panel on School Nutrition), California Center for Public Health Advocacy,
 www.publichealthadvocacy.org/school_food_standards/school_food_stan_p dfs/Nutrition%20Standards%20Report%20-%20Final.pdf>
- State policies for competitive foods in schools, U.S. Department of Agriculture,
 <www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/Lunch/CompetitiveFoods/state policies 2002.htm>
- Nutrition Integrity in Schools, (forthcoming), National Alliance for Nutrition and Activity
- School Foods Tool Kit, Center for Science in the Public Interest,
 www.cspinet.org/schoolfood/>
- <u>Foods Sold in Competition with USDA School Meal Programs</u> (a report to Congress), U.S. Department of Agriculture,
 <u><www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/Foods_Sold_in_Competition_with_USDA_School_Meal_Programs.pdf</u>>
- FAQ on School Pouring Rights Contracts, American Dental Association, http://www.ada.org/public/topics/softdrink fag.asp>

Fruit and Vegetable Promotion in Schools

- Fruits and Vegetables Galore: Helping Kids Eat More, U.S. Department of Agriculture, <www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Resources/fv_galore.html>
- School Foodservice Guide: Successful Implementation Models for Increased Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, Produce for Better Health Foundation. Order on-line for \$29.95 at
 www.shop5aday.com/acatalog/School Food Service Guide.html>.
- School Foodservice Guide: Promotions, Activities, and Resources to Increase Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, Produce for Better Health Foundation. Order on-line for \$9.95 at
 www.shop5aday.com/acatalog/School Food Service Guide.html>
- National Farm-to-School Program website, hosted by the Center for Food and Justice, <www.farmtoschool.org>
- Fruit and Vegetable Snack Program Resource Center, hosted by United Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Association,
 http://www.uffva.org/fvpilotprogram.htm
- Produce for Better Health Foundation website has downloadable fruit and vegetable curricula, research, activity sheets, and more at <<u>www.5aday.org</u>>

Fundraising Activities

- Creative Financing and Fun Fundraising, Shasta County Public Health,
 www.co.shasta.ca.us/Departments/PublicHealth/CommunityHealth/projlean/fundraiser1.pdf
- Guide to Healthy School Fundraising, Action for Healthy Kids of Alabama,
 www.actionforhealthykids.org/AFHK/team_center/team_resources/AL/N&PA
 www.actionforhealthykids.org/AFHK/team_center/team_resources/AL/N&PA
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Snacks

- Healthy School Snacks, (forthcoming), Center for Science in the Public Interest
- Materials to Assist After-school and Summer Programs and Homeless Shelters in Using the Child Nutrition Programs (website), Food Research and Action Center, <www.frac.org/html/building_blocks/afterschsummertoc.html>

Rewards

- Constructive Classroom Rewards, Center for Science in the Public Interest,
 www.cspinet.org/nutritionpolicy/constructive rewards.pdf
- Alternatives to Using Food as a Reward, Michigan State University Extension, <www.tn.fcs.msue.msu.edu/foodrewards.pdf>
- Prohibition against Denying Meals and Milk to Children as a Disciplinary Action, U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service [Link to PDF]

Celebrations

- Guide to Healthy School Parties, Action for Healthy Kids of Alabama,
 www.actionforhealthykids.org/AFHK/team_center/team_resources/AL/N&PA
 %2032%20-%20parties.pdf>
- Classroom Party Ideas, University of California Cooperative Extension Ventura County and California Children's 5 A Day Power Play! Campaign, http://ucce.ucdavis.edu/files/filelibrary/2372/15801.pdf

Nutrition and Physical Activity Promotion and Food Marketing:

Health Education

 National Health Education Standards, American Association for Health Education, http://www.aahperd.org/aahe/pdf_files/standards.pdf

Nutrition Education and Promotion

- U.S. Department of Agriculture Team Nutrition website (lists nutrition education curricula and links to them),
 www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Educators/index.htm>
- The Power of Choice: Helping Youth Make Healthy Eating and Fitness Decisions, U.S. Food and Drug Administration and U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service,
 www.fns.usda.gov/tn/resources/power-of-choice.html
- Nutrition Education Resources and Programs Designed for Adolescents, compiled by the American Dietetic Association,
 www.eatright.org/Public/index_19218.cfm

Integrating Physical Activity into the Classroom Setting

- Brain Breaks, Michigan Department of Education,
 www.emc.cmich.edu/brainbreaks>
- Energizers, East Carolina University, <www.ncpe4me.com/energizers.html>

Food Marketing to Children

- Pestering Parents: How Food Companies Market Obesity to Children, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <www.cspinet.org/pesteringparents>
- Review of Research on the Effects of Food Promotion to Children, United Kingdom Food Standards Agency,
 www.foodstandards.gov.uk/multimedia/pdfs/foodpromotiontochildren1.pdf>
- Marketing Food to Children (a report on ways that different countries regulate food marketing to children [including marketing in schools]), World Health Organization (WHO),
 http://whqlibdoc.who.int/publications/2004/9241591579.pdf
- Guidelines for Responsible Food Marketing to Children, Center for Science in the Public Interest, <http://cspinet.org/marketingguidelines.pdf>
- Commercial Activities in Schools, U.S. General Accounting Office,
 www.gao.gov/new.items/d04810.pdf>

Eating Disorders

- Academy for Eating Disorders, <www.aedweb.org>
- National Eating Disorders Association, <www.nationaleatingdisorders.org>
- Eating Disorders Coalition, < www.eatingdisorderscoalition.org >

Staff Wellness

- School Staff Wellness, National Association of State Boards of Education [link to pdf]
- Healthy Workforce 2010: An Essential Health Promotion Sourcebook for Employers, Large and Small, Partnership for Prevention,
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- Well Workplace Workbook: A Guide to Developing Your Worksite Wellness Program, Wellness Councils of America,

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 Protecting Our Assets: Promoting and Preserving School Employee Wellness, (forthcoming), Directors of Health Promotion and Education (DHPE)

Physical Activity Opportunities and Physical Education:

General Resources on Physical Activity

- Guidelines for School and Community Programs to Promote Lifelong Physical Activity among Young People, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
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- Healthy People 2010: Physical Activity and Fitness, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and President's Council on Physical Fitness and Sports,
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- Physical Fitness and Activity in Schools, American Academy of Pediatrics,
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Physical Education

- Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Elementary Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&productID=368§ion=5>
- Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Middle School Physical Education.
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- Opportunity to Learn: Standards for High School Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&productID=727§ion=5
- Substitution for Instructional Physical Education Programs, National Association for Sport and Physical Education,
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- Blueprint for Change, Our Nation's Broken Physical Education System: Why
 It Needs to be Fixed, and How We Can Do It Together, PE4life,
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Recess

- Recess in Elementary Schools, National Association for Sport and Physical Education, <www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf_files/pos_papers/current_res.pdf>
- Recess Before Lunch Policy: Kids Play and then Eat, Montana Team Nutrition, <www.opi.state.mt.us/schoolfood/recessBL.html>
- Relationships of Meal and Recess Schedules to Plate Waste in Elementary Schools, National Food Service Management Institute,
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- The American Association for the Child's Right to Play, http://www.ipausa.org/recess.htm

Physical Activity Opportunities Before and After School

- Guidelines for After School Physical Activity and Intramural Sport Programs,
 National Association for Sport and Physical Education,
 www.aahperd.org/naspe/pdf files/pos papers/intramural guidelines.pdf
- The Case for High School Activities, National Federation of State High School Associations,
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- Rights and Responsibilities of Interscholastic Athletes, National Association for Sport and Physical Education,
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Safe Routes to School

 <u>Safe Routes to Schools Tool Kit</u>, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration,
 <www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/injury/pedbimot/bike/saferouteshtml/>

<www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dnpa/kidswalk/>

- KidsWalk to School Program, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
- Walkability Check List, Pedestrian and Bicycle Information Center,
 Partnership for a Walkable America, U.S. Department of Transportation, and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency,
 www.walkinginfo.org/walkingchecklist.htm

Monitoring and Policy Review:

- School Health Index, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC),
 http://apps.nccd.cdc.gov/shi/>
- Changing the Scene: Improving the School Nutrition Environment Toolkit, U.S. Department of Agriculture, www.fns.usda.gov/tn/Healthy/changing.html>
- Criteria for Evaluating School-Based Approaches to Increasing Good Nutrition and Physical Activity, Action for Healthy Kids,
 www.actionforhealthykids.org/docs/specialreports/report_small.pdf>
- Opportunity to Learn: Standards for Elementary Physical Education, National Association for Sport and Physical Education. Order on-line for \$7.00 at http://member.aahperd.org/template.cfm?template=Productdisplay.cfm&product ID=368§ion=5>
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