

Day: 13

Topic: Prepositions à and de

Standard: CMC.1.MLI.2, CMC.3.MLI.5, CMP.7.MLI.6

Time: 30 minutes



This learning activity is for students to use when they do not have access to the course. Notes from necessary lessons are included.



After completing this activity, students will be able to . . .

Talk about traveling to and from cities and countries.



Now that we've learned how to say different country names, let's talk about how to say "I am going to [country]" or "I am coming from [country]"

These two types of sentences use the prepositions \grave{a} , de, and en. To begin, we need to talk about some things to keep in mind when using these prepositions:

- All nouns in the French language need an article before them in a sentence. Articles are words like le, la, les, un, une, and des.
- When talking about a country or city, the article needs to be le, la, or les to show specificity.



• There are different forms of the prepositions \grave{a} and de depending on the article that follows the preposition.

Review the forms of these prepositions below:

	à	de
Feminine/Singular	à la	de la
Masculine/Singular	au	du
Plural	aux	des

Now, let's talk about which prepositions are used in which situations:

- Use \dot{a} without an article to talk about going to or being in a city.
 - Je vais à Chicago.
 - J'habite à Paris.
- Use *en* without an article to talk about going to or being in a feminine country.
 - Je vais en France.
 - J'habite en Suisse.
- Use the correct form of à (à la, au, aux) to talk about going to or being in a masculine or plural countries.
 - o Je vais au Canada.
 - J'habite aux Etats-Unis
- Use de without an article to talk about coming from a city.
 - Je rentre de New York.
- Use *de* without an article to talk about coming from a feminine country.
 - Je rentre de France.
- Use the correct form of *de* to talk about coming from a masculine and plural countries.
 - Je rentre du Canada.



*** To talk about going to or being in a country, use the verb *Aller*. To talk about returning from a country, use the verb *Rentrer*.

Fill in each blank with the correct preposition to complete each sentence. Use your notes from AMI day 11 to determine whether a country is masculine or feminie.

1. Je vais	Paris.	
2. Je rentre _	Belgique.	
3. Elle rentre	Luxembourg.	
4. Nous habit	ons New York.	
5. Vous allez	France.	
6. Ils rentrent	France.	
7. J'habite	Mexique.	
8. Tu habites	Suisse.	
9. Il va	Canada.	
10. Vous rent	rez Etats Unis.	
11. II va	_ Kansas City.	
12. Elles vont	Belgique.	