



Atlanta ISD Traumatic Injury Response Protocol

Introduction:

TX HB469 Sec. 38.030. TRAUMATIC INJURY RESPONSE PROTOCOL. (a) Each school district and open-enrollment charter school shall develop and annually make available a protocol for school employees and volunteers to follow in the event of a traumatic injury.

Inclusive system:

Major trauma patients are those with either a severe injury or a risk for severe injury. A severe injury is one that could result in morbidity or mortality.

Patient Identification:

One characteristic of an inclusive trauma system is patient triage designed to care for major trauma patients by matching patient severity in a timely manner.

Traumatic Injury Training:

Stop The Bleed is the approved Traumatic Injury Response training that will be used to train our staff and students. Designated staff members and students 7th-12th grades will be offered the training.

Bleeding Control Stations:

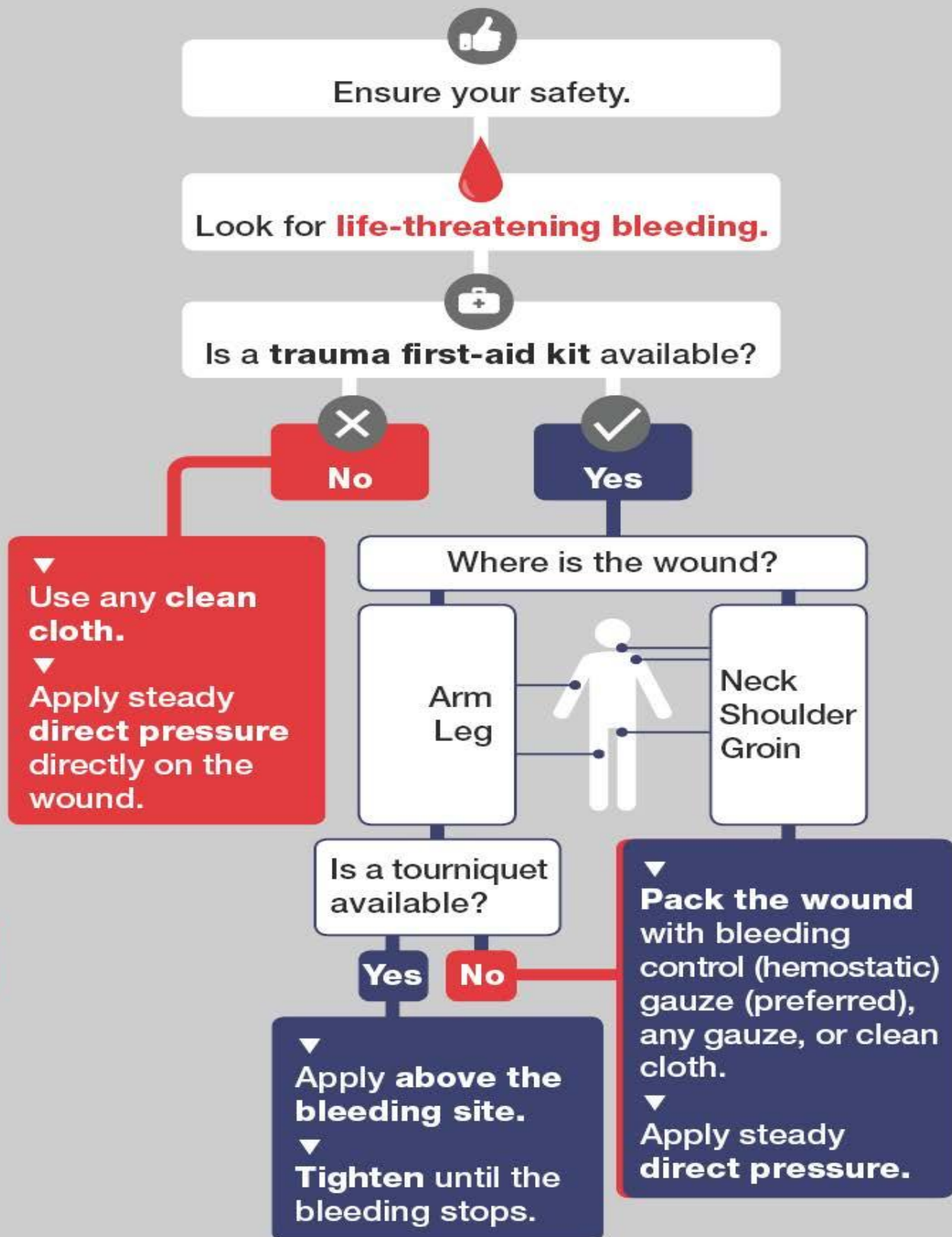
The required bleeding control stations will be located near AED's. The bleeding control stations will include tourniquets, chest seals, compression bandages, bleeding control bandages, space emergency blankets, latex-free gloves, markers, scissors, and instructional documents.

Traumatic Injury Procedure:

Follow the Save a Life algorithm and Stop the Bleed traumatic injury steps.

Save a life

What everyone should know to stop bleeding after an injury





No matter how rapid the arrival of professional emergency responders, bystanders will always be first on the scene. A person who is bleeding can die from blood loss within five minutes, so it's important to quickly stop the blood loss.

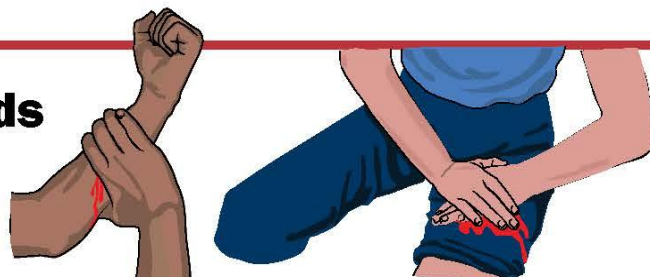
Remember to be aware of your surroundings and move yourself and the injured person to safety, if necessary.

Call 911.

Bystanders can take simple steps to keep the injured alive until appropriate medical care is available. Here are three actions that you can take to help save a life:

1. Apply Pressure with Hands

EXPOSE to find where the bleeding is coming from and apply **FIRM, STEADY PRESSURE** to the bleeding site with both hands if possible.



2. Apply Dressing and Press

EXPOSE to find where the bleeding is coming from and apply **FIRM, STEADY PRESSURE** to the bleeding site with bandages or clothing.

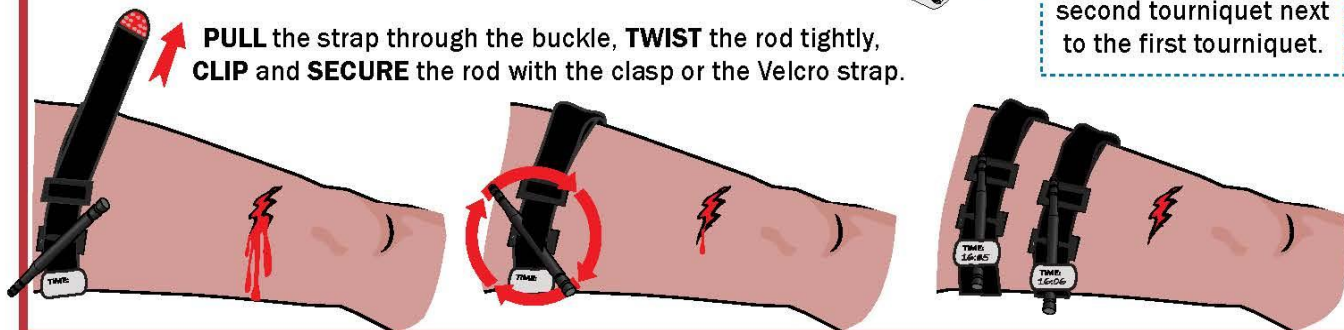


3. Apply Tourniquet(s)

If the bleeding doesn't stop, place a tourniquet as high on the extremity as possible above the wound. The tourniquet may be applied and secured over clothing.



If the bleeding still doesn't stop, place a second tourniquet next to the first tourniquet.



The 'Stop the Bleed' campaign was initiated by a federal interagency workgroup convened by the National Security Council Staff, The White House. The purpose of the campaign is to build national resilience by better preparing the public to save lives by raising awareness of basic actions to stop life threatening bleeding following everyday emergencies and man-made and natural disasters. Advances made by military medicine and research in hemorrhage control during the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq have informed the work of this initiative which exemplifies translation of knowledge back to the homeland to the benefit of the general public. The Department of the Defense owns the 'Stop the Bleed' logo and phrase.



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