MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020



MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Exhibit		Page
	CERTIFICATE OF BOARD	1
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	5 9
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Statements:	• •
A-1	Statement of Net Position	20
B-1	Statement of Activities	21
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	22
C-1R	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
	to the Statement of Net Position	23
C-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	2.1
G AD	Governmental Funds	24
C-2R	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	25
C^2	Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	25
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	27
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1	Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	29
	Notes to the Financial Statements	31
	Required Supplementary Information:	
G-1	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –	
	Teacher Retirement System	60
G-2	Schedule of District Contributions – Teacher Retirement System	62
G-3	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability –	
	Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan	64
G-4	Schedule of District Contributions – Texas Public School Retired Employees	
	Group Insurance Plan	65
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	67
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	70
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	74

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

J-1	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (Continued): Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	78
J-4	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Child Nutrition Fund	80
J-5	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	81
L-1	Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	83
	FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	87
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	91

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

McDade Independent School District Name of School District	Bastrop County	O11-905 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual finwere reviewed and (check one) approved 2020, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school	disapproved for the	year ended August 31,
Signature of Board Secretary " DEZ 2020	Signature of Boar	d President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of McDade Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis section which precedes the basic financial statements and the pension and other post-employment liabilities related schedules following the notes to the financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise McDade Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2020 on our consideration of McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

November 20, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of McDade Independent School District (the "District") discuss and analyze the financial performance of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Please read this information in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position for governmental activities increased by \$182,561 as a result of this year's current operations, to end at \$700,436.
- Total governmental funds of the District (the General Fund plus all Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund) reported an overall fund balance increase of \$367,539, to end at \$1,426,650.
- The General Fund of the District reported a fund balance increase of \$423,238 for the year, to end at \$1,393,301.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is the most substantial part of this Annual Financial and Compliance Report. It consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), a set of basic financial statements with required note disclosures, and finally, required supplementary information and other supporting statements and schedules as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

State law requires the District's financial statements to be audited by an independent certified public accountant each year. The primary purpose of the annual audit is for the auditor to express an opinion as to whether the financial statements of the District appear to be free from material misstatement. The audit is required to be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The District received an *Unmodified* opinion on its financial statements this year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the report is intended to introduce the financial statements and to provide discussion and analysis regarding the financial performance of the District during the year. The MD&A is written by management of the District and provides for a less formal presentation of the financial activities of the District than is found within the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of a series of financial statements and required note disclosures. These statements include government-wide financial statements which present the District in a consolidated and long-term manner using full-accrual accounting similar to that of a business enterprise, and fund financial statements which present a more detailed view of the District using a more short-term view and traditional modified-accrual governmental accounting. These financial statements are followed with detailed notes which provide narrative explanations and additional data for full disclosure of information.

Required Supplementary Information

The previously discussed Management's Discussion and Analysis section is considered to be required supplementary information, however, the governmental reporting framework requires that it be presented before the financial statements. When applicable, additional required supplementary information must follow the financial statements. Within this financial report, the District presents required schedules related to its participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining statements provide detailed information about the District's nonmajor funds. While the primary financial statements present the nonmajor funds in a consolidated manner, the combining statements list all of the nonmajor funds separately, each in its own column. In addition, this section also includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency to report tax collection information and budget to actual information for the District's child nutrition and debt service functions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the auditor is required to consider the internal controls the District has in place over financial reporting and whether any noncompliance with rules, laws, and regulations was noted during the audit. This report describes the scope of the testing of internal control and compliance, however, it does not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs provides an overall summary of auditor results, including identification of the type of opinion on the financial statements, whether any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were observed by the audit firm, and whether any material noncompliance was noted. This schedule also lists any audit findings reported by the audit firm for the year.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the government-wide financial statements which immediately follow this section. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The primary purpose of these financial statements is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by the State of Texas in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, school districts divide up their financial activities as follows:

- Governmental activities School districts report basic services here, including the instruction of students, counseling, co-curricular activities, child nutrition services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state block grants based on student attendance and demographics, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities School districts may charge a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or
 most of the cost of services it provides for child care programs or other activities that closely
 model a business venture.

Our school district reported governmental activities this year, however, we did not engage in business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District, not the District as a whole. Laws and regulations require the District to establish separate funds, such as for grants received from the state and federal government, money received from bond issues for capital projects, or for money raised specifically for debt service purposes, in order to clearly display financial accountability for use of these funds.

School districts use two different kinds of funds for operations, governmental funds and proprietary funds, which use different accounting approaches.

- A school district will use *governmental funds* to account for basic services. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- A school district will use *proprietary funds* to account for the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District). Proprietary funds use the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, when a district utilizes enterprise funds, (one category of proprietary funds) these are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but they contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for a district's other programs and activities, such as a district's self-insurance programs.

Our District reported several governmental funds this year, however, we did not utilize proprietary funds.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumni scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages that follow the governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is however responsible for applying sound financial internal controls over these funds and for ensuring that these resources are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and Changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$517,875 to \$700,436. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$610,519) at August 31, 2020. The increase in governmental net position was primarily due to factors such as increase in state aid – formula grants during the year.

Table I McDade Independent School District Net Position

	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2020 2019		Change		
Current & Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets		2,950 2,272 5,222	\$ 1,435,983 2,716,742 4,152,725	\$	916,967 (134,470) 782,497
Deferred Ouflows of Resources		1,000	901,109		199,891
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities		9,472 5,062	273,849 3,753,316		545,623 (48,254)
Total Liabilities	4,52	4,534	4,027,165		497,369
Deferred Inflows of Resources	81	1,252	508,794		302,458
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	(61	8,409 2,546 0,519)	 1,252,156 82,298 (816,579)		36,253 (59,752) 206,060
Total Net Position	\$ 70	0,436	\$ 517,875	\$	182,561

Table II MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2020 2019		Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 19,596	\$ 74,419	\$ (54,823)
Operating Grants & Contributions	888,948	668,230	220,718
General Revenues:			
Maintenance & Operations Taxes	1,118,209	1,113,494	4,715
Debt Service Taxes	69,133	64,294	4,839
State Aid - Formula Grants	3,037,113	2,615,377	421,736
Grants & Contributions not Restricted	25,811	15,243	10,568
Investment Earnings	15,710	9,828	5,882
Miscellaneous	45,674	31,944	13,730
Total Revenue	5,220,194	4,592,829	627,365
Expenses:			
Instruction	2,569,955	2,179,485	390,470
Instr. Resources & Media Services	31,151	59,773	(28,622)
Curriculum and Staff Development	91,390	170,322	(78,932)
Instructional Leadership	92,065	84,976	7,089
School Leadership	435,802	241,928	193,874
Guidance/Counseling Services	60,170	65,683	(5,513)
Health Services	3,855	792	3,063
Student Transportation	119,492	119,153	339
Food Services	299,179	258,371	40,808
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Act.	161,396	156,429	4,967
General Administration	405,990	399,713	6,277
Plant Maintenance and Operations	497,695	395,757	101,938
Security and Monitoring Services	9,614	8,135	1,479
Data Processing Services	155,326	158,996	(3,670)
Community Services	1,245	3,540	(2,295)
Debt Service	74,433	50,699	23,734
Other Intergovernmental Charges	21,268	24,737	(3,469)
Total Expenses	5,030,026	4,378,489	651,537
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	(7,607)		(7,607)
Change in Net Position	182,561	214,340	(31,779)
Net Position at 9/1/19 and 9/1/18	517,875	303,535	214,340
Net Position at 8/31/20 and 8/31/19	\$ 700,436	\$ 517,875	\$ 182,561

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$1,393,301, which is \$423,238 more than last year's total of \$970,063. The increase in fund balance is mainly attributable to lower than budgeted expenditures during the year.

The District's Debt Service fund reported a fund balance of \$15,595 which is \$41,956 less than last year's total of \$57,551. The Debt Service fund balance was less at August 31, 2020, as compared to the prior year end, due to the revenues being budgeted to be less than the expenditures for the fund. The purpose of the Debt Service Fund is to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest payments as it becomes due.

The District's other governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,754. This combined balance is \$13,743 less than the previous year. The primary reason for this change in the combined fund balance was due to food service expenditure being budgeted to be more than the food service revenue.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees generally revises the District's budget based on financial updates provided by management of the District. These amendments involve moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs, or to react to originally unforeseen circumstances, such as unanticipated new revenues or unavoidable new costs. There were several budget amendments made during the year, however, only the amendments made to functions 13 and 23 were considered to be significant.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of August 31, 2020, the District had \$2,582,272 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

A summary of the ending balances of capital assets by major category for both 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities 2020		Activities 2019	Change		
Land	\$	151,905	\$ 151,905	\$	-	
Buildings		3,699,179	3,690,679		8,500	
Furniture and Equipment		691,735	732,382		(40,647)	
Total		4,542,819	4,574,966		(32,147)	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,960,547)	(1,858,224)		(102,323)	
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$	2,582,272	\$ 2,716,742	\$	(134,470)	

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$1,293,863 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding versus \$1,464,586 last year. During the year the district issued \$650,000 Series 2020 Unlimited tax Refunding Bonds to pay off its remaining Series 2010 Unlimited Tax Building Bonds.

A summary of the ending balances of long-term debt by type for both 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities			vernmental Activities	
		2020	2019		Change
General Obligation Bonds	\$	695,194	\$	770,843	\$ (75,649)
Time Warrants Payable		561,673		620,990	(59,317)
Capital Leases Payable		36,996		72,753	(35,757)
Total	\$	1,293,863	\$	1,464,586	\$ (170,723)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2020-2021 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, projections of future budget years, and legislative mandates. The District has adopted a General Fund budget of \$4 million for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. This reflects an approximate decrease of \$378,000 in budgeted expenditures from fiscal year 2019-2020 to fiscal year 2020-2021.

For the 2020-2021 budget year, the District has decreased its maintenance and operations tax rate at \$0.93539 per hundred of taxable value. The District adopted a debt service tax rate of \$.06227 for the 2020-2021 budget year in order to fund required debt payments in the coming year. The combined tax rate of the District for the 2020-2021 budget year is \$0.99757 per hundred of taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at McDade Independent School District, P.O. Box 400, McDade, Texas 78650, or by calling (512) 273-2522.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

			Primary
		G	overnment
Data			1
Contro			vernmental
Codes		1	Activities
ASSE			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,119,334
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, net		116,998
1240	Due from Other Governments		116,236
1267	Due from Fiduciary Funds		215
1290	Other Receivables, net		167
4.740	Capital Assets:		454.005
1510	Land		151,905
1520	Buildings and Improvements, net		2,253,579
1530	Furniture and Equipment, net		176,788
1000	Total Assets	<u></u>	4,935,222
DEF	ERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1705	Deferred Outflows-Pension		698,739
1706	Deferred Outflows-OPEB		402,261
	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,101,000
LIAB	ILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable		37,216
2140	Interest Payable		10,170
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		22,141
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		257,284
2180	Due to Other Governments		485,107
2190	Due to Student Groups		11
2200	Accrued Expenses		7,543
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due Within One Year		173,529
2502	Due in More Than One Year		1,120,334
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,056,008
2545	Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability		1,355,191
2000	Total Liabilities		4,524,534
DEF	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows-Pension		224,947
2606	Deferred Inflows-OPEB		586,305
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		811,252
NET	POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,288,409
220	Restricted for:		,,
3850	Debt Service		22,546
3900	Unrestricted		(610,519)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	700,436
		<u> </u>	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			Program Revenues				Rev	et (Expense) v. & Changes Net Position
		1		3	110	4		6
Data			C!	C		perating		imary Gov.
Control Codes	Expenses		arges for ervices		rants and ntributions		overnmental Activities	
Primary Government	nt•	Ехрепзез		CI VICCS		ntiloutions		renvines
GOVERNMENT.								
11 Instruction	1211011,11120,	\$ 2,569,955	\$	_	\$	453,676	\$	(2,116,279)
	urces & Media Services	31,151		-		2,391		(28,760)
13 Curriculum & Stat		91,390		-		40,817		(50,573)
21 Instructional Lead		92,065		-		14,771		(77,294)
23 School Leadership	ing/Evaluation Services	435,802 60,170		=		36,089 6,481		(399,713) (53,689)
33 Health Services	ing/Evaluation Services	3,855				0,401		(33,089) $(3,855)$
34 Student Transport	ation	119,492		_		8,731		(110,761)
35 Food Services		299,179		1,726		207,012		(90,441)
36 Extracurricular Ac	etivities	161,396		17,870		16,697		(126,829)
41 General Administr		405,990		-		46,523		(359,467)
51 Plant Maintenance		497,695		-		27,285		(470,410)
52 Security and Moni	9,614		-		10,932		1,318	
53 Data Processing S	155,326		=		1,965		(153,361)	
61 Community Service	1,245		-		- 1 <i>5 57</i> 0		(1,245)	
72 Interest on Long-T73 Bond Issuance Co		39,633 34,800		-		15,578		(24,055) (34,800)
99 Other Intergovern		21,268		-		_		(21,268)
_	nental Activities:	5,030,026		19,596		888,948		(4,121,482)
TD TOTAL DDIMA	RY GOVERNMENT:	¢ 5,020,026	¢	10.506	Φ.	999 049		
TP TOTAL PRIMA	RI GOVERNVIENT:	\$ 5,030,026	\$	19,596	\$	888,948		(4,121,482)
	General Revenues:							
	Taxes:							
MT	Property Taxes, Levied							1,118,209
DT SF	Property Taxes, Levied							69,133
SF State Aid - Formula Grants GC Grants and Contributions, not Restricted						3,037,113 25,811		
IE Investment Earnings						15,710		
MI Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue						45,674		
Total General Revenues						4,311,650		
S2 Special Item - Loss on Disposal of Assets							(7,607)	
TR Total General Revenues and Special Items						4,304,043		
CN	Change in Net Position	_						182,561
NB	Net Position Beginning							517,875
	Net Position Ending						\$	700,436

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

			10		50			98
Data								Total
Control		(General		Debt	Other	Governmental	
Codes			Fund	Ser	vice Fund	Funds		Funds
ASSE	ETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,043,591	\$	20,892	\$ 54,851	\$	2,119,334
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		122,275		7,726	-		130,001
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(12,228)		(775)	-		(13,003)
1240	Due from Other Governments		4,823		-	111,413		116,236
1260	Due from Other Funds		108,931		-	411		109,342
1267	Due from Fiduciary Funds		215		-	-		215
1290	Other Receivables		167		-	-		167
1000	Total Assets	\$	2,267,774	\$	27,843	\$ 166,675	\$	2,462,292
LIAB	ILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	31,711	\$	-	\$ 5,505	\$	37,216
2150	Payroll Ded. and Withholdings Payable		22,141		-	-		22,141
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		222,804		-	34,480		257,284
2170	Due to Other Funds		411		2,632	106,299		109,342
2180	Due to Other Governments		482,442		2,665	-		485,107
2190	Due to Student Groups		11		-	-		11
2200	Accrued Expenditures		4,906		-	2,637		7,543
2000	Total Liabilities		764,426		5,297	148,921		918,644
DEFE	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2600	Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenues		110,047		6,951	-		116,998
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		110,047		6,951	-		116,998
FUNI	D BALANCES							
	Restricted for:							
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		15,595	-		15,595
	Committed for:							
3510	Construction		20,000		-	-		20,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-	17,754		17,754
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		1,373,301			-		1,373,301
3000	Total Fund Balances		1,393,301		15,595	17,754		1,426,650
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and		-					
4000	Fund Balances	\$	2,267,774	\$	27,843	\$ 166,675	\$	2,462,292

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

				1
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	1,426,650
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
	Governmental capital assets \$ 4,542	2,819		
	Less accumulated depreciation (1,960	0,547)		2,582,272
2	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums (69)	5,194)		
	Notes and capital leases payable (598	8,669)		
	Net pension liability (1,050	6,008)		
	Net OPEB liability (1,355)	5,191)		(3,705,062)
3	Accrued interest on long-term debt related to governmental fund activities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.			(10,170)
4	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post- employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 698	8,739		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (222	4,947)		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 402	2,261		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (586)	6,305)		289,748
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected, but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore, property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, is added to the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities.			116,998
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities		Φ	700,436
	Net I ustion of Governmental Activities	:	φ	700,430

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		10	50		98
Data					Total
Control		General	Debt	Other	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Service Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES					
	ntermediate Sources	\$ 1,174,027	\$ 69,469	\$ 23,413	\$ 1,266,909
	ım Revenues	3,249,911	15,578	57,207	3,322,696
_	gram Revenues	3,266	-	481,688	484,954
	l Revenues	4,427,204	85,047	562,308	5,074,559
EXPENDITURE	S				
0011 Instruction		2,028,298	-	261,110	2,289,408
0012 Instructiona	l Resources & Media Services	26,718	-	-	26,718
0013 Curriculum	& Instructional Staff Development	39,670	-	38,455	78,125
	l Leadership	74,855	-	7,381	82,236
0023 School Lead	lership	390,504	-	409	390,913
0031 Guidance, C	Counseling & Evaluation Services	53,021	-	-	53,021
0033 Health Serv	ices	3,741	-	-	3,741
0034 Student (Pu	pil) Transportation	109,132	-	-	109,132
0035 Food Service		-	-	268,589	268,589
0036 Cocurricula	r/Extracurricular Activities	140,927	-	6,001	146,928
0041 General Adı	ministration	340,694	-	25,692	366,386
0051 Plant Mainte	enance and Operations	460,554	-	3,520	464,074
0052 Security and	l Monitoring Services	6,080	-	11,500	17,580
0053 Data Proces	sing Services	140,433	-	339	140,772
0061 Community	Services	1,208	-	-	1,208
0071 Debt Servic	e - Principal	95,074	720,000	-	815,074
0072 Debt Servic	e - Interest	25,471	22,203	-	47,674
0073 Debt Servic	e - Bond Issuance Costs	-	34,800	-	34,800
0099 Other Interg	overnmental Charges	20,641			20,641
6030 Tota	l Expenditures	3,957,021	777,003	622,996	5,357,020
	ficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditure		470,183	(691,956)	(60,688)	(282,461)
	CING SOURCES (USES)				
_	Bonds Issued	-	650,000	-	650,000
7915 Transfers In		-	-	46,945	46,945
8911 Transfers O		(46,945)			(46,945)
	l Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(46,945)	650,000	46,945	650,000
_	in Fund Balance	423,238	(41,956)	(13,743)	367,539
0100 Fund Balance	ce - Beginning	970,063	57,551	31,497	1,059,111
3000 Fund Balance	ce - Ending	\$ 1,393,301	\$ 15,595	\$ 17,754	\$ 1,426,650

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Total Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		\$ 367,539
1	Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 8,500 (135,363)	(126,863)
2	Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but this expenditure is removed from the Statement of Activities and the repayments instead reduce long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.		815,074
3	Issuance of long-term debt increases current financial resources to governmental funds, but this increase is not shown on the Statement of Activities and instead increases long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.		(650,000)
4	Since long-term debt is not recorded in governmental funds, amortization of related issuance premiums and discounts is also not recorded.		5,649
5	The change in accrued interest due on long-term debt issued for governmental activities does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.		2,392
6	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore the uncollected amount of the current year levy is added to current year property tax revenue on the Statement of Activities.		1,413
7	Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net pension liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net pension liability, adjusted for changes in deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		(180,321)
8	Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net OPEB liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in deferred OPEB items, is reported as OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.		
			(44,715)
9	Since capital assets are not reported in governmental funds, gains or losses on disposal of capital assets are also not reported in governmental funds.		(7,607)
19	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 182,561

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data				Actual		
Control		Budgeted	Amounts	Amounts	Variance With	
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP BASIS)	Final Budget	
REV	ENUES					
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,159,722	\$ 1,159,722	\$ 1,174,027	\$ 14,305	
5800	State Program Revenues	3,295,331	3,295,331	3,249,911	(45,420)	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	15,000	18,016	3,266	(14,750)	
5020	Total Revenues	4,470,053	4,473,069	4,427,204	(45,865)	
EXP	ENDITURES					
0011	Instruction	2,168,986	2,136,986	2,028,298	108,688	
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Services	61,088	31,088	26,718	4,370	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	172,546	72,546	39,670	32,876	
0021	Instructional Leadership	97,526	91,526	74,855	16,671	
0023	School Leadership	273,208	405,208	390,504	14,704	
0031	Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services	61,162	61,162	53,021	8,141	
0033	Health Services	1,300	5,400	3,741	1,659	
0034	Student Transportation	133,338	139,338	109,132	30,206	
0036	Extracurricular Activities	119,851	149,851	140,927	8,924	
0041	General Administration	397,293	370,309	340,694	29,615	
0051	Facilities Maintenance & Operations	495,985	525,985	460,554	65,431	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	20,700	20,700	6,080	14,620	
0053	Data Processing Services	155,637	155,637	140,433	15,204	
0061	Community Services	3,934	3,934	1,208	2,726	
D	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	95,075	95,075	95,074	1	
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	25,472	25,472	25,471	1	
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition & Construction	77,242	41,142	-	41,142	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	19,750	21,750	20,641	1,109	
6030	Total Expenditures	4,380,093	4,353,109	3,957,021	396,088	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
	Over (Under) Expenditures	89,960	119,960	470,183	350,223	
OTH	IER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
8911	Transfers Out	(51,915)	(81,915)	(46,945)	(34,970)	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(51,915)	(81,915)	(46,945)	34,970	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	38,045	38,045	423,238	385,193	
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)	970,063	970,063	970,063	<u> </u>	
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$ 1,008,108	\$ 1,008,108	\$ 1,393,301	\$ 385,193	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data						
Control	Private- Purpose			Student Activity		
Codes	Trust Funds		Fund			
ASSETS						
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	500	\$	5,541		
1000 Total Assets		500		5,541		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
2170 Due to Other Funds		-		215		
2190 Due to Student Groups		-		5,326		
2400 Payable from Restricted Assets		500		-		
2000 Total Liabilities	\$	500	\$	5,541		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions related to McDade Independent School District (the "District"), which are controlled by or dependent upon the District's governing body, the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government having governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. Furthermore, there are no legally separate organizations, known as "component units", included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in its Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. Currently however, the District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources within the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources that are not required to be reported separately in another fund. It is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered to be resources available for current operations.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds.

Private Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for donations for which the donors have stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District utilizes this fund type to account for money collected and held for the purpose of awarding scholarships to selected students.

Agency Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District utilizes this fund type to account for funds held on behalf of student clubs and organizations

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of August and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was monitored by the administration throughout the year and amendments were brought to the Board as needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

<u>Investments</u> - The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The types of investments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act are detailed in Note 2 - Deposits and Investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments. Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external investment pools, which are recognized at amortized cost, and money market accounts.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are generally not recorded in the General Fund or Child Nutrition Fund due to amounts of expendable supplies held or purchased food not being deemed material. When inventories are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when consumed. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the inventory does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to thirty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, and vehicles - five to ten years.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed. When prepaid items are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when the value represented by the prepaid item has been used. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the prepaid item amount does not represent "available expendable resources."

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Delinquent taxes, when received, are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave Liability</u> - The State of Texas has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

<u>Pensions</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS Care Plan (TRS-Care) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

<u>Fund Balance/Deficit</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows when Proprietary Funds are used, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes shown on the financial statements refer to the account code structure prescribed by the FASRG. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in their financial statements to ensure accuracy in building a state-wide data base for policy development and funding plans.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and agency funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending programs
- Banker's acceptances
- Commercial paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Therefore the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,125,374 and the bank balance was \$2,133,917. The District's deposits with financial institutions at August 31, 2020 and during the year ended August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a) Name of depository bank: Prosperity Bank, Texas
- b) The amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$2,632,298.
- c) The largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$2,314,292 and occurred during the month of January 2020.
- d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

As at August 31, 2020, the District had no investments.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At August 31, 2020, investments were included in local governmental investment pools with ratings from Standard & Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At August 31, 2020, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Bastrop Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the school board sets the tax rates on property and the Bastrop County Tax Assessor/Collector provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2019, upon which the October 2019 levy was based was \$114,117,185. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.03 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

4. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Grants and entitlements are recorded as revenue when earned, therefore at year end amounts earned but not yet received in cash may be recorded as due from the grantor government. Amounts already received in cash but not yet earned are recorded as due to the grantor government.

A summary of amounts recorded as Due From/Due To Other Governments in the basic financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Due From Other Governments:	Non-Major					
	General		Governmental			
		Fund	Funds		Total	
Governmental Activities:						
Foundation & Per Capita Entitlements	\$	4,823	\$	-	\$	4,823
State Grants		-		2,558		2,558
Federal Grants		-		108,855		108,855
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	4,823	\$	111,413	\$	116,236
Due To Other Governments:				on-Major		
Due To Other Governments:	C	General		on-Major vernmental		
Due To Other Governments:		General Fund		•		Total
Due To Other Governments: Governmental Activities:				vernmental		Total
	\$			vernmental	\$	Total 482,442
Governmental Activities:		Fund	Gov	vernmental	\$	
Governmental Activities: Foundation & Per Capita Entitlements		Fund	Gov	vernmental Funds	\$	482,442

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, the individual funds of the District may engage in temporary borrowings of money between one another to meet liquidity needs. These interfund receivables and payables are recorded on the balance sheet of the loaning fund as "Due from Other Funds" and on the balance sheet of the borrowing fund as "Due to Other Funds". Amounts are repaid when funds are available in the borrowing fund.

Individual funds may also make payments between one another which are intended to be permanent and therefore not repaid. These transactions are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as "Transfers Out" for the paying fund and "Transfers In" for the receiving fund.

During the year, the General Fund transferred \$46,945 to the Child Nutrition Fund to provide for supplemental financing needs.

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2020 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$ 106,299
	Debt Service Fund	 2,632
Total General Fund		108,931
	G 15 1	
Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	411
	Trust and Agency Funds	 215
Total Special Revenue Funds		 626
Grand Total		\$ 109,557

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance			Balance
	9/1/19	Additions	Retirements	8/31/20
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 151,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,905
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	151,905	-	-	151,905
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	3,690,679	8,500	-	3,699,179
Furniture and Equipment	732,382	-	(40,647)	691,735
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	4,423,061	8,500	(40,647)	4,390,914
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(1,349,440)	(96,160)	-	(1,445,600)
Furniture and Equipment	(508,784)	(39,203)	33,040	(514,947)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,858,224)	(135,363)	33,040	(1,960,547)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,716,742	\$ (126,863)	\$ (7,607)	\$ 2,582,272

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

	Depreciation	
Function	Allocation	
Instruction	\$	69,491
Instructional Resources & Media		811
Curriculum & Staff Development		2,371
Instructional Leadership		2,496
School Leadership		11,866
Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services		1,609
Health Services		114
Student Transportation		3,313
Food Services		8,153
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		4,460
General Administration		11,121
Plant Maintenance and Operations		14,087
Security and Monitoring Services		534
Data Processing Services		4,273
Community Services		37
Other Intergovernmental Charges		627
Totals	\$	135,363

7. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

General Long-Term Debt Description	tstanding at gust 31, 2020
\$650,000 Series 2020 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$75,000 to 90,000 through August 31, 2028; interest at 1.192%.	\$ 650,000
\$202,660 Time warrants, Series 2017, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2017, due in annual installments of \$24,356 through September 15, 2027; interest at 3.49%.	167,491
\$475,360 Time warrants, Series 2018, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2018, due in annual installments of \$58,163 through June 1, 2028; interest at 3.841%.	394,182
\$174,000 Capital Lease, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2016, due in annual installments of \$38,027 through March 30, 2021; interest at 3.125%.	36,996
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,248,669

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2020:

Туре	Outstanding 9/1/19	Additions	Deletions	Outstanding 8/31/20	Due in One Year
Bonds Payable:					
General Oblig. & Refunding Bonds Premium on Issuance of Bonds	\$ 720,000 50,843	\$ 650,000	\$ (720,000) (5,649)	\$ 650,000 45,194	\$ 75,000
Total Bonds	770,843	650,000	(725,649)	695,194	75,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Time Warrants	620,990	-	(59,317)	561,673	61,533
Capital Leases	72,753	-	(35,757)	36,996	36,996
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	693,743	-	(95,074)	598,669	98,529
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,464,586	\$ 650,000	\$ (820,723)	\$ 1,293,863	\$ 173,529

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness would exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.

During the year the District issued \$650,000 of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds of Series 2020. These funds along with a District contribution of \$40,650 were used for a current refunding of \$720,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2010. The refunding was undertaken to obtain a more favorable average interest rate and as a result reduce overall future debt service payments. The transaction resulted in a decrease in total future debt service payments related to the refunding bonds of \$88,952 and a net present value savings of \$44,430.

Annual principal installments for outstanding bonds vary each year. The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

	tions					
Year Ended						Total
August 31,	1	Principal		Interest		quirements
2021	\$	75,000	\$	7,301	\$	82,301
2022		75,000		6,407		81,407
2023		80,000		5,483		85,483
2024		80,000		4,530		84,530
2025		85,000		3,546		88,546
2026-2028		255,000		4,679		259,679
Totals	\$	650,000	\$	31,946	\$	681,946

The debt service requirements for time warrants and capital leases as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended					Total
August 31,	P	Principal	Interest	Red	quirements
2021	\$	98,529	\$ 22,017	\$	120,546
2022		63,832	18,687		82,519
2023		66,216	16,303		82,519
2024		68,690	13,829		82,519
2025		71,256	11,263		82,519
2026-2030		230,146	17,411		247,557
	\$	598,669	\$ 99,510	\$	698,179

8. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS PENSION PLAN

A. Pension Plan Description

The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS or System or Plan) is a public employee retirement system (PERS) that is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation. The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of TRS. Information regarding the Board of TRS and its composition can be found within the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report within Note 1 to the financial statements. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Membership in the Plan includes all employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempt from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822,002.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to the retirees.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. These increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound and the legislature approved funding for a 13th check.

All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

C. Contributors to the Plan

Contributors to the Plan include active members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is also the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with State Statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

The number of participating employers during fiscal year 2019 are disclosed in the following table.

Participating Employers	
Independent School Districts	1,023
Charter Schools (open enrollment only)	179
Community and Junior Colleges	50
Senior Colleges and Universities	47
Regional Service Centers	20
Medical Schools	9
Educational Districts	3
State Agency	1
Total	1,332

Plan membership as of August 31, 2018 is shown in the following table. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll forward from fiscal year 2018 (see Section F), the Plan membership counts are as of August 31, 2018.

420,458
298,498
872,999
1,591,955

The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 6.3623 years is based on membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.
- Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if it increases the amortization
 period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liability to greater than 31 years or, if the amortization period
 already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of
 the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the Plan during the fiscal year, reduced by the employer contributions described below.

All participating employers and the State of Texas, as the employer for senior universities and medical schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following situations:

- On the portion of a member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal, private, local or non-educational and general funds
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Members	7.7%	7.7%
Employer	6.8%	7.5%
State of Texas (NECE)	6.8%	7.5%
Contribution Amounts		
Members	\$ 183,383	\$ 204,340
Employer	68,513	75,651
State of Texas (NECE)	136,902	169,195

Employers are also required to pay surcharges in the following cases:

- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary.
- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay an amount equal to the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

E. Net Pension Liability

Components of the Net Pension Liability of the Plan as of August 31, 2019 are disclosed below.

Components of Pension Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 209,961,325,288
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (157,978,199,075)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 51,983,126,213
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.24%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2018. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2019. The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2018 and were adopted in July 2018.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality. The postretirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale U-MP.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized in the chart below:

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation*	New Target Allocation** %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	18.00%	6.40%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	13.00%	6.30%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	9.00%	7.30%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Private Equity	13.00%	14.00%	8.40%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries****	11.00%	16.00%	3.10%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	5.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds****	3.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Real Estate	14.00%	15.00%	8.50%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	5.00%	6.00%	7.30%
Commodities	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	8.00%	5.8%/6.5%****
Cash	1.00%	2.00%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage	0.00%	-6.00%	2.70%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	-
Expected Return			7.23%

^{*} FY2019 Target Allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018

^{**} New Target Allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019

^{*** 10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

^{****} New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

^{***** 5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward

to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25% Long-Term Expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63%. Source for the rate is the Fixed

Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal

GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years) 2116

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and State contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.

With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following table presents the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumptions				
	1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Single Discount Rate 1% Incr 7.25% 8.25%		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	\$ 1,623,238	\$ 1,056,008	\$ 596,443	

J. District Net Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and Pension Expense

The Net Pension Liability of the Plan as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of the Plan's Net Pension Liability based on the District's contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the District.

	Measurement Date					
		8/31/18		8/31/19		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.00	00018644321	0.00	00020314443	0.00	0001670122
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,026,229	\$	1,056,008	\$	29,779
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability						
Associated with the District		1,860,199		1,883,139		22,940
Total Pension Liability	\$	2,886,428	\$	2,939,147	\$	52,719

At August 31, 2020, McDade Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	of Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	4,436	\$	36,666	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		327,626		135,390	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		63,488		52,884	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's					
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		227,538		7	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		75,651		-	
Total	\$	698,739	\$	224,947	

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	Pension Expense
August 31,	Amount
2020	\$ 102,884
2021	91,114
2022	102,226
2023	78,169
2024	29,872
Thereafter	(6,124)

For the year ended August 31, 2020, McDade Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$180,321 and revenue of \$295,815 for support provided by the State.

9. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by the state-wide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District contributed \$481 per month per employee to the Plan, the State provided an additional \$75 per month per employee, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. TRS manages TRS Active Care. The Plan is administered by Aetna while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN - TRS-CARE

A. Plan Description

The Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The Board of Trustees of TRS administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards. Further detailed information regarding TRS and TRS-Care is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

C. Contributors to TRS-Care

Contributors to the plan include active and retired members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity.

During fiscal year 2019, the number of participating employers are presented in the following table.

Participating Employers	
Independent School Districts	1,022
Open Enrollment Charter Schools	179
Regional Service Centers	20
Other Educational Districts	3
Total	1,224

TRS-Care plan membership as of August 31, 2018 is shown in the following table. Because the actuarial valuation was based on a roll-forward (See Section F), the counts are as of that date.

TRS-Care Plan Membership	
Active plan members	718,000
Inactive plan members currently	194,346
receiving benefits	
Inactive plan members entitled to but	14,142
not yet receiving benefits	
Total	926,488

The Average Expected Remaining Service Life (AERSL) of 9.0344 is based on the membership information as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions; and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

At the inception of the plan, funding was projected to last 10 years through fiscal year 1995. The original funding was sufficient to maintain the solvency of the fund through fiscal year 2000. Since that time, appropriations and contributions have been established to fund the benefits for each successive biennium.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee rate which is 0.65 percent of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2019.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Members	0.65%	0.65%
Employer	0.75%	0.75%
State of Texas	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding*	1.25%	1.25%
Contribution Amounts		
Members	\$ 15,480	\$ 17,249
Employer	19,815	22,015
State of Texas (NECE)	24,159	29,858

^{*} Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of the TRS. The TRS-Care surcharges for fiscal year 2019 totaled \$10,800,712.

A supplemental appropriation was received in 2019 for \$73.6 million, which was re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Mon	thly Premiu	ım Rates		
	M	edicare	Non-	Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse/Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

E. Net OPEB Liability

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2019 are disclosed in the following table.

Components of OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 48,583,247,239
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,292,022,349)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 47,291,224,890
Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	2.66%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2018. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2019.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2019 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

- Rates of Mortality
- Rates of Retirement
- Rates of Termination
- Rates of Disability
- General Inflation
- Wage Inflation
- Salary Increases

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 10.25 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.50 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 10.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50 percent over a period of 13 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2018, rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 2.63%. as of August 31, 2019
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and

50% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of

health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claim

costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

H. Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent, as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the total OPEB liability (TOL).
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

I. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower, 1.63 percent, or one-percentage point higher, 3.63 percent, than the AA/Aa rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumptions				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Single		
	1.63%	Discount Rate 2.63%	3.63%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,636,148	\$ 1,355,191	\$ 1,135,394	

K. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions				
		Current		
	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase	
	170 Decrease	Tiena Kate	1 70 IIICIEASE	
District's Proportionate Share of	\$ 1,105,516			

L. District Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, and OPEB Expense

The Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care program as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of TRS Care's Net OPEB Liability based on the District's contributions to the program relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District.

		Measurer				
		8/31/18		8/31/19		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.0	000025284948	0.0	000028656243	0.0	000003371295
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,262,501	\$	1,355,191	\$	92,690
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability						
Associated with the District		1,764,016		1,800,743		36,727
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,026,517	\$	3,155,934	\$	129,417

At August 31, 2020, McDade Independent School District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows of
	of Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 66,484	\$ 221,762
Changes in actuarial assumptions	75,270	364,513
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	176	30
Change in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	238,316	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	22,015	-
Total	\$ 402,261	\$ 586,305

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	OPEB Expense
August 31,	Amount
2020	\$ (44,200)
2021	(44,200)
2022	(44,247)
2023	(44,274)
2024	(44,267)
Thereafter	15,129

For the year ended August 31, 2020, McDade Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$44,715 and revenue of \$47,460 for support provided by the State.

11. FRINGE BENEFITS PAID BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2020 and August 31, 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$12,685 and \$8,085, respectively.

12. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

A detail of the fund balance amounts within each category is included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to assign fund balance for a specific purpose. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

13. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

Туре	General Fund	Ma	ajor DSF Fund	Gov	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total		
Property Taxes	\$ 1,116,929	\$	69,000	\$	-	\$ 1,185,929		
Investment Income	15,241		469		-	15,710		
Gifts	136		-		2,649	2,785		
Insurance Recovery	6,807		-		-	6,807		
Food Sales	-		-		1,726	1,726		
Athletics	10,332		-		7,538	17,870		
Miscellaneous Local Revenue	24,582		-		11,500	36,082		
Total	\$ 1,174,027	\$	69,469	\$	23,413	\$ 1,266,909		

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, workers' compensation, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended August 31, 2020, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards* and when applicable, the Uniform Guidance, for the year ended August 31, 2020, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits performed by the specific grantors. These audits, if performed, could result in amounts of expenditures being disallowed by the granting agencies and subject to repayment. The District however expects that such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

16. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended August 31, 2020, McDade Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that McDade Independent School District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Measurement Year								
		2019		2018		2017		2016	
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00	020314443%	0.00	018644321%	0.1	789214200%	0.0	151687630%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	1,056,008	\$	1,026,229	\$	572,094	\$	573,205	
State's Proportionate Share of the District Net Pension Liability		1,883,139		1,860,199		1,066,899		1,069,035	
Total Pension Liability	\$	2,939,147	\$	2,886,428	\$	1,638,993	\$	1,642,240	
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,381,597	\$	2,093,424	\$	1,967,211	\$	1,607,580	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		44.3%		49.02%		29.08%		35.66%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%	

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 68.

Measurement Year									
	2015		2014						
0.0	011062000%	0.0	005960000%						
\$	391,027	\$	159,200						
	934,935		857,029						
\$	1,325,962	\$	1,016,229						
\$	1,344,273	\$	1,403,586						
	29.09%		11.34%						
	78.43%		83.25%						

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Fiscal Year							
		2020		2019		2018		2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	75,651	\$	68,513	\$	61,583	\$	55,617
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(75,651)		(68,513)		(61,583)		(55,617)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,653,751	\$	2,381,597	\$	2,093,424	\$	1,967,211
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		2.85%		2.88%		2.94%		2.83%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 68 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

Fiscal Year									
	2016	2015							
\$	43,743	\$ 31,06							
	(43,743)		(31,063)						
\$		\$	-						
\$	1,607,580	\$	1,344,273						
	2.72%		2.31%						

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Measurement Year							
		2019		2018	2017			
District's Proportion of the Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	0.00	028656243%	0.0	025284948%	0.00	024206526%		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$	1,355,191	\$	1,262,501	\$	1,052,651		
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability Associated with the District		1,800,743		1,764,016		1,489,667		
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	\$	3,155,934	\$	3,026,517	\$	2,542,318		
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,381,597	\$	2,093,424	\$	1,967,211		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		57%		60.31%		53.51%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net OPEB Liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%		

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB 75.

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Fiscal Year							
		2020		2019		2018		2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	22,015	\$	19,815	\$	15,701	\$	10,819
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(22,015)		(19,815)		(15,701)		(10,819)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	2,653,751	\$	2,381,597	\$	2,093,424	\$	1,967,211
Covered Payroll		0.83%		0.83%		0.75%		0.55%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Teacher Retirement System

Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for determining the actuarially determined contribution rate and the Net Pension Liability in accordance with GASB-68. Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

In May 2019, the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. These increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound and the legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

Changes of Assumptions

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan – TRS Care note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent, as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the total OPEB liability (TOL).
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		211		224		240	•	255
Data					N	lational		
Contro	1				Bre	akfast and		
		EA, Title I,		A-Part B,	Lunch		ESEA, Title II	
Codes		Part A	F	ormula	P	rogram		Part A
ASSE	ΓS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 20,044	\$	4,267	\$	5,632	\$	5,042
1240	Due from Other Governments	14,601		6,887		7,379		2,627
1260	Due from Other Funds	 -		-		411		
1000A	Total Assets	\$ 34,645	\$	11,154	\$	13,422	\$	7,669
LIABI	LITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	436	\$	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	13,260		4,717		12,689		1,471
2170	Due to Other Funds	19,950		5,927		20		6,037
2200	Accrued Expenditures	1,435		510		277		161
2000	Total Liabilities	34,645		11,154		13,422		7,669
FUND	BALANCES							
	Committed for:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	-		-		-		
4000	Total Liab., Def. Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 34,645	\$	11,154	\$	13,422	\$	7,669

	263		266		276		288		289		410		429		461
Titl	e III, Part A	ARRA, Title		Title I SIP Academy Grant		Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1		Federally Funded Spec. Rev. Fund		State Textbook Fund		State Funded Special Revenue Funds		Campus Activity Funds	
\$	(571) 571	\$	(42,508) 47,421	\$	(10,500) 10,500	\$	2,140	\$	4,621 18,869	\$	50,665 - -	\$	(1,944) 2,558	\$	17,963 - -
\$	-	\$	4,913	\$	-	\$	2,140	\$	23,490	\$	50,665	\$	614	\$	17,963
\$	- - - -	\$	4,913	\$	- - -	\$	2,140	\$	2,343 20,893 254	\$	50,665	\$	156 - 458 -	\$	- 209 -
			4,913		-		2,140		23,490		50,665		614		209
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		17,754
			-		-		-		-		-		-		17,754
\$		\$	4,913	\$		\$	2,140	\$	23,490	\$	50,665	\$	614	\$	17,963

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		2	199		
Data				т.	137 34 '
Contro	1				al Non-Major overnmental
Codes		Local G	rant Fund	GC	Funds
ASSET	TS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	54,851
1240	Due from Other Governments		-		111,413
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		411
1000A	Total Assets	\$	-	\$	166,675
LIABI	LITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	5,505
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		34,480
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		106,299
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		2,637
2000	Total Liabilities		-		148,921
FUND	BALANCES				
	Committed for:				
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		17,754
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		17,754
4000	Total Liab., Def. Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	166,675

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			211	22	4		240		255
Data							tional		
Control						Break	cfast and		
		ESI	EA, Title I,	IDEA-I	Part B,	L	unch	ESE	A, Title II,
Codes			Part A	Forn	ıula	Pro	ogram		Part A
REVEN	NUES								
5700 L	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,726	\$	-
5800 S	State Program Revenues		-		-		9,816		-
5900 F	Federal Program Revenues		127,327		58,328		192,173		16,499
5020	Total Revenues		127,327		58,328		203,715		16,499
EXPEN	NDITURES								
0011 I	nstruction		57,848	4	58,328		-		16,499
0013 C	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.		36,795		-		-		-
0021 I	nstructional Leadership		7,381		-		-		-
0023 S	School Leadership		-		-		-		-
0035 F	Food Services		-		-		268,589		-
0036 C	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-
0041 C	General Administration		25,303		-		-		-
0051 P	Plant Maintenance and Operations		-		-		-		-
0052 S	Security and Monitoring Services		-		-		-		-
0053 I	Data Processing Services		-		-		-		-
6030	Total Expenditures		127,327		58,328		268,589		16,499
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_				(64,874)		
	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						(04,074)		
	Fransfers In		_		_		46,945		_
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_				46,945		
1200 N	Net Change in Fund Balance						(17,929)		
	Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-				-
	5 6	Ф.		Φ.		Ф.	17,929		
3000 F	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

	263	266	276	288	289	410	429	461
Title	III, Part A	ARRA, Title XIV	Title I SIP Academy Grant	Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	Federally Funded Spec. Rev. Fund	State Textbook Fund	State Funded Special Revenue Funds	Campus Activity Funds
\$	- - 571	\$ - - 47,421	\$ - - 10,500	\$ - - 10,000	\$ - - 18,869	\$ - 44,483	\$ - 2,908	\$ 10,187 - -
	571	47,421	10,500	10,000	18,869	44,483	2,908	10,187
	176 395	43,901	10,500	10,000	18,869 -	44,483	506 1,265	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 409	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	389	6,001
	-	3,520	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	339	-
	571	47,421	10,500	10,000	18,869	44,483	2,908	6,001
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,186
		_		_	_			
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	4,186 13,568
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,754

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			499		
Data					
Contro	ol			Tota	l Non-Major
				Go	vernmental
Codes		Local	Grant Fund		Funds
REVE	ENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	11,500	\$	23,413
5800	State Program Revenues		-		57,207
5900	Federal Program Revenues		-		481,688
5020	Total Revenues		11,500		562,308
EXPE	NDITURES				
0011	Instruction		-		261,110
0013	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.		-		38,455
0021	Instructional Leadership		-		7,381
0023	School Leadership		-		409
0035	Food Services		-		268,589
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		-		6,001
0041	General Administration		-		25,692
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		-		3,520
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		11,500		11,500
0053	Data Processing Services		-		339
6030	Total Expenditures		11,500		622,996
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures		-		(60,688)
OTHE	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				, , ,
7915	Transfers In		-		46,945
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		46,945
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(13,743)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning				31,497
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	17,754

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		1	2	3 Assessed/Appraised
Last 10 Years En	nded _	Tax Ra		Value for School
August 31,		Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2011	and prior years	Various	Various	Various
2012		1.04000	0.06890	\$ 70,148,772
2013		1.04000	0.06890	71,981,119
2014		1.04000	0.06890	72,830,403
2015		1.04000	0.06890	73,443,322
2016		1.04000	0.07906	75,275,499
2017		1.04000	0.05809	83,588,082
2018		1.04000	0.06467	90,176,629
2019		1.06000	0.06000	105,904,203
2020	(School year under audit)	0.97000	0.06000	114,117,185
	TOTALS			

10		20		31		32		40	50		
eginning		Current				Entire				Ending	
Balance		Year's		intenance				Year's		Balance	
 9/1/19	T	otal Levy	Co	llections	Co	Collections		justments		8/31/20	
\$ 19,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$ -		(957) \$		18,622	
3,847		-		-		-		(1)		3,846	
5,502		-		703		47		1		4,753	
5,969		-		583		39		-		5,347	
7,159		-		-		-		-		7,159	
13,168		-		1,905		145		-		11,118	
13,432		-		2,607		146		(163)		10,516	
21,001		-		6,867		427		359		14,066	
38,773		-		17,098		968		(2,439)		18,268	
 -		1,175,407		1,067,132		66,008	(5,961)			36,306	
\$ 128,430	\$	1,175,407	\$	1,096,895	\$	67,780	\$	(9,161)	\$	130,001	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CHILD NUTRITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data						Actual		
Control		Budgeted	Am	ounts		Amounts	Var	iance With
Codes		Original		Final	(GAAP BASIS)		Final Budget	
REVEN	NUES							
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$	1,726	\$	(28,274)
5800	State Program Revenues	9,872		9,872		9,815		(57)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	155,000		175,000		192,173		17,173
5020	Total Revenues	194,872		214,872		203,715		(11,157)
EXPEN	IDITURES					_		
0035	Food Services	246,787		296,787		268,589		28,198
6030	Total Expenditures	246,787		296,787		268,589		28,198
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
	Over (Under) Expenditures	(51,915)		(81,915)		(64,874)		17,041
OTHER	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7915	Transfers In	51,915		81,915		46,945		34,970
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)	51,915		81,915		46,945		(34,970)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		(17,929)		(17,929)
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)	17,929		17,929		17,929		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$ 17,929	\$	17,929	\$	-	\$	(17,929)
								-

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data					Actual		
Control		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Amounts	Vai	riance With
Codes		Original		Final	AAP BASIS)		nal Budget
REVE	NUES				•		
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 79,882	\$	79,882	\$ 69,469	\$	(10,413)
5800	State Program Revenues	12,280		12,280	15,578		3,298
5020	Total Revenues	92,162		92,162	85,047		(7,115)
EXPEN	NDITURES			_			_
Deb	t Service:						
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	70,000		720,000	720,000		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	27,050		22,250	22,203		47
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-		34,800	34,800		-
6030	Total Expenditures	97,050		777,050	777,003		47
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
	Over (Under) Expenditures	 (4,888)		(684,888)	(691,956)		(7,068)
OTHE	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued	-		650,000	650,000		-
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)			650,000	650,000		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,888)		(34,888)	(41,956)		(7,068)
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)	57,551		57,551	57,551		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$ 52,663	\$	22,663	\$ 15,595	\$	(7,068)

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		1 Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Comission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$ -

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of McDade Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise McDade Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McDade Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McDade Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McDade Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

November 20, 2020

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULT	S			
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 		Yes	\boxtimes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
FEDERAL AWARDS				
August 31, 2020 due to expenditures of federal awards bei		w \$130,000.		
Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are In Government Auditing Standards:	Required	to be Report	ed in	Accordance with
No findings or questioned costs required to be report <i>Standards</i> for the years ended August 31, 2020 and 2019.	ted in a	ccordance with	h <i>Gove</i>	ernment Auditing
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AN	D QUES	STIONED CO	STS	
Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required	d to be	Reported in Ac	ccordar	nce with Uniform
Guidance:				
Not applicable.				