MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019



MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

McDade Independent School District Name of School District	Bastrop_ County	O11-905 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual	financial reports of the above-n	amed school district
were reviewed and (check one) approved _	disapproved for the ye	ar ended August 31,
2019, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such sc	hool district on the 17 day of	f December,
2019		
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board P	President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's re (attach list as necessary)	eport, the reason(s) for disappro	ving it is (are):

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of McDade Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis section which precedes the basic financial statements and the pension and other post-employment benefits related schedules following the notes to the financial statements be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise McDade Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements of individual nonmajor funds and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and the Texas Education Agency required schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2019 on our consideration of McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

November 15, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of McDade Independent School District (the "District") discuss and analyze the financial performance of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read this information in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position for governmental activities increased by \$214,340 as a result of this year's current operations, to end at \$517,875.
- Total governmental funds of the District (the General Fund plus all Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund) reported an overall fund balance increase of \$3,702, to end at \$1,059,111.
- The General Fund of the District reported a fund balance decrease of \$1,015 for the year, to end at \$970,063.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section is the most substantial part of this Annual Financial and Compliance Report. It consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), a set of basic financial statements with required note disclosures, and finally, required supplementary information and other supporting statements and schedules as applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report

State law requires the District's financial statements to be audited by an independent certified public accountant each year. The primary purpose of the annual audit is for the auditor to express an opinion as to whether the financial statements of the District appear to be free from material misstatement. The audit is required to be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The District received an *Unmodified* opinion on its financial statements this year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the report is intended to introduce the financial statements and to provide discussion and analysis regarding the financial performance of the District during the year. The MD&A is written by management of the District and provides for a less formal presentation of the financial activities of the District than is found within the basic financial statements themselves.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements consist of a series of financial statements and required note disclosures. These statements include government-wide financial statements which present the District in a consolidated and long-term manner using full-accrual accounting similar to that of a business enterprise, and fund financial statements which present a more detailed view of the District using a more short-term view and traditional modified-accrual governmental accounting. These financial statements are followed with detailed notes which provide narrative explanations and additional data for full disclosure of information.

Required Supplementary Information

The previously discussed Management's Discussion and Analysis section is considered to be required supplementary information, however, the governmental reporting framework requires that it be presented before the financial statements. When applicable, additional required supplementary information must follow the financial statements. Within this financial report, the District presents required schedules related to its participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The combining statements provide detailed information about the District's nonmajor funds. While the primary financial statements present the nonmajor funds in a consolidated manner, the combining statements list all of the nonmajor funds separately, each in its own column. In addition, this section also includes schedules required by the Texas Education Agency to report tax collection information and budget to actual information for the District's child nutrition and debt service functions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Report on Internal Controls and Compliance

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the auditor is required to consider the internal controls the District has in place over financial reporting and whether any noncompliance with rules, laws, and regulations was noted during the audit. This report describes the scope of the testing of internal control and compliance, however, it does not provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs provides an overall summary of auditor results, including identification of the type of opinion on the financial statements, whether any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls were observed by the audit firm, and whether any material noncompliance was noted. This schedule also lists any audit findings reported by the audit firm for the year.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the government-wide financial statements which immediately follow this section. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The primary purpose of these financial statements is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by the State of Texas in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows) provides one measure of the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, school districts divide up their financial activities as follows:

- Governmental activities School districts report basic services here, including the instruction of students, counseling, co-curricular activities, child nutrition services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state block grants based on student attendance and demographics, and other state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities School districts may charge a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or
 most of the cost of services it provides for child care programs or other activities that closely
 model a business venture.

Our school district reported governmental activities this year, however, we did not engage in business-type activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements follow the government-wide statements and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the District, not the District as a whole. Laws and regulations require the District to establish separate funds, such as for grants received from the state and federal government, money received from bond issues for capital projects, or for money raised specifically for debt service purposes, in order to clearly display financial accountability for use of these funds.

School districts use two different kinds of funds for operations, governmental funds and proprietary funds, which use different accounting approaches.

- A school district will use *governmental funds* to account for basic services. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- A school district will use *proprietary funds* to account for the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District). Proprietary funds use the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, when a district utilizes enterprise funds, (one category of proprietary funds) these are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but they contain more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for a district's other programs and activities, such as a district's self-insurance programs.

Our District reported several governmental funds this year, however, we did not utilize proprietary funds.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumni scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages that follow the governmental fund financial statements. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is however responsible for applying sound financial internal controls over these funds and for ensuring that these resources are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$303,535 to \$517,875. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$816,579) at August 31, 2019. The increase in net position of \$214,340 differs from the increase in the fund balance of governmental funds of \$3,702 primarily due to expenditures for capital outlay and debt service principal payments not treated as expenses within the governmental activities financial statements.

Table I McDade Independent School District Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities			
		2019	2018		Change	
Current & Other Assets	\$	1,435,983	\$	2,104,912	\$	(668,929)
Capital Assets Deferred Outflows		2,716,742 901,109		2,556,909 470,991		159,833 430,118
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		5,053,834		5,132,812		(78,978)
Current Liabilities		273,849		961,924		(688,075)
Long-Term Liabilities		3,753,316		3,251,561		501,755
Deferred Inflows		508,794		615,792		(106,998)
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		4,535,959		4,829,277		(293,318)
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,252,156		930,093		322,063
Restricted		82,298		76,522		5,776
Unrestricted		(816,579)		(703,080)		(113,499)
Total Net Position	\$	517,875	\$	303,535	\$	214,340

Table II MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Governmental				
	Activities				
	2019	2018	Change		
Revenues:					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 74,419	\$ 77,836	\$ (3,417)		
Operating Grants & Contributions	668,230	87,645	580,585		
General Revenues:					
Maintenance & Operations Taxes	1,113,494	962,968	150,526		
Debt Service Taxes	64,294	59,769	4,525		
State Aid - Formula Grants	2,615,377	2,059,933	555,444		
Grants & Contributions not Restricted	15,243	129	15,114		
Investment Earnings	9,828	8,169	1,659		
Miscellaneous	31,944	53,859	(21,915)		
Total Revenue	4,592,829	3,310,308	1,282,521		
Expenses:					
Instruction	2,179,485	1,563,122	616,363		
Instructional Resources & Media Services	59,773	36,573	23,200		
Curriculum and Staff Development	170,322	78,448	91,874		
Instructional Leadership	84,976	39,211	45,765		
School Leadership	241,928	180,845	61,083		
Guidance/Counseling Services	65,683	29,879	35,804		
Health Services	792	339	453		
Student Transportation	119,153	97,276	21,877		
Food Services	258,371	191,075	67,296		
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	156,429	70,284	86,145		
General Administration	399,713	270,899	128,814		
Plant Maintenance and Operations	395,757	368,059	27,698		
Security and Monitoring Services	8,135	6,920	1,215		
Data Processing Services	158,996	150,683	8,313		
Community Services	3,540	99	3,441		
Debt Service	50,699	57,680	(6,981)		
Other Intergovernmental Charges	24,737	18,991	5,746		
Total Expenses	4,378,489	3,160,383	1,218,106		
Change in Net Position	214,340	149,925	64,415		
Net Position at 9/1/18 and 9/1/17	303,535	153,610	149,925		
Net Position at 8/31/19 and 8/31/18	\$ 517,875	\$ 303,535	\$ 214,340		

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$970,063, which is \$1,015 less than last year's total of \$971,078. The slight decrease in fund balance is mainly attributable to expenditure for facilities acquisition and construction which was not originally budgeted for and later on increased the budgeted expenditures more than budgeted revenue.

The District's State Textbook Fund was a major find this year. It is used to record the state grant for textbooks to the District and the related expenses. All the relevant expenses made by the District are reimbursed by the state and the grant does not generate a fund balance.

The District's other governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$89,048. This combined balance is \$4,717 more than the previous year. The primary reason for this change in the combined fund balance was revenue being more than expenses in the Debt Service Fund and a transfer in to the Child Nutrition Fund from General Fund during the year.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees generally revises the District's budget based on financial updates provided by management of the District. These amendments involve moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs, or to react to originally unforeseen circumstances, such as unanticipated new revenues or unavoidable new costs. There were several budget amendments made during the year, however, the amendments made to functions 11 and 81 were considered to be significant.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of August 31, 2019, the District had \$2,716,742 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

A summary of the ending balances of capital assets by major category for both 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

Sovernmental Activities 2019	Governmental Activities 2018	Change
151,905	\$ 151,905	\$ -
-	221,646	(221,646)
3,690,679	3,183,848	506,831
732,382	720,832	11,550
4,574,966	4,278,231	296,735
(1,858,224)	(1,721,322)	(136,902)
2,716,742	\$ 2,556,909	\$ 159,833
	Activities 2019 151,905 - 3,690,679 732,382 4,574,966 (1,858,224)	Activities 2019 2018 151,905 \$ 151,905 - 221,646 3,690,679 3,183,848 732,382 720,832 4,574,966 4,278,231 (1,858,224) (1,721,322)

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$1,464,586 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding versus \$1,626,816 last year. The decrease is attributable to the District making scheduled payments on its long-term debt during the year.

A summary of the ending balances of long-term debt by type for both 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities 2019		Governmental Activities 2018		Change	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	770,843	\$	841,492	\$	(70,649)
Time Warrants Payable		620,990		678,020		(57,030)
Capital Leases Payable		72,753		107,304		(34,551)
Total	\$	1,464,586	\$	1,626,816	\$	(162,230)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2019-2020 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, projections of future budget years, and legislative mandates. The District has adopted a General Fund budget of \$4.4 million for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. This reflects an approximate increase of \$530 thousand in budgeted expenditures from fiscal year 2018-2019 to fiscal year 2019-2020.

For the 2019-2020 budget year, the District has decreased its maintenance and operations tax rate to \$0.97 per hundred of taxable value. This decrease in the tax rate is in accordance with the requirements of House Bill 3 of the 86th Texas Legislature in 2019 which made significant changes to the Texas school finance system. The District adopted a debt service tax rate of \$.06 for the 2019-2020 budget year in order to fund required debt payments in the coming year. The combined tax rate of the District for the 2019-2020 budget year is \$1.03 per hundred of taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, at McDade Independent School District, P.O. Box 400, McDade, Texas 78650, or by calling (512) 273-2522.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

			Primary Government
Data			1
Control			Governmental
Codes			Activities
ASSETS			
	d Cash Equivalents		\$ 974,086
	Taxes Receivable, net		115,585
	n Other Governments		335,570
1267 Due from	n Fiduciary Funds		9,440
1290 Other R	eceivables, net		1,302
Capital A	Assets:		
1510 Land			151,905
1520 Buildii	gs and Improvements, net		2,341,239
1530 Furnit	are and Equipment, net		223,598
	otal Assets	_	4,152,725
	OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	, - ,
	Outflows-Pension		733,895
	Outflows-OPEB		167,214
Т	otal Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	901,109
LIABILITIES			
	ts Payable		14,095
2140 Interest			12,562
	Wages Payable		241,016
2180 Due to 0	Other Governments		583
2200 Accrued	Expenses		5,593
	ent Liabilities:		
2501 Bonds	, Loans & Other Payable-Due Within One Year		165,074
2502 Bonds	Payable - Due in More than One Year		650,000
2516 Unamo	ortized Premium (Discount) on Bonds		50,843
2520 Loans	Payable - Due in More than One Year		598,669
2540 Net Pe	nsion Liability		1,026,229
2545 Other	Post-Employment Benefits Liability		1,262,501
2000 T	otal Liabilities	_	4,027,165
DEFERRED	INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	
2605 Deferred	Inflows-Pension		109,561
2606 Deferred	Inflows-OPEB		399,233
T	otal Deferred Inflows of Resources		508,794
NET POSITI	ON	_	
	estment in Capital Assets		1,252,156
Restrict	÷		
3820 Fede	ral & State Programs		17,929
	Service		64,369
3900 Unrestri	cted		(816,579)
3000 T	otal Net Position	_	\$ 517,875
		=	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Net (Expense)
		Dro arom	Davanuas	Rev. & Changes in Net Position
	1	3	Revenues 4	6
Data	1	3	Operating	Primary Gov.
Control		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Codes	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:	<u> Д</u> репяся	501,1005		11001,10103
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 2,179,485	\$ -	\$ 313,192	\$ (1,866,293)
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	59,773	-	4,689	(55,084)
13 Curriculum & Staff Development	170,322	-	62,025	(108,297)
21 Instructional Leadership	84,976	-	12,800	(72,176)
23 School Leadership	241,928	-	19,985	(221,943)
31 Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services	65,683	-	5,055	(60,628)
33 Health Services	792	-	-	(792)
34 Student Transportation	119,153	-	7,593	(111,560)
35 Food Services	258,371	31,708	167,221	(59,442)
36 Extracurricular Activities	156,429	42,711	7,020	(106,698)
41 General Administration	399,713	-	17,242	(382,471)
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations	395,757	-	16,896	(378,861)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	8,135	-	-	(8,135)
53 Data Processing Services	158,996	-	1,439	(157,557)
61 Community Services	3,540	-	-	(3,540)
72 Interest on Long-Term Debt	50,699	-	33,073	(17,626)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	24,737			(24,737)
TG Total Governmental Activities:	4,378,489	74,419	668,230	(3,635,840)
TP TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 4,378,489	\$ 74,419	\$ 668,230	(3,635,840)
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
MT Property Taxes, Levied for	General Purpose	S		1,113,494
DT Property Taxes, Levied for	Debt Service			64,294
SF State Aid - Formula Grants				2,615,377
GC Grants and Contributions, no	ot Restricted			15,243
IE Investment Earnings				9,828
MI Miscellaneous Local and Int	ermediate Reven	ue		31,944
Total General Revenues				3,850,180
CN Change in Net Position				214,340
NB Net Position Beginning				303,535
NE Net Position Ending				\$ 517,875

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

			10					98	
Data		State						Total	
Contro	ol .	General Textbook Other		Governmenta					
Codes			Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds		
ASSE	ETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	768,346	\$	50,665	\$ 155,075	\$	974,086	
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		120,853		-	7,577		128,430	
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(12,086)		-	(759)		(12,845)	
1240	Due from Other Governments		310,779		-	24,791		335,570	
1260	Due from Other Funds		122,642		-	411		123,053	
1267	Due from Fiduciary Funds		9,440		-	-		9,440	
1290	Other Receivables		1,302		-	-		1,302	
1000A	Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	1,321,276	\$	50,665	\$ 187,095	\$	1,559,036	
LIAB	ILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	13,753	\$	-	\$ 331	\$	14,084	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		223,474		-	17,542		241,016	
2170	Due to Other Funds		411		50,665	71,977		123,053	
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-	583		583	
2190	Due to Student Groups		11		-	-		11	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		4,797		-	796		5,593	
2000	Total Liabilities		242,446		50,665	91,229		384,340	
DEFE	ERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2600	Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Revenues		108,767		-	6,818		115,585	
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		108,767		-	6,818		115,585	
FUNI	D BALANCES								
	Restricted for:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		-	17,929		17,929	
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-	57,551		57,551	
	Committed for:								
3510	Construction		20,000		-	-		20,000	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-	13,568		13,568	
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		950,063					950,063	
3000	Total Fund Balances		970,063		-	89,048		1,059,111	
4000	Total Liab., Def. Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	1,321,276	\$	50,665	\$ 187,095	\$	1,559,036	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

				1
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	1,059,111
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
	Governmental capital assets \$ 4,574,	966		
	Less accumulated depreciation (1,858,	224)		2,716,742
2	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
	Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums (770,	843)		
	Notes and capital leases payable (693,	743)		
	Net pension liability (1,026,	229)		
	Net OPEB liability (1,262,	501)		(3,753,316)
3	Accrued interest on long-term debt related to governmental fund activities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.			(12,562)
4	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			(12,502)
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 733,	895		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (109,	561)		
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB 167,	214		
	Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (399,	233)		392,315
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected, but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore, property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, is added to the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities.			115,585
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	517,875
	1001 Ostroni or Governmental Activities		Ψ	311,013

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			10					98		
Data			State					Total		
Control			General	Textbook		Other	Go	vernmental		
Code	Codes		Fund	Fund	Funds			Funds		
REV	ENUES									
		\$	1,149,865	\$ -	\$	130,362	\$	1,280,227		
5800	State Program Revenues		2,777,506	1,380		47,942		2,826,828		
5900	Federal Program Revenues		15,243	-		377,651		392,894		
5020	Total Revenues		3,942,614	1,380		555,955		4,499,949		
EXP.	ENDITURES									
0011	Instruction		1,829,380	1,380		166,771		1,997,531		
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Services		54,864	-		-		54,864		
0013	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development		99,116	-		54,926		154,042		
0021	Instructional Leadership		71,231	-		6,883		78,114		
0023	School Leadership		221,469	-		-		221,469		
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		60,114	-		-		60,114		
0033	Health Services		766	-		-		766		
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		110,814	-		-		110,814		
0035	Food Services		-	-		238,106		238,106		
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		111,915	-		35,074		146,989		
0041	General Administration		372,735	-		-		372,735		
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		382,848	-		-		382,848		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		7,866	-		-		7,866		
0053	Data Processing Services		142,842	-		-		142,842		
0061	Community Services		3,423	-		-		3,423		
0071	Debt Service - Principal		91,581	-		65,000		156,581		
0072	Debt Service - Interest		28,965	-		29,075		58,040		
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		285,185	-		-		285,185		
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		23,918			-		23,918		
6030	Total Expenditures		3,899,032	1,380		595,835		4,496,247		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
1100	Expenditures		43,582			(39,880)		3,702		
OTH	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							_		
7915	Transfers In		-	-		44,597		44,597		
8911	Transfers Out		(44,597)			-		(44,597)		
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(44,597)			44,597		-		
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,015)	-		4,717		3,702		
	Fund Dalamas Danimina		971,078			84,331		1,055,409		
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		771,070			04,331		1,055,407		

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			_	
	Total Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds		\$	3,702
1	Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
	Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 296,735 (136,902)		159,833
2	Repayment of principal on bonds, notes, and capital leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but this expenditure is removed from the Statement of Activities and the repayments instead reduce long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.			156,581
3	Since long-term debt is not recorded in governmental funds, amortization of related issuance premiums and discounts is also not recorded.			5,649
4	The change in accrued interest due on long-term debt issued for governmental activities does not affect current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.			1,692
5	Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the governmental funds when collected but recognized on the Statement of Activities in the year levied. Therefore the uncollected amount of the current year levy is added to current year property tax revenue on the Statement of Activities.			13,752
6	Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, pension contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net pension liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net pension liability, adjusted for changes in deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.			(109,458)
7	Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, OPEB contributions are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position if made after the net OPEB liability measurement date. In addition, the change in the net OPEB liability, adjusted for changes in deferred OPEB items, is reported as OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.			(17,411)
19	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	214,340
	_			,

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data							Actual		
Control			Budgeted Amounts				Amounts	Variance With	
Codes			Original		Final	(GA	AP BASIS)	Fina	al Budget
REVI	ENUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	1,145,117	\$	1,148,751	\$	1,149,865	\$	1,114
5800	State Program Revenues		2,755,566		2,755,566		2,777,506		21,940
5900	Federal Program Revenues		16,000		16,000		15,243		(757)
5020	Total Revenues		3,916,683		3,920,317		3,942,614		22,297
EXPE	ENDITURES								
0011	Instruction		1,927,468		1,838,468		1,829,380		9,088
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Services		75,463		60,463		54,864		5,599
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		86,334		106,334		99,116		7,218
0021	Instructional Leadership		34,984		81,984		71,231		10,753
0023	School Leadership		250,564		260,564		221,469		39,095
0031	Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services		33,473		74,473		60,114		14,359
0033	Health Services		1,300		3,300		766		2,534
0034	Student Transportation		118,282		133,282		110,814		22,468
0036	Extracurricular Activities		100,912		121,912		111,915		9,997
0041	General Administration		345,420		393,420		372,735		20,685
0051	Facilities Maintenance & Operations		457,031		463,531		382,848		80,683
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		9,000		12,000		7,866		4,134
0053	Data Processing Services		136,448		162,448		142,842		19,606
0061	Community Services		300		3,934		3,423		511
De	bt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		91,581		91,581		91,581		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		28,966		28,966		28,965		1
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition & Construction		-		312,118		285,185		26,933
	Intergovernmental:								
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		19,750		34,750		23,918		10,832
6030	Total Expenditures		3,717,276		4,183,528		3,899,032		284,496
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		199,407		(263,211)		43,582		306,793
ОТЦ	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
	Transfers Out		(69,063)		(69,063)		(44,597)		(24,466)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(69,063)		(69,063)		(44,597)		24,466
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		130,344		(332,274)		(1,015)		331,259
	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning) Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	•	971,078 1,101,422	•	971,078	Φ	971,078	•	331 250
3000	rund Dalance-August 31 (Eliding)	Ф	1,101,422	\$	638,804	\$	970,063	\$	331,259

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data	Private							
Control	Purpose Trust							
Codes		Funds	Agei	ncy Funds				
ASSETS								
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	636	\$	13,205				
1000 Total Assets		636		13,205				
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
2170 Due to Other Funds		-		9,440				
2190 Due to Student Groups		-		3,765				
2400 Payable from Restricted Assets		636		-				
2000 Total Liabilities	\$	636	\$	13,205				

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

This report includes those activities, organizations and functions related to McDade Independent School District (the "District"), which are controlled by or dependent upon the District's governing body, the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board, a seven member group, is the level of government having governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the District. Since the District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources, it must comply with the requirements of the entities providing those funds. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority. Furthermore, there are no legally separate organizations, known as "component units", included within the reporting entity.

The accounting policies of the District comply with the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in its Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG). These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support. Currently however, the District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Major revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include state and federal program revenues and property taxes. No accrual for property taxes collected within sixty days of year end has been made as such amounts are deemed immaterial; delinquent property taxes at year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources within the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Major Funds and Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund includes financial resources that are not required to be reported separately in another fund. It is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered to be resources available for current operations.

The State Textbook Fund, a major special revenue fund, is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds restricted for the purpose of this state program.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds which include resources restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes by a grantor or the Board. Federally financed programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods are accounted for in these funds.

The Debt Service Fund includes debt service taxes and other revenues collected to retire bond principal and to pay interest due. It is a budgeted fund.

Private Purpose Trust Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for donations for which the donors have stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District utilizes this fund type to account for money collected and held for the purpose of awarding scholarships to selected students.

Agency Funds are fiduciary funds used to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. The District utilizes this fund type to account for funds held on behalf of student clubs and organizations.

Budgetary Information

Budgets are prepared annually for the General Fund, the Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A formal budget is prepared by the end of August and is adopted by the Board at a public meeting after public notice of the meeting has been given no earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before the public hearing. The legal level of control for budgeted expenditures is the function level within the budgeted funds. Amendments to the budget are required prior to expending amounts greater than the budgeted amounts at the function level. Budgets are controlled at the departmental or campus level, the same level at which responsibility for operations is assigned. The budget was monitored by the administration throughout the year and amendments were brought to the Board as needed.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

<u>Investments</u> - The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by Section 2256 of the Texas Government Code ("Public Funds Investment Act"). The types of investments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act are detailed in Note 2 - Deposits and Investments. The District's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policies. The District accrues interest on temporary investments based on the terms and effective interest rates of the specific investments. Temporary investments throughout the year consisted of investments in external investment pools, which are recognized at amortized cost, and money market accounts.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are generally not recorded in the General Fund or Child Nutrition Fund due to amounts of expendable supplies held or purchased food not being deemed material. When inventories are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when consumed. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the inventory does not represent "available expendable resources."

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture and equipment, and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of at least \$5,000 and a useful life of greater than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased, or estimated fair value at the date of donation, if donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets (other than land and construction in progress) are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements - fifteen to thirty years, furniture and equipment - three to twenty years, and vehicles - five to ten years.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are charged to expenditures when consumed. When prepaid items are recorded, they are charged to expenditures when the value represented by the prepaid item has been used. Amounts recorded are offset by a fund balance classification titled "nonspendable" which indicates that the prepaid item amount does not represent "available expendable resources."

Ad Valorem Property Taxes - Delinquent taxes, when received, are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Accumulated Sick Leave Liability - The State of Texas has created a minimum sick leave program consisting of five days of sick leave per year with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every person regularly employed in Texas public schools. Each district's local Board is required to establish a sick leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional sick leave beyond the state minimum.

<u>Pensions</u> - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits - The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS Care Plan (TRS-Care) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, which provides guidance for reporting the financial statement elements of deferred outflows of resources, which represent a consumption of the District's net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, and deferred inflows of resources, which represent the District's acquisition of net position applicable to a future reporting period.

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

<u>Fund Balance/Deficit</u> - The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

<u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows when Proprietary Funds are used, cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> - The District adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access
- Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

- Market approach uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- Cost approach uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)
- Income approach uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes shown on the financial statements refer to the account code structure prescribed by the FASRG. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in their financial statements to ensure accuracy in building a state-wide data base for policy development and funding plans.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public Funds Investment Act authorizes the District to invest in funds under a written investment policy, which is approved annually by the Board. The primary objectives of the District's investment strategy for operating and agency funds, in order of priority, are safety, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements. The primary objective of the District's investment strategy for Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds is sufficient investment liquidity to meet related obligations.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines established in the investment policy:

- Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities
- Certificates of deposit and share certificates
- Fully collateralized repurchase agreements
- Securities lending programs
- Banker's acceptances
- Commercial paper
- No-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds
- Public funds investment pools

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Therefore the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Under the depository contract, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposit provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States Treasury Bill rates.

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$987,927 and the bank balance was \$1,008,882. The District's deposits with financial institutions at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas law and the District maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District.

The District maintains a cash pool consisting of demand deposits. The combined pool is available for use by most Special Revenue Funds. If a fund overdraws its share of the pool, the overdraft is reported as an interfund payable in that fund. The offsetting interfund receivable is reported in the General Fund.

The following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a) Name of depository bank: Prosperity Bank, Texas
- b) The amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$3,108,485.
- c) The largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$1,714,644 and occurred during the month of January 2019.
- d) Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of highest combined balance was \$250,000.

As at August 31, 2019, the District had no investments.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At August 31, 2019, investments were included in local governmental investment pools with ratings from Standard & Poor's in compliance with the District's investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At August 31, 2019, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. Information regarding investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the District's total investments must be disclosed under GASB Statement No. 40, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the District's investment policy requires that maturities will not exceed the weighted average maturity of 180 days for any internally created pool fund group and one year from the time of purchase for any other individual investment. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits. The District considers the holdings in the local governmental investment pools to have a one day weighted average maturity due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholders, unless there has been a significant change in value.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code (the "Code") which established a county-wide appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State. The Bastrop Central Appraisal District (the "Appraisal District") is responsible for the recording and appraisal of all property in the District. Under the Code, the school board sets the tax rates on property and the Bastrop County Tax Assessor/Collector provides tax collection services. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Further, real property must be reappraised at least every three years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Property taxes are levied as of October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes and penalties and interest that are ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period, including those property taxes expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the end of the District's fiscal year. The assessed value at January 1, 2018, upon which the October 2018 levy was based was \$105,904,203. The District levied taxes based on a combined tax rate of \$1.12 per \$100 of assessed valuation for local maintenance (general governmental services) and debt service.

4. DUE FROM/TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully fund certain activities. The District also receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Grants and entitlements are recorded as revenue when earned, therefore at year end amounts earned but not yet received in cash may be recorded as due from the grantor government. Amounts already received in cash but not yet earned are recorded as due to the grantor government.

A summary of amounts recorded as Due From/Due To Other Governments in the basic financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Due From Other Governments:	Non-Major					
	(General	Gov	ernmental		
		Fund	I	Funds		Total
Governmental Activities:						
Foundation & Per Capita entitlements	\$	310,779	\$	-	\$	310,779
Federal Grants		-		24,791		24,791
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	310,779	\$	24,791	\$	335,570
Due To Other Governments:			No	n-Major		
	Governmental					
			F	Funds		
Governmental Activities:						
Federal Grants			\$	583		
Total - Governmental Activities			\$	583		

5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

During the course of operations, the individual funds of the District may engage in temporary borrowings of money between one another to meet liquidity needs. These interfund receivables and payables are recorded on the balance sheet of the loaning fund as "Due from Other Funds" and on the balance sheet of the borrowing fund as "Due to Other Funds". Amounts are repaid when funds are available in the borrowing fund.

Individual funds may also make payments between one another which are intended to be permanent and therefore not repaid. These transactions are recorded on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as "Transfers Out" for the paying fund and "Transfers In" for the receiving fund.

During the year, the General Fund transferred \$44,597 to the Child Nutrition Fund to provide for supplemental financing needs.

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2019 was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	\$ 122,642
	Trust and Agency Funds	9,440
Total General Fund		 132,082
Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	 411
Total Special Revenue Funds		 411
Grand Total		\$ 132,493

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance				Balance
	9/1/18	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	8/31/19
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 151,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151,905
Construction in Progress	221,646	285,185	-	(506,831)	-
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	373,551	285,185	-	(506,831)	151,905
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	3,183,848	-	-	506,831	3,690,679
Furniture and Equipment	720,832	11,550	-	-	732,382
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	3,904,680	11,550	-	506,831	4,423,061
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(1,253,926	(95,514)	-		(1,349,440)
Furniture and Equipment	(467,396	(41,388)			(508,784)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,721,322	(136,902)	-	-	(1,858,224)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,556,909	\$ 159,833	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,716,742

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the District as follows:

	Depreciation	
Function	Allocation	
Instruction	\$	68,429
Instructional Resources & Media		1,879
Curriculum & Staff Development		5,277
Instructional Leadership		2,676
School Leadership		7,587
Guidance/Counseling/Evaluation Services		2,059
Health Services		26
Student Transportation		3,796
Food Services		8,157
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		5,035
General Administration		12,768
Plant Maintenance and Operations		13,115
Security and Monitoring Services		269
Data Processing Services		4,893
Community Services		117
Other Intergovernmental Charges		819
Totals	\$	136,902

7. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations at August 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

General Long-Term Debt Description	standing at gust 31, 2019
\$1,149,961 Series 2010 Unlimited Tax Building Bonds due in annual installments of \$65,000 to 95,000 through August 31, 2028; interest at 4.0%.	\$ 720,000
\$202,660 Time warrants, Series 2017, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2017, due in annual installments of \$24,356 through September 15, 2027; interest at 3.49%.	185,377
\$475,360 Time warrants, Series 2018, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2018, due in annual installments of \$58,163 through June 1, 2028; interest at 3.841%.	435,613
\$174,000 Capital Lease, with Government Capital Corporation, issued 2016, due in annual installments of \$38,027 through March 30, 2021; interest at 3.125%.	72,753
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,413,743

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2019:

	Outstand	ing				Outs	tanding]	Due in
Type	9/1/18		Ad	ditions	 Deletions	8/	31/19	O:	ne Year
Bonds Payable:									
General Oblig. & Refunding Bonds	\$ 785,0	000	\$	-	\$ (65,000)	\$	720,000	\$	70,000
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	56,4	192		-	(5,649)		50,843		-
Total Bonds	841,4	192		-	(70,649)		770,843		70,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities:									
Time Warrants	678,0)20		-	(57,030)		620,990		59,317
Capital Leases	107,3	304		-	(34,551)		72,753		35,757
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	785,3	324		-	(91,581)		693,743		95,074
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,626,8	316	\$	-	\$ (162,230)	\$ 1,	464,586	\$	165,074

For the general obligation bonds, the District has pledged as collateral the proceeds of a continuing, direct annual tax levied against taxable property within the District. The Texas Education Code generally limits issuance of additional ad valorem tax bonds if the tax rate needed to pay aggregate principal and interest amounts of the District's tax bond indebtedness would exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.

Annual principal installments for outstanding bonds vary each year. The debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

	General Obligations					
Year Ended						Total
August 31,	Principal		I	nterest	Req	uirements
2020	\$	70,000	\$	27,050	\$	97,050
2021		70,000		24,600		94,600
2022		70,000		21,800		91,800
2023		75,000		18,900		93,900
2024		80,000		15,800		95,800
2025-2028		355,000		29,100		384,100
Totals	\$	720,000	\$	137,250	\$	857,250

The debt service requirements for time warrants and capital leases as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

Year Ended						Total	
August 31,	P	rincipal	Interest		Req	quirements	
2020	\$	95,074	\$	25,472	\$	120,546	
2021		98,529		22,017		120,546	
2022		63,831		18,687		82,518	
2023		66,216		16,303		82,519	
2024		68,690		13,829		82,519	
2025-2028		301,403		28,674		330,077	
	\$	693,743	\$	124,982	\$	818,725	

8. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS PENSION PLAN

A. Pension Plan Description

McDade Independent School District participates in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) which is a public employee retirement system that is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation (the "Plan"). The Plan is administered by the Board of Trustees of TRS. Benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Texas Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees of TRS does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported education institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Detailed information about TRS and the Plan as a whole is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement, disability, and death benefits. Membership in the Plan includes all employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempt from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002.

C. Contributors to the Plan

Contributors to the Plan include active members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is also considered the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with State Statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws:

- Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the Plan during the fiscal year
- Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if it increases the amortization period of TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities to greater than 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the Plan's actuary

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the Plan the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the Plan during that fiscal year, reduced by the employer paid amounts described below.

All participating employers are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following situations:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, non-educational and general funds, or local funds

In addition, employers are also required to pay surcharges in the following cases:

- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the applicable salary
- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay an amount equal to the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge

Contribution rates and amounts for active members, employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Active Members	7.7%	7.7%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
State of Texas (NECE)	6.8%	6.8%
Contribution Amounts		
Active Members	\$ 161,194	\$ 183,383
Employers	61,583	68,513
State of Texas (NECE)	121,501	136,902

E. Net Pension Liability

Components of the net pension liability of the Plan as a whole as of August 31, 2018 are disclosed below.

Components of Pension Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 209,611,329,000
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (154,568,902,000)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 55,042,427,000
Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	 73.74%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A change was made in the measurement date of the total pension liability for the current fiscal year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using roll forward procedures.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the Plan's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and were adopted in July 2018.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are shown below.

		Long-Term	Expected
		Expected	Contribution to
	Target	Geometric Real	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation ¹	Rate of Return	Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	5.70%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	6.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	8.95%	0.80%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.53%	0.14%
Private Equity	13.00%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.00%	1.11%	0.12%
Absolute Return	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.09%	0.12%
Cash	1.00%	-0.30%	0.00%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.00%	0.70%	0.02%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.21%	0.73%
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00%	7.48%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	3.70%	0.18%
Inflation Expectations			2.30%
Volatility Drag ²			-0.79%
Total	100.00%		7.25%

^{1 -} Target allocations are based on the FY2016 policy model.

^{2 -} The Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward

to August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value Single Discount Rate 6.907% Long-Term Expected Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2018

3.69%. Source for the rate is the Fixed

Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to Maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal

GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years) 2116

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.907 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2013 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 7.76 percent of payroll. This includes a factor for the rehired retirees and the Non-OASDI surcharge. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

H. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The net pension liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation
- Demographic assumptions including postretirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability

I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

The following table presents the net pension liability associated with the District using the discount rate of 6.907 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower, 5.907 percent, or one percentage point higher, 7.907 percent, than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate of 5.907%	Discount Rate of 6.907%	Discount Rate 7.907%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	\$ 1,548,825	\$ 1,026,229	\$ 603,156	

J. Net Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and Pension Expense

The net pension liability of the Plan as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of the Plan's net pension liability based on the District's contributions to the Plan relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District.

Measurement Date

	Wicasuichkiit Date					
	8	3/31/2017	8	3/31/2018		Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability	0.00	00017892142	0.00	00018644321	0.00	00000752179
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	572,094	\$	1,026,229	\$	454,135
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability						
Associated with the District		1,066,899		1,860,199		793,300
Total Pension Liability	\$	1,638,993	\$	2,886,428	\$	1,247,435

At August 31, 2019, McDade Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 6,397	\$ 25,180
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	370,005	11,563
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	53,332	72,804
Changes in Proportion and Difference Between the Employer's		
Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	235,648	14
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	68,513	-
Total	\$ 733,895	\$ 109,561

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	Pension Expense
August 31,	Amount
2019	\$ 143,353
2020	102,375
2021	91,416
2022	99,705
2023	75,831
Thereafter	43,141

For the year ended August 31, 2019, McDade Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$109,458 and revenue of \$184,110 for support provided by the State.

9. EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE COVERAGE

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by the state-wide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District contributed \$465 per month per employee to the Plan, the State provided an additional \$75 per month per employee, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions or premiums for dependents. TRS manages TRS Active Care. The Plan is administered by Aetna while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

10. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN – TRS-CARE

A. Plan Description

McDade Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) which is a multiple- employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The Board of Trustees of TRS administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards. Further detailed information regarding TRS and TRS-Care is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

B. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare eligible participants
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums

C. Contributors to TRS-Care

Contributors to the plan include active and retired members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. Employers include public schools, educational districts, regional service centers and open-enrollment charter schools whose employees are members of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

At the inception of the plan, funding was projected to last 10 years through fiscal year 1995. The original funding was sufficient to maintain the solvency of the fund through fiscal year 2000. Since that time, appropriations and contributions have been established to be sufficient to provide benefits for each successive biennium.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2018.

Contribution rates and amounts for active employees, participating employers, and the State of Texas for the current and prior fiscal year are shown below.

Contribution Rates	2018	2019
Active Employees	0.65%	0.65%
Participating Employers	0.75%	0.75%
State of Texas (NECE)	1.25%	1.25%
Federal/Private Funding*	1.25%	1.25%
Contribution Amounts		
Active Employees	\$ 13,607	\$ 15,480
Participating Employers	17,139	19,815
State of Texas (NECE)	21,441	24,159

^{*} Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employing a retiree of the TRS. The TRS Care surcharges for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$10,264,182.

To alleviate a funding shortfall for the 2018-2019 biennium, Senate Bill 1, 85th Legislature, Regular Session provided a one-time supplemental contribution in the amount of \$182.6 million and also provided the following increases in contributions for fiscal years 2018-19:

- Increased the State contribution rate by 0.25 percent of active employee payroll to 1.25 percent
- Increased the employer contribution rate by 0.20 percent of active employee payroll to 0.75 percent

House Bill 3976 made the 0.25 percent increase in the State contribution a permanent and ongoing increase of state funding to the program. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. One-time supplemental contributions during fiscal year 2018 totaled \$394.6 million.

The premium rates for health insurance in the following table are based on the years of service of the retiree. The following schedule shows the monthly rates for an average retiree with 20 to 29 years of service for the standard plan with Medicare Part A and Part B.

TRS-Care Standard Plan Premium Rates						
Effective September 1, 2016 - December 31, 2017						
TRS-Care TRS-Care TRS-Care						S-Care
		1		2		3
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	-	\$	70	\$	100
Retiree and Spouse		20		175		255
Retiree* and Children		41		132		182
Retiree and Family		61		237		337
Surviving Children only		28		62		82

The new premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B became effective January 1, 2018 and are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Standard Plan Premium Rates					
Effective January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2018					
	Medicare Non-Medicare				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse	Spouse 529 68				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse/Children 468				408	
Retiree and Family		1,020		999	

E. Net OPEB Liability

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2018 are disclosed in the following table.

Components of OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 50,729,490,103
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (798,574,633)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 49,930,915,470

Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability

1.57%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Roll Forward

A change was made in the measurement date of the total OPEB liability for this fiscal year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2017. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2018. This is the first year using the roll forward procedures.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in this OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in this report.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2018 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

- Rates of Mortality
- Rates of Retirement
- Rates of Termination
- Rates of Disability
- General Inflation
- Wage Inflation
- Expected Payroll Growth

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Health Care Trend Rates

Initial medical trend rates of 107.74 percent and 9.00 percent for Medicare retirees and an initial medical trend rate of 6.75 percent for non-Medicare retirees. Initial prescription drug trend rate of 11.00 percent for all retirees. The first year trend increase for the Medicare Advantage (medical) premiums reflects the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date 8/31/17, rolled forward to 8/31/18 Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.69%. Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds

with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of

8/31/18.

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65

and 75% after age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

In this valuation, the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

G. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

H. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The total OPEB liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using the roll forward method of the August 31, 2017 valuation
- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the total OPEB liability
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the total OPEB liability
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the total OPEB liability
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the total OPEB liability \$2.3 billion

I. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

See Section B which lists the changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

J. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower, 2.69 percent, or one-percentage point higher, 4.69 percent, than the AA/Aa rate.

	1% Decrease in	Current Discount	1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate 2.69%	Rate 3.69%	Discount Rate 4.69%			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,502,809	\$ 1,262,501	\$ 1,072,401			

K. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumptions

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

			Current Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,048,527	\$	1,262,501	\$ 1,544,308

L. Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, and OPEB Expense

The net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care program as a whole was last measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District was assigned a proportion of TRS Care's net OPEB liability based on the District's contributions to the program relative to the contributions of all employers for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

The table below presents a two-year comparison of the District's assigned proportion and resulting proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District.

		Measurer				
	8	/31/2017	8	3/31/2018	(Change
District's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.00	00024206526	0.00	00025284948	0.00	0001078422
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,052,651	\$	1,262,501	\$	209,850
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability						
Associated with the District		1,489,667		1,764,016		274,349
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,542,318	\$	3,026,517	\$	484,199

At August 31, 2019, McDade Independent School District reported its proportionate share of TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 66,996	\$ 19,924
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	21,068	379,309
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	221	-
Change in Proportion and Difference Between the Employer's		
Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	59,114	-
Contributions Paid to TRS Subsequent to the Measurement Date	19,815	-
Total	\$ 167,214	\$ 399,233

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ended	OPEB Expense
August 31,	Amount
2019	\$ (42,335)
2020	(42,335)
2021	(42,335)
2022	(42,377)
2023	(42,401)
Thereafter	(40,051)

For the year ended August 31, 2019, McDade Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$17,411 and revenue of \$64,164 for support provided by the State.

11. FRINGE BENEFITS PAID BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2019 and August 31, 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$8,085 and \$6,155, respectively.

12. FUND BALANCES

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Those fund balance classifications are described below.

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to approval by formal action by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> - For the General Fund, the Board, or an official or body that has been delegated authority by the Board, may appropriate amounts that are to be used for a specific purpose. For all other governmental funds, any remaining positive amounts not previously classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

A detail of the fund balance amounts within each category is included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific purpose by formal action of the Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a resolution approved by the Board. The Board has delegated authority to the Superintendent to assign fund balance for a specific purpose. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

13. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	Non-Major						
	General						
Туре	Fund	Funds	Total				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,100,453	\$ 63,583	\$ 1,164,036				
Investment Income	9,482	346	9,828				
Gifts	7,191	-	7,191				
Food Sales	-	31,708	31,708				
Athletics	7,986	-	7,986				
Enterprising Revenues	-	34,725	34,725				
Miscellaneous Local Revenue	24,753	_	24,753				
Total	\$ 1,149,865	\$ 130,362	\$ 1,280,227				

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management program includes coverages through third party insurance providers for property, automobile liability, school professional liability, crime, workers' compensation, and other miscellaneous bonds. During the year ended August 31, 2019, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Losses in excess of the various deductible levels are covered through traditional indemnity coverage for buildings and contents, and vehicle liability with various insurance firms. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance limits for the past three years.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in a number of federal financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of *Government Auditing Standards* and when applicable, the Uniform Guidance, for the year ended August 31, 2019, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits performed by the specific grantors. These audits, if performed, could result in amounts of expenditures being disallowed by the granting agencies and subject to repayment. The District however expects that such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

16. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION POOL

During the year ended August 31, 2019, McDade Independent School District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

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The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that McDade Independent School District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution. The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year											
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability 0.00059600009		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018			
		005960000%	0.0011062000%		0.0015168763%		0.0	017892142%	0.0018644321%			
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	159,200	\$	391,027	\$	573,205	\$	572,094	\$	1,026,229		
State's Proportionate Share of the District Net Pension Liability		857,029		934,935		1,069,035		1,066,899		1,860,199		
Total Pension Liability	\$	1,016,229	\$	1,325,962	\$	1,642,240	\$	1,638,993	\$	2,886,428		
District's Covered- Employee Payroll	\$	1,403,586	\$	1,344,273	\$	1,607,580	\$	1,967,211	\$	2,093,424		
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		11.3%		29.1%		35.7%		29.1%		49.0%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net Pension Liability		83.25%		78.43%		78.00%		82.17%		73,74%		

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB-68.

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year								
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	31,063	\$	43,743	\$	55,617	\$	61,583	\$ 68,513
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(31,063)		(43,743)		(55,617)		(61,583)	 (68,513)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	1,344,273	\$	1,607,580	\$	1,967,211	\$	2,093,424	\$ 2,381,597
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		2.3%		2.7%		2.8%		2.9%	2.9%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 68 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Measurement Year				
		2017		2018	
District's Proportion of the Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits	0.0024206526% 0.0025			025284948%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$	1,052,651	\$	1,262,501	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability Associated with the District		1,489,667		1,764,016	
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	\$	2,542,318	\$	3,026,517	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,967,211	\$	2,093,424	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		54%		60%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Net OPEB Liability		0.91%		1.57%	

The amounts presented are determined as of the Plan's measurement year which was as of August 31 in each prior calendar year from the District's fiscal year end.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the adoption of GASB-75.

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year					
		2017	2018		2019	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	10,819	\$	15,701	\$	19,815
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(10,819)		(15,701)		(19,815)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	1,967,211	\$	2,093,424	\$	2,381,597
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.5%		0.8%		0.8%

The amounts presented are as of the District's fiscal year end of August 31.

This schedule reflects the available years of data since the inception of GASB 75 and will eventually reflect ten years of data.

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MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Teacher Retirement System

Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for determining the actuarially determined contribution rate and the Net Pension Liability in accordance with GASB-68. Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- The long term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the net pension liability.

Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Plan

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used for funding purposes can be found in the Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan note to the financial statements.

Changes of Benefit Terms

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums

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MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- The total OPEB liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using the roll forward method of the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the TOL.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the TOL.
- The discount rate changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent, as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the total OPEB liability \$2.3 billion.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Conteres of Codes ESEA, Title I, Part B, Part				211		224		225	2	226	N	240 National
Part A Part B P	Data											
ASSETS 1110	Contr	ol	ESE	ESEA, Title I, I		A-Part B,	IDEA	A-Part B,	, IDEA-Part B,		Lunch	
1110	Codes]	Part A	F	ormula	Pre	school	Discr	etionary	Program	
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	ASSE	TS										
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit) -	1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,395	\$	1,132	\$	583	\$	-	\$	19,577
1240 Due from Other Governments 555 7,577 - - 11,239 1260 Due from Other Funds - - - 411 1000A Total Assets \$ 19,950 \$ 8,709 \$ 583 \$ - \$ 31,227 LIABILITIES 2110 Accounts Payable - - * * \$ 331 2160 Accound Wages Payable - 2,511 - - 12,689 2170 Due to Other Funds 19,950 5,928 - - - 2.689 2180 Due to Other Governments - - 583 - 278 - 2200 Accrued Expenditures - 270 - - 278 2000 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 13,298 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2600 Unavailable Revenue - - - - - - - - - <td>1220</td> <td>Property Taxes - Delinquent</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		-		-		-		-		-
1260 Due from Other Funds	1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		-		-		-		-		-
1000A Total Assets \$ 19,950 \$ 8,709 \$ 583 \$ - \$ 31,227	1240	Due from Other Governments		555		7,577		-		-		11,239
LIABILITIES 2110 Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 331 2160 Accrued Wages Payable - 2,511 12,689 2170 Due to Other Funds 19,950 5,928 2180 Due to Other Governments - 583 2200 Accrued Expenditures - 270 278 2000 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 2700 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 2700 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2600 Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted for: 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted Committed for: 3450 Total Fund Balance 3545 Other Committed Fund Balance 3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		411
2110 Accounts Payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 331 2160 Accrued Wages Payable - 2,511 12,689 2170 Due to Other Funds 19,950 5,928 2180 Due to Other Governments 583 2200 Accrued Expenditures 270 278 2200 Accrued Expenditures 270 278 2000 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 13,298 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2600 Unavailable Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND BALANCES Restricted for: 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted 3450 Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed for: 3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	1000A	Total Assets	\$	19,950	\$	8,709	\$	583	\$	-	\$	31,227
2160 Accrued Wages Payable - 2,511 - 12,689 2170 Due to Other Funds 19,950 5,928 - - 2180 Due to Other Governments - - 583 - 2200 Accrued Expenditures - 270 - 278 2000 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 2300 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 2500 Unavailable Revenue - - - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - - - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - - - - FUND BALANCES Restricted for: 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted - - - - - Committed for: 3545 Other Committed Fund Balance - - - - - 3500 Total Fund Balances - - - - - 17,929	LIABI	LITIES										
2170 Due to Other Funds 19,950 5,928 - - - -	2110	Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	331
2180 Due to Other Governments	2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		2,511		-		-		12,689
2200 Accrued Expenditures - 270 - - 278 2000 Total Liabilities 19,950 8,709 583 - 13,298 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2600 Unavailable Revenue -	2170	Due to Other Funds		19,950		5,928		-		-		-
19,950 8,709 583 - 13,298	2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		583		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2600 Unavailable Revenue	2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		270		-		-		278
2600 Unavailable Revenue	2000	Total Liabilities		19,950	-	8,709		583		-		13,298
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					•					
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted 17,929 3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	2600	Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for: 3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted - - - - 17,929 3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed for: - 17,929 3000 Total Fund Balances - - - - - 17,929		Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-		-
3450 Federal or State Funds Restricted - - - - 17,929 3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed for: - 17,929 3000 Total Fund Balances - - - - - 17,929	FUND	BALANCES										
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed for: - 17,929		Restricted for:										
Committed for: 3545 Other Committed Fund Balance - - - - - - 17,929 3000 Total Fund Balances - - - - 17,929	3450	Federal or State Funds Restricted		-		-		-		-		17,929
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance - - - - - - - 17,929 3000 Total Fund Balances - - - - - 17,929	3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		-		-		-
3000 Total Fund Balances 17,929		Committed for:										
	3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		-
4000 Total Liab. Def. Inflows, and Fund Balances \$ 19.950 \$ 8.709 \$ 583 \$ - \$ 31.227	3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		-		17,929
1000 1000 200 μmio i o, and 1 and 2	4000	Total Liab., Def. Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	19,950	\$	8,709	\$	583	\$	-	\$	31,227

255			288		289	í	385	4	129		461		599			
				E	ederally		state lemental		Funded ecial	(Campus			Т	otal Non- Major	
ESE	A, Title	Title	e IV, Part		ded Spec.		sually	_	venue		ctivity	Del	ot Service	Gov	Governmental	
	Part A		Subpart 1		ev. Fund		paired		unds		Funds		Fund	Go	Funds	
			1				•									
\$	5,347	\$	-	\$	20,893	\$	-	\$	458	\$	13,568	\$	74,122	\$	155,075	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		7,577		7,577	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		(759)		(759)	
	3,280		2,140		-		-		-		-		-		24,791	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		411	
\$	8,627	\$	2,140	\$	20,893	\$	-	\$	458	\$	13,568	\$	80,940	\$	187,095	
\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	331	
Ψ	2,342	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	17,542	
	6,037		2,140		20,893		_		458		_		16,571		71,977	
	-		-		-		-		-		_		-		583	
	248		-		-		-		-		-		-		796	
	8,627		2,140		20,893		-		458		-		16,571		91,229	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		6,818		6,818	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		6,818		6,818	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		17,929	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		57,551		57,551	
	-		-		-		-		-		13,568		-		13,568	
	-		-		-		-		-		13,568		57,551		89,048	
\$	8,627	\$	2,140	\$	20,893	\$	-	\$	458	\$	13,568	\$	80,940	\$	187,095	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data	Data		211		224	2	225		226	240	
Contr	rol	ESEA. Title I.		IDE	A-Part B,	IDEA	-Part B,	IDEA-Part B,		Bre	Vational akfast and Lunch
Codes	3		Part A	F	ormula	Pres	school	Disci	etionary	Program	
REVE	ENUES										
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,708
5800	State Program Revenues		-		-		-		-		8,055
5900	Federal Program Revenues		112,283		48,907		181		2,500		155,885
5020	Total Revenues		112,283		48,907		181		2,500		195,648
EXPI	ENDITURES										
0011	Instruction		57,138		48,907		181		2,000		-
0013	Curriculum & Instructional Staff Dev.		48,262		-		-		500		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		6,883		-		-		-		-
0035	Food Services		-		-		-		-		238,106
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-		-
0071	Debt Service - Principal		-		-		-		-		-
0072	Debt Service - Interest		-		-		-		-		-
6030	Total Expenditures		112,283		48,907		181		2,500		238,106
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_		-		-		-		(42,458)
ОТН	ER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
7915	Transfers In		-		-		-		-		44,597
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		44,597
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		2,139
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		-		-		15,790
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,929

	255	288	289 Federally	385 State Supplemental	429 State Funded Special	461 Campus	599	Total Non- Major	
	EA, Title	Title IV, Part	•	Visually	Revenue	Activity	Debt Service	Governmental	
II,	, Part A	A, Subpart 1	Rev. Fund	Imp aired	Funds	Funds	Fund	Funds	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,725	\$ 63,929	\$ 130,362	
	-	-	-	514	6,300	-	33,073	47,942	
	15,147	10,000	32,748	-	-			377,651	
	15,147	10,000	32,748	514	6,300	34,725	97,002	555,955	
	11,983	10,000	32,748	514	3,300	-	-	166,771	
	3,164	-	-	-	3,000	-	-	54,926	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,883	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	238,106	
	-	-	-	-	-	35,074	-	35,074	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	65,000	65,000	
	-	_	-	-		-	29,075	29,075	
	15,147	10,000	32,748	514	6,300	35,074	94,075	595,835	
	-	-	-	-	-	(349)	2,927	(39,880)	
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,597	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,597	
	-	-	-	-	-	(349)	2,927	4,717	
	-	-	-	-	-	13,917	54,624	84,331	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,568	\$ 57,551	\$ 89,048	

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2	3 Assessed/Appraised		
Last 10 Years Er	nded	Tax Ra	tes	Value for School		
August 31,		Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
2010	and prior years	Various	Various	Various		
2011		1.0400	0.06990	\$ 70,085,569		
2012		1.0400	0.06890	70,148,772		
2013		1.0400	0.06890	71,981,119		
2014		1.0400	0.06890	72,830,403		
2015		1.0400	0.06890	73,443,322		
2016		1.0400	0.07906	75,275,499		
2017		1.0400	0.05809	83,588,082		
2018		1.0400	0.06467	90,176,629		
2019	(School year under audit)	1.0600	0.06000	105,904,203		
	TOTALS					

	10	20	31	32	40	50		
В	eginning	Current			Entire	Ending		
]	Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance		
	9/1/18	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	8/31/19		
\$	18,749	\$ -	\$ 1,838	\$ 124	\$ (1,291)	\$ 15,496		
	5,495	-	1,323	89	-	4,083		
	4,140	-	275	18	-	3,847		
	5,897	-	370	25	-	5,502		
	6,262	-	275	18	-	5,969		
	7,452	-	275	18	-	7,159		
	14,984	-	1,688	128	-	13,168		
	16,944	-	1,749	98	(1,665)	13,432		
	33,224	-	8,563	532	(3,128)	21,001		
	-	1,186,127	1,068,470	60,479	(18,405)	38,773		
\$	113,147	\$ 1,186,127	\$ 1,084,826	\$ 61,529	\$ (24,489)	\$ 128,430		

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CHILD NUTRITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data						1	Actual		
Control			Budgeted	Am	ounts	Amounts		Variance With	
Codes		C	Original		Final	(GA.	AP BASIS)	Fin	al Budget
REVE	NUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$	31,708	\$	(4,292)
5800	State Program Revenues		9,472		9,472		8,055		(1,417)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		155,000		155,000		155,885		885
5020	Total Revenues		200,472		200,472		195,648		(4,824)
EXPE	NDITURES								
0035	Food Services		269,535		269,535		238,106		31,429
6030	Total Expenditures		269,535		269,535		238,106		31,429
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
	Over (Under) Expenditures		(69,063)		(69,063)		(42,458)		26,605
OTHE	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7915	Transfers In		69,063		69,063		44,597		(24,466)
7080	Total Other Finance Sources (Uses)		69,063		69,063		44,597		(24,466)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		2,139		2,139
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)		15,790		15,790		15,790		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$	15,790	\$	15,790	\$	17,929	\$	2,139

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data							Actual		
Control			Budgeted	l Am	ounts	Amounts		Variance With	
Codes		C	Original		Final	(GA	AP BASIS)	Fina	al Budget
REVE	NUES								
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$	65,261	\$	65,261	\$	63,929	\$	(1,332)
5800	State Program Revenues		32,607		32,607		33,073		466
5020	Total Revenues		97,868		97,868		97,002		(866)
EXPE	NDITURES								
Deb	t Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		65,000		65,000		65,000		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		29,075		29,075		29,075		-
6030	Total Expenditures		94,075		94,075		94,075		-
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
	Over (Under) Expenditures		3,793		3,793		2,927		(866)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		3,793		3,793		2,927		(866)
0100	Fund Balance-September 1 (Beginning)		54,624		54,624		54,624		-
3000	Fund Balance-August 31 (Ending)	\$	58,417	\$	58,417	\$	57,551	\$	(866)
				_					

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		R	1 esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Fiancial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Comission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies as applicable?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds included in the government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	-
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end	\$	-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end	\$	1,026,229
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end	\$	-

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of McDade Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDade Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise McDade Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered McDade Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McDade Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McDade Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McDade Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Singleton, Clark & Company, PC

Cedar Park, Texas

November 15, 2019

MCDADE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: \boxtimes No Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes \boxtimes No FEDERAL AWARDS Under the guidelines of the federal Uniform Guidance, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended August 31, 2019 due to expenditures of federal awards being below \$750,000. SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS Findings Related to Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards: No findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards for the years ended August 31, 2019 and 2018. SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Findings Related to Federal Awards Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Uniform Guidance: Not applicable.