Bug Bounty Walkthrough

How I did my first bug bounty in Twitter

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Second, I'd like to express my gratitude to my parents and friends, who were invaluable in assisting me in completing my work in the allotted time.

Assessment Objectives

This assignment was completed for the Web Security module in the second year, second semester of the second year. I was given the task of conducting a security evaluation of the website http://twitter.com. The primary goal of this assignment is to identify potential security vulnerabilities in the target domain that could result in a breach of security, and to categorize those vulnerabilities according to the level of risk they pose.

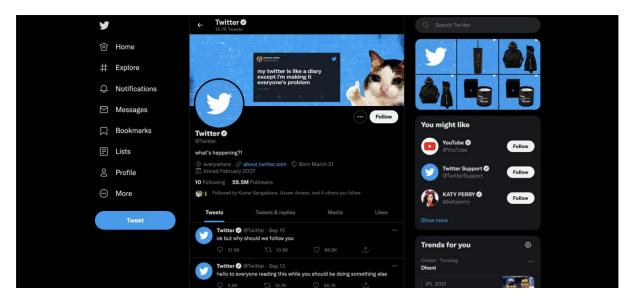
Introduction

In my hunt for bug bounty programs on Hacker One, I came across a bug bounty program for the social media platform Twitter. I have selected this as my assignment in second year second semester web security module.

hackerone Link: https://hackerone.com/twitter?type=team

Overview of the Twitter.

Twitter is one of the most widely used social media platforms, and it is mostly used for microblogging and short messages. In 2006, Jack Dorsey, Noah Glass, Biz Stone, and Evan Williams founded the social networking site Twitter. Mr. Jack Dorsey serves as the company's chief executive officer at the moment.



The primary goal of this project is to detect vulnerabilities in the Twitter platform and identify the relevant risks to those vulnerabilities. The auditing scope will be limited for domains that are published by twitter in hackerone.

In scope domains

- 1) *.twitter.com
- 2) *. vine.co
- 3) *. periscope.tv
- 4) *. pscp.tv
- 5) *.twimg.com
- 6) gnip.com
- 7) mopub.com
- 8) niche.co

9) snappytv.com

10) twitterflightschool.com

| Domain | *.twitter.com | — Critical |
|--------|-------------------------|------------|
| Domain | *.vine.co | — Critical |
| Domain | *.periscope.tv | — Critical |
| Domain | *.pscp.tv | — Critical |
| Domain | *.twimg.com | — Critical |
| Domain | gnip.com | — Critical |
| Domain | mopub.com | — Critical |
| Domain | niche.co | Critical |
| Domain | snappytv.com | Critical |
| Domain | twitterflightschool.com | Medium |

Out Of Scope Domains

1) Status.twitter.com

Out Of Scope Vulnerabilities

- Physical attacks on a user's device
- Physical attacks on Twitter's property or data centers
- Forms with missing CSRF tokens (we require evidence of actual CSRF vulnerability)
- Password and account recovery policies, such as expiration of reset links or password complexity
- Invalid or missing SPF (Sender Policy Framework) data

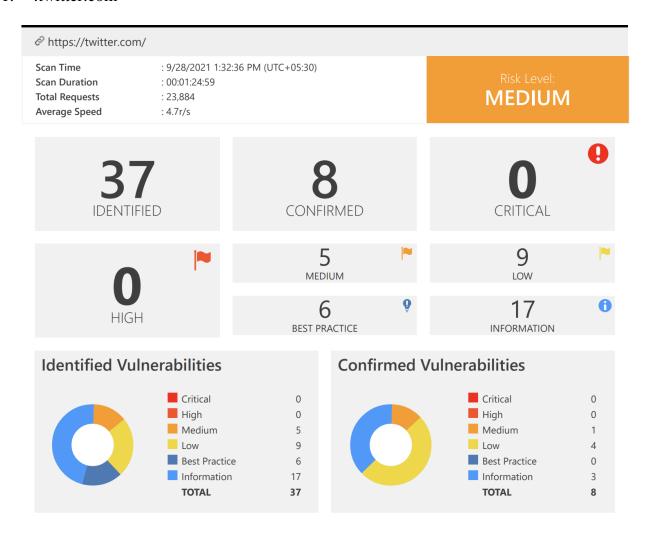
- Content spoofing / text injection
- Issues with applications or protocols outside of Twitter's control
- Spam reports
- Bypassing URL malware detection
- Issues with no clearly recognized security impact, such as clickjacking on a static website, missing security headers, or detailed error messages
- Social engineering of Twitter employees or contractors
- Network or application layer issues that cause a Denial of Service (DoS) to Twitter's servers.
- Broken URLs from Twitter blog posts, press releases, or support articles that lead to unclaimed Twitter Handles or a site where the controlled contents cannot be downloaded to the victim's disk.
- Issues with unlocking client-side capabilities in Twitter programs that have been changed, rooted, or jailbroken.

Risk Level Information

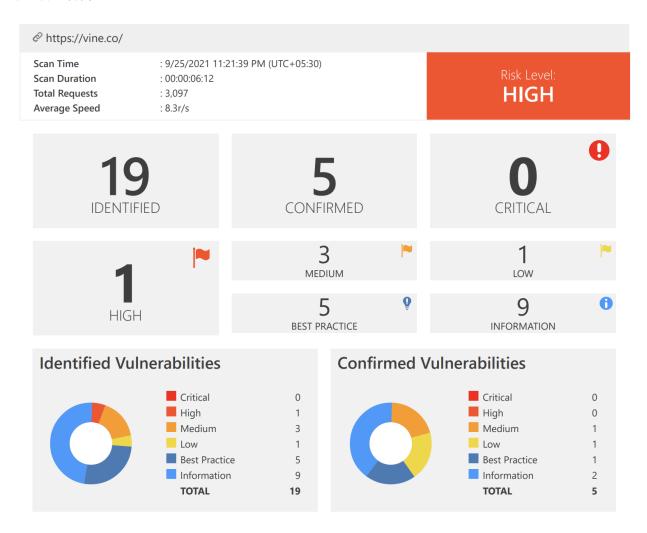
| High | This indicates that the highest level of risk is associated with a specific vulnerability. When a vulnerability is classified as high-risk, there is a high likelihood that an attacker will attempt to exploit it. The attacker's actions may result in the modification or destruction of data from the web application. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Medium | This indicates that a specific vulnerability is associated with a medium risk level. By taking advantage of these types of vulnerabilities, an attacker can obtain access to sensitive information at a low level. | |
| Low | This indicates that a given vulnerability is associated with a low risk level. If an attacker succeeds in exploiting a low-level vulnerability, the resulting impact on the web application will be minimal. The attacker may be able to obtain some insight into the web application. | |
| Informative | The risk level associated with these types of vulnerabilities is quite low. | |

Vulnerability Overview

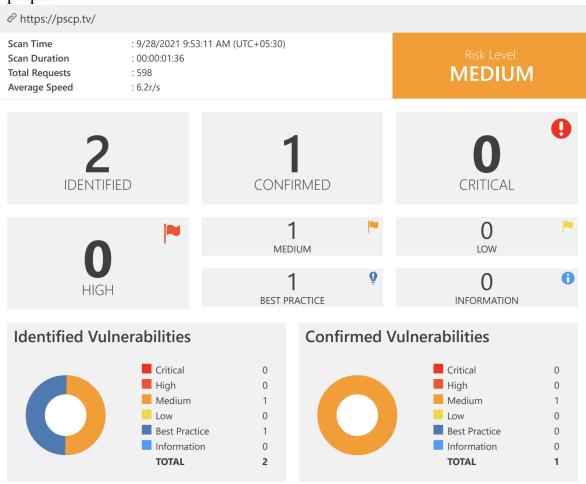
1. *.twitter.com



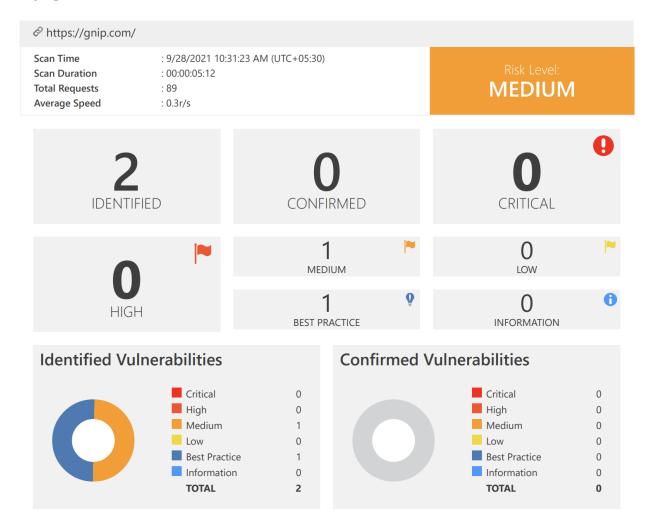
2. *.vine.co



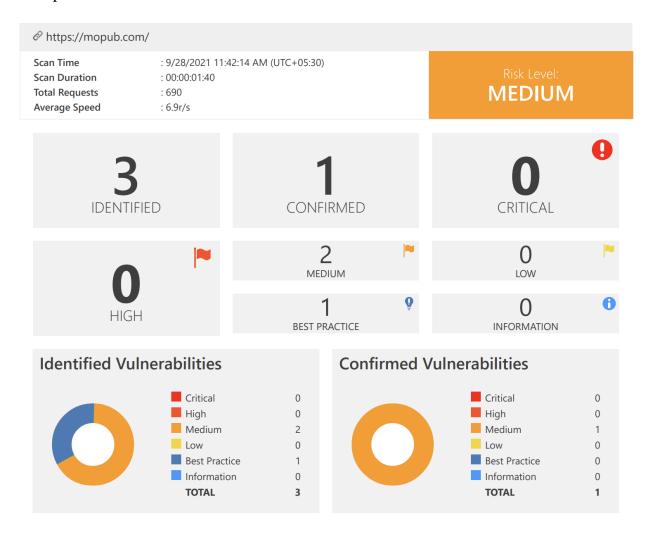
3. *.pscp.tv



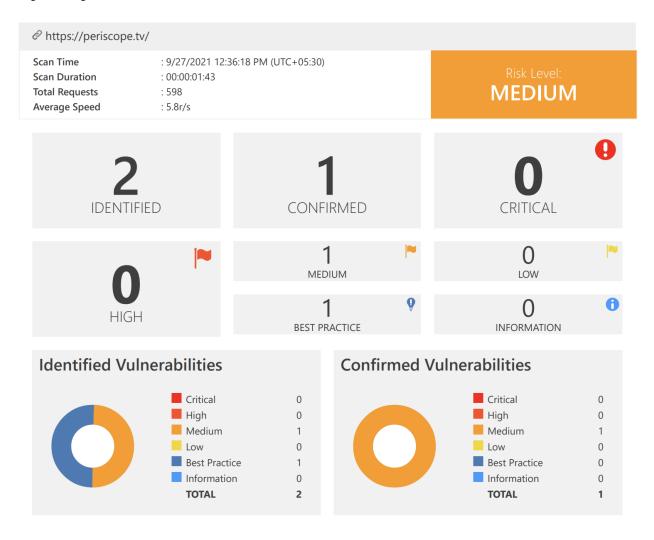
4. gnip.com



5. mopub.com



6. periscope.tv



Information Gathering

Information gathering is one of the most important stage in bug bounty process. Pen testers are gathered all the publicly available information about the website. This Information gathering process is also known as reconnaissance phrase. Hacker one and all other bug bounty platforms publish all the in-scope domains and out scope domains. Pen testers mainly focused about in-scope websites and tend to collect as much as possible information about the relevant company. Information gathering can be done is two ways.

- 1. Passive: This refers to collect publicly available information and other data without contacting the target web site or application
- 2. Active: This refers to collect information by contacting target web application or website.

For this assignment, I will use passive information gathering technique.

Subdomain Enumeration

Subdomain Enumeration is the process of finding valid and resolvable subdomains for one or more domains. For subdomain enumeration process I have used several tools.

- 1. Sublist3r
- 2. Recon –ng
- 3. Crt.sh

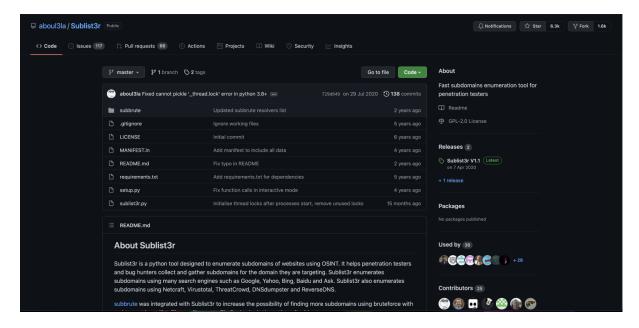
Sublist3r

This tool is created using python and most of the pen testers and bug bounty hunter use to collect subdomain for the domain they are targeting.

First, I have installed sublist3r to my virtual machine.

To install this, I have visited to below GitHub page and then I have cloned it to my machine.

GitHub Link: https://github.com/aboul3la/Sublist3r



```
[x]-[chethine@chethine-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~]
$git clone https://www.github.com/aboul3la/Sublist3r.git
```

Then after cloning process, Next, I installed pip to my virtual machine.

```
__[chethine@chethine-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~/Sublist3r]
_____$sudo pip install -r requirements.txt
```

As mentioned before sublist3r is python tool. In that case, install python to the machine as well.

```
[chethine@chethine-vmwarevirtualplatform] [[]/Sublist3r]ready satisf:
-- $sudo apt-get install -y python3-pip(t (line 1)) (1.4.0)
```

Then I have entered python sublist3r.py -h to view the help options.

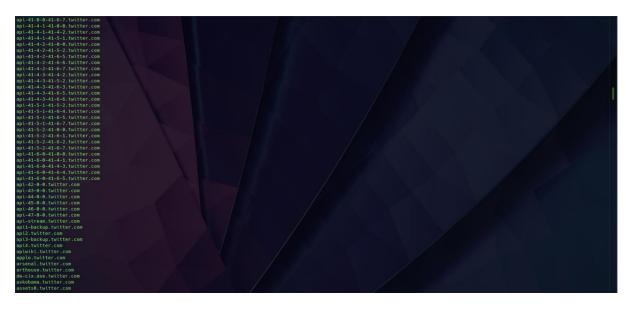
```
-[x]-[chethine@chethine-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~/Sublist3r] $python sublist3r.py -h
```

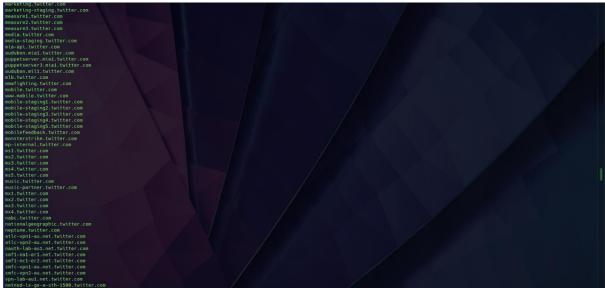
After that, to check this tool I have entered python sublist3r.py -d gmail.com to get subdomain of entered domain.

Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of twitter.com

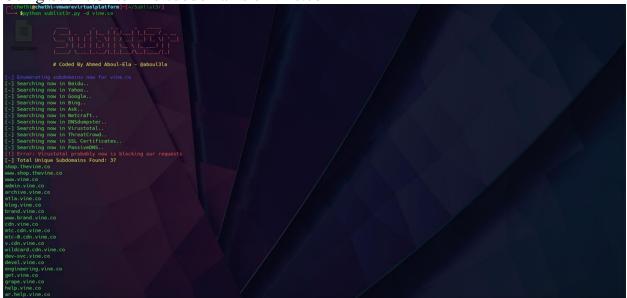


Total of 961 unique subdomains has been found.





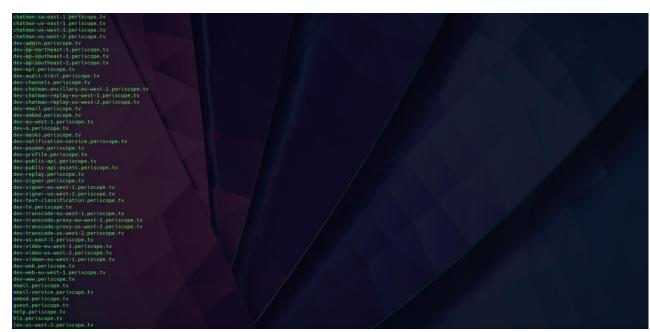
Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of vine.co

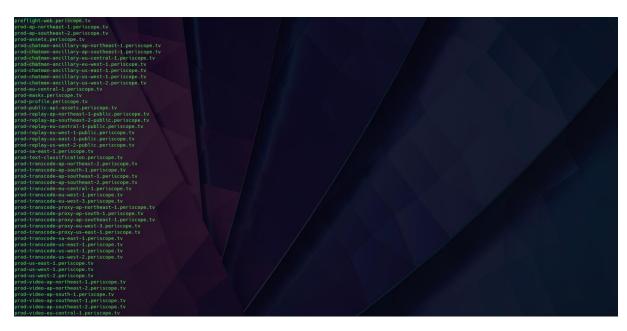




Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of periscope.tv

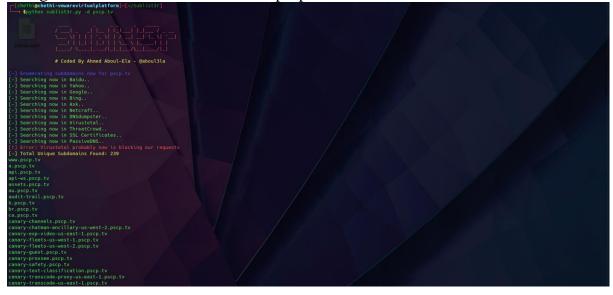


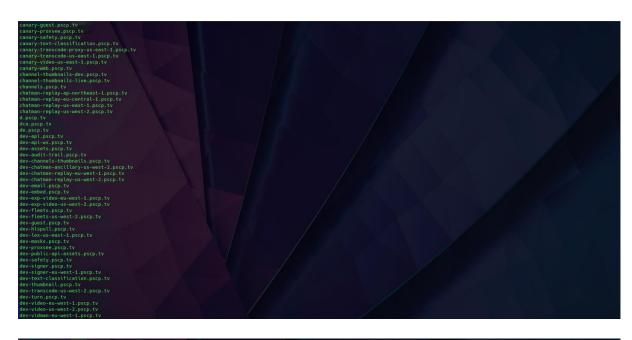


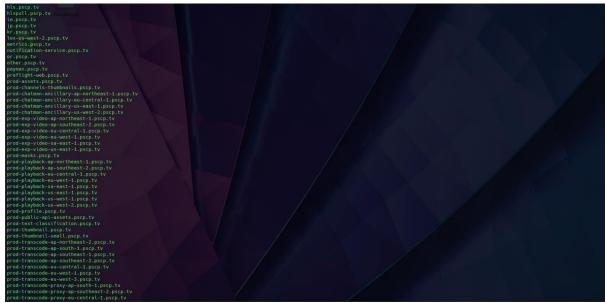




Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of pscp.tv









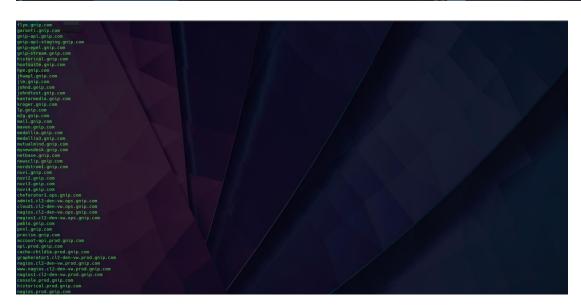




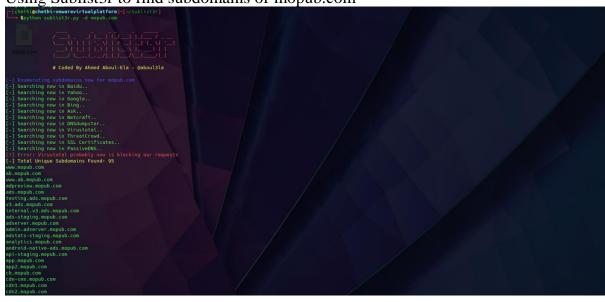


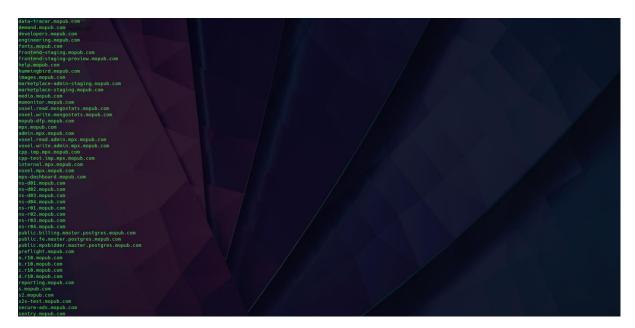




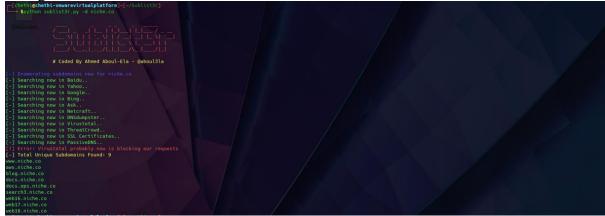


Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of mopub.com

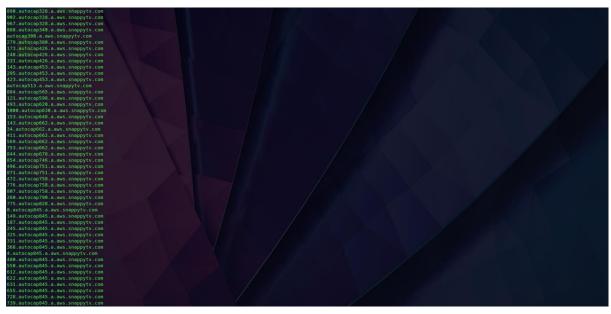


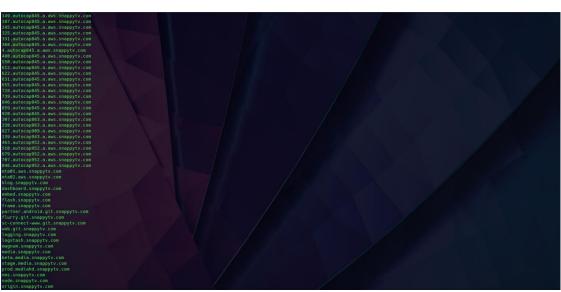


Using Sublist3r to find subdomains of niche.co











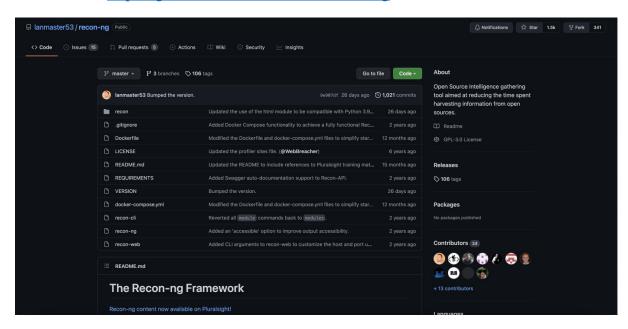


Recon -ng

Recon-ng is also a python-based tool. This tool is one of the widely used tool because it provides a powerful environment and also its interface is similar to the Metasploit as well.

Like the sublist3r this tool is can clone from GitHub to your machine.

GitHub link: https://github.com/lanmaster53/recon-ng



```
-[chethi@chethi-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~]
READ $gitcolone https://github.com/lanmaster53/recon-ng
```

Then I have open the recon-ng directory.

```
[chethi@chethi-vmwarevirtualplatform]—[~]

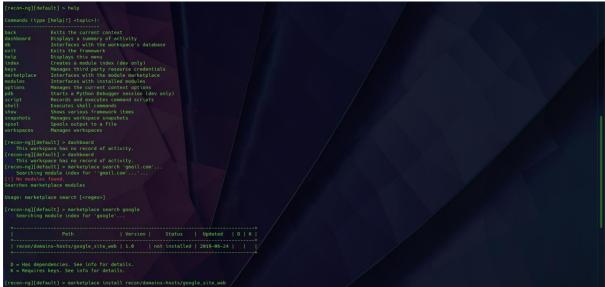
HEAD $cdicrecon-ng
```

After that, I have installed pip by using pip install -r REQUIREMENTS command

```
-[x]-[chethi@chethi-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~]
$pip install -r REQUIREMENTS
```

Then installation will complete and can open by giving recon-ng command







Then I used recon-ng tool to find subdomains in twitter.com. Before that step we have set twitter.com as the host in recon-ng.

```
[recon-ng][default][google_stte_web] > options unset source

SOURCE => None: aniin_dustiner.com
[recon-ng][default][google_stte_web] > info

Author: time fones (elammasters)

Version: 1.0 elammasters)

Version: 1.0 elammasters)

Description: com
| Harvests hosts from Google_com by using the 'site' search operator. Updates the 'hosts' table with
| the results.com
| options: com time fones (elammasters)
| Source | com time fones | com time fones
```

After setting up the domain, give run command to proceed forward.

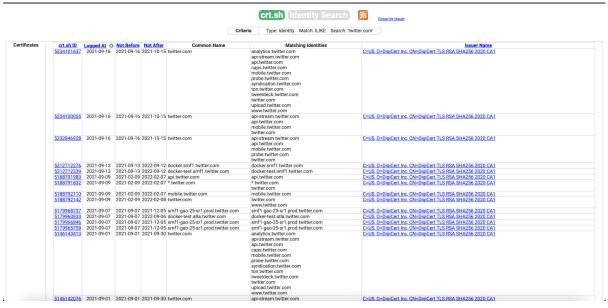
```
Trescon-inglidefaulti[gengle_site_web] > run

TRITER.COM:

TRITER.COM:
```

Crt.sh

This tool is a web interface known as certificate transparency log. Anyone can find certificates of any domain with a pattern. In that case I have searched using term of "twitter.com" to find sub domains.

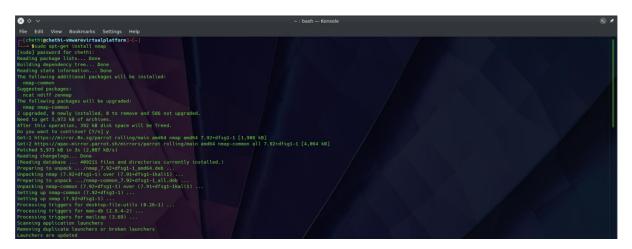


Find Open Ports and Running Devices on The Target Network

Nmap

Nmap is used to find hosts and services on a particular computer network by sending packets and analysing the responses. This tool is free, and it is created by Gordon Lyon in 1997.

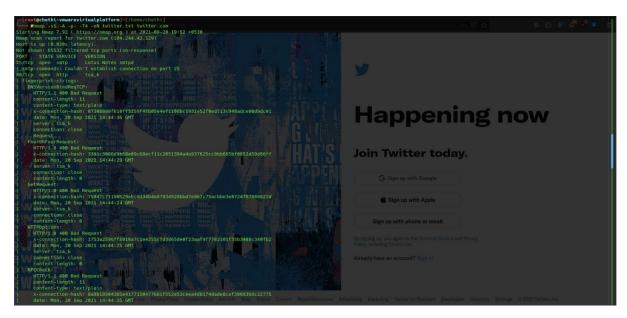
Before using this tool, first we must install it to our machine. For that enter sudo aptget Nmap on the terminal and then give password. Normally it takes two minutes for the installation process.

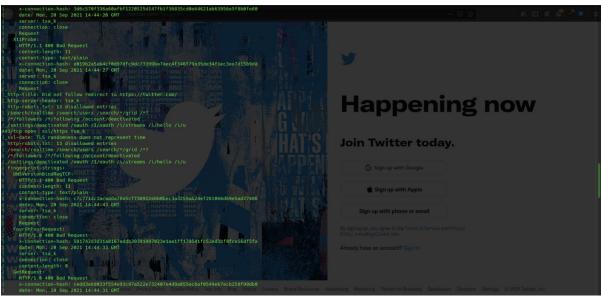


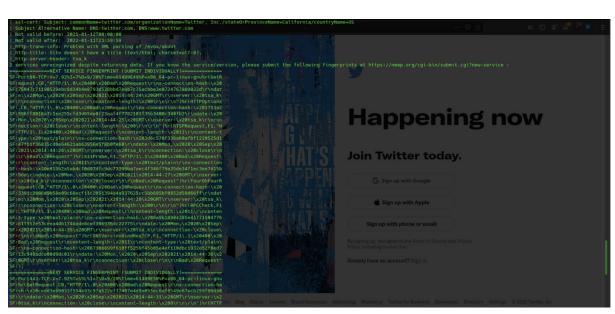
Then to check is it install correctly or not, type nmap and observe the output.

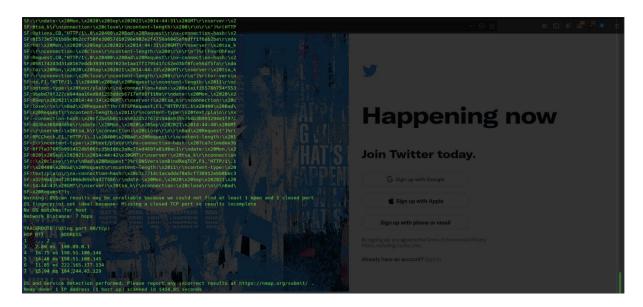


After Completing installation process, I have entered command to Nmap to find open ports and running devices on twitter.com which is target URL.









<u>Click here</u> to view the results of Nmap scan.

Finding open ports and running devices on vine.co

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Asymmetry inter-symbol ()

Asymmetry inter-symbol ()

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Finding open ports and running devices on pscp.tv

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7/1.1 483 Forbidden
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:: Mon, 11 Oct 2021 10:443:0 GHT
renr=Policy: origin
ct-Transport-Security: max-age-1088460000; includeSubDomains; preload
: Accept-Encolevistics: ALLOW-FROM https://twitter.com/
riscope-Wab-Version: 3
riscope-Wab-Version: 6
riscope-Wab-Version: 6
riscope-Wab-Version: 6
riscope-Wab-Version: 7
riscope-Wab-Versi
rousst, XtBrobe:
//1.1 400 ABD REQUEST
ent-tempth: 0
ection: Close
let Did not follow redirect to https://pscp.tv/
en ssl/https
let Did not follow redirect to https://www.pscp.tv/
idulyect.commonRed=-pscp.tv, DNS:pscp.tv d
doublect.commonRed=-pscp.tv, DNS:pscp.tv d
doublect.commonRed=-pscp.tv, DNS:pscp.tv
d before: 2021-07-081708-08180
d after: 2022-07-20721359159
int-strings:
FourMequest:
//1.1 302 Found
ent-Type: text/plain; charset-utf-8
i Mon, 11 Oct 2021 10:44238 GHT
int-on: https://www.172.27.7.174/n/ceh20portsh2C/Trih6Elty.txth2ebak
ct-Transport-security: max-age-18886480800; includeSubDomains; preload
intent-Type-Options: nosiniff
winload-Options: noopen
ams-Options: ALLOM-FROM https://twitter.com/
riscope--Meb-Version: 3
telialt-Lisit: 3880
s-Frotection: 1; node=block
entine: Close
d. Redirecting to https://www.172.27.7.174/niceh20portsh2C/Trih6Elty.txth2ebak
uct.un: Close
double-11 double-12 double-1
```

```
Finding open ports and running devices on gnip.com

[Prodechist-connecticus] And the second of the s
```

Finding open ports and running devices on mopub.com

```
st
uurRequest:
1.0 400 Bad Request
nection-hash: aa10bae729d1507e53Ba346cfc2962dc612c766b70aBacce15b214475eaf74ca
ff, 10 ct 2621 10:44:49 GMT
ff tsa.b
ttclar: clase
ttclar: clase
```

```
ontent-length: it
ontent-type: text/plain
-connection-habi: 55f1d660d233f1b050c805faa92207349c5b380304435ac753d1544aa67b1cd
inte: Mon, il Oct 2021 10:44:55 GMT
erver: tsab
onnection: close
          t
tracquest:
.0 480 Bad Request
ection-hash: 40d73b67b7bee34b957f69f8218bf1907de4278667f62fb7f02b8d5c0c1a13d0
```

```
**Commerction*hash: 7a55cc238f3a656f754c8b65171b03d1abse2f68582aa36a811d433822492c
date: Non, 11 Oct 2821.184d311 Oct
connection; Close
Request
Fourdhrow/Request
**Commerction*hash: 4867307677ee4b757f69f21bbf19976e4278667f62f87f893865cc1a1369
date: Non, 11 Oct 2821.184d356 Oct
content-longth: 8
Content-longth: 8
Content-longth: 8
Content-longth: 8
Content-longth: 9
Content-longth: 11
Content-longth: 11
Content-longth: 11
Content-longth: 11
Content-longth: 11
```

```
office of the set of t
```



Finding open ports and running devices on snappytv.com

Finding open ports and running devices on twitterflightschool.com

```
Treatgehathic was a recommendation of the provided by the prov
```

Finding open ports and running devices on twimg.com

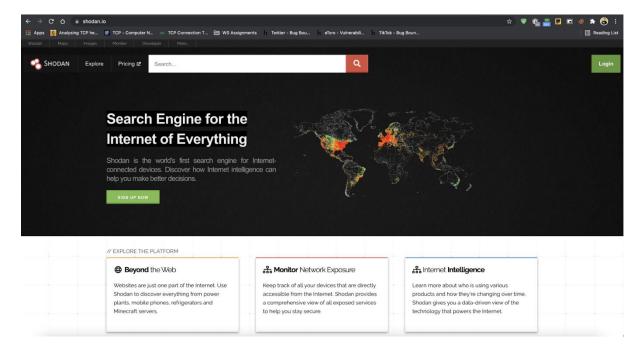
```
tgchethi-unwarevirtualplatform]-[/home/chethi]
nump -s5 -A -p- -74 -oh twing.txt twing.com
ng Rmap 7.92 ( https://map.org ) at 2021-0-11 15:23 +0530
to resolve "twing.com"
G: No targets were specified, so 0 hosts scanned.
one: 0 IP addresses (0 hosts up) scanned in 3.77 seconds
```

Public Device Enumeration

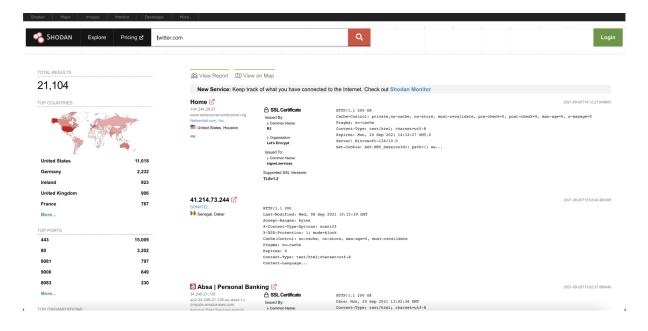
Shodan.io

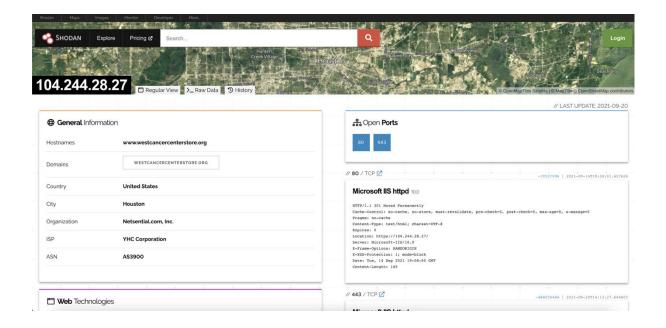
Shodan.io is one of the most popular search engines used to find devices which are connected over the internet. The main difference between Shodan and google is, Google used to find webpages and Shodan tries to the find devices which are connected over a public IP address.

Website Link: https://www.shodan.io/



We use shodan.io to collect details about web server and other relevant information about the target.





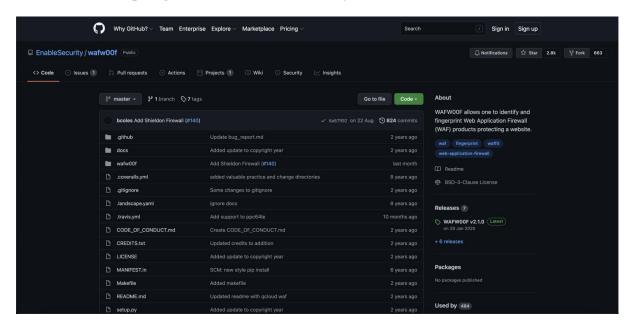
Check The Status of Firewall Protection In Target Domains

For this check-up I used wafw00f tool.

Wafw00f

Wafw00f is one of the widely used web application firewall detection tool. Wafw00f is a python tool, and it finds firewalls of web applications by analysing the responses. First, I installed that tool to my machine. To do that I have cloned wafw00f from GitHub.

GitHub Link: https://github.com/EnableSecurity/wafw00f



Then I have followed below steps to complete the installation process.

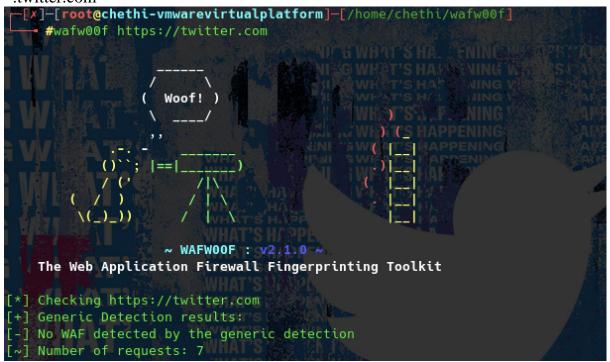




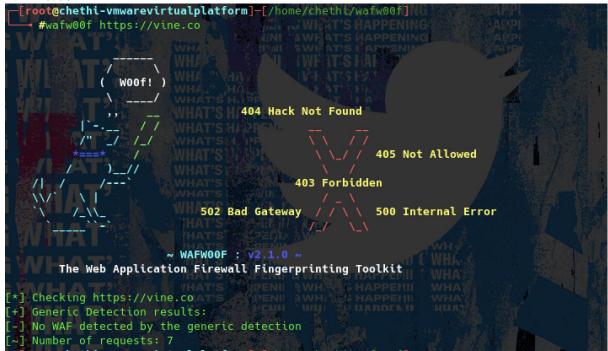
After completing the installation process. I have entered my in-scope domains to check the status of firewall detection.

Results of wafw00f

*.twitter.com



*. vine.co



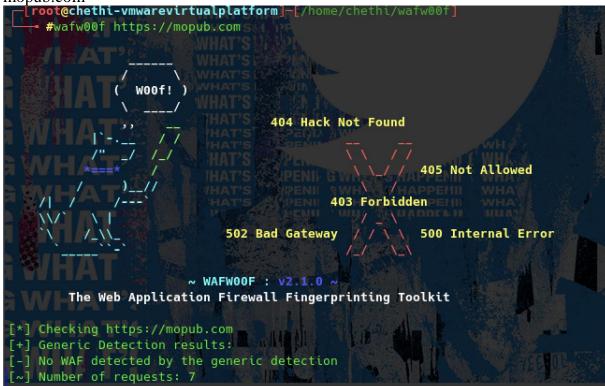
*. periscope.tv



*. pscp.tv



mopub.com



*.twimg.com

This domain output error.



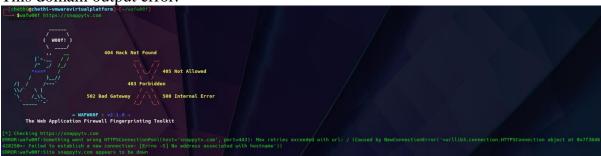
*.niche.co

This domain output error.



*.snappytv.com

This domain output error.





Vulnerability Scanning Tool

Nikto

Nikto is a web scanner which is used to scan web servers. This tool is free and open source. Mainly nikto scans for dangerous files, outdated versions and versions specific problems. However, nikto is not a stealthy web scanning tool because it tests the webserver in the quickest way possible.

To check the in-scope domains I have used nikto –h <domain> command structure and to save the results I have modified the command like nikto –h <domain> -o <name.txt>. I provided the links to view the output text files in each domain.

Results of Nikto

*.twitter.com

```
| Chebit | C
```

Click here to view the output of *.twitter.com

*. vine.co

```
| Comparison | Com
```

Click here to view the output of *. vine.co

*. periscope.tv

```
| Fichal Right Hath - Common in the principle of the highest principle
```

<u>Click here</u> to view the output of *. periscope.tv

*. pscp.tv

<u>Click here</u> to view the output of *. pscp.tv

*.twimg.com

```
[chethiechethi-vmwarevirtualplatform]-[~]
    $nikto -h https://twimgicomo-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktotwimgitxtooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooono-o'niktooo
```

<u>Click here</u> to view the output of *.twimg.com

gnip.com

<u>Click here</u> to view the output of gnip.com

mopub.com

```
-[-hethig-hethi-wmaravirtualplatform]-[-]
- #hitto-in hitps://mopub.com -o niktonepub.txt
Nikto v2.1.6
- #hitto-in hitps://mopub.com -o niktonepub.txt
- #hitto-in hitps://mopub.com -o niktonepub.txt
- #hitto-in hitps://mopub.com
- #hitto-in hitps
```

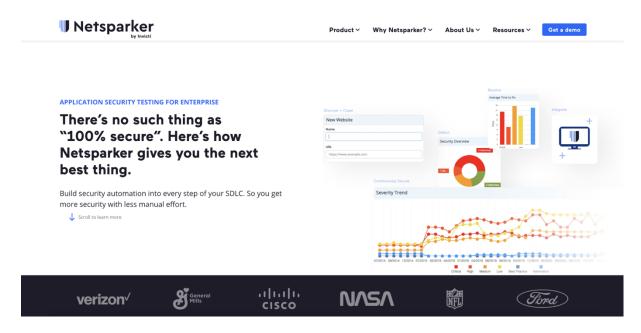
<u>Click here</u> to view the output of mopub.com

Netsparker

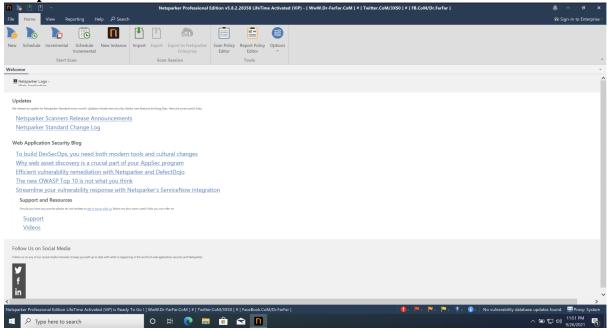
Netsparker is one of the widely used vulnerability identification tool among pen testers and bug bounty hunters. Netsparker is web application security solution which is used to identify vulnerabilities automatically. It is first released to the market in the 2009. Ferruh Mavituna is the founder and current CEO of the Netsparker.

This tool is very popular because we do not want have access to source code, do not need to install an agent or specialized software. Netsparker is available as desktop software and it available as multi-user cloud-based service.

Link: https://www.netsparker.com/product/

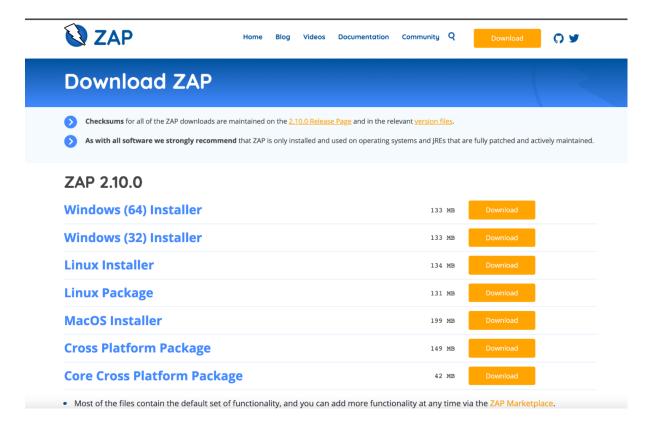


Netsparker Interface



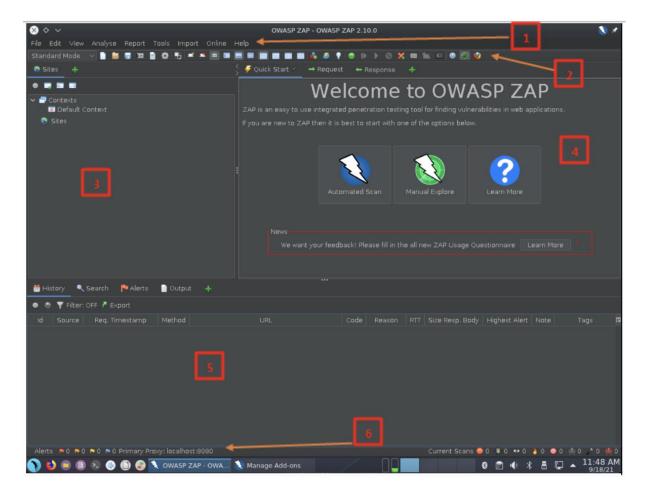
OWASP ZAP

Like Netsparker, OWASP ZAO is also one of widely used web app scanner. You can download OWASP ZAP by going to this link. Then you can choose the correct download file according to your operating system.



First, let's look at what OWASP ZAP is. OWASP ZAP is an open-source web application security scanner. The main goal of Zap is to allow easy penetration testing to find the vulnerabilities in web applications. It is one of the most widely used web app scanners in the world. Both beginners and pentester experts use OWASP ZAP.

After installing OWASP ZAP to the Parrot OS, we can open it, and its interface will look like this.



- 1. Menu bar This bar is used to access automated and manual tools.
- 2. Toolbar This provides easy access to commonly used access.
- 3. Tree Window Displays the Sites tree and the Scripts tree.
- 4. Workspace window Show requests, responses, and scripts and allow editing of them.
- 5. Information Window Show all the information of automated and manual tools.
- 6. Footer Show summary of the alerts.

Burp Suite Professional

As we discussed before Burp Suite is another set of tools which used for penetration testing of web apps. Ports-wigger has developed this tool. Mainly burp suite has three editions and they are community edition, professional edition, enterprise edition. Community edition is available free and we have to pay subscription fee for professional and enterprise editions.

Link: https://portswigger.net/burp

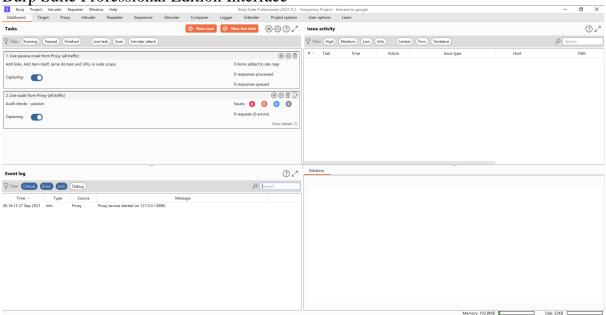


Burp Suite is the choice of security professionals worldwide

Join the community of over 14,000 organizations using Burp Suite to secure the web and speed up software delivery.



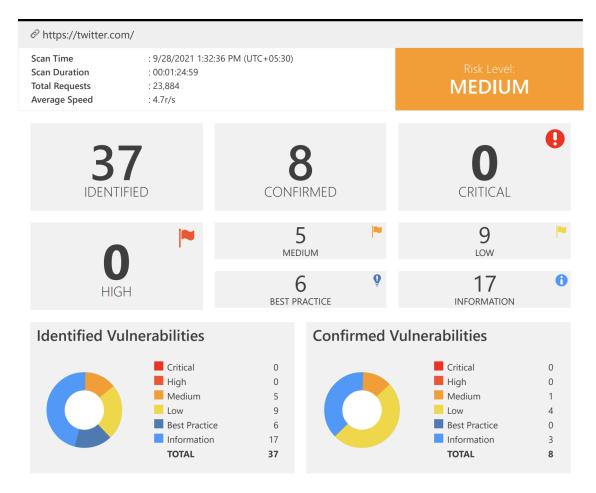
Burp Suite Professional Edition Interface

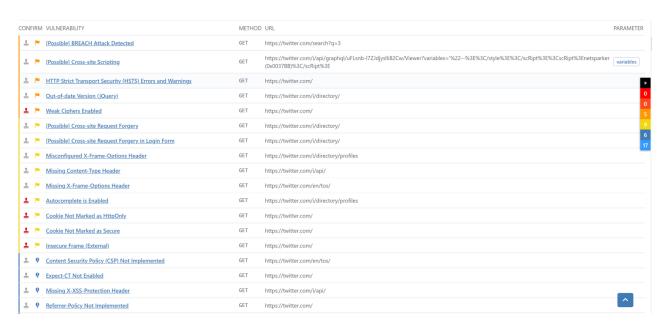


Vulnerability Scanning

To the vulnerability scanning purpose I have used Netsparker professional version.

Vulnerability Summary





| <u>+</u> 9 | Referrer-Policy Not Implemented | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
|------------|--|-----|--|
| ± 0 | SameSite Cookie Not Implemented | GET | https://twitter.com/i/js_inst?c_name=ui_metrics |
| ± 0 | Subresource Integrity (SRI) Not Implemented | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | [Possible] Internal Path Disclosure (Windows) | GET | https://twitter.com/c/5.js |
| ± 0 | [Possible] Login Page Identified | GET | https://twitter.com/i/directory/profiles |
| ± 0 | An Unsafe Content Security Policy (CSP) Directive in Use | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | Apple's App-Site Association (AASA) Detected | GET | https://twitter.com/.well-known/apple-app-site-association |
| ± 0 | Content Security Policy (CSP) Nonce Without Matching Script Block | GET | https://twitter.com/en/tos |
| ± 0 | Crossdomain.xml Detected | GET | https://twitter.com/crossdomain.xml |
| ± 0 | data: Used in a Content Security Policy_(CSP) Directive | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | Disabled X-XSS-Protection Header | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | ExpressJS Identified | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 6 | No Script Block Detected with the Hash Value Declared in Content Security Policy (CSP) | GET | https://twitter.com/en/tos |
| ± 0 | Nonce Usage Detected in Content Security Policy_(CSP) Directive | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | OpenSearch.xml Detected | GET | https://twitter.com/opensearch.xml |
| ± 0 | Weak Nonce Detected in Content Security Policy (CSP) Declaration | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 6 | Wildcard Detected in Domain Portion of Content Security Policy (CSP) Directive | GET | https://twitter.com/ |
| ± 0 | Autocomplete Enabled (Password Field) | GET | https://twitter.com/i/directory/profiles |
| 1 0 | Forbidden Resource | GET | https://twitter.com/i/api/ |
| | | | |



1. Weak Ciphers Enabled

• Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Vulnerability Details

• While using encrypted communication, Netsparker discovered that weak ciphers were being utilized (SSL).

When it comes to protecting secure communication with your visitors, you should only allow powerful ciphers on your web server to be used.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

```
For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.
        SSLCipherSuite HIGH: MEDIUM: !MD5: !RC4
         ssl.honor-cipher-order = "enable"
ssl.cipher-list = "EECDH_AESGCM:EDH+AESGCM
For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes to the system registry. Incorrectly editing the registry may severely da

    a. Click Start, dick Run, type reged132 or type regedit, and then click OK.
    b. In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders
    c. Set "Enabled" DWORD to "0x0" for the following registry keys:

         SCHANNEL\Ciphers\DES 56/56
         SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 64/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 56/128
          SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 40/128
          SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL
SCHANNEL\Hashes\MD5
```

2. [Possible] BREACH Attack Detected

Severity: MEDIUM

Method: GET

Impact

- In spite of the fact that you are utilizing an SSL/TLS protected connection, an attacker can still monitor the victim's encrypted traffic and cause the victim's computer to submit HTTP requests to the compromised web server by using invisible frames. Using these procedures, an attacker might steal information from the website and use it to carry out the following actions:
 - 1. Inject partial plaintext they have uncovered into a victim's requests
 - 2. Measure the size of encrypted traffic

Request

GET /search?q=3 HTTP/1.1

Host: twitter.com
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Cache-Control: no-cache
Cookie: guest_id=v1K3A163281615778514028; personalization_id="v1_NzNn+YtIZpYISL1A04+XLg=="; gt=1442761652445712387; ct0=e0626f5c0a21dd79a61c77f13676bc12; att=1-GDMKZZOviJHdy3tcof9aMl
Referer: https://twitter.com/opensearch.xml
User-Agent: Nozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate, pre-check=0, post-check=0
expiry: Tue, 31 Mar 1981 05:00:00 GMT
transfer-encoding: chunked
pragma: no-cache
server: tSa_k
1
2
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7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
                      server: tsa_k
x-content-type-options: nosniff
x-xss-protection: 0
cross-origin-embedder-policy: unsafe-none
strict-transport-security: max-age=631138519
x-frame-options: DENY
x-connection-hash: 1deb4d0a380b52fc4420005d9220c024c7e7bf2c9729f6b17d244d72fcbf77a5
                       x-powered-by: Express
last-modified: Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:12:05 GMT
                      Content-type: text/html; charset-utf-8 concerned type: type
                      cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-title" content="Twitter" />
cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-status-bar-style" content="White" />
cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-status-bar-style" content="White" />
cmeta name="theme-color" content="#ffffff" />
cmeta nttp-equiv="origin-trial" content="Apriva(qTx-4eFxKD-ErQ1KRB/VtZ/dvn.fd9Y9Nenl5r1xJcf81alryTHYQiuUlz9Q49MqGXqyaiSmqWzHUQwAAABneyJvcmlnaW4101JodHRwczovL3R3aXR0ZXIuY29t0jQ0MyIs:
html(-ms-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-siner-spin-button;input::-webkit-siner-spin-button;input::-webkit-siner-spin-button,input::-webkit-siner-spin-button,input::-webkit-search-cancel-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-results-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-s
                      .css.iomydeb(color:innerit;ront:innerit;mn:re-space:innerit;)
[stylesheet-group="2"]{
    .--l3awgt0{-ms-flex:1 1 0%;-webkit-flex:1;flex:1;}
    .--4qt0p9(display:inline-block;)
    .--wyte5[innegin-bottom:auto;margin-left:auto;margin-right:auto;margin-top:auto;}
    .--hvic4v{display:none;}
                           r-1adg3ll{display:block;}
                     .r-lags11(oispt,90iock;)
[stylesheet-group="2.2"{;
.r-l2vffkv>"{opinter-events:auto;}
.r-l2vffkv[opinter-events:sionelimportant;}
.r-l4lw9ot{background-color:rgba(255,255,255,1.00);}
.r-l4d2f490{left:0px;}
.r-ld2f490{left:0px;}
                         </style>
                       </style>
</div class="errorContainer">
<idus class="errorContainer">
</dus class="errorCont
                                  <a href="https://twitter.com/tos">Terms of Service</a:
                                 ca mret= https://cuitter.com/privacy/> Terms or service/a/
ca href="https://support.twitter.com/privacy"> Privacy Policy</a>
ca href="https://support.twitter.com/articles/20170514"> Cookie Policy</a>
ca href="https://support.twitter.com/imprint"> Imprint</a>
ca href="https://support.twitter.com/imprint"> Imprint</a>
ca href="https://business.twitter.com/en/help/troubleshooting/how-twitter-ads-work.html?ref=web-twc-ao-gbl-adsinfo&utm_source=twc&utm_medium-web&utm_campaign=ao&utm_content=ads
                                 @ 2021 Twitter, Inc.
                                         @media (prefers-color-scheme: dark) {
    #placeholder {
        background-color: #000000
              </div>
</noscript><div id="react-root" style="height:100%;display:flex;"><div class="css-ldbjc4n r-13awgt0 r-12vffkv"><div class="css-ldbjc4n r-13awgt0 r-12vffkv"><div class="css-ldbjc4n r-13awgt0 r-12vffkv"><style>
media (prefers-color-scheme: dark) {
#placeholder {
    background-color: #000000 }
}
     })();</script>
```

Netsparker reported a Possible BREACH Attack issue because the target web page meets the following conditions that facilitate it:

- Served from a server that uses HTTP-level compression (ie. gzip)
- · Reflects user-input in the HTTP response bodies
- Contains sensitive information (such as a CSRF token) in HTTP response bodies

To mitigate the issue, we recommend the following solutions:

- 1. If possible, disable HTTP level compression
- 2. Separate sensitive information from user input
- 3. Protect vulnerable pages with CSRF token. The SameSite Cookie attribute will mitigate this issue, because to exploit this issue

an attacker forces the victim to visit a target website using invisible frames. With the SameSite cookie attribute added, cookies that belong to the target won't be sent with a request that does not include top level navigation.

- 4. Hide the length of the traffic by adding a random number of bytes to the responses.
- 5. Add in a rate limit, so that the page maximum is reached five times per minute.

3. [Possible] Cross-site Scripting

Severity: MEDIUM

Method: GET

Impact

- Many various attacks can be carried out with the use of XSS, including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Interfering with a user's current active session.
 - 2. Changing the look of the page within the victim's browser.
 - 3. Mounting a successful phishing attack.
 - 4. Intercepting data and performing man-in-the-middle attacks.

Request

```
GET /i/api/graphql/uFLsnb-172Jdjys1Ii82Cw/Viewer?variables='%22--%3E%3C/style%3E%3C/scRipt%3E%3CscRipt%3Enetsparker(0x00378B)%3C/scRipt%3E HTTP/1.1 Host: twitter.com
Accept: */*
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
```

```
content-length: 323
strict-transport-security: max-age=631138519
x-connection-hash: 17506995ee948137772b3ebd4c37150ae009ac578fcc4a8e43f7487ddd701e80
content-type: application/json; charset=utf-8
content-encoding:
date: Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:47:41 GMT
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0
10 | 11 | {"errors":[{"message":"Unexpected character (''' (code 39)): expected a valid value (JSON String, Number, Array, Object or token 'null', 'true' or 'false')\n at [Source: (String)\"'\"-
```

This issue occurs because the browser interprets the input as active HTML, JavaScript or VBScript. To avoid this, all input and output from the application should be filtered / encoded. Output should be filtered / encoded according to the output format and location.

There are a number of pre-defined, well structured whitelist libraries available for many different environments. Good examples of these include OWASP Reformand Microsoft Anti-Cross-site Scripting libraries.

Additionally, you should implement a strong Content Security Policy (CSP) as a defense-in-depth measure if an XSS vulnerability is mistakenly introduced. Due to the complexity of XSS-Prevention and the lack of secure standard behavior in programming languages and frameworks, XSS vulnerabilities are still common in web applications.

CSP will act as a safeguard that can prevent an attacker from successfully exploiting Cross-site Scripting vulnerabilities in your website and is advised in any kind of application. Please make sure to scan your application again with Content Security Policy checks enabled after implementing CSP, in order to avoid common mistakes that can impact the effectiveness of your policy. There are a few pitfalls that can render your CSP policy useless and we highly recommend reading the resources linked in the reference section before you start to implement one.

4. HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings

Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

The HSTS Warning and Error messages may provide an opportunity for attackers to circumvent HSTS, allowing them to view and modify your interactions with the website.

Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: twitter.com
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Cache-Control: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker
```

```
HTTP.1.1 200 CK
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate, pre-check=0, post-check=0
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate, pre-check=0, post-check=0
set-cookie: personalization_id="v1_mPuHubo]H66JnTxypkMBNQ=="; Max-Age=63072000; Expires=Thu, 28 Sep 2023 08:03:13 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; SameSite=None
set-cookie: guest_id=v1X3A1623261519298614327; Max-Age=63072000; Expires=Thu, 28 Sep 2023 08:03:13 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; SameSite=None
server: tra_k
revaluation on-cache
server: tsa_k
x-xss-protection: 0
x-xss-protection: 0
11 cross-origin-embedder-policy: unsafe-none
xfrict-transport-security: max-age=631138519
x-content-transport-security: max-age=631138519
x-content-transport-security: max-age=631138519
x-content-ton-hash: bb74a16db8a4e667f3e1d101e60acf4873c8784175bfc4b1f4043b69316c100d
x-convertion-hash: bb74a16db8a4e667f3e1d101e60acf4873c8784175bfc4b1f4043b69316c100d
x-convertion-hash: bb74a16db8a4e667f3e1d101e60acf4873c8784175bfc4b1f4043b69316c100d
x-convertion-hash: bb74a16db8a4e6f7f3e1d101e60acf4873c8784175bfc4b1f4043b69316c100d
x-convertion-hash: bb74a16db8a4e6f7f3e1d101e60acf4873c8784175bfc4b1f4043b69316c100d
x-convertion-hash: convertion-hash: c
```

```
cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-title" content="Twitter" />
cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-status-ban-style" content="white" />
cmeta name="apple-mobile-web-app-status-ban-style" content="white" />
cmeta name="theme-color" content="#ffffff" />
cmeta http-equiv="origin-trial" content="#ffffff" />
cmeta http-equiv="origin-trial" content="%pjrdchqTX+4eFxKD+ErQlKRB/VtZ/dvnLfd9Y9Nenl5rixJcf8ialryTHYQiuUlz9Q49MqGXqyaiSmqWzHUQwAAABneyJvcmlnaW410iJodHRwczovL3R3aXR0ZXIuY29t0jQ0MyIsIm
html(-ms-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-tap-highlight-color:rgba(0,0,0,0);}
html(-ms-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-tap-highlight-color:rgba(0,0,0,0);})
               html(-ms-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-text-size-adjust:100%;-webkit-tap-highlight-color:rgba(0,0,0,0);}
body(margin:0;)
button::-mez-focus-inner,input::-mez-focus-inner(border:0;padding:0;)
input::-webkit-inner-spin-button,input::-webkit-outer-spin-button,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input::-webkit-search-decoration,input:-
                    .r-1xvli5t(height:1.25em;)
.r-dnmrzs(max-width:100%;)
.r-bnwdim(position:relative;)
.r-lpt.cul(vertical-align:text-bottom;)
.r-lrvibr(-moz-user-select:none;-ms-user-select:none;-webkit-user-select:none;user-select:none;)
.r-laypung(color:rgba(29,161,242,1.00);)
.r-wy61xf(height:72px;)
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                      .r-u8s1d{position:absolute;}
.r-1blnp2b{width:72px;}
                     ody {
-ms-overflow-style: scrollbar;
overflow-y: scroll;
overscroll-behavior-y: none;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Ι
                                          background-color: #FFF;
color: #0F1419;
max-width: 600px;
                                          margin: 0 auto;
                                          padding: 10%;
 91
92
                                .errorButton a {
   background: #1DA1F2;
   border-radius: 2.5em;
   color: white;
   padding: 1em 2em;
   text-decoration: none;
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                                  .errorButton a:hover,
.errorButton a:focus {
  background: rgb(26, 145, 218);
                                  .errorFooter {
  color: #657786;
  font-size: 80%;
  line-height: 1.5;
  padding: 1em 0;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Ι
                                   .errorFooter a,
.errorFooter a:visited {
  color: #657786;
  text-decoration: none;
                    153
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                 )();</script><script nonce="YTCzMDhlMDQtN2Y5Y900MmIxLTK2YzktYzZmNTBkZjMjZGRj">document.cookie = decodeURIComponent("gt=1442761800097796099; Max-Age=18000; Domain=.twitter.com; Path
```

Ideally, after fixing the errors and warnings, you should consider adding your domain to the HSTS preload list. This will ensure that browsers automatically connect your website by using HTTPS, actively preventing users from visiting your site using HTTP. Since this list is hardcoded in users' browsers, it will enable HSTS even before they visit your page for the first time, eliminating the need for Trust On First Use (TOFU) with its associated risks and disadvantages. Unless you fix the errors and warnings your website won't meet the conditions required to enter the browser's preload list.

Browser vendors declared:

- Serve a valid certificate
- · If you are listening on port 80, redirect all domains from HTTP to HTTPS on the same host. Serve all subdomains over HTTPS:

- In particular, you must support HTTPS for the www subdomain if a DNS record for that subdomain exists
- Serve an HSTS header on the base domain for HTTPS requests:
 - The max-agemust be at least 31536000 seconds (1 year)
 - The includeSubDomainsdirective must be specified
 - The preloaddirective must be specified
 - o If you are serving an additional redirect from your HTTPS site, that redirect must have the HSTS header (rather than the page it redirects to)

5. Out-of-date Version (jQuery)

Severity: MEDIUM

Method: GET

Impact

Due to the fact that this is an old version of the software, it may be susceptible to attacks.

Request

```
GET /1/directory/ HTTP/1.1
Host: twitter.com
Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Cache-Control: no-cache
                            Cookie: guest_id=v1%3h163281615778514028; personalization_id="v1_NzNn+YtIZpYISL1A04rXLg=="; gt=1442761652445712387; ct0=e0626f5c0a21dd79a61c77f13676bc12; _ga=GA1.2.2016665518.1632816164_
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
Response
                               HTTP/1.1 200 OK
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate, pre-check=0, post-check=0
cache-control: no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate, pre-check=0, post-check=0
set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; HTTPOnly
set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; HTTPOnly
set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; HTTPOnly
set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; HTTPOnly
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set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:03 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.twitter.com; Secure; HTTPOnly
set-cookie: fm=0; Max-Age=0; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2
```

```
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                       content-security-policy: script-src https://ssl.google-analytics.com https://twitter
content-length: 87090
x-connection-hash: 8029281e4be231476a8c51bac63eaa2895d3f129af7d2c95182991ca100e3b42
last-modified: Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT
content-type: text/html;charset=utf-8
x-ua-compatible: IE=edge,chromd=1
status: 200 OK
                       pragma: no-cache
date: Tue, 28 Sep 2021 08:03:33 GMT
content-encoding:
```

```
<meta charset="utf-8">
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                                                                          nonce="EWdk/LO4KcYe20Eo4igGI0==";
                                                 Function()(window.initErrorstack| | window.initErrorstack=[]), window.onerror=function(r,i,n,o,t){r.indexOf("Script error.")>-1| | window.initErrorstack.push({errorMsg:r,url:i,l
                           <script id="bouncer_terminate_iframe" nonce="EWdk/LQ4KcYe20Eo4igGIQ==">
    if (window.top != window) {
    window.top.postMessage({'bouncer': true, 'event': 'complete'}, '*');
                           |Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunction()||Tunct
                            clink rel="stylesheet" href="https://abs.twimg.com/a/1631636492/css/t1/twitter_core.bundle.css" class="coreCSSBundles"
slink rel="stylesheet" class="moreCSSBundles" href="https://abs.twimg.com/a/1631636492/css/t1/twitter_more_1.bundle.css"
slink rel="stylesheet" class="moreCSSBundles" href="https://abs.twimg.com/a/1631636492/css/t1/twitter_more_2.bundle.css"
                                    <link rel="dns-prefetch" href="https://pbs.twimg.com">
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="https://t.co">
```

```
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="https://t.co">
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                                     < 1 nd | rel = "preload" | href = "https://abs.twimg.com/k/en/init.en.40304fb5ce7a3d755fd2.js" | as="script">
< 1 nd | rel = "preload" | href = "https://abs.twimg.com/k/en/0.commons.en.9d80b91c33318d17dde1.js" | as="script">

                                      <title>Twitter / Profiles Directory / a - Azzzzzzzreen</title>
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                   <meta name="msapplication-TileImage" content="//abs.twimg.com/favicons/win8-tile-144.png"/>
cmeta name="msapplication-TileColor" content="#00aced"/>
                   <meta name="facebook-domain-verification" content="moho2ug7zs57jijjiywrewd8wb5a08h" />
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ι
                   k rel="mask-icon" sizes="any" href="https://abs.twimg.com/a/1631636492/icons/favicon.svg" color="#1da1f2">
                   < link rel="shortcut icon" href="//abs.twimg.com/favicons/favicon.ico" type="image/x-icon">
< link rel="apple-touch-icon" href="https://abs.twimg.com/icons/apple-touch-icon-192x192.png" sizes="192x192">
                   clink rel="manifest" href="/manifest.ison">
                                                    cli><a href="lang=de" data-lang-code="de" title="German" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Deutsch</a>//II>
cli><a href="lang=de" data-lang-code="de" title="German" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Engaño!/a>//A>//II>
cli><a href="lang=de" data-lang-code="es" title="Spanish" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Engaño!/a>//A>//A>//A>
cli><a href="lang=de" data-lang-code="fi" title="Filipino" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Filipino</a>//A>//A>//A>
cli><a href="lang=in" data-lang-code="fi" title="Filipino" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Francais//A>//A>
//A>
cli><a href="lang=in" data-lang-code="fi" title="Croatian" class="js-language-link js-tooltip" rel="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener">Href="noopener
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                    </div>
              </div>
      </div>
                    <div class="hidden" id="hidden-content">
             <iframe aria-hidden="true" class="tweet-post-iframe" name="tweet-post-iframe"></iframe aria-hidden="true" class="dm-post-iframe" name="dm-post-iframe"></iframe></iframe aria-hidden="true" class="dm-post-iframe" name="dm-post-iframe"></iframe></iframe></iframe>
       </div>
                        <input type="hidden" id="init-data" class="json-data" value="{&quot;keyboardShortcuts&quot;:[{&quot;name&quot;:&quot;Actions&quot;,&quot;description&quot;:&quot;Shortcuts for c</pre>
             <input type="hidden" class="swift-boot-module" value="app/pages/directory/directory">
<input type="hidden" id="swift-module-path" value="https://abs.twimg.com/k/swift/en">
                   <script src="https://abs.twimg.com/k/en/init.en.40304fb5ce7a3d755fd2.is" asvnc></script>
      </body>
                  <span class="Icon Icon--reply UIWalkthrough-icon"></span>
Join the conversation
          Join the Collection of the Col
     </div>
     <div class="UIWalkthrough-step UIWalkthrough-step--trends">
            <h3 class="UIWalkthrough-title">
  <span class="Icon Icon--discover UIWalkthrough-icon"></span>
                   Learn the latest

class="UIWalkthrough-message">
Get instant insight into what people are talking about now.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Ι
     Get more of what you love
```

Known Vulnerabilities in this version

| jQuery Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') Vulnerability

In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.0.3 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML containing <option> elements from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. .html(), .append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

Affected Versions

1.9.0 to 3.4.1

External References

• CVE-2020-11023

Ι

Figuery Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') Vulnerability

In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.2 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. .html(), .append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

Affected Versions

1.9.0 to 3.4.1

External References

• CVE-2020-11022

JQuery Prototype Pollution Vulnerability

jQuery before 3.4.0, as used in Drupal, Backdrop CMS, and other products, mishandles jQuery.extend(true, {}, ...) because of Object.prototype pollution. If an unsanitized source object contained an enumerable __proto__ property, it could extend the native Object.prototype.

Affected Versions

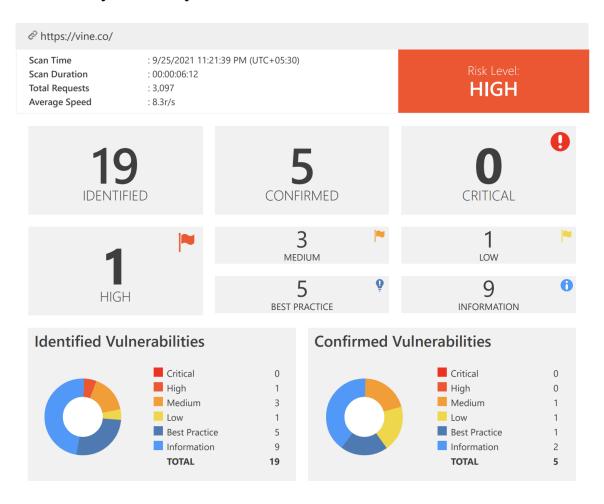
1.0 to 3.3.1

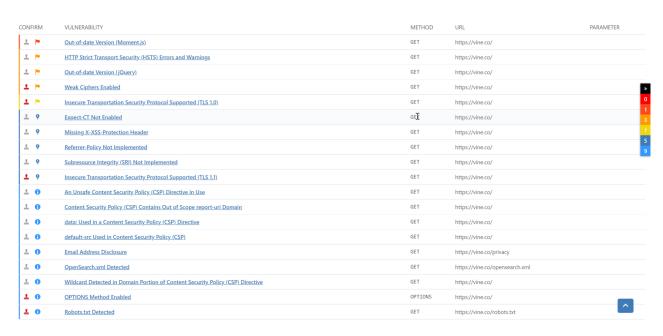
External References

• CVE-2019-11358

To the vulnerability scanning purpose I have used Netsparker professional version.

Vulnerability Summary





Dear Vine Community - thank you for all the inspiration, laughs, and loops. We have now placed Vine in an archived state. For more information, click here



Help Terms Privacy Attribution Did it for the Vine. © 2018 Twitter, Inc.

1. Out-of-date Version (Moment.js)

Severity: HIGHMethod: GET

Impact

• Because of the out-of-date version, this vulnerability can be exploited to launch a variety of attacks.

Known Vulnerabilities

```
Moment js Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) Vulnerability

Affected versions of the package are vulnerable to Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS) attacks for any locale that has separate format and standalone options and format input can be controlled by the user. An attacker can provide a specially crafted input to the format function, which nearly matches the pattern being matched. This will cause the regular expression matching to take a long time, all the while occupying the event loop and preventing it from processing other requests and making the server unavailable (a Denial of Service attack).

https://www.kov.lus/mgmmoment20161019

Affected Versions
0.30.10 to 2.19.1

External References

**

Moment js Uncontrolled Resource Consumption Vulnerability

The moment module before 2.19.3 for Nodejs is prone to a regular expression denial of service via a crafted date string, a different vulnerability than CVE-2016-4055.

Affected Versions
0.30.10 to 2.19.2

External References
```

Request

```
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
2 Host: vine.co
3 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
4 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
5 Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
6 Cache-Control: no-cache
7 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker
9
```

```
| Content | Parally | Description | Constitution | Content | Parally | Description | Content | Parally | Description | Content | Parally | Description | Des
```

2. Weak Ciphers Enabled

• Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Vulnerability Details

- While using encrypted communication, Netsparker discovered that weak ciphers were being utilized (SSL).
- When it comes to protecting secure communication with your visitors, you should only allow powerful ciphers on your web server to be used.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

```
For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.

SSLCipherSuite HIGH:MEDIUM: MDDS:IRC4

Lighttpd:

ssl.honor-cipher-order = "enable"
ssl.cipher-list = "EECDH-AESGCN:EDH-AESGCN"

For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes to the system registry. Incorrectly editing the registry may severely damage your system. Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.

a. Click Start, click Run, type regedi32 or type regedit, and then click OK.
b. In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key: HRILM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders
c. Set "Enabled" DWORD to "Ox0" for the following registry keys:

SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 64/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC5 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC5 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC5 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC5 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC6 128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC7 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC7 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC7 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC7 66/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC7 66/128
```

3.HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings

• Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

The HSTS Warning and Error messages may provide an opportunity for attackers to circumvent HSTS, allowing them to view and modify your interactions with the website.

Request

```
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: vine.co
3 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
4 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
5 Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
6 Cache-Control: no-cache
7 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker
9
```

```
Response

| Information | Properties | Prope
```

Ideally, after fixing the errors and warnings, you should consider adding your domain to the the HSTS preload list. This will ensure that browsers automatically connect your website by using HTTPS, actively preventing users from visiting your site using HTTP. Since this list is hardcoded in users' browsers, it will enable HSTS even before they visit your page for the first time, eliminating the need for Trust On First Use (TOFU) with its associated risks and disadvantages. Unless you fix the errors and warnings your website won't meet the conditions required to enter the browser's preload list.

Browser vendors declared:

Serve a valid certificate

If you are listening on port 80, redirect all domains from HTTP to HTTPS on the same host. Serve all subdomains over HTTPS:

In particular, you must support HTTPS for the www subdomain if a DNS record for that subdomain exists

Serve an HSTS header on the base domain for HTTPS requests:

The max-age must be at least 31536000 seconds (1 year)

The ${\tt includeSubDomains}$ directive must be specified

The preload directive must be specified

If you are serving an additional redirect from your HTTPS site, that redirect must have the HSTS header (rather than the page it redirects to)

4.Out-of-date Version (jQuery)

Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

Due to the fact that this is an old version of the software, it may be subject to exploitation.

Vulnerabilities

According to Netsparker, the target web site is utilizing jQuery, and it has been determined that it is out of date.

Request

```
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
1 Host: vine.co
2 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
4 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
5 Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
6 Cache-Control: no-cache
6 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
8 X-Scanner: Netsparker
1
```

```
ESPUISC
MITP/1.130 of C
MITP/1.250 of C
MITP/1
  <!DOCTYPE html>

chtml lang="en">chead
meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">centent="Width-device-width,initial-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,minimum-scale=1,
                                                                .banner {
    background: #7870cc;
    color: white;
    font-size: 18px;
    font-weight: 30e;
    line-height: 1.5;
    margin-bottom: 20px;
    padding: 30px 20px;
    text-align: center;
}
                                                                .banner a {
   colon: white;
   text-decoration: underline;
}
                                                           34
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                                                                .content > * {
    margin-bottom: 25px;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Τ
                                                           .footer {
   bottom: 0;
   display: -webkit-box;
   display: -ms-flexbox;
   display: flex;
   position: fixed;
   width: 100%;
                                                      .footer li {
    color: rgba(238, 128, 92, 0.75);
    font-size: 18px;
}
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                                                   .footer 1i a {
    color: rgba(238, 128, 92, 0.75);
    text-decoration: none;
}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Ι
                                                           .footer li a:hover {
   text-decoration: underline;
```

Known Vulnerabilities in this Version

jQuery Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') Vulnerability

jQuery before 3.0.0 is vulnerable to Cross-site Scripting (XSS) attacks when a cross-domain Ajax request is performed without the dataType option, causing text/javascript responses to be executed.

Affected Versions

1.8.0 to 2.2.4

External References

CVE-2015-9251

jQuery Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') Vulnerability

In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.0.3 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML containing <option> elements from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. html(), append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

Affected Versions

1.9.0 to 3.4.1

External References

CVE-2020-11023

jQuery Improper Neutralization of Input During Web Page Generation ('Cross-site Scripting') Vulnerability

In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.2 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. .html(), .append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

Affected Versions

1.9.0 to 3.4.1

External References

CVE-2020-11022

JQuery Prototype Pollution Vulnerability

jQuery before 3.4.0, as used in Drupal, Backdrop CMS, and other products, mishandles jQuery.extend(true, {}, ...) because of Object.prototype pollution. If an unsanitized source object contained an enumerable __proto__ property, it could extend the native Object.prototype.

Affected Versions

1.0 to 3.3.1

External References

CVE-2019-11358

5. Insecure Transportation Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.0)

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

Impact

In order to see the encryption communication between your website and its visitors, attackers can undertake man-in-the-middle attacks on your website.

Vulnerability

- Netsparker has determined that your web server is capable of supporting the insecure transportation security protocol (TLS 1.0).
- There are various problems with TLS 1.0. In order to exploit vulnerabilities such as BEAST (Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS), an attacker might cause connection failures and prompt the use of TLS 1.0 to trigger the use of the protocol.
- Since June 30, 2018, websites that use TLS 1.0 are declared non-compliant by the PCI Security Standards Council.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Configure your web server to disallow using weak ciphers. You need to restart the web server to enable changes

Solutions to take

```
For Apache, adjust the SSLProtocol directive provided by the mod_ssl module. This directive can be set either at the server level or in a virtual host configuration.

55LProtocol +TL5v1.2

For Nginx, locate any use of the directive ssl_protocols in the nginx.conf file and remove TL6v1.

55Lprotocols TL5v1.2;

For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes on the system registry. Incorrectly editing the registry may severely damage your system. Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.

Click on Start and then Run, type regedt12 or regedit, and then click OK.

In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key or create if it does not exist:

INCY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\Currentcontrol\SecurityProviders\SCHAMHEL\Protocols\TL5 1.0\

Locate a key named Server or create if it doesn't exist.

Under the Server key, locate a DWORD value named Inabled or create if it doesn't exist and set its value to "0".

For lighttpd. put the following lines in your configuration file:

231.use-151V2 = "disable"

$11.use-151V2 = "disable"
```

6. Insecure Transportation Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.1)

Severity: HIGHMethod: GET

Impact

Due to the deprecation of web browsers, your website will be inaccessible to visitors.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

Configure your web server to disallow using weak ciphers. You need to restart the web server to enable changes.

• For Apache, adjust the SSLProtocol directive provided by the mod_ssl module. This directive can be set either at the server level or in a virtual host configuration.

```
SSLProtocol +TLSv1.2
```

• For Nginx, locate any use of the directive ssl_protocols in the nginx.conffile and remove TLSv1.1.

24 / 66

```
ssl_protocols TLSv1.2;
```

- For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes on the system registry. Incorrectly editing the registry may severely
 damage your system. Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.
 - 1. Click on Start and then Run, type regedt32or regedit, and then click OK.
 - 2. In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key or create if it does not exist:

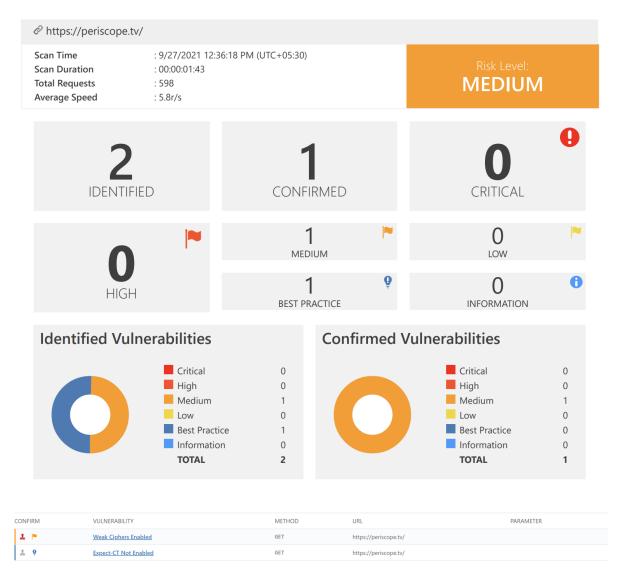
 $\label{thm:local_machine} HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Security Providers\SCHANNEL\Protocols\T LS 1.1\$

- 3. Locate a key named Serveror create if it doesn't exist.
- 4. Under the Serverkey, locate a DWORD value named Enabledor create if it doesn't exist and set its value to "0".
- For lighttpd, put the following lines in your configuration file:

```
ssl.use-sslv2 = "disable"
ssl.use-sslv3 = "disable"
ssl.openssl.ssl-conf-cmd = ("Protocol" => "-TLSv1.1, -TLSv1, -SSLv3") # v1.4.48 or up
ssl.ec-curve = "secp384r1"
```

To the vulnerability scanning purpose of below domain, I have used Netsparker professional version and Burp Suite professional version.

Vulnerability Summary



Target Domain: https://www.periscope.tv/







1. Weak Ciphers Enabled

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

1. For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.

SSLCipherSuite HIGH:MEDIUM:!MD5:!RC4

2. Lighttpd:

76

```
ssl.honor-cipher-order = "enable"
ssl.cipher-list = "EECDH+AESGCM:EDH+AESGCM"
```

3. For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes to the system registry. **Incorrectly editing the registry may severely damage your system. Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.**

```
    a.Click Start, click Run, type regedt32or type regedit, and then click OK.
    b.In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders
    c.Set "Enabled" DWORD to "0x0" for the following registry keys:
```

```
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\DES 56/56
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 64/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 56/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL
```

2. Strict Transport Security Not Enforced

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

Impact

Users connecting to the application using unencrypted connections are not prevented by the application. An attacker with access to a legitimate user's network traffic might circumvent the application's SSL/TLS encryption and use it as a platform for assaults on its users. This attack is carried out by rewriting HTTPS links to HTTP, ensuring that if a user clicks on a link to the site from an HTTP website, their browser will never attempt to use an encrypted connection. This operation is automated with the ssl strip utility.

An attacker must be in a position to intercept and manipulate the victim's network communication in order to exploit this vulnerability. When a client talks with the server across an insecure connection, such as public Wi-Fi or a corporate or home network that is shared with a compromised machine, this scenario occurs.

Switched networks and other common defences are insufficient to prevent this. This attack might also be carried out by an attacker in the user's ISP or the application's hosting infrastructure. It's worth noting that a sophisticated opponent might target any connection made across the Internet's basic infrastructure.

Request

```
1 GET /ios-attribution/ HTTP/1.1
2 Host: www.periscope.tv
3 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US, en-GB; q=0.9, en; q=0.8
6 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
 Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.159 Safari/537.36
7 Connection: close
8 Cache-Control: max-age=0
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request

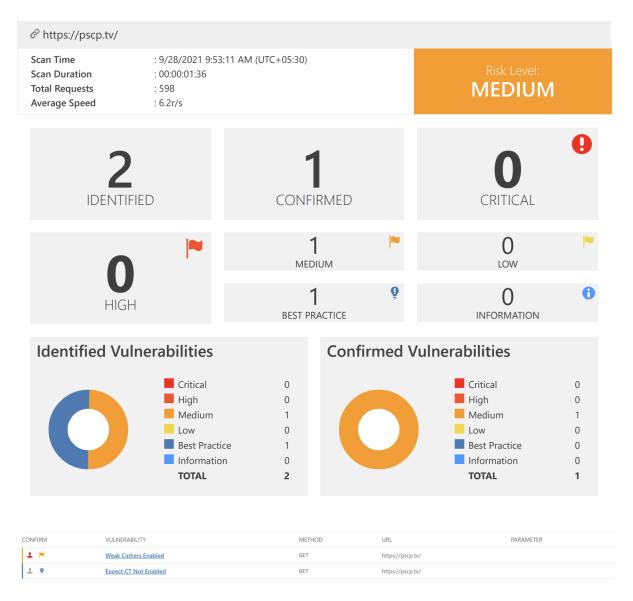
Cache-Control: no-store

Content-Security-Policy: media-src 'self' data: blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/ https://*.global.ssl.fastly.net https://*.twimg.com https://
ault-src 'self' blob: https://*.global.ssl.fastly.net https://*.periscope.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.ps
14 X-RateLimit-limit: 3000
15 X-RateLimit-lemining: 2998
16 X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode-block
17 Connection: Close
18 Content-Length: 15425
    20 <!doctype html>
                                         <title data-react-helmet="true">
                                      @-webkit-kevframesivAUvz{
```

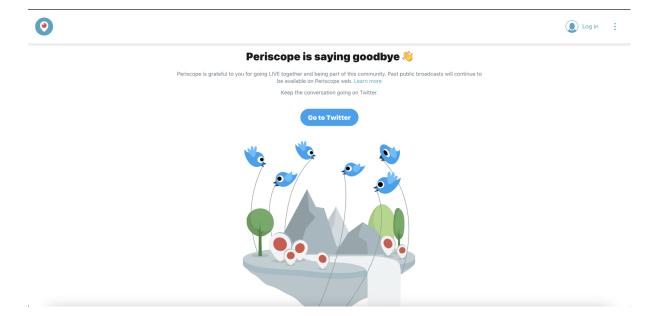
Part this issue has is: Strict-Transport-Security: maxage=10886400000; includeSubDomains;

To the vulnerability scanning purpose of below domain, I have used Netsparker professional version and Burp Suite professional version.

Vulnerability Summary



Target Domain: https://www.pscp.tv/



1. Weak Ciphers Enabled

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

During secure communication, weak ciphers are permitted to be used (SSL).

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take:

1. For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.

```
SSLCipherSuite HIGH:MEDIUM:!MD5:!RC4
```

2. Lighttpd:

```
ssl.honor-cipher-order = "enable"
ssl.cipher-list = "EECDH+AESGCM:EDH+AESGCM"
```

3. For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes to the system registry. **Incorrectly editing the registry may severely damage your system.**Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.

```
    a.Click Start, click Run, type regedt32or type regedit, and then click OK.
    b.In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders
    c.Set "Enabled" DWORD to "0x0" for the following registry keys:
```

```
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\DES 56/56
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 64/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 56/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RU24 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL
SCHANNEL\Liphers\NULL
```

1. Strict Transport Security Not Enforced

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

Impact

Users are able to connect to the program via unencrypted connections because the application does not detect this. Using network traffic modification, an attacker might bypass the application's usage of SSL/TLS encryption, allowing them to utilize the application as a platform for attacks on the application's users. It is possible to carry out this attack by rewriting HTTPS links to appear as HTTP, so that when a targeted victim clicks on a link to the site from an HTTP website, their browser does not attempt to use an encrypted connection. SslStrip is an automated tool that streamlines this operation.

For an attacker to be successful in exploiting this vulnerability, they must be in a position to intercept and manipulate the victim's network communication. In most cases, this scenario occurs when a client talks with a server across an insecure connection, such as a public Wi-Fi hotspot or a workplace or home network that is shared with a malicious computer. Common defenses, such as switched networks, are insufficient to keep this from happening. This attack might also be carried out by an attacker who is located within the user's Internet service provider or within the application's hosting infrastructure. Important to keep in mind: a highly sophisticated opponent might possibly target any connection made across the Internet's fundamental infrastructure.

Request

```
1 GET /privacy.html/ HTTP/1.1
2 Host: www.pscp.tv
3 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
4 Accept: */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US, en-GB; q=0.9, en; q=0.8
6 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
   AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/92.0.4515.159
   Safari/537.36
7 Connection: close
8 Cache-Control: max-age=0
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request

2 Cache-Control: no-store

3 Content-Security-Policy: media-src 'self' data: blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/ https://*.global.ssl.fastly.net https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.griscope.tv/ bject-src 'self' https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.periscope.tv/
https://*.periscope.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.pscp.tv/ https://*.pscp.tv/
-src 'self' blob: https://*.gooqle.com/recaptcha/ https://s-gstatic.com/recaptcha/ https://periscope-all.firebaseapp.com/ https://s-gooqle.com/recaptcha/ https://s-gstatic.com/recaptcha/ https://s-pleid.com-apple.com 'unsafe-eval' 'nonce-cact722f86394bef80595c595bb
ss-global.bitmovin.com https://www.googleapis.com/ https://scuretoken.googleapis.com https://s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/periscope-user-data-reports-prod/ http
4 Content-Type: text/html; charset-utf-6
5 Date: Tue, 28 Sep 2021 04:40:20 GKT
6 Referrer-Policy: origin
7 Set-Cookie: pscp-csrf-sbackc90-6251-49e8-a922-8db518b4f2b0; Max-Age=2592000; Domain-.pscp.tv; Path-/; Expires=Thu, 28 Oct 2021 04:40:19 GMT; HttpOnly; Secure
  Referrer-Policy: origin

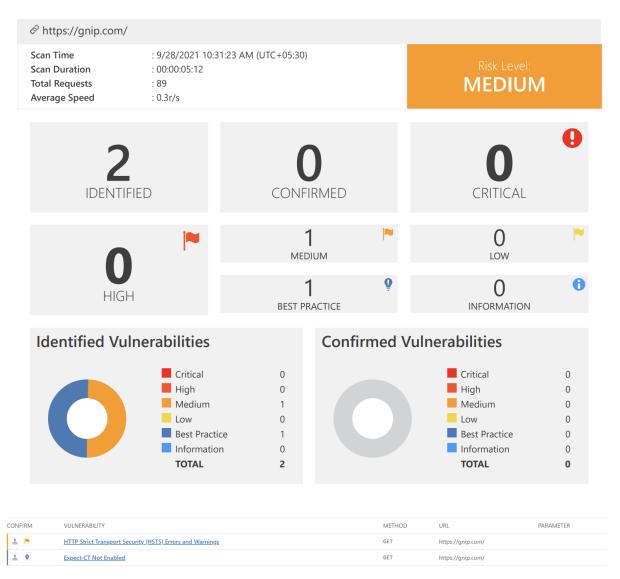
Referrer-Policy: orig
   14 X-RateLimit-Limit: 3000
14 X-RateLimit-Elmit: 3000
15 X-RateLimit-Remaining: 2998
16 X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode-block
17 Content-Length: 15411
18 Connection: Close
  <title data-react-helmet="true">
                                    <meta data-react-helmet="true" name="robots" content="noindex, nofollow"/>
                                @-webkit-keyframesivAUyz{
                                                     webfit-keyframesivAuyz{
06{
    opacity:0;
    -webkit-transform:translateX(-60px);
    -ms-transform:translateX(-60px);
    transform:translateX(-60px);
                                                     65%{
                                                               opacity: .6;
                                                                 -webkit-transform:translateX(-24px);
                                                                 -ms-transform:translateX(-24px);
                                                                transform: translateX(-24px);
                                                      100%{
                                                                 -webkit-transform:translateX(-25px);
                                                               -ms-transform:translateX(-25px);
transform:translateX(-25px);
```

```
</head>
<body class="">
            Sorry, this site requires JavaScript for full functionality. Please enable JavaScript in your browser and reload the page.
     t;:false,"animate":false,"mouseLeaveDismiss":false,"inull,"spacing":\),"Modal":\{"Modal":\},"Modal":\{"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\{"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal":\},"Modal
     :nuii, aduot;penaingaquot;:[], kquot;viaeledaquot;:[]), kquot;viaeoriayeraquot;(;[aquot;aariayiistaquot;muii, kquot;aariayiistaquot;);aquot;viaequot;viaeoriayeraquot; (aquot;aariayiistaquot;muii, kquot;aariayiistaquot;viaeoriayeraquot;iafise, kquot;isautoplay";false, kquot;isautoplay";false, kquot;isautoplay"false, kquot;isutoplay"false, kquot;false, kquot;fa
                      </section>
                       <section class="content">
  <header>
                                 <hl class="title">
                                 </h1>
                                 <h2 class="subtitle">
                                 <span>Sorry, this page doesn't exist!</span>
</h2>
                       </section>
                 </div>
                  <div class="GlobalTooltip-arrow-container" style="position:absolute;top:0;left:0;background-color:transparent">
                             <div class="GlobalTooltip-arrow">
                             </div>
                  </div>
        cscript src="https://assets.pscp.tv/univ/main-57b32e28d47102b4c187.js" charSet="utf-8">
c/script>
        <script nonce="cacc772f86394bef8059b2c592babf29">
             (function(i,s,o,g,r,a,m) {
                 i['GoogleAnalyticsObject']=r;
i[r]=i[r]||function(){
   (i[r].q=i[r].q||[]).push(arguments)
},i[r].l-1*new Date();
                   a=s.createElement(o)
                  m=s.getElementsByTagName(o)[0];
                  a.src=g;
m.parentNode.insertBefore(a,m)
            ) (window, document, 'script', 'https://www.google-analytics.com/analytics.js', 'ga');
            // analytics.js documentation
// https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/analyticsjs/field-reference
           ga('create', 'UA-49677430-1', {
   'sampleRate': 1,
            ga('set', 'anonymizeIp', true);
</script></body></html>
```

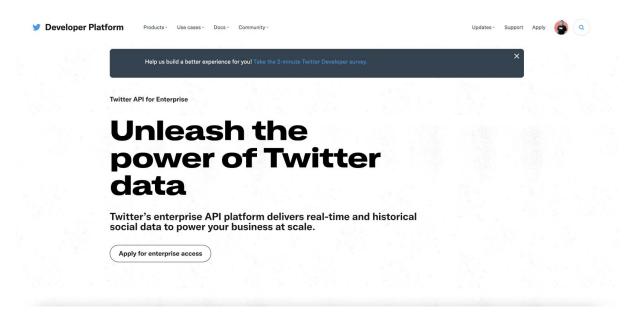
Part this issue has is: **Strict-Transport-Security: maxage=10886400000; includeSubDomains;**

To the vulnerability scanning purpose of below domain, I have used Netsparker professional version.

Vulnerability Summary



Target Domain: https://www.gnip.com



1. HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings

• Severity: MEDIUM

• Method: GET

Impact

The HSTS Warning and Error messages may provide an opportunity for attackers to circumvent HSTS, allowing them to view and modify your interactions with the website.

Request

```
1 GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: developer.twitter.com
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Cache-Control: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker
```

Response

```
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41
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43
44
45
                 ctitle>Twitter Enterprise APIs | Twitter Developer Platform </fitle>
cmeta name="description" content="Twitter's enterprise API platform delivers real-time and historical social data to power your business at scale. Apply for enterprise access to Twit
                     k rel="canonical" href="https://developer.twitter.com/en/products/twitter-api/enterprise"/>
<meta property="og:url" content="https://developer.twitter.com/en/products/twitter-api/enterprise"/>
                cmeta property="og:type" content="article"/>
cmeta property="og:tyte" content="article"/>
cmeta property="og:title" content="Twitter Enterprise APIs"/>
cmeta property="og:description" content="Twitter's enterprise APIs"/>
cmeta property="og:description" content="Twitter's enterprise API platform delivers real-time and historical social data to power your business at scale. Apply for enterprise access
cmeta property="og:description" content="Twitter's enterprise APIs"/>
cmeta property="og:descript
                 <meta name="twitter:card" content="summary_large_image"/>
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                <meta name="twitter:widgets:new-embed-design" content="on"/>
<meta name="twitter:widgets:csp" content="on"/>
                             k href="https://abs.twimg.com/favicons/favicon.ico" rel="shortcut icon" type="image/x-icon"/>
               <script type="application/json" id="analytics-settings">{&quot;google&quot;:{&quot;accounts&quot;:[],&quot;options&quot;:{&quot;displayAdvertisingFeatures&quot;:false}},&quot;scribe
                            clink rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-bold-italic-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
<link rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-bold-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
<link rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-display-extended-black-woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
<link rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-regular-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
<link rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-regular-italic-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
clink rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-regular-italic-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
clink rel="preload" href="https://fonts.twitter.com/chirp/chirp-extended-bold-web.woff2" as="font" type="font/woff2" crossorigin/>
                                      Rules and policies
                                    <div class="js-accordion u02__column">
                                 <h4 class="u02_column_parent twtr-type--bold-14 twtr-color--gray-0 is-opaque">
        </svg>
```

Solutions to take

Ideally, after fixing the errors and warnings, you should consider adding your domain to the the HSTS preload list. This will ensure that browsers automatically connect your website by using HTTPS, actively preventing users from visiting your site using HTTP. Since this list is hardcoded in users' browsers, it will enable HSTS even before they visit your page for the first time, eliminating the need for Trust On First Use (TOFU) with its associated risks and disadvantages. Unless you fix the errors and warnings your website won't meet the conditions required to enter the browser's preload list.

Browser vendors declared:

- Serve a valid certificate
- If you are listening on port 80, redirect all domains from HTTP to HTTPS on the same host. Serve all subdomains over HTTPS:
 - o In particular, you must support HTTPS for the www subdomain if a DNS record for that subdomain exists
- Serve an HSTS header on the base domain for HTTPS requests:
 - The max-agemust be at least 31536000 seconds (1 year)
 - The includeSubDomainsdirective must be specified
 - The preloaddirective must be specified

4 / 10

• If you are serving an additional redirect from your HTTPS site, that redirect must have the HSTS header (rather than the page it redirects to)

2. Weak Ciphers Enabled

Severity: LOWMethod: GET

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

Configure your web server to respond with Expect-CT header.

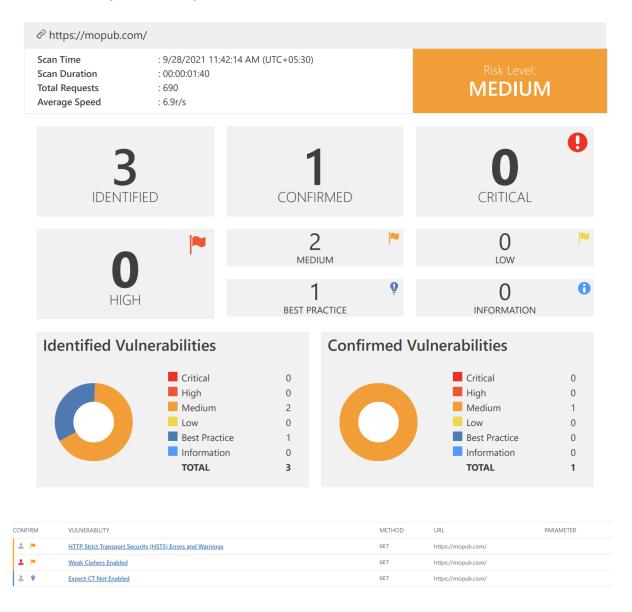
```
Expect-CT: enforce, max-age=7776000, report-uri="https://ABSOLUTE_REPORT_URL"
```

Note: We strongly suggest you to use Expect-CT header in **report-only mode**first. If everything goes well and your certificate is ready, go with the Expect-CT enforcemode. To use **report-only mode**first, omit **enforce**flag and see the browser's behavior with your deployed certificate.

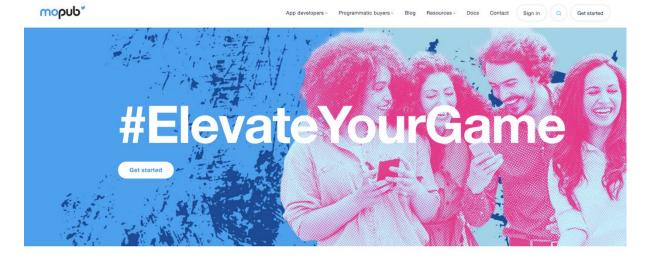
Expect-CT: max-age=7776000, report-uri="https://ABSOLUTE_REPORT_URL"

To the vulnerability scanning purpose of below domain, I have used Netsparker professional version.

Vulnerability Summary



Target Domain: https://www.mopub.com



Featured solutions

1. HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings

Severity: MEDIUM

Method: GET

Impact

The HSTS Warning and Error messages may provide an opportunity for attackers to circumvent HSTS, allowing them to view and modify your interactions with the website.

Request

```
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: www.mopub.com
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5
Cache-Control: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/70.0.3538.77 Safari/537.36
X-Scanner: Netsparker
```

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK set-cookle: cms-csp-nonce=266ffe54428a9741907cbbf43e62e7c; Max-Age=15; Expires=Tue, 28 Sep 2021 06:12:39 GMT; Path=/; Secure server: tsa_s
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                  set-cookie: cms-csp-nonce=zoo1te-razoon te-razoon terrazoon te-razoon terrazoon terraz
                     clDOCTYPE html>
chtml lang="en" dir="lrt" prefix="og: http://ogp.me/ns#" data-behavior="i18n" data-environment="prod" data-server-mode="publish" data-dc="s">
chead>
                                   <meta charset="utf-8"/>
                    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1"/>
```

Solutions to take

Ideally, after fixing the errors and warnings, you should consider adding your domain to the the HSTS preload list. This will ensure that browsers automatically connect your website by using HTTPS, actively preventing users from visiting your site using HTTP. Since this list is hardcoded in users' browsers, it will enable HSTS even before they visit your page for the first time, eliminating the need for Trust On First Use (TOFU) with its associated risks and disadvantages. Unless you fix the errors and warnings your website won't meet the conditions required to enter the browser's preload list.

Browser vendors declared:

- Serve a valid certificate
- If you are listening on port 80, redirect all domains from HTTP to HTTPS on the same host. Serve all subdomains over HTTPS:
 - o In particular, you must support HTTPS for the www subdomain if a DNS record for that subdomain exists
- Serve an HSTS header on the base domain for HTTPS requests:
 - The max-agemust be at least 31536000 seconds (1 year)
 - The includeSubDomainsdirective must be specified
 - The preloaddirective must be specified

4 / 10

• If you are serving an additional redirect from your HTTPS site, that redirect must have the HSTS header (rather than the page it redirects to)

2. Weak Ciphers Enabled

Severity: MEDIUM

Method: GET

During secure communication, weak ciphers are permitted to be used (SSL)

Impact

• In some cases, attackers may decode SSL traffic that is transmitted between your server and your visitors.

Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Response

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

Solutions to take

1. For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.

```
SSLCipherSuite HIGH:MEDIUM:!MD5:!RC4
```

2. Lighttpd:

```
ssl.honor-cipher-order = "enable"
ssl.cipher-list = "EECDH+AESGCM:EDH+AESGCM"
```

3. For Microsoft IIS, you should make some changes to the system registry. **Incorrectly editing the registry may severely** damage your system. Before making changes to the registry, you should back up any valued data on your computer.

a.Click Start, click Run, type regedt32or type regedit, and then click OK.
 b.In Registry Editor, locate the following registry key: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders
 c.Set "Enabled" DWORD to "0x0" for the following registry keys:

SCHANNEL\Ciphers\DES 56/56
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 64/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 56/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 40/128
SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL
SCHANNEL\Hashes\MD5

Overview of Vulnerabilities

| Vulnerability | Risk Level |
|---|------------|
| twitter.com | |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Medium |
| [Possible] BREACH Attack Detected | Medium |
| [Possible] Cross-site Scripting | Medium |
| HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings | Medium |
| Out-of-date Version (jQuery) | Medium |
| vine.co | |
| Out-of-date Version (Moment.js) | High |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Medium |
| HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings | Medium |
| Out-of-date Version (jQuery) | Medium |
| Insecure Transport Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.0) | Low |
| Insecure Transport Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.0) | High |
| periscope.tv | |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Low |
| Strict Transport Security Not Enforced | Low |
| pscp.tv | |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Low |
| Strict Transport Security Not Enforced | Low |
| gnip.com | L |
| HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings | Medium |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Low |
| mopub.com | ' |
| HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings | Medium |
| Weak Ciphers Enabled | Medium |

Conclusion

This study has emphasized the vulnerabilities of the www.twitter.com domain and made recommendations for its protection. All of the vulnerabilities that have been identified are classified according to their risk level, which includes high, medium, low, and informational. Aside from that, I've included detailed descriptions of the tools I've used and the installation process I went through to complete this work.

A comprehensive security strategy was developed and implemented to ensure that the web application is protected from cyber-attacks. I've uncovered two high-risk vulnerabilities that need to be addressed. Aside from that, the majority of the vulnerabilities are of low to medium severity.

Reference

https://github.com/aboul3la/Sublist3r

https://github.com/nmap/nmap

https://github.com/lanmaster53/recon-ng

https://github.com/EnableSecurity/wafw00f

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EoaDgUgS6QA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IWbmP0Z-yQg