A LETTER FROM GERMANY.

A visitor from Germany, a gentleman of high rank and gentlemannered, arrived last week at the American Institute, where the Quarterly Review is published. He was much pleased with the appearance of the Institute, and expressed a wish to see the Institution in all its glory. He was introduced by the Friends to the Quarterly Review, and was much impressed with the character and intelligence of the publication.

In conversation with the Friends, he expressed a desire to visit the United States, and to see the country at first hand. He was much interested in the history of the United States, and was eager to learn as much as possible about the country.

The Friends were most hospitable, and did all in their power to make the visitor feel at home. They arranged for him to visit some of the leading institutions in the country, and to meet with prominent figures in various fields.

The visitor was much impressed with the quality of the people he met, and the intellectual atmosphere of the country. He was especially struck by the spirit of community that seemed to pervade the institutions he visited.

He expressed a desire to return to the United States, and to continue his studies of the country. He was most grateful for the hospitality he had received, and expressed a wish to return to the United States as soon as possible.
Dear Brother Hall,-The text of the passage inserted in the common version of the Bible, which has been adopted from the original Greek text, is somewhat different from the passage in the Greek New Testament. The reason for this is that the passage in the Greek New Testament is not translated into English, but rather is translated into English from the Greek text. The passage in the Greek New Testament is as follows:

Mary Magdalene, the other Mary, and Salome were at the tomb early on the first day of the week. When the sun had risen, they went to the tomb and found the stone rolled away.

Joseph Warren

The Sabbath Recorder.
THE SABBATH RECORDER. MARCH 13, 1879.

[Article text]

WASHINGTON, March 12.
The forty-fifth Congress has not yet convened; the Senate even now is not in session, and Congressmen have not yet returned. On account of the political campaign and the efforts of the party leaders to secure the nomination of their candidates, the session of Congress had already been adjourned to March 4. The House of Representatives was to meet on the 6th, but the Senate did not convene until the 12th.

The House of Representatives was in session on March 10, but the Senate was not in session. The House was in session on the 12th, but the Senate was not in session. The House was in session on the 14th, but the Senate was not in session. The House was in session on the 16th, but the Senate was not in session. The House was in session on the 18th, but the Senate was not in session. The House was in session on the 20th, but the Senate was not in session.

In the meantime, various bills were introduced in both houses of Congress. These bills relate to various topics, such as the abolition of slavery, the construction of public works, and the regulation of commerce. The bills were debated for several days in each house, and were finally passed and sent to the President for his signature.

The President signed the bills into law on March 25, 1879.

[Article conclusion]