# Uponor

**Single-stage SetPoint Controller
with Floor Sensor (A3041501)**

Installation & Operation Manual

Introduction

The Uponor Single-stage SetPoint Controller with Floor Sensor (A3041501) accurately controls the room and/or floor temperature for a hydronic heating zone using Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) technology. Simple up and down buttons and
a display with large type make
this thermostat easy to read and
use. An optional Uponor Floor
Sensor (A3040079) is included to measure floor temperature to protect the floor from overheating and enhance comfort.
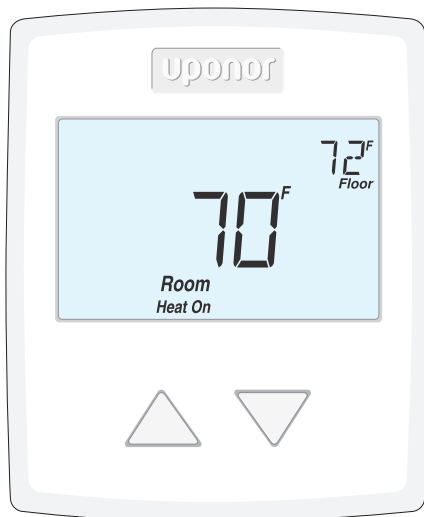
Energy-saving Features

· Auto Heating Cycle

Additional Features

· Radiant Floor Heating
· Pulse Width Modulation (PWM)
· Floor and Air Temperature Control
· Outdoor and Floor Temperature Display
· Backlight
· Freeze Protection
· Includes Floor Sensor (A3040079)

Table of Contents

Getting Started

Congratulations on the purchase of your new Uponor thermostat.

This manual will step through the complete installation, programming and sequence of operation for this control. At the back, there are tips for control and system troubleshooting.

Installation

Caution

Improper installation and operation of this control could result in damage to the equipment and possibly even personal injury or death. It is your responsibility to ensure that this control is safely installed according to all applicable codes and standards. This electronic control is not intended for use as a primary limit control. Other controls that are intended and certified as safety limits must be placed into the control circuit.

Preparation

Tools Required
- Jeweller screwdriver
- Phillips head screwdriver
- Wire stripper

Materials Required

· 18 AWG LVT Solid Wire
   (Low-voltage Connections)

Installation Location

Choose the placement of the thermostats early in the construction process to enable proper wiring during rough-in.

Consider the following:

· Install on an interior wall.
· Keep dry. Avoid potential leakage onto the control.
· Ensure relative humidity is less than 90% (non-condensing environment).
· Do not expose to extreme temperatures beyond 32-122°F (0-50°C).
· Do not expose to draft, direct sun, or other cause for inaccurate temperature readings.
· Install away from equipment, appliances, or other sources of electrical interference.
· Ensure easy access for wiring, viewing, and adjusting the display screen.
· Install approximately 5 feet (1.5m) off the finished floor.
· The maximum length of wire is 500 feet (150m).
· Strip wire to ⅜" (10mm) for all terminal connections.
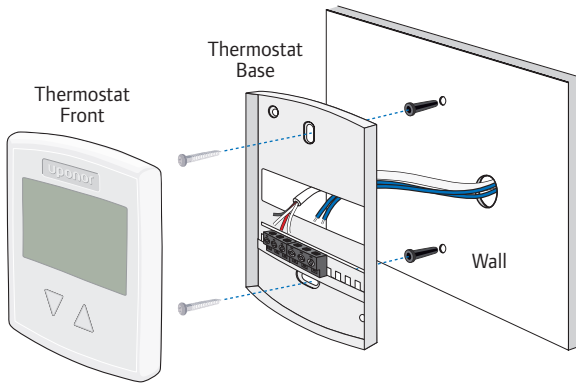· Use standard, 4-conductor, 18-AWG wire.

Removing the Thermostat Base

To remove the thermostat base:

· Locate the tab on the bottom of the thermostat.
· Push the tab with either your thumb or with a screwdriver.
· Lift the thermostat front away from the thermostat's base.
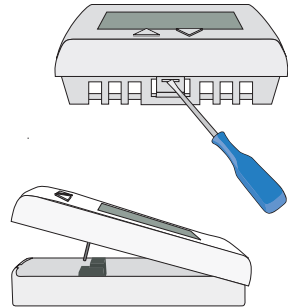
Mounting the Thermostat

If mounting directly to the wall:
- Drill holes and install the wall anchors.
- Feed the wiring through the large hole in the thermostat base.
- Fasten the thermostat base to the wall using the wood screws to the wall anchors.
- Terminate wiring to the wiring strip.
- Push the thermostat front onto the thermostat base.
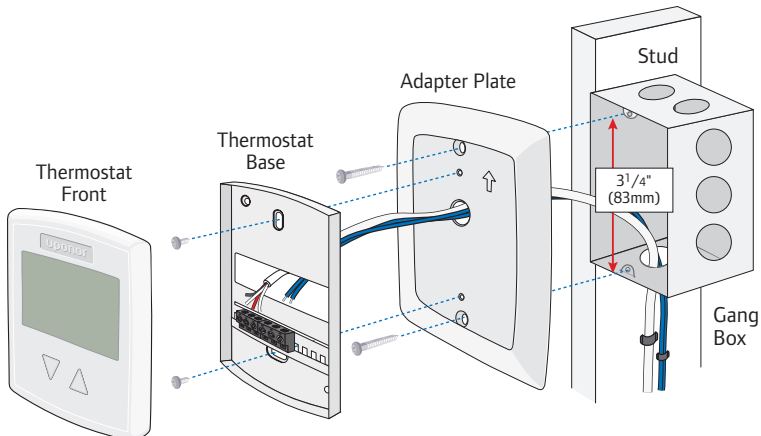

If a single gang box is used:
- Adapter Plate is required (sold separately).
- Feed the wiring through the hole in the adaptor plate and the thermostat base.
- Fasten the adaptor plate to the gang box.
- Fasten the base of the thermostat to the adaptor plate.
- Terminate wiring to the wiring strip.
- Push the thermostat front onto the thermostat base.

Floor Sensor Installation

New Installations

Thin-set or Thin-pour Applications

If installing the floor covering over either a thin-set or thin-pour material of sufficient depth, the floor sensor can be placed directly into either the thin-set material or the thin-pour material and covered over. Ensure the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location. Avoid splices within the thin set or thin pour to ensure trouble-free operation. Locate the sensor midway between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.
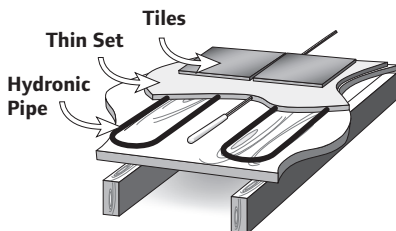
Thin Floor Coverings [less than ⅜" (10mm)]

If installling a thin floor covering directly to the subfloor, a groove $\frac{1}{8}$" (4mm) wide by $\frac{1}{16}$" (2mm) deep can be cut into the surface of the subfloor to accommodate the wire for the sensor. Ensure the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location. Avoid splices under the floor covering to ensure trouble-free operation. Cut a groove $\frac{3}{16}$" (5mm) wide by $\frac{3}{16}$" (5mm) deep by 1$\frac{3}{4}$" (45mm) long to accommodate the sensor. Locate the sensor midway between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.
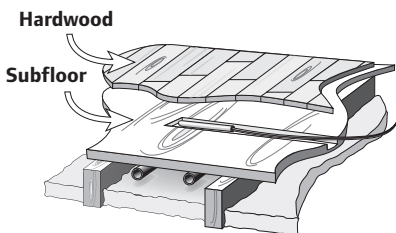
Thick Floor Coverings [greater than ⅜" (10mm)]

If installing a thick floor covering directly to the subfloor, a groove $\frac{1}{8}$" (4mm) wide by $\frac{1}{16}$" (2mm) deep can be cut into the back of the flooring material to accommodate the wire for the sensor. Ensure the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location.

Avoid splices under the floor covering to ensure trouble-free operation. Cut a groove $\frac{3}{16}$" (5mm) wide by $\frac{3}{16}$" (5mm) deep by 1$\frac{3}{4}$" (45mm) long to accommodate the sensor. Locate the sensor midway between the heating elements to ensure a proper temperature reading.
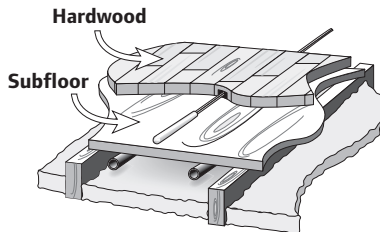
Note: If it is not practical to cut a groove in the surface covering, follow the installation method used for thin floor coverings.

Retrofit Installations

Tile Floor Coverings

If installing a Floor Sensor (A3040079) into an existing tile floor with sufficiently large grout lines, the sensor and wire can be installed in one of the grout lines between the tiles. Select a low-traffic area of the floor that is midway between the heating elements for the sensor location. Ensure the sensor is located in such a position that the attached wire is able to reach to a suitable junction location.

Avoid splices within the grout to ensure trouble-free operation. Remove the appropriate grout line and place the sensor and wire in the floor. Re-grout the area.
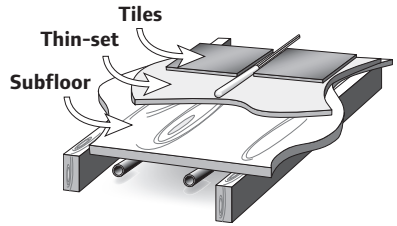
Installing the Sensor to the Bottom of a

Subfloor

If installing the sensor to the bottom of a subfloor, cut a piece of 1" (25mm) thick, rigid insulation into a 6" (150mm) by 6" (150mm) square. Cut a groove ³⁄₁₆" (5mm) wide by ³⁄₁₆" (5mm) deep by 1³⁄₄" (45mm) long into the insulation to accommodate the sensor. Place the sensor in the groove and sandwich the sensor between the insulation and the subfloor. Use a suitable fastening method to affix the insulation to the subfloor.
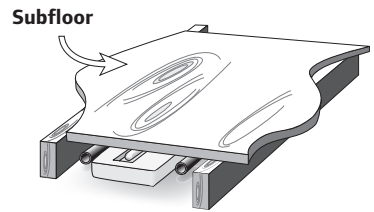
Floor Sensor Wiring

Caution: Do not run sensor wires parallel to telephone or power cables. If the sensor wires are located in an area with strong sources of electromagnetic interference, use shielded cable or twisted pair or run the wires in a grounded metal conduit.

The Floor Sensor is supplied with 10' (3m) of cable. If a longer length is required, 24 AWG or larger wire can be spliced onto the two wires from the sensor. The splices should be properly soldered and protected in an accessible junction box. Follow the sensor testing instructions given in this manual and then connect the wires to the control.

Floor Sensor Testing

A good-quality test meter capable of measuring up to 5,000 kΩ (1 kΩ = 1000Ω)
is required to measure the sensor resistance. In addition, measure the actual temperature with either a good-quality digital thermometer, or if a thermometer
is not available, place a second sensor alongside the one to be tested and compare the readings.

First, measure the room temperature using the thermometer. Disconnect the Sen and Com wires from the thermostat. Using an electrical meter, measure the resistance of the Sen and Com wires at the thermostat location. Using the Temperature vs. Resistance Table below, estimate the temperature measured by the sensor. The sensor measurement and thermometer readings should be close. If the test meter reads a very high resistance, there may be a broken wire, a poor wiring connection or a defective sensor. If the resistance is very low, the wiring may be shorted, there may be moisture in the sensor or the sensor may be defective. To test for a defective sensor, measure the resistance directly at the sensor location. Once the test has been completed, reconnect the Sen and Com wires to the thermostat.

Do not apply voltage to the temperature sensor terminals at any time as damage to the sensor may result.

Temperature vs. Resistance Table

Temperature		Resistance	Temperature		Resistance
°F	°C	Ω	°F	°C	Ω
-50	-46	490,813	25	-4	39,913
-45	-43	405,710	30	-1	34,558
-40	-40	336,606	35	2	29,996
-35	-37	280,279	40	4	26,099
-30	-34	234,196	45	7	22,763
-25	-32	196,358	50	10	19,900
-20	-29	165,180	55	13	17,436
-15	-26	139,402	60	16	15,311
-10	-23	118,018	65	18	13,474
-5	-21	100,221	70	21	11,883
0	-18	85,362	75	24	10,501
5	-15	72,918	80	27	9,299
10	-12	62,465	85	29	8,250
15	-9	53,658	90	32	7,334
20	-7	46,218	95	35	6,532

Temperature vs. Resistance Table – Continued

Temperature		Resistance	Temperature		Resistance
°F	°C	Ω	°F	°C	Ω
100	38	5,828	165	74	1,538
105	41	5,210	170	77	1,403
110	43	4,665	175	79	1,281
115	46	4,184	180	82	1,172
120	49	3,760	185	85	1,073
125	52	3,383	190	88	983
130	54	3,050	195	91	903
135	57	2,754	200	93	829
140	60	2,490	205	96	763
145	63	2,255	210	99	703
150	66	2,045	215	102	648
155	68	1,857	220	104	598
160	71	1,689	225	107	553

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Thermostat Wiring

Zone Valve

Zone Valve

Install field jumper wire R to Rh

Floor Sensor (A3040079)

R C

24 V (ac) Transformer

L N

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| — | + | ⊓⊔ | No Power |
| C | R | Rh | W1 | S1 | Com |

Zone Control Module A3031003/A3031004

Install field jumper wire R to Rh

Floor Sensor (A3040079)

uponor

| — | + | ⊓⊔ | No Power |
| C | R | Rh | W1 | S1 | Com |

2 3 4

Zone Control Module A3031003/A3031004

Relay

Relay

Install field jumper wire R to Rh

Floor Sensor (A3040079)

③ ②
④ ①
⑤ ⑧
⑥ ⑦

R

uponor

| — | + | ⊓⊔ | No Power |
| C | R | Rh | W1 | S1 | Com |

N L G   Transformer

115 V (ac)
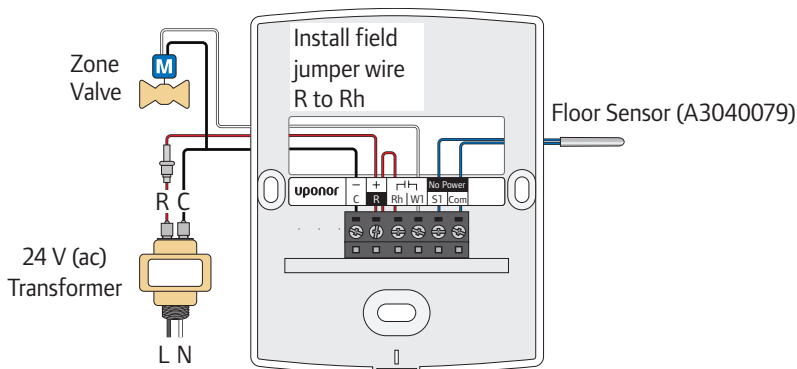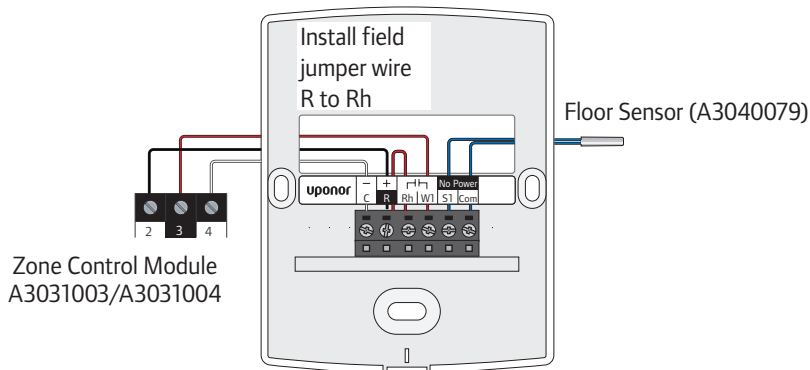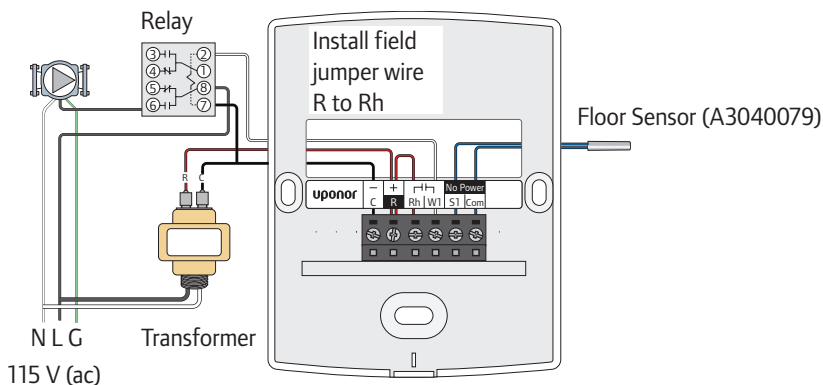
Thermostat Wiring

Multiple Pump Relay (A3080301)

Floor Sensor
(A3040079)

R W R W R W
Zone 1 Zone 2 Zone 3

24 V
Com

Switching Relay

Class 2
Transformer

X X

Zone 1 Zone 2 Zone 3
H N H N H N

N H

Pump

N L

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– +
C R Rh W1 S1 Com
No Power
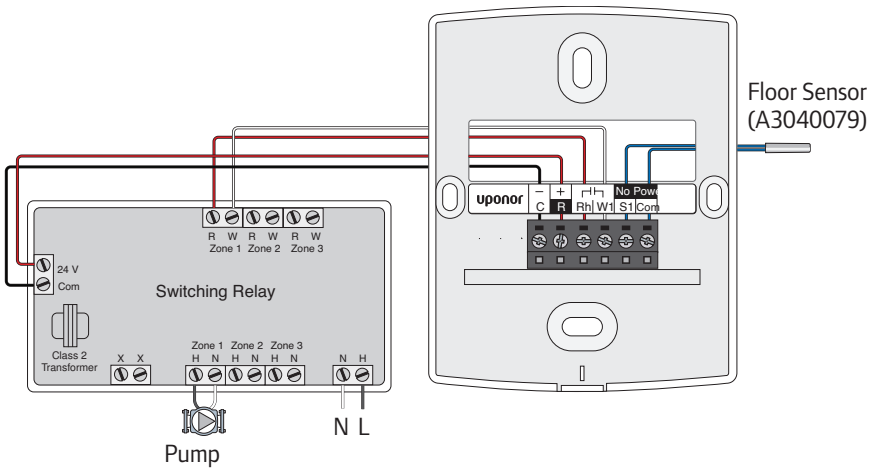
Testing the Thermostat Wiring

Testing the Power

If the thermostat display turns on, this indicates that the thermostat is operating correctly and there are no electrical issues. In the event that the display is permanently off:

1. Remove the thermostat front.

2. Use an electrical meter to measure voltage between the R and C wiring terminals. For AC power supplies, the voltage should measure between 10 to 30 V (ac).
   For DC power supplies, the voltage should measure between 10 to 30 V (dc).

3. If the voltage on the R and C wire terminations is continuous and the thermostat display is not on, the thermostat may have a fault. Contact your Uponor sales representative for assistance.

If the thermostat display intially powers on but later shuts off intermittently, there may be a short circuit from the W wire to ground, or the power supply is too small to power the load.

Testing the Heat Zone Output Wiring

1. Touch the △ button and set the heating temperature above the current room temperature. Make sure the display does not flash "Max" if using a floor sensor.

2. When the "Heat On" symbol appears on the display, use an electrical meter to check for voltage on the W and C wires connected to the zone valve, wiring center, relay or switching relay. The electrical meter should read 10 to 30 V (ac) or (dc).

3. If the W and C wires have voltage, check the zone valve, wiring center, relay or pump to determine if the heat device is operating correctly.

User Interface

Home Screen
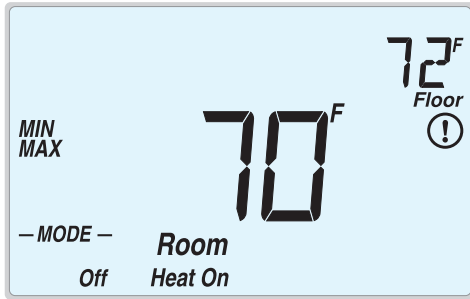
Symbols Description

Heat On	**HEAT ON** Heat is turned on.	*MIN*	**MIN** The floor is at or below the floor minimum temperature.
— MODE — *Off*	**MODE OFF** The heating system is off.	*MAX*	**MAX** The floor has reached the floor maximum temperature.
⊙	**WARNING SYMBOL** Indicates an error is present.		

Sequence of Operation

Heating Operation

To change the heat temperature setting, push the △ or ▽ button to select a preferred temperature setting. The Heat On symbol is shown on the display when the thermostat is heating. The heat can cycle on and off within +/- 1.5°F (1°C) of the temperature setting.

The floor and air heating can be shut off by holding the ▽ button until Set Room is Off.

To resume heating when the Mode is Off, press the △ button to navigate to the Mode setting, then press the △ button to select Mode Heat. The thermostat will resume heating at the last previously set temperature.

Air Temperature Only

If there is only an air temperature sensor (no floor sensor), the thermostat operates to control your desired air temperature.
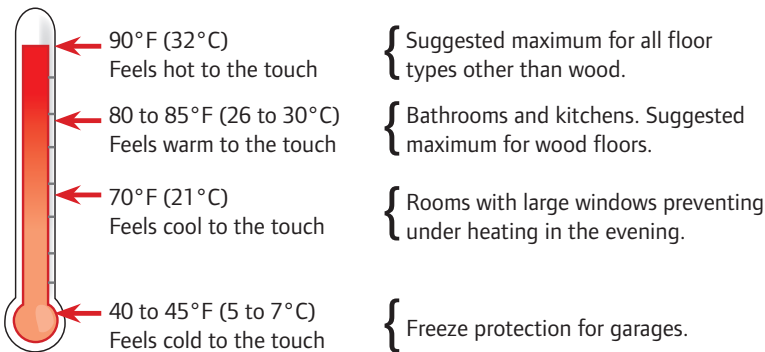
Floor Temperature Only

If the air sensor has been disabled, the thermostat will only maintain floor temperature and ignore air temperature. This operation is recommended for areas such as bathrooms to ensure that tile floors are warm to the touch.

Floor and Air Temperature

If the air sensor is turned on and a floor sensor is connected, the thermostat will maintain the desired air temperature as well as a minimum floor temperature.

This operation is recommended for areas with large windows that allow the sun to shine into a room and keep it warm without the need for heat. This can allow the floors to cool off during the afternoon. When the sun goes down, it can take a long time for the floors to get warm again. This may cause the room to cool off too much in the early evening. A floor minimum setting can help with this condition by maintaining a floor minimum temperature. Keep in mind the floor minimum temperature will override the air temperature, and if set too high, may overheat the room.

This operation is also recommended for rooms with hardwood floors. Setting floor minimum and maximum temperatures is a way of enhancing the comfort of the living space while protecting floor coverings.

90°F (32°C)
Feels hot to the touch
{ Suggested maximum for all floor types other than wood.

80 to 85°F (26 to 30°C)
Feels warm to the touch
{ Bathrooms and kitchens. Suggested maximum for wood floors.

70°F (21°C)
Feels cool to the touch
{ Rooms with large windows preventing under heating in the evening.

40 to 45°F (5 to 7°C)
Feels cold to the touch
{ Freeze protection for garages.

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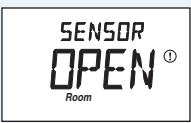
Programmable Settings

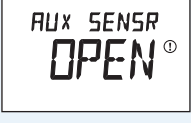| Setting	Display
User settings. Press the △ and ▽ buttons together for 3 seconds to enter and advance to the next setting.	
MODE Select heat or off.	MODE HEAT
Range: HEAT, OFF	Default: HEAT
UNITS Select the temperature units.	UNITS F
Range: °F or °C	Default: °F
LIGHT Select when the display backlight should operate. Auto operates the backlight for 30 seconds after a keystroke.	LIGHT AUTO
Range: OFF, AUTO, ON	Default: AUTO
SET FLOOR Set the floor minimum temperature. Available when an auxiliary floor sensor is connected and the built-in room sensor is on.	SET FLOOR 72°
Range: OFF, 40 to 122°F (4.5 to 50.0°C)	Default: 72°F (22.0°C)
TYPE Device Type number. Hold the △ button to view the software version.	TYPE 519
ESCAPE Release the △ and ▽ buttons to return to the home screen.	ESCAPE
Installer settings. Press the △ and ▽ buttons together for 5 more seconds.	
AUXILIARY SENSOR Select the type of auxiliary sensor. Available when an auxiliary sensor is automatically detected.	AUX SENSR NONE
Range: **NONE** = no auxiliary sensor, **ROOM** = Indoor Sensor, **FLOR** = Floor Sensor, **OUT** = Outdoor Sensor	Default: OFF
ROOM SENSOR Select if the built-in room temperature sensor is on or off. The built-in room sensor can only be disabled when an auxiliary room or floor sensor is connected.	SENSOR ON Room
Range: ON or OFF	Default: ON
SET FLOOR MAXIMUM Set the floor maximum temperature in order to protect the floor covering. Suggested settings: Tile = 90°F (32°C), Wood Floor = 85°F (29°C)	SET FLOOR MAX 85°F
Range: 40 to 122°F (4.5 to 50.0°C), OFF	Default: 85°F (29.5°C)
ESCAPE Release the △ and ▽ buttons to return to the home screen.	ESCAPE

Troubleshooting

Error Messages

Error Message	Description
SETUP **Err** [i]	**SETUP MENU SAVE ERROR** The thermostat failed to read the Programmable Settings from memory and has reloaded the factory default settings. The thermostat stops normal operation until all Programmable Settings are checked except to provide freeze protection.
SENSOR **OPEN** [i] Room	**ROOM SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT ERROR** The built-in air temperature sensor has an open circuit fault. Do not confuse this error with the auxiliary room sensor short circuit error. This error cannot be field repaired. Contact your wholesaler or Uponor sales representative for details on repair procedures.
SENSOR **SHRT** [i] Room	**ROOM SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT ERROR** The built-in air temperature sensor has a short circuit fault. Do not confuse this error with the auxiliary room sensor short circuit error. This error cannot be field repaired. Contact your wholesaler or Uponor sales representative for details on repair procedures.
AUX SENSR **OPEN** [i]	**AUXILIARY SENSOR OPEN CIRCUIT ERROR** The auxiliary sensor has an open circuit. Check for loose or damaged wires. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Sensor Testing section of this installation manual. The error clears after the auxiliary sensor fault is corrected. If the auxiliary sensor was intentionally removed, power the thermostat down and up to clear the error.
AUX SENSR **SHRT** [i]	**AUXILIARY SENSOR SHORT CIRCUIT ERROR** The auxiliary sensor has a short circuit. Check for damaged wires. Locate and repair the problem as described in the Sensor Testing section of this manual. The error clears after the auxiliary sensor fault is corrected.

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Frequently Asked Questions

Symptom	Look for...	Corrective Action
Display powering on and off.	Measure voltage at wiring terminals R and C.	The power supply transformer may have limited VA capacity. A transformer with a larger VA rating is recommended.
Thermostat does not heat.	Mode Off	Thermostat must be in Mode Heat in order to provide heating.

Technical Data

Thermostat (A3041501)

Control	Microprocessor control; this is not a safety (limit) control.
Packaged weight	0.6 lb. (290 g)
Dimensions	$3\frac{11}{16}$" H x 3" W x $\frac{15}{16}$" D (94mm x 76mm x 24mm)
Enclosure	White PVC plastic, NEMA Type 1
Approvals	Meets Class B: ICES and FCC Part 15
Ambient conditions	Indoor use only, 32 to 122°F (0 to 50°C), RH ≤90% non-condensing
Power supply	10 to 30 V (ac/dc), 50/60 Hz, 1.8 VA standby, 56 VA max fully loaded, Class 2
Relay	30 V (ac/dc) 2 A, Class 2 circuits
Sensor	NTC thermistor, 10 kΩ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) ß=3892
– Included	Floor Sensor (A3040079)

Floor Sensor (A3040079)

Dimensions	$\frac{3}{16}$" OD x $1\frac{1}{2}$" (5mm OD x 38mm)
Enclosure	316 stainless steel, 10' (3 m) 24 AWG, 300 volt PVC-insulated zipcord
Approvals	CSA ® c us
Operating range	-58 to 140°F (-50 to 60°C)
Sensor	NTC thermistor, 10 kΩ @ 77°F (25°C ±0.2°C) ß=3892

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