

Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP

Four Embarcadero Center, 22nd Floor | San Francisco, CA 94111-5998 | tel 415.983.1000 | fax 415.983.1200

MAILING ADDRESS: P. O. Box 2824 | San Francisco, CA 94126-2824

FACSIMILE

Total Pages (including cover): 5

ABU DHABI

AUSTIN

BEIJING

HOUSTON

LONDON

LOS ANGELES

NASHVILLE

NEW YORK

NORTHERN VIRGINIA

PALM BEACH

SACRAMENTO

SAN DIEGO

SAN DIEGO-NORTH COUNTY

SAN FRANCISCO

SHANGHAI

SILICON VALLEY

TOKYO

WASHINGTON DC

Date:

April 30, 2015

Must Be Sent By:

To:

The Honorable Jon Conklin

Fax No:

(559) 457-1810

Company: Presiding Judge, Fresno County Superior Court

Phone No:

(559) 457-1802

From:

Marley Degner

Phone No:

415.983.1186

16174 User No:

C/M No:

099902-9719971

Comments:

Confidentiality Note:

The documents accompanying this facsimile transmission may contain confidential information which is legally privileged. The information is intended only for the use of the individual or entity named above. If you are not the intended recipient, or the person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution or use of any of the information contained in this transmission is strictly PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please immediately notify us by telephone and mail the original transmission to us. Thank you.

if you nave	not properly received this fax, please call	(415) 983-1000.	. Thank you.	
Operator:		Time Sent:	Batch ID:	





Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP Four Embarcadero Center, 22nd Floor | San Francisco, CA 94111-5998 | tel 415.983.1000 | fax 415.983.1200 MAILING ADDRESS: P. O. Box 2824 | San Francisco, CA 94126-2824

Via Facsimile and First Class Mail

April 30, 2015

The Honorable Jon Conklin Presiding Judge Fresno County Superior Court 1100 Van Ness Avenue Fresno, CA 93724-0002 Fax: (559) 457-1810

Dear Presiding Judge Conklin:

We are attorneys with the law firm of Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP and the American Civil Liberties Union of Northern California, respectively. It has come to our attention that the Fresno County Superior Court has a policy of requiring those accused of traffic infractions to pay the full amount they would be required to pay if they were found guilty before they can have a trial, even if they are willing to appear for separate arraignment and trial dates. Although this amount is referred to as "bail," it does not function as bail (because it is not a condition of release) and is in fact composed of criminal fines, penalty assessments, and other surcharges that are used as a revenue-collection tool.¹

As described below, because the Court's policy is not authorized by Vehicle Code section 40519 and violates the constitutional rights to due process and equal protection, we are asking the Court to rescind it immediately.

The Court's website states, in relevant part, that: "To contest an infraction violation, you must enter a not guilty plea, pay bail and request a trial. Requests can

www.pillsburylaw.com 602591819_1.DOCX

¹ See *Not Just a Ferguson Problem How Traffic Courts Drive Inequality in California*, at 10 (April 8, 2015), http://www.lccr.com/wp-content/uploads/Not-Just-a-Ferguson-Problem-How-Traffic-Courts-Drive-Inequality-in-California-4.8.15.pdf.

Presiding Judge Jon Conklin Fresno County Superior Court April 30, 2015 Page 2

be received either by mail or in person at the court listed on the bottom of the citation....If you are found not guilty, your bail is refunded by mail and is returned to the depositor at the address listed on the case." (emphasis in original).²

Vehicle Code section 40519 does not authorize this policy. Rather, the statute merely allows defendants who desire the convenience of being arraigned and tried on the same day to do so, on the condition that they first post an amount equal to the amount they would be liable to pay if they were found guilty. (*People v. Prince* (1976) 55 Cal.App.Supp. 19, 30-31.) Nothing in the statute allows the Court to require "bail" as a condition for trial of persons who are willing to appear at a separate arraignment. Those who do not seek the convenience of an arraignment and trial on the same date should not be required to pay the full amount they would be required to pay if they were found guilty before their trial, any more than any other criminal defendant would have to pay fines before conviction.

The Fresno Superior Court's policy of requiring defendants to pay these penalties³ before a trial date will be set in every traffic infraction matter not only goes beyond what Vehicle Code section 40519 allows, it violates the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution as well as Article I, section 7 of the California Constitution by depriving people of property without due process of law.

First, requiring a "bail" deposit prior to trial is a deprivation of property, albeit temporary, which comes within the purview of the due process clause. (See *Brooks v. Small Claims Court* (1973) 8 Cal. 3d 661, 667.) Due process generally requires that individuals must receive notice and an opportunity to be heard before the government deprives them of property. (See, e.g., *United States v. Good* (1993) 510 U.S. 43, 48, 53.)

Moreover, a criminal fine is a type of criminal punishment. (*Southern Union Co. v. United States* (2012) 567 U.S. ___, 132 S.Ct. 2344, 2350-51; *People v. Hanson* (2000) 23 Cal.4th 355, 360-63.) Due process prohibits the government from imposing criminal punishment "prior to an adjudication of guilt." (*Bell v. Wolfish*

602591819_1.DOCX

² http://www.fresno.courts.ca.gov/traffic/#2.

³ The bulk of the so-called "bail" consists of penalty assessments and other surcharges, such as the DNA Identification Fund penalty and the state court construction penalty. See e.g. http://www.riverside.courts.ca.gov/uniformbail.pdf.

Presiding Judge Jon Conklin Fresno County Superior Court April 30, 2015 Page 3

(1979) 441 U.S. 520, 535; see *Kennedy v. Mendoza-Martinez* (1963) 372 U.S. 144, 165-66; *Wing Wong v. United States* (1896) 163 U.S. 228, 237.)

And because Fresno Superior Court's policy creates two classes of people: those who can pay to access the courts in a traffic infraction case and those who cannot, it violates the right to equal protection under the 14th Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I, section 7 of the California Constitution. (See *Payne v. Superior Court* (1976) 17 Cal. 3d 908, 919, 923; see also *Tucker v. City of Montgomery Bd. of Com'rs* (M.D. Ala. 1976) 410 F. Supp. 494, 502-503).

For these reasons, we request that the Court promptly rescind its policy of requiring those accused of traffic infractions to pay "bail" or the full amount they would be required to pay if they were found guilty before they can receive a trial, and replace it with a policy that is fully publicized and made available to the public and that makes clear that the procedures set forth in Vehicle Code section 40519 are simply an alternative for persons who desire the convenience of making only a single appearance.

We will also be requesting records relating to the policy pursuant to Rule 10.500 of the California Rules of Court by sending an Administrative Records Request Form to the Court Administration office.

We ask that you respond to this letter by no later than May 28, 2015 to let us know how, if at all, the Court plans to change its policy. If you do not rescind this policy or if you fail to respond to this letter, we will have no choice but to consider all of our options, including but not limited to legal action. If we can provide any clarification please contact us by mail or via email at:

marley.degner@pillsburylaw.com or csun@aclunc.org.

Presiding Judge Jon Conklin Fresno County Superior Court April 30, 2015 Page 4

Thank you for your time and attention to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Marley Degner, Esq.

Counsel

Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP

Christine P. Sun, Esq.

Director of Legal and Policy Dept.

ACLU of Northern California

Confirmation Report - Memory Send

Page : 001

TO

FROM # OF PAGES

OPERATOR

Date & Time: Apr-30-2015 10:03

Line 2

: 4159831200 : 4159831200

E-mail

Machine ID: Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP

DTI FAX CONFIRMATION

FLOOR

Job number

047

Date

Apr-30 10:01 /

To

: **\$15594571810** /

Number of pages

005

Start time

Apr-30 10:01

End time

Apr-30 10:03

Pages sent

005 /

Status

OK /

Comments:

Job number

: 047

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***

pillsburg

Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman LLP Four Embarcadero Center, 22nd Floor | San Francisco, CA 94111-5998 | tel 415.983.1000 | fax 415.983.1200 MAILING ADDRESS: P. O. Box 2824 | San Francisco, CA 94126-2824

FACSIMILE

ABU DHABI AUSTIN BEIJING HOUSTON LONDON LOS ANGELES NASHVILLE NEW YORK NORTHERN VIRGINIA PALM BEACH SACRAMENTO

SAN DIEGO SAN DIEGO-NORTH COUNTY SAN FRANCISCO

SHANGHAI SILICON VALLEY

TOKYO

WASHINGTON DC

Total Pages (including cover): 5

Date: April 30, 2015 Must Be Sent By:

The Honorable Jon Conklin Fax No: (559) 457-1810

Company: Presiding Judge, Fresno (559) 457-1802 Phone No:

County Superior Court

Marley Degner Phone No: 415.983.1186 16174 C/M No: 099902-9719971

Confidentiality Note:
The documents accompanying this facelmile transmission may this facelmile transmission may which is legally privileged. The information is intended only for the use of the individual or entity named above. If you are not the intended recipient, or the person responsible for delivering it to the intended recipient, you are nereby notified that any disclosure, copying, distribution contained in this transmission is strictly PROHIBITED. If you have received this transmission in error, please immediately notify us by telephone and mall the original transmission to us. Thank you.

If you have not properly received this fax, please call (415) 983-1000. Thank you. Operator: _____Time Sent: ______ Batch ID: _