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H.M.I.S.
HEALTH 2
FLAMMABILITY 3
REACTIVITY 0

These ratings should be used only
as part of full implemented
H.M.I.S. program.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT INFORMATION

DATE OF PREPARATION 9/01/05

TRADE NAME..... FORMICA F140

PHYSICAL FORM: SOLVENT

MANUFACTURER CODE I.D. F140-05M (Formerly a Sovereign Specialty Chemical Inc Product)

SOVEREIGN MANUFACTURER CODE I.D. F140 05M

SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/COMPOSITION INFORMATION

INGREDIENT	% BY WGT	CAS NO.	ALLOWABLE EXPOSURE LEVEL		SARA 313	VP mm Hg @ 20 DEG.C
			PPM	MG/CU.M.		
TOLUENE	20	108-88-3	TLV-TWA OSHA-PEL OSHA-STEL OSHA-CEIL LFL	50 200 500 300 1.7	188 752 1880 1128 UFL	SKIN X 22
N-HEPTANE		142-82-5	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL OSHA-PEL OSHA-STEL LFL	400 500 400 500 1.0	1600 2000 1600 2000 UFL	40
ACETONE		67-64-1	TLV-TWA TLV-STEL OSHA-PEL OSHA-STEL LFL	750 1000 750 1000 2.6	1780 2375 1800 2400 UFL	180
					13.0	

LFL = LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT PERCENT

UFL = UPPER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT PERCENT

SKIN = SKIN ABSORPTION MUST BE CONSIDERED AS A ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

C-CEILING= ALLOW. EXPOSURE LEVEL SHOULD NOT BE EXCEEDED FOR ANY TIME PERIOD

MFR = MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE LIMIT

STEL = SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT

X-SARA 313 = CHEMICAL IS SUBJECT TO REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313

OF TITLE III OF S.A.R.A. 40 CFR PART 372

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EFFECTS OF SHORT TERM OVEREXPOSURE

SWALLOWING

Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting. Aspiration of material into lung may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

INHALATION

May cause nose or throat irritation. High concentrations may cause acute central nervous system depression characterized by headaches, dizziness, nausea and confusion.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

EYE

May cause eye irritation.

SKIN

Primary skin irritant.

May cause defatting and irritation of the skin.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE

Repeated overexposure to toluene may cause liver damage.

Reports have associated prolonged and repeated occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH.

Toluene has been found to cause kidney, lung and spleen damage in laboratory animals.

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

SWALLOWING

If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Call poison control center, hospital emergency room or physician immediately.

INHALATION

Remove to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep warm and quiet. Get medical attention immediately.

EYE

Flush with large amounts of water, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. Continue for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN

Immediately flush the contaminated area with large amounts of water. Remove contaminated clothing as water is applied. Consult a physician.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

Any treatment that might be required for overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLAMMABLE LIQUID - CLASS 1B

FLASHPOINT 20 DEG.F,SFCC (-7 DEG.C,)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use NFPA Class B Fire extinguishers (carbon dioxide, all purpose dry chemical or alcohol foam) designed to extinguish flammable liquid fires. Polymer foam is preferred for large fires.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

WARNING! FLAMMABLE.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Water may be ineffective, but may be used to cool exposed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto-ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Wear respirators, eye, hand, and body protection appropriate for the size of the spill and the exposures encountered.

Keep spectators away. Eliminate all ignition sources (flames, hot surfaces, and sources of electrical, static or frictional sparks).

Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquids to covered metal containers for recovery or disposal, or remove with inert absorbent. Use only non-sparking tools. Place absorbent diking materials in covered metal containers for disposal. Prevent contamination

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (Continued)

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
of sewers, streams, and groundwater with spilled material or used
absorbent.

WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

RCRA CLASSIFICATION

This product, if discarded directly, would be classified a hazardous waste
based on its ignitability characteristic, i.e. has a flash point of 140
deg. F.(60 deg.C) or less. The proper RCRA classification would be D001.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

None known

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not store above 115 deg.F (46 deg.C) store large quantities in
compliance with OSHA 29CFR1910.106.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Do not take internally. Close container after each use.
Empty containers must not be washed and re-used for any purpose.
Containers should be grounded and bonded to the receiving container.
Do not weld, braze or cut on empty container.
Never use pressure to empty. Drum is not a pressure vessel.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Proper selection of respiratory protection depends upon many factors
including duration/level of exposure and conditions of use. In general
exposure to organic chemicals such as those contained in this product may
not require the use of respiratory protection if used in well ventilated
areas. In restricted ventilation areas a NIOSH approved chemical cartridge
respirator may be required. Under certain conditions, such as spraying, a
mechanical prefilter may also be required. In confined areas use a NIOSH/
MSHA approved air supplied respirator. If the TLV's listed in Section II
are exceeded use a properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with an
appropriate protection factor. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 "Respiratory
Protection", and "Respiratory Protection A Manual And Guideline, American
Industrial Hygiene Assoc."

VENTILATION

Provide local exhaust ventilation in sufficient volume and pattern so as to
maintain exposures below nuisance dust limits and permissible exposure
limits which may be listed in Section II. Refer to Industrial Ventilation -
A Manual for Recommended Practice - American Conference Of Governmental
Industrial Hygienists.

HAND PROTECTION

Solvent impermeable gloves are required for repeated or prolonged contact.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eyewash facility, safety shower.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE 130 DEG.F. (54 DEG.C.) TO 233 DEG.F.(112 DEG.C.)

VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air. % VOLATILE BY VOLUME 86

EVAPORATION RATE VOC 5.09 lb/gal less water& NPRS* 611 g/l less water CALCULATED
Slower than diethyl ether.

WEIGHT LB./GAL. 7.0 VOC 27.06 lb/gal solids 3247 g/l solids CALCULATED
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.8

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

All Physical data determined at 68 DEG. F. (20 DEG. C.) 760 mm Hg
* Negligibly Photochemically Reactive Materials

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY

Normally stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid excessive heat (>115 F (46 C) and sources of ignition.

INCOMPATABILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Strong acids or alkaline materials.

Oxidizing materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Burning, including when heated by welding or cutting, will produce smoke, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. In addition, hydrogen chloride, chlorine, may be generated.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

See Section 6.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ITEM: F140-05M

DESC/SIZE: FORMICA F140

MODE	PROPER SHIPPING NAME NAERG: 3-05	CLASS	I.D.#	PKG	GRP
IATA (AIR)	PROHIBITED				
DOT (HM-181) (DOMESTIC SURFACE)	ADHESIVES NAERG: 128	3	UN1133	II	
IMDG CODE (OCEAN)	ADHESIVES	3	UN1133	II	
NOTE! The assignment of Proper Shipping Names is in part a function of the size of the product container and the transport mode. For example, the Proper Shipping Name for a bulk container can differ significantly from the Proper Shipping Name for the same product packaged in a non-bulk container. This can also be true for products shipped via different modes of transportation (i.e. ground, air, ocean). The descriptions provided above are intended to provide some guidance. However, these descriptions may not apply to your package size or mode of shipment.					
The U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, 49 CFR - Transportation, regulations, and the policies established by some transporters, require that the shipper properly classify and assign a Proper Shipping Name, and label, mark and package the material properly. Therefore, the user of this information is cautioned to consult with applicable regulations, and with qualified advisors prior to the repackaging and or reshipment of this or other any					

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION (Continued)

product which contain this product.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WARNING: This product contains
TOLUENE;
a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or
other reproductive harm.

INGREDIENT CAS NO. DETAIL INVENTORY LIST INFORMATION

TOLUENE	108-88-3	TSCA(8a CAIR) TSCA(8a PAIR) TSCA(8d) DSL
N-HEPTANE	142-82-5	TSCA(12b) TSCA(4a) TSCA(8a PAIR) TSCA(8d) DSL
ACETONE	67-64-1	TSCA(12b) TSCA(4) DSL

DETAIL INVENTORY LIST DESCRIPTION

TSCA/Toxic Substances Control Act
(12b)Notices of Export
(4)Test Rules
(4a)TSCA 4a
(8a CAIR)Comprehensive Assessment Information Rules
(8a PAIR)Preliminary Assessment Information Rules
(8d)Health and Safety Reporting Rules
DSL/Canadian Domestic Substance List

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER: The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. However, Henkel Corporation does not assume responsibility for any results obtained by persons over whose methods Henkel Corporation has no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of Henkel's products or any production methods mentioned herein for a particular purpose, and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use of any of Henkel Corporation's products. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation further disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits.

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