Gastroparesis Resources

Gastroparesis, also called delayed gastric emptying, is a disorder that slows or stops the movement of food from the stomach to the small intestine. Normally, the muscles of the stomach, which are controlled by the vagus nerve, contract to break up food and move it through the gastrointestinal (GI) tract. The GI tract is a series of hollow organs joined in a long, twisting tube from the mouth to the anus. The movement of muscles in the GI tract, along with the release of hormones and enzymes, allows for the digestion of food. Gastroparesis can occur when the vagus nerve is damaged by illness or injury and the stomach muscles stop working normally. Food then moves slowly from the stomach to the small intestine or stops moving altogether.

Source: National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney
https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/digestive-diseases/gastroparesis

Websites

http://www.g-pact.org/
Gastroparesis Patient Association for Cures and Treatments

http://gicare.com/diseases/gastroparesis/
Jackson Siegelbaum Gastroenterology: Gastroparesis

http://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/gastroparesis/basics/definition/con-20023971
Mayo Clinic: Gastroparesis

http://www.medtronic.com/neuro/enterra/
Medtronic: Gastroparesis

https://www.niddk.nih.gov/health-information/digestive-diseases/gastroparesis
National Digestive Diseases Information Clearinghouse: Gastroparesis

https://rarediseases.org/rare-diseases/gastroparesis/
National Organization of Rare Diseases (NOR): Gastroparesis
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QzYzjZ4JoP4
Penn State Hershey Medical Center: Gastroparesis—How Is It Treated? Video

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This publication is supported by the Administration for Community Living (ACL), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of a financial assistance award totaling $8,700,000 with 100 percent funding by ACL/HHS. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by ACL/HHS, or the U.S. Government.