When should amyloid PET Imaging be used to help diagnose Alzheimer’s?

Evaluation by dementia expert to assess need for diagnostic testing

- Cognitive complaint with objectively confirmed impairment?
- Uncertain diagnosis?
- Increased certainty in the diagnosis and altered treatment plan likely?

**INAPPROPRIATE**
- 65 or older and meet standard definitions and tests for Alzheimer’s
- No clinical confirmation of impairment
- To determine dementia severity
- Requested solely based on a family history of dementia
- As a substitute for genotyping
- For non-medical reasons

**APPROPRIATE**
- Persistent or progressive unexplained memory problems and impairments demonstrated by standard medical exams
- Unusual clinical presentation
- Atypically early age of onset

**IMPACT ON PATIENT CARE**
- Change in medication management
- Change in ordering other tests
- Value of knowing

**KEEP IN MIND**
- Amyloid PET imaging is only part of the diagnosis
- Not currently covered by insurance; a PET scan of the brain can cost several thousand dollars.

Learn more: www.snmmi.org/amyloidauc

**Source**