



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR Part 993

[Doc. No. AMS-SC-19-0056; SC19-993-1 PR]

Dried Prunes Produced in California; Decreased Assessment Rate

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: This proposed rule would implement a recommendation from the Prune Marketing Committee (Committee) to decrease the assessment rate established for the 2019-20 and subsequent crop years from \$0.28 to \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes. The assessment rate would remain in effect indefinitely unless modified, suspended, or terminated.

DATES: Comments must be received by [INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit written comments concerning this proposed rule. Comments must be sent to the Docket Clerk, Marketing Order and Agreement Division, Specialty Crops Program, AMS, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, STOP 0237, Washington, DC 20250-0237; Fax: (202) 720-8938; or internet:

<http://www.regulations.gov>. Comments should reference the document number and the date and page number of this issue of the Federal Register and will be available for public inspection in the Office of the Docket Clerk during regular business hours, or can be viewed at:

<http://www.regulations.gov>. All comments submitted in response to this proposed rule will be included in the record and will be made available to the public. Please be advised that the identity of the individuals or entities submitting the comments will be made public on the internet at the address provided above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Maria Stobbe, Marketing Specialist, or Terry Vawter, Regional Director, California Marketing Field Office, Marketing Order and Agreement Division, Specialty Crops Program, AMS, USDA; Telephone: (559) 538-1674, Fax: (559) 487-5906, or Email: Maria.Stobbe@usda.gov or Terry.Vawter@usda.gov.

Small businesses may request information on complying with this regulation by contacting Richard Lower, Marketing Order and Agreement Division, Specialty Crops Program, AMS, USDA, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, STOP 0237, Washington,

DC 20250-0237; Telephone: (202) 720-2491, Fax: (202) 720-8938, or Email: Richard.Lower@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This action, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, proposes to amend regulations issued to carry out a marketing order as defined in 7 CFR 900.2(j). This proposed rule is issued under Marketing Agreement and Order No. 993, as amended (7 CFR part 993), regulating the handling of dried prunes produced in California. Part 993 (referred to as the "Order") is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), hereinafter referred to as the "Act." The Committee locally administers the Order and is comprised of producers and handlers of dried prunes operating within the production area, and a public member.

The Department of Agriculture (USDA) is issuing this proposed rule in conformance with Executive Orders 13563 and 13175. This action falls within a category of regulatory actions that the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) exempted from Executive Order 12866 review. Additionally, because this proposal does not meet the definition of a significant regulatory action, it does not trigger the requirements contained in Executive Order

13771. See OMB's Memorandum titled "Interim Guidance Implementing Section 2 of the Executive Order of January 30, 2017, titled 'Reducing Regulation and Controlling Regulatory Costs'" (February 2, 2017).

This proposed rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. Under the Order now in effect, California dried prune handlers are subject to assessments. Funds to administer the Order are derived from such assessments. It is intended that the assessment rate will be applicable to all assessable dried prunes beginning on August 1, 2019, and continue until amended, suspended, or terminated.

The Act provides that administrative proceedings must be exhausted before parties may file suit in court. Under section 608c(15)(A) of the Act, any handler subject to a marketing order may file with USDA a petition stating that the marketing order, any provision of the marketing order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the marketing order is not in accordance with law and request a modification of the marketing order or to be exempted therefrom. Such handler is afforded the opportunity for a hearing on the petition. After the hearing, USDA would

rule on the petition. The Act provides that the district court of the United States in any district in which the handler is an inhabitant, or has his or her principal place of business, has jurisdiction to review USDA's ruling on the petition, provided an action is filed not later than 20 days after the date of the entry of the ruling.

The Order authorizes the Committee, with the approval of USDA, to formulate an annual budget of expenses and collect assessments from handlers to administer the program. The members are familiar with the costs of goods and services in their local area and can formulate an appropriate budget and assessment rate. The Committee formulates and discusses the assessment rate in a public meeting where all directly affected persons have an opportunity to participate and provide input.

This proposed rule would decrease the assessment rate for the 2019-20 and subsequent crop years from \$0.28 to \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes handled for the 2019-20 and subsequent crop years.

The Order's assessment rate of \$0.28 had been in effect since the 2013-14 crop year. The Committee met on June 20, 2019, and unanimously recommended 2019-20 crop

year expenditures of \$24,500 and an assessment rate of \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes. In comparison, last year's budgeted expenditures were \$20,470. The assessment rate of \$0.25 is \$0.03 lower than the rate currently in effect. The Committee recommended decreasing the assessment rate to reflect an anticipated larger crop, which is expected to result in assessment revenue greater than anticipated expenses.

The major expenditures recommended by the Committee for the 2019-20 year include \$13,300 for personnel, and \$11,200 for operating expenses. In comparison, budgeted expenses for these items in 2018-19 were \$10,490, and \$9,980, respectively.

The assessment rate recommended by the Committee was derived by considering anticipated expenses and expected shipments of 110,000 tons of salable dried prunes. Income derived from proposed reduced handler assessment estimated to be \$27,500 ($110,000 \times \0.25), along with interest income, would be adequate to cover budgeted expenses of \$24,500.

The assessment rate proposed in this rule would continue in effect indefinitely unless modified, suspended,

or terminated by USDA upon recommendation and information submitted by the Committee or other available information.

Although this assessment rate would be effective for an indefinite period, the Committee will continue to meet prior to or during each crop year to recommend a budget of expenses and consider recommendations for modification of the assessment rate. The dates and times of Committee meetings are available from the Committee or USDA. Committee meetings are open to the public and interested persons may express their views at these meetings. USDA would evaluate Committee recommendations and other available information to determine whether modification of the assessment rate is needed. Further rulemaking will be undertaken as necessary. The Committee's 2019-20 crop year budget and those for subsequent crop years would be reviewed and, as appropriate, approved by USDA.

Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis

Pursuant to requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) (5 U.S.C. 601-612), the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) has considered the economic impact of this proposed rule on small entities. Accordingly, AMS has prepared this initial regulatory flexibility analysis.

The purpose of the RFA is to fit regulatory actions to the scale of businesses subject to such actions in order that small businesses will not be unduly or disproportionately burdened. Marketing orders issued pursuant to the Act are unique in that they are brought about through group action of essentially small entities acting on their own behalf.

There are approximately 800 producers of dried prunes in the production area and 20 handlers subject to regulation under the Order. Small agricultural producers are defined by the Small Business Administration (SBA) as those having annual receipts less than \$750,000, and small agricultural service firms are defined as those whose annual receipts are less than \$7,500,000 (13 CFR 121.201).

According to Committee data, the average price for California dried prunes during the 2017-18 season was approximately \$1,980 per ton with a total production of 105,000 tons. Using the average price and shipment information, the number of handlers (20), and assuming a normal distribution, the majority of handlers would have average annual receipts of greater than \$7,500,000. Thus,

the majority of California dried prune handlers may be classified as large business entities.

In addition, and assuming a normal distribution, dividing the average prune crop value for 2017 reported by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) of \$206,084,000, by the number of producers (800) yields an average annual producer revenue estimate of about \$257,605. Based on the foregoing, the majority of producers of California dried prunes may be classified as small entities.

This proposed rule would decrease the assessment rate collected from handlers for the 2019-20 and subsequent crop years from \$0.28 to \$0.25 per ton of salable California dried prunes. The Committee unanimously recommended 2019-20 expenditures of \$24,500 and an assessment rate of \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes handled. The proposed assessment rate of \$0.25 is \$0.03 lower than the rate currently in effect. The quantity of assessable dried prunes for the 2019-20 crop year is estimated at 110,000 tons. Thus, the proposed \$0.25 rate should provide \$27,500 in assessment income (110,000 x \$0.25). Income derived

from handler assessments, along with interest income, would be adequate to cover budgeted expenses.

The major expenditures recommended by the Committee for the 2019-20 crop year include \$13,300 for personnel, and \$11,200 for operating expenses. In comparison, budgeted expenses for these items in 2018-19 were \$10,490, and \$9,980, respectively.

The Committee recommended decreasing the assessment rate, given that the increase in crop size and the associated revenue would be sufficient to fund its proposed 2019-20 crop year expenses.

Prior to arriving at this budget and assessment rate, the Committee considered information from various sources, such as the Committee's Executive Committee and NASS. Alternative expenditure levels were discussed by the Executive Committee, which reviewed the relative value of various activities to the prune industry. This committee determined that all program activities were adequately funded; thus, no alternate expenditure levels were deemed appropriate. Additionally, maintaining the current assessment rate of \$0.28 per ton of salable dried prunes was discussed. However, sufficient funds would be

generated at the larger crop size (\$27,500), even if assessed at the lower assessment rate proposed. The proposed rate of \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes may exceed anticipated expenses by \$3,000, thereby providing contingency funds for unexpected expenses.

Based on these discussions and estimated shipments, the recommended assessment rate of \$0.25 would provide \$27,500 in assessment income. The Committee determined that assessment revenue and interest income would be adequate to cover budgeted expenses for the 2019-20 crop year.

A review of historical information and preliminary information pertaining to the upcoming crop year indicate that the average grower price for the 2019-20 crop year should be approximately \$2,000 per ton of salable dried prunes. Therefore, the estimated assessment revenue for the 2019-20 crop year as a percentage of total grower revenue would be about 0.01 percent.

This proposed rule would decrease the assessment obligation imposed on handlers. Assessments are applied uniformly on all handlers, and some of the costs may be passed on to producers. Decreasing the assessment rate

reduces the burden on handlers and may also reduce the burden on producers.

The Committee widely publicizes its meetings throughout the California prune industry. The Committee's June 20, 2019, meeting was open to the public, and all entities, both large and small, were able to express views on all issues. Finally, interested persons are invited to submit comments on this proposed rule, including the regulatory and information collection impacts of this action on small businesses.

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35), the Order's information collection requirements have been previously approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and assigned OMB No. 0581-0178 Vegetable and Specialty Crops. No changes in those requirements are necessary as a result of this action. Should any changes become necessary, they would be submitted to OMB for approval.

This proposed rule would not impose any additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements on either small or large California prune handlers. As with all Federal marketing order programs, reports and forms are

periodically reviewed to reduce information requirements and duplication by industry and public sector agencies.

AMS is committed to complying with the E-Government Act, to promote the use of the internet and other information technologies to provide increased opportunities for citizen access to Government information and services, and for other purposes.

USDA has not identified any relevant Federal rules that duplicate, overlap, or conflict with this rule.

A small business guide on complying with fruit, vegetable, and specialty crop marketing agreements and orders may be viewed at: <http://www.ams.usda.gov/rules-regulations/moa/small-businesses>. Any questions about the compliance guide should be sent to Richard Lower at the previously mentioned address in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

A 30-day comment period is provided to allow interested persons to respond to this proposal. All written comments timely received will be considered before a final determination is made on this rule.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 993

Marketing agreements, Plum, Prunes, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 993 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 993 - DRIED PRUNES PRODUCED IN CALIFORNIA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 993 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601-674.

§ 993.347 [Amended]

2. Amend § 993.347 to read as follows:

§ 993.347 Assessment rate.

On and after August 1, 2019, an assessment rate of \$0.25 per ton of salable dried prunes is established for California dried prunes.

Dated: September 18, 2019

Bruce Summers,

Administrator,

Agricultural Marketing Service.

BILLING CODE 3410-02 P

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