DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2016-N-1127]

AbbVie Inc. et al; Withdrawal of Approval of Indications Related to the Coadministration With Statins in Applications for Niacin Extended-Release Tablets and Fenofibric Acid Delayed-Release Capsules

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA or Agency) is withdrawing approval of the indications related to the coadministration with a statin for niacin extended-release (ER) tablets and fenofibric acid delayed-release (DR) capsules. Affected applications include one new drug application (NDA) and seven abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs) for niacin ER tablets, and one NDA and three ANDAs for fenofibric acid DR capsules. The holders of these applications have requested that FDA withdraw approval of the indications and have waived their opportunities for a hearing.

DATES: The effective date is [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

ADDRESSES: For access to the docket to read background documents, go to http://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the “Search” box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jay Sitlani, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research, Food and Drug Administration, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 51, rm. 6282, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, 301-796-5202.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

A. Applications for Niacin ER Tablets

FDA first approved NDA 020381 for Niaspan (niacin extended-release) tablets for several indications on July 28, 1997. On March 26, 2009, FDA approved a revised indication that read as follows:

- Niaspan in combination with simvastatin or lovastatin is indicated for the treatment of primary hyperlipidemia (heterozygous familial and nonfamilial) and mixed dyslipidemia (Fredrickson Types IIa and IIb) when treatment with Niaspan, simvastatin, or lovastatin monotherapy is considered inadequate.

In addition, the following Limitation of Use was added to the Indications and Usage section of the labeling:

- No incremental benefit of Niaspan coadministered with simvastatin or lovastatin on cardiovascular morbidity and mortality over and above that demonstrated for niacin, simvastatin, or lovastatin monotherapy has been established. Niaspan has not been studied in Fredrickson Type I and III dyslipemias.

This indication was revised between March 26, 2009, and April 27, 2015, at which time it was removed from the approved labeling. The Limitation of Use currently reads:

- Addition of Niaspan did not reduce cardiovascular morbidity or mortality among patients treated with simvastatin in a large, randomized controlled trial (AIM-HIGH).
There are seven approved ANDAs that cited Niaspan as the reference listed drug (RLD) and that are approved for the same indications as Niaspan (see Table 1).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application No.</th>
<th>Drug</th>
<th>Application holder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NDA 020381</td>
<td>Niaspan (niacin extended-release) tablets</td>
<td>AbbVie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 076250</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Barr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 076378</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Barr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 090446</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Lupin Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 090860</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Lupin Ltd.</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANDA 090892</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Lupin Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 200484</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Sun Pharma Global</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANDA 201273</td>
<td>Niacin extended-release tablets</td>
<td>Sun Pharma Global</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

B. Applications for Fenofibric Acid DR Capsules

FDA approved NDA 022224 for Trilipix (fenofibric acid) DR capsules on December 15, 2008, for several indications, including the following:

- Trilipix is indicated as an adjunct to diet in combination with a statin to reduce TG and increase HDL-C in patients with mixed dyslipidemia and CHD (coronary heart disease) or a CHD risk equivalent who are on optimal statin therapy to achieve their LDL-C goal.

CHD risk equivalents comprise:

- Other clinical forms of atherosclerotic disease (peripheral arterial disease, abdominal aortic aneurysm, and symptomatic carotid artery disease);
- Diabetes; and
- Multiple risk factors that confer a 10-year risk for CHD > 20 percent.

The following Limitation of Use was included in the Indications and Usage section of the labeling:

- No incremental benefit of Trilipix on cardiovascular morbidity and mortality over and above that demonstrated for statin monotherapy has been established.
Both this indication and the Limitation of Use were removed from the labeling on April 27, 2015.

There are three approved ANDAs that cited Trilipix as the RLD and that are approved for the same indications as Trilipix (see table 2).

Table 2.--Affected Fenofibric Acid Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application No.</th>
<th>Drug</th>
<th>Application holder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NDA 022224</td>
<td>Trilipix (fenofibric acid) delayed-release capsules</td>
<td>AbbVie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 201573</td>
<td>Fenofibric acid delayed-release capsules</td>
<td>Anchen Pharmaceuticals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 200750</td>
<td>Fenofibric acid delayed-release capsules</td>
<td>Lupin Ltd.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ANDA 200913</td>
<td>Fenofibric acid delayed-release capsules</td>
<td>Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. Withdrawal Under Section 505(e) of the FD&C Act

Based on the collective evidence from several large cardiovascular outcome trials (Refs. 1-3), the Agency has concluded that the totality of the scientific evidence no longer supports the conclusion that a drug-induced reduction in triglyceride levels and/or increase in HDL-cholesterol levels in statin-treated patients results in a reduction in the risk of cardiovascular events. Consistent with this conclusion, FDA has determined that the benefits of niacin ER tablets and fenofibric acid DR capsules for coadministration with statins no longer outweigh the risks, and the approvals for this indication should be withdrawn.

FDA requested that the application holders voluntarily discontinue marketing of niacin ER tablets and fenofibric acid DR capsules for these indications. The NDA and ANDA holders identified above have requested in writing that FDA withdraw approval of these indications and waived their opportunity for a hearing.

Therefore, under section 505(e) of the FD&C Act and under authority delegated to the Director of the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research by the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, the approvals of the indications related to coadministration with statins for the
applications listed in tables 1 and 2 are withdrawn. Introduction or delivery for introduction of these products with these indications in interstate commerce without an approved application is illegal and subject to regulatory action (see sections 505(a) and 301(d) of the FD&C Act (21 U.S.C. 355(a) and 331(d)).

III. References

The following references are on display in the Division of Dockets Management (HFA 305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, and are available for viewing by interested persons between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday; they are also available electronically at http://www.regulations.gov. FDA has verified the Web site addresses, as of the date this document publishes in the Federal Register, but Web sites are subject to change over time.


Dated: April 13, 2016.

Leslie Kux,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.
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