







Adversarial Attacks on Knowledge Graph Embeddings via Instance Attribution Methods

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Adversarial Attacks on Knowledge Graph Embeddings via Instance Attribution Methods

✓ Adversarial Deletions + Additions



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Adversarial Attacks on Knowledge Graph Embeddings via Instance Attribution Methods

Instance Similarity

Gradient Similarity

Influence Function

- Adversarial Deletions + Additions
- Identify influential training examples



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Instance Similarity

Gradient Similarity

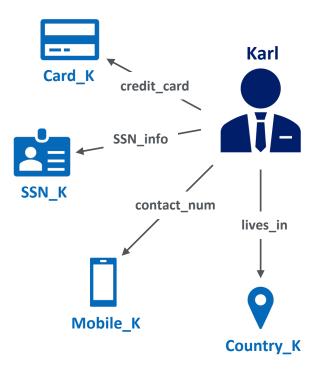
Influence Function

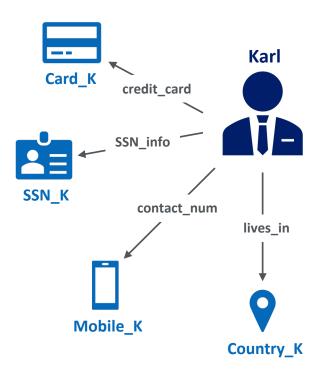
- Adversarial Deletions + Additions
- Identify influential training examples
- Outperform state-of-art attacks



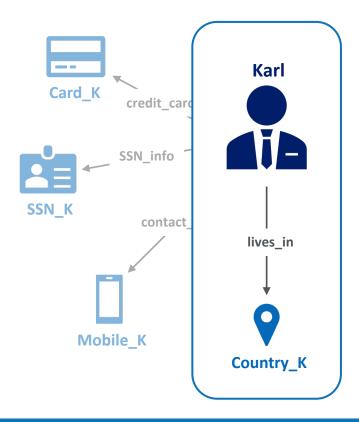
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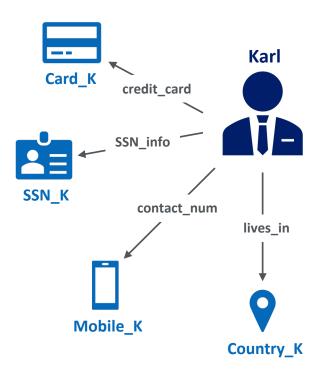




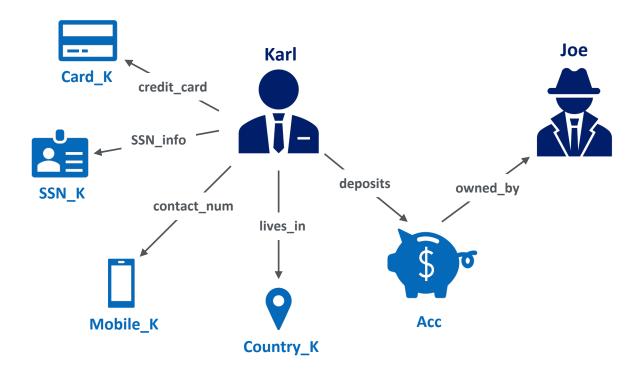
S	r	0
Karl	credit_card	Card_K
Karl	SSN_info	SSN_K
Karl	contact_num	Mobile_K
Karl	lives_in	Country_K

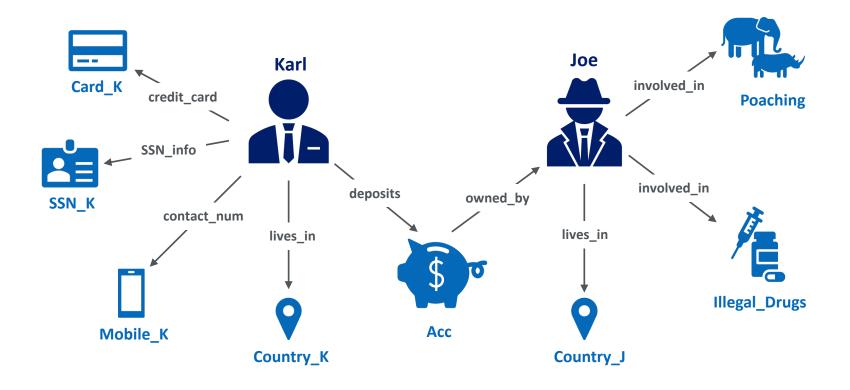


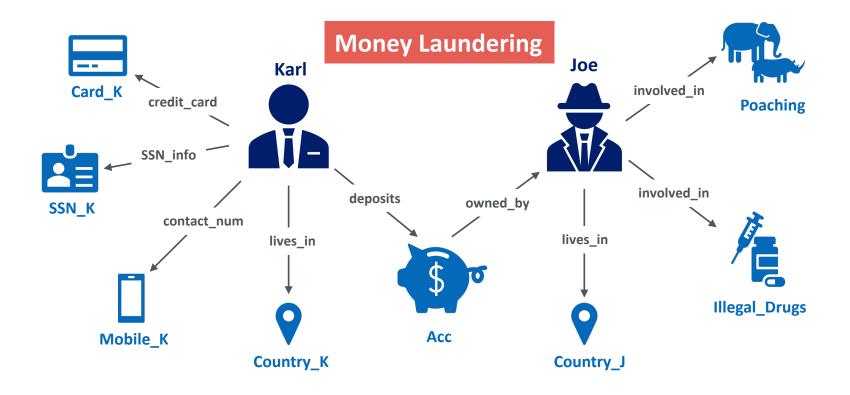
S	r	0
Karl	credit_card	Card_K
Karl	SSN_info	SSN_K
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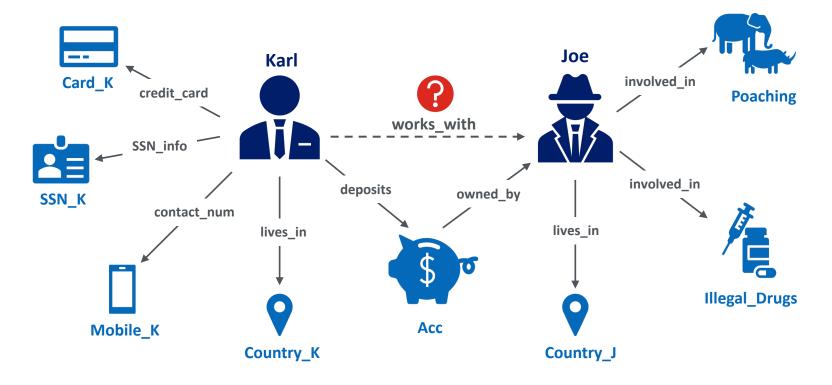
S	r	0
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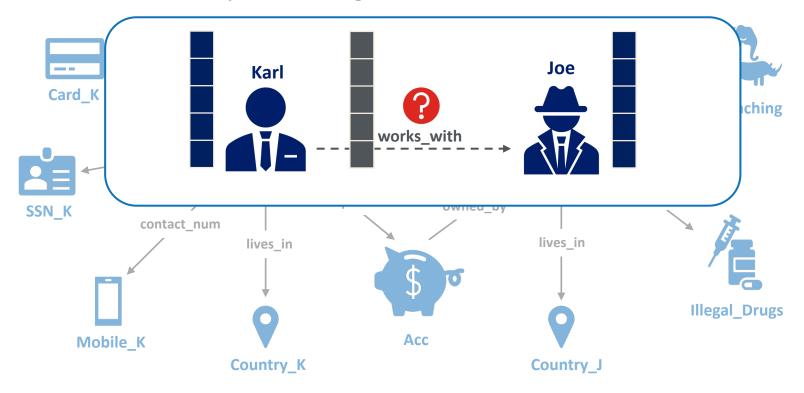


Use case – Anti Money Laundering



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Use case – Anti Money Laundering



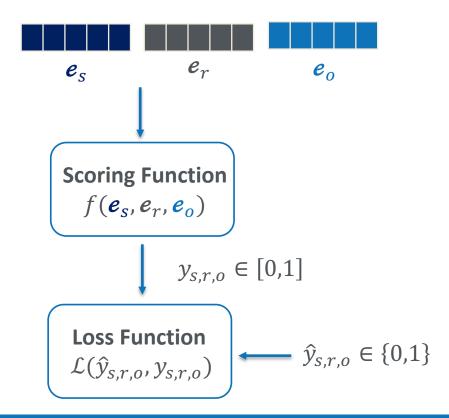
Knowledge Graph Embeddings (KGE)



Generate negatives by corrupting s/o

S	r	0
Karl	credit_card	Card_X
Karl	credit_card	Card_Y
Karl	credit_card	Card_K
Person_X	credit_card	Card_K
Person_Y	credit_card	Card_K

Knowledge Graph Embeddings (KGE)

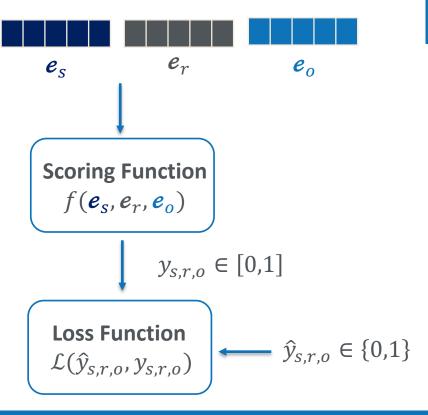


Generate negatives by corrupting s/o

S	r	0
Karl	credit_card	Card_X
Karl	credit_card	Card_Y
Karl	credit_card	Card_K
Person_X	credit_card	Card_K
Person_Y	credit_card	Card_K

Knowledge Graph Embeddings (KGE)

Minimize \mathcal{L} by updating \boldsymbol{e}_{S} , \boldsymbol{e}_{r} , \boldsymbol{e}_{o}



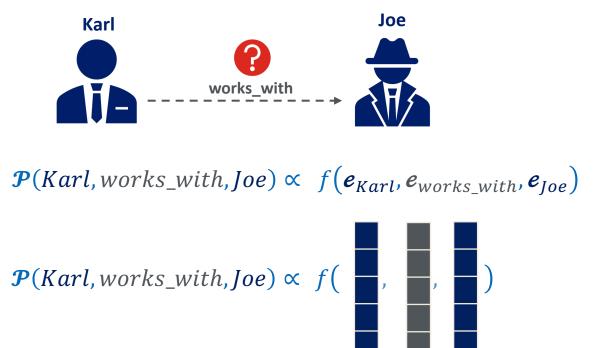
Scores for positive triples are higher than scores for negative triples

Generate negatives by corrupting s/o

S	r	0
Karl	credit_card	Card_X
Karl	credit_card	Card_Y
Karl	credit_card	Card_K
Person_X	credit_card	Card_K
Person_Y	credit_card	Card_K

Missing Link Prediction with KGE

Use case – Anti Money Laundering



Where to find KGE in practice?



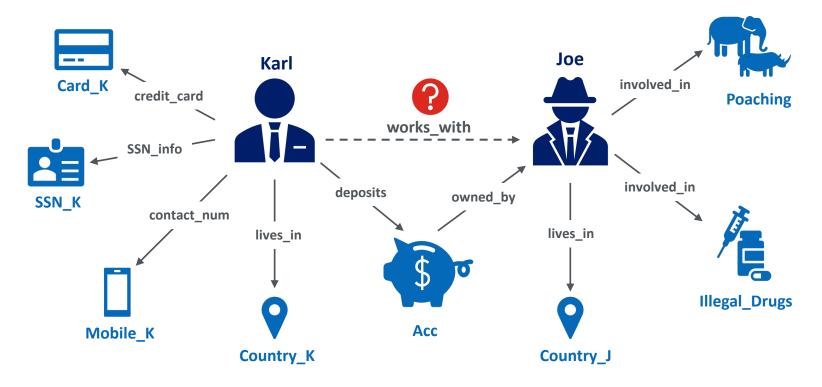
Security Sensitive

High Stakes



KGE in High-Stakes Applications

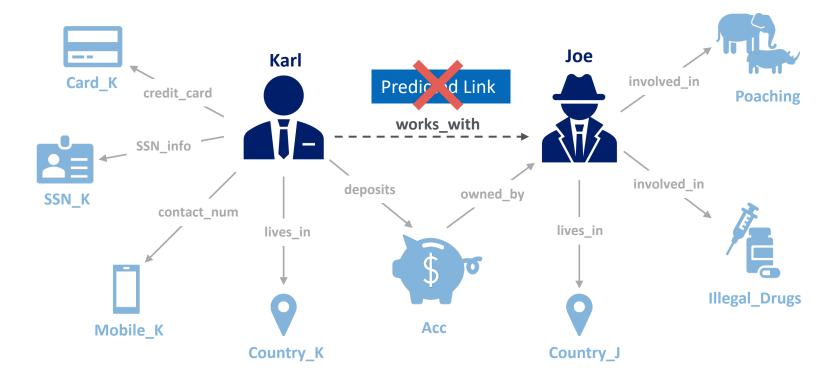
Use case – Anti Money Laundering



KGE in High-Stakes Applications

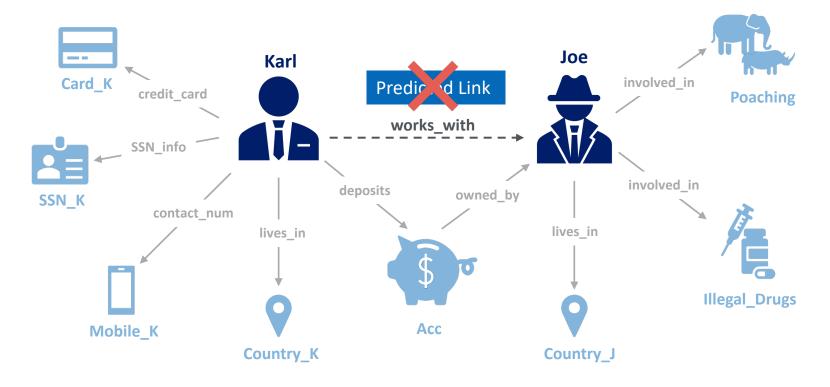


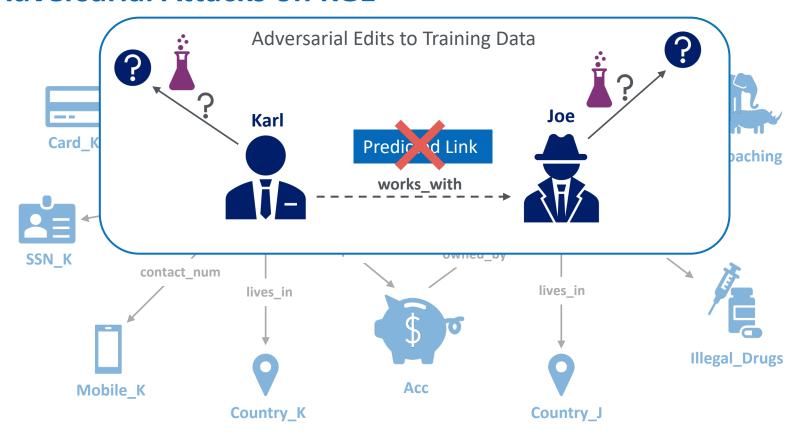
Incentives for bad actors!



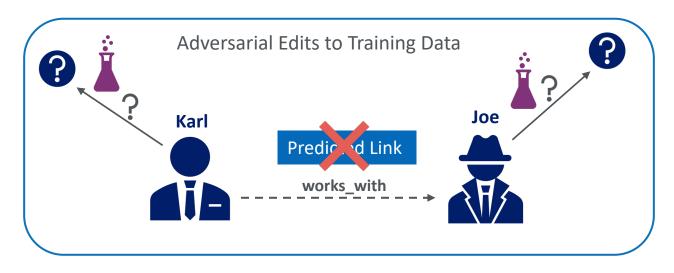
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Aim – Degrade the prediction on target triple



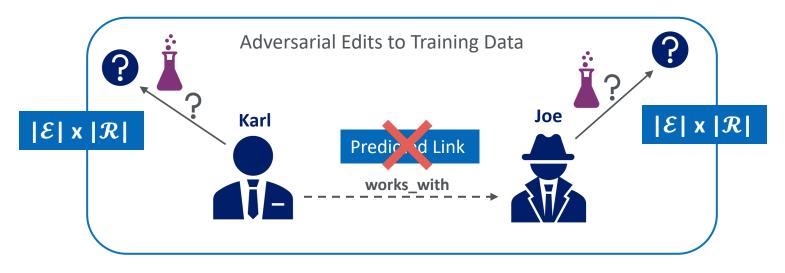


Challenge – Metric for adversarial impact



How to measure the impact of a candidate adversarial perturbation on the prediction of target triple?

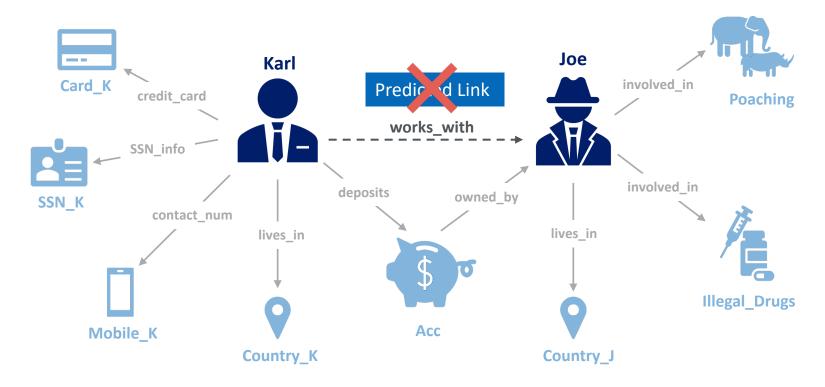
Challenge – Large Search Space

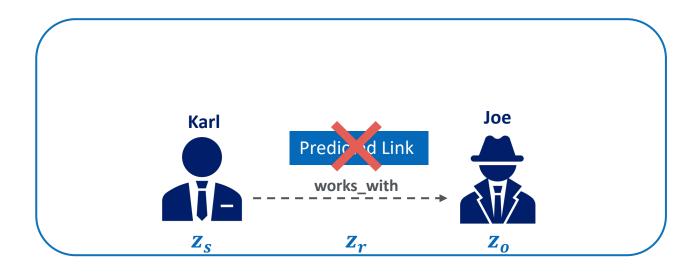


How to search through the combinatorial space of candidate adversarial additions?

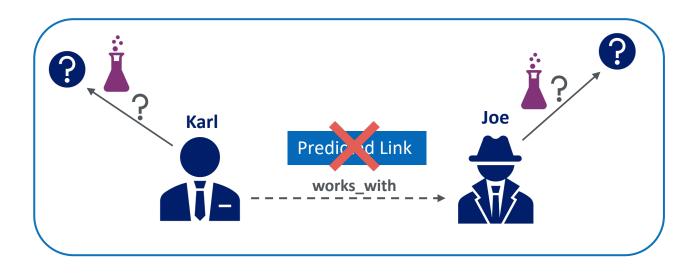
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Identify the most influential training triple





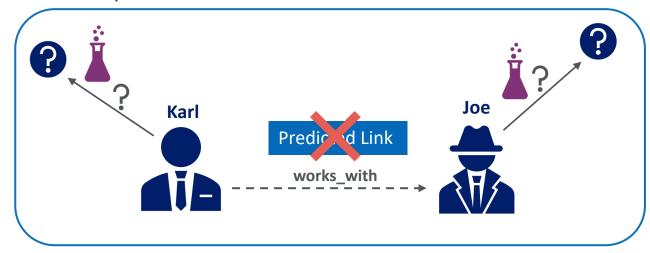
$$z \coloneqq (z_s, z_r, z_o)$$
Target Triple



$$x := (x_s, x_r, x_o)$$

Candidate Influential Triple

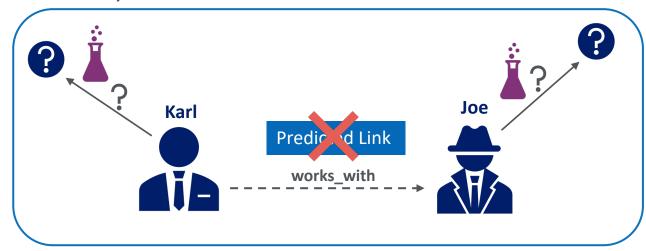
1. Instance Similarity



Similarity between
$$f(e_{z_s}, e_{z_r}, e_{z_o})$$
 and $f(e_{x_s}, e_{x_r}, e_{x_o})$

where z – Target triple, x – Candidate triple

2. Gradient Similarity



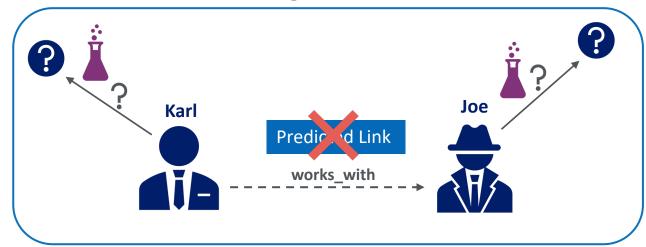
Similarity between $g(z,\widehat{\theta})$ and $g(x,\widehat{\theta})$

where

z – Target triple, x – Candidate triple

and
$$g(\mathbf{z},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}) = \nabla_{\!\boldsymbol{\theta}} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{z},\widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}})$$

3. Influence Functions [Koh and Liang, 2017]



Dot product between $g(z,\widehat{\theta})$ and $H_{\widehat{\theta}}^{-1}g(x,\widehat{\theta})$

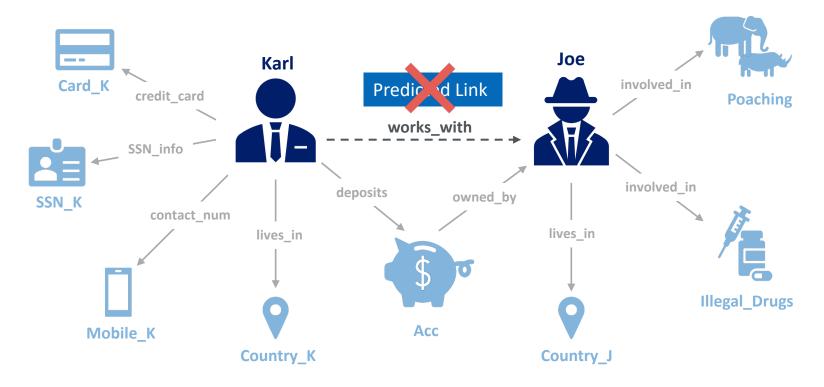
where

z – Target triple, x – Candidate triple

and
$$g(z,\widehat{\theta}) = \nabla_{\!\theta} \mathcal{L}(z,\widehat{\theta})$$

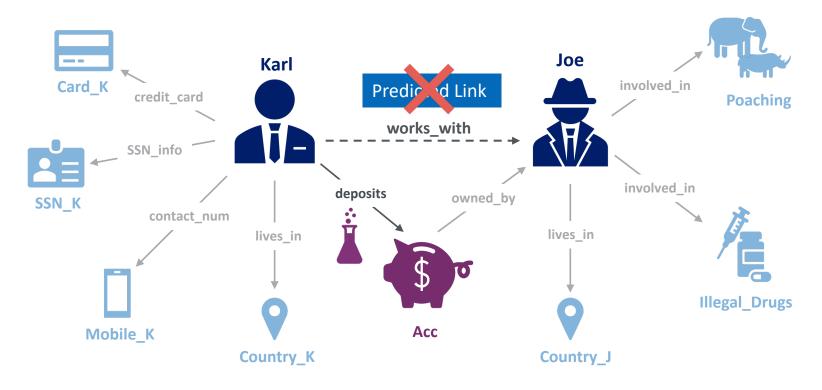
Adversarial Deletions

Identify the most influential training triple



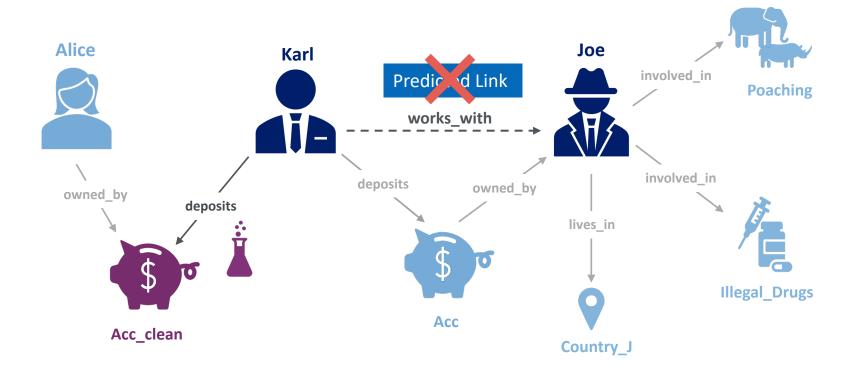
Adversarial Deletions

Identify the most influential training triple



Adversarial Additions

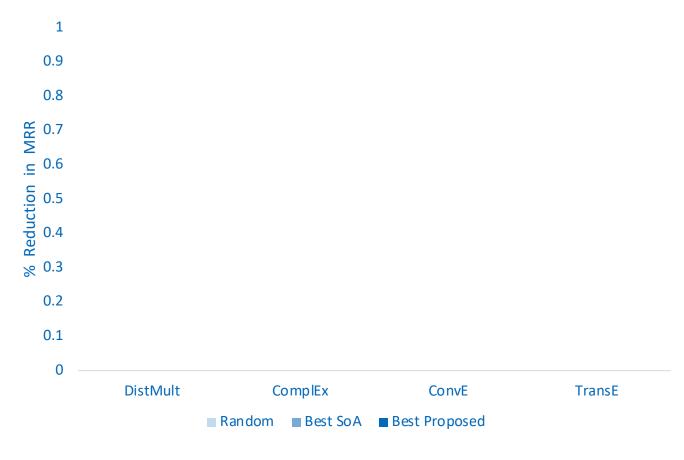
Replace with dissimilar entity



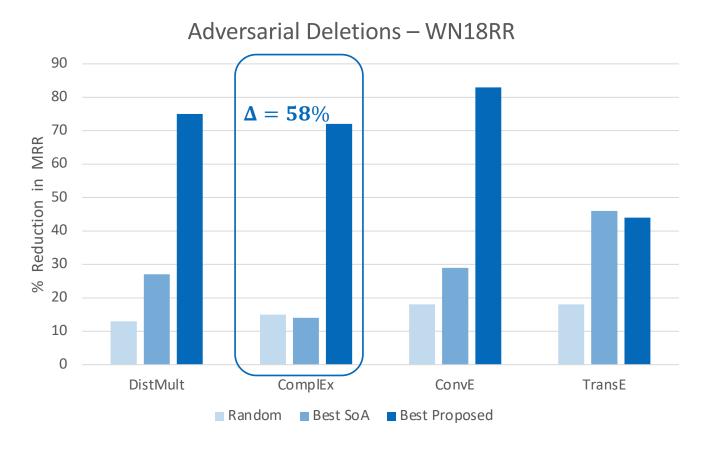
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Evaluation

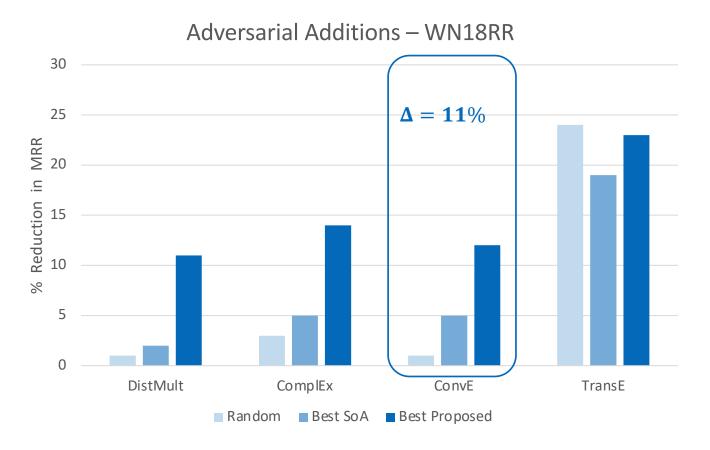
Proposed Vs State-of-Art



Proposed Vs State-of-Art

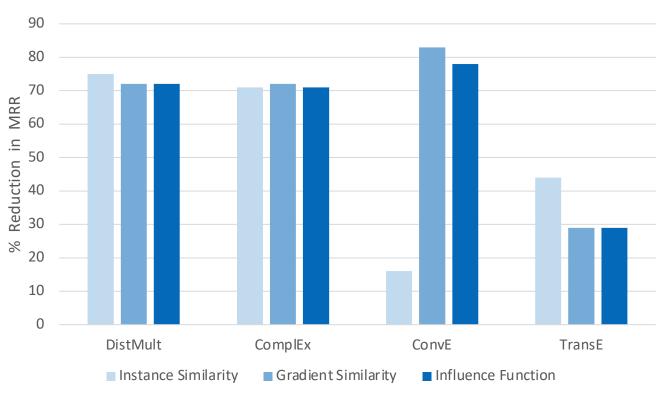


Proposed Vs State-of-Art



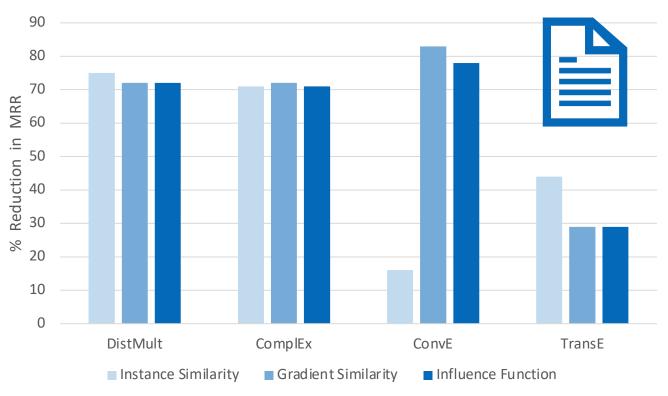
Instance Attribution Methods





Instance Attribution Methods





Adversarial Attacks on KGE



Future Directions

Sub-graph Influence

Can we measure the influence of a training sub-graph on the model's prediction for target triple?



Adversarial Attacks on KGE



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Sub-graph Influence

Can we measure the influence of a training sub-graph on the model's prediction for target triple?



Adversarial Robustness

Can we improve the adversarial robustness of KGE models to defend them against adversarial attacks?



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